Proto60

Simulation

Results

Energy Deposition Asymmetrie

Summary

Proto60 Simulation and Analysis

Christian Hammann

Helmholtz-Institut für Strahlen- und Kernphysik der Universität Bonn



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Simulation

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Summary

Proto60

Geometry

- 60 PWO crystals type 6
- APD readout with standard ADCs
- $\bullet\,$ cooled down to $-25\,^{\rm o}{\rm C}$

Measurement at MAMI

- 15 photon energies in the range from $150\,{\rm MeV}$ to $1500\,{\rm MeV}$
- $\bullet\,$ beamspot with maximum diameter of $9\,mm$
- \bullet calibration using cosmic peak at $24.5\,{\rm MeV}$







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Geometry

- Proto60 geometry has been implemented in PandaROOT (V. Suyam Jothi)
- Geometry includes dead material (alveoles, mylar, ...)
- Geometry is not exact

Simulation Parameters

- Geant4 with 1mm range cut
- 10000 photons for each energy
- $\bullet\,$ electronic noise of $240\,{\rm keV}$
- poisson distribution for photon statistics with mean of 7.2
- \bullet beamspot of $8\,\mathrm{mm}$ square



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Energy Depositions

- Energy deposition in central crystal
- Sum over energy depositions in the first ring, second ring, 5x5 matrix or cluster
- \bullet threshold of $1\,{\rm MeV}$
- Energy plotted relative to the photon energy
- Data and simulations have been treated the same way







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Asymmetries

- Asymmetry between crystals left and right of the central crystal
- defined as

 $\frac{right - left}{right + left}$

- Asymmetry between crystals on top of and below the central crystal
- defined as

 $\frac{top-bottom}{top+bottom}$







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Simulation

- Geant4 does not reproduce the EM-shower as measured with the Proto60
- Differences cannot be explained by a different energy deposition of the muons
- Cuts in Geant have to be tuned

Next Meassurements

- Better defined muon pathlength for the energy calibration
- Careful positioning of the Proto60





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HISKP

Central Crystal







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HISKP

Second Ring







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HISKP

Cluster





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1000

200

100



Data $E_{\gamma} = 1356 \,\mathrm{MeV}$

Eneray/

Fits

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{G4+noise+beamspot}\\ E_{\gamma}=187\,\mathrm{MeV} \end{array}$



 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{G4+noise+beamspot}\\ E_{\gamma}=1356\,\mathrm{MeV} \end{array}$



