

Strange Production from Elementary to Heavy Ion Collisions in the GeV Range*

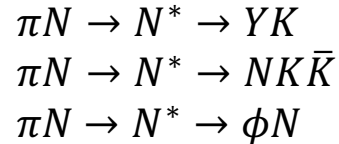
Steffen Maurus, Laura Fabbietti and Joana Wirth for the HADES Collaboration

Dense and Strange Hadronic Matter (E62)
Physik Department
Technische Universität München

*supported by SFB 1258

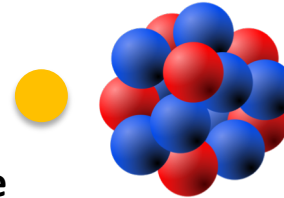
Collision System Zoo

πN



→ Resonance interplay: interference

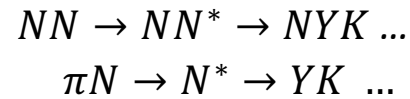
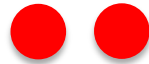
πA



Strangeness exchange:
 $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \pi Y$
 (mediated by resonances)

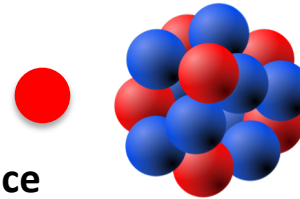
Feed-down processes:
 $\phi \rightarrow K\bar{K}$

NN



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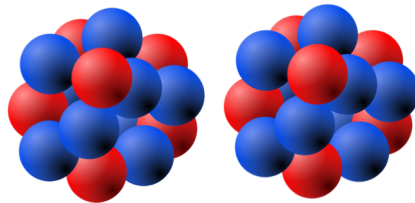
NA



Absorption processes:
 $\phi N \rightarrow \pi N$
 (OZI violation)

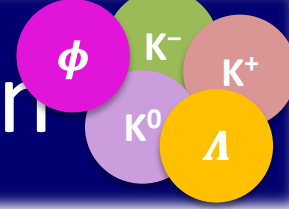
Re-scattering with Nucleons:
 $KN, \bar{K}N, YN, \dots$

AA

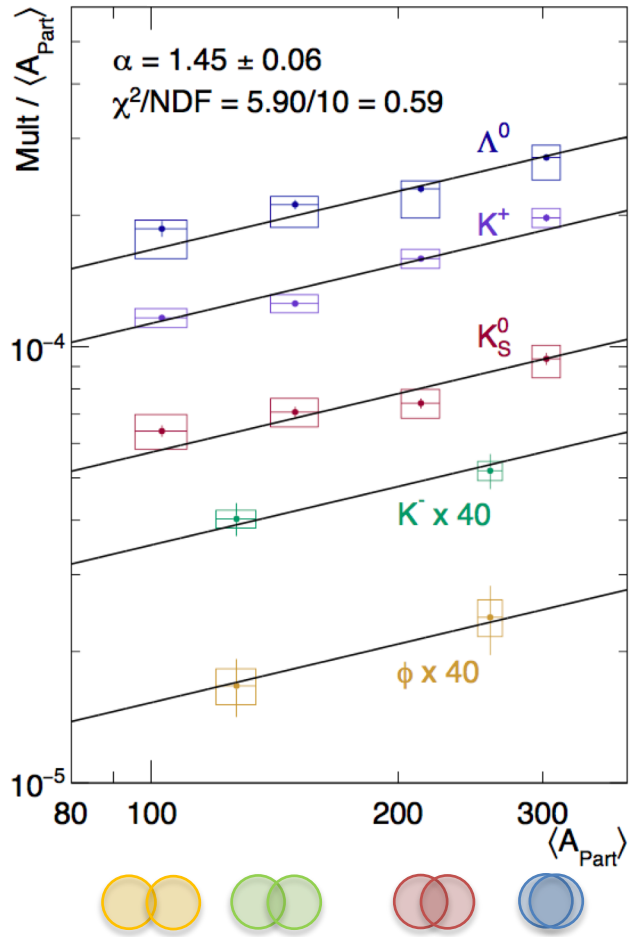


$\sum NN + \pi N ?$

→ Subthreshold strangeness production?



HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.07304



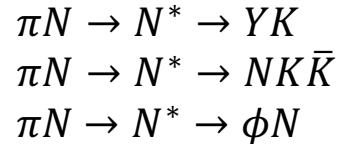
→ All strange hadrons produced below NN threshold:

- $NN \rightarrow N\Lambda K$ (≈ -150 MeV)
- $NN \rightarrow NK\bar{K}/NN\phi$ (≈ -450 MeV)

→ Universal scaling with A_{part}

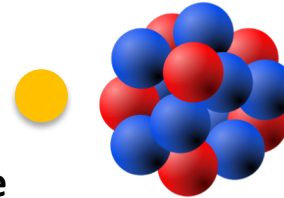
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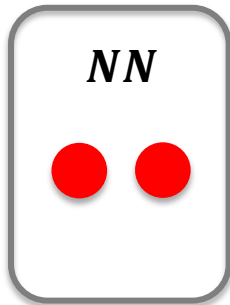


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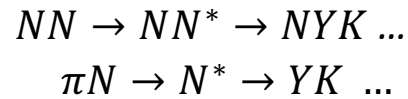
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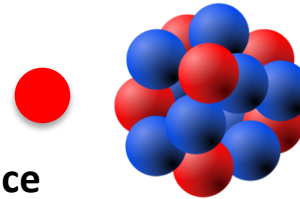


NN

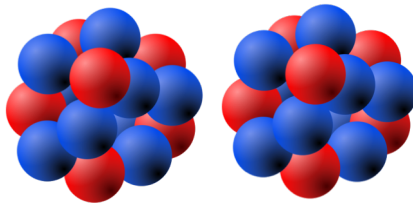


→ Resonance interplay: interference

NA

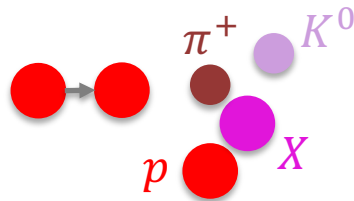


AA



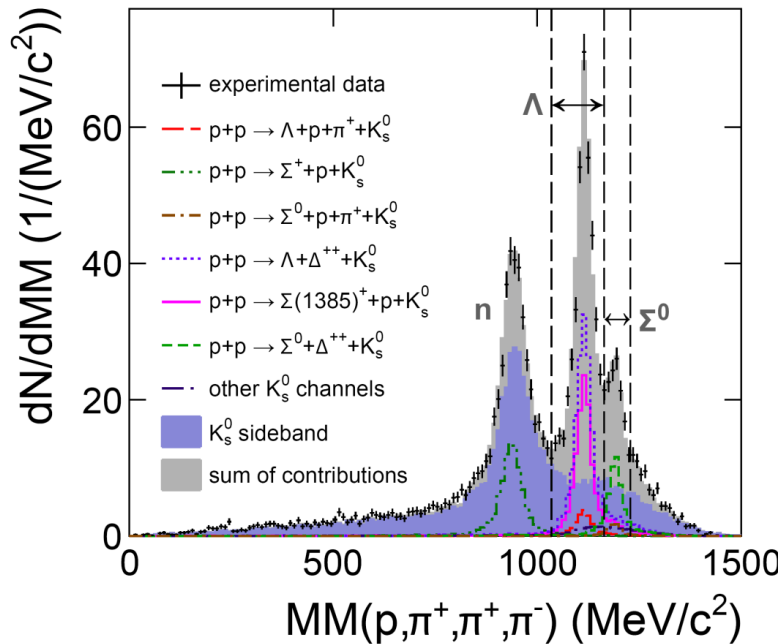
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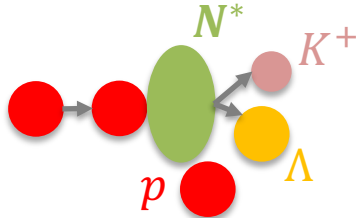
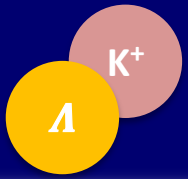
Reference measurement of K_s^0 for the interpretation of p+A data (e.g. KN interaction)

Agakishiev et al. Phys. Rev. C90, 015202 (2014)



K^0 reactions	$\sigma_{\text{anisotropic}} (\mu\text{b})$
$p + p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ + p + K^0$	$26.27 \pm 0.64^{+2.57}_{-2.13} \pm 1.84$
$p + p \rightarrow \Lambda + p + \pi^+ + K^0$	$2.57 \pm 0.02^{+0.21}_{-1.98} \pm 0.18$
$p + p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 + p + \pi^+ + K^0$	$1.35 \pm 0.02^{+0.10}_{-1.35} \pm 0.09$
$p + p \rightarrow \Lambda + \Delta^{++} + K^0$	$29.45 \pm 0.08^{+1.67}_{-1.46} \pm 2.06$
$p + p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 + \Delta^{++} + K^0$	$9.26 \pm 0.05^{+1.41}_{-0.31} \pm 0.65$
$p + p \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^+ + p + K^0$	$14.35 \pm 0.05^{+1.79}_{-2.14} \pm 1.00$

N^* Excitation Function ($pK\Lambda$)



How many N^* do exist? Interference?
 Interference: coherent sum of different amplitudes contributing to final state.

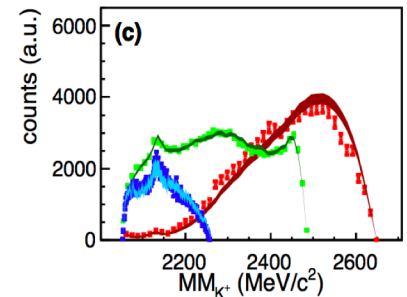
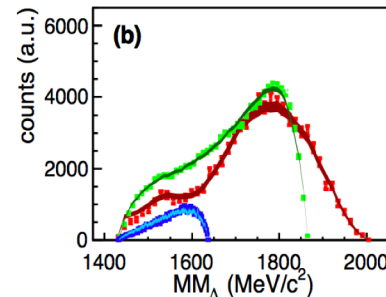
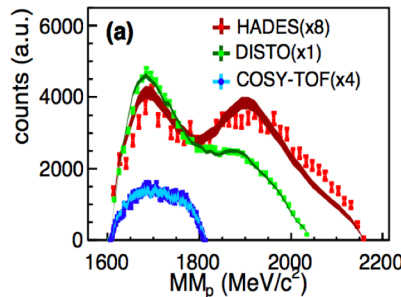
Bonn-Gatchina PWA Framework

Sarantsev et. al., Eur. Phys. J. A 35 (2007)

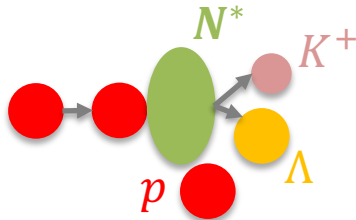
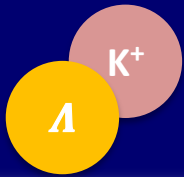
- Cross-section decomposition: $d\sigma \propto |A|^2$
 - Partial wave composition A : sum of transition amplitudes A_{tr}^α
 - $A_{tr}^\alpha = (a_1^\alpha + a_3^\alpha \sqrt{s}) e^{ia_2^\alpha}$
- $N^*(1650)$, $N^*(1710)$, $N^*(1720)$, $N^*(1875)$, $N^*(1880)$, $N^*(1895)$, $N^*(1900)$
 - Interferences + non-resonant $pK\Lambda$ production

Münzer et al., Phys. Lett. B 785, 574 (2018)

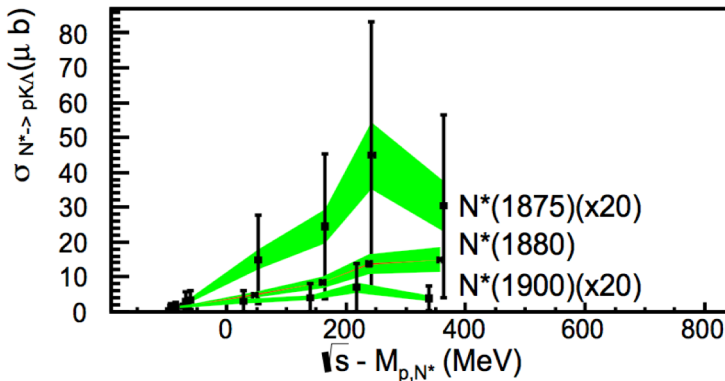
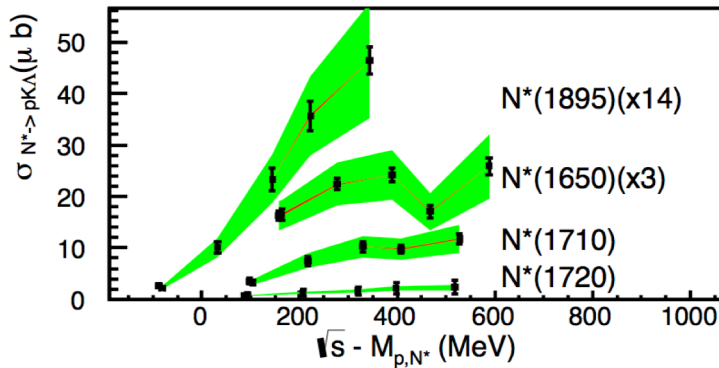
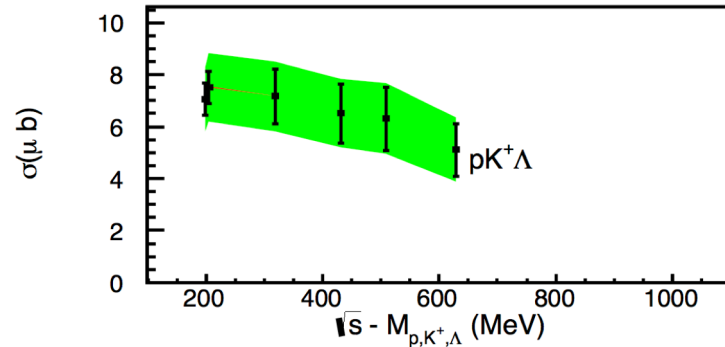
experiment	T (GeV)
DISTO [20, 21]	2.14
COSY-TOF -TOF [23, 25]	2.16
DISTO [20, 21]	2.5
DISTO [20-22]	2.85
FOPI [24]	3.1
HADES [16]	3.50
HADES [16]	3.50



N^* Excitation Function ($pK\Lambda$)



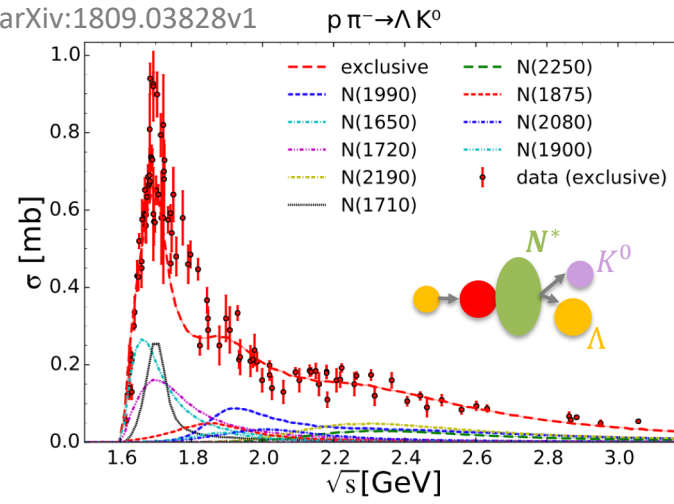
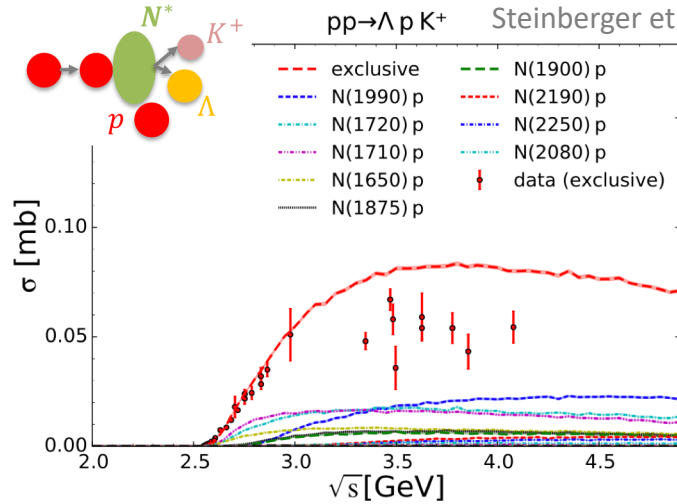
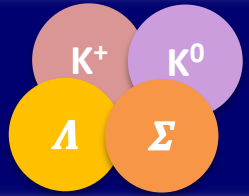
Münzer et al., Phys. Lett. B 785, 574 (2018)



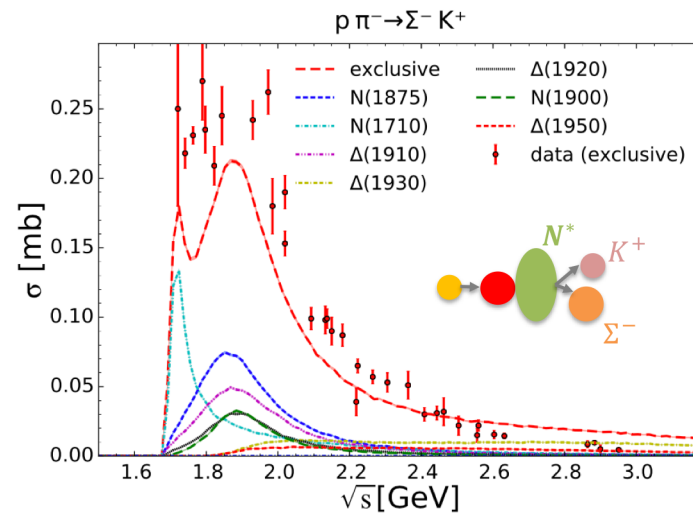
N^*	J^P	Mass ($\frac{\text{GeV}}{c^2}$)	Width ($\frac{\text{GeV}}{c^2}$)	$\Gamma_{K\Lambda}/\Gamma_{tot}$ (%)
1650	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	1.655	0.15	7 ± 4
1710	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	1.710	0.20	15 ± 10
1720	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	1.720	0.25	8 ± 7
1875	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	1.875	0.20	4 ± 2
1880	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	1.870	0.25	2 ± 1
1895	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	1.895	0.09	18 ± 5
1900	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	1.900	0.26	5 ± 5

→ Non-resonant contribution to total contribution varies from 40-10% with increasing E_{kin}

N^* Excitation Function

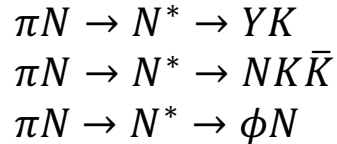


resonance	branching ratio $N^* \rightarrow \Lambda K$		
	PDG	HADES	SMASH
$N(1650)$	5 – 15%	$7 \pm 4\%$	4%
$N(1710)$	5 – 25%	$15 \pm 10\%$	13%
$N(1720)$	4 – 5%	$8 \pm 7\%$	5%
$N(1875)$	> 0	$4 \pm 2\%$	2%
$N(1880)$		$2 \pm 1\%$	
$N(1895)$		$18 \pm 5\%$	
$N(1900)$	2 – 20%	$5 \pm 5\%$	2%
$N(1990)$			2%
$N(2080)$			0.5%
$N(2190)$	0.2 – 0.8%		0.8%
$N(2220)$			0
$N(2250)$			0.5%

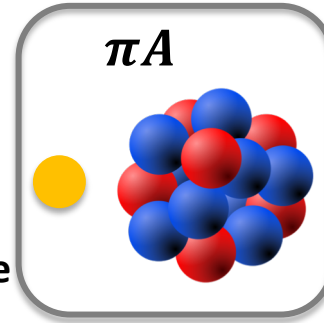


Collision System Zoo

πN

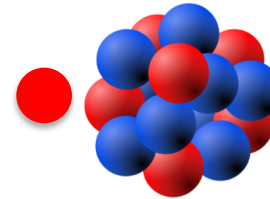


→ Resonance interplay: interference

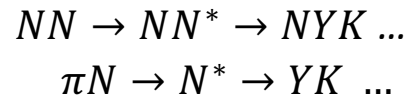


πA

NA

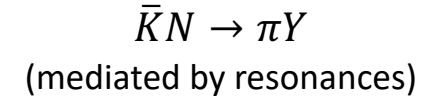


NN

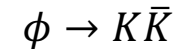


→ Resonance interplay interference

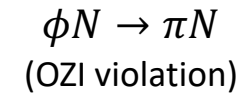
Strangeness exchange:



Feed-down processes:



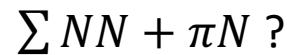
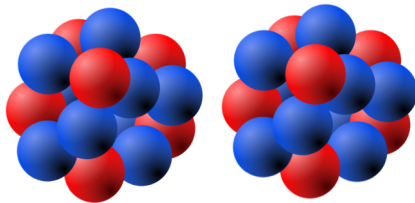
Absorption processes:



Re-scattering with Nucleons:

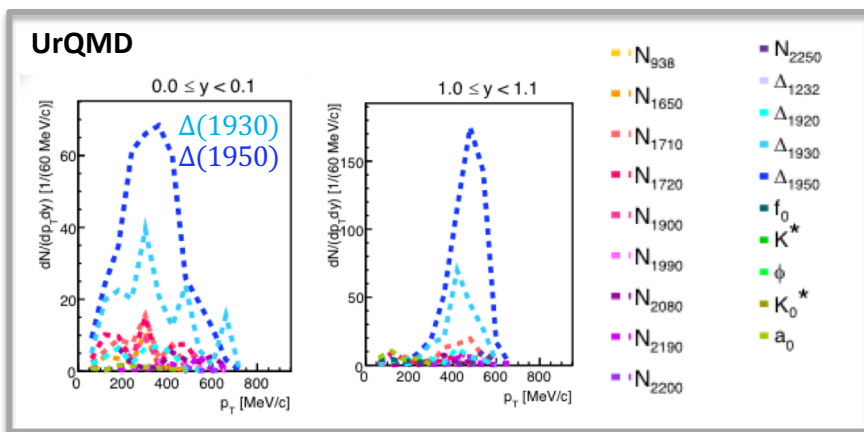
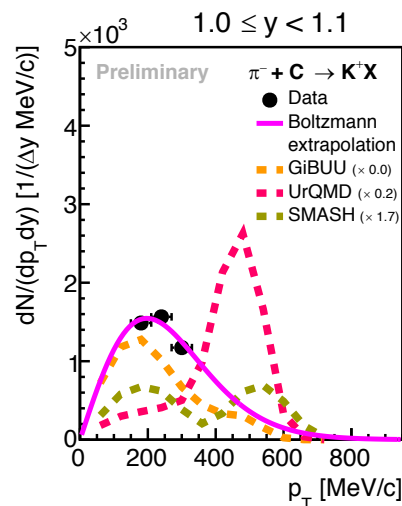
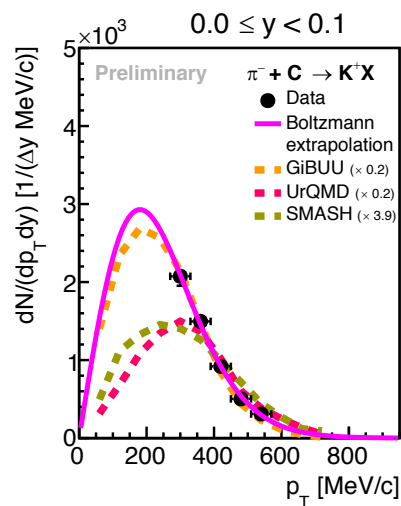
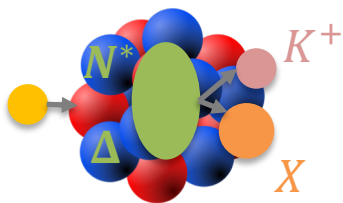


AA

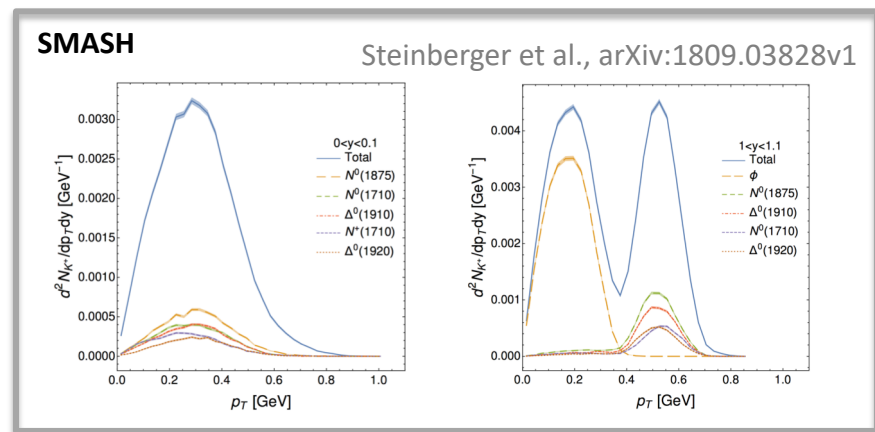


→ Subthreshold strangeness production?

HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.03728

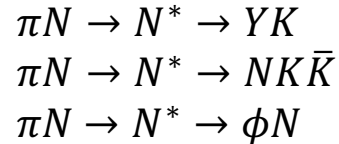


UrQMD 3.4: Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 41, 255–369 (1998)



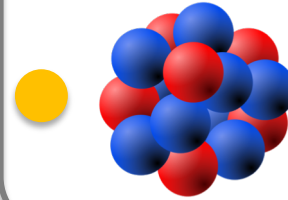
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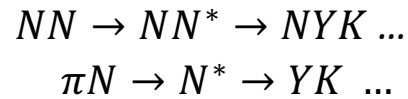
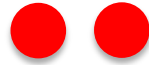
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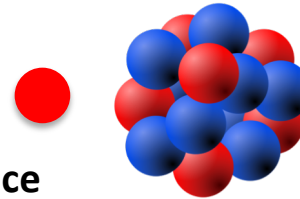
Interactions with Nucleons:
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NN

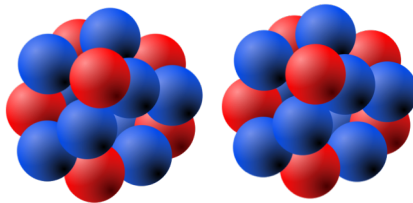


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AA



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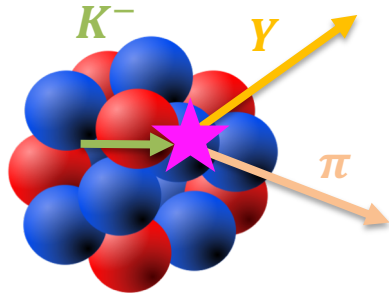
Interplay of Antikaons with Nucleons



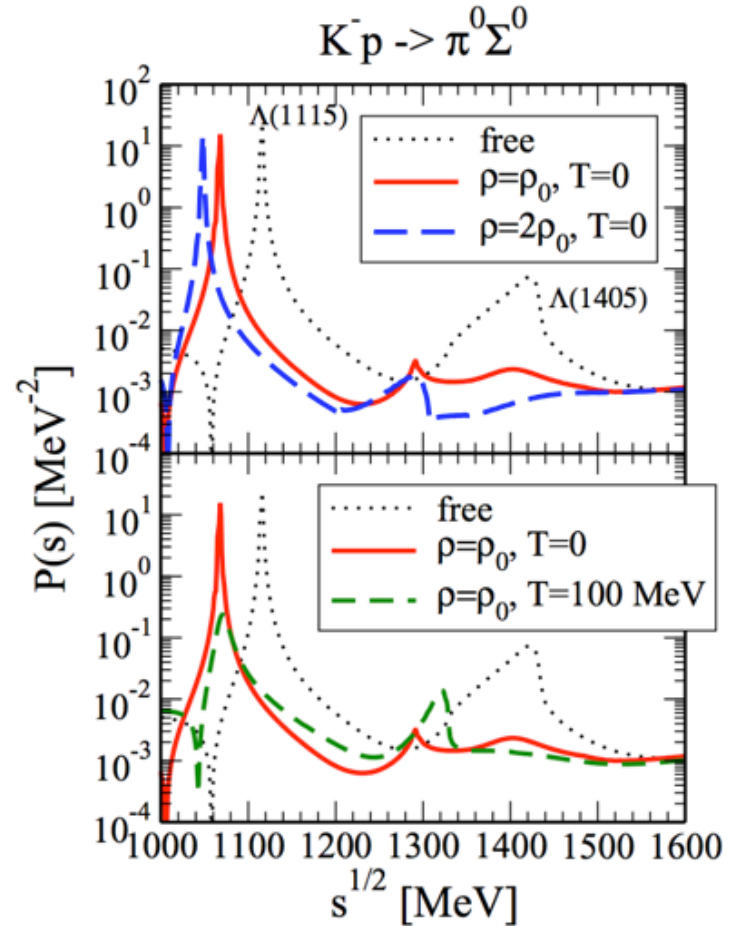
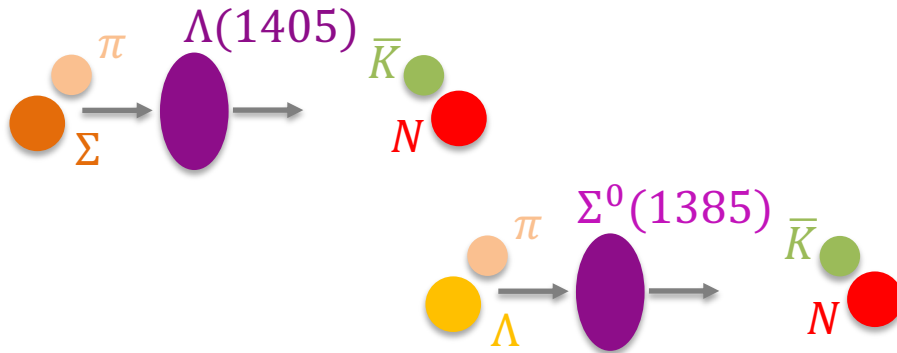
Strangeness exchange in nuclear matter:

$$K^- N \leftrightarrow Y \pi$$

$$K^- NN \leftrightarrow YN$$

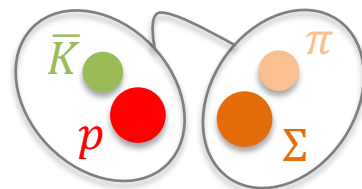
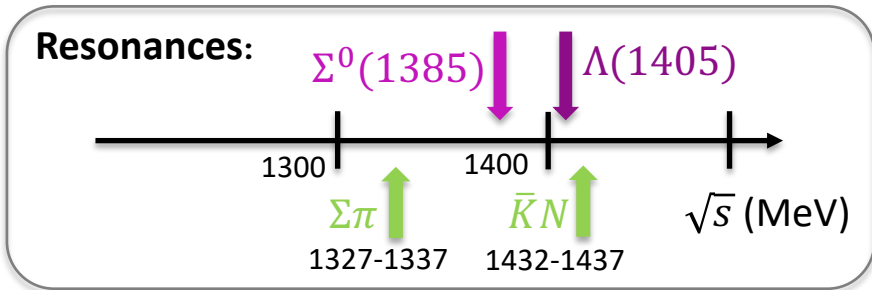
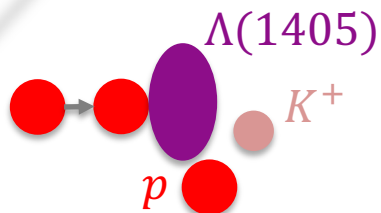
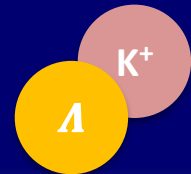


→ Mediated by resonances $\Lambda(1405)$, ...

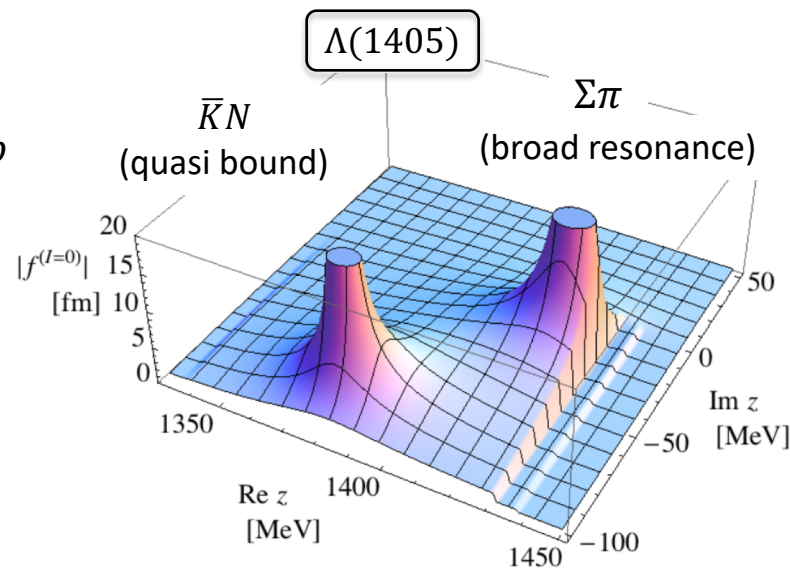
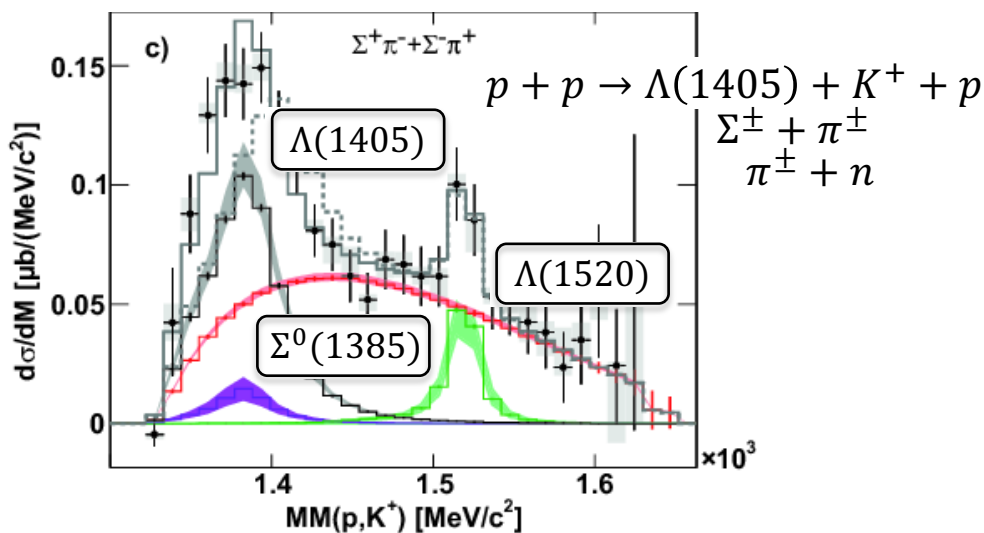


Cabrera et al. Phys.Rev. C 90, 055207 (2014)

Special Resonance: $\Lambda(1405)$

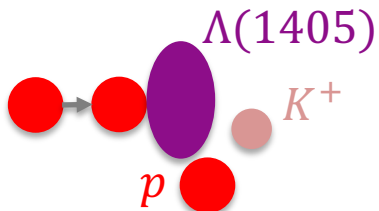
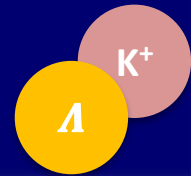


Agakishiev et al., Phys. Rev. C 87, 025201 (2013)
 Agakishiev et al., Nucl. Phys. A 881, 178 (2012)



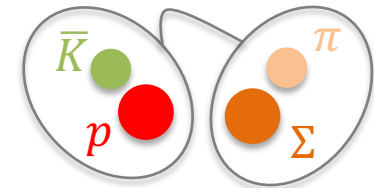
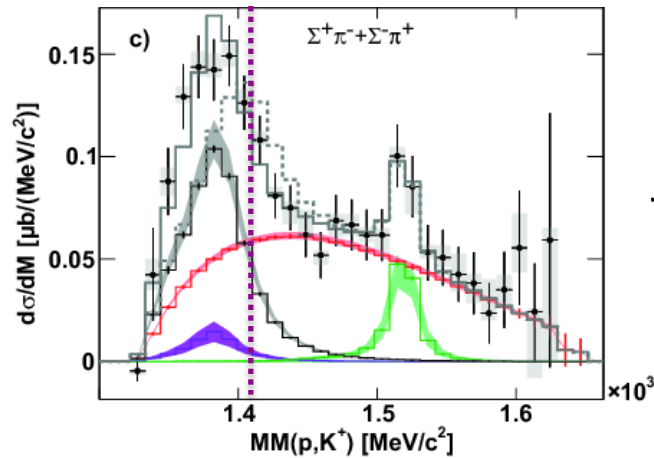
Kamiya, ..., Weise, Nucl. Phys. A 954, 41 (2016)

Special Resonance: $\Lambda(1405)$



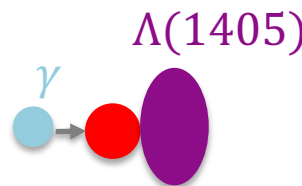
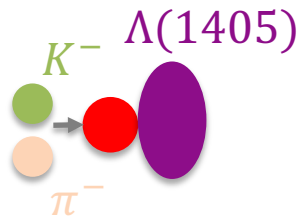
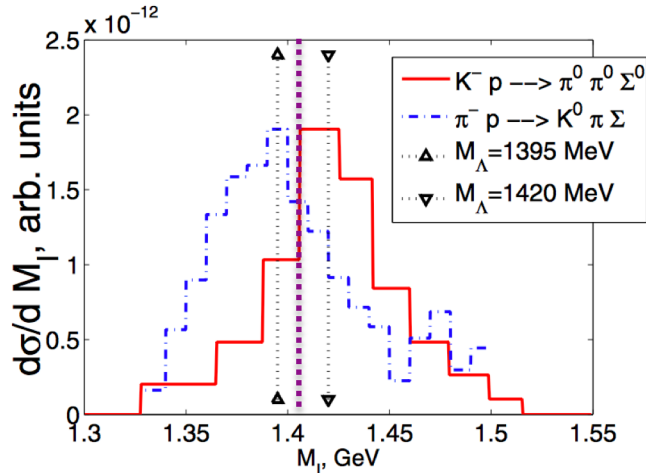
Agakishiev et al., Phys. Rev. C 87, 025201 (2013)

Agakishiev et al., Nucl. Phys. A 881, 178 (2012)

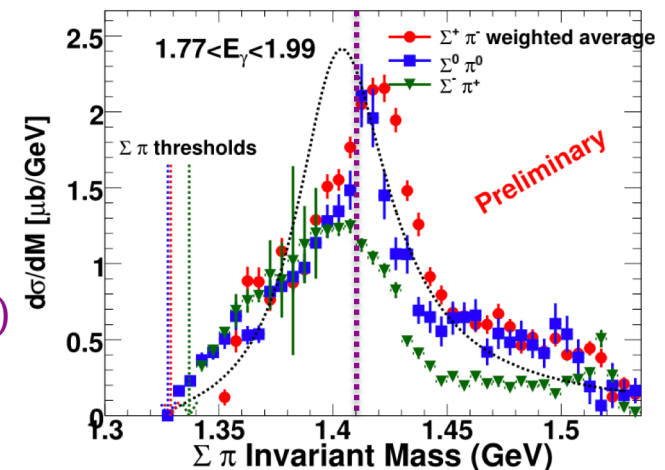


→ Different line shapes in different reactions, dependent on reaction mechanism

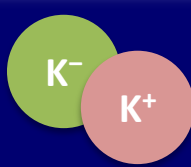
Magas et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 95, 052301 (2005)



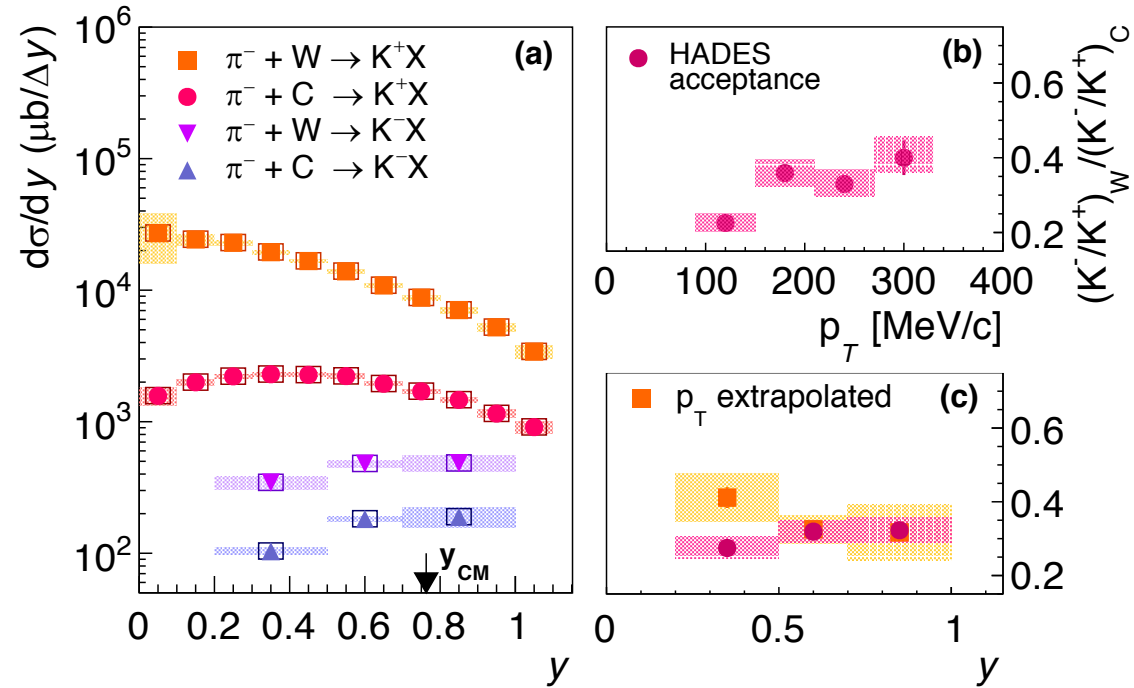
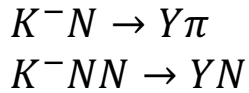
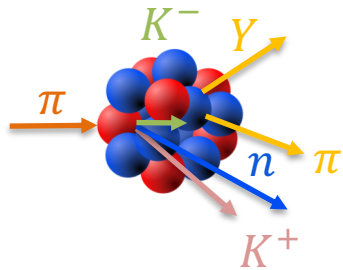
Moriya et al., Nucl. Phys. A 835, 325 (2010)



Strangeness Exchange



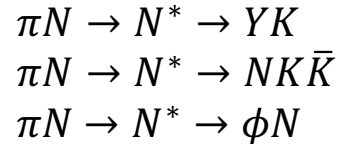
HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.03728



- At least 40% of K^- get absorbed for $\rho \leq \rho_0$
- First observation in heavy nuclei

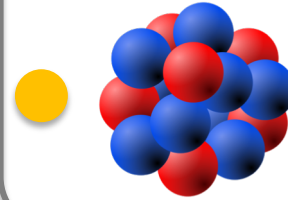
Collision System Zoo

πN

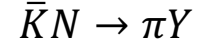


→ Resonance interplay: interference

πA

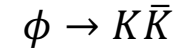


Strangeness exchange:

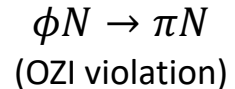


(mediated by resonances)

Feed-down processes:



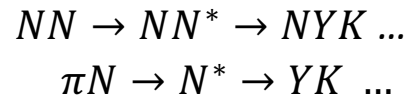
Absorption processes:



Re-scattering with Nucleons:

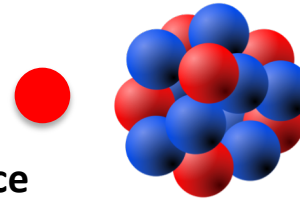


NN

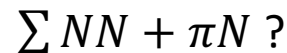
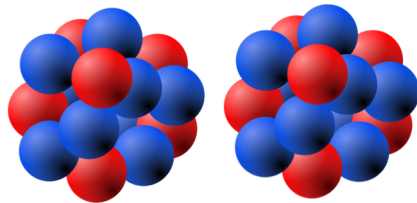


→ Resonance interplay interference

NA

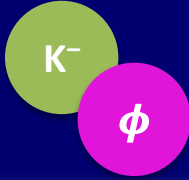


AA



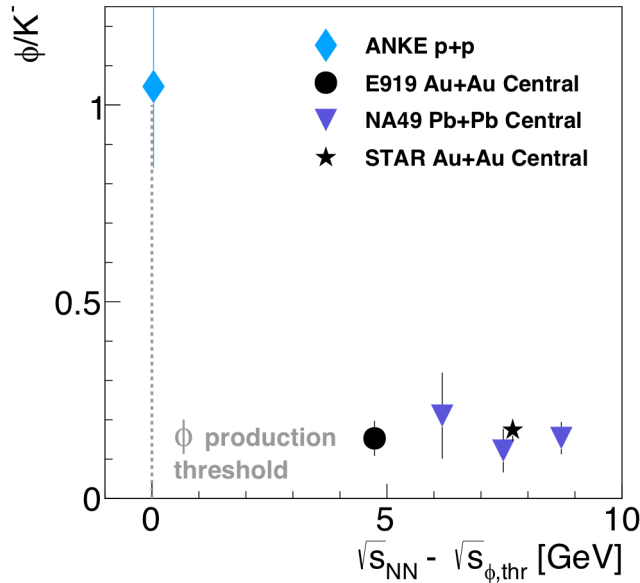
→ Subthreshold strangeness production?

Strange Meson: ϕ



Antikaon from Phi feed-down:

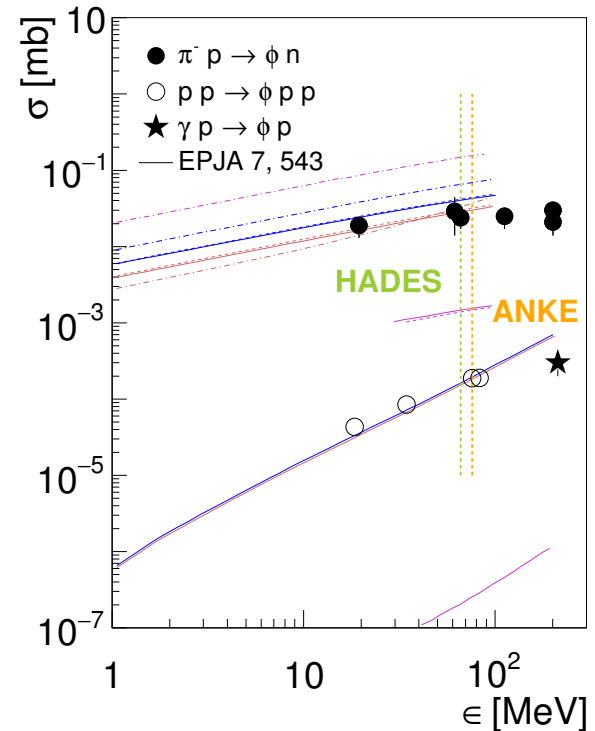
$$\phi \rightarrow K^- K^+, \quad BR \sim 49\%$$



→ ϕ important source for K^- production close NN threshold

→ K^- from ϕ feed-down: $\frac{\phi}{K^-} (C/W)$

Blume et al., Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 66, 834-879 (2011)

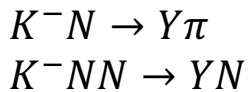
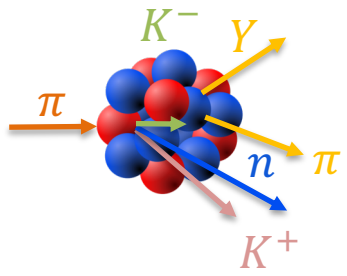
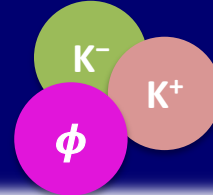


Hartmann et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 242301 (2006)

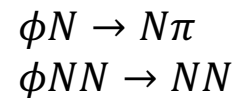
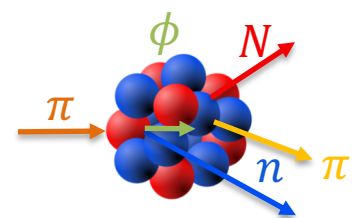
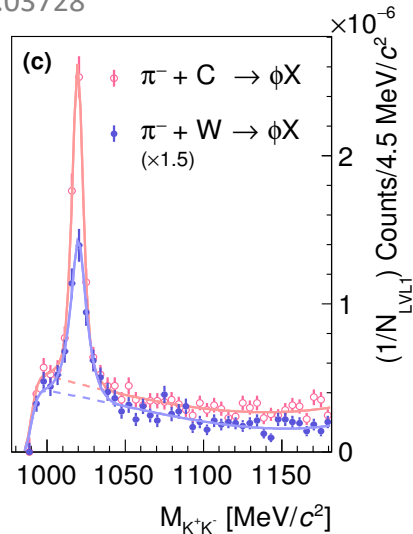
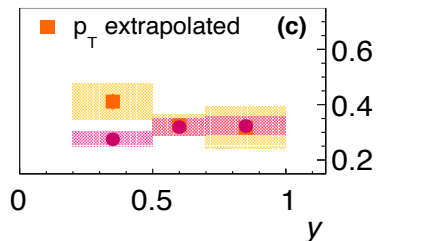
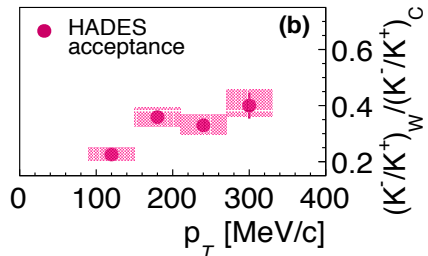
Balestra et al. Phys. Rev. C 63, 024004 (2001)

Landolt-Börnstein

Absorption Processes: ϕ



HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.03728



In HADES acceptance:

$(\phi/K^-)_C = 0.55 \pm 0.04(stat) \begin{matrix} +0.06 \\ -0.07 \end{matrix} (sys)$
 $(\phi/K^-)_W = 0.63 \pm 0.06(stat) \pm 0.11(sys)$

→ First model-independent observation of ϕ absorption

Phi Transparency Ratio



Within HADES acceptance (without p_T/γ extrapolation)

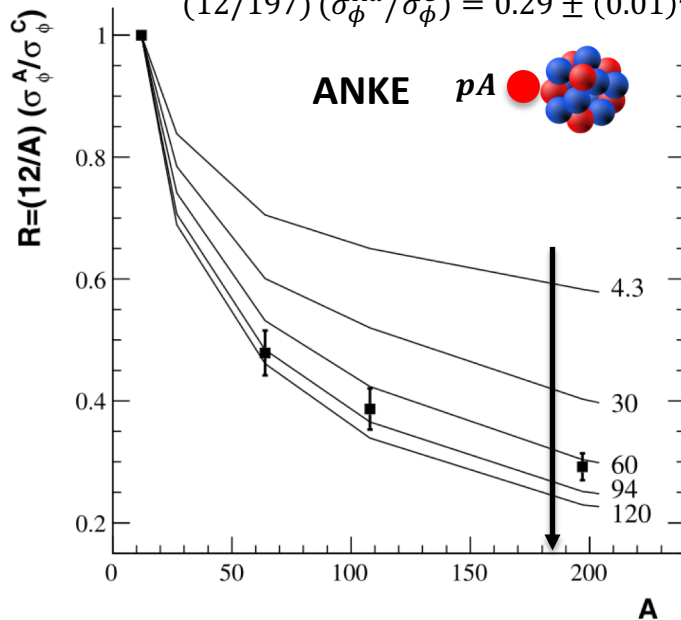
HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.03728



$$(12/184) (\sigma_\phi^W / \sigma_\phi^C) = 0.18 \pm (0.02)^{stat} \pm (0.11)^{sys} \begin{pmatrix} +0.04 \\ -0.03 \end{pmatrix}^{norm}$$

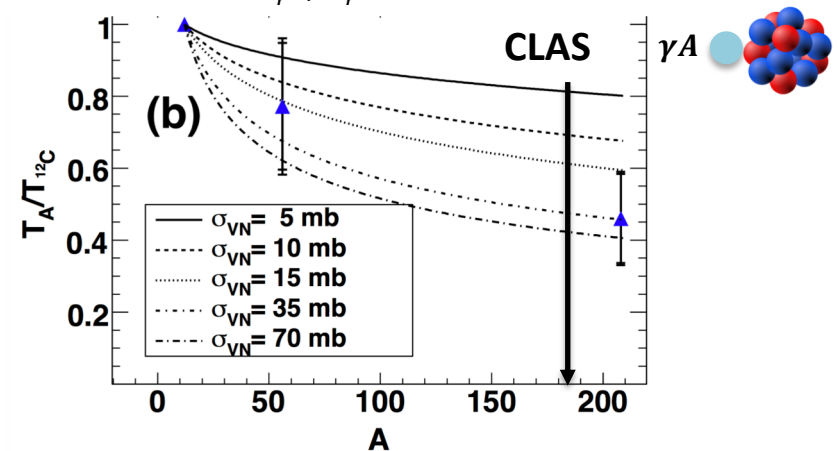
Polyanskiy et al. Phys. Lett. B 695, 741 (2011)

$$(12/197) (\sigma_\phi^{Au} / \sigma_\phi^C) = 0.29 \pm (0.01)^{stat} \pm (0.02)^{sys}$$

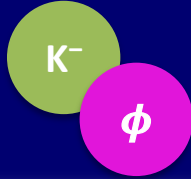


Wood et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 112301 (2010)

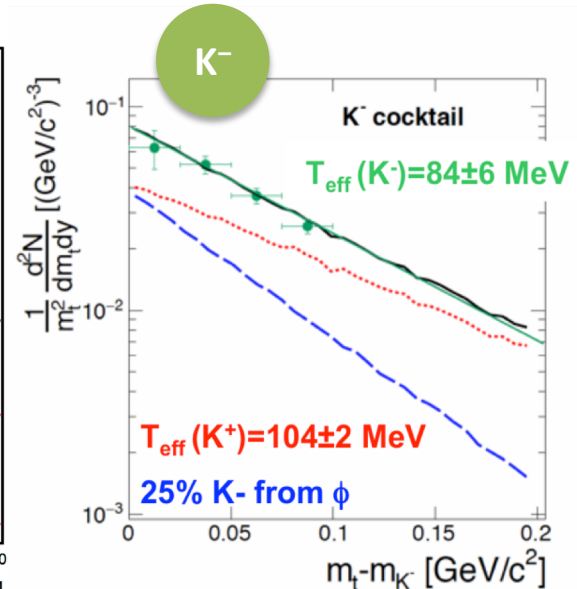
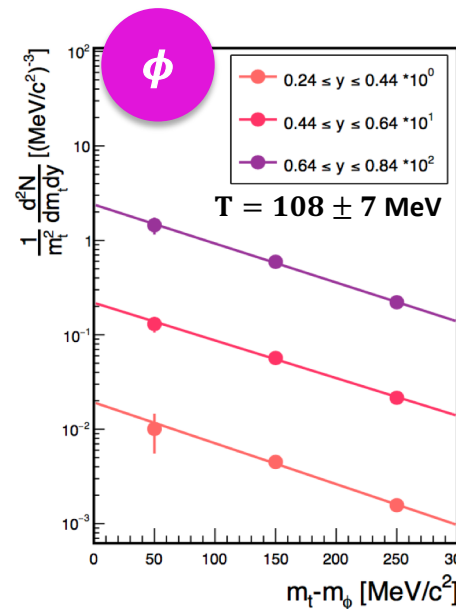
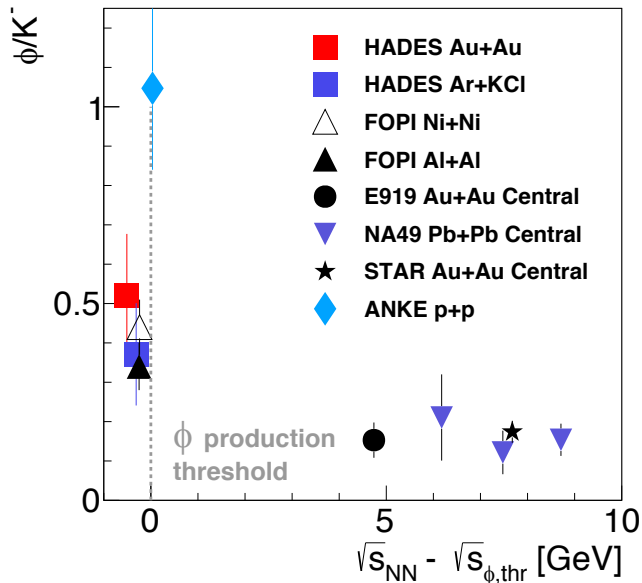
$$(12/208) (\sigma_\phi^{Pb} / \sigma_\phi^C) = 0.46 \pm (0.12)^{stat} \pm (0.13)^{sys}$$



- Extracted transparency ratio lower in $\pi^- + A$ reactions compared to proton- (ANKE) and photo-induced (CLAS) reactions
- Signature of ϕ absorption



Antikaon from Phi feed-down:
 $\phi \rightarrow K^- K^+$, $BR \sim 49\%$



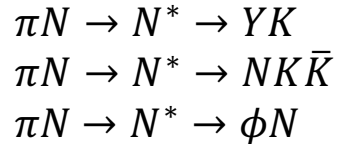
→ ϕ important source for K^- production below NN threshold

→ ϕ contribution to (final) K^- yield around 25%
 → Feed-down from ϕ can account for different slopes observed for K^- and K^+
 → Role of absorption? Production mechanism?

Blume et al. Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 66, 834-879 (2011)
 Adamczewski-Musch et al. Phys. Lett. B 778, 403 (2018)

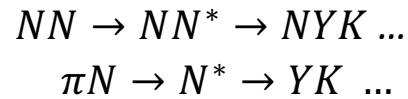
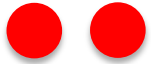
Collision System Zoo

πN



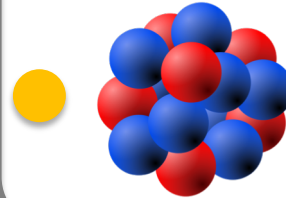
→ Resonance interplay: interference

NN

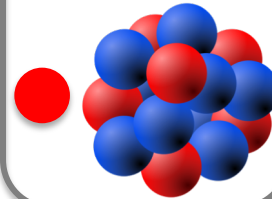


→ Resonance interplay interference

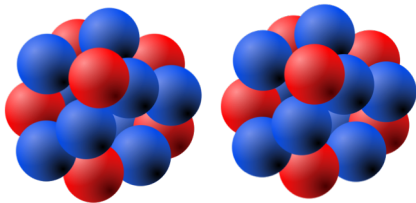
πA



NA



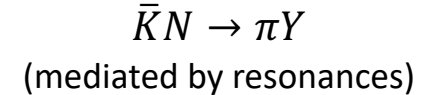
AA



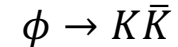
$$\sum NN + \pi N ?$$

→ Subthreshold strangeness production?

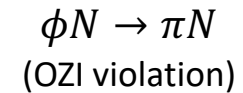
Strangeness exchange:



Feed-down processes:



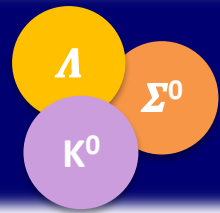
Absorption processes:



Re-scattering with Nucleons:

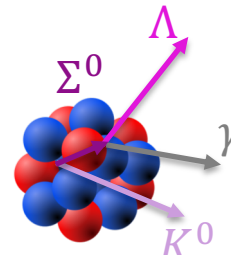
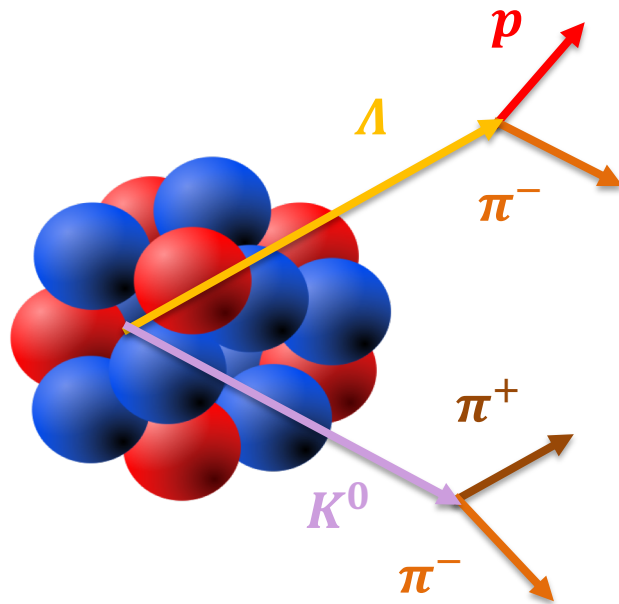


Kaon-Hyperon Coupling



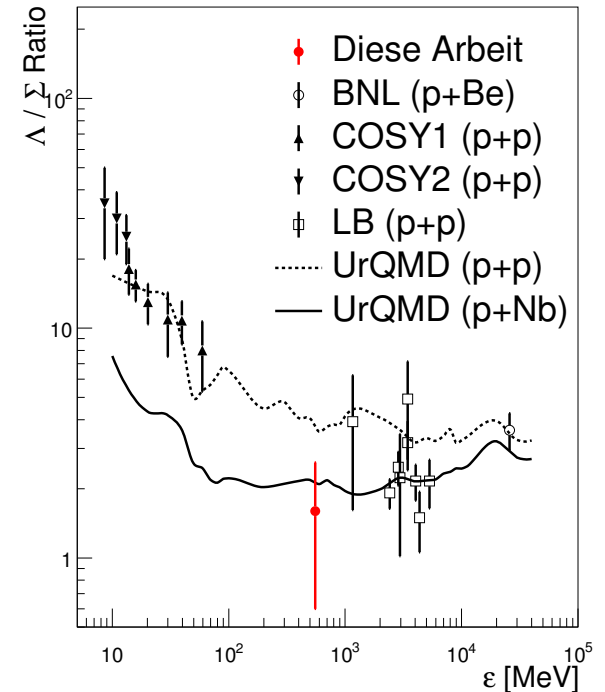
→ Strangeness conservation

→ Λ and K^0 are entangled



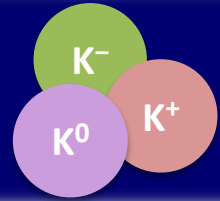
$\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda + \gamma$
($\approx 100\%$)

Adamczewski-Musch et al.,
Phys. Lett. B 781, 735 (2018)



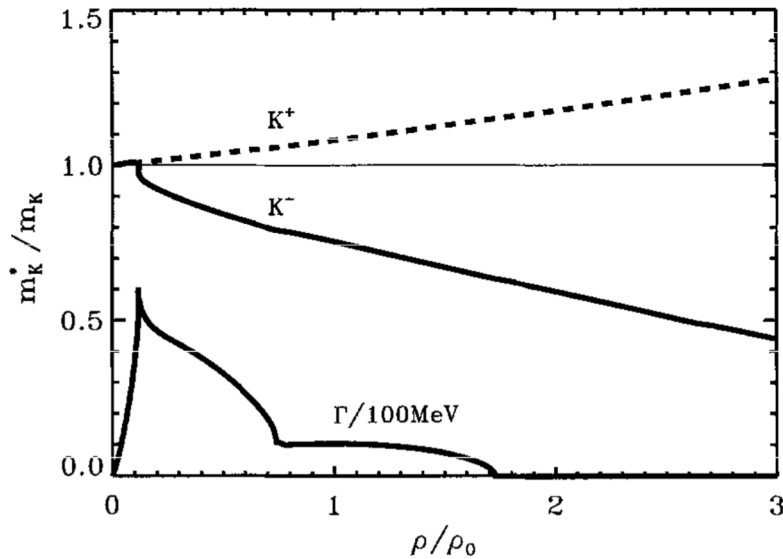
- K^0 Kaon ($d\bar{s}, m = 498$ MeV)
- Λ Lambda ($uds, m = 1116$ MeV)
- Σ^0 Sigma ($uds, m = 1193$ MeV)

(Anti)Kaon in Medium



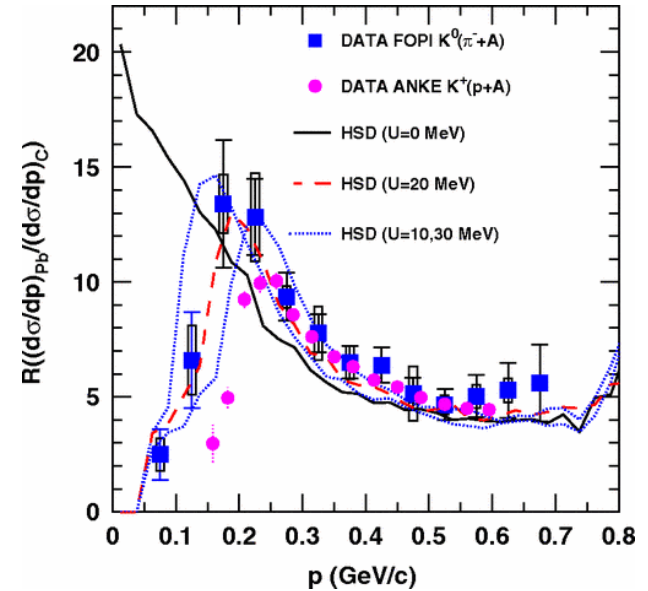
Kaon-Nucleon Interaction

Waas, Kaiser, and Weise, Phys. Lett. B 379, 34 (1996)



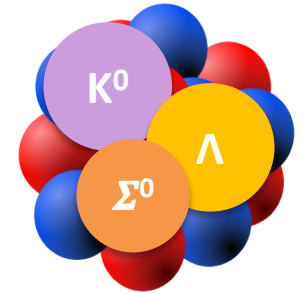
K_s^0 properties: Ar + KCl, p + Nb (p + p)
 Agakishiev et al. Phys. Rev. C82, 044907 (2010)
 Agakishiev et al. Phys. Rev. C90, 054906 (2014)

Benabderrahmane et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 182501 (2009)

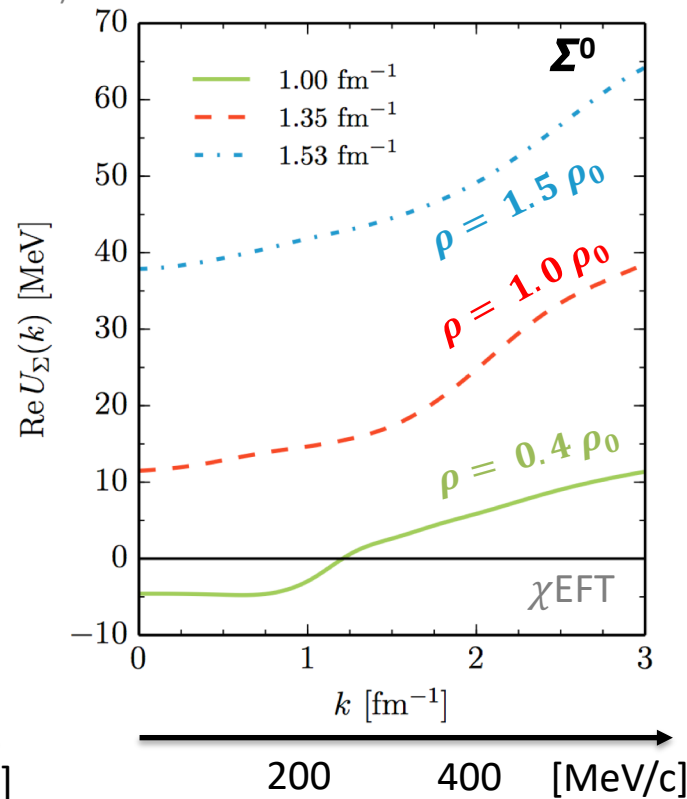
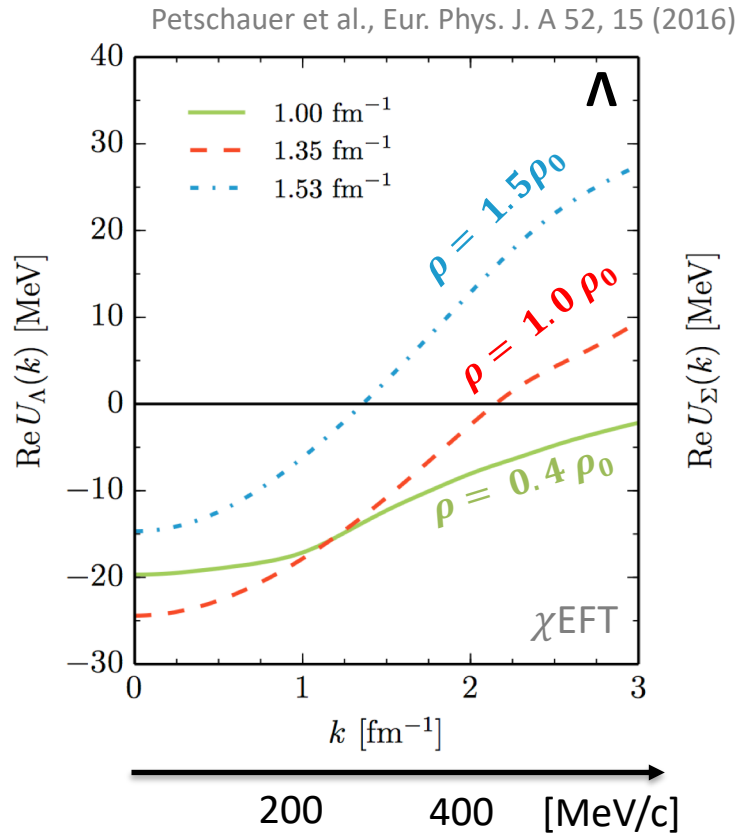


System (energy)	Experiment	Potential [MeV]
$\pi + A$ (1.02 GeV)	FOPI	20 ± 5
$p + A$ (2.3 GeV)	ANKE	20 ± 5
Ar + KCl (1.76 GeV)	HADES	39
p + Nb (3.5 GeV)	HADES	40

Hyperons inside Nuclear Matter

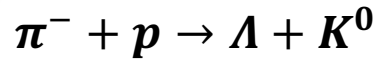
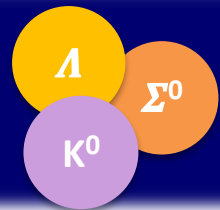


$200 \leq p_\Lambda \leq 800 \text{ MeV}/c$



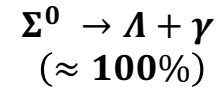
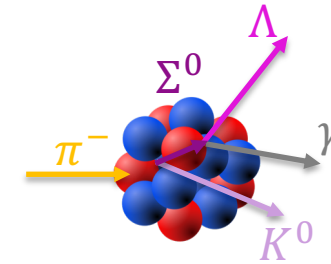
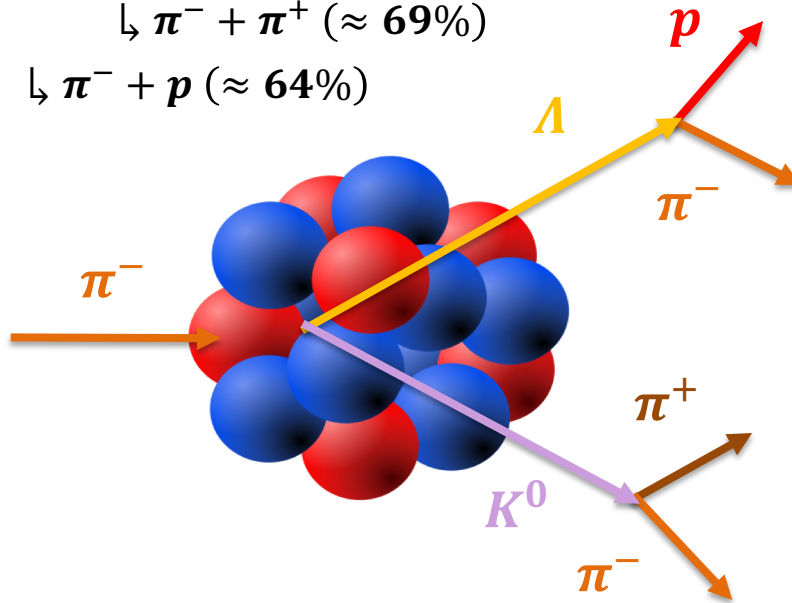
→ Λ/Σ single particle interaction within the nucleus?

Hyperon Propagation in Matter



↳ $\pi^- + \pi^+$ ($\approx 69\%$)

↳ $\pi^- + p$ ($\approx 64\%$)



$$\Lambda_{all}/\Sigma^0 = 2.3 \pm 0.2(stat) \pm 0.6(sys)$$

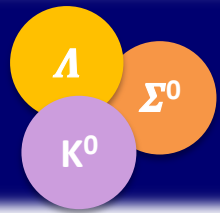
Adamczewski-Musch et al.,
Phys. Lett. B 781, 735 (2018)

K^0 Kaon ($d\bar{s}, m = 498$ MeV)

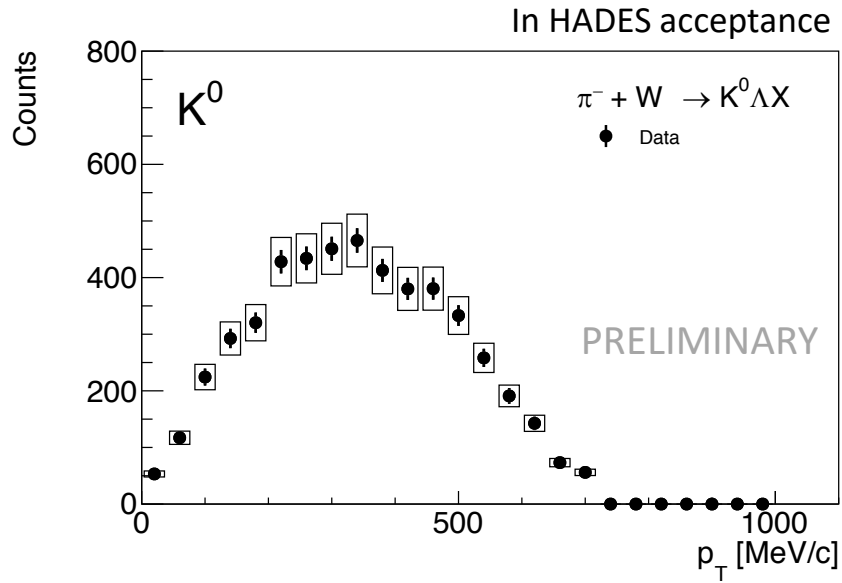
Λ Lambda ($uds, m = 1116$ MeV)
 Σ^0 Sigma ($uds, m = 1193$ MeV)

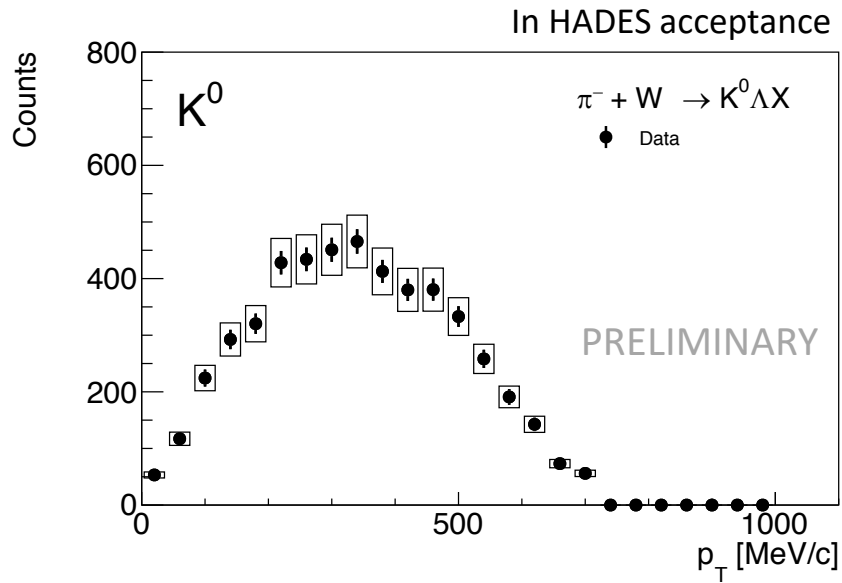
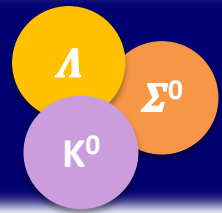
→ Strangeness conservation

→ Λ and K^0 are entangled



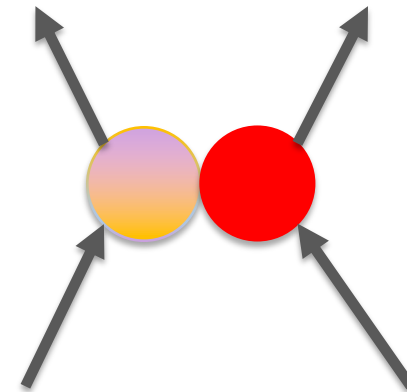
Transport Model: **GiBUU**

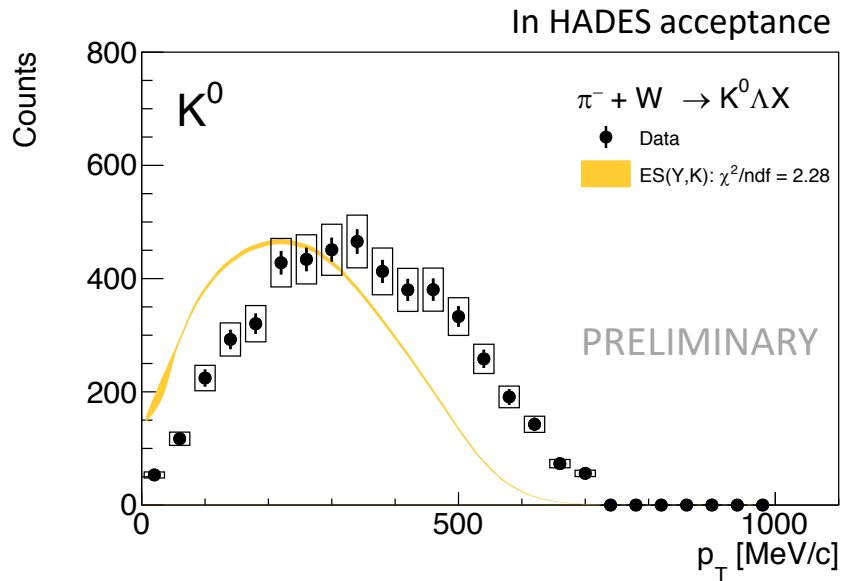
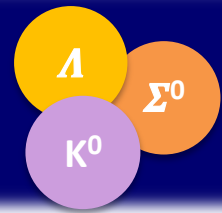




Transport Model: **GiBUU**

1. **No** $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (**ES(Y,K)**)

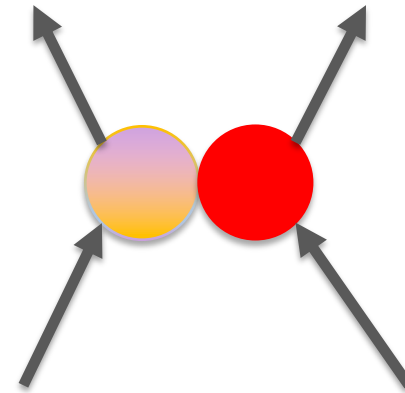


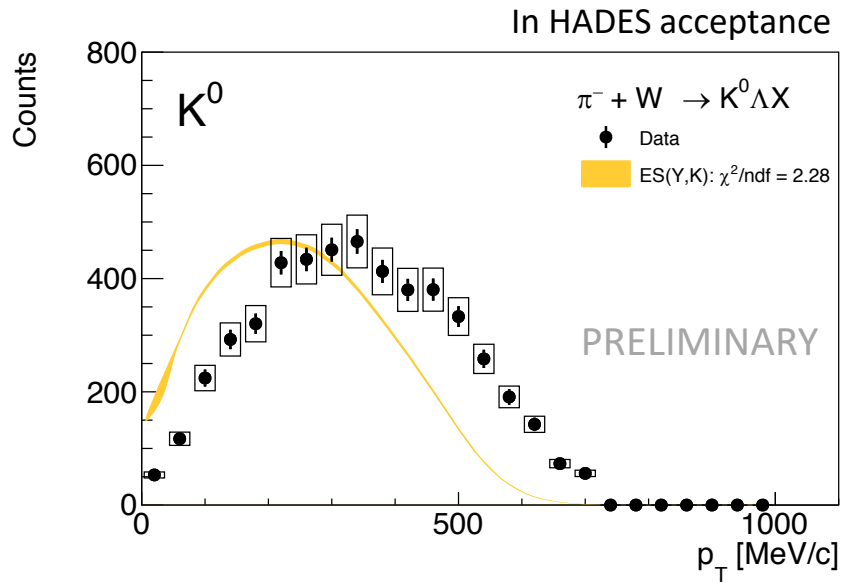
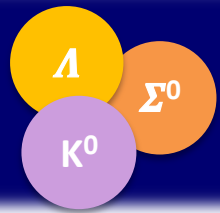


→ Simultaneous fit of all kinematic observables: $K^0(p_T, y, p, \Theta)$ and $\Lambda(p_T, y, p, \Theta)$

Transport Model: **GiBUU**

1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))

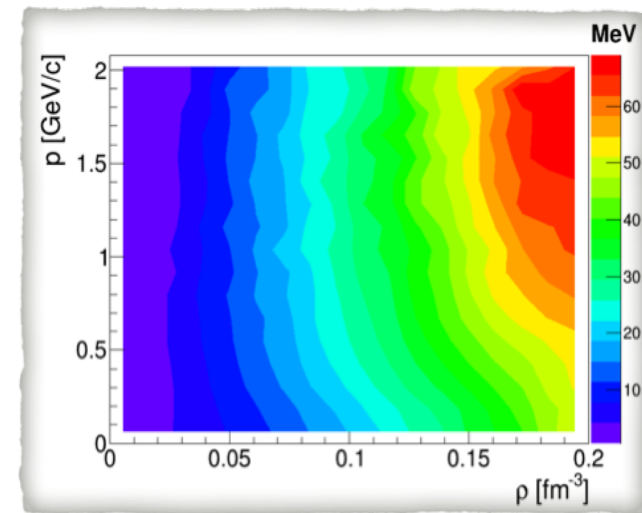




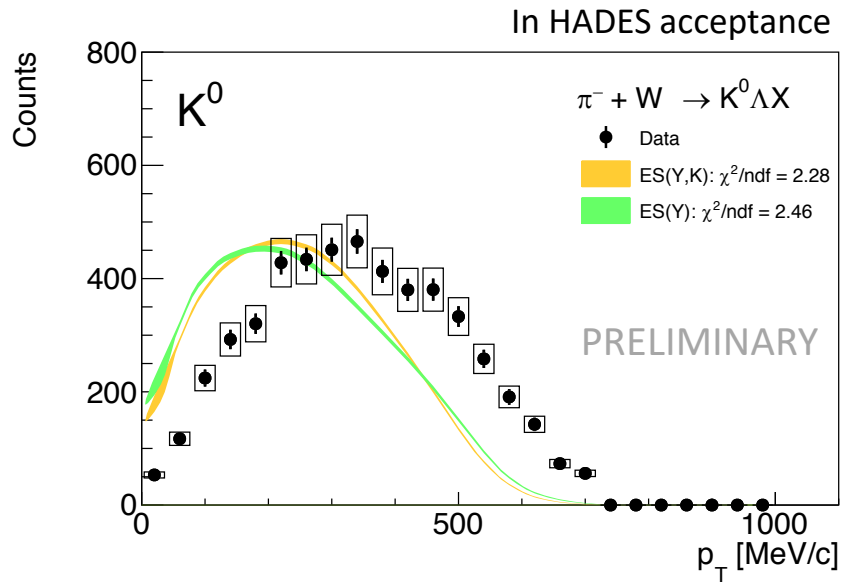
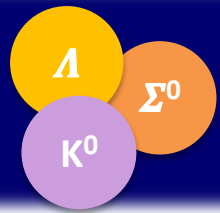
Transport Model: GiBUU

1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))
2. No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))

KN potential

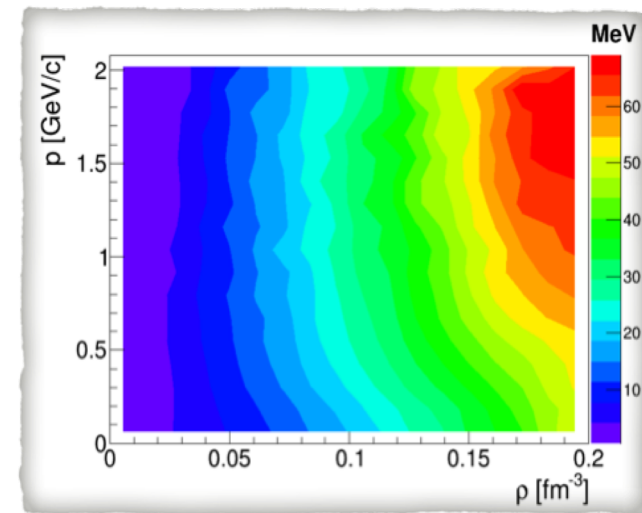


Agakishiev et al., Phys. Rev. C 90, 054906 (2014)

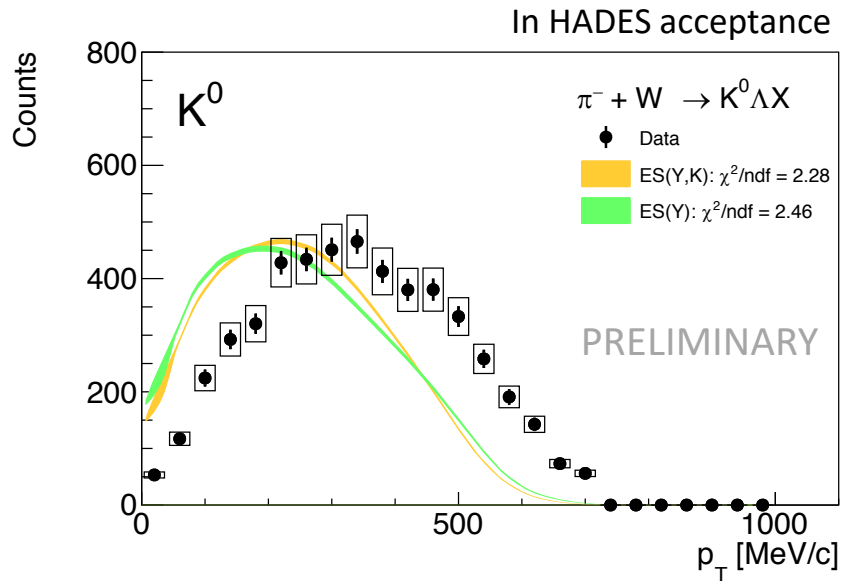
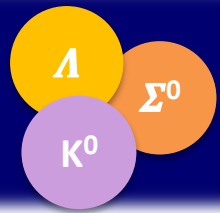


Transport Model: GiBUU

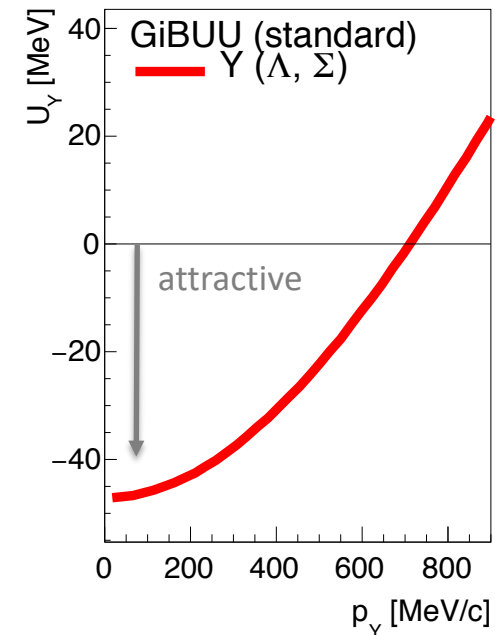
1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))
2. No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))

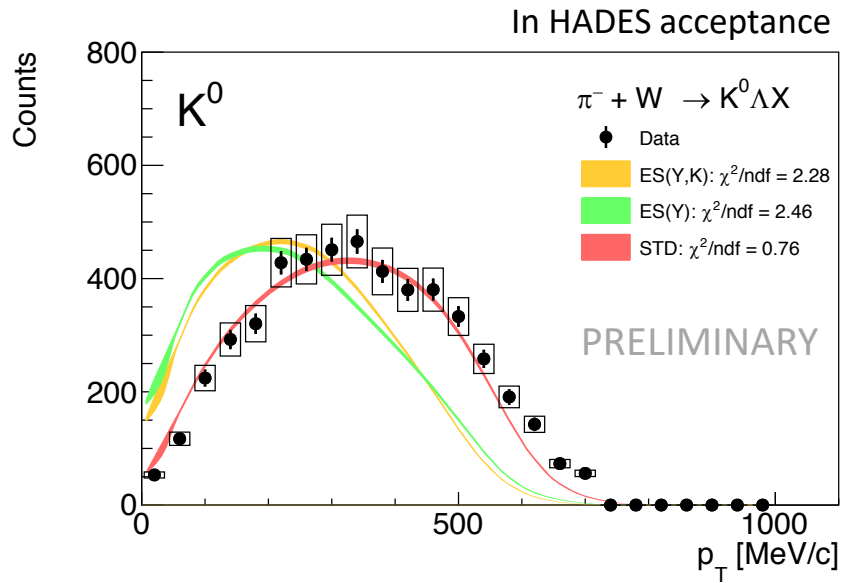
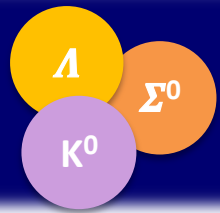
 KN potential

Agakishiev et al., Phys. Rev. C 90, 054906 (2014)

Transport Model: **GiBUU**

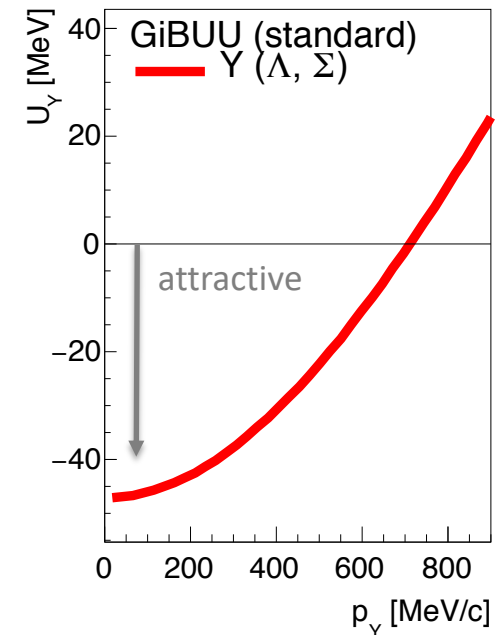
1. **No** $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (**ES(Y,K)**)
2. **No** $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (**ES(Y)**)
3. **Attractive** $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (**STD**)

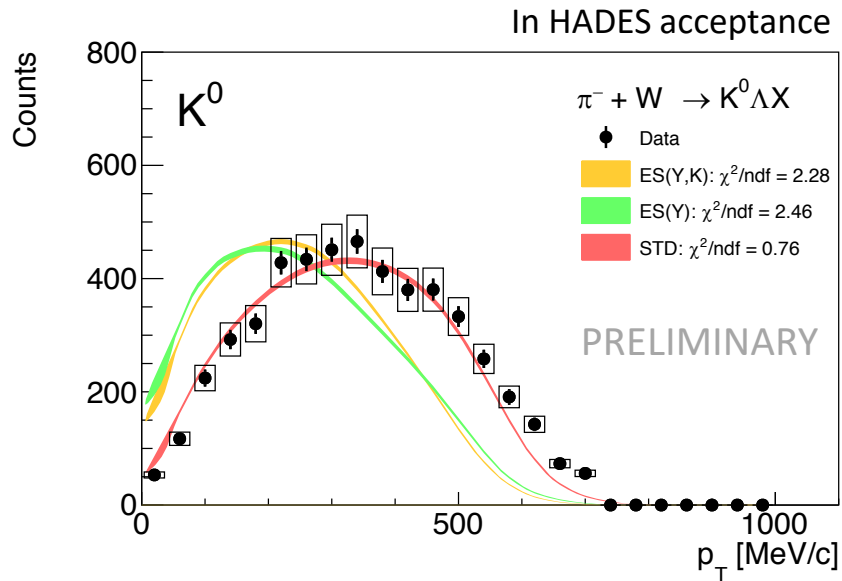
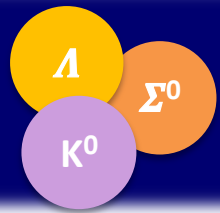




Transport Model: GiBUU

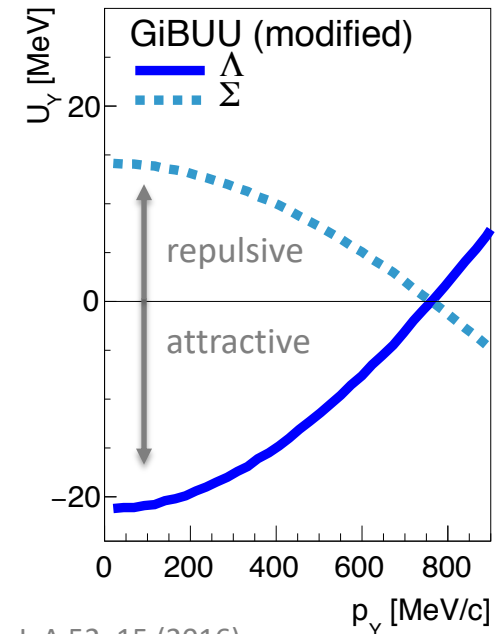
1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))
2. No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))
3. Attractive $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (STD)



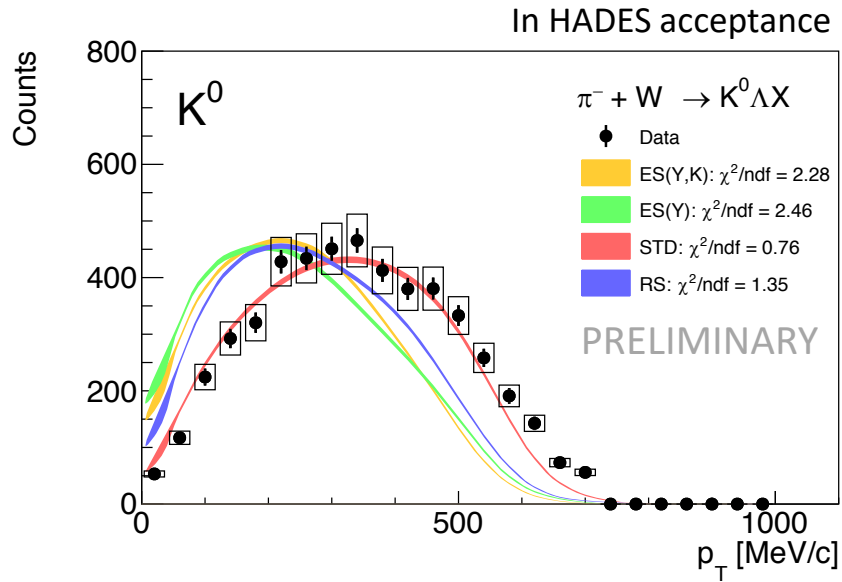
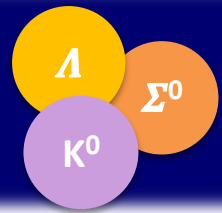


Transport Model: GiBUU(Loniki)

1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))
2. No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))
3. Attractive $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (STD)
4. Attractive ΛN , repulsive $\Sigma^0 N$ (RS)

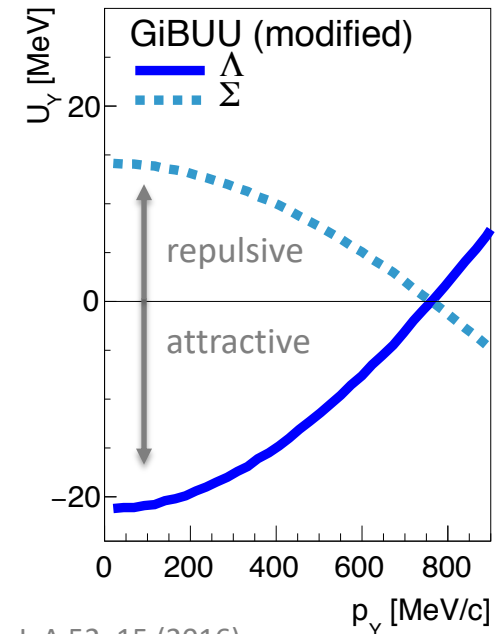


based on χ EFT by Haidenbauer et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 52, 15 (2016)

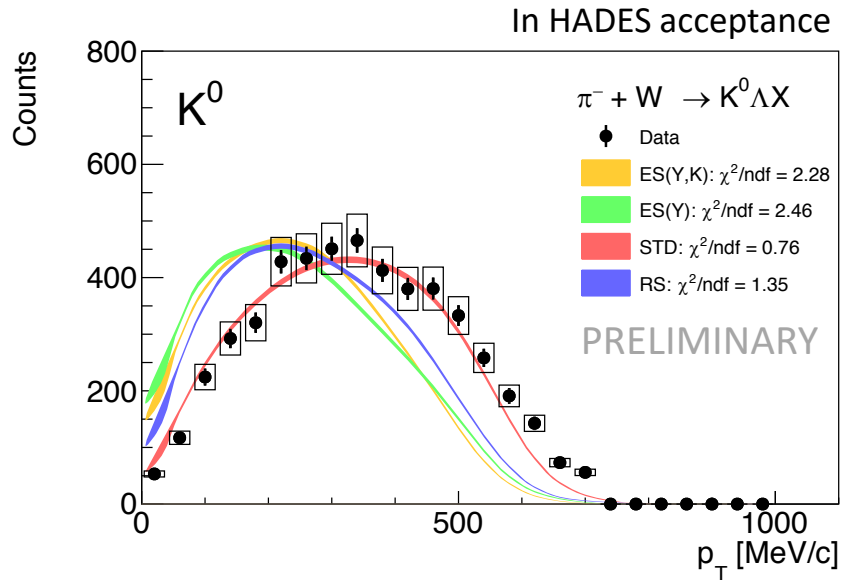
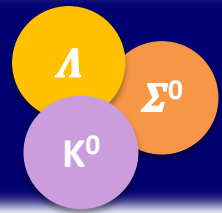


Transport Model: GiBUU(Loniki)

1. No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))
2. No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))
3. Attractive $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (STD)
4. Attractive ΛN , repulsive $\Sigma^0 N$ (RS)



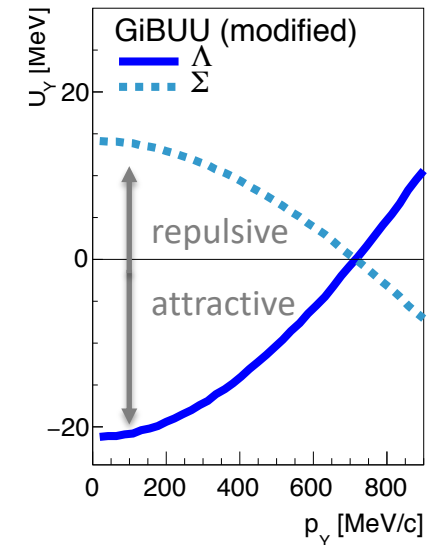
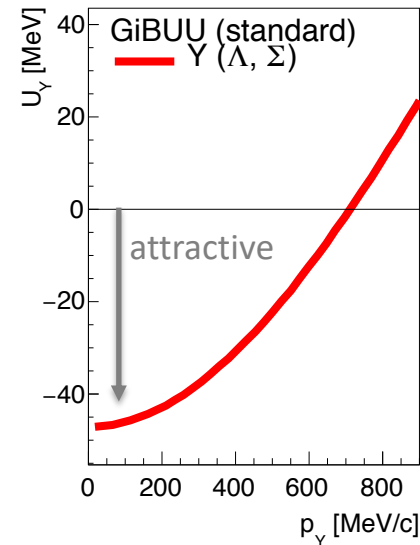
based on χ EFT by Haidenbauer et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 52, 15 (2016)



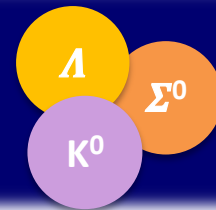
- Data agrees best with **attractive ΛN** and **attractive $\Sigma^0 N$** potentials ($@\rho_0$)
- Also favored for lighter target (C)
- **Possibility of testing single particle potentials with χ EFT**

Transport Model: GiBUU(Loniki)

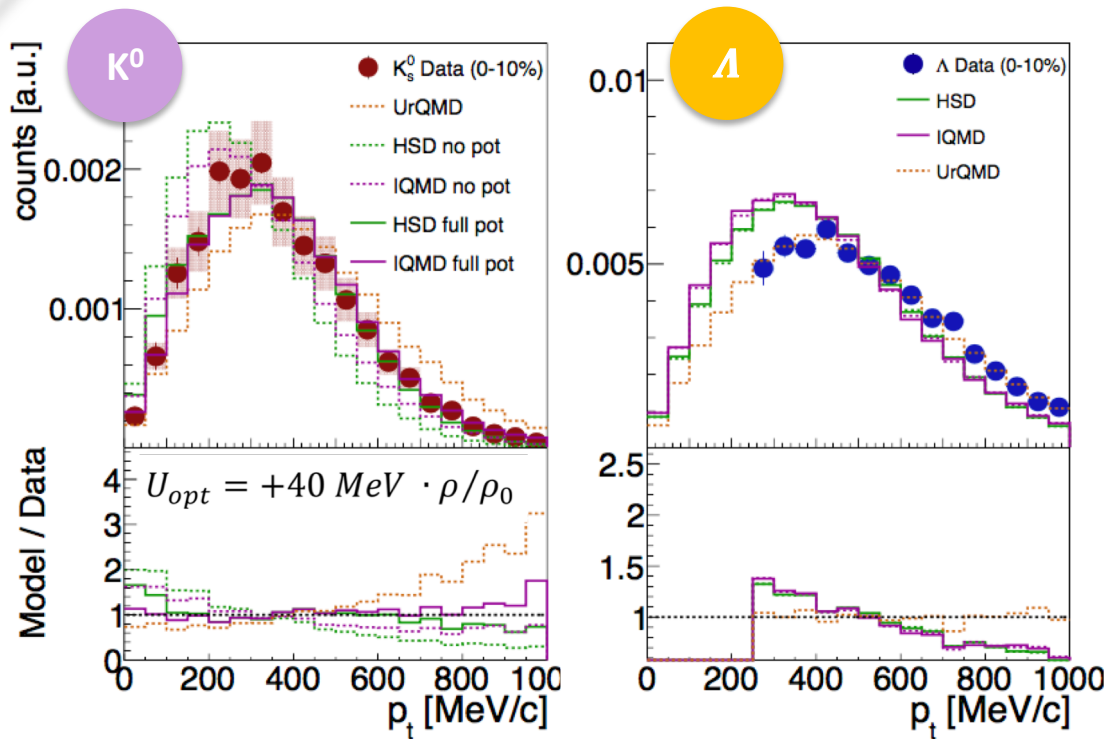
1. **No $K^0/\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y,K))**
2. **No $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (ES(Y))**
3. **Attractive $\Lambda/\Sigma^0 N$ potentials (STD)**
4. **Attractive ΛN , repulsive $\Sigma^0 N$ (RS)**



based on χ EFT by Haidenbauer et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 52, 15 (2016)



HADES Collaboration, arXiv:1812.07304



→ K_S^0 : better agreement with simulation including kaon potential

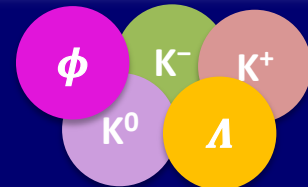
→ Λ : better agreement with UrQMD (w/o) potentials, but inclusion of higher mass resonances

→ **No simultaneous description of K_S^0 and Λ**

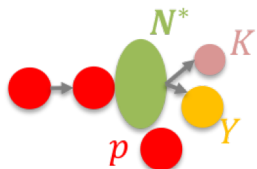
→ **Role of Σ^0 ?**

HSD v711n: Phys. Rep. 308, 65–233 (1999)
 IQMD c8: Eur. Phys. J. A 1, 151–169 (1998)
 UrQMD 3.4: Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 41, 255–369 (1998)

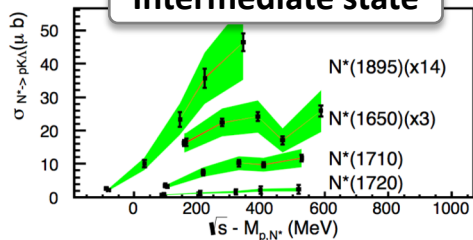
Summary



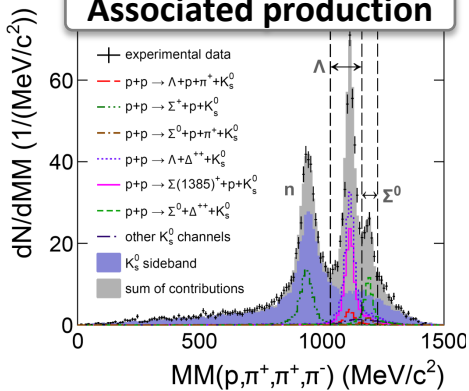
Elementary reactions



Intermediate state



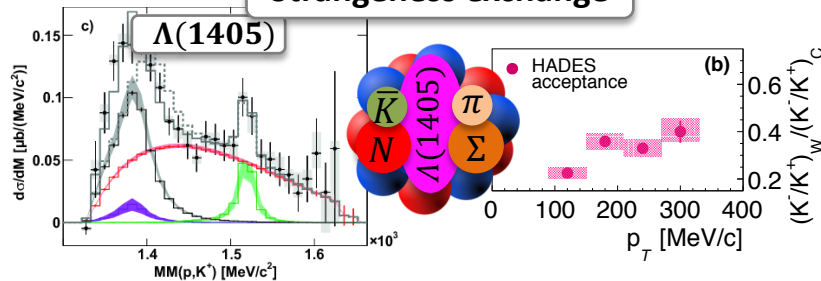
Associated production



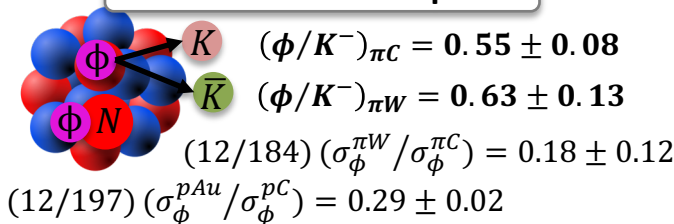
→ Input to transport models

Hadron-Nucleus reactions

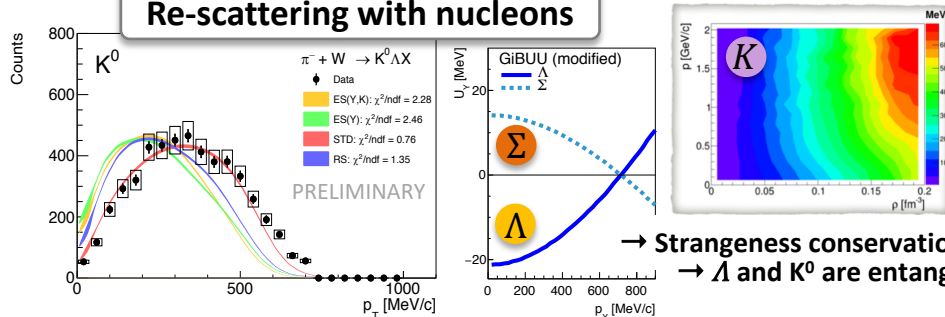
Strangeness exchange



Feed-down + Absorption

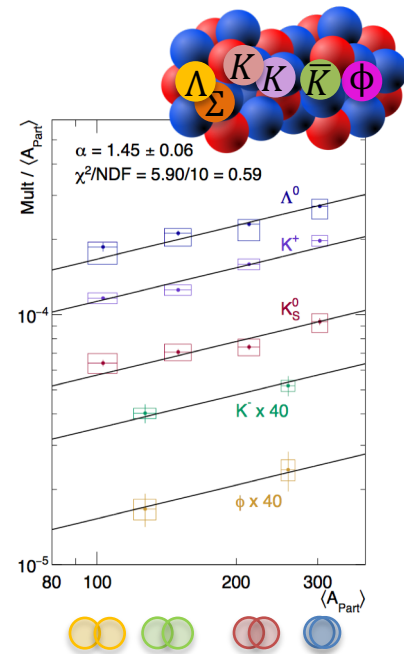


Re-scattering with nucleons

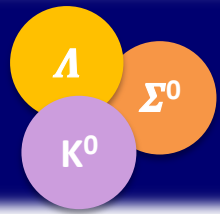


→ Strangeness conservation
→ Λ and K^0 are entangled

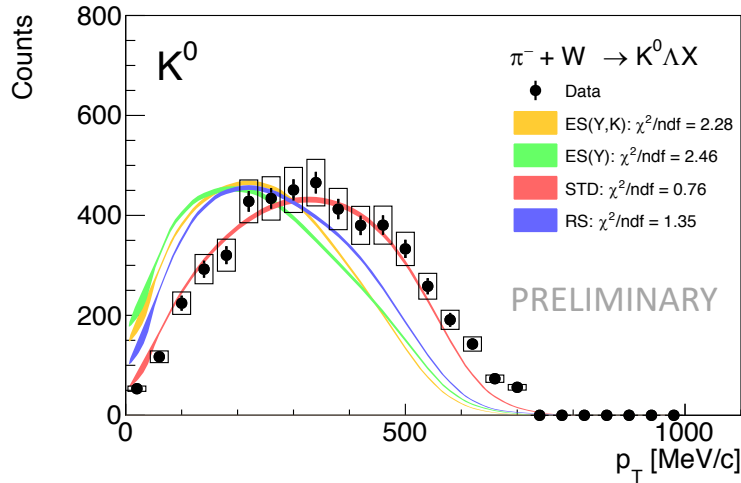
Nucleus-Nucleus reactions



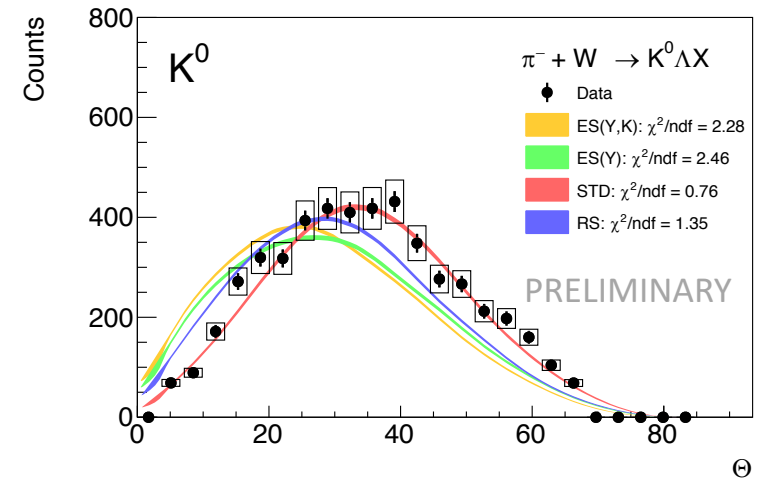
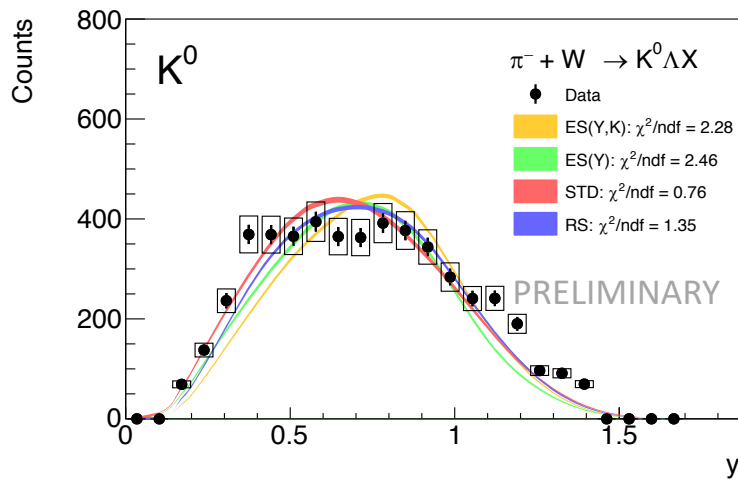
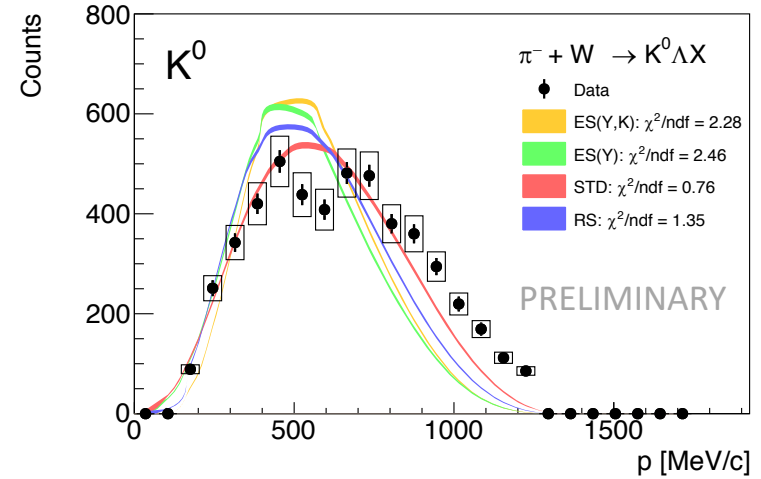
Backup

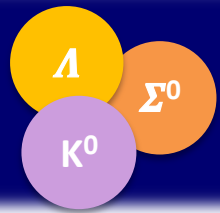


In HADES acceptance

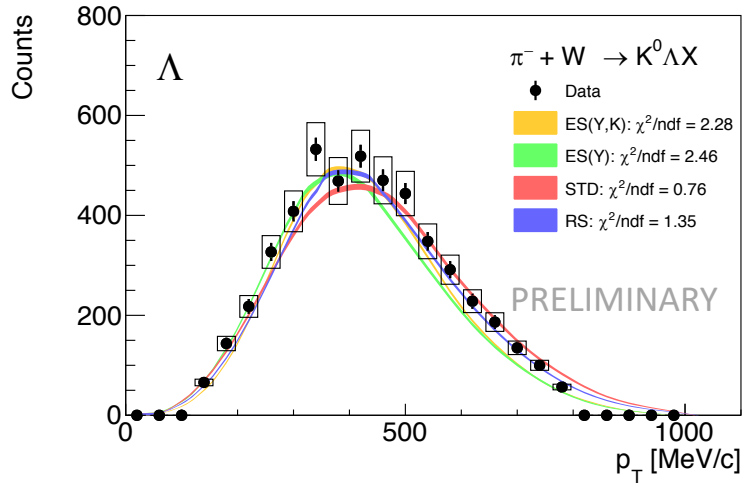


In HADES acceptance

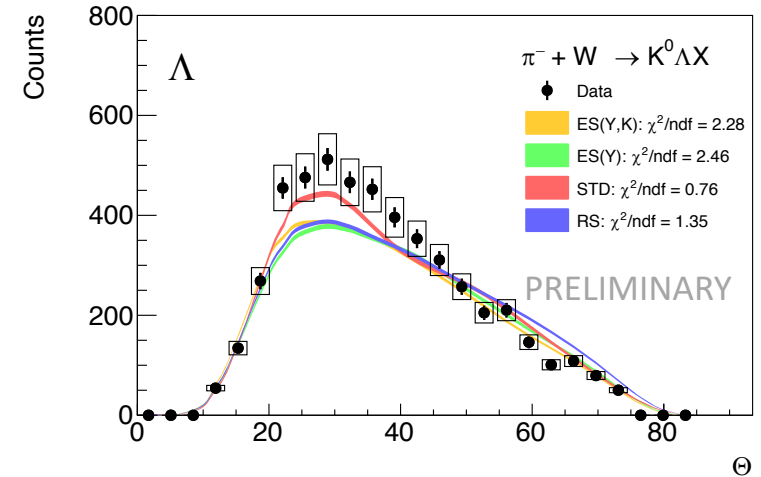
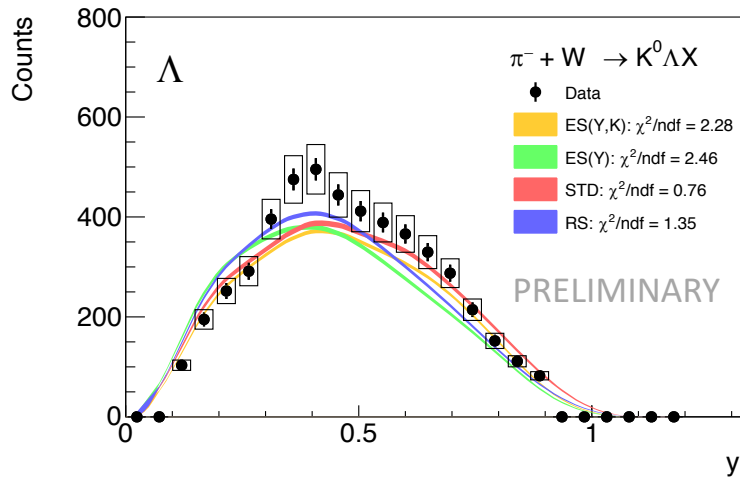
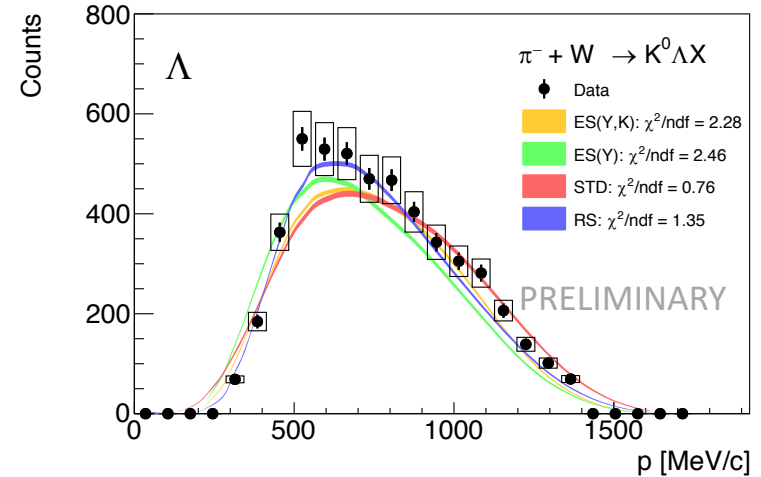


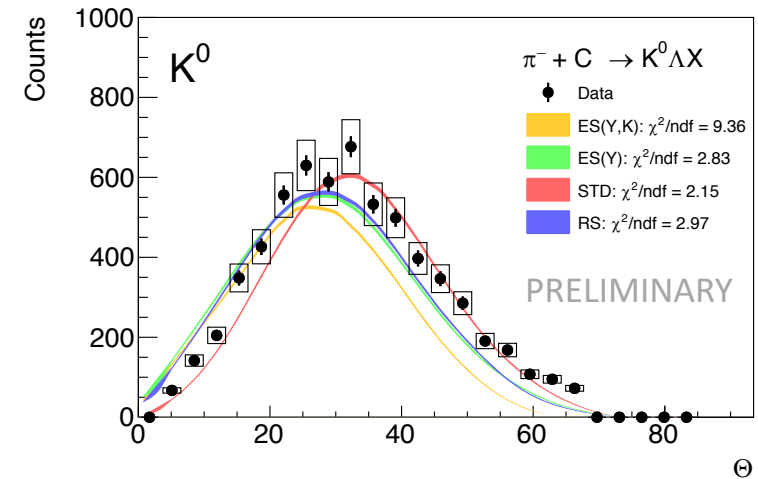
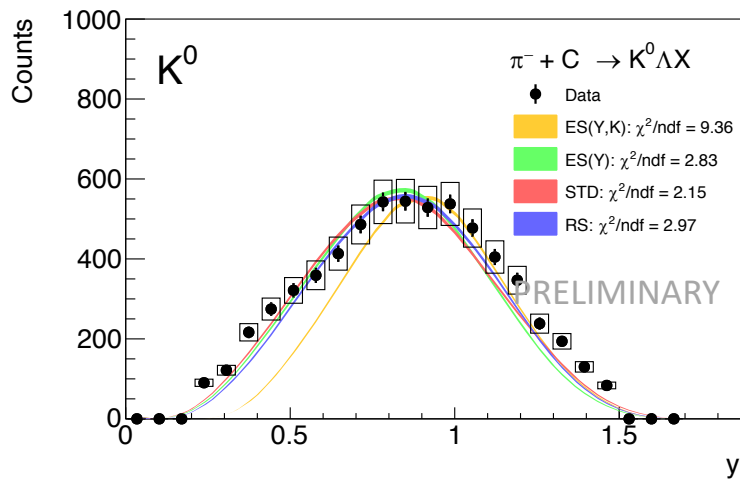
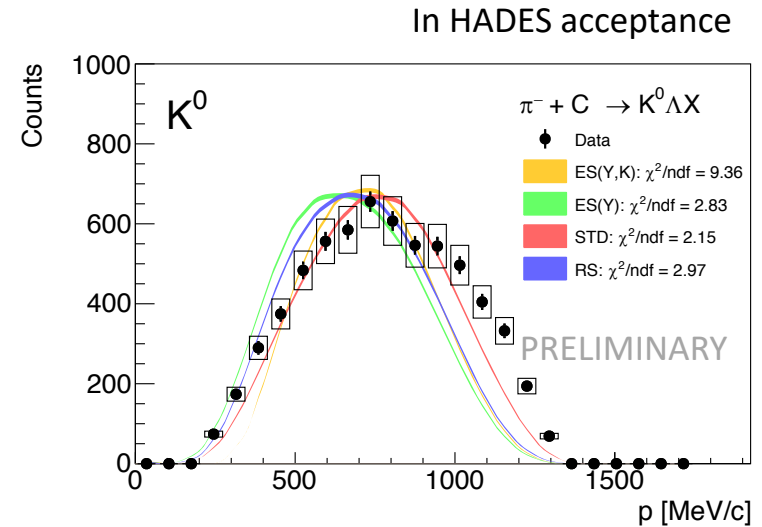
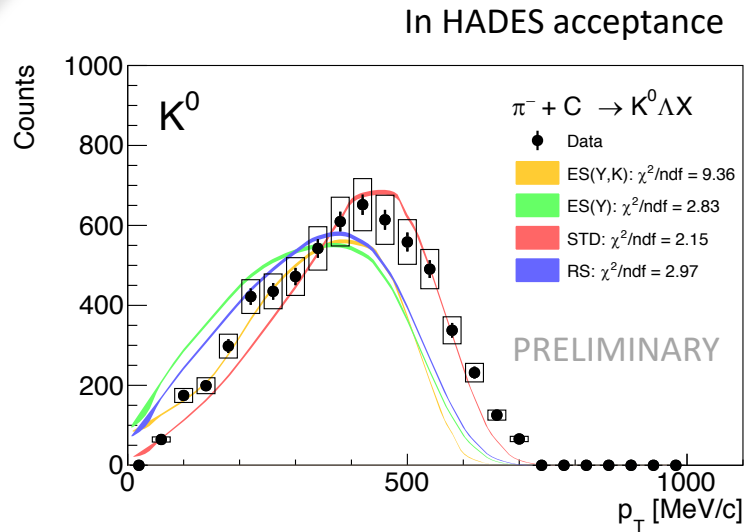


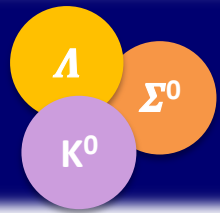
In HADES acceptance



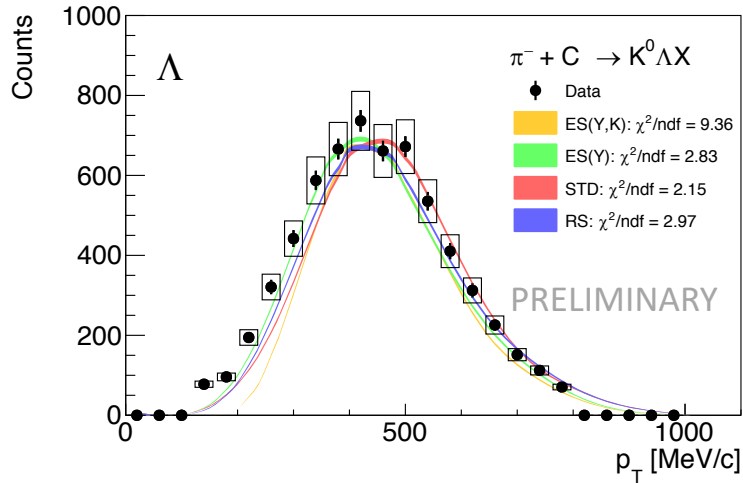
In HADES acceptance



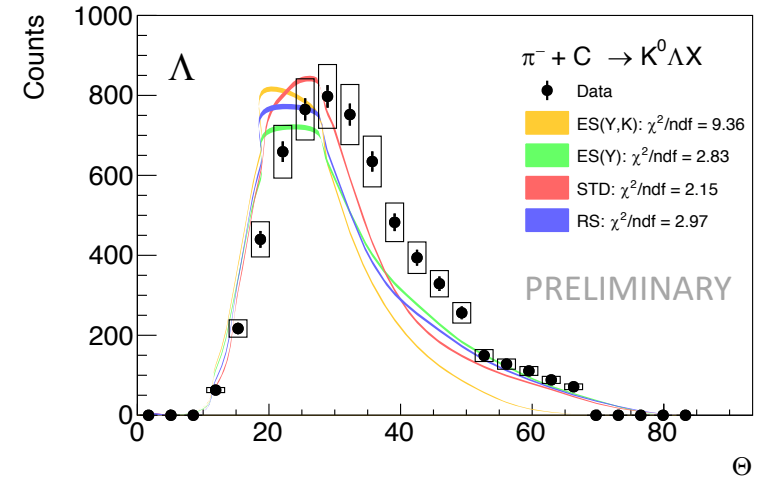
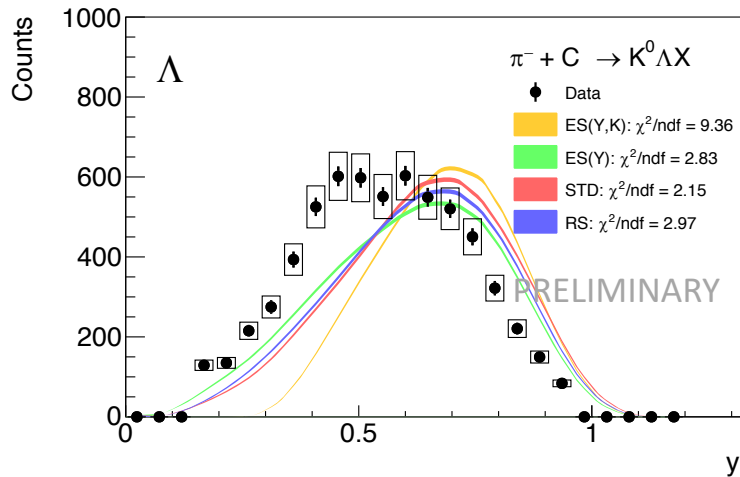
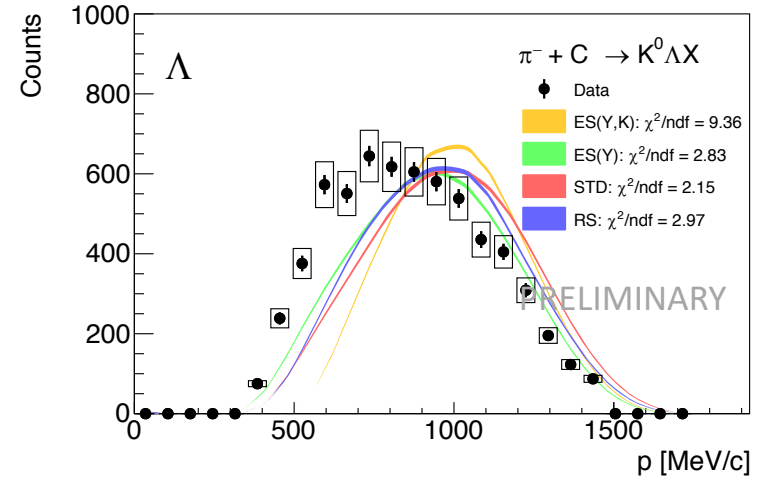


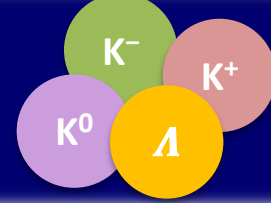
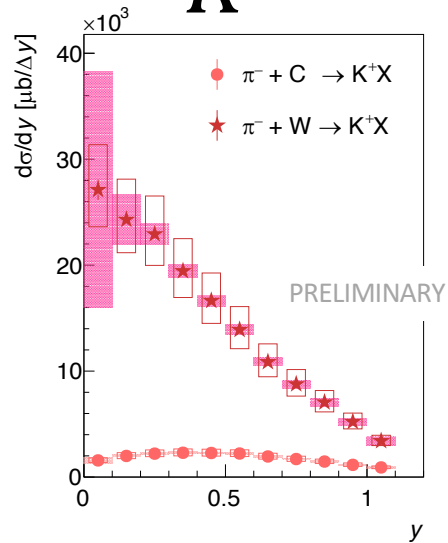
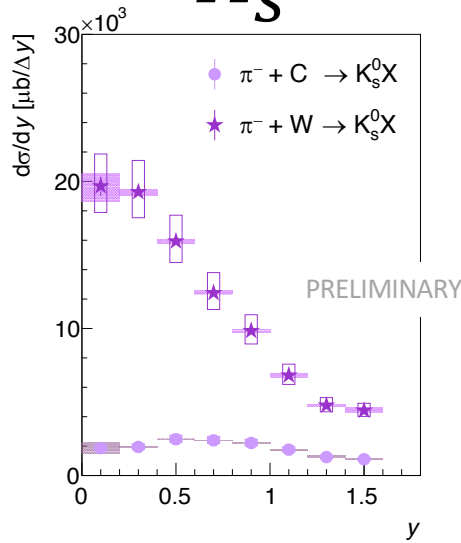
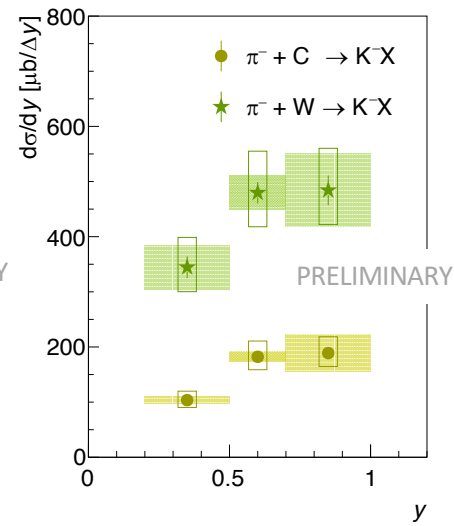
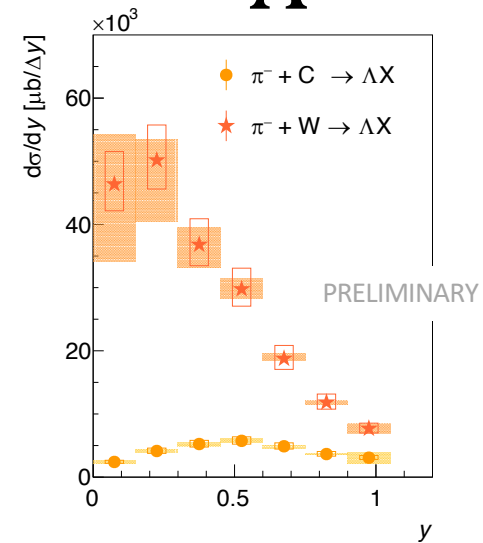


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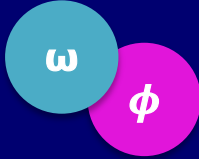


In HADES acceptance

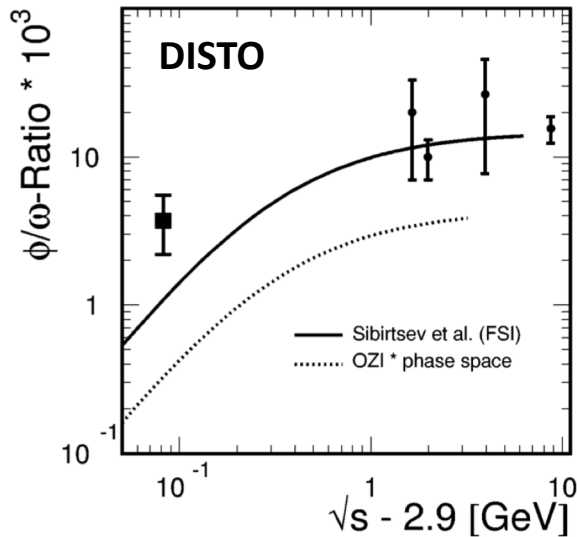


 K^+  $\rightarrow KN$ scattering K_S^0  $\rightarrow KN$ scattering K^-  $\rightarrow \bar{K}N$ absorption Λ  $\rightarrow \Lambda N$ scattering

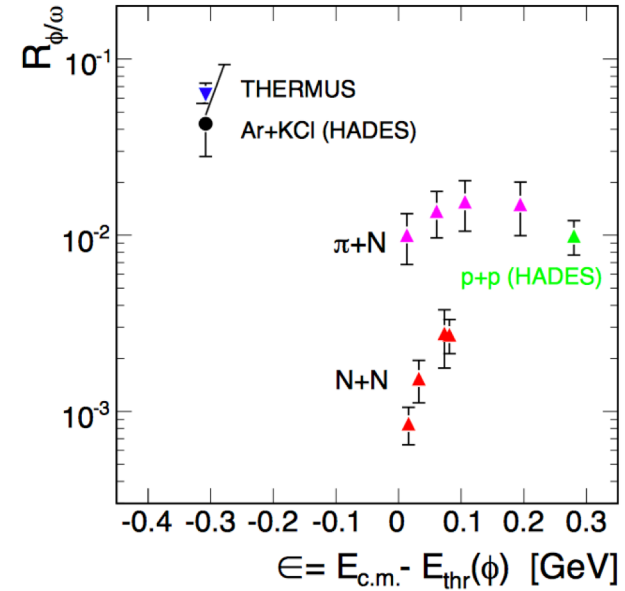
Phi – Omega Mixing



Balestra et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 81, 0572 (1998)



Marek Palka PhD Thesis with HADES (2011)



$$R_{\phi/\omega} = \frac{A + B \rightarrow \phi + X}{A + B \rightarrow \omega + X} = \tan^2(\delta\theta_v) f = 4.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

f : Ratio of phase space factors

→ $R_{\phi/\omega}$ clearly exceeds native application of OZI rule

Ar+KCl: Agakishiev et al. Phys. Rev. C 85, 014902 (2011)