

Future Nuclear Physics Facilities around the world

-- How we compete and how we collaborate --

From the discussions in IUPAP Working Group 9.

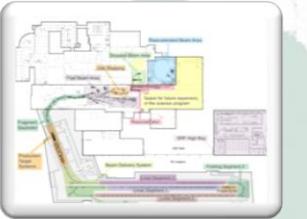
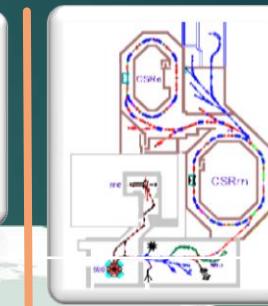
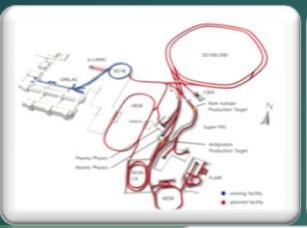
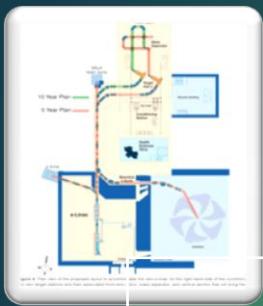
HIDETO EN'YO
DIRECTOR
RIKEN NISHINA CENTER
FOR ACCELERATOR-
BASED SCIENCE

MEMBER OF WG9
OCT 13TH 2014

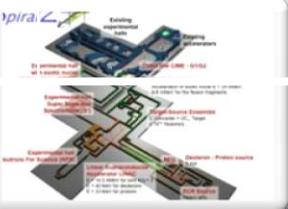


sketch a world-wide framework for the key issues in nuclear science research for the next 10 to 20 years.

Today I mention....



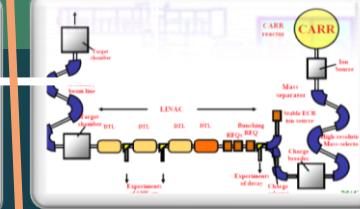
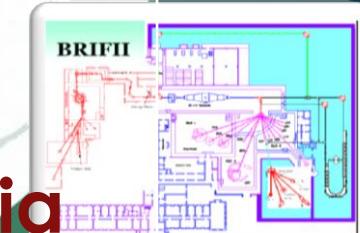
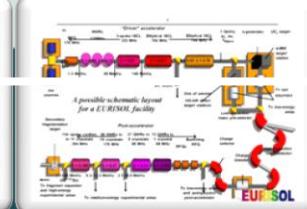
AMERICA
North/South



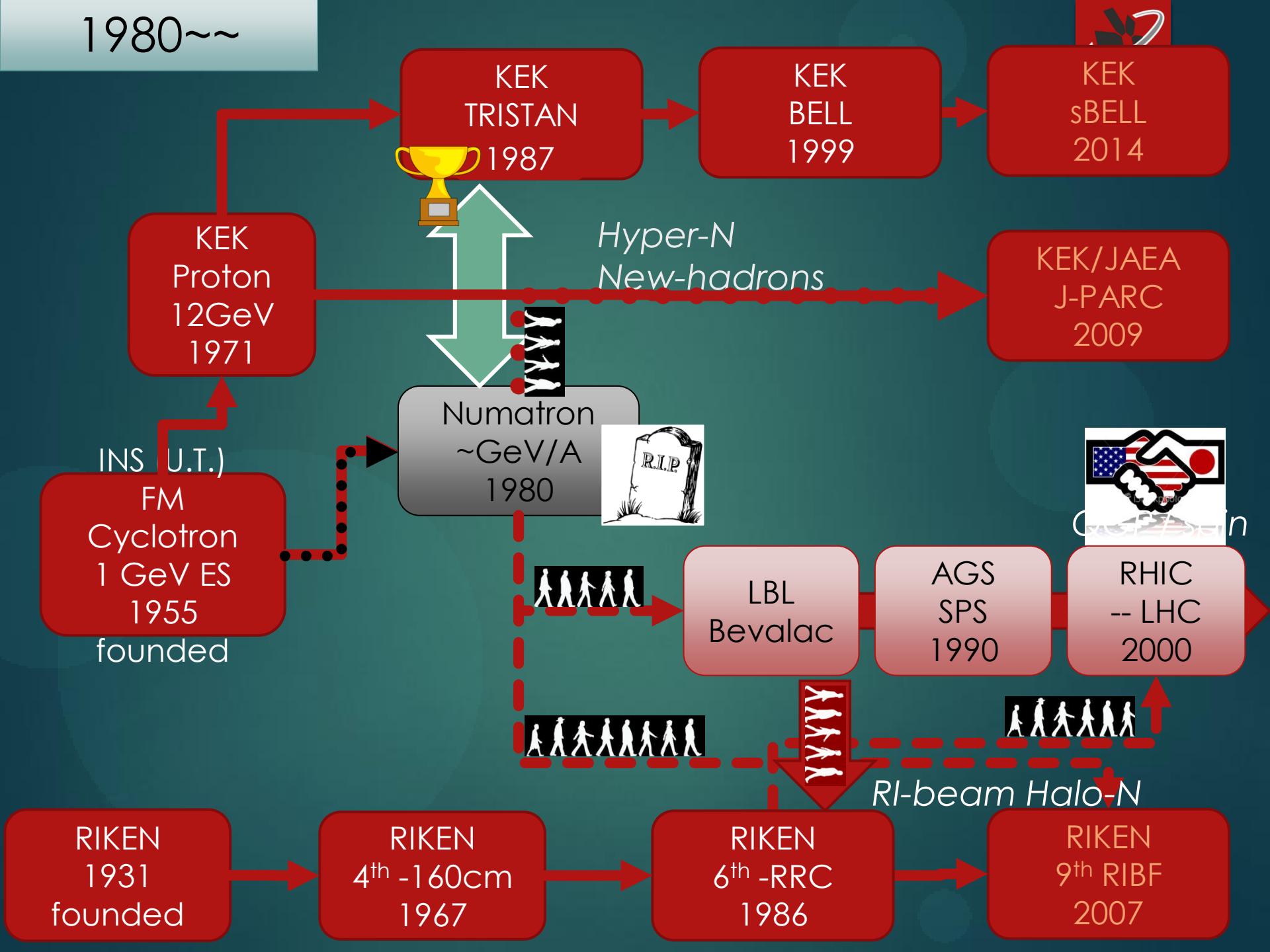
EUROPE
Africa



ASIA
Oceania

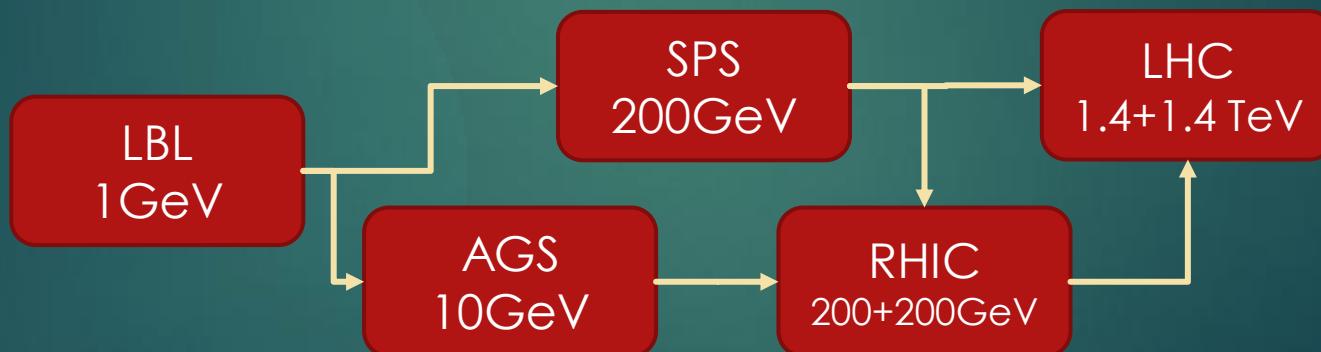


1980~~



Lessen learned

- ▶ If Japan had NUMATRON in 80th, We would not have JPARC nor RIBF at present.
- ▶ Two Colliders (e+e, A+A) in a country (at least in Japan) is beyond our nations ability.
- ▶ We have sold High Energy A+A (Hot QCD) community to the international collaboration.
 - ▶ Quite successful with 5 accelerators (2+1+2) to reach QGP



- ▶ But none from scratch.
- ▶ We have to be practical and wise.

National, Regional, International

| Scale of the project | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|------------------|------------|
| 10 M\$ | 50 M\$ | 100 M\$ | 500 M\$ | 1,000 M\$ | 5,000 M\$ | 10,000 M\$ |
| Institutional | national | | regional | | International | |
| | | RHIC JLAB NICA | | eRHIC JPARC FAIR | SSC LHC | ILC |
| ARIEL HIE-ISOLDE SPES | | RIBF FRIB RISP SPIRAL2 | | FAIR | EURISOL CARIF | |

Rule of thumb

- ▶ We do region wide collaboration due to Man-Power/Money-Power limitation
 - ▶ Not by nature (do it by myself is scientist's nature)
- ▶ Good Facility wins the game. and family life
- ▶ Researches are international, Educations are often not (distance).
- ▶ Good balance required (only one in the world is not a good approach)

Physics

Quark many body (Hot QCD)

Quark many body (Cold QCD)

Nucleon many body

Fundamental Physics

Computation

Applications

Quark gluon plasma
 property of early universe
QCD chiral symmetry
 nucleon/meson structure

Ultimate nuclear picture
 nuclear property/structure (Hyper)

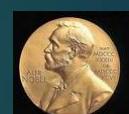
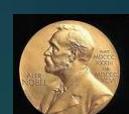
Element Genesis
 R/P process, Astrophysics

Island of stability
 Super heavy element/chem.

Double beta, nEDM...
 Using rare RI/forbidden decays

Ab-initio calculation
 Nuclear force in lattice, Shell model

Muon catalyzed fusion
 Nuclear transmutation





Physics promoting projects

Quark many body (Hot QCD)

Quark many body (Cold QCD)

Nucleon many body

America
role-shared

RHIC

JLAB-12GeV
eRHIC(eIC)

FRIB

ARIEL/ISAC2

Two
body

Europe
role sharing

LHC(ALICE)
FAIR(SIS300)

FAIR(SIS100)

NICA

GSI/FAIR

SPIRAL2
SPES
HIE-ISOLDE
Dyna

Mean
Field

Asia
No-controlle

-

JPARC
Spring-8

HIRFL

RIBF
RISP

HIRFL
BRIEF

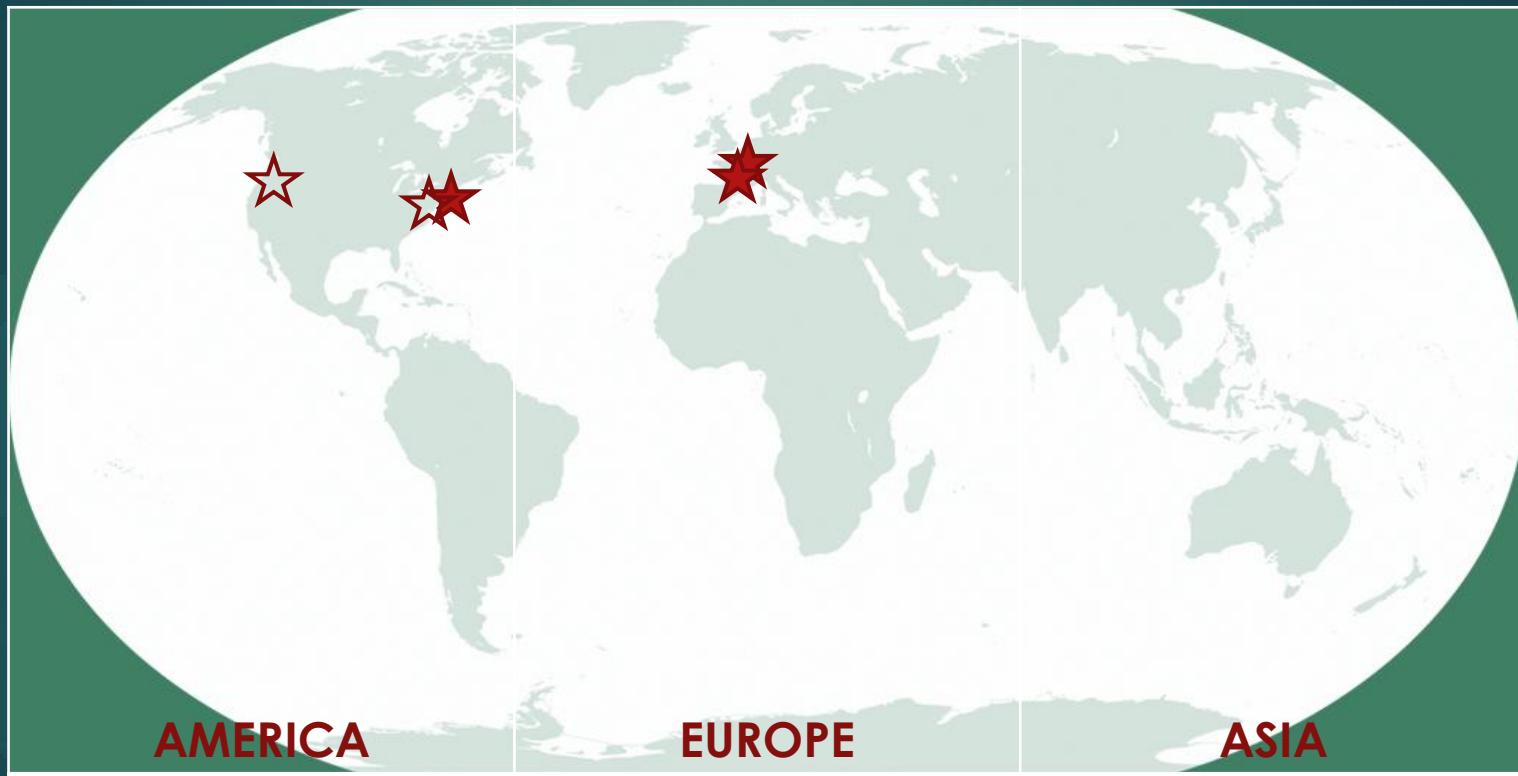
Three
Body

Projects -- time line ---



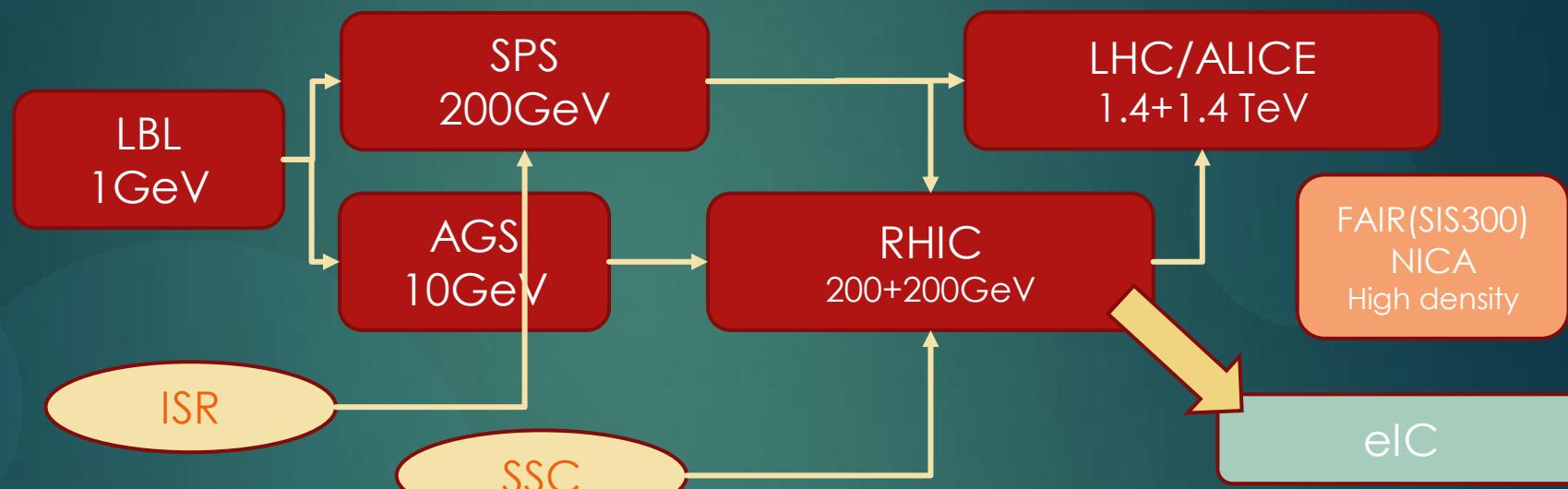
| Year | | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 |
|---------|--|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|------|------|------|----------|-----------|------|------|------------|------|
| Fair | | Const. | | | | | | | | Exp | | Compl | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jparc | | | | Exp | | | | | | 1MW | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RHIC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | elC(eRHIC) | |
| LHC | | | | Exp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | HL-LHC | | | | |
| JLAB | | Operating(old) | | | | | | | | 12GeV Exp | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NICA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 |
| RIBF | | Exp | | | | | | | Complete | | | | | | | | | RIBF2 ??? | | | | |
| FAIR | | Const. | | | | | | | | Exp | | Compl | | | | | | | | | | |
| FRIB | | | | | | | | | Const. | | | | | | | | | Exp | | | | |
| ARIEL | | Const | | | | | | | Exp | | Compl | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GANIL | | Const | | | | | | | Exp | | | RIB Compl | | | | | | | | | | |
| SPES | | | | | | | | Const | | | Exp | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ISOLDE | | | | | | | | | 2 | 10 MeV | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EURISOL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RISP | | | | | | | | | | Const. | | | | | | | Exp | | | | | |
| HIRFL | | Operating | | | | | | | | Upgrade? | | | | | | | HIAF ??? | | | | | |
| BRIEF | | Const | | | | | | Exp | | | | | | | | | CARIF? | | | | | |

HOT QCD

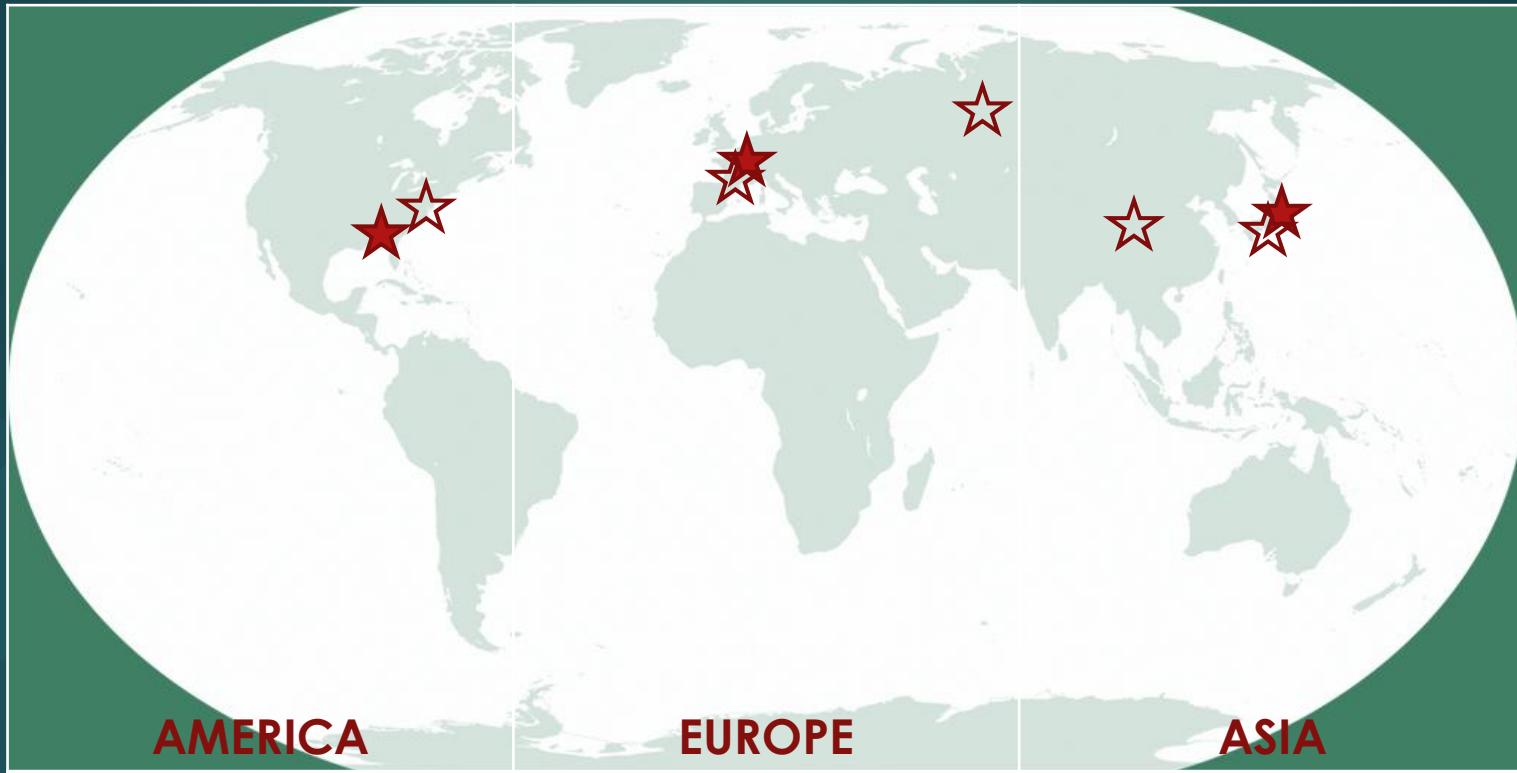


Hot QCD

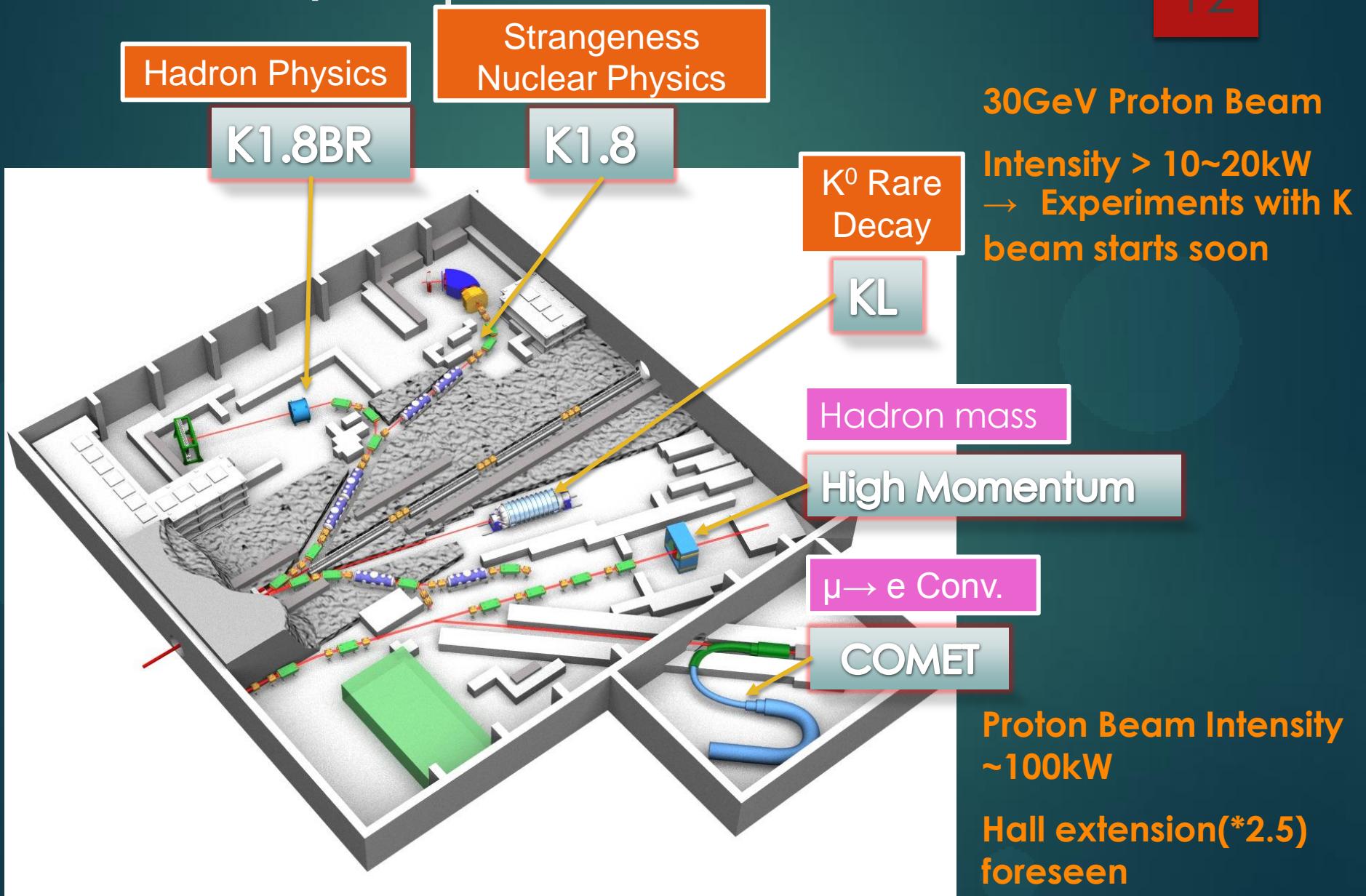
1980 1990 2000 2010 2020



COLD QCD

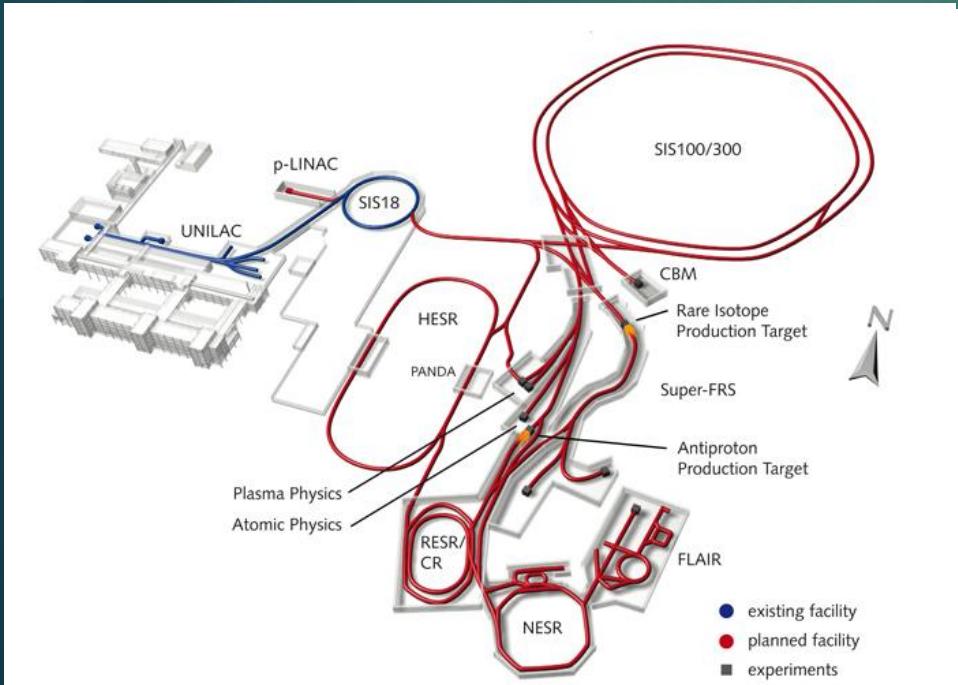


J-PARC/Japan



FAIR

Facility for Antiprotons and Ions Research

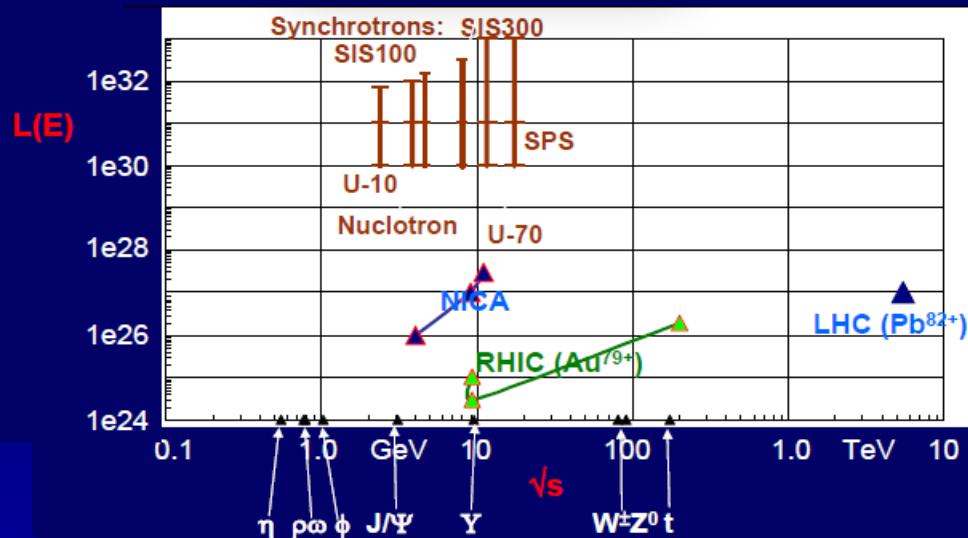
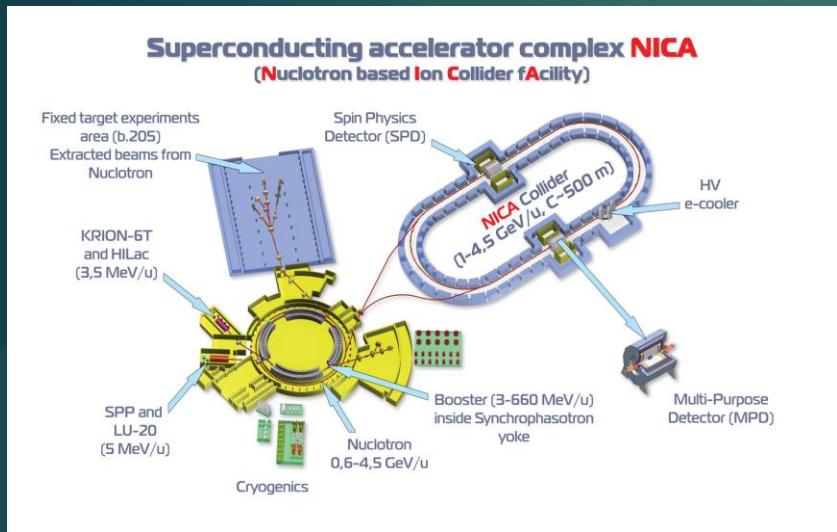


- ▶ Very clever versatility
- ▶ Greedy but Nich
- ▶ Dual MR + cooler/storage rings

| Field | Energy GeV/u | Average Intensity pps | Time Structure |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Hot QCD (SIS300) | U^{92+} : 34 | 2×10^9 | Slow ext <100s |
| Cold QCD (SIS100) | p 29 | 5×10^{12} | Fast exit ≈ 25 ns |
| RIB (SIS100) | U^{28+} 1.5 | $\sim 3 \cdot 10^{11}$ | Fast ext 60 ns Or CW |

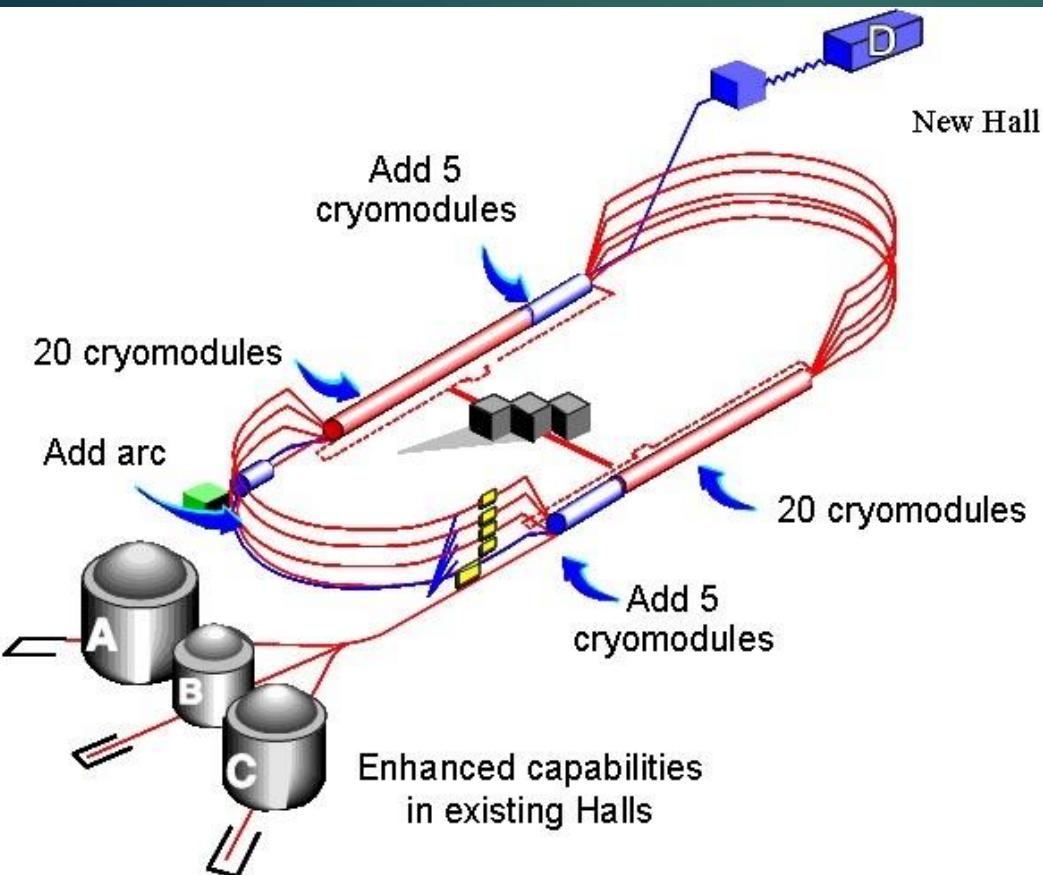
NICA at JINR

Region once examined at SPS.
 Hot QCD
 ↓
 Dense QCD

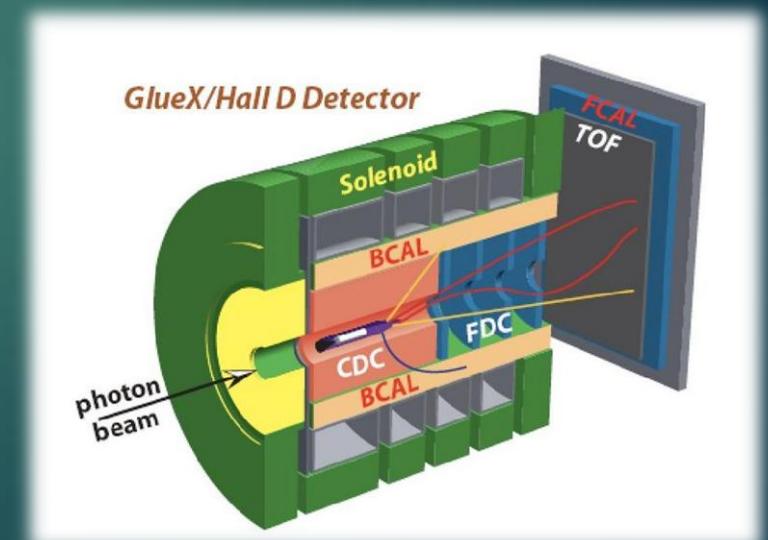


| | typical | \sqrt{s}_{NN} (GeV) | L_{average} (/cm ² /s) |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| A+A | $^{197}\text{Au}^{79+} + ^{197}\text{Au}^{79+}$ | 4 ÷ 11 | 10^{27} |
| p↑+p↑ | polarized | 12 ÷ 25 | |
| d↑+d↑ | polarized | 4 ÷ 13.8 | |

J-LAB in USA

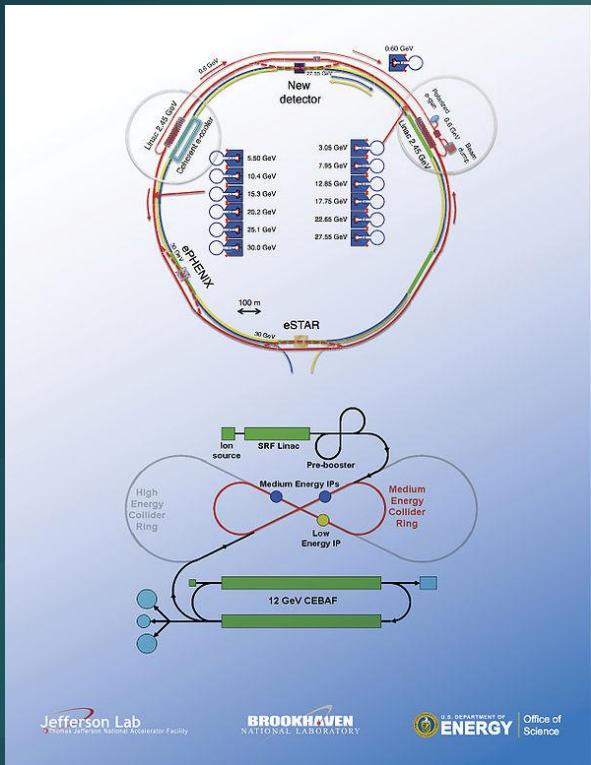


- ▶ 12 GeV Upgrade
- ▶ highly cost effective due to existing features of CEBAF.
- ▶ To 24 GeV in the future.
- ▶ New experimental Hall D
 - ▶ bremsstrahlung beam
 - ▶ New solenoid detector



eRHIC (or eIC)

to be the world's first electron-nucleus collider



eRHIC Scope -QCD Factory

Electron accelerator

Unpolarized and polarized leptons
4-10 (20/30)GeV

70% beam polarization goal
Positrons at low intensities

RHIC

- Polarized protons 50-250 (325)GeV
- Heavy ions (Au) 50-100 (130)GeV/u
- Polarized light ions (He^3) 215 GeV/u

Center mass energy range: 20-200GeV

- ▶ eRHIC = RHIC + (5~10) GeV electron ring
- ▶ ultimately to 20 or even 30 GeV in the future
- ▶ ep Luminosity 100 times of HERA accelerator at DESY (and polarized).
- ▶ Nucleon spin structure, low-x physics, geometrical scaling.....

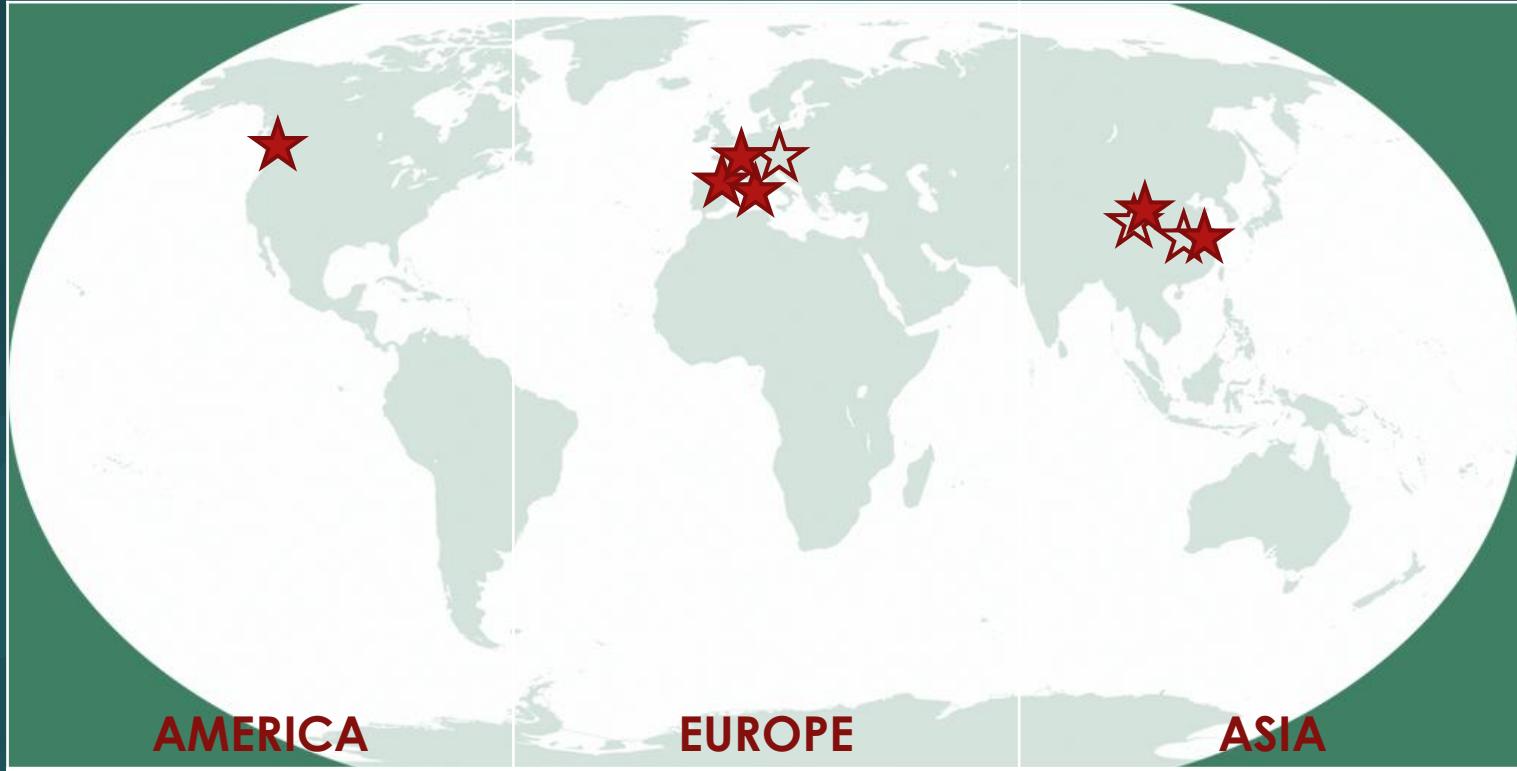
Cold QCD laboratories

- ▶ Less compared to 20 years ago due to the collider projects in CERN and BNL (pain we paid)
- ▶ Many scientists moved to Hot QCD
- ▶ There are many-but-small electron-beam laboratories around the world.

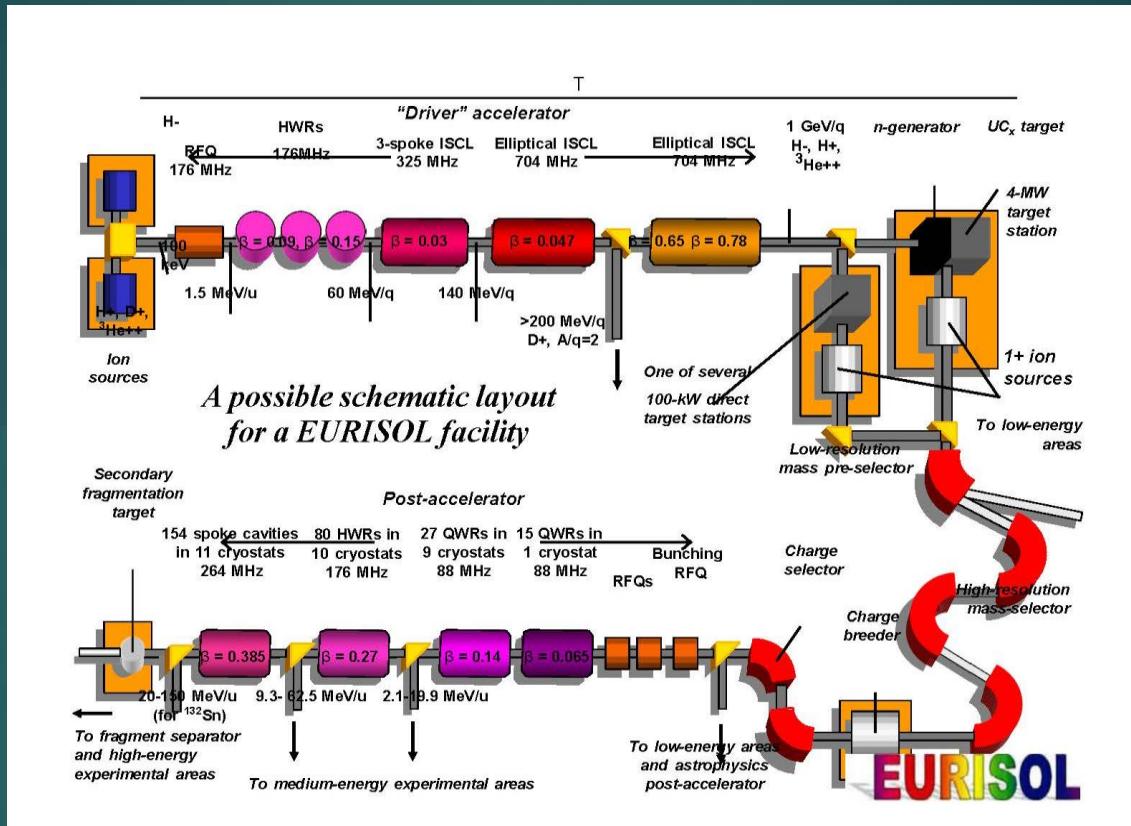
| | America | Europe | Asia |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Hadronic beams | - ! - | FAIR (CERN SPS) | JPARC HIRFL |
| Electro Magnetic beams | JLAB-12GeV | (CERN Muon,Mainz.....) | (Spring- 8) |
| e-A, p-A Collider | eRHIC(eIC) | - | - |
| A-A/p-p Colliders | - | NICA | - |

- ▶ Good balance realized
- ▶ eIC might be a key to the future, NICA is an interesting option
- ▶ B factory is another important addition !

RIB facilities (ISOL to begin with)



EURISOL (1500M\$ for European future & dream)



20 institutes and laboratories within Europe as full **Participants**,
20 institutions in Europe, North America and Asia as **Contributors**.

Contributors from non-European Countries
USA: ORNL, ANL, NSCL, FNAL
Canada: TRIUMF Korea: KAERI Japan: JAEA



Clever European Strategy

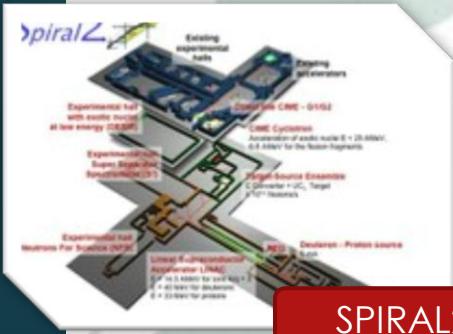
- ▶ ISOL projects, such as SPIRAL2 at GANIL, HIE-ISOLDE at CERN and SPES at LNL, Legnaro, are now regarded as “intermediate” .
- ▶ “intermediates” are not minors.



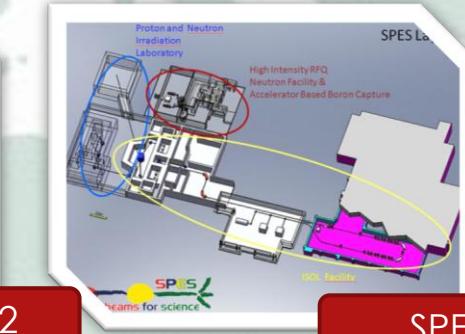
FAIR



HIE-ISOLDE



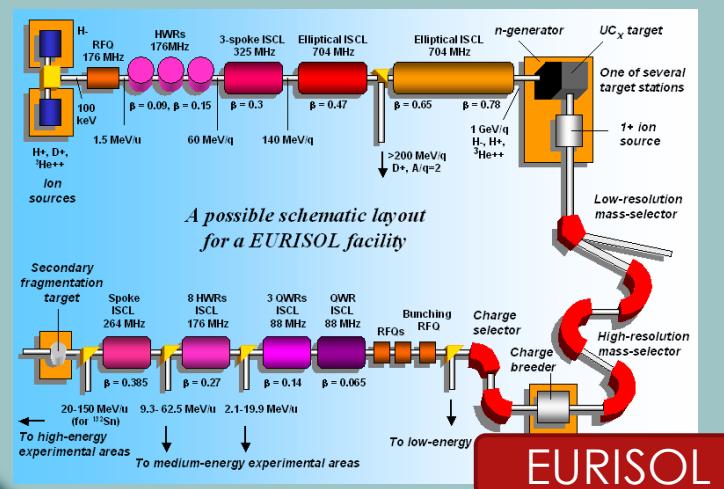
SPIRAL2



SPES

Future Two Goals

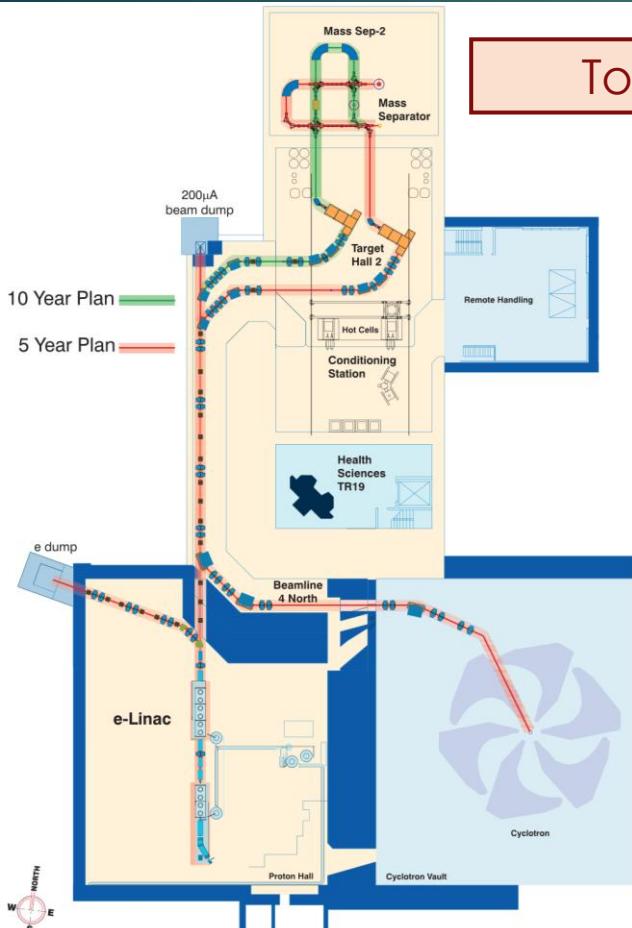
FAIR/EURISOL complementary



EURISOL

ARIEL @TRIUMF/CANADA

(Advanced Rare Isotope Laboratory)



To ISAC 1&II

- Sc e- Linac 50 MeV, 10 mA CW
- Proton beamline 500MeV100 μ A
- Two new high-power ISOL
- Mass separated transport to ISAC-I /II

Starting with 25MeV(100kW) e-beam
 50-75MeV 10mA with ERL in future

Goal 1×10^{14} fissions/s
 Comparable to EUROPEAN intermediates.

**Clear strategy
 for medical RI delivery**

Figure 4: Plan view of the proposed layout to accommodate the new e-linac (to the right hand side of the cyclotron), two new target stations and their associated front-end optics, mass separator, and vertical section that will bring the RIB to the experiments.

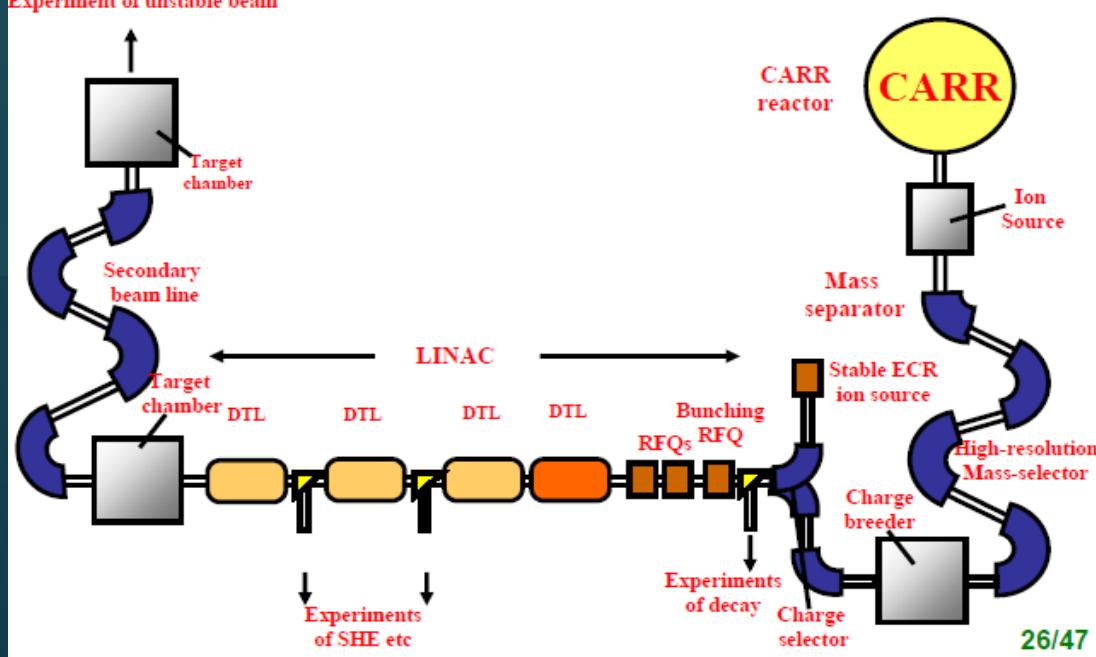
CARIF (Beijing ISOL)

China Advanced Rare Ion-beam Facility

Chinese EURISOL (not Asianisol)



Experiment of unstable beam



- ▶ CARR 60MW
Chinese Advanced Research Reactor
- ▶ Post acceleration up to 100MeV/c

China - Before CARIF

Current major facilities of nuclear physics in China

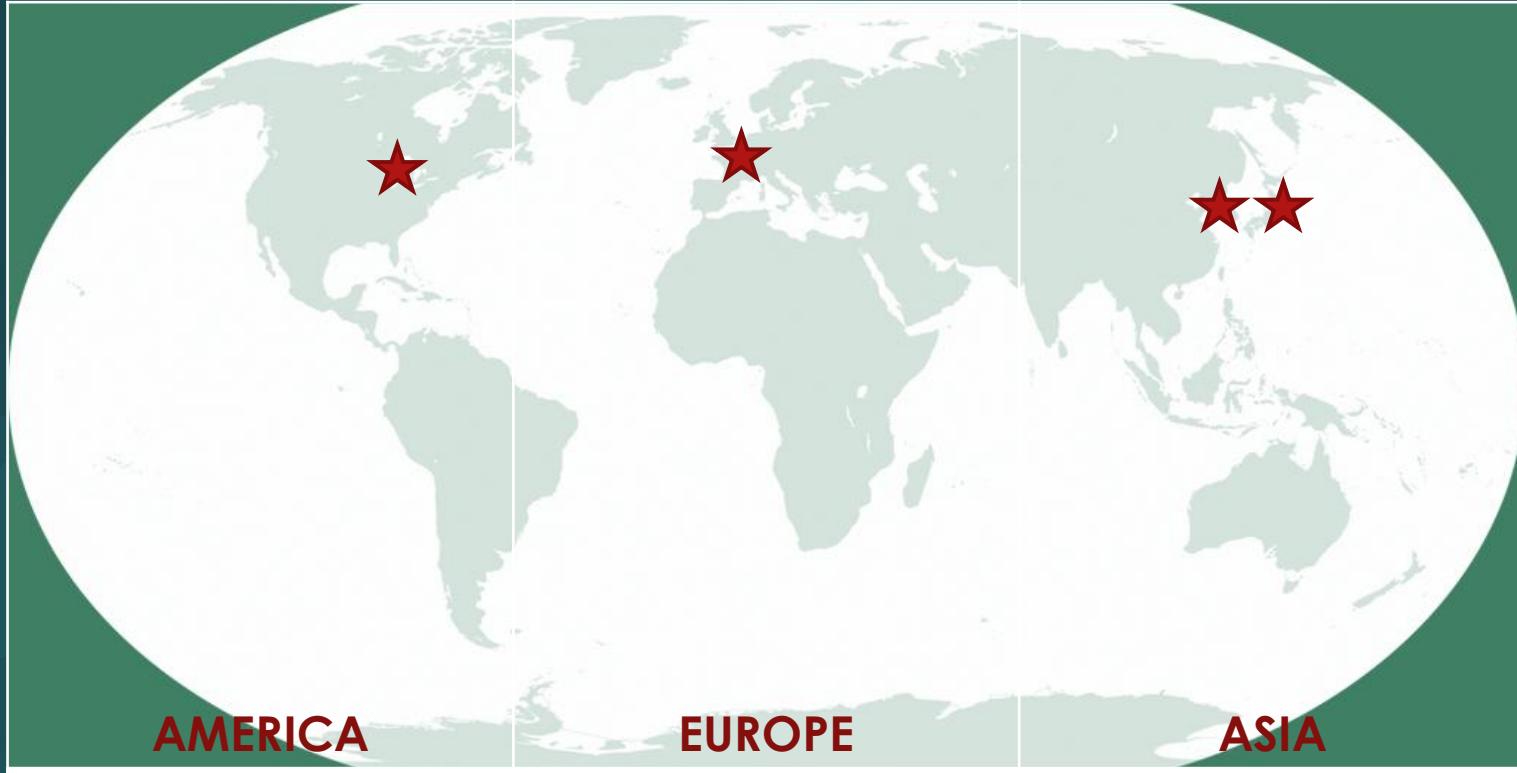
The diagram illustrates two major nuclear physics facilities in China:

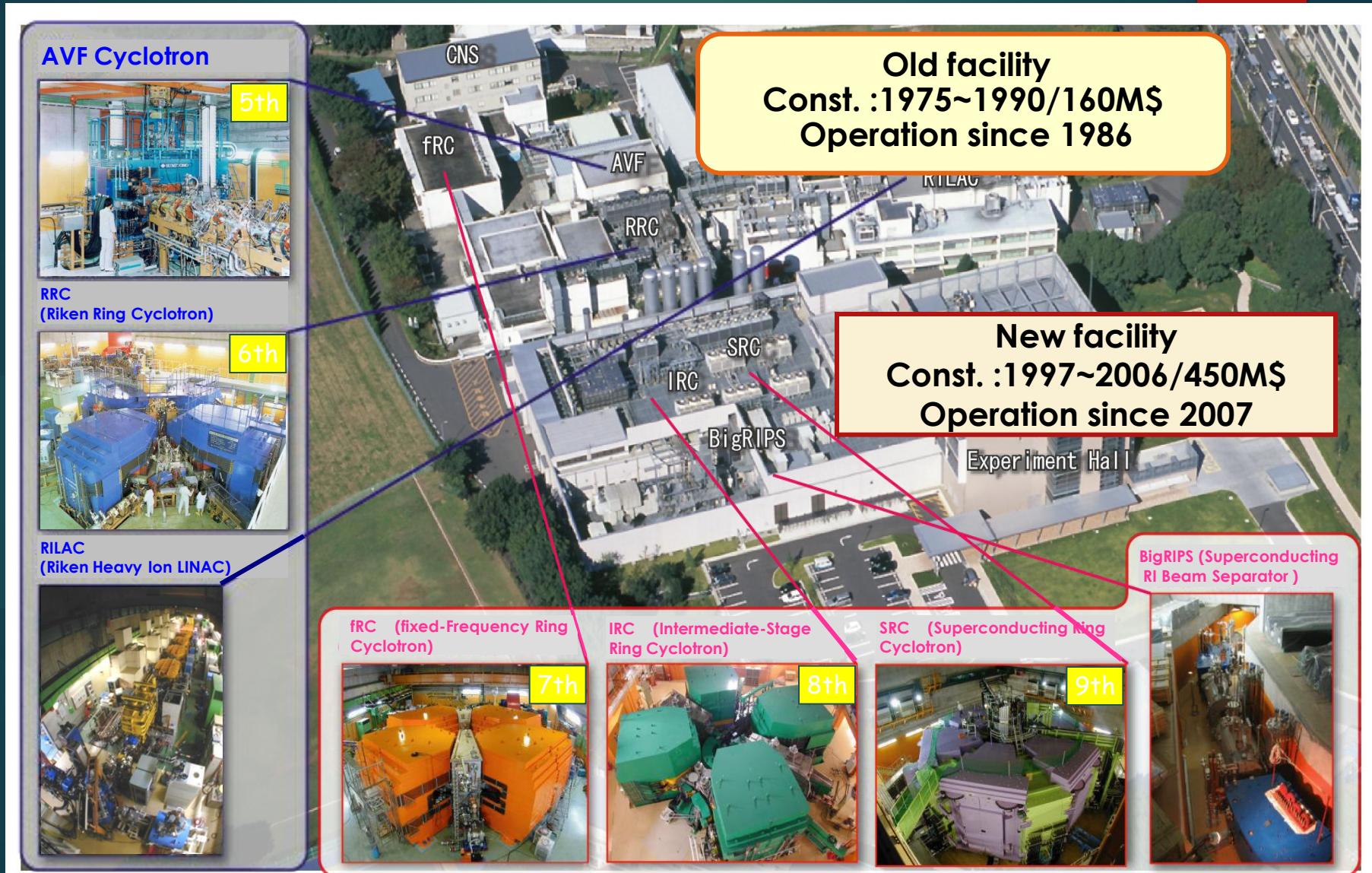
- Lanzhou, CSR**: Features two large octagonal structures labeled CSRe and CSRm, connected by a complex network of blue and red lines representing particle beams. Below these are smaller structures labeled SFC and SSG.
- Beijing**: Shows the Beijing Nuclear Research Institute (BRIF) and its extension (BRIF II). The facility includes a proton beam line (Proton BE), decay tanks, and various experimental halls (Hall 1, Hall 2, Hall 3, Hall 4) equipped with detectors like Ge detectors, Compton cameras, and gamma detectors.

Med E HI, RIB, 2008

**Beijing
BRIF, BRIF II,
Low E HI, RIB, 2013**

RIB facilities (Projectile Fragmentation)

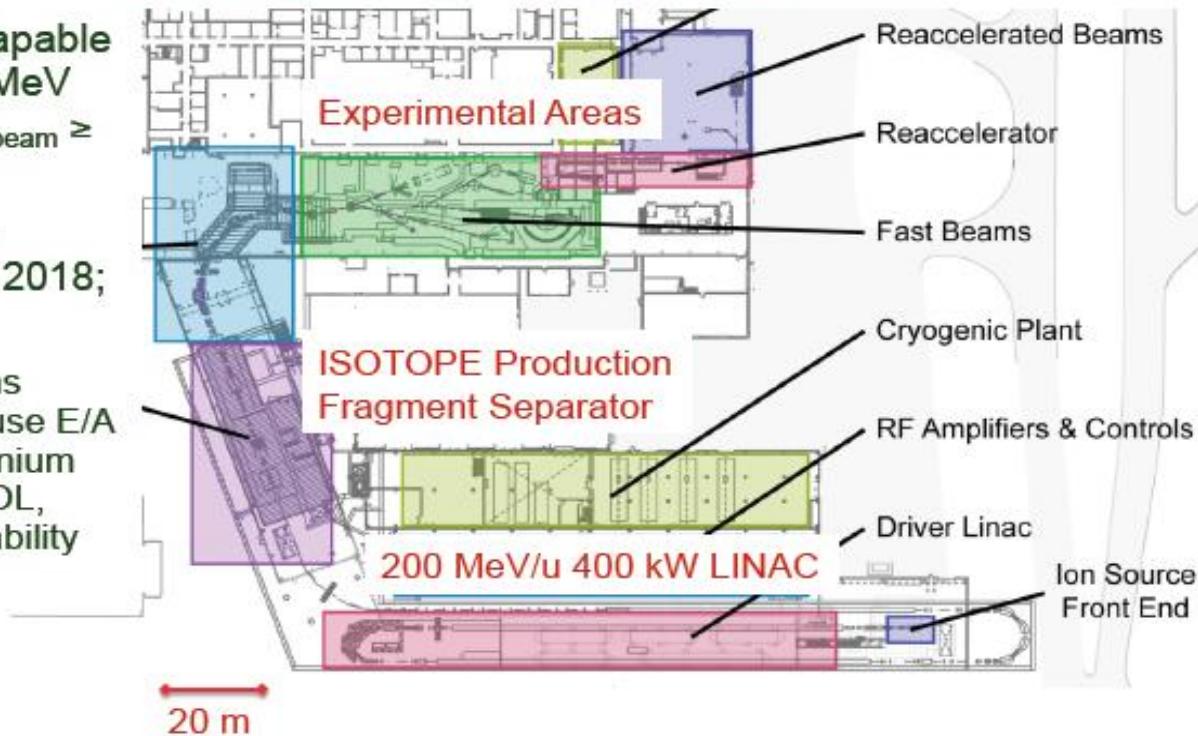




FRIB at MSU

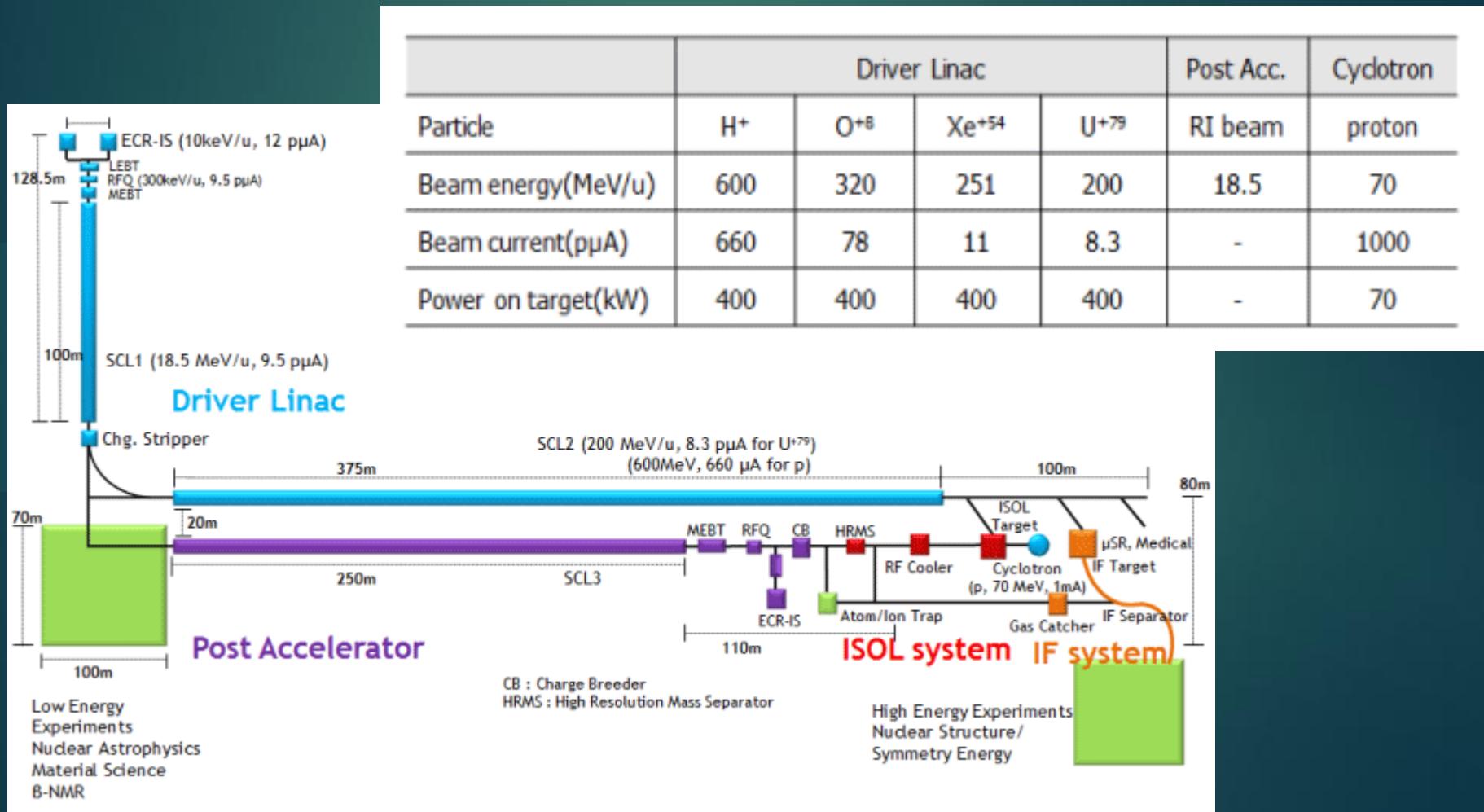
Facility for Rare Isotope Beams, FRIB Broad Overview

- Driver linac capable of $E/A \geq 200$ MeV for all ions, $P_{beam} \geq 400$ kW
- Early date for completion is 2018; TPC 613M\$
- Upgrade options (tunnel can house $E/A = 400$ MeV uranium driver linac, ISOL, multi-user capability ...)



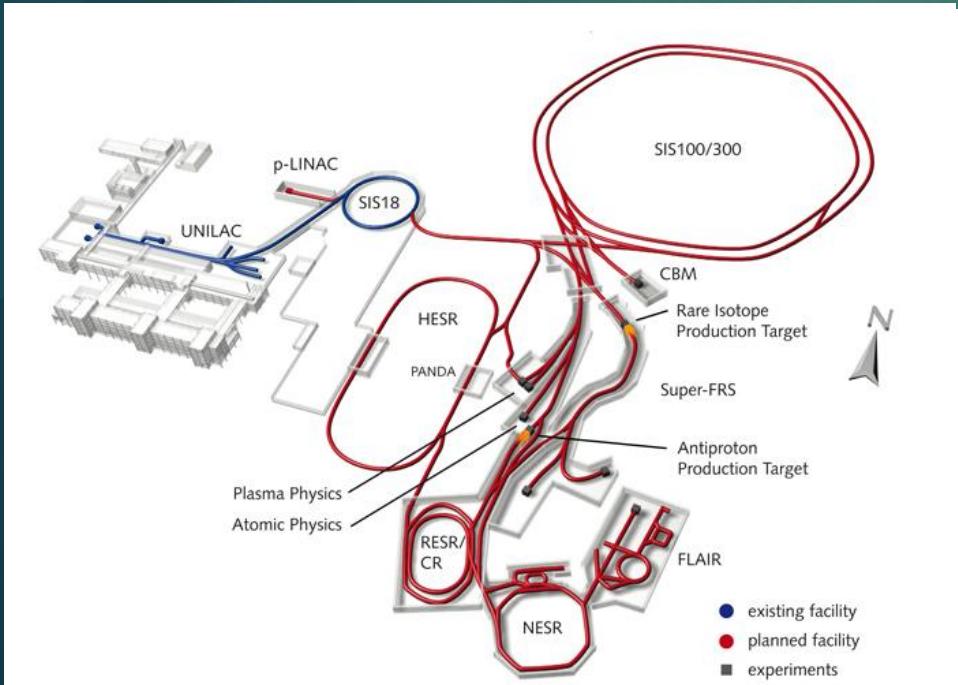
RISP RAON

Rare Isotope Science project promotes
machine called
(라온) formerly called KoRIA, at
IBS Institute for Basic Science in Korea



FAIR

Facility for Antiprotons and Ions Research



- ▶ Very clever versatility
- ▶ Greedy but Nich
- ▶ Dual MR + cooler/storage rings

| Field | Energy GeV/u | Average Intensity pps | Time Structure |
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Projectile Fragmentation Facilities

ISOL + post acceleration v.s.
Projectile Fragmentation

| | America | Europe | Asia |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Projectile Fragmentation with sub/few GeV Uranium | MSU/FRIB | GSI/FAIR | RIKEN/RIBF |
| PF + ISOL | | | RISP/RAON |
| ISOL + 10MeV post AC | ARIEL/ISAC2 | SPIRAL2 SPES HIE-ISOLDE | HIRFL BRIEF |
| ISOL + 100MeV post AC | | EURISOL | CARIF |

Scores

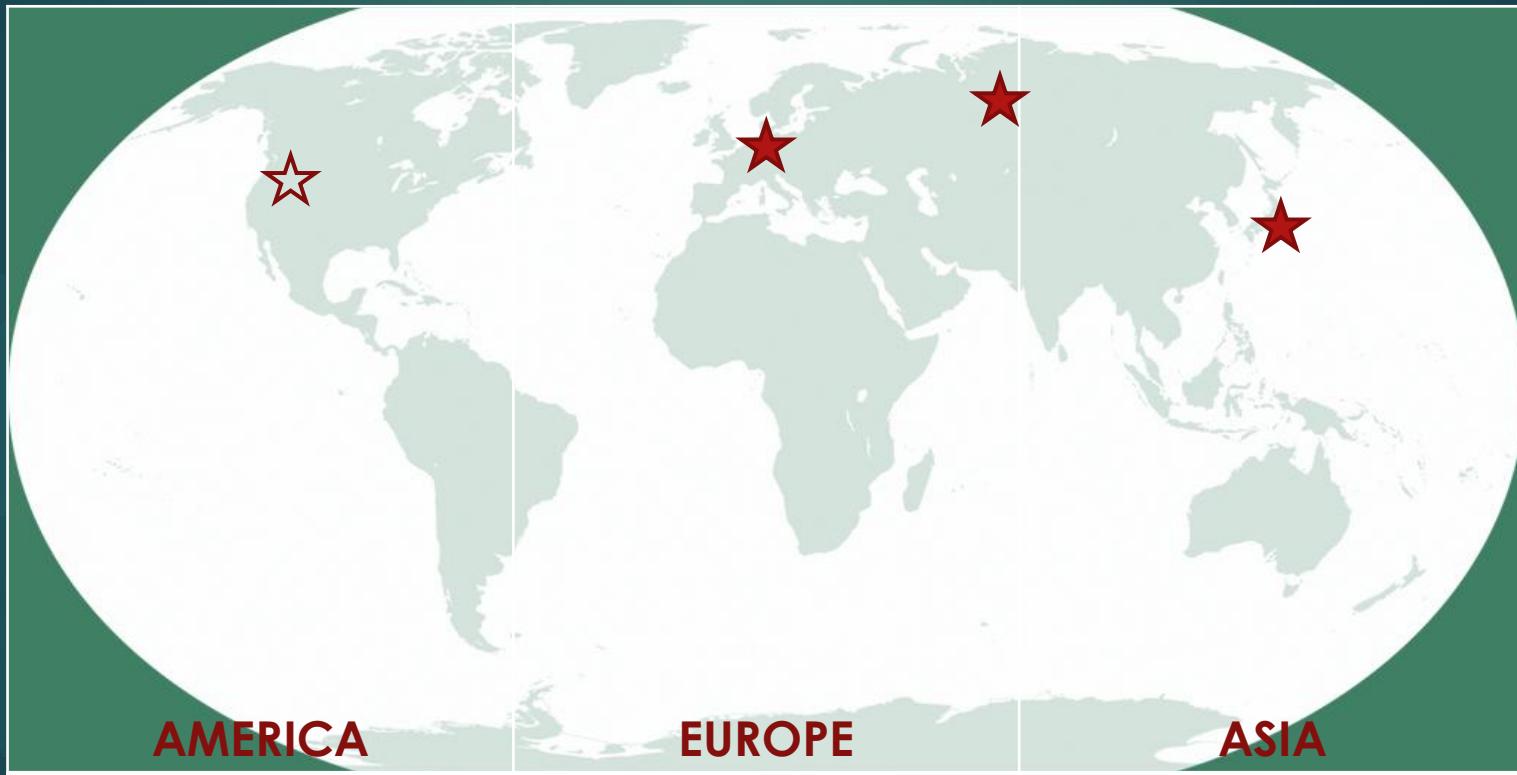
| Nation | Facility | Beam | | Target | | Post acceleration | | |
|-------------|------------|---|------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|
| | | Beam | Power (kw) | Dirct/Conv/PF | Fissions/s Beam pnA | Method | MeV/A | 132Sn/s |
| ISOL coming | ARIEL | e 50MeV 10000 μ A p 500MeV 100 μ A | ~100 | Direct | $1*10^{14}$ | | | $2*10^9$ |
| | HIE ISOLDE | | | Both | $4*10^{12}$ | SC Linac | | $2*10^8$ |
| | SPIRAL2 | d 40MeV 5000 μ A | 200 | Convert | $1*10^{14}$ | Cyclotron | 30 | $2*10^9$ |
| | SPES | p 40MeV 200 μ A | 8 | Direct | $1*10^{13}$ | Linac | 10 | $3*10^8$ |
| Super ISOL | EURISOL | p 1GeV 5000 μ A | 4M | D&C | $1*10^{15}$ | Linac | 50 | $4*10^{11}$ |
| | CARIF | Reactor | 6M | reactor | $2*10^{15}$ | Linac | 50 | $5*10^{10}$ |
| PF coming | FRIB | U+33 200MeV | 400 | PF | 8300 | - | - | $10^8\sim10^9$ |
| | RISP | U+79 200MeV | 400 | PF | 8000 | - | - | $10^8\sim10^9$ |
| | FAIR | U+28 1500MeV | 10 | PF | 50 pnA | - | - | $10^7\sim10^8$ |
| PF running | RIBF2015 | U+86 345MeV | 4 | PF | 100 pnA | | | $3*10^6$ |

Summary remarks

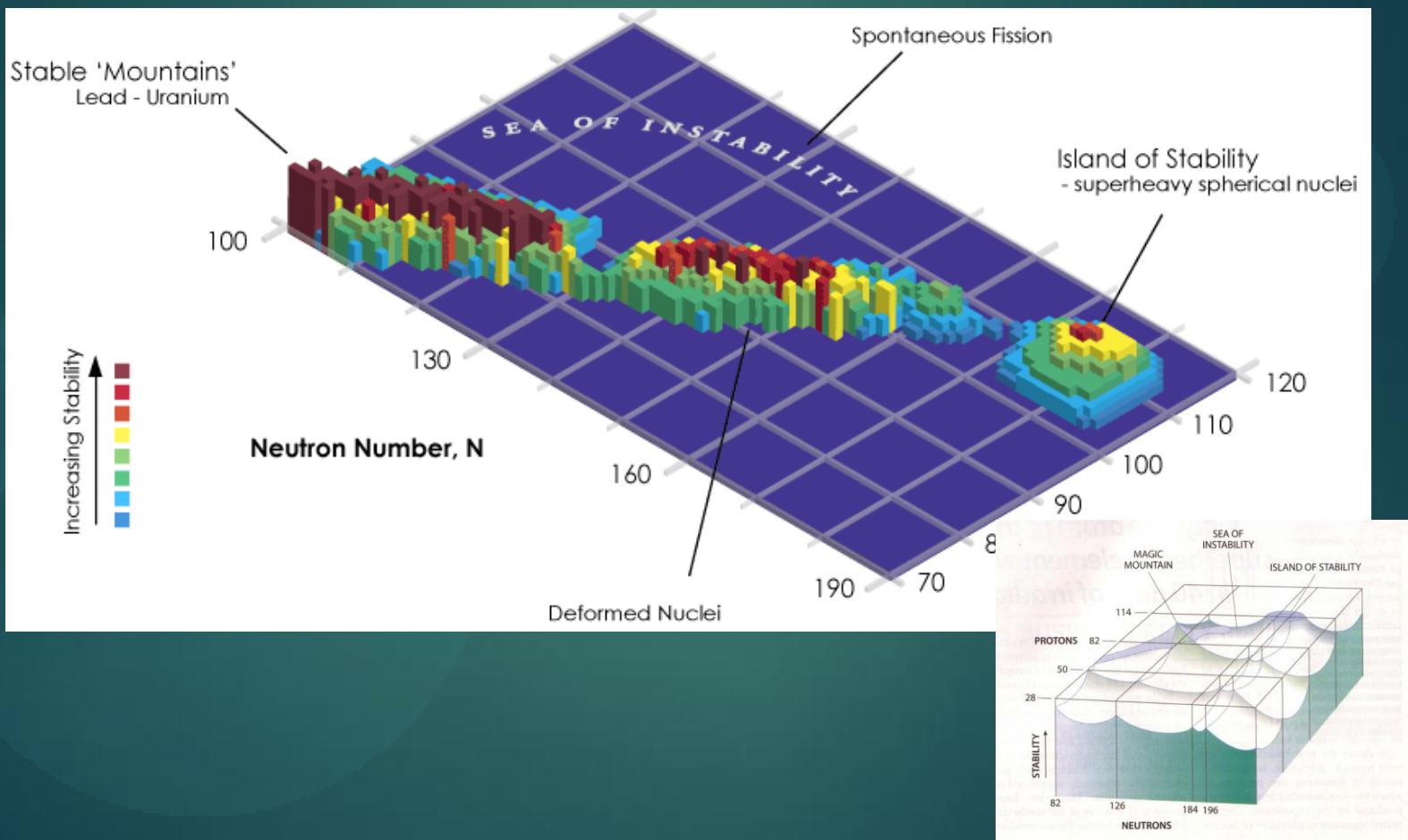
| | Beams | | America | Europe | Asia | |
|-----------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Hot QCD | A+A | T | RHIC | LHC(ALICE) | - | Future determined |
| | | P | | FAIR(SIS300) NICA | | Success Story in dense QCD? |
| Cold QCD | hadron | | - | FAIR(SIS100) | JPARC | Missing American |
| | e- | | JLAB-12GeV | | Spring-8 | 1+many |
| | collider | | eRHIC(eIC) | NICA | | 1 in the world |
| RI Beam | Proj Frag | | FRIB | FAIR | RIBF | Regionally well covered. Asian needs more interaction |
| | Both | | | | RISP | |
| | ISOL | | ARIEL | SPIRAL2 SPES HIE-ISOLDE | HIRFL BRIEF | Regionally well covered. Asian needs more interaction |
| | Super ISOL | | -- | EURISOL | CARIF | |
| | | | | | | 1 in the world ? |

Bon Voyage

Super Heavy Element



Ultimate goal



New event; 113th element (3rd of 278) 113

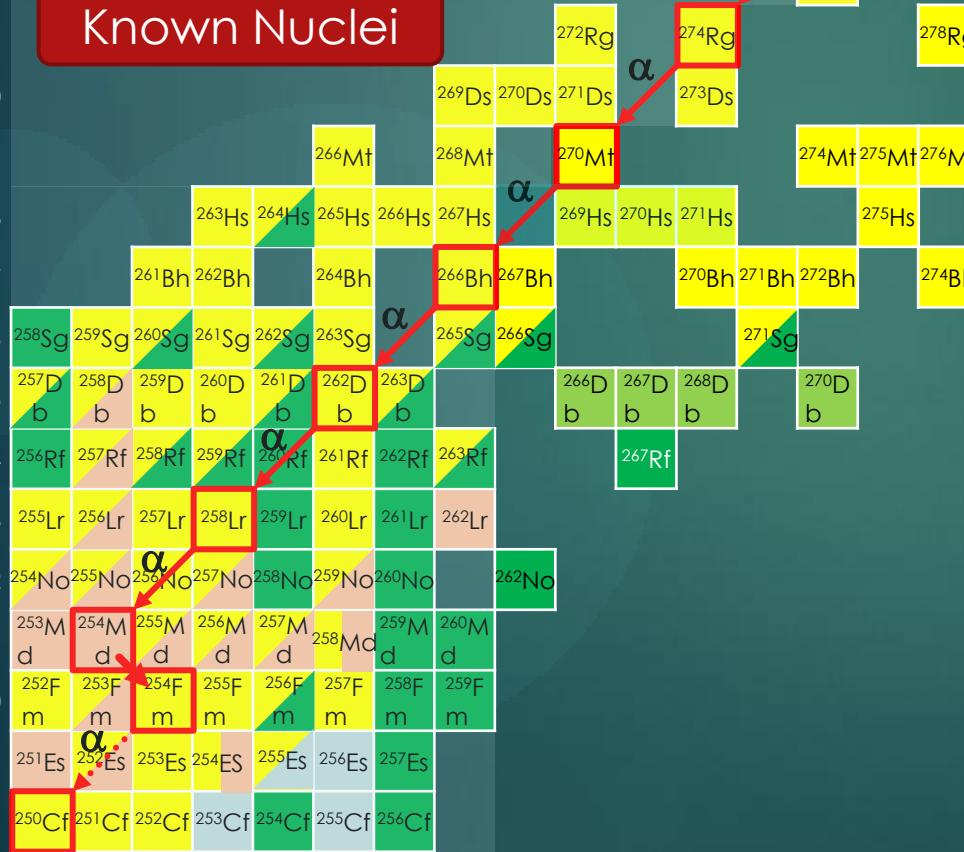


RIKEN Nishia

²⁰⁹Bi-based, ⁷⁹CaZn induced
Cold fusion reactions

113

Known Nuclei



118

117

116

115

114

113

112

111

110

109

108

107

106

105

104

103

102

101

100

99

98



α



FLNR/LLNR/GSI/LBNL
Actinide-based, ⁴⁸Ca induced
Hot fusion reactions





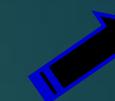
Search for
new shells

Electronic structure of SHE-atoms

Chemical properties of the SHE

Nuclear structure and decay
properties of the SHN

$A=294$



SHE

-7

Search for SHE
in Nature

-5

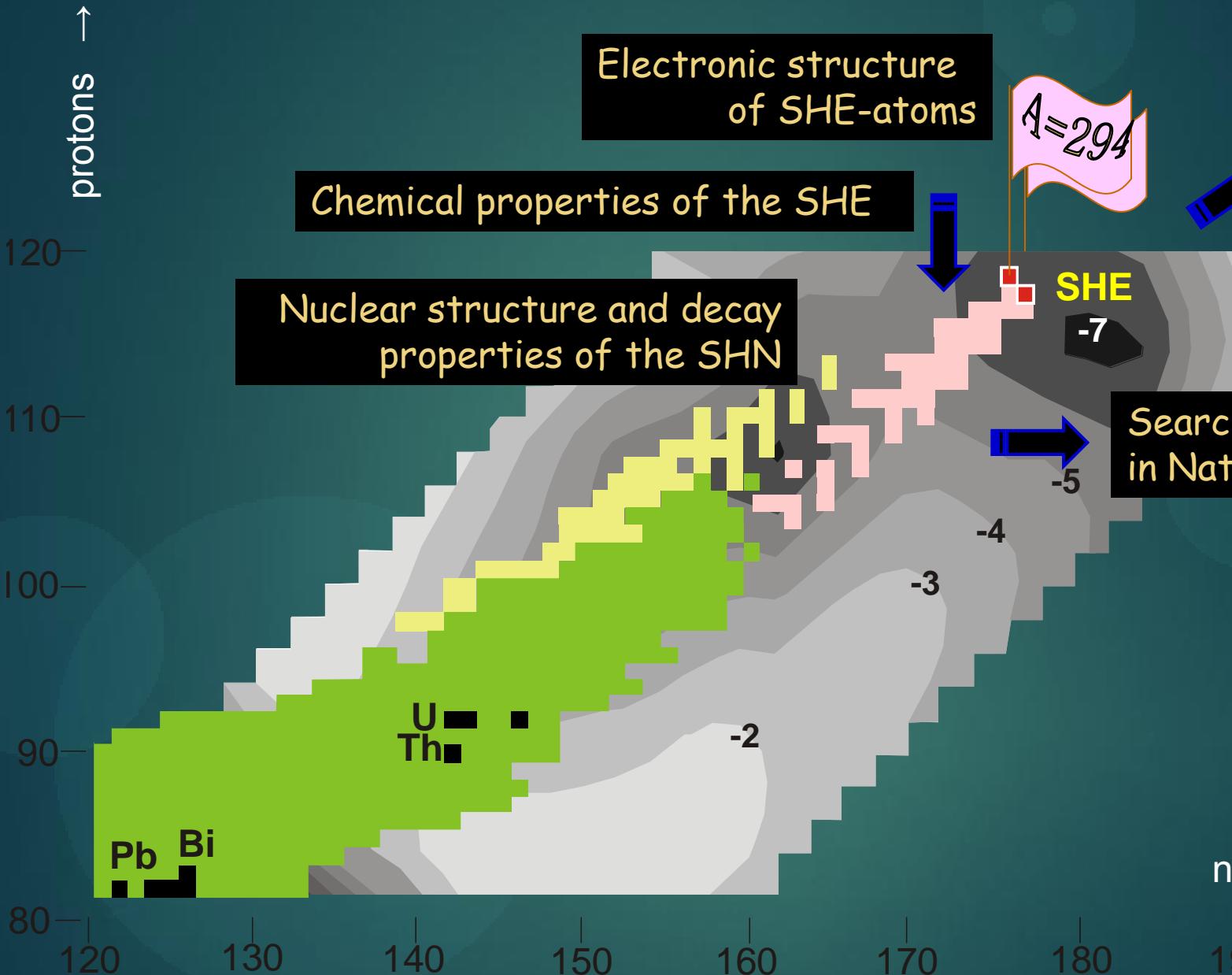
-3
-4

-2

neutrons →

Pb Bi

U Th

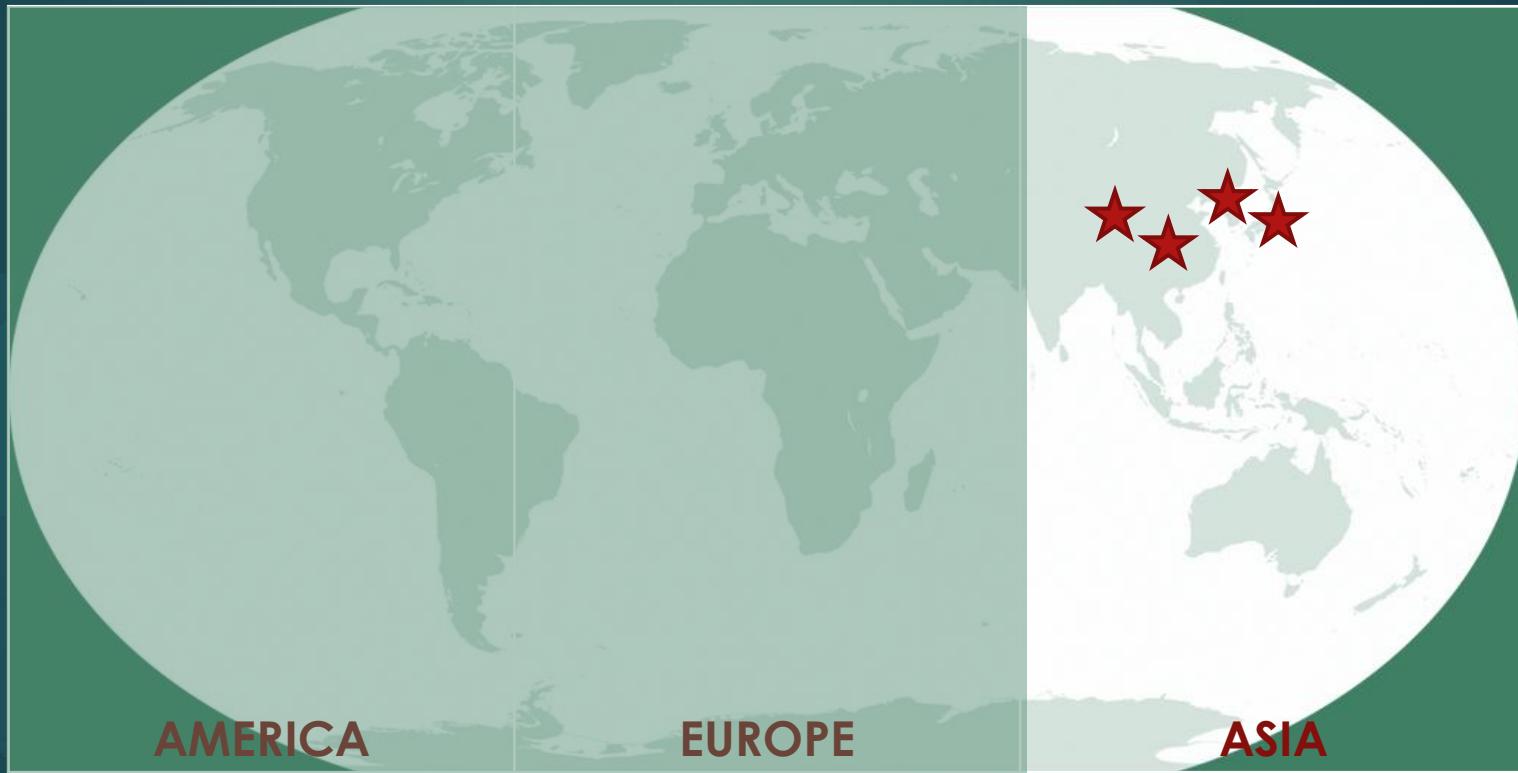


Road map ?

| | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------------|------|------|------|
| Dubna (FLNR) | | 2.5 <u>A</u> 48Ca | | | 3.0 | | | | |
| | | New accelerator/setup | | | | 20 <u>A</u> | | | |
| RIKEN | Cold | 10puA | | | | | | | |
| | Hot | | preparation | | to Z119/120 | | | | |
| | Chem | | | | | | | | |
| GSI | Hot/X | | | | | | ?? | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

- ▶ *Z=119/120 may be reachable, but not beyond*
- ▶ *Beam time becomes too long*
- ▶ *Target becomes too rare (expensive M\$)*
- ▶ *Need to collaborate*
- ▶ *New idea wanted (*n-rich RI + Actinoid + multi nucleon transfer*)*

RIB in ASIA



Competitions in far east

| | Year | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|----------|-------------|--------------|------|------|---------------|------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|------|------|
| J | RIBF PF | Start Exp | | | | | Complete Construction | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | RIBF2 ??? | | |
| K | RISP both | | | | | | Start Cont. | | | Start Exp | | | | | | | | | | |
| | HIRFL ISOL | Operating | | | | | | Upgrade? | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C | BRIEF2 ISOL | Construction | | | Start Exp | | | | | | | | | | | | | HIAF : High Intensity Accelerator Facility ??? | | |
| | CARIF ISOL | | | | CARISOL Ready | | Construction | | Start Exp | | | | | | | | | | | |

Though, ASIA No Regional Consensus within ASIA. CARIF can be a ASIANI-SOL.
 Who can be a “Projectile Fragmentation” leader in 2020 ?

ISOLs: past, present and future

| Nation | Facility | Beam | | Target | | Post acceleration | | |
|--------|------------|---|------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|
| | | Beam | Power (kw) | Dirct/Conv | Fissions/s | Method | MeV/A | 132Sn/s |
| CERN | ISOLDE | p 1Gev 2000 μ A | 0.4 | both | $4*10^{12}$ | Linac | 3 | $1*10^7$ |
| USA | HRIBF | p 40MeV 10 μ A | 0.4 | Direct | $4*10^{11}$ | Tandem | 4 | $2*10^5$ |
| JAPAN | TRIAC | p 30MeV 3 μ A | 0.9 | Direct | $1*10^{11}$ | IH Linac | 1 | $1*10^5$ |
| CANADA | ARIEL | e 50MeV 10000 μ A p 500MeV 100 μ A | ~100 | Direct | $1*10^{14}$ | | | |
| CERN | HIE ISOLDE | | | Both | $4*10^{12}$ | SC Linac | 5-10 | $2*10^8$ |
| FRANCE | SPIRAL2 | d 40MeV 5000 μ A | 200 | Convert | $1*10^{14}$ | Cyclotron | 3-10 | $2*10^9$ |
| ITALY | SPES | p 40MeV 200 μ A | 8 | Direct | $1*10^{13}$ | SC Linac | 10 | $3*10^8$ |
| EUROPE | EURISOL | p 1GeV 5000 μ A | 4000 | Both | $1*10^{15}$ | SC Linac | 20-150 | $4*10^{11}$ |

CARIF vs EURISOL

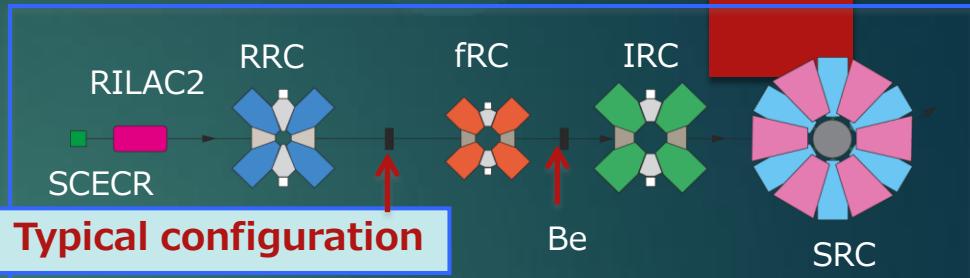
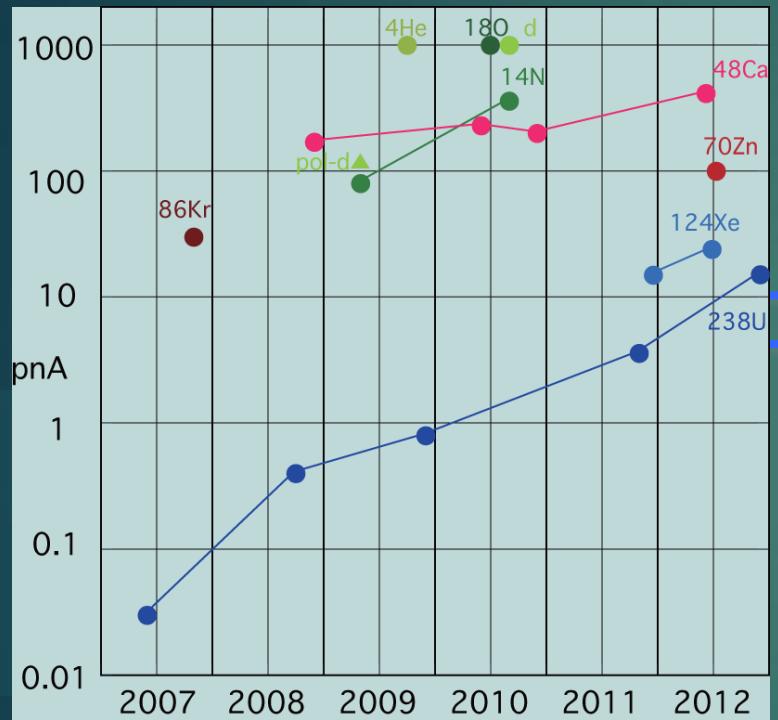
| Nation | Facility | Beam | | Target | | Post acceleration | | |
|--------|------------|---|------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|
| | | Beam | Power (kw) | Dirct/Conv | Fissions/s | Method | MeV/A | 132Sn/s |
| CANADA | ARIEL | e 50MeV 10000 μ A p 500MeV 100 μ A | ~100 | Direct | $1*10^{14}$ | | | |
| CERN | HIE ISOLDE | | | Both | $4*10^{12}$ | SC Linac | 5-10 | $2*10^8$ |
| FRANCE | SPIRAL2 | d 40MeV 5000 μ A | 200 | Convert | $1*10^{14}$ | Cyclotron | 3-10 | $2*10^9$ |
| ITALY | SPES | p 40MeV 200 μ A | 8 | Direct | $1*10^{13}$ | SC Linac | 10 | $3*10^8$ |
| EUROPE | EURISOL | p 1GeV 5000 μ A | 4M | Both | $1*10^{15}$ | SC Linac | 20-150 | $4*10^{11}$ |
| CHINA | CARIF | Reactor | 6M | | $2*10^{15}$ | Linac | >100 | $5*10^{10}$ |

- ▶ Present RIKEN RIBF can deliver 200MeV 132Sn with $3*10^5$ /s (regularly)
- ▶ Will reach $3*10^6$ /s by 2015



RIBF beam improvements

Uranium beam intensity reached 1000 times compared to the beginning.

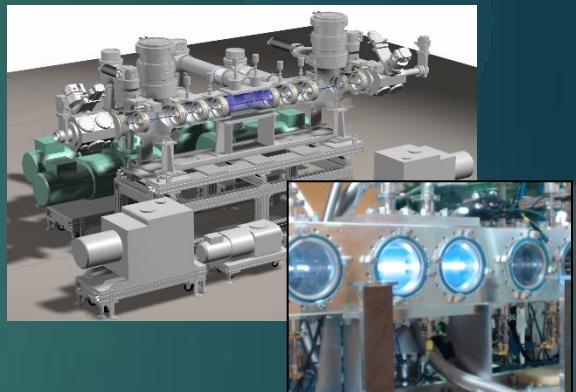


Typical configuration

RIBF Goal (U)

RIBF present

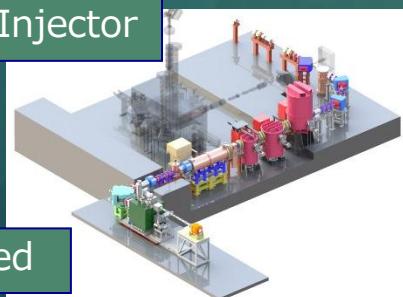
GSI present



RIBF Start

Improvement on
Transmission &
Stability

SC-ECR introduced



New
Injector

He gas charge
Stripper

fRC
modification
(K570=>K700)



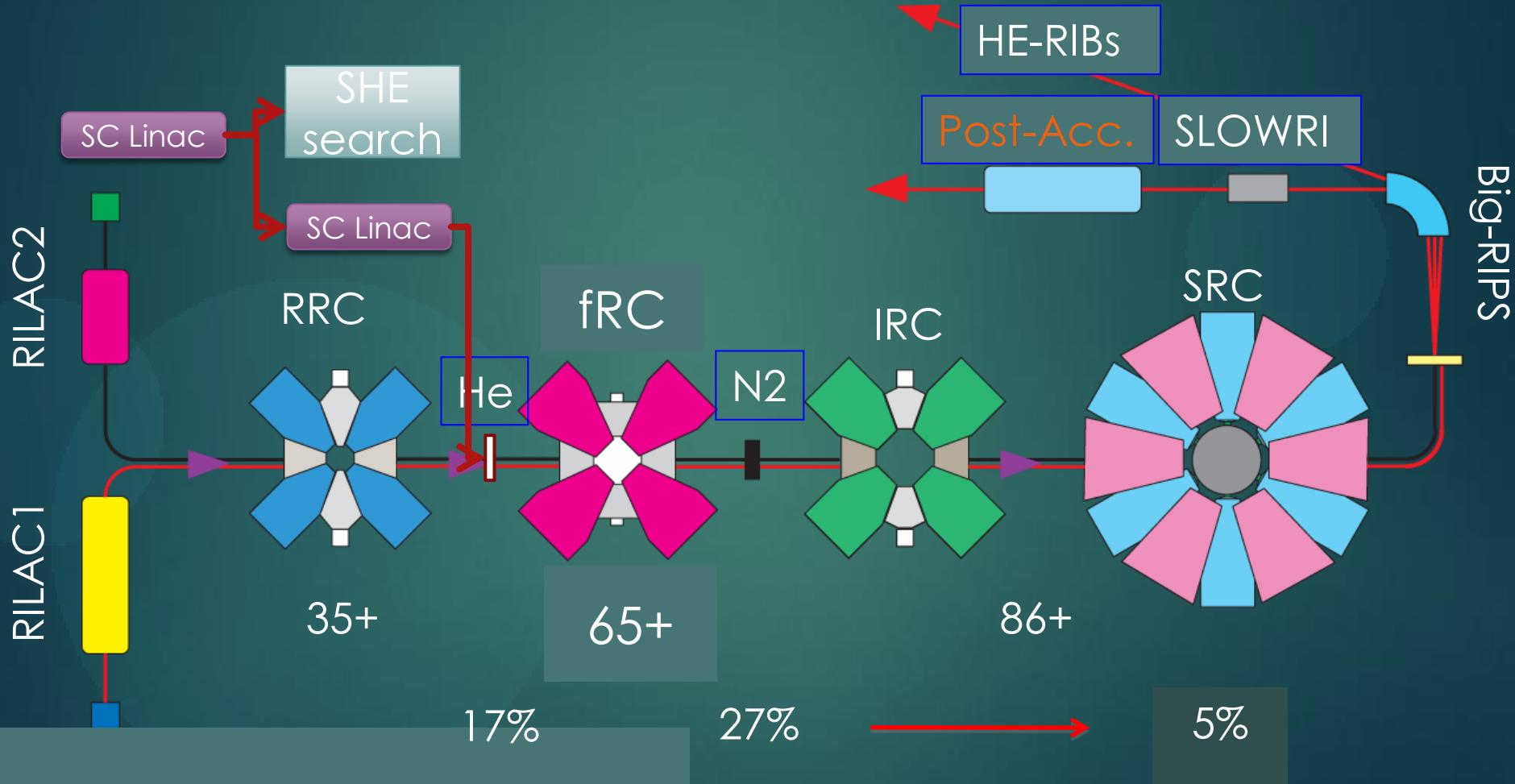
RIBF Upgrade Options – Long-term plan, after 5 years.



Option 0: ISOL or PF+ Post Acceleration (more exotic beams)

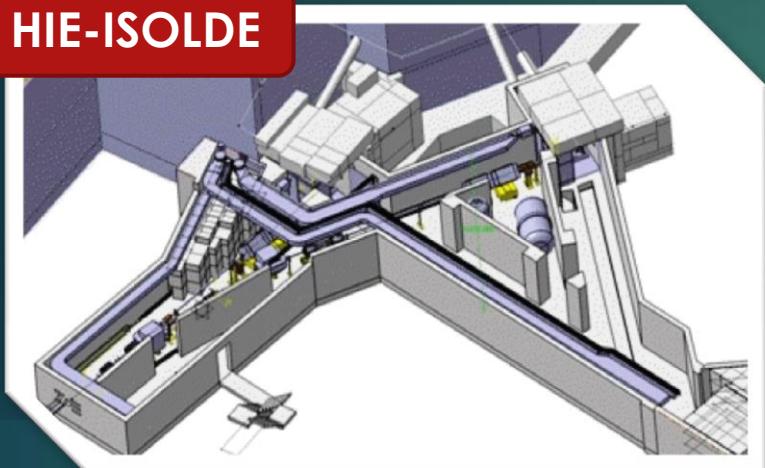
Option 1: Super Conducting fRC(stripper 2->1)

Option 2: SC-Linac (1st section: 5MeV-SHE, 2nd section 11MeV-fRC)

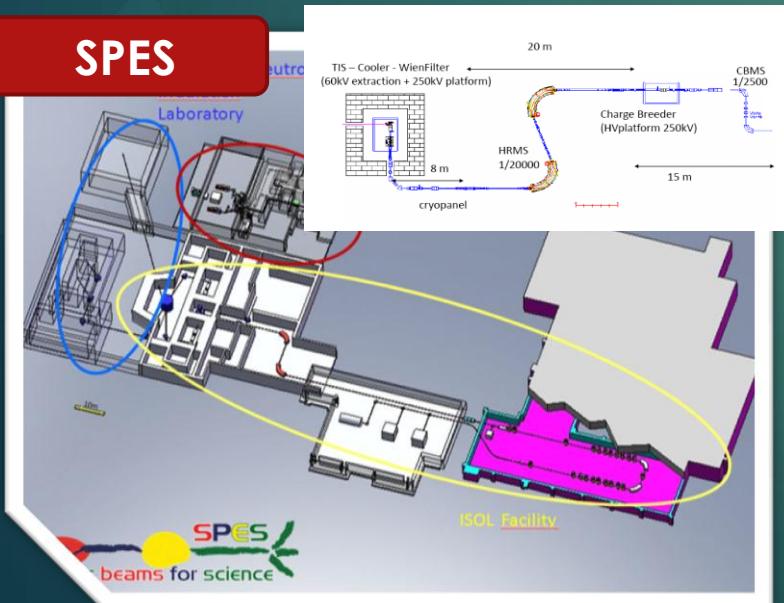


Great “intermediate” Facilities

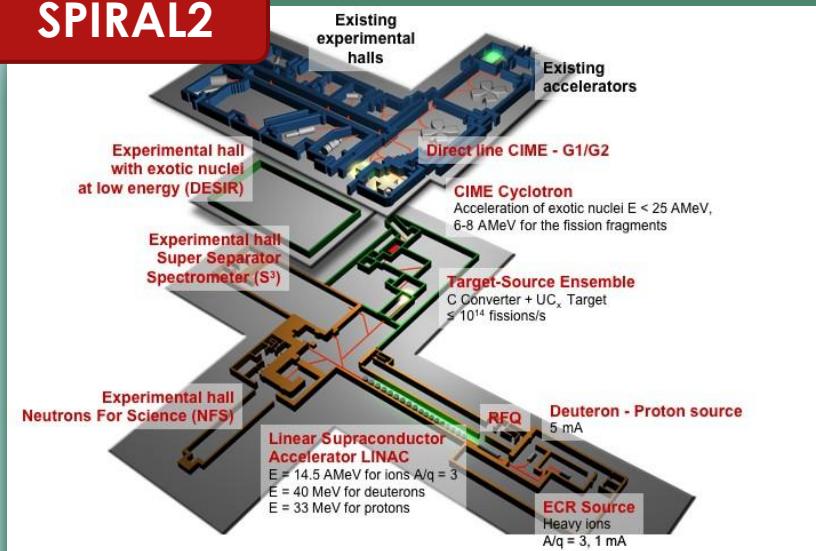
HIE-ISOLDE



SPES



SPIRAL2



- ▶ SC linac (d)
- ▶ DESIR facility: Disintegration, Excitation and Storage of Radioactive Ions
- ▶ NFS: Neutron For Science
- ▶ S3: Super Separator Spectrometer
- ▶ RI to CHIME: post acc. (Existing cyclotron) in 2016