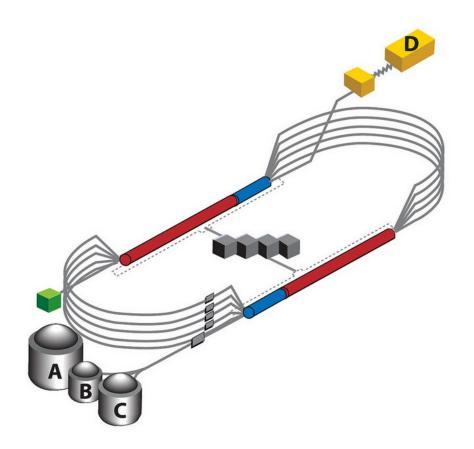
Training Control Room Accelerator Physicists

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CEBAF @ JLab

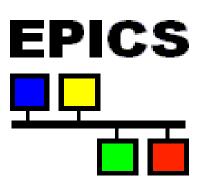




EPICS and Channel Access

• The EPICS control System allows

Process Variables (PVs) to be protected against unauthorized modification through the use of Channel Access (CA controls.)





How does Channel Access work?

- Channel Access (CA) is deployed on an ioc (Input/Output Controller) by ioc basis.
- Only Operators and Crew Chiefs are allowed to modify
 PV values during Accelerator operation. (UserID.)
- Some PV's can only be modified by qualified Crew Chiefs.



How does CA work?

• Access on individual IOCs can be opened by the operations staff.

JTabs		IOC C	hannel A	ccess C	ontrol - Inje	ctor	02Oct14 22:41:14
Name	Status	Rack	Heartbeat	Duration	Status	TimeLeft	LastReboot
iochelgen		IN03B04	1930557	0:0	Secure Open	0	10SEP14 14:25:22
iochelmag			1934307	0 : 0	Secure Open	0	23Jun90 01:19:01
iocibc0l02		IN02B23	821819	0:0	Secure Open	0	23Sep14 10:25:03
iocin1		IN03B04-27	262927	0:0	Secure Open	0	29SEP14 21:38:25
iocin1mag		IN03B21-18	1930027	0:0	Secure Open	0	10SEP14 14:33:27
iocin2	Ē	IN03B04-18	106106	0:0	Secure Open	0	01OCT14 17:12:49

12 GeV Commissioning

- Crews supplemented by accelerator physicists.
- Usually physicists are supported by dedicated operator with Channel Access.
- Paradigm unworkable in commissioning period.
- Method needed to allow physicist access to control system under their own UserID.



Machine Access Control (MAC)

Training

- Assured an adequate level of training in accelerator safety.
- Assured an adequate level of training in operation protocols.
- Must be applicable to accelerator physicist with varying knowledge of actual machine operation.



MAC Training Curriculum

- Based on a subset of existing new Operator Training.
- Created using Moodle, a free software e-training platform. (Moodle = Modular Object Oriented Dynamic Learning Environment)





MAC Training Curriculum



- Modular
- Multimedia capable platform (text, video, graphics, hyperlinks.)
- Self paced
- Individual student records.
- Standard prior to opening CA for operators.



MAC Training

Machine Access Control Training Curriculum					
Course #	Course Name				
MCC101	Introduction to MCC				
MCC103	MCC Operations Manual				
MCC104	Accelerator Operations Directives				
MCC-107	Introduction to the JLab Computer Network				
MCC110	Operator Screens				
MCC111	General Tools Screen				
MCC112	Log books and log entries				
MCC131	Input Output Controllers (IOC)				
MCC132	Archiver				
MCC139	SRF Control Screens				
MCC145	Channel Access Control				
MCC148	The Operator's Workstation				
MCC-702.08	AOD Supplement (Just in Time)				
MCC-702.19	Operations Safety (Just in Time)				
ADM008	Machine Access Control Briefing				
	July 23, 2014				
	Maintained by: okay@jlab.org				

Objective of MAC Training

- Provides students with
 - basic accelerator safety guidelines
 - basic machine control knowledge of EPICS
 - control screen basics
 - basic logbook and logging requirements.
 - Control room protocol & Accelerator Directives



Support and Response

- Fully supported by the Director of Operations
- Required by a special Commissioning addendum to the Accelerator Operating Directives.
- 24 of 27 physicists completed program.
 - Only qualified personnel were allowed machine control system access while providing support.



Support and Response

- There was a generally positive response from physicist students (probably due to strong management support.)
- Only significant complaint was time necessary to complete program, which took 8-12 hours to complete.
- Helpful feedback from knowledgeable students on content which will be applied to improving course for



Support and Response

Many said they did not realize how much operators
 needed to know to run the accelerator



Summary & Results

- MAC program was successful resulted in better support for commissioning.
- Training courses were improved by physicist feedback.
- Operator/physicist interaction improved.
- Operations safer, due to additional knowledgeable staff in MCC.

Summary & Results

- Better understanding of safety requirements by supporting physicists, scientists and oncall staff.
- Better test plans for commissioning because training
 physicists created better test plans because they have a
 better idea of control room protocol and machine
 conditions, control screens available and environment.

Questions



