

2019.12.1

EMMI workshop @Wraclow

Status and Perspective of Hypernuclear Physics at J-PARC

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Japan Atomic Energy Agency
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J-PARC

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1. Introduction
2. γ -ray spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei
3. $\Sigma^\pm p$ scattering
4. Double strangeness systems (Ξ and $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei)
5. Future plans
6. Summary

1. Introduction

Matter made of u, d, s quarks

$N_u \sim N_d \sim N_s$

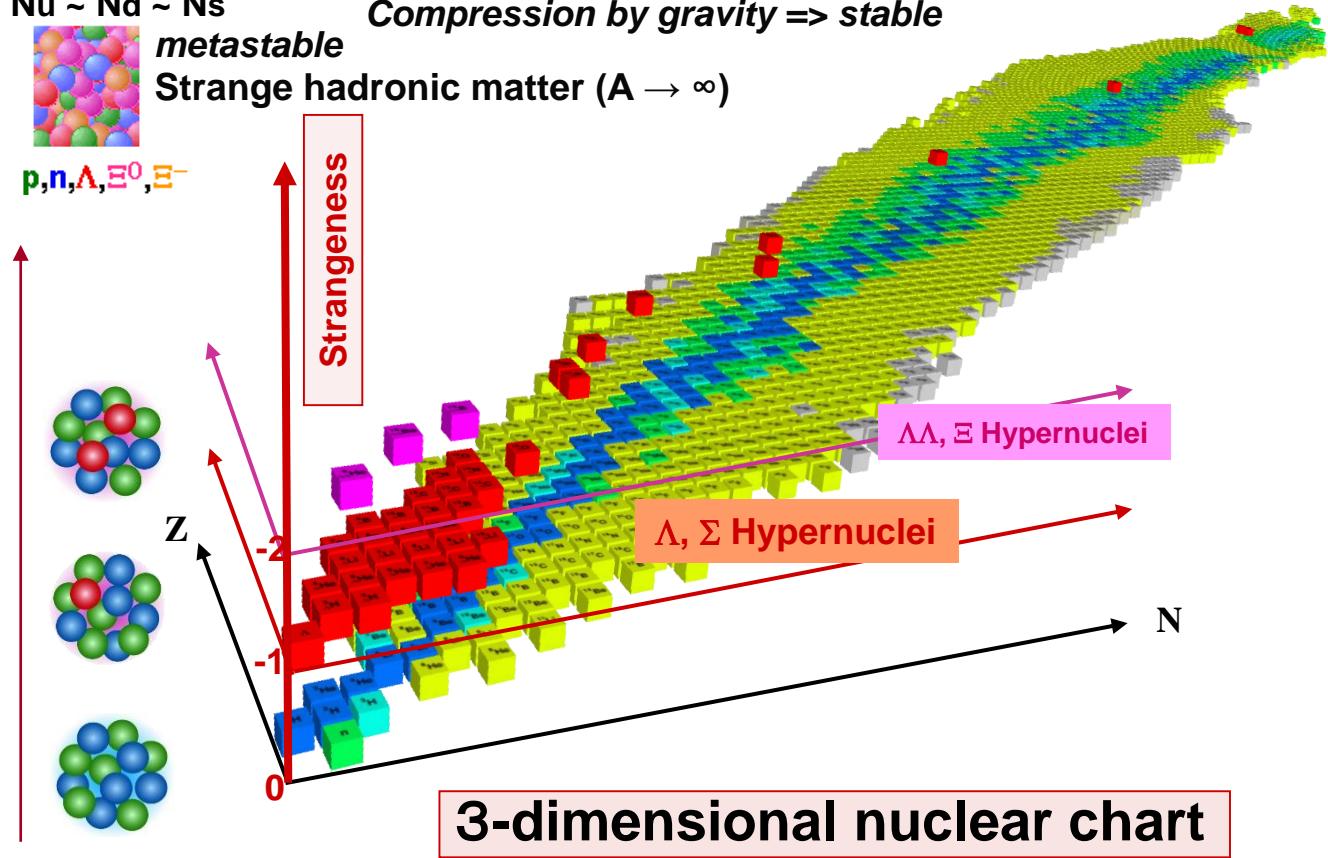


metastable

Compression by gravity => stable

Strange hadronic matter ($A \rightarrow \infty$)

$p, n, \Lambda, \Xi^0, \Xi^-$



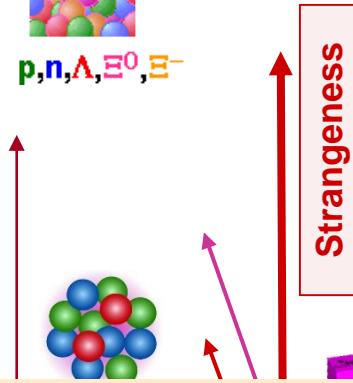
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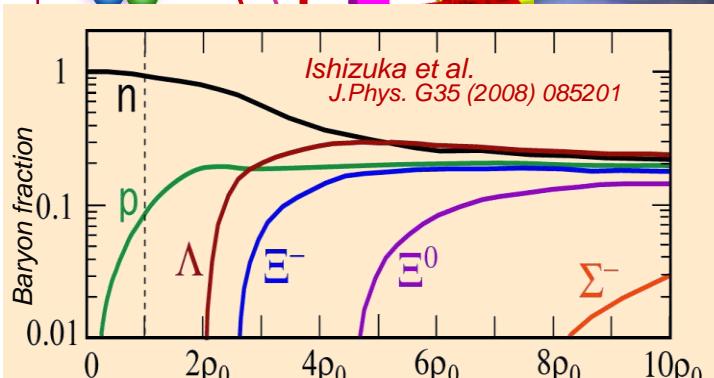
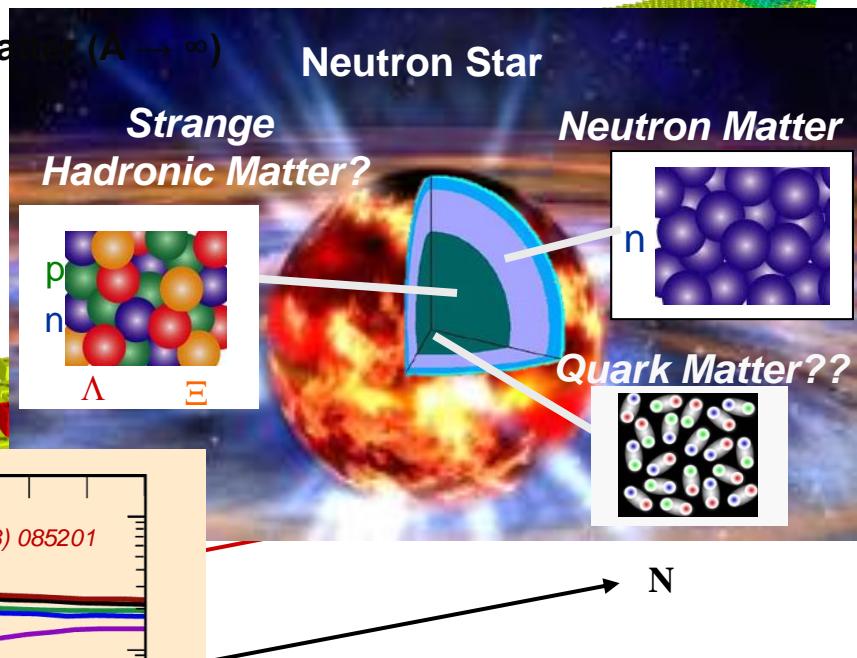


$p, n, \Lambda, \Xi^0, \Xi^-$



Compression by gravity => stable

Strange hadronic matter ($A \rightarrow \infty$)



Depends on YN , YY int. Hyperon puzzle?

ionical nuclear chart



10th Anniversary

J-PARC Symposium 2019

Unlocking the Mysteries of Life,
Matter and the Universe

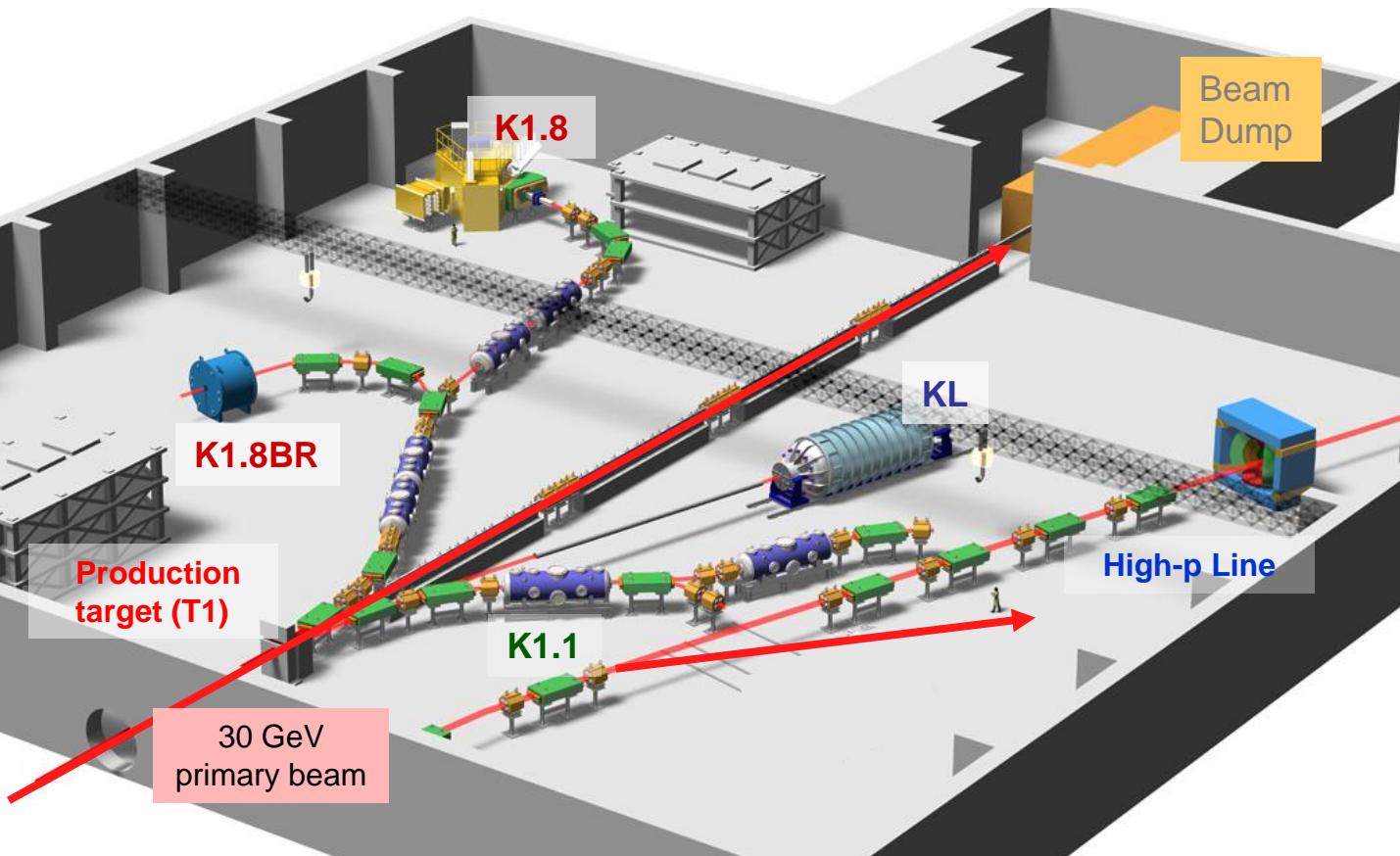
Ten years since J-PARC Hadron Facility started
operation in 2009



The 3rd J-PARC Symposium (J-PARC2019)
September 23-26, 2019, Tsukuba, Japan

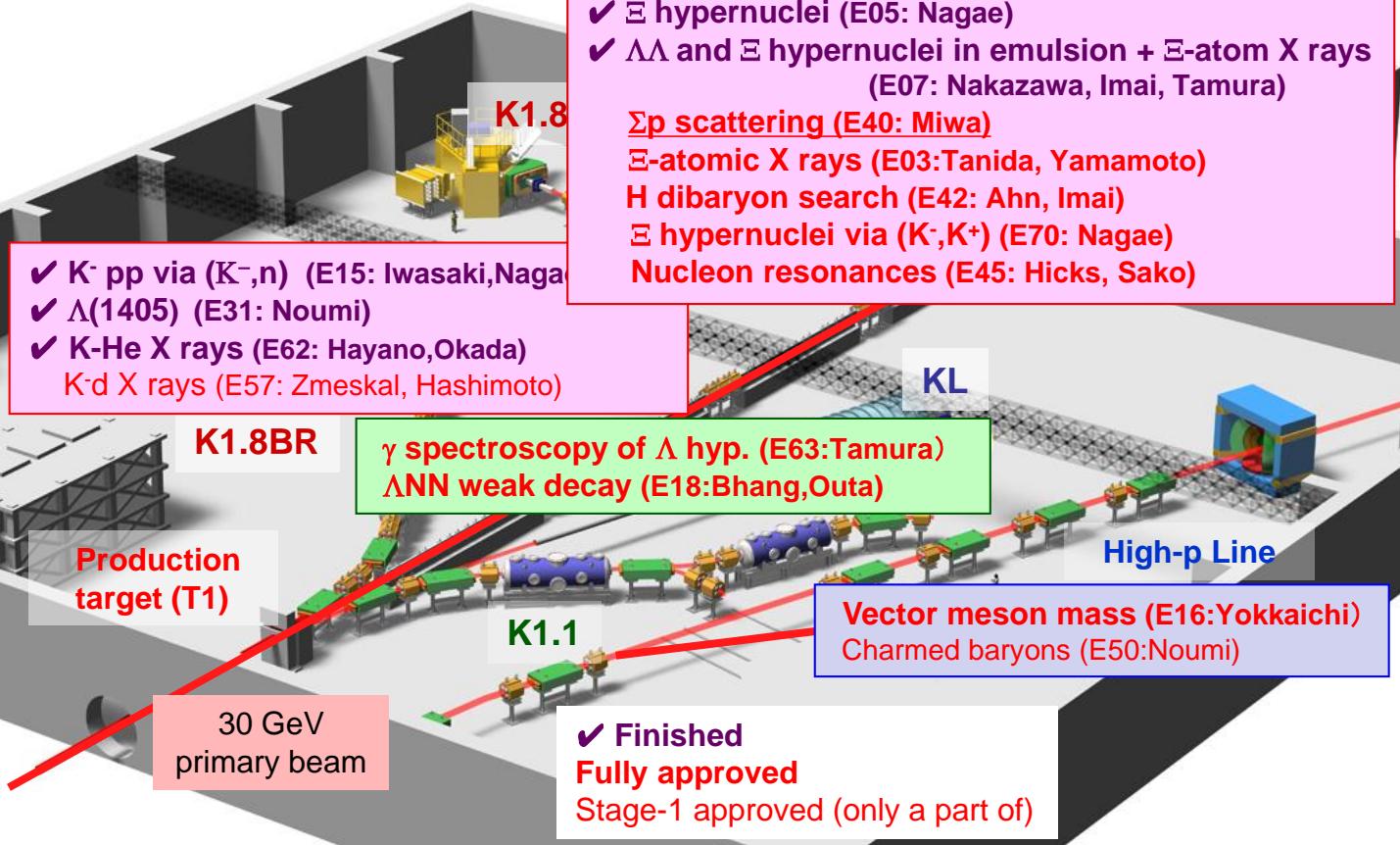
J-PARC Hadron Hall

nuclear/hadron experiments (2019)



J-PARC

nuclear/hadron



J-PARC nuclear/hadr



- ✓ Θ^+ pentaquark search (E19: Naruki)
- ✓ n-rich Λ hypernuclei (E10: Sakaguchi)
- ✓ K-pp via (π^+ ,K⁺) (E27: Nagae)
- ✓ γ spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei (E13: Tamura)
- ✓ Ξ hypernuclei (E05: Nagae)
- ✓ $\Lambda\Lambda$ and Ξ hypernuclei in emulsion + Ξ -atom X rays (E07: Nakazawa, Imai, Tamura)

Ξp scattering (E40: Miwa)

Ξ -atomic X rays (E03:Tanida, Yamamoto)

H dibaryon search (E42: Ahn, Imai)

Ξ hypernuclei via (K⁻,K⁺) (E70: Naga)

Nucleon

✓ 9 experiments were finished in ten years.
Many experiments are still waiting...

γ spectroscopy of Λ hyp. (E63:Tamura)
 ΛNN weak decay (E18:Bhang,Outa)

Production target (T1)

30 GeV primary beam

Vector meson mass (E16:Yokkaichi)
Charmed baryons (E50:Noumi)

✓ Finished
Fully approved
Stage-1 approved (only a part of)

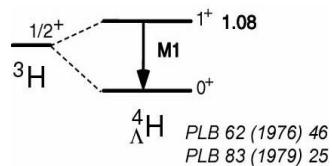
K1.1

✓ Finished
Fully approved
Stage-1 approved (only a part of)

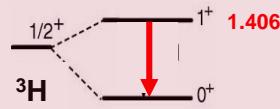
2. γ -ray spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei

Hypernuclear γ -ray data (2019)

^7Li etc. (K^- stop, γ^-)

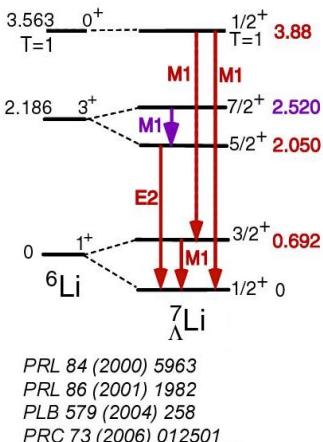


$^4\text{He}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ J-PARC E13

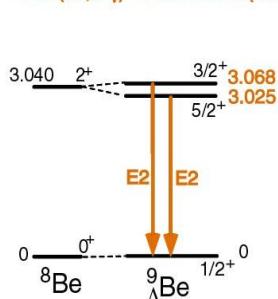


PRL 115 (2015) 222501

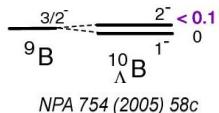
$^7\text{Li}(\pi^+, K^+\gamma)$ KEK E419



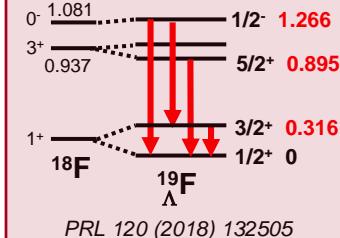
$^9\text{Be}(K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('98)



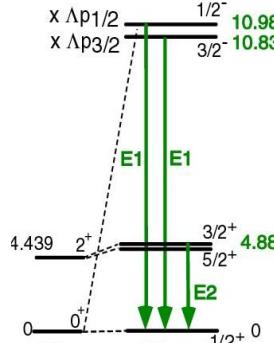
$^{10}\text{B}(K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('01)



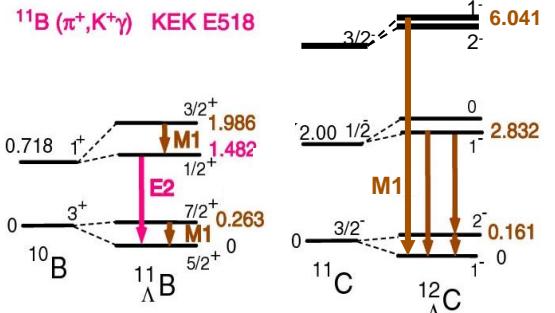
$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ J-PARC E13



$^{13}\text{C}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ BNL E929 (NaI)



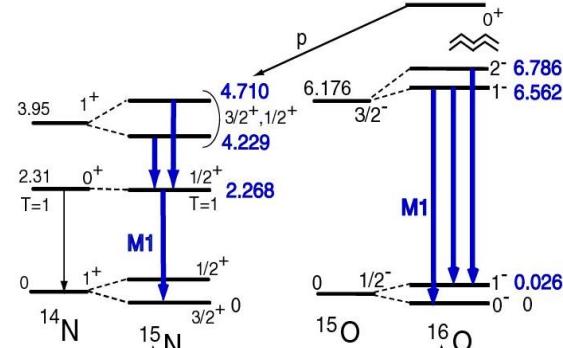
$^{11}\text{B}(\pi^+, K^+\gamma)$ KEK E518



NPA 835 (2010) 422

PTEP (2015) 081D01

$^{16}\text{O}(K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('01)



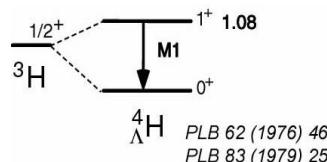
PRC 77 (2008) 054315

PRL 93 (2004) 232501

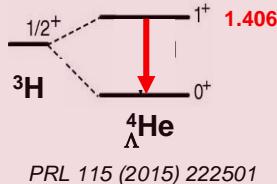
EPJ A33 (2007) 247

Hypernuclear γ -ray data (2019)

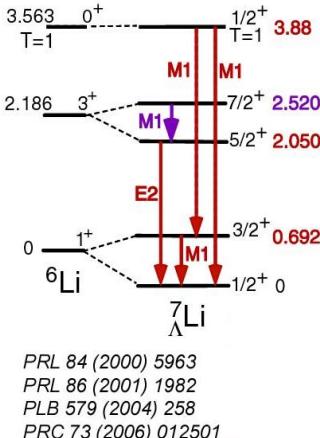
^7Li etc. (K^- stop, γ^-)



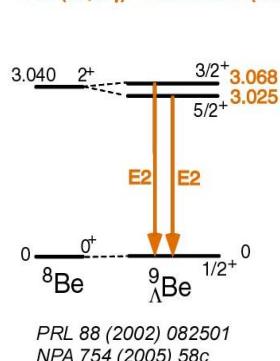
$^4\text{He}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ J-PARC E13



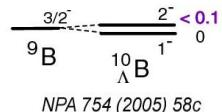
$^7\text{Li} (\pi^+, K^+\gamma)$ KEK E419



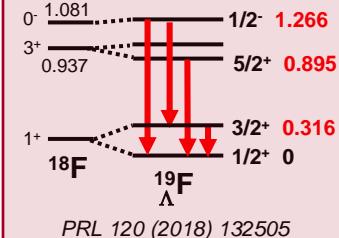
$^9\text{Be} (K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('98)



$^{10}\text{B} (K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('01)



$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ J-PARC E13



$^{13}\text{C}(K^-, \pi\gamma)$ BNL E929 (NaI)



$^{16}\text{O}(K^-, \pi^- \gamma)$ BNL E930('01)

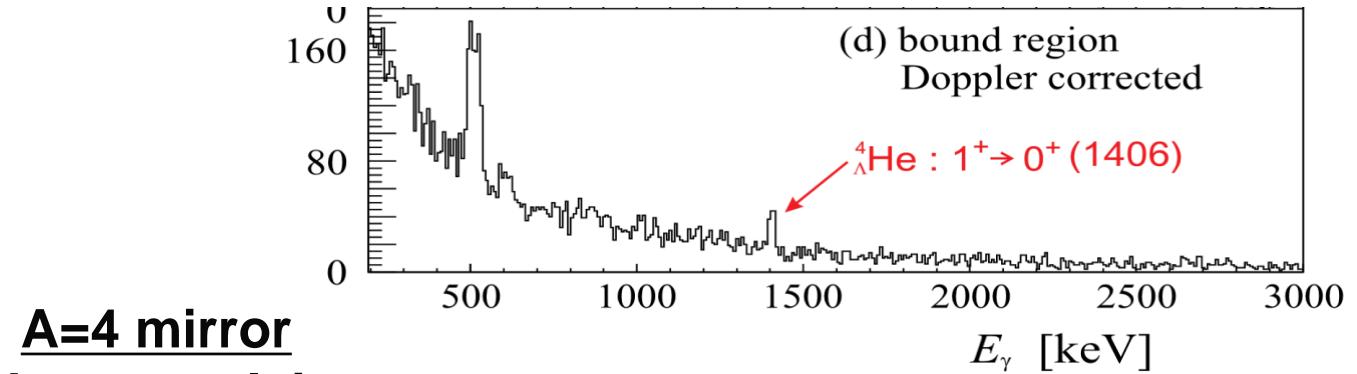


p-shell: ΛN spin-dependent interaction strengths.



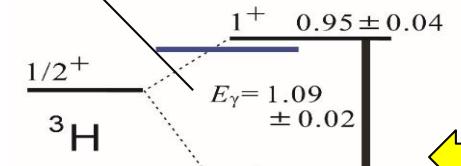
s-shell: $\Lambda - \Sigma$ coupling and Charge Symmetry Breaking

sd-shell: Heavier hypernuclear structure and ΛN interaction in a larger density?



A=4 mirror hypernuclei

Bedjidian et al.
PLB 83 (1979) 252 etc.



3^{H}

$2.12 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.09$
[MAMI]

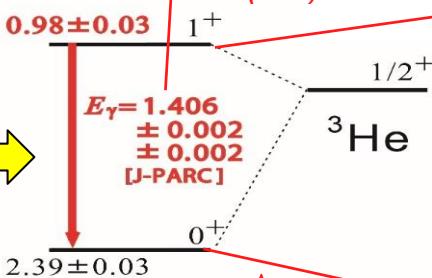
A. Esser et al.,
PRL 114 (2015) 12501



4_{Λ}^{H}

B_Λ

T.O. Yamamoto et al.,
PRL 115 (2015) 222501



4_{Λ}^{He}

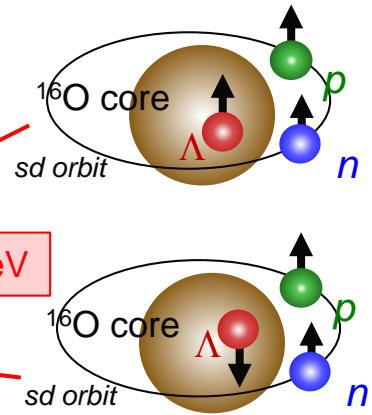
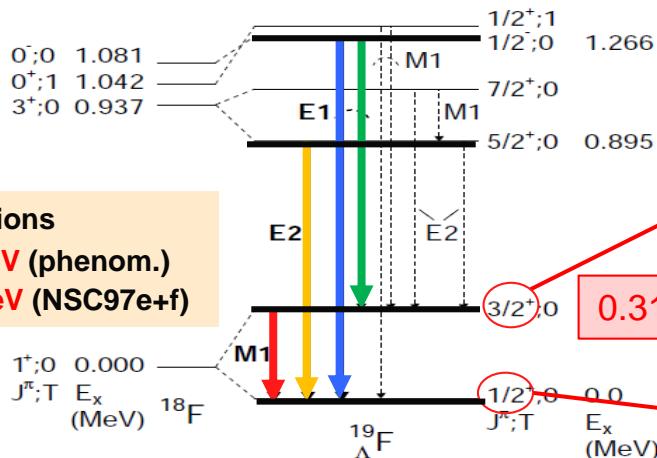
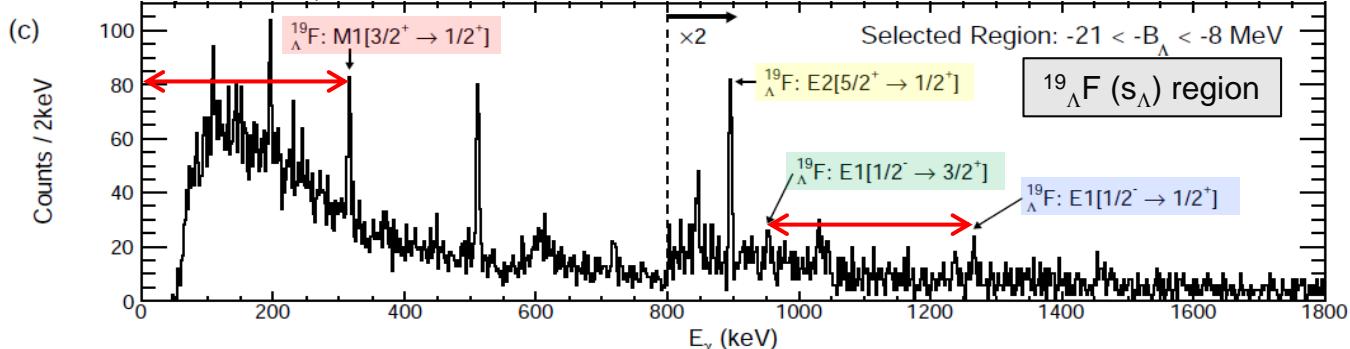


A large Charge Symmetry Breaking effect is confirmed!

$^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ results

Mass-gated γ -ray spectra

S.B. Yang et al., PRL 120 (2018) 132505



ΛN interaction and theoretical framework work well for heavier hypernuclei.
=> Hope to extract ΛNN force effect from heavy hypernuclear data.

Future plans of γ spectroscopy

■ Further study of CSB

Measure ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}(1^+ \rightarrow 0^+)$ + hopefully ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}(T=1; 1/2^+ \rightarrow T=0; 1/2^+)$
p-shell hypernuclei via (π, K^0) reaction

E63 (approved)

■ B(M1) measurement for g_{Λ} of a Λ in medium

→ possible modification of a baron in nuclear matter

■ Structure of medium to heavy hypernuclei

E1($p_{\Lambda} \rightarrow s_{\Lambda}$)

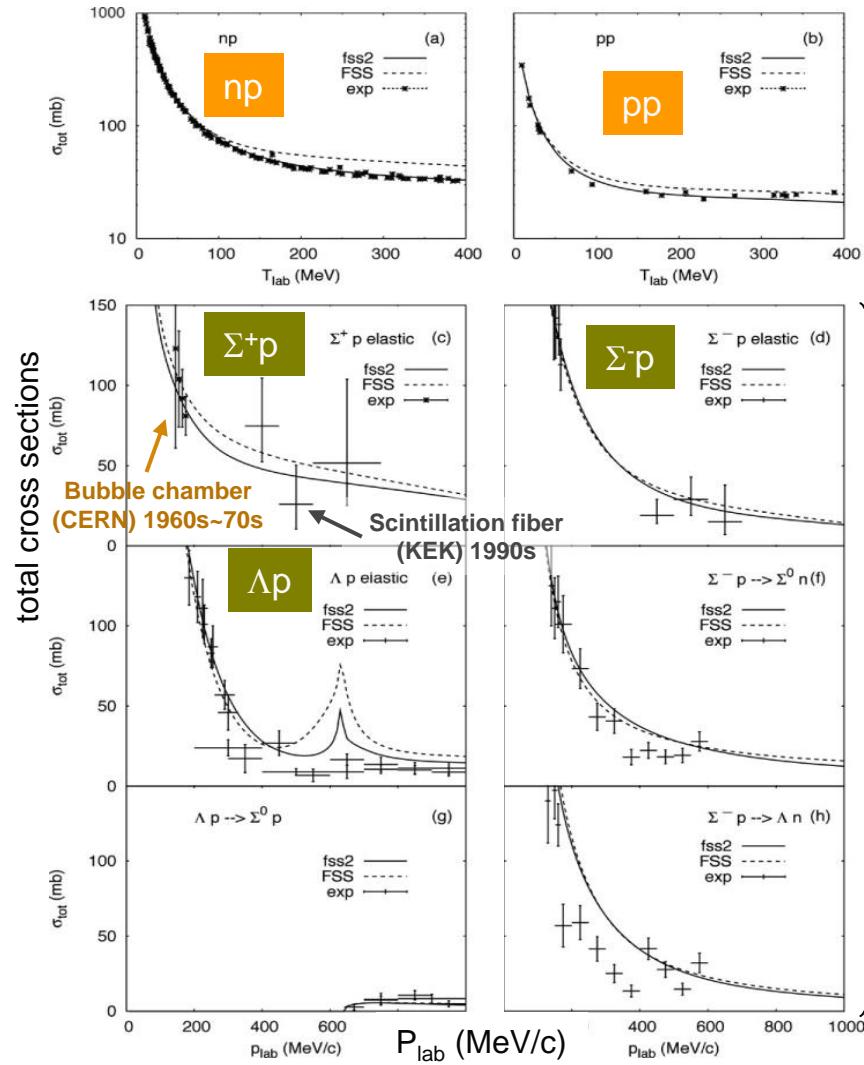
→ Density dependent ΛN interaction

→ Origin of spin-orbit splitting

Impurity effects in deformed hypernuclei

3. $\Sigma^\pm p$ scattering

NN and YN scattering data



NN

High statistics data in wide momentum range and with spin observables
 -> phase shift analysis

YN

Statistically poor
 Limited momentum region
 $c\tau(\Lambda) = 7.9\text{cm}$, $c\tau(\Sigma^+) = 2.4\text{ cm}$



Info. on YN (and YY) forces from hypernuclear B.E. /structure data + NN force assuming $SU(3)_f$

Origin of the short range nuclear force?

Quark picture (Oka-Yazaki)

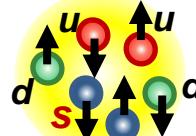
- Pauli in quark level
- Color magnetic interaction
- consistent with HAL QCD results

Attractive core?

flavor singlet

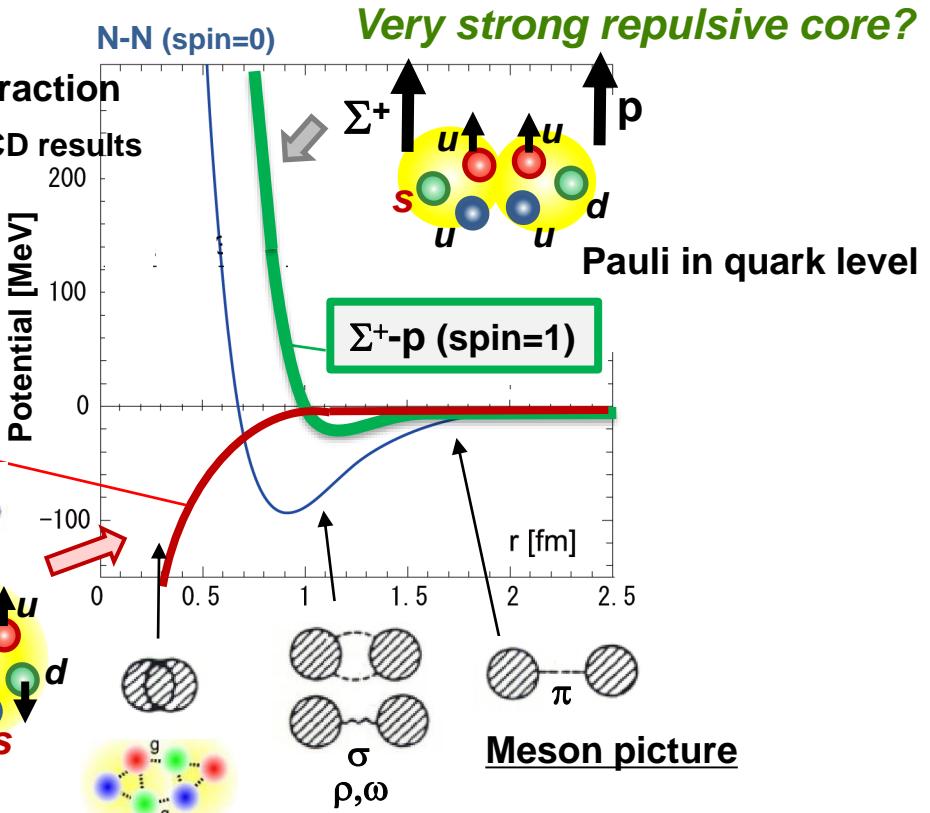
$$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}|\Lambda\Lambda\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{4}{8}}|N\Xi\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}|\Sigma\Sigma\rangle$$

H dibaryon

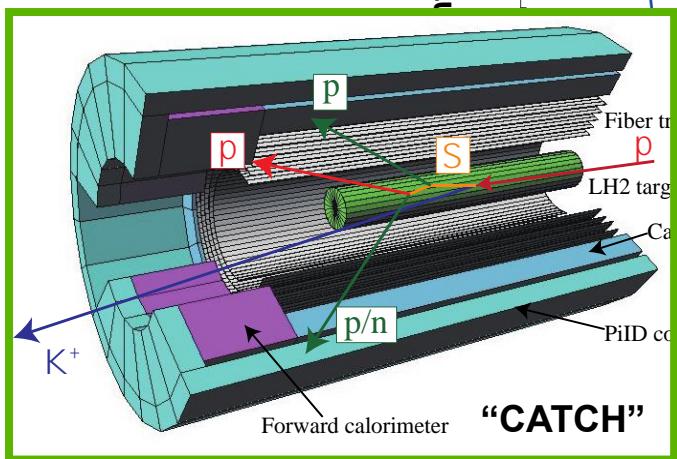
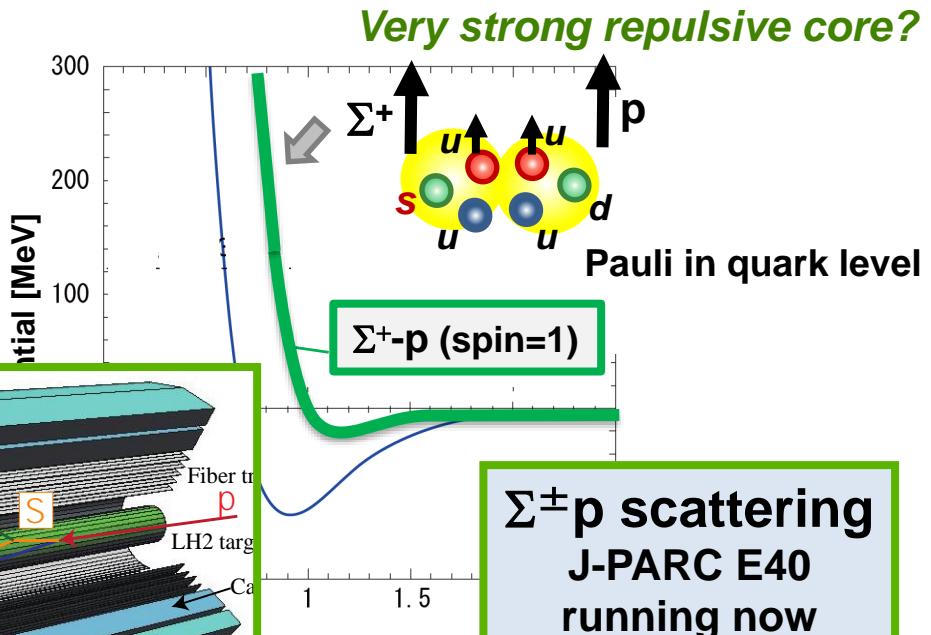


Color magnetic int.

No Pauli



Origin of the short range nuclear force?



Origin of the short range nuclear force?

H dibaryon search
J-PARC E42
run in ~2020

Attractive core?

flavor singlet

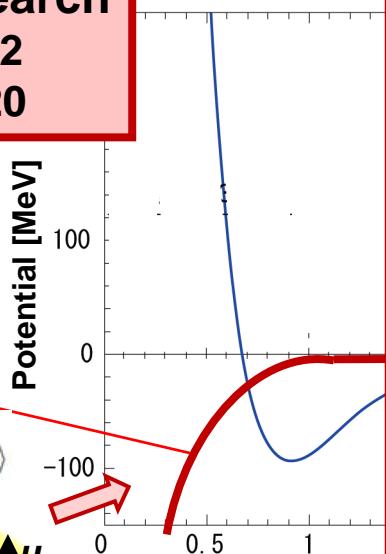
$$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}|\Lambda\Lambda\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{4}{8}}|N\Xi\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}|\Sigma\Sigma\rangle$$

H dibaryon

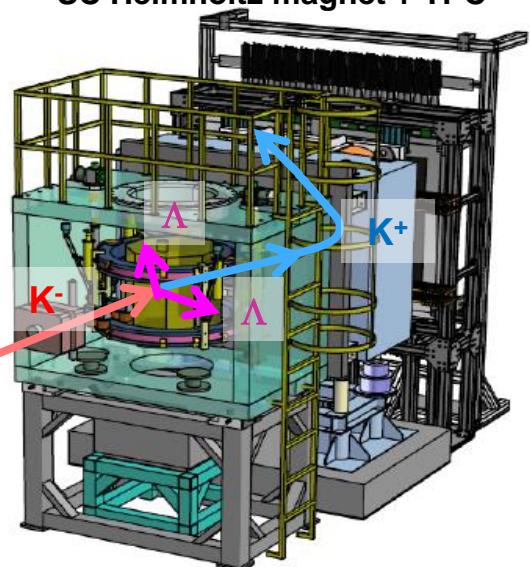


color magnetic int.

No Pauli



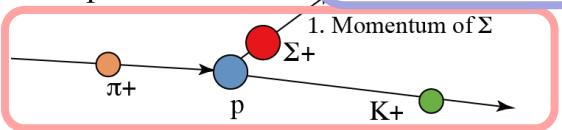
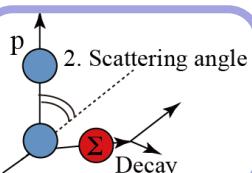
Hyperon Spectrometer
SC Helmholtz magnet + TPC



$\Sigma^\pm p$ Scattering Experiment

J-PARC E40 (Miwa et al.)

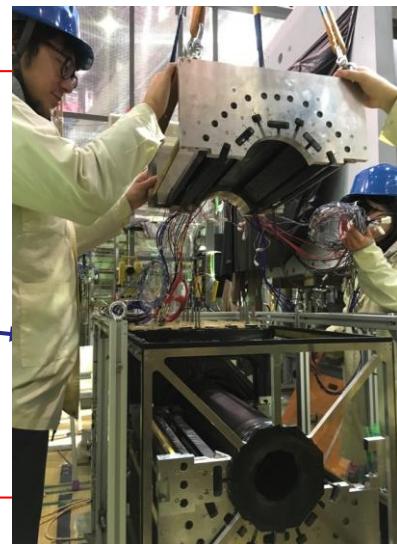
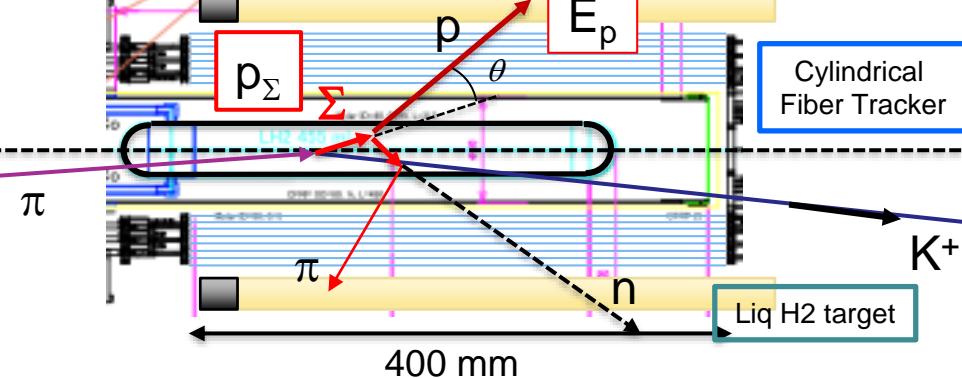
3. Energy of proton

 Σp scattering Σ production Σ production via $\pi^\pm p \rightarrow K^\pm \Sigma^\pm$ $p_\Sigma = 0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ GeV}/c$ Measure $d\sigma/d\Omega$ for $\Sigma^+ p$, $\Sigma^- p$, $\Sigma^- p \rightarrow \Lambda n$ Take 10^4 scattering events (x100 than before)

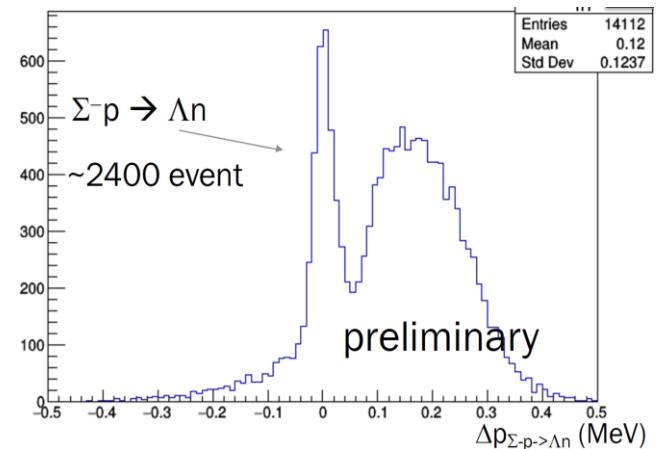
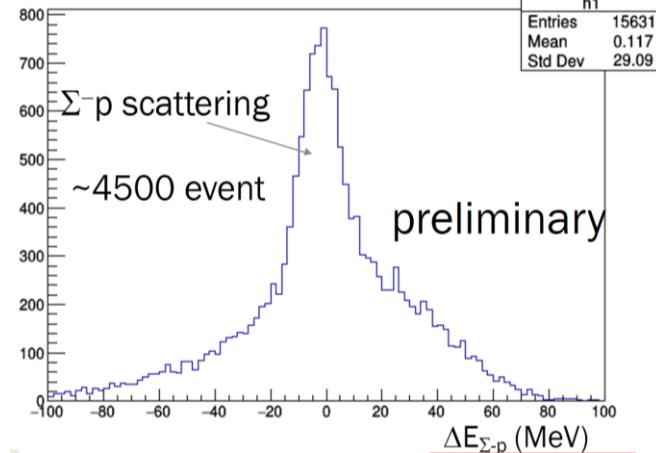
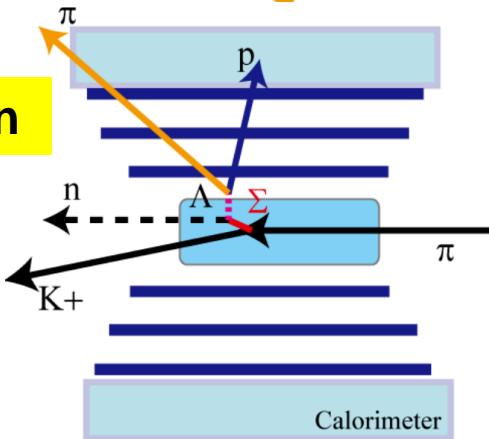
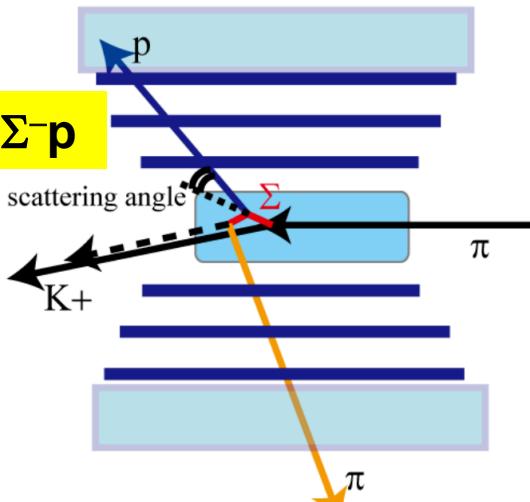
CATCH detector

BGO calorimeter

Cylindrical Fiber Tracker

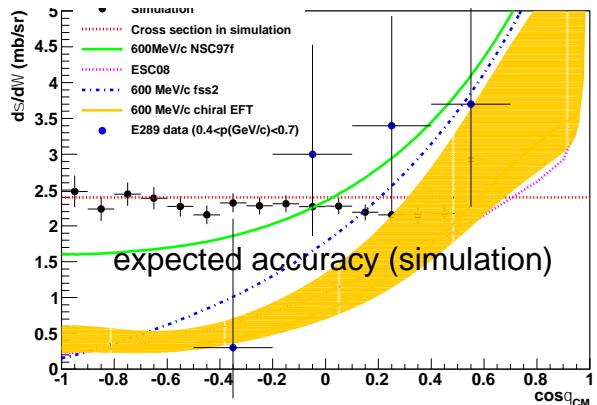
Liq H₂ target

Kinematical matching

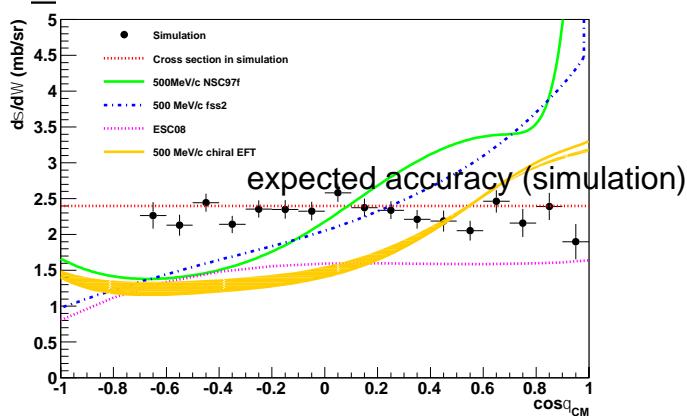


Data (angular distribution)

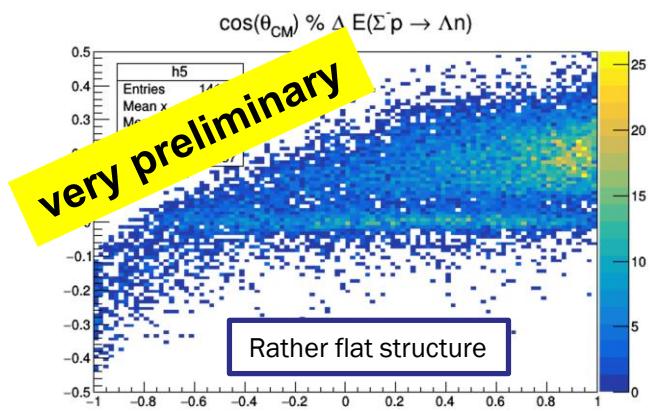
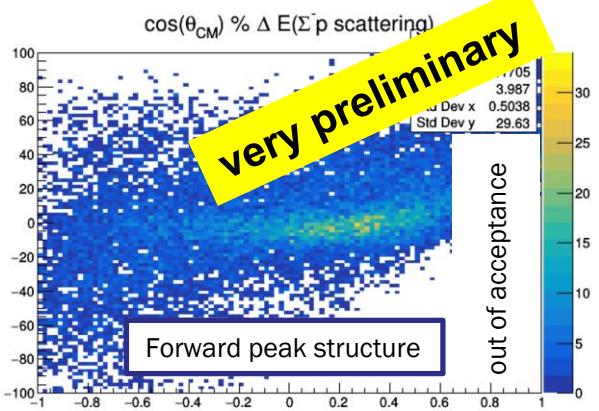
$\Sigma^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^- p$ ($0.55 < p$ (GeV/c) < 0.65)



$\Sigma^- p \rightarrow \Lambda n$ ($0.55 < p$ (GeV/c) < 0.65)



Data: Before acceptance and efficiency correction

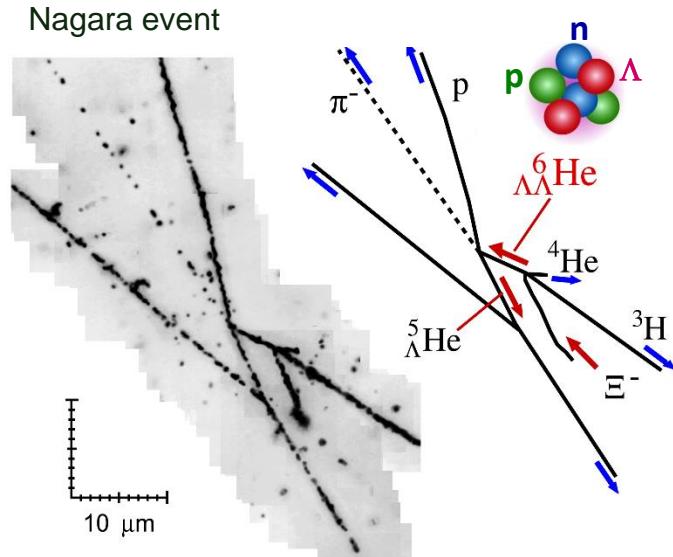


4. Double Strangeness Systems

(Ξ and $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei)

Previous Emulsion Results (KEK E373)

Nagara event

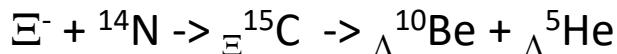
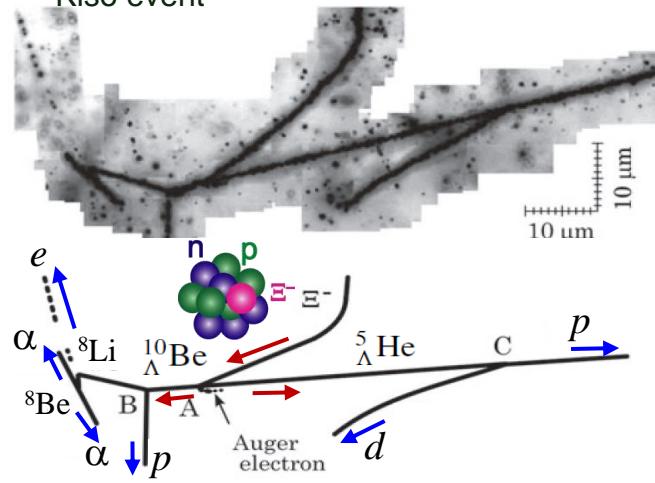


$$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 0.67 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$$

H. Takahashi et al., PRL 87 (2001) 212502

$\Lambda\text{-}\Lambda$ is weakly attractive

Kiso event



The first clear Ξ hypernucleus

$$B_{\Xi^-} = 4.38 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV},$$

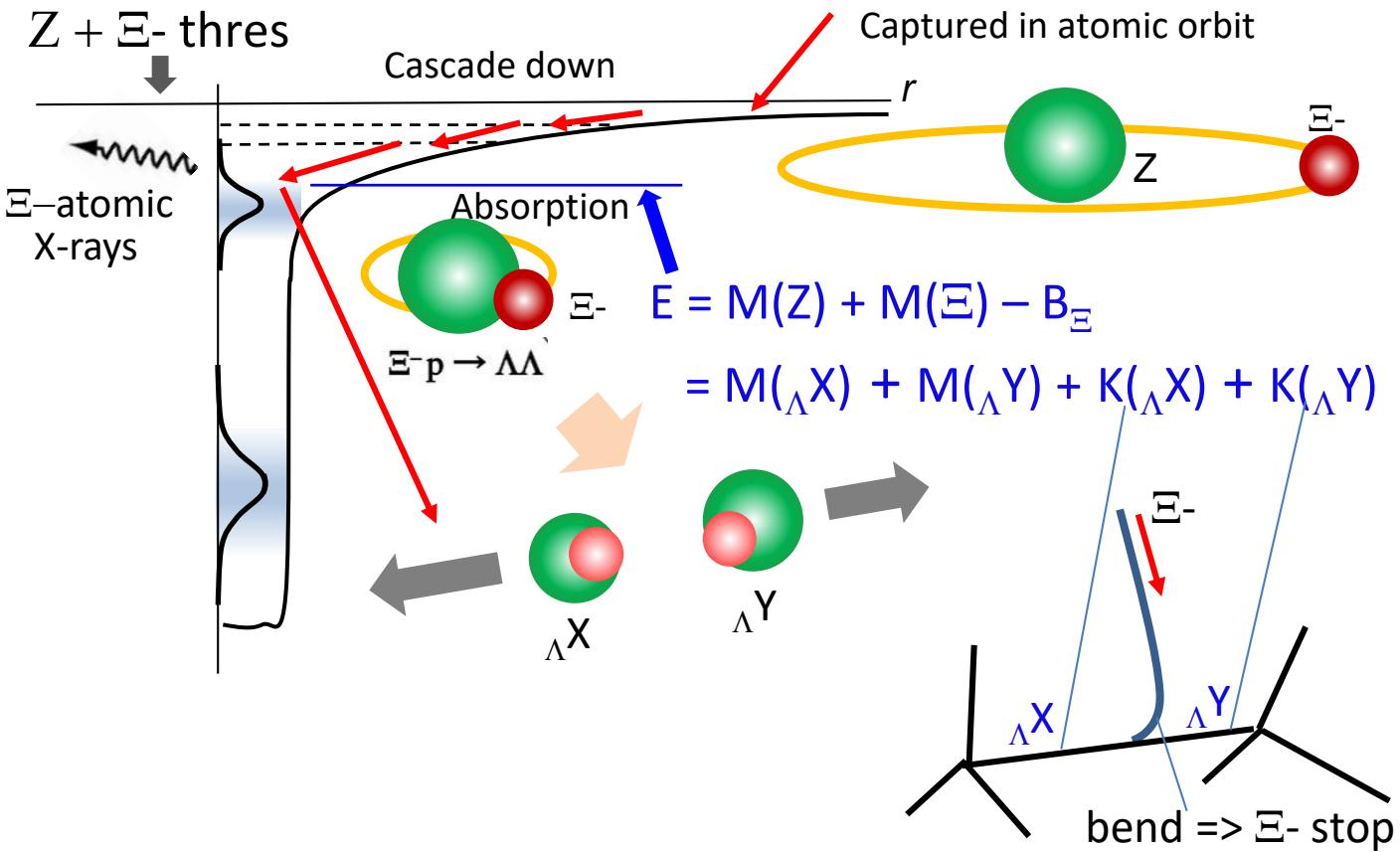
or $1.11 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$

K. Nakazawa et al. PTEP 2015, 033D02

$\Xi\text{-N}$ is attractive !

cf. $\Xi^- p$ attractive (ALICE)

Twin Λ hypernuclear event



Hybrid emulsion experiment at J-PARC

J-PARC E07 (Nakazawa, Imai, Tamura et al.)

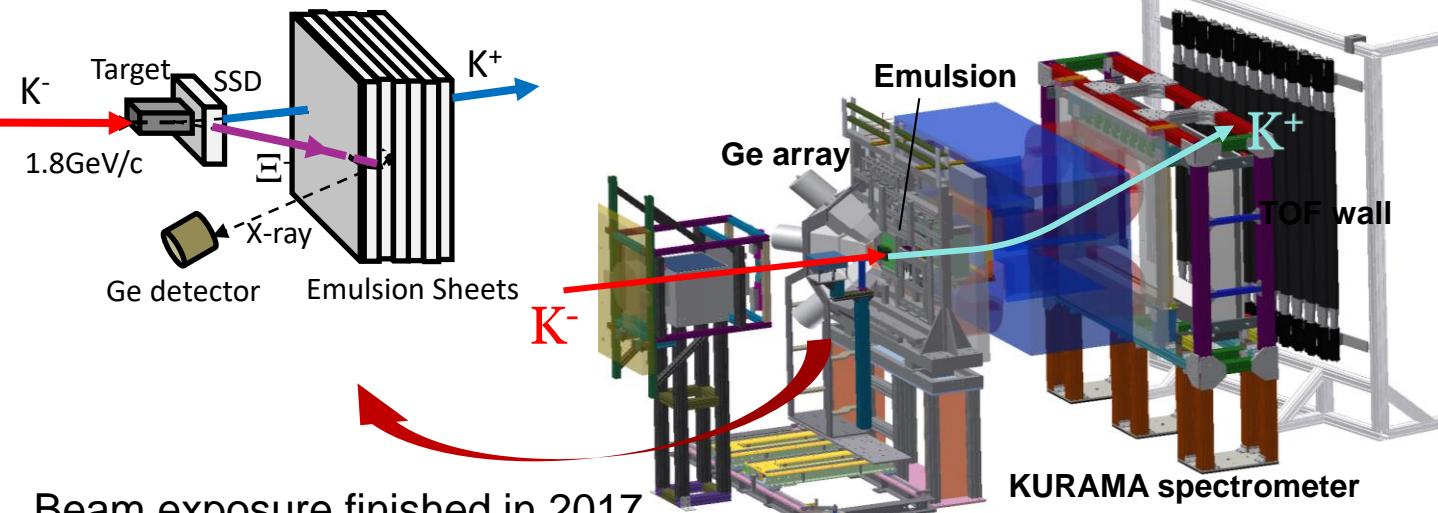
- Collect ~100 double strange ($\Lambda\Lambda$ and Ξ) hypernuclei

Confirm $\Lambda\Lambda$ and ΞN interactions

$\Lambda\Lambda$ - ΞN interaction in nuclear matter

- Measure Ξ^- -atomic X-rays for the first time

 - Shift and width of X-rays $\rightarrow \Xi$ -nuclear potential

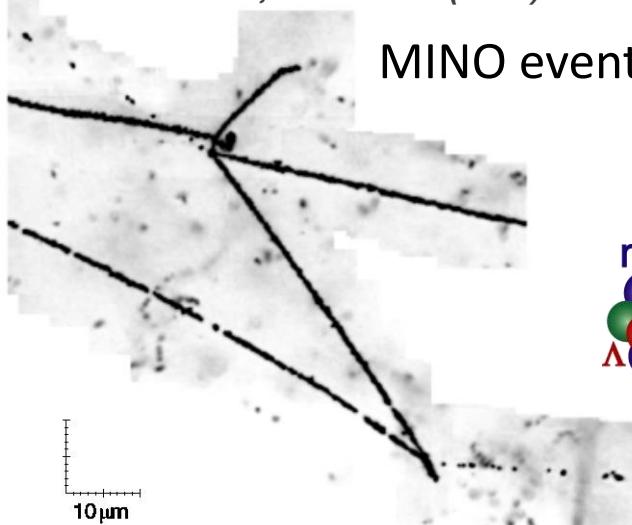


Beam exposure finished in 2017.
Emulsion analysis ~40% now.

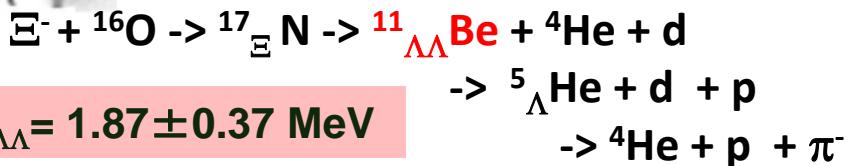
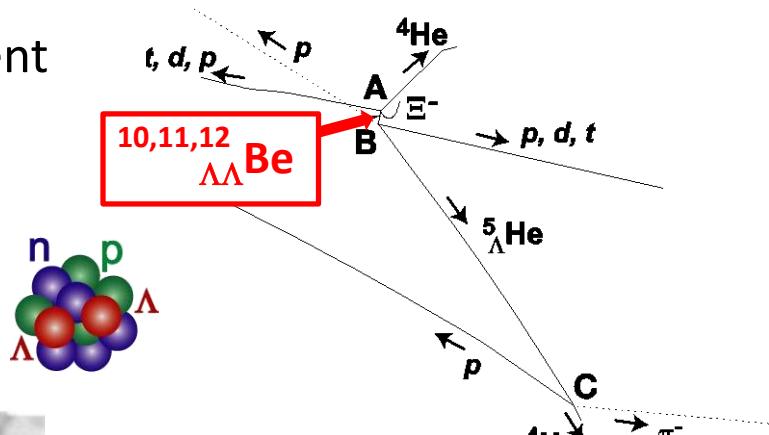
A new $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclear event

~30 events of $\Lambda\Lambda$ / Ξ hypernuclei have been observed at present.

H. Ekawa et al., PTEP 2019 (2019) 021D02



$^{11}\Lambda\Lambda\text{Be}$ is most probable



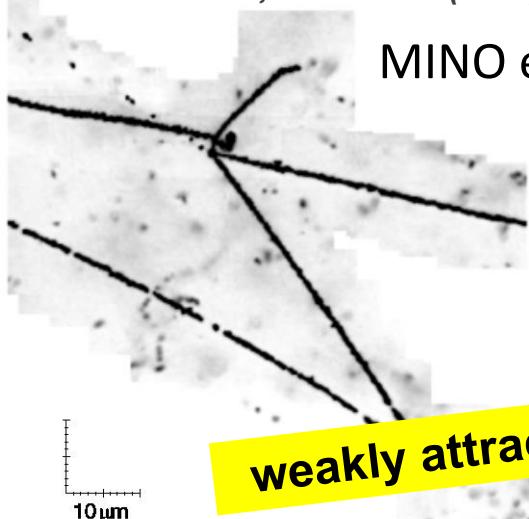
$$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 1.87 \pm 0.37 \text{ MeV}$$

Slightly different from $\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 0.67 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$ for ${}^6\Lambda\Lambda\text{He}$
=> Binding effect? $\Lambda\Lambda\text{-}\Xi\text{N}$ effect?

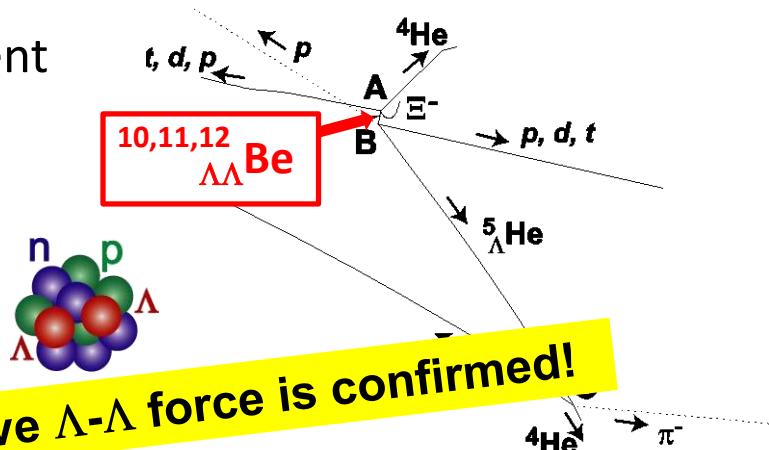
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H. Ekawa et al., PTEP 2019 (2019) 021D02

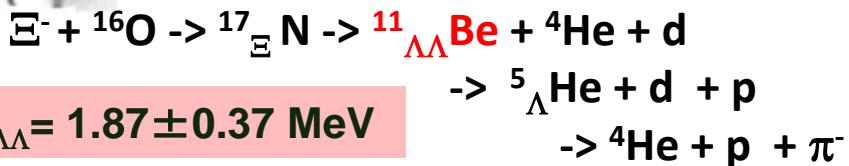


MINO event



weakly attractive Λ - Λ force is confirmed!

$^{11}\Lambda\Lambda\text{Be}$ is most probable



$$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 1.87 \pm 0.37 \text{ MeV}$$

Slightly different from $\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 0.67 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$ for ${}^6\Lambda\Lambda\text{He}$
=> Binding effect? $\Lambda\Lambda$ - ΞN effect?

A new Ξ hypernuclear event

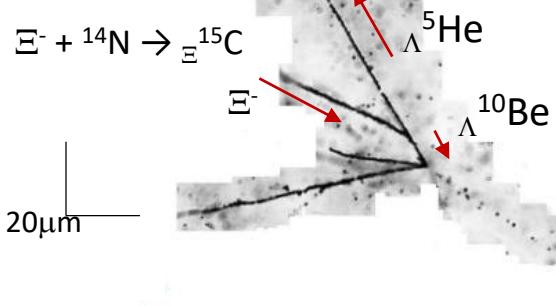
IBUKI event

Mod#047 pl10
ID : 20864938633496

S. H. Hayakawa, Ph.D. Thesis, Osaka Univ. (2019), to be published



$$B_{\Xi^-} = 1.27 \pm 0.21 \text{ MeV}$$



The same reaction as KISO

KISO

$$B_{\Xi^-} = 4.38 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV},$$

or

$$1.11 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$$

This interpretation seems correct.

-> Suggesting that this state has a rather narrow width < 1 MeV

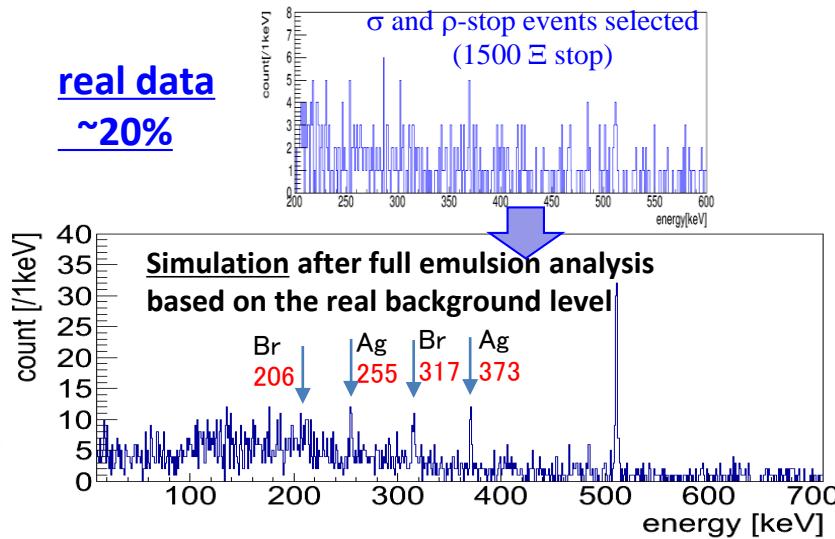
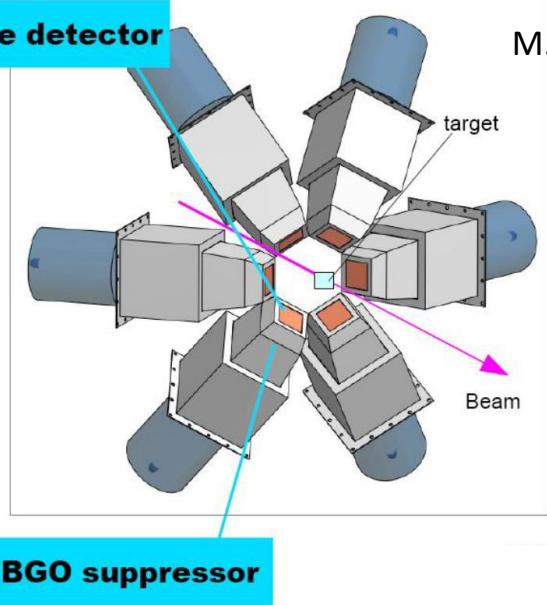
Preliminary X-ray spectrum

| | (n,l) | X-ray Energy [keV] |
|----|-------------|--------------------|
| Ag | (9,8)→(8,7) | 254.7 |
| | (8,7)→(7,6) | 371.5 |
| Br | (8,7)→(7,6) | 206.0 |
| | (7,6)→(6,5) | 317.4 |

In-beam energy calibration of Ge detectors successfully done within ± 100 eV accuracy using LSO scintillator (^{167}Lu) and ^{22}Na source

X-ray spectrum after selecting Ξ - absorption events from emulsion image

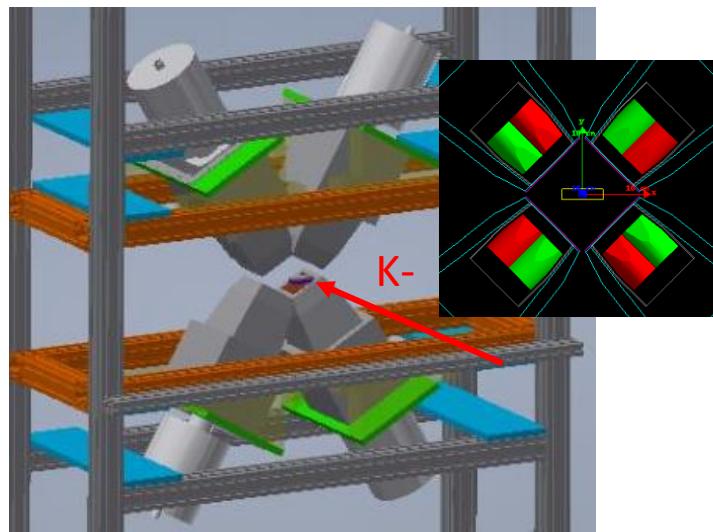
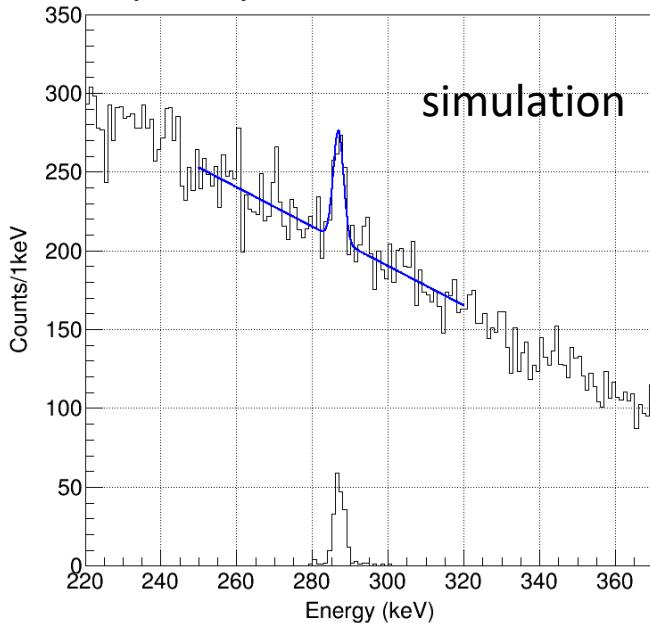
M. Fujita, Ph.D. Thesis, Tohoku Univ. (2019)



Near future: Ξ -atomic X-ray without emulsion

J-PARC E03 (Tanida, Yamamoto et al.)

- Fe (K-,K+) and select Ξ production in missing mass
- Phase 1 run in 2020 -> Observe Ξ -Fe(7->6) (no shift expected),
 Ξ -Fe(6->5) can be also observed if absorption width is small.



4 Clover Ge detectors close to the target

H dibaryon search via H->ΛΛ

J-PARC E42 (Ahn et al.)

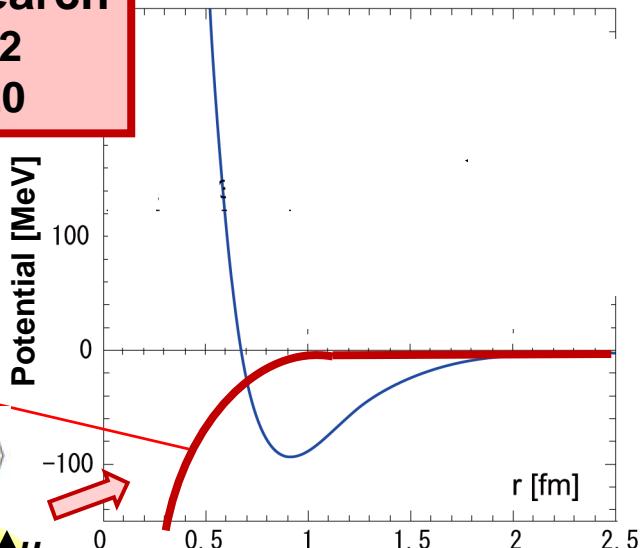
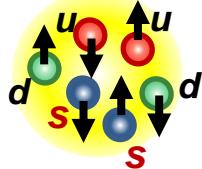
H dibaryon search
J-PARC E42
run in ~2020

Attractive core?

flavor singlet

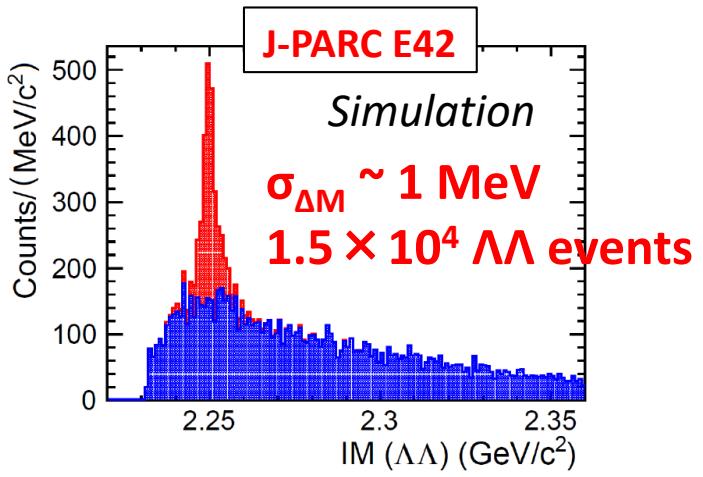
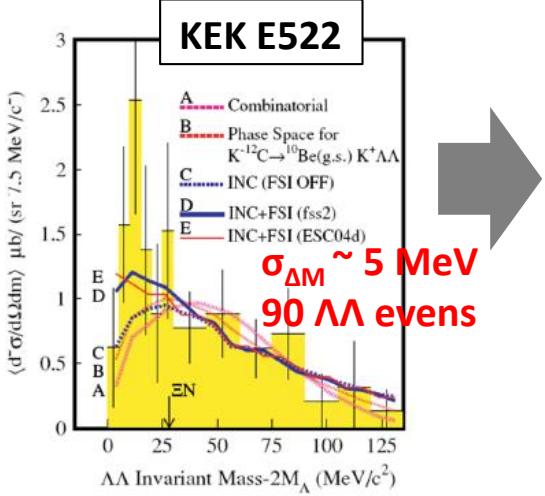
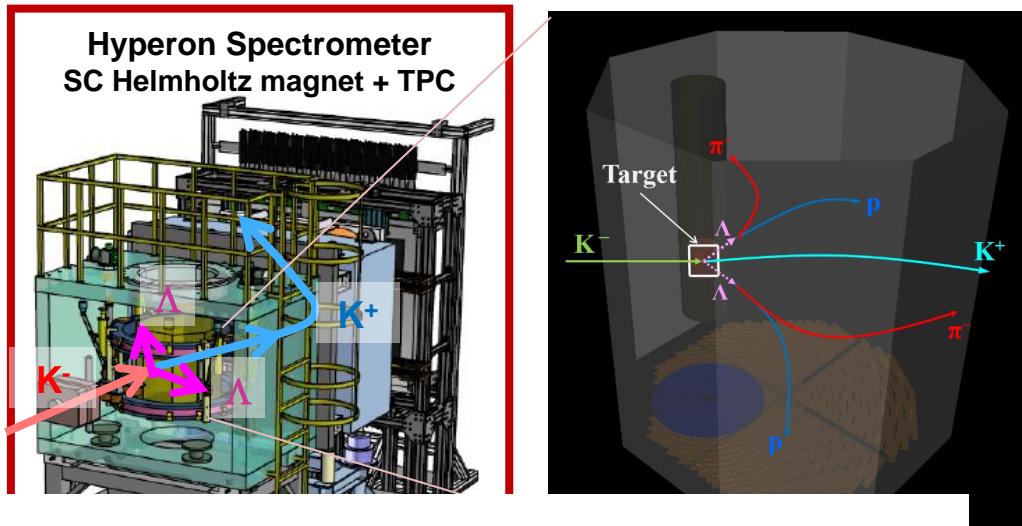
$$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}|\Lambda\Lambda\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{4}{8}}|N\Xi\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}|\Sigma\Sigma\rangle$$

H dibaryon



Lattice QCD suggesting:
Resonance near $\Xi^- p$ thres.

J-PARC E42



5. Future plans

Future plans for hypernuclei

■ Hypertriton lifetime

Two exp's, ${}^3\text{He}(\pi^-, K^0)$ and ${}^3\text{He}(K^-, \pi^0)$ are proposed
 \Rightarrow K1.8BR and K1.1 lines

■ Various S=-2 systems

Ξ -hypernuclei via ${}^{12}\text{C}, \dots (K^-, K^+) {}^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}, \dots$ spectroscopy
 \Rightarrow K1.8 line

■ More Σp , Λp scattering experiments

$d\sigma/d\Omega$ and spin observables

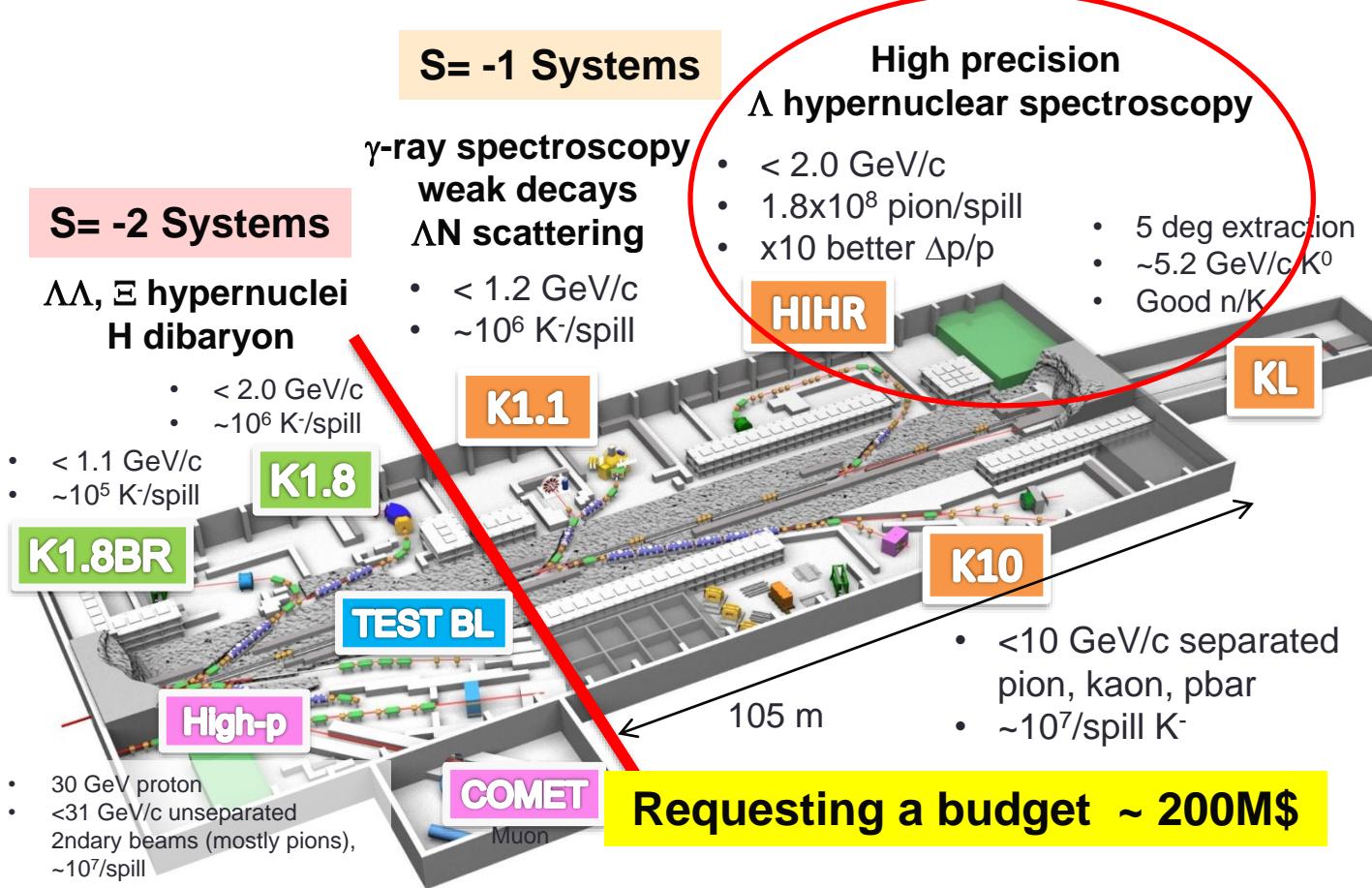
\Rightarrow K1.1 line

■ Precise B_Λ and structure data of light to heavy Λ -hypernuclei via (π, K^+) and γ -ray spectroscopy

\Rightarrow HIHR line

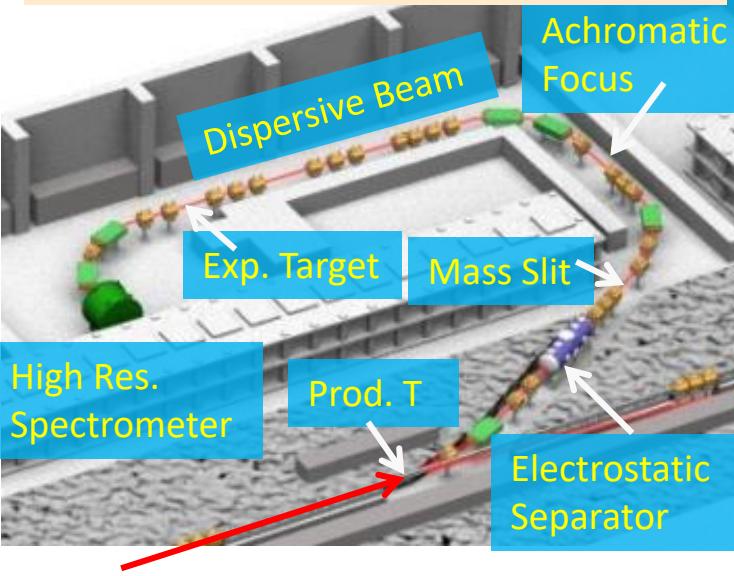
\Rightarrow K1.1 line

Extension Plans of J-PARC Hadron Hall



High-Intensity High-Resolution line (HIHR)

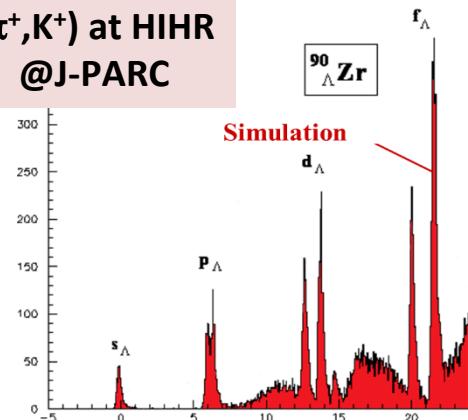
Momentum dispersion matching



$\sim 1.8 \times 10^8$ pion/pulse, 1.2 GeV/c,
 $\Delta p/p \sim 1/10000 \rightarrow \Delta m \sim 200$ keV
designed by H. Noumi



$(\pi^+, K^+) @ \text{J-PARC}$



=> Density dependence of ΛN interaction => Hyperon puzzle

5. Summary

- J-PARC hadron hall has operated for 10 years and obtained various data for S=-1 and recently S=-2 hypernuclear systems.
- In γ -ray spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei, ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ data confirmed a large CSB effect, and ${}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ data extended our understanding of Λ hypernuclear structure to a heavier system.
- A Σ -p scattering experiment is successfully running. It will get $\sim 10^2$ times more statistics than before.
- $\Lambda\Lambda$ and Ξ hypernuclear data in emulsion, including a recently observed ${}^{11}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$ and ${}^{15}_{\Xi}\text{C}$, have confirmed attractive $\Lambda\Lambda$ and ΞN interactions.
- New S=-2 experiments on Ξ -atomic X-rays, H-dibaryon search, and (K-,K+) spectroscopy are being prepared.
- We will extend the J-PARC Hadron Hall at J-PARC and construct new beamlines, particularly for high-resolution Λ hypernuclear spectroscopy and $\Lambda\text{N}/\Sigma\text{N}$ scattering.