# Common data base and model interface (for FAIR and GSI energies)

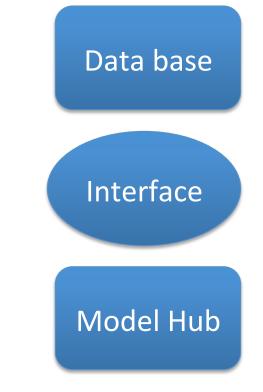
open discussion

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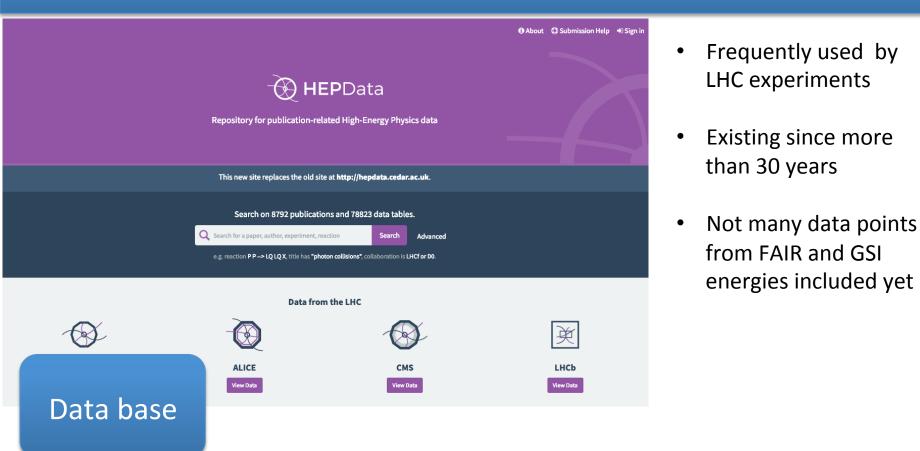
# Goals:

Easy and fast comparison between:

- Different Experiments
- Theory and Experiment
- Benchmark for Models



## hepdata.net as common data base



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# hepdata.net as common data base

HEPData QSearch HEPData	Search		🚯 About 🛛 Submission Help 🔹 Sign in
Browse all 🛛 🗮 View all Publication Data 🖉 Table	e 1 from Acharya, Shreyasi et al.		
< Hide Publication Information Study of J/ $\psi$ azimuthal anisotropy at forward rapidity in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}$ = 5.02 TeV	Table 1     10.17182/hepdata.68308.v1/t1       Data from Figure 4       The J/ψ v2 coefficient as a function of	f $p_{ m T}$ in 0-10% centrality interval in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{2}$	https://www.hepdata.net/rec (2) ↓ JSON JSON 5,02 TeV.
HEP The ALICE collaboration	energies	observables	reactions
INSPIRE	<b>%</b> 5020.0	♥ v_2	🁒 PB PB> JPSIX
betract (data abstract) ERN-LHC-ALICE. The second ( $\nu_2$ ) and third ( $\nu_3$ ) flow armonic coefficients of $J/\psi$ mesons are measured t forward rapidly ( $2.5 < y < 4.0$ ) in Pb-Pb collisions t $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 5.02$ TeV with the ALICE detector at the HC. Results are obtained with the scalar product nethod and reported as a function of transverse nomentum, $p_1$ , for various collision centralities. A nositive value of $J/\psi$ v <sub>3</sub> is observed with $3.7\sigma$ ignificance. The measurements, compared to those f prompt D <sup>0</sup> mesons and charged particles at mid- apidity, indicate an ordering with $\nu_n$ ( $J/\psi$ ) $< \nu_n$ (D <sup>0</sup> )	RE	PB PB> JPSI < MU+ MU- > X	Visualize
	SQRT(S)	5020.0 GEV	0.05-
	YRAP	2.50 TO 4.00 0.0 TO 10.0 pct	0.04-
	PT [GEV/C]	v_2	0.02-
	1.18 (bin: 0.0 - 2.0) 2.79 (bin: 2.0 - 4.0)	0.021 ±0.0122 stat ±0.0011 sys 0.0313 ±0.0128 stat ±0.001 sys	0.00-
	4.8 (bin: 4.0 - 6.0)	0.0278 ±0.0189 stat ±0.0012 sys	-0.02- -0.02- 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
	6.76 (bin: 6.0 - 8.0) 9.39 (bin: 8.0 - 12.0)	0.0096 ±0.0324 stat ±0.0014 sys 0.0183 ±0.0407 stat ±0.0024 sys	PT IGEVICI

- What should be stored?
- Figures included in the paper
- Corrected data as function of pt,y in addition?

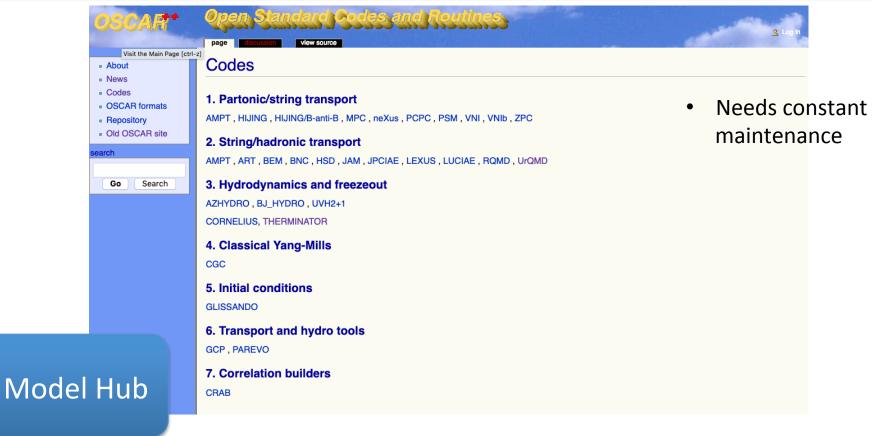
# hepdata.net as common data base

Home Page Other Data Reviews Reaction Database CONTENTS	HEPDAT ON-LIN DATA REVIEV	E A						nii Dat tions.	- 011-1	LINE TA	
Experiments CERNS-SPS NA3 NA10 NA11 NA16	An up-to-date archive of Quarkonii data in Hadronic Interactions										
NA27 NA32	data from a specific experiment										
NA34-3(HELIOS)	CERN-S	CERN-SPS		CERN-SppS		BNL-RHIC		Fermilab-Tevatron		CERN-LHC	
NA38 NA50 NA51 NA60 CERN-Spp S UA1 UA6 DESY-HERA HERA-B BNL-RHIC	NA3         NA10           NA11         NA16           NA27         NA32           NA34.3         NA38           NA50         NA51		<u>UA6</u>		<u>HERA-B</u>	PHENIX STAR		CDF D0 E772 E789 E866		ALICE ATLAS CMS LHCb	
PHENIX STAR											
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Polarization											

• Umbrella data base e.g. on Quarkonii Data

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## OSCAR (Open Standard Codes and Routines)



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### RIVET (Robust Independent Validation of Experiment and Theory )

#### Rivet home

- Professor
- YODA
- Contur
- MCplots
- AGILe
- Downloads
- New analyses
- Analyses
- Standard analyses
- Analysis changelog
- Writing an analysis
   Submitting analyses
- · Analysis coverage & wishlists
- General
- No searches/HI
- Searches
- Heavy ion
- Submitting analyses
- Documentation
- Getting started
   Rivet via Docker
- Alvet via Docker
   Manuals & tutorials
- Troubleshooting / FAQ
- Changelog
- Writing an analysis

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### Interface

#### Rivet

The Rivet toolkit (Robust Independent Validation of Experiment and Theory) is a system for validation of Monte Carlo event generators. It provides a large (and ever growing) set of experimental analyses useful for MC generator development, validation, and tuning, as well as a convenient infrastructure for adding your own analyses.

Rivet is the most widespread way by which analysis code from the LHC and other high-energy collider experiments is preserved for comparison to and development of future theory models. It is used by phenomenologists, MC generator developers, and experimentalists on the LHC and other facilities.

#### Features

- Object-oriented C++ framework for analysis algorithms
- · Ever-increasing collection of analyses, more than 400 so far...
- · Python interface and suite of user-friendly data handling scripts
- · Large collection of generator-independent event analysis tools
- Automatic caching of expensive calculations, for efficiently running many analyses on each event
- Flexible system for fast detector effect simulation in BSM analyses
- Close matching of standard observables to experimental analysis definitions
- Reference data connection to HepData, avoid hard-coding

The Rivet user manual is kept up to date on the arXiv (1003.0694 [hep-ph]).

The C++ MC generators Herwig and Sherpa have convenient user interfaces for producing input events for Rivet analysis, as well as built-in Rivet support. Users may find the Sacrifice interface convenient for running Pythia 8, and the AGILe steering interface useful for older Fortran generators like PYTHIA6 and HERWIG6.

### Input format for models: hep mc format

#### WANTED: Analysis code

We need your analyses! Preserving analysis logic in a re-runnable, reinterpretable form is a key part of scientific reproducibility and impact at the LHC and other HEP experiments. If you are member of an experimental collaboration, please have a look at our wishlist and help us by providing us with Rivet analyses for your publications. This will also ensure that your measurements get used (and cited)!

#### MCnet studentships!

Would you like to work on a short project involving Monte Carlo event generators?

MCnet offers 3-6 month fully funded studentships for current PhD students.

See montecarlonet.org for more information!

**Docker container for Rivet** 

### Benchmark for models, example: Analysis Suite SMASH

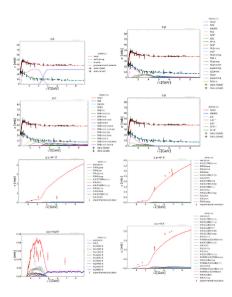
### **Analysis Suite for SMASH-1.5**

#### **Cross Sections**

Collection of cross sections for different elementary scattering processes. Inclusive and exclusive cross sections are presented

#### p + p

Comments: Double pion production is tricky and needs to be investigated (#5370).



- Python script machinery will be publicly available soon
- impossible to keep up within single groups, therefore create synergies
- join community effort (Rivet-HI) instead of island solution?