



The Direct Photon Puzzle

EMMI Physics Day 2018

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Heidelberg University
20 November 2018

Why Heavy-Ion Collisions?

- Particle physics: reductionism
- Heavy-ion physics:
Emergent properties of QCD

More precisely:
"Material properties" of the QGP?

„More is different“

Philip W. Anderson,
Science, 177, 1972, p. 393

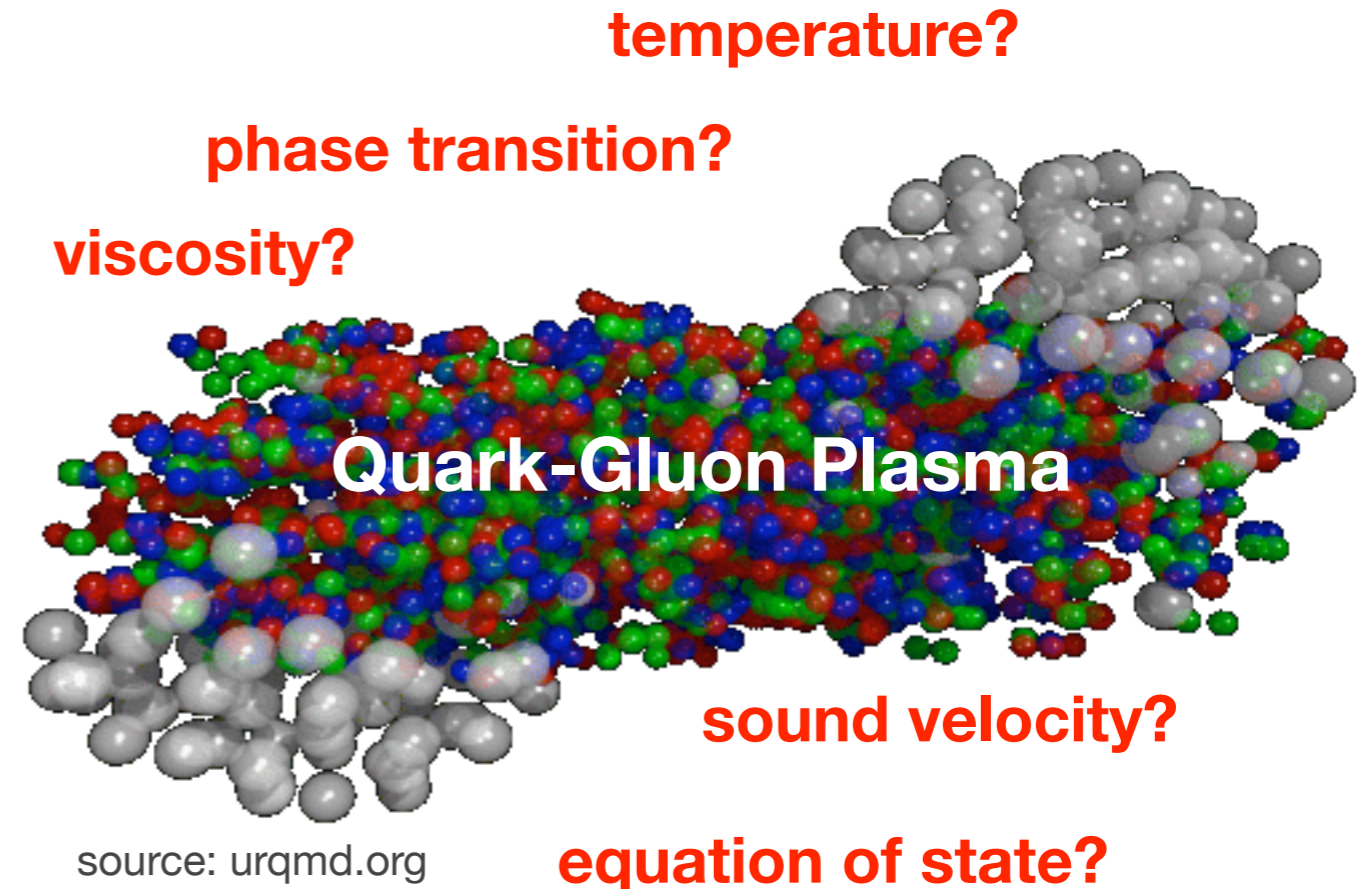
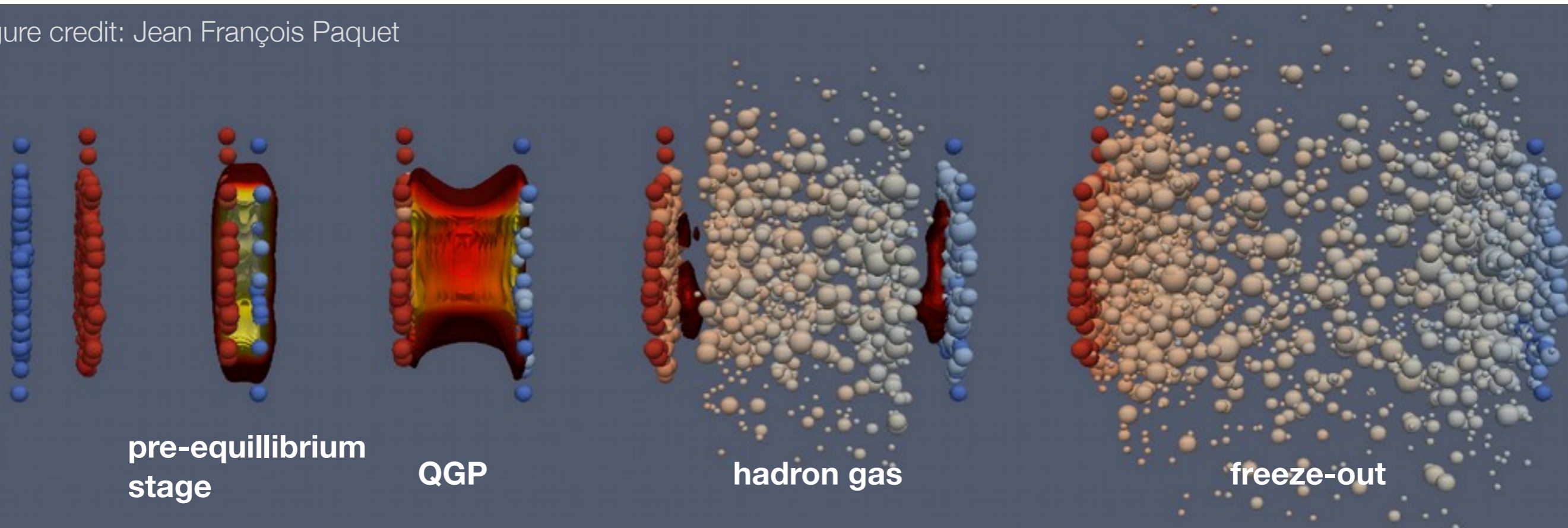


figure credit: Jean François Paquet



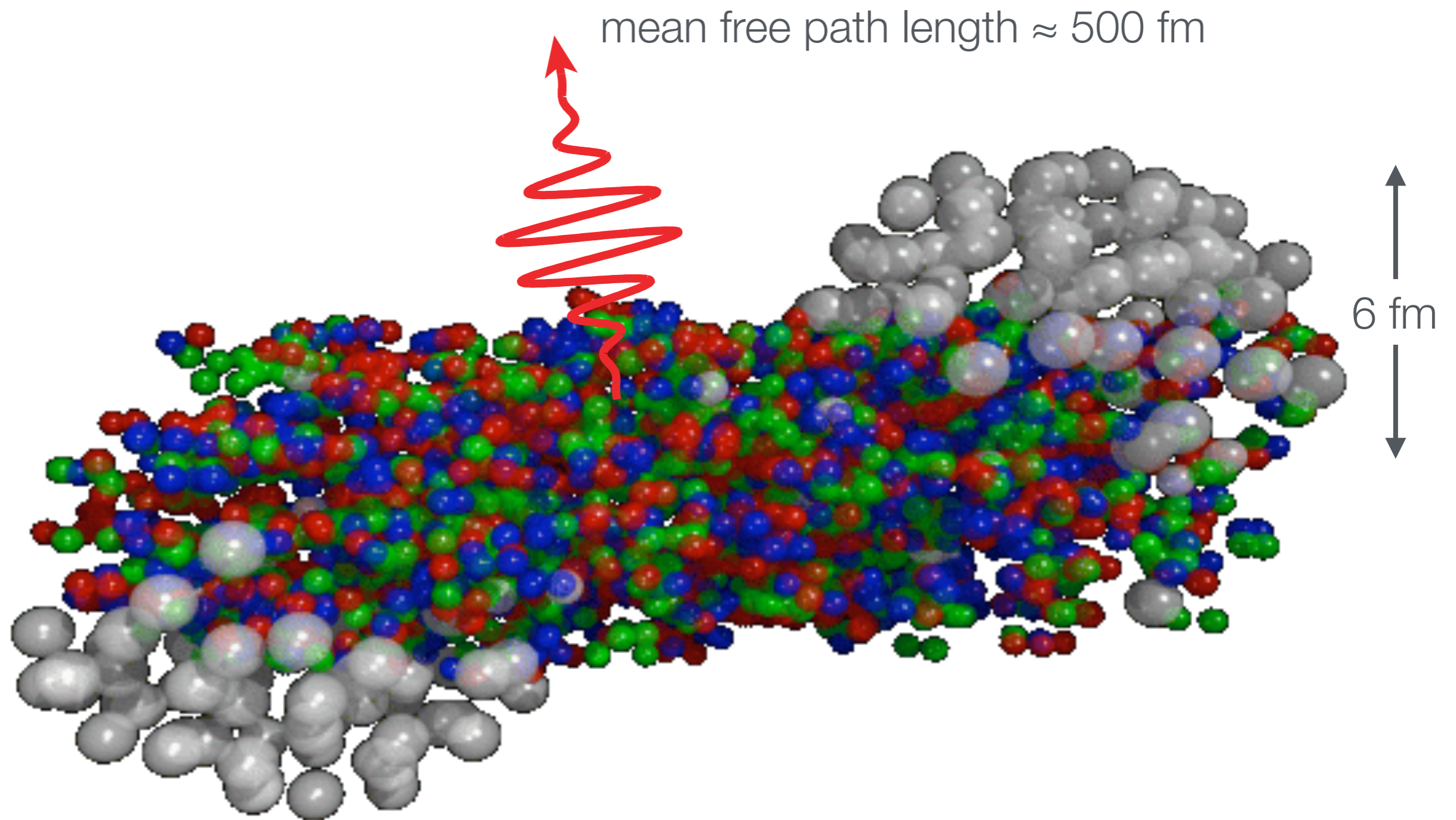
thermalization: $\tau_{\text{th}} = 1-2 \text{ fm}/c$

hadronization: $\tau_c \approx 10 \text{ fm}/c$ (LHC)

QGP \rightarrow hadron gas at

$T \approx 155 \text{ MeV}$

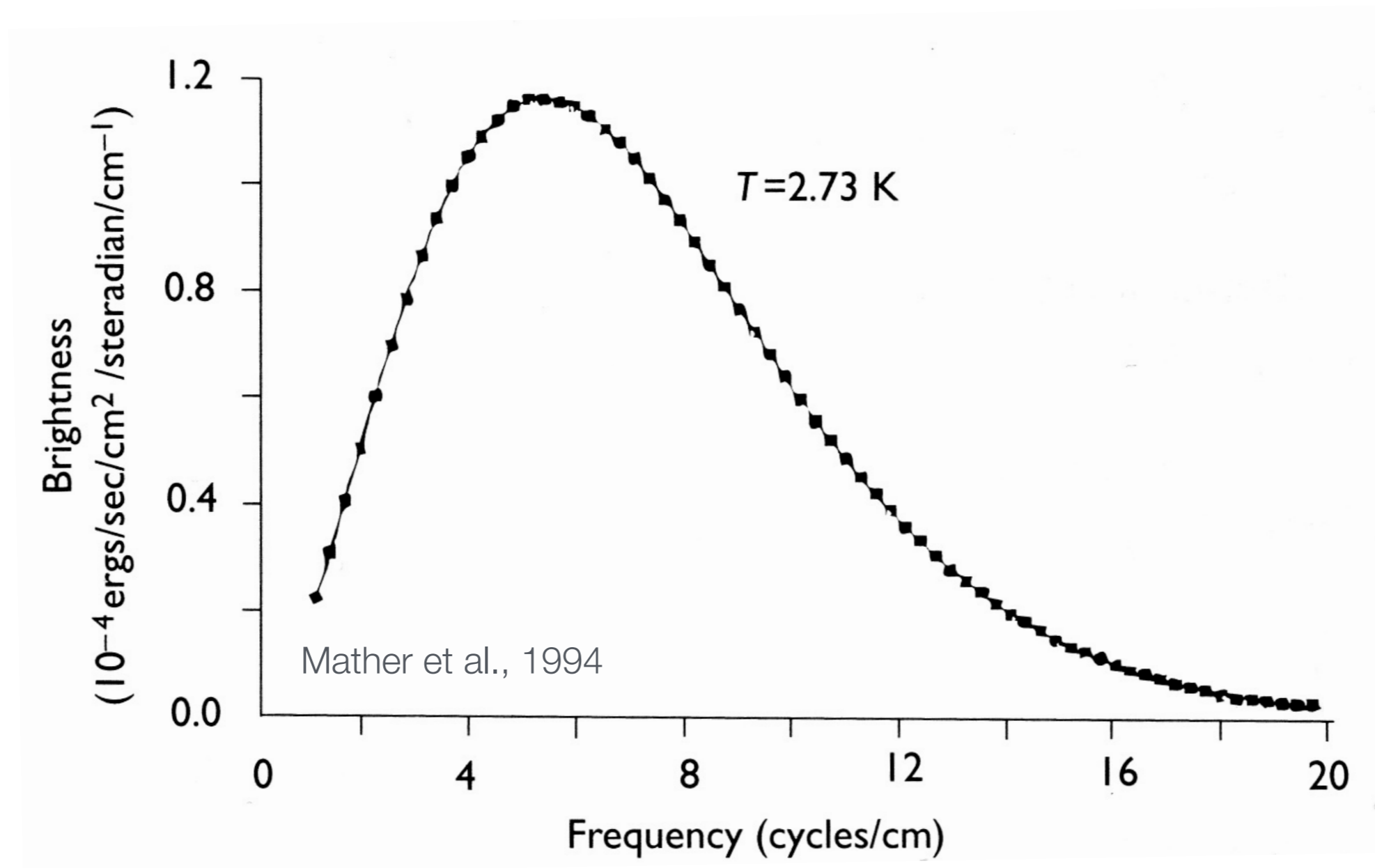
Why Photons?



Ideal tool to study the early hot QGP

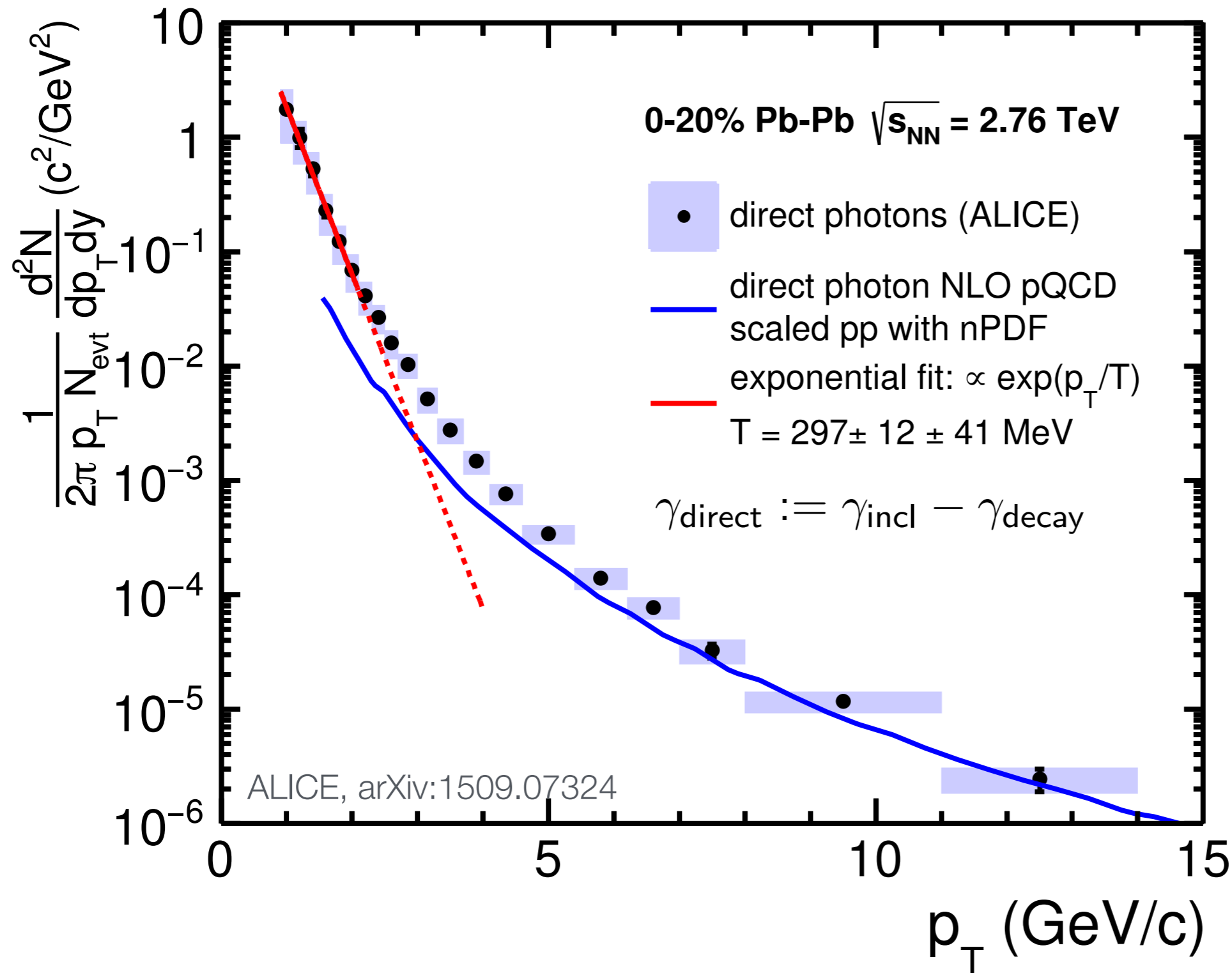
An Iconic Figures from another Field

CMB black-body spectrum (COBE)



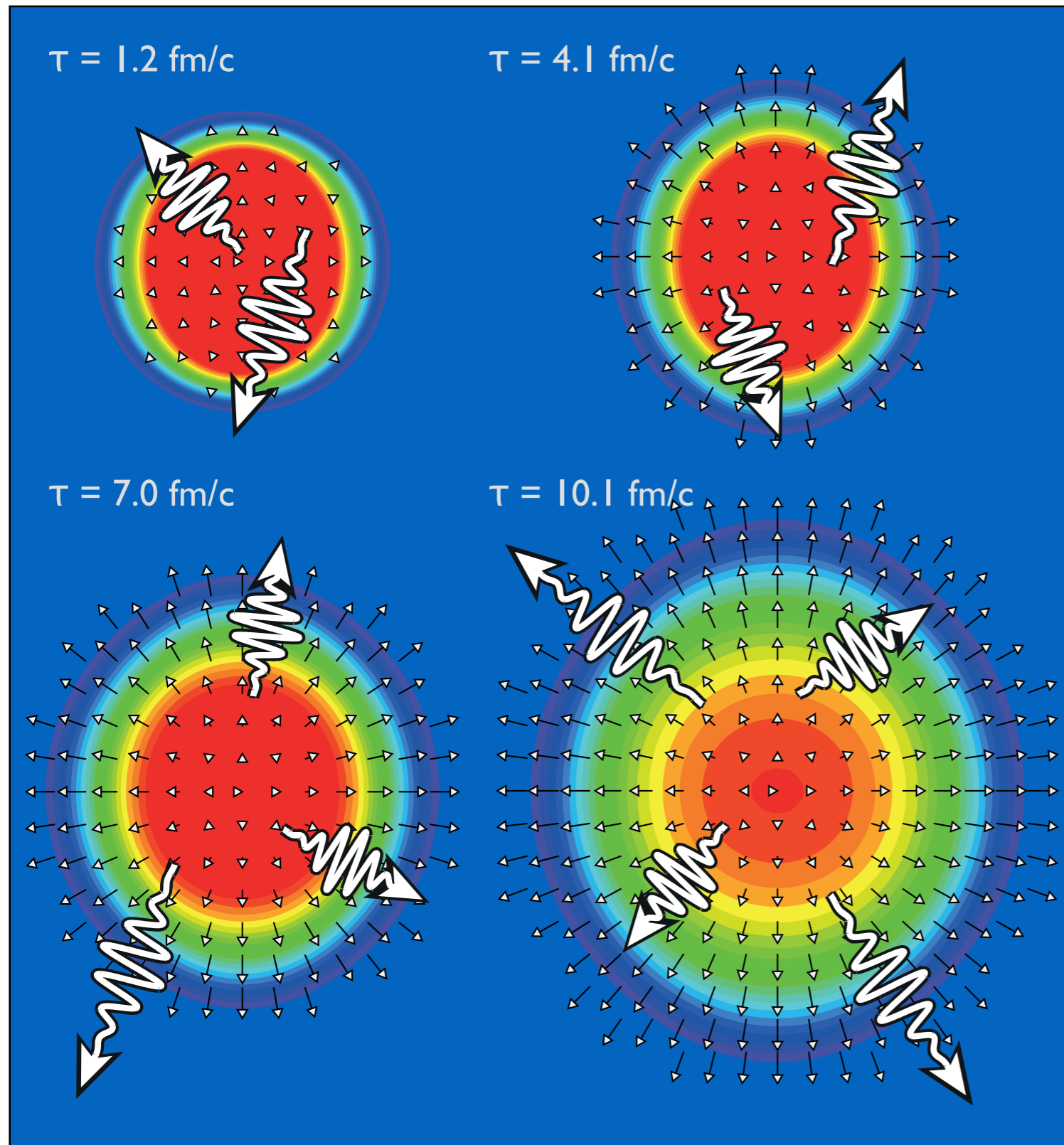
Recipe: Good data + well understood theory

A Candidate for an Iconic Figure from Heavy Ions: Planck-like Photon Spectrum



Current proxy (here from the LHC) looks already OK, but statistical significance needs to be improved

Promise: T_{QGP} from QGP photons



- Produced over the entire duration of the collision
 - ▶ Tests our understanding of the space-time evolution
 - ▶ Access to initial T_{QGP}
 - ▶ Expect more photons per pion at low p_T than in pp
- But: Slope $T_{\text{eff}} > T_{\text{QGP}}$ due to blue shift

QGP photon rate r_γ (lowest order):

$$E_\gamma \frac{dr_\gamma}{d^3p} \propto \alpha \alpha_s T^2 e^{-E_\gamma/T} \log \frac{E_\gamma T}{k_c^2}$$

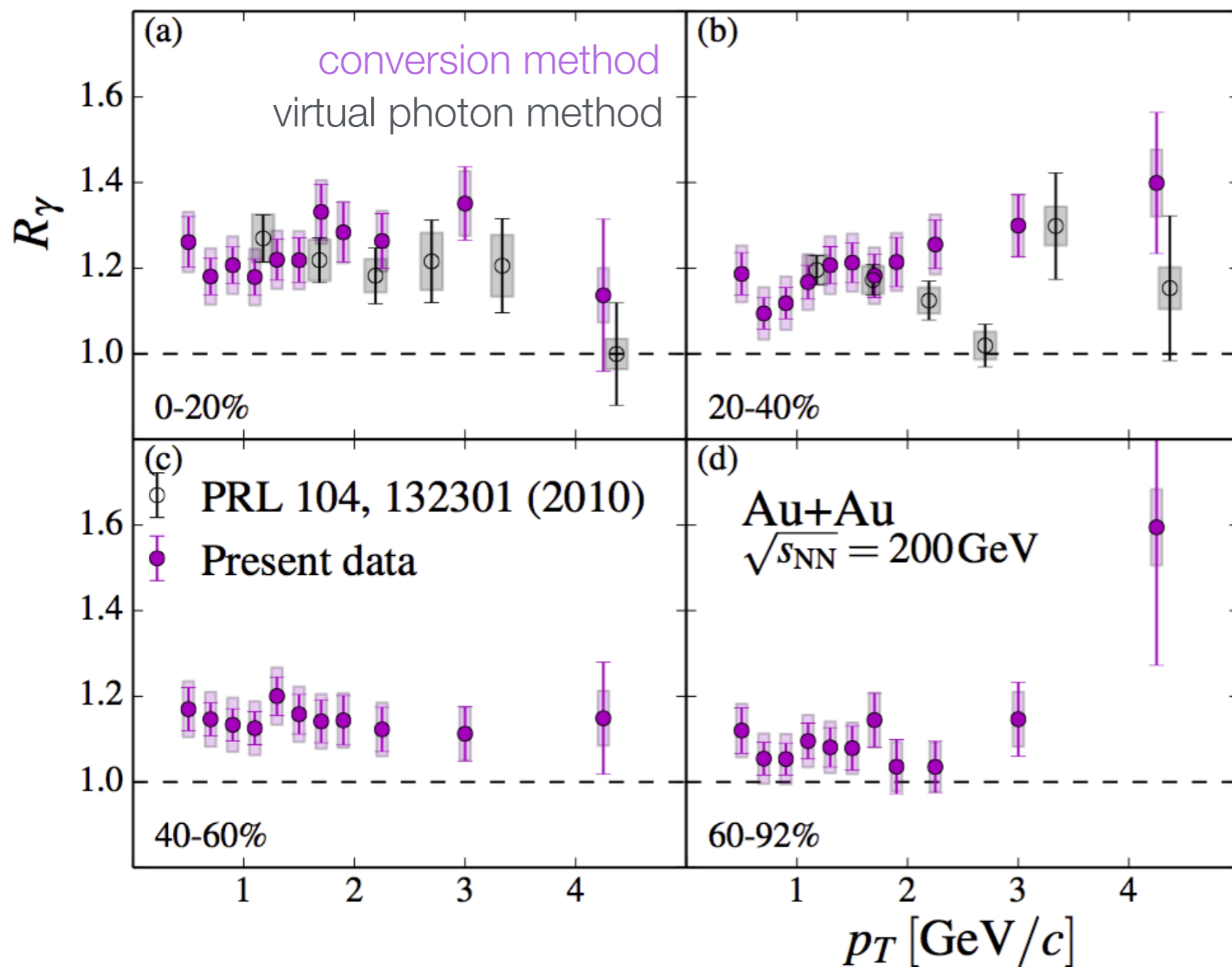
Total emission rate:

$$r_\gamma \propto T^4$$

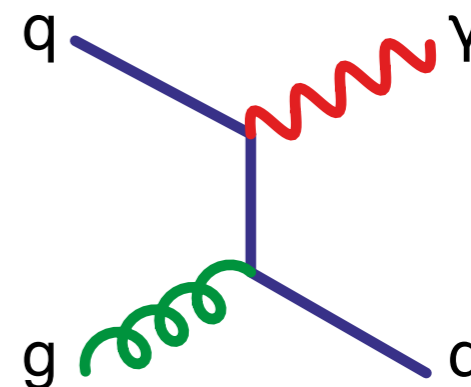
Direct Photons at RHIC (Au-Au at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV)

$$R_\gamma = \frac{\gamma_{incl}}{\gamma_{decay}} = 1 + \frac{\gamma_{dir}}{\gamma_{decay}}$$

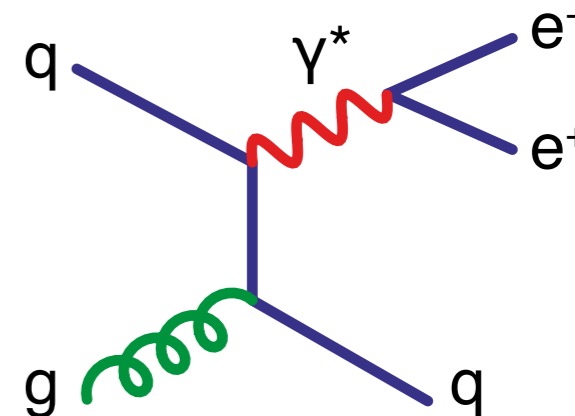
PHENIX, arXiv:1405.3940



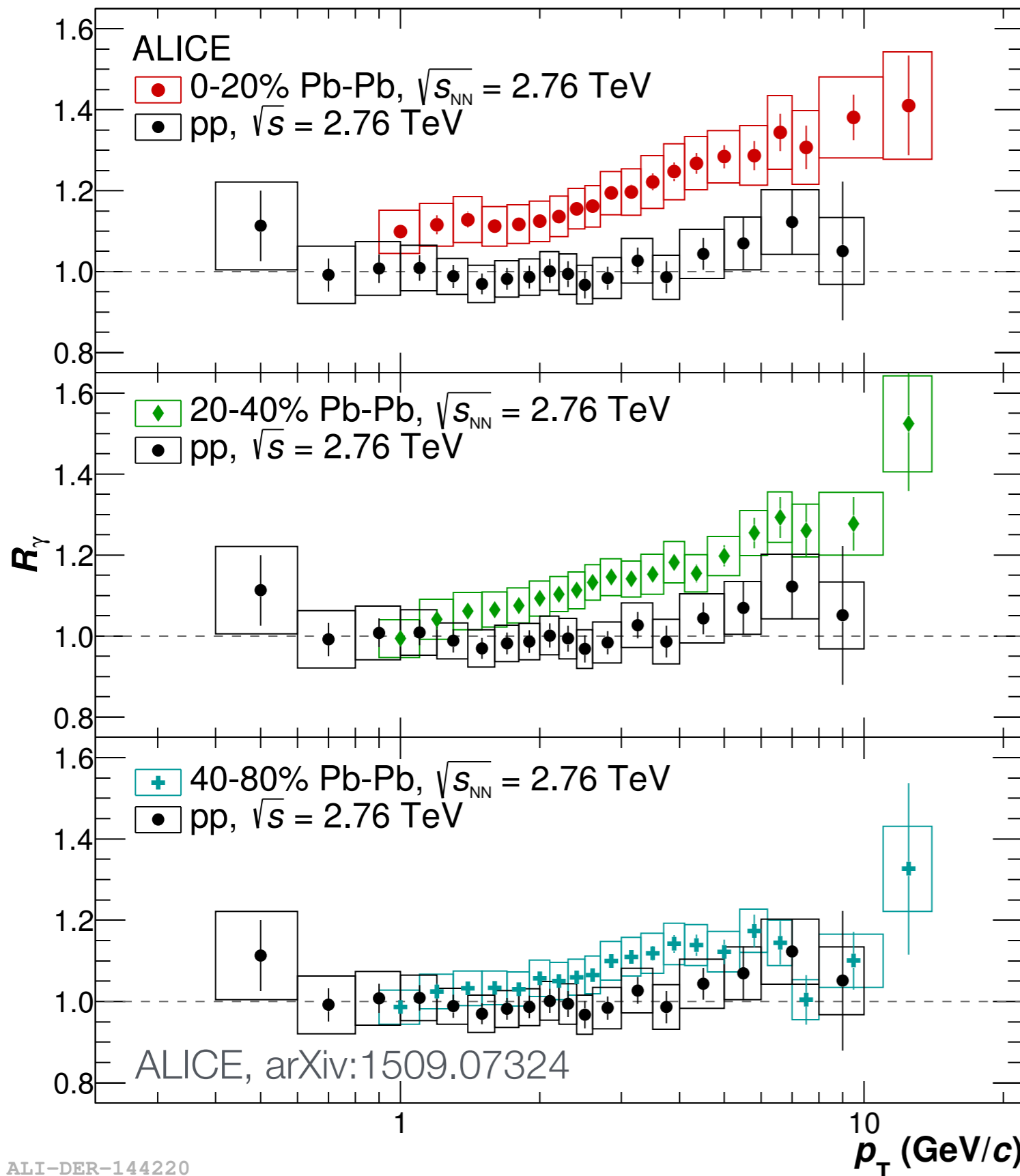
Real photons (through conversion):



Virtual photons (at $m_{ee} \gtrsim m_\pi$ extrapolated to $m_{ee} = 0$):

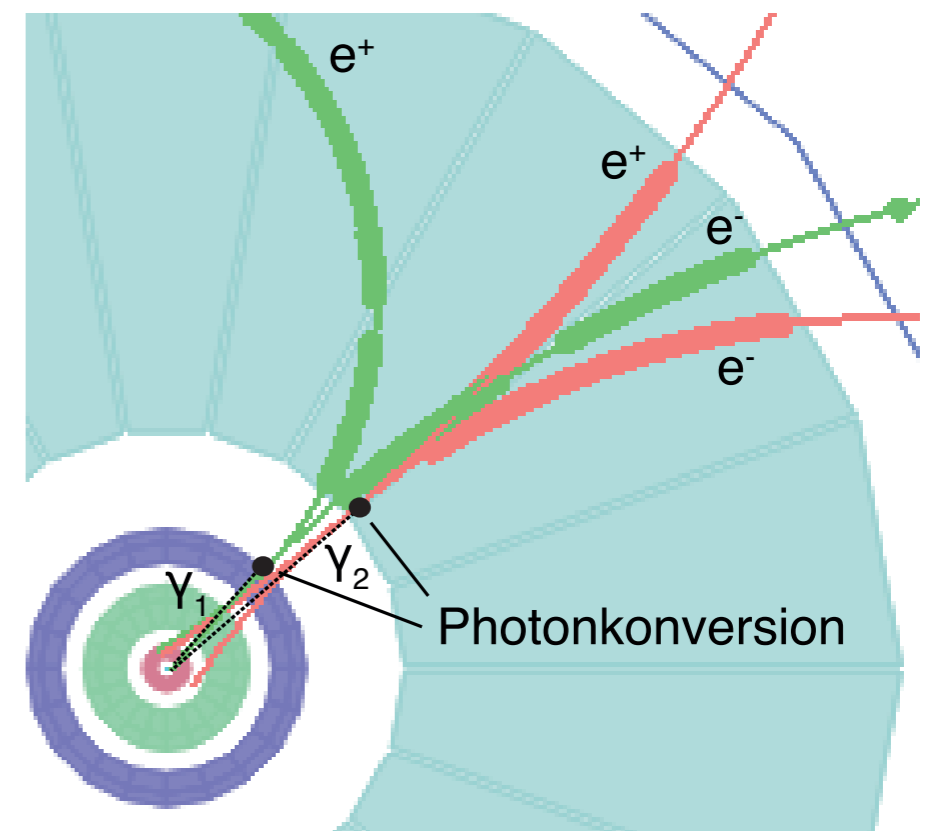


Direct Photons at the LHC (Pb-Pb at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV)



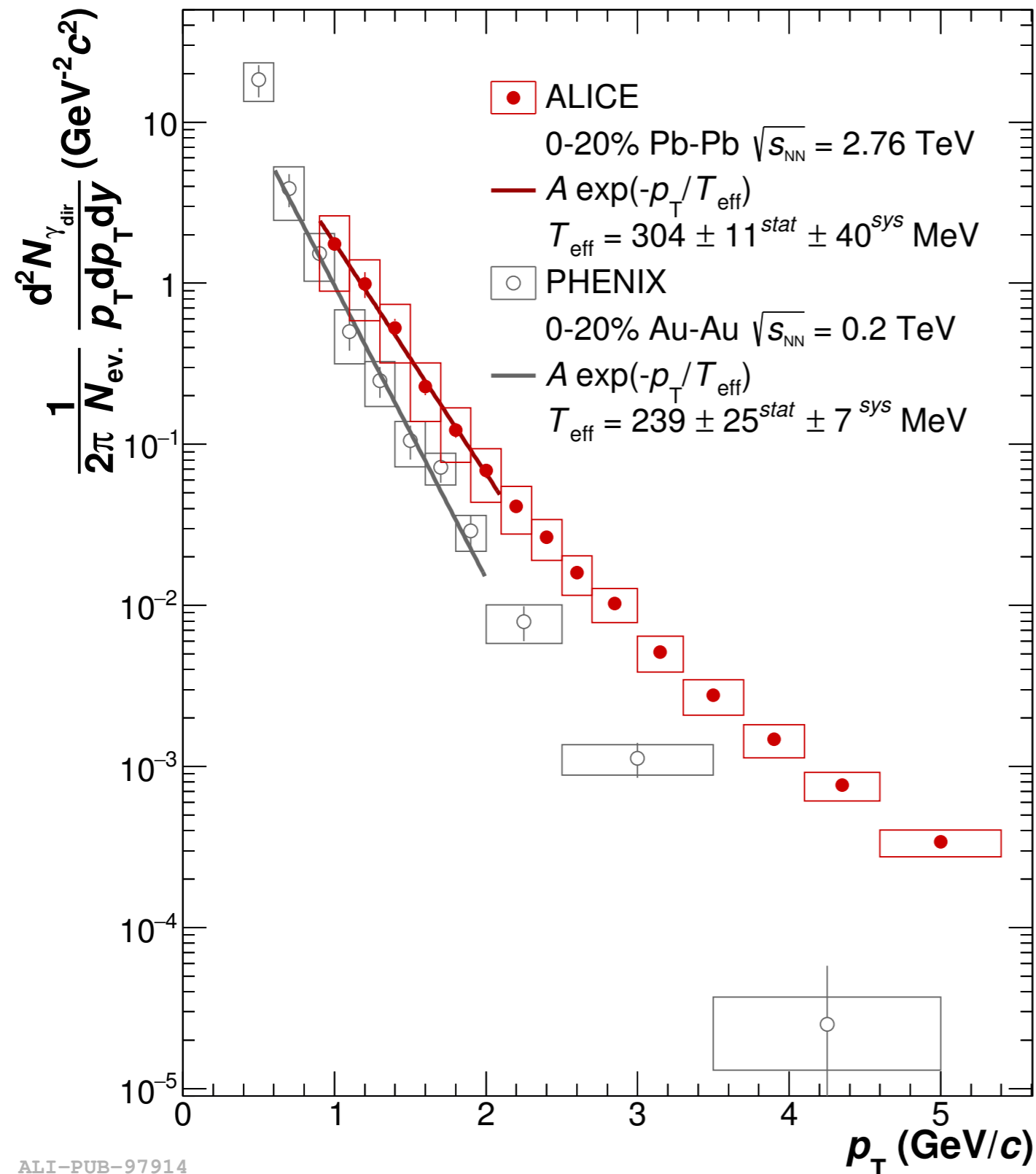
$$R_\gamma = \frac{\gamma_{\text{incl}}}{\gamma_{\text{decay}}} = 1 + \frac{\gamma_{\text{dir}}}{\gamma_{\text{decay}}}$$

- Excess in Pb-Pb
- No low- p_T excess in pp
- Consistent with thermal radiation



+ PHOS calorimeter measurement

Larger T_{eff} at the LHC



■ T_{eff} LHC

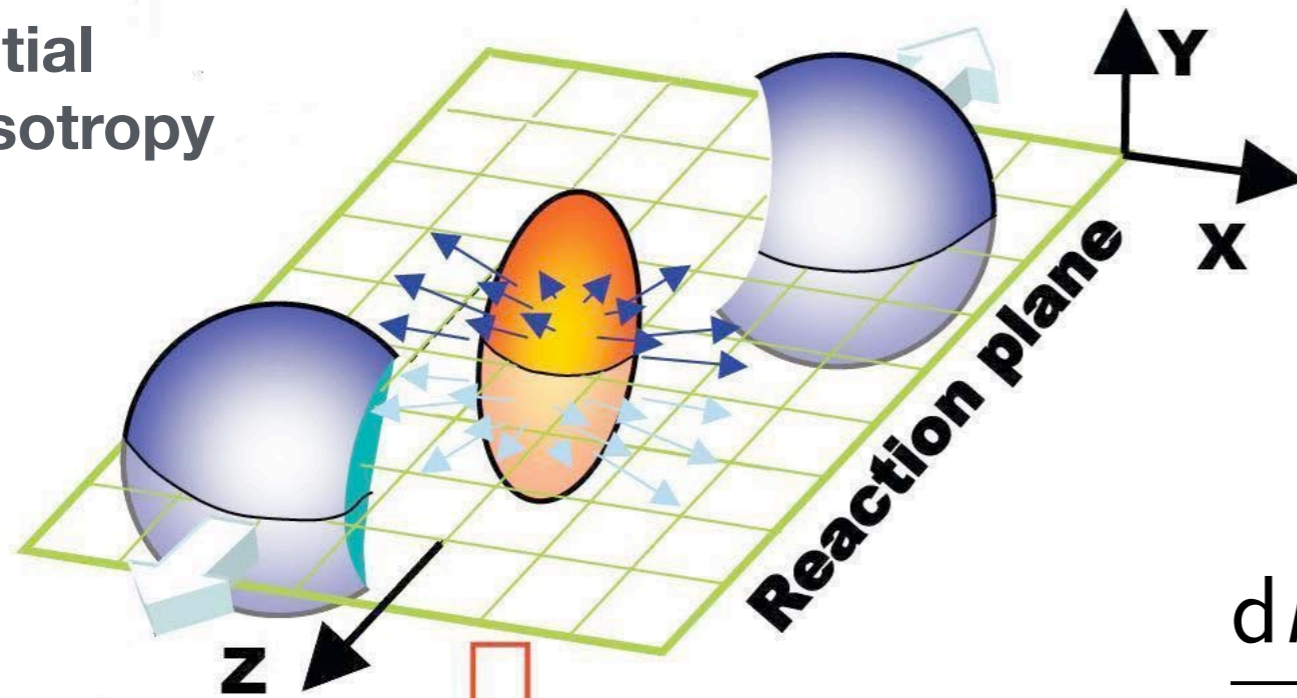
- ▶ 0-20% Pb-Pb@2.76 TeV
- ▶ without pQCD subtraction:
 $T_{\text{eff}} = 304 \pm 11^{\text{stat}} \pm 40^{\text{sys}}$ MeV
- ▶ with pQCD subtraction:
 $T_{\text{eff}} = 297 \pm 12^{\text{stat}} \pm 41^{\text{sys}}$ MeV

■ T_{eff} RHIC

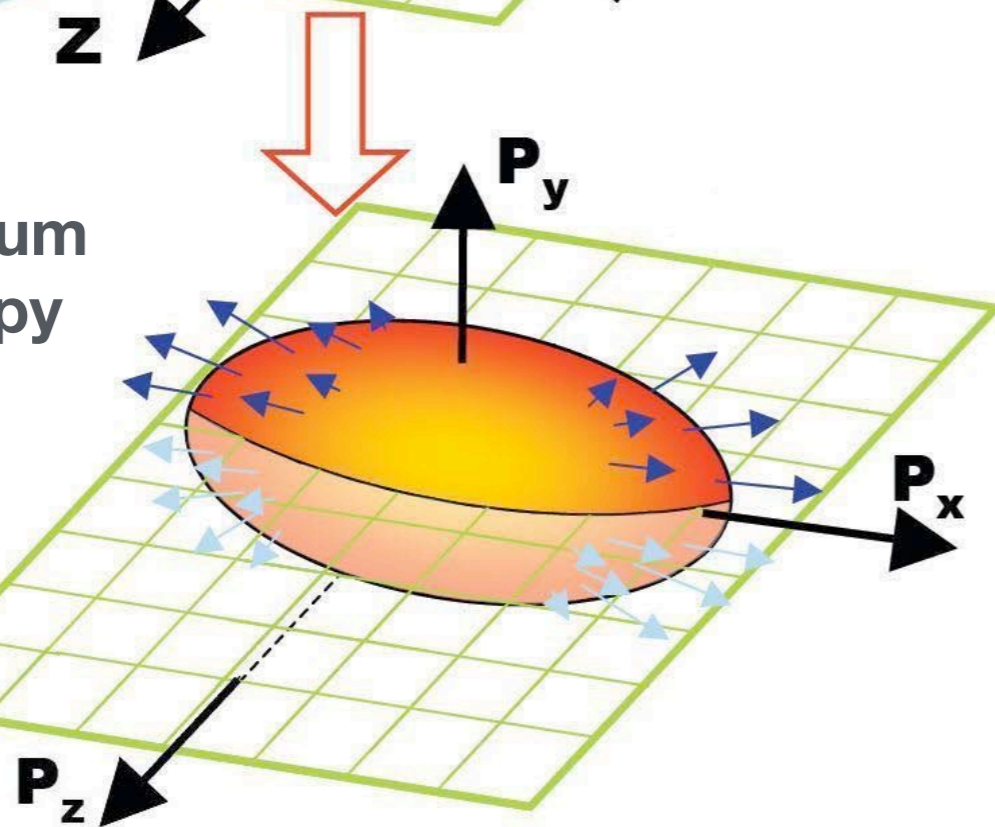
- ▶ 0-20% Au-Au@0.2 TeV
- ▶ $T_{\text{eff}} = 239 \pm 25^{\text{stat}} \pm 7^{\text{sys}}$ MeV
(pp parameterization subtracted)

Elliptic Flow

spatial
anisotropy



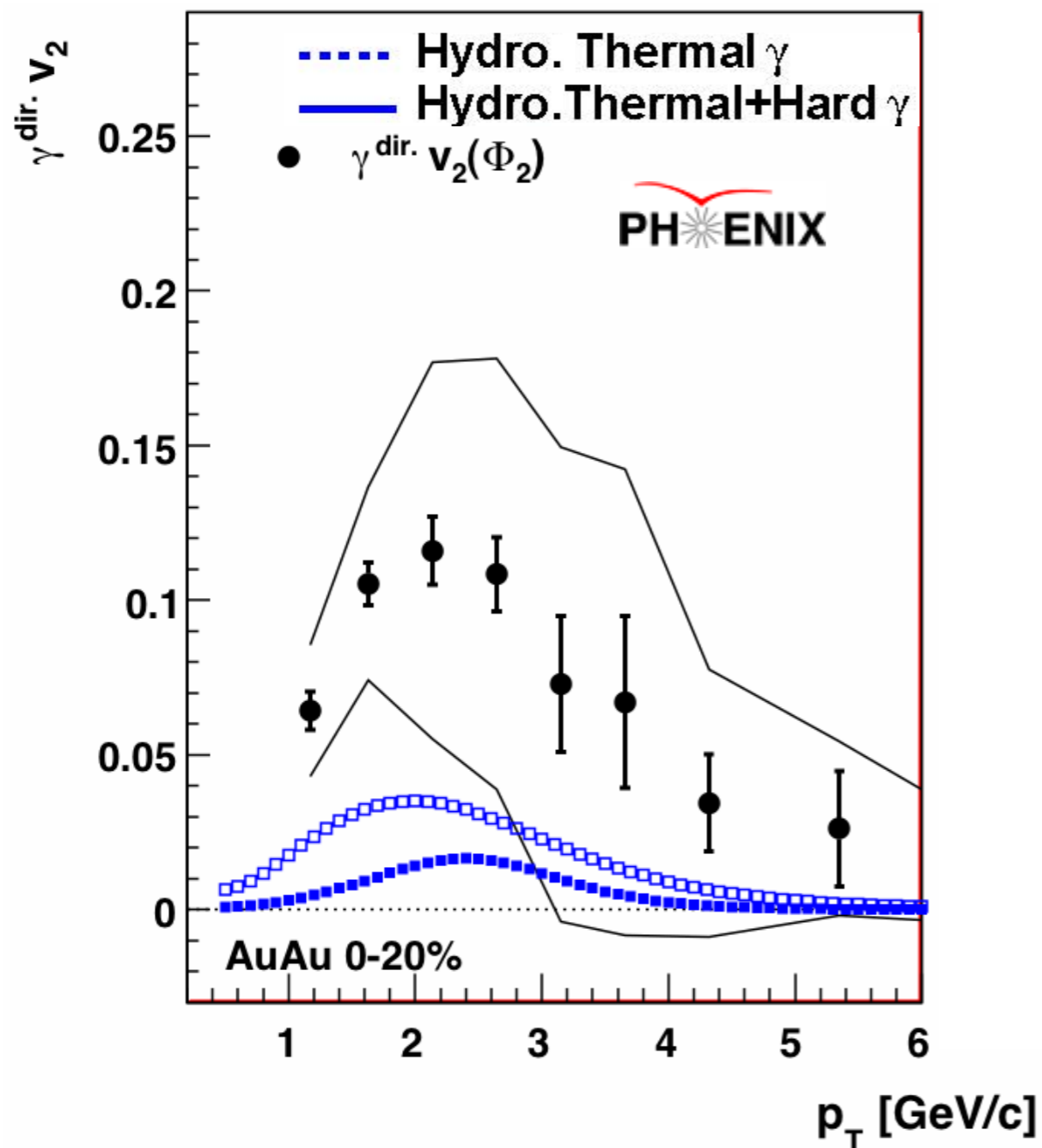
momentum
anisotropy



$$\frac{dN}{d\varphi} = N_0 (1 + 2v_2 \cos(2\varphi))$$

Direct Photon Puzzle

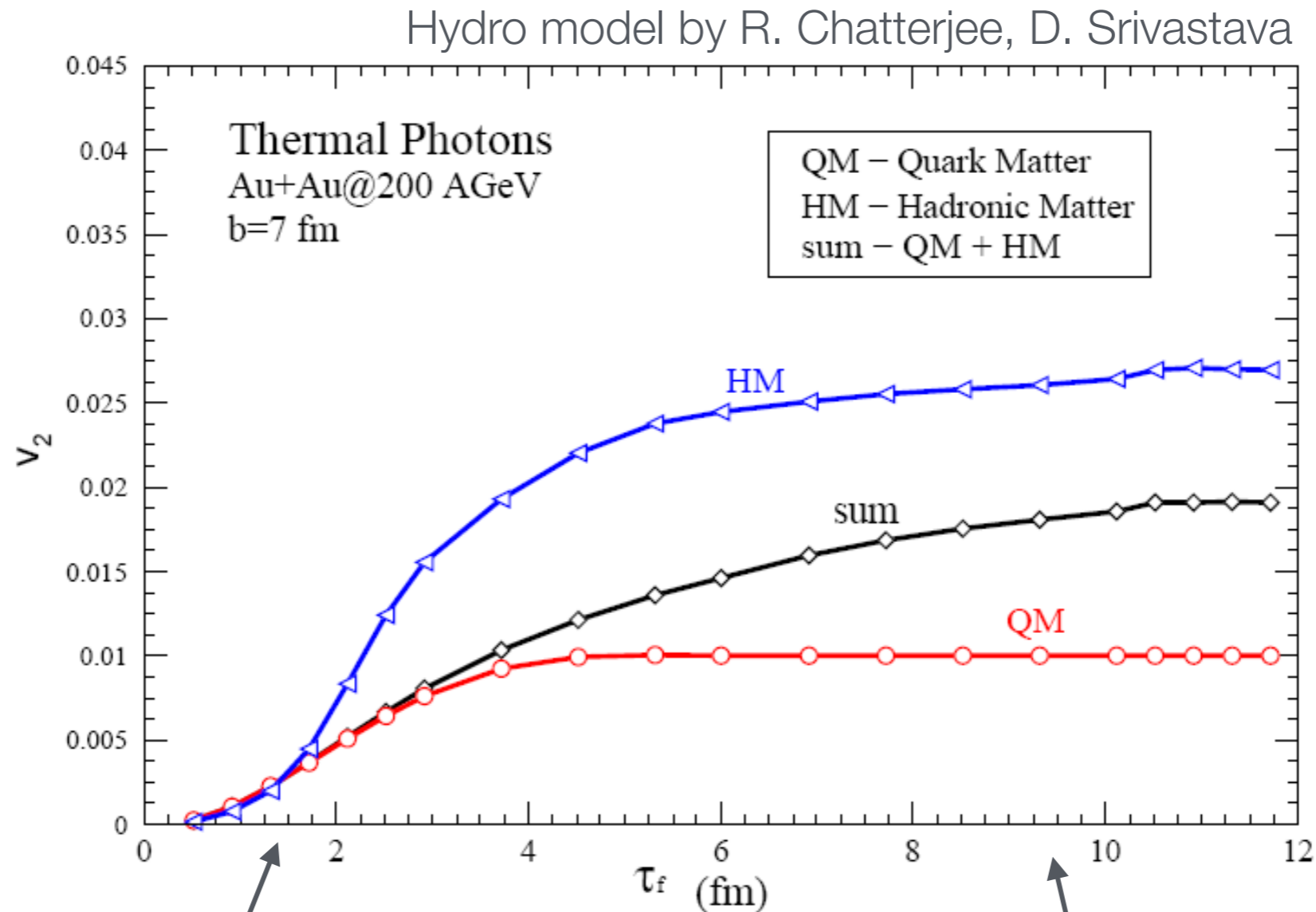
PHENIX, Quark Matter 2011



- Around since 2011
- PHENIX:
"Data a challenge to theory"
- Theorist (Ch. Gale):
"Theory a challenge to the data"

What's actually so puzzling?

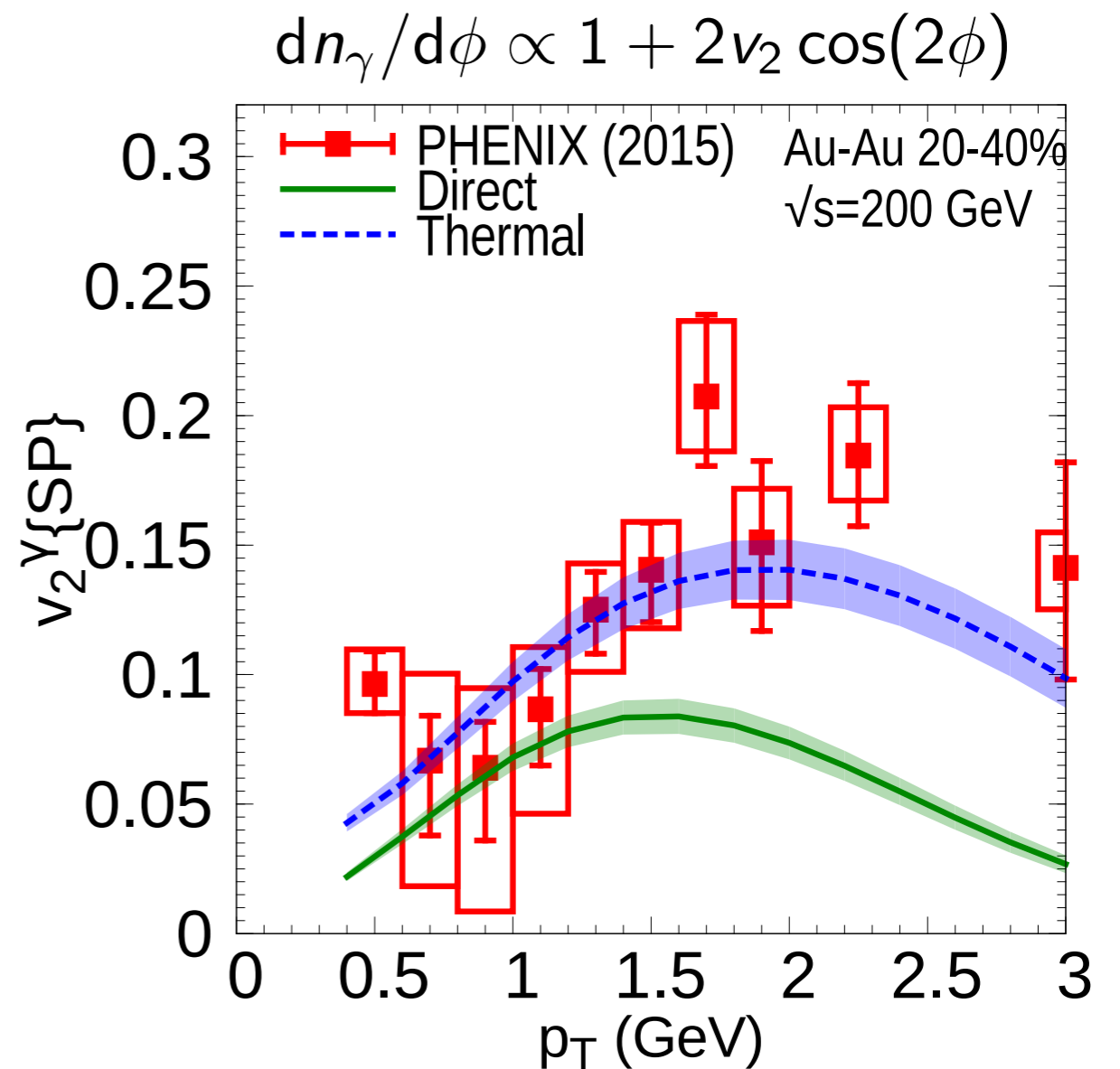
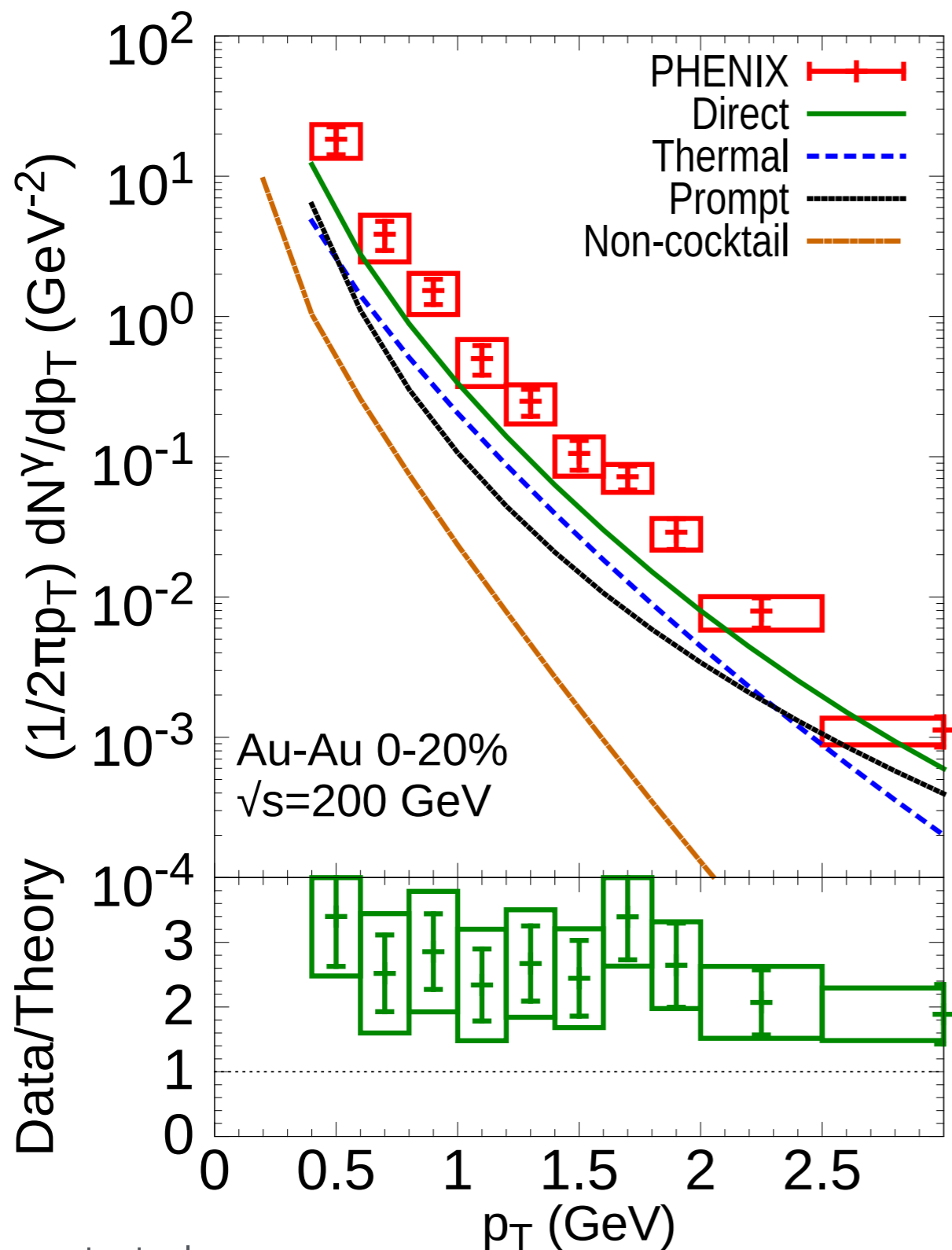
Elliptic flow builds up gradually with time in hydro models:



Expect large fraction of thermal photons from early times

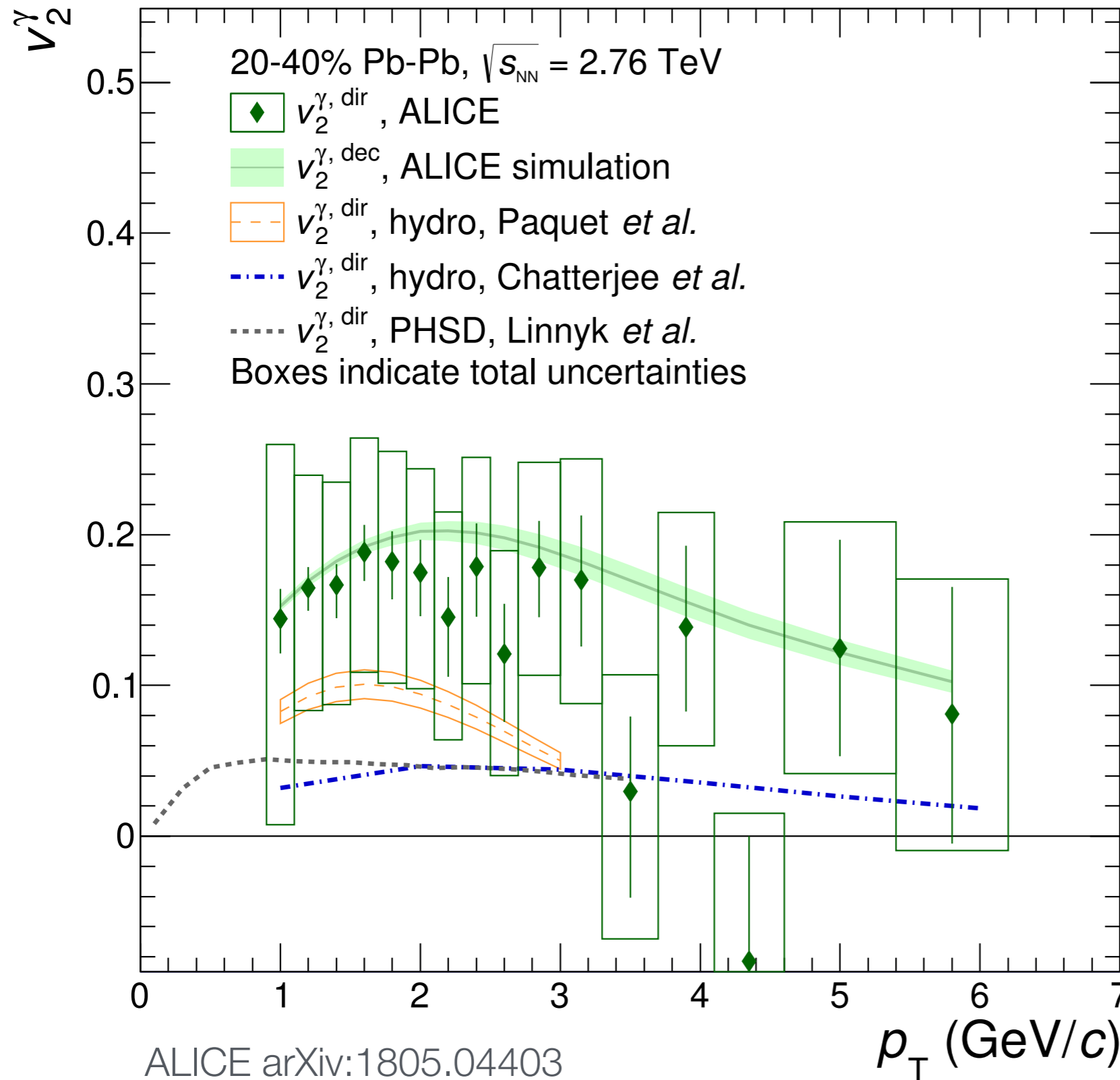
Expect bulk of hadrons to be produced at late times

Direct-Photon Puzzle: Status



- Challenging for hydro models to describe v_2 and yield
- ALICE γ_{dir} and v_2 :
"No puzzle within current errors"

ALICE Direct-Photon v_2



Large $v_{2, \text{dir}}$:

$$v_{2, \text{dir}} \approx v_{2, \text{decay}}$$

But no puzzle within the current uncertainties

EMMI Rapid Reaction Task Force on the Direct Photon Flow Puzzle

- Feb. 2014, 25 participants (theory + experiment)
- Open Symposium:
<https://indico.gsi.de/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=2662>
- Detailed discussions on
 - ▶ Averaging of v_n over large centrality bins, definition of v_n in models
 - ▶ Definition of decay photon cocktail in experiment and models, contribution from short-lived resonances
 - ▶ Comparison of the space-time evolution (hydro models, PHSD, parameterized fireball evolution)
 - ▶ pQCD contribution in various models
 - ▶ Initial flow, near T_c enhancement of photon rates, bremsstrahlung photons in the hadrons gas, Glasma photons, role of fragmentation photons, ...
- Puzzle remains after checking various aspects of the data/theory comparison

Helmholtz Alliance
Extremes of Density and Temperature: Cosmic Matter in the Laboratory

ExtreMe Matter Institute EMMI

EMMI Rapid Reaction Task Force
Direct-Photon Flow Puzzle
February 24-28, 2014, GSI, Darmstadt, Germany

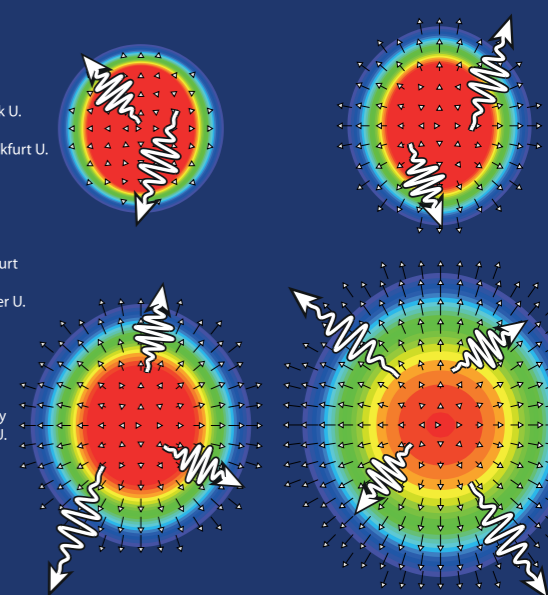
Open Symposium
Monday, Feb. 24, 09:30 - 13:00h
KBW Lecture Hall

Participants
Benjamin Bannier, Stony Brook U.
Friederike Bock, LBNL
Elena Bratkovskaya, FIAS, Frankfurt U.
Wolfgang Cassing, Gießen U.
Gabor David, BNL
Gabriel Denicol, McGill U.
Axel Drees, Stony Brook U.
Charles Gale, McGill U.
Hendrik van Hees, FIAS Frankfurt
Ulrich Heinz, Ohio State U.
Christian Klein-Börsing, Münster U.
Volker Koch, LBNL
Olena Linnyk, Gießen U.
Daniel Lohner, Heidelberg U.
Constantin Loizides, LBNL
Larry McLerran, BNL
Jean-Yves Ollitrault, CEA Saclay
Jean-François Paquet, McGill U.
Ralf Rapp, Texas A&M U.
Ilya Selyuzhenkov, EMMI
Chun Shen, Ohio State U.
Martin Wilde, Münster U.
Li Yan, CEA Saclay

Organizers
Johanna Stachel, Heidelberg U.
Klaus Reygers, Heidelberg U.

Further Information
www.gsi.de/emmi/rtrf

More about EMMI
www.gsi.de/emmi



Resolution of the direct photon puzzle

experiment

- decay photon cocktail?
- ...

theory

early stage

- Glasma?
- transport models (e.g. BAMPS) [2]
- Initial B field?

late stage ($T \approx T_c$)

- (\rightarrow large T_{eff} due to blue shift)
- $\pi+\pi \rightarrow \pi+\pi+\gamma$ (e.g. PHSD model [1])
- "radiative hadronization"?
- ...

?

Possible paradigm shift concerning role of photons as QGP messengers?

[1]: O. Linnyk et al, 1512.08126

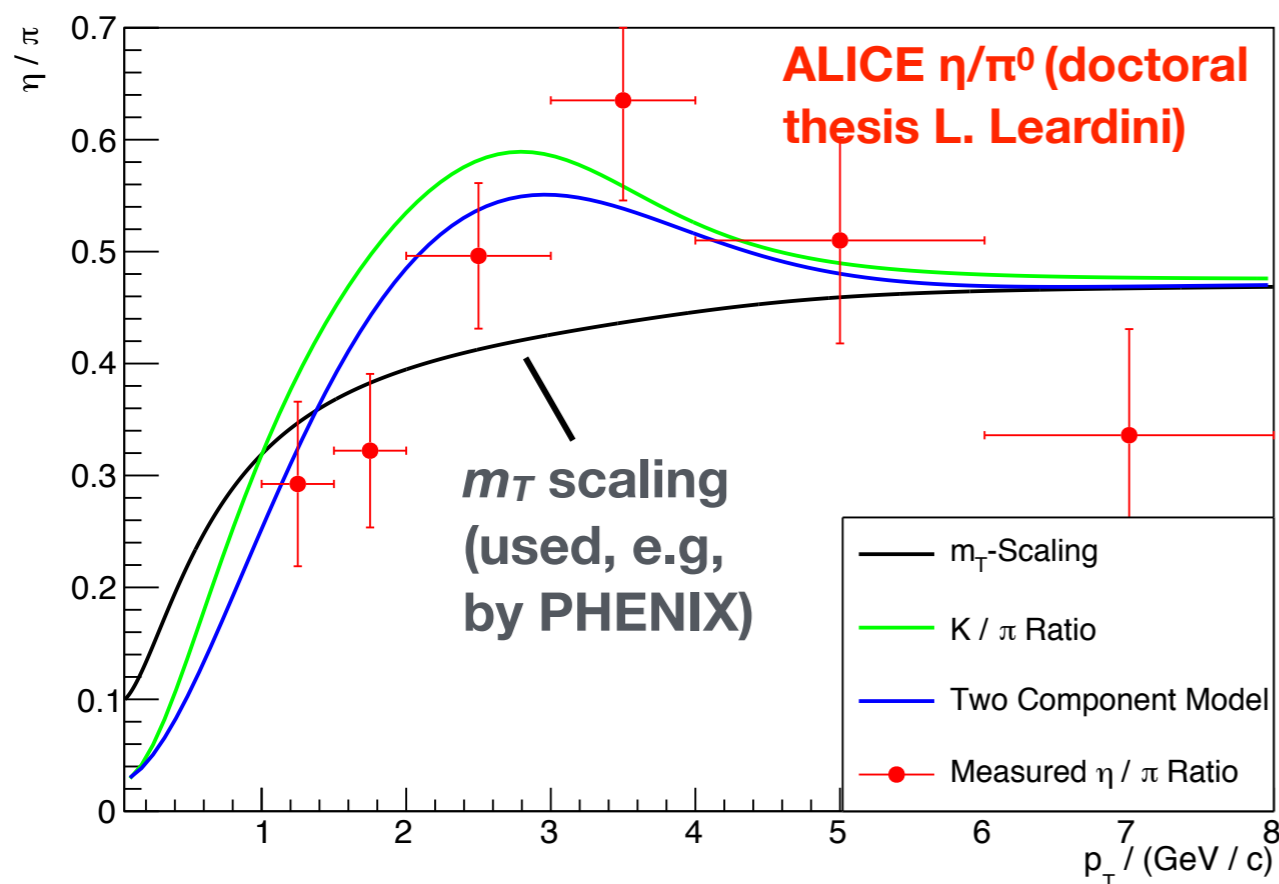
[2]: M. Greif et al, 1612.05811

Decay Photon Cocktail: Beyond m_T scaling for η , ω , η' , ...

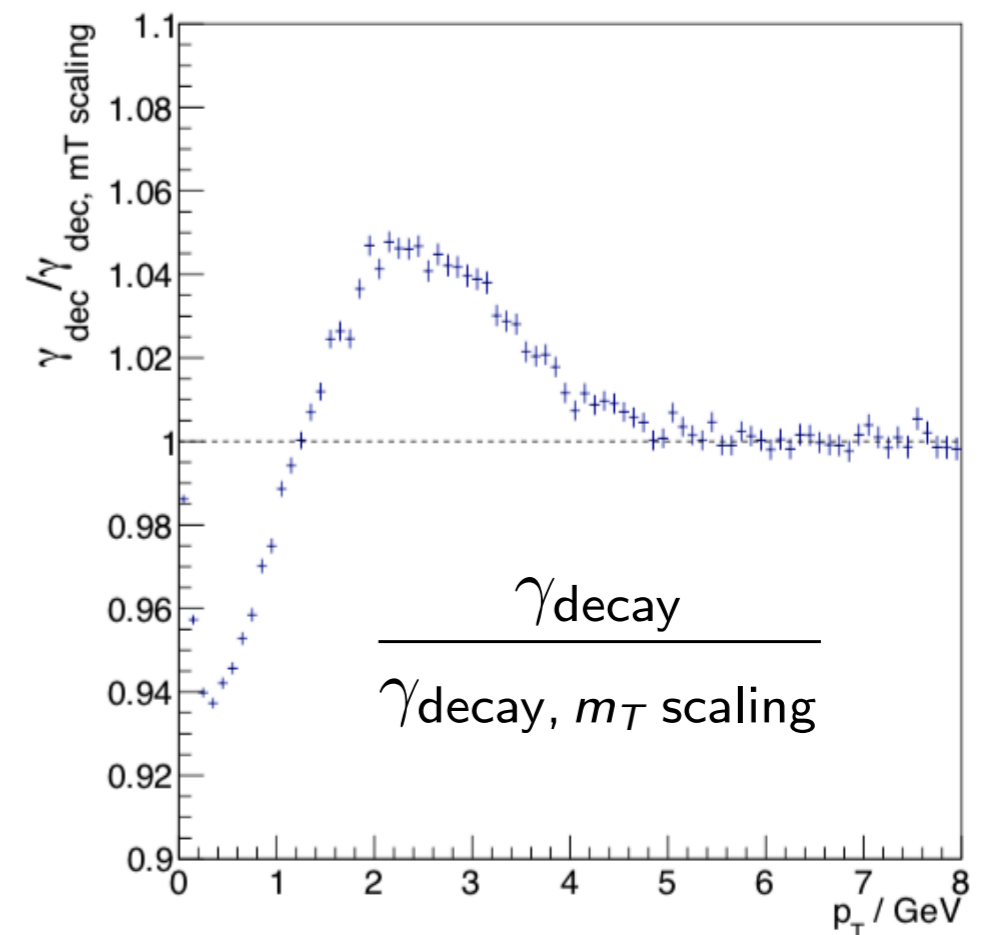
m_T scaling often used to model spectra of η , ω , ...:

$$\frac{1}{p_T} \frac{dn}{dp_T} \propto f(m_T), \quad m_T = \sqrt{m^2 + p_T^2}$$

→ Include effect of radial flow (which breaks m_T scaling)



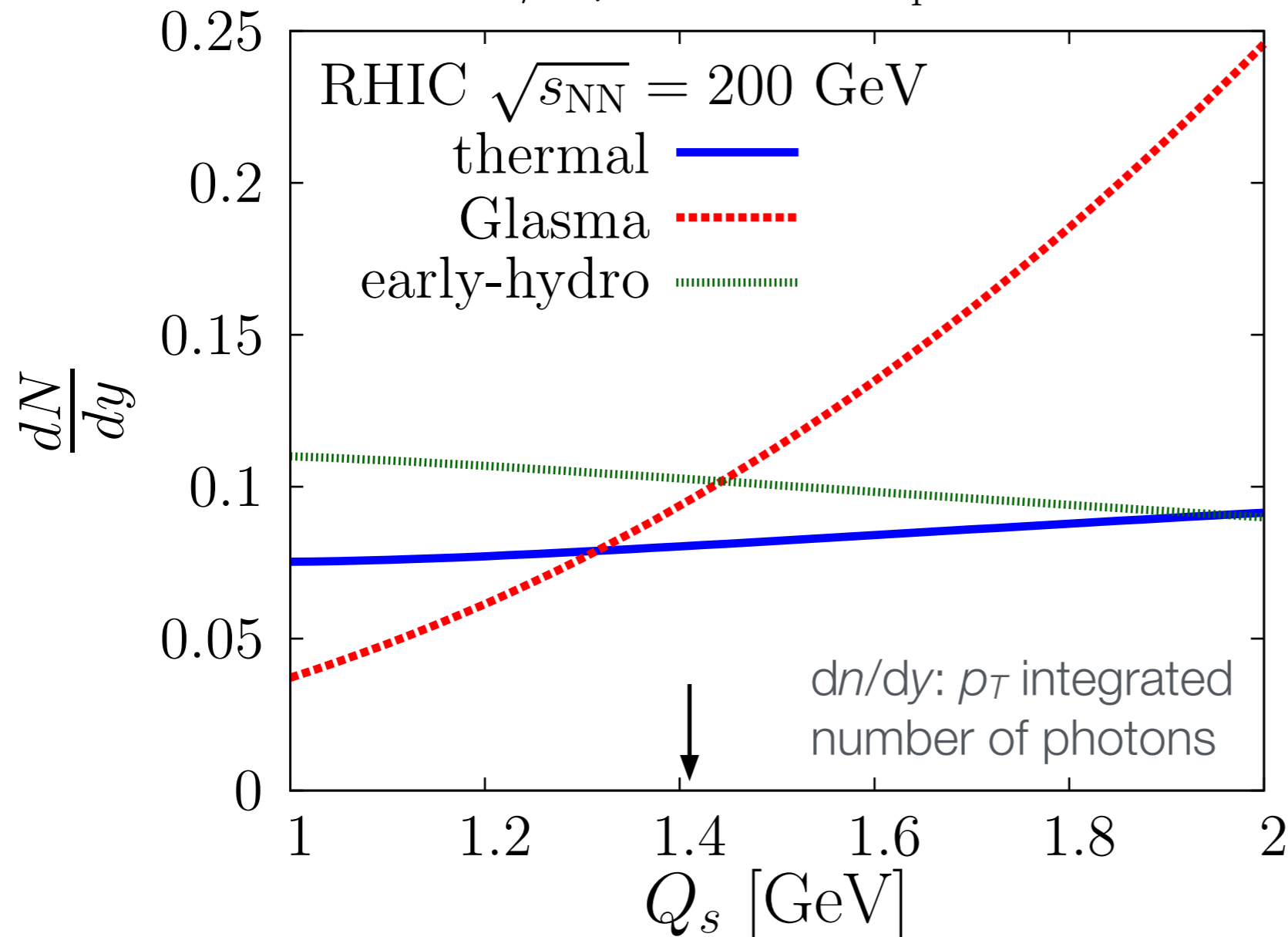
bachelor's thesis Ilya Fokin



Know your baseline!

Early Stage: Glasma Contribution to total Photon Yield might be Sizable

$$dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta = 687 \text{ at } N_{\text{part}} = 353$$



Parametric estimate

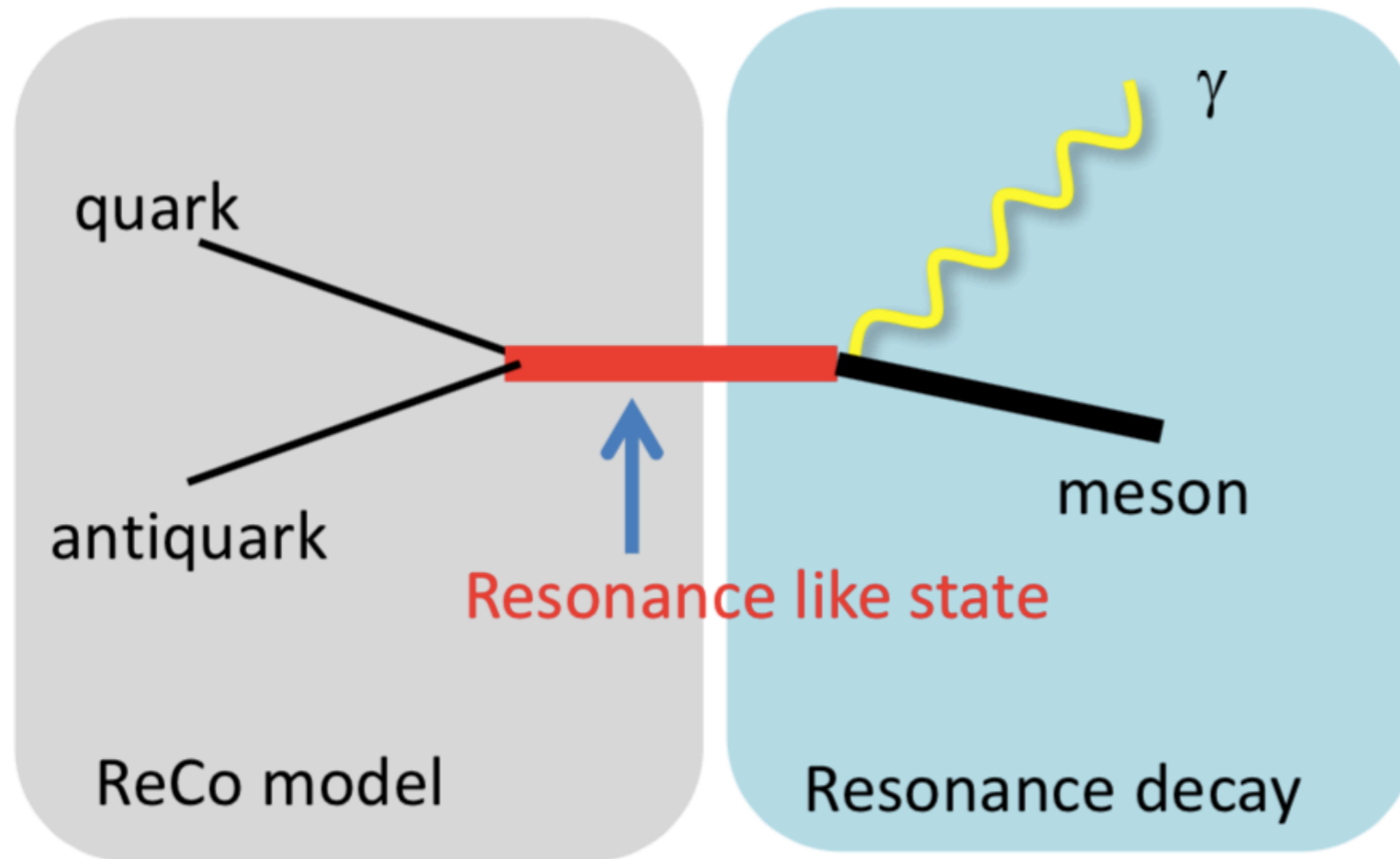
Modeling of pre-equilibrium stage:
"bottom-up thermalization"

current hydro models:
early-hydro + thermal

consistent weak coupling approach:
Glasma + thermal

arXiv:1701.05064 (J. Berges,
KR, N. Tanji, R. Venugopalan)

Late Stage: Radiative Recombination?



- Naturally:

$$v_2(\gamma) \approx v_2(\text{hadron})$$

- Large T_{eff} due to blue shift

$$T_{\text{eff}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{1 + \beta}{1 - \beta}} T$$

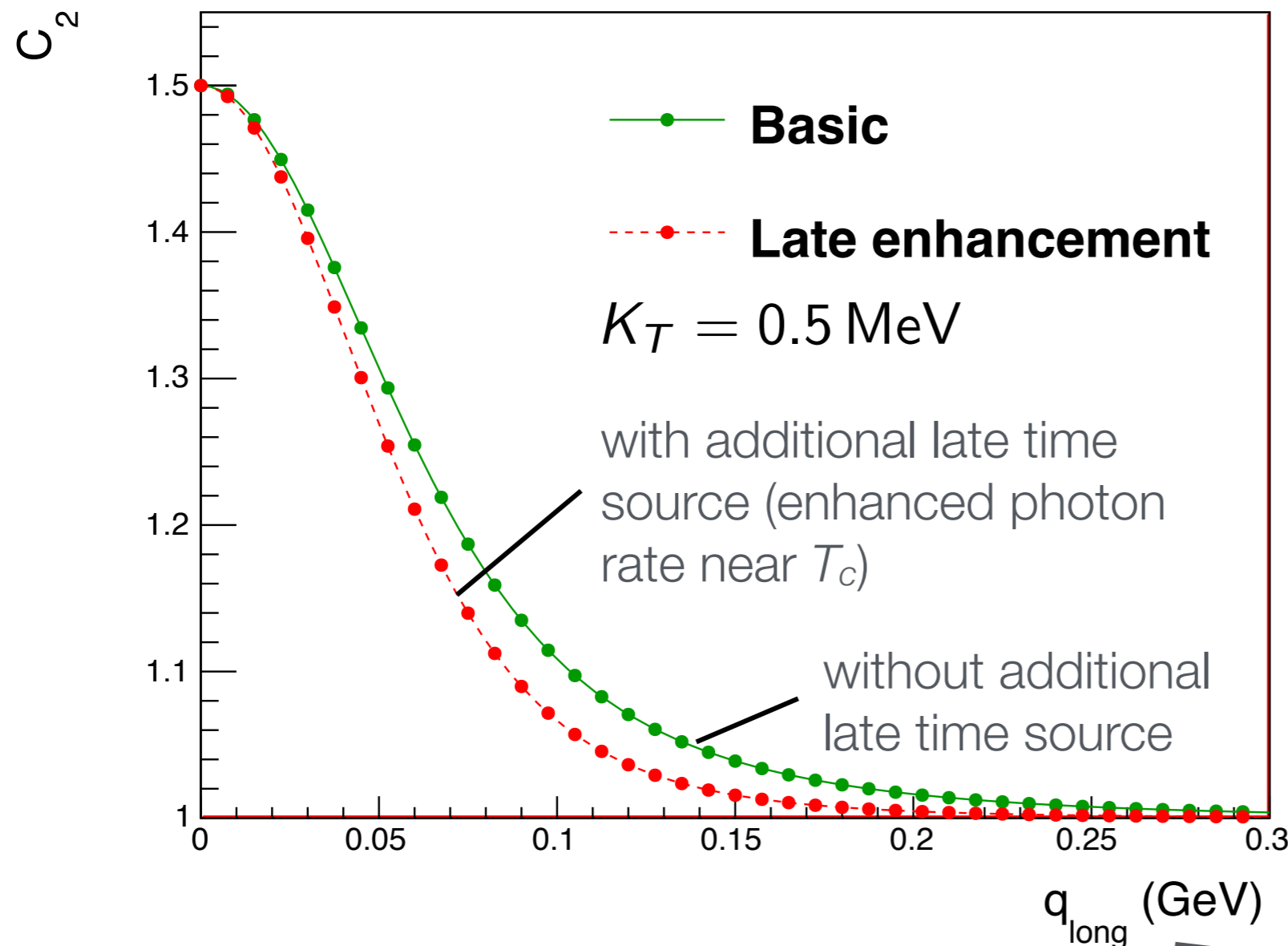
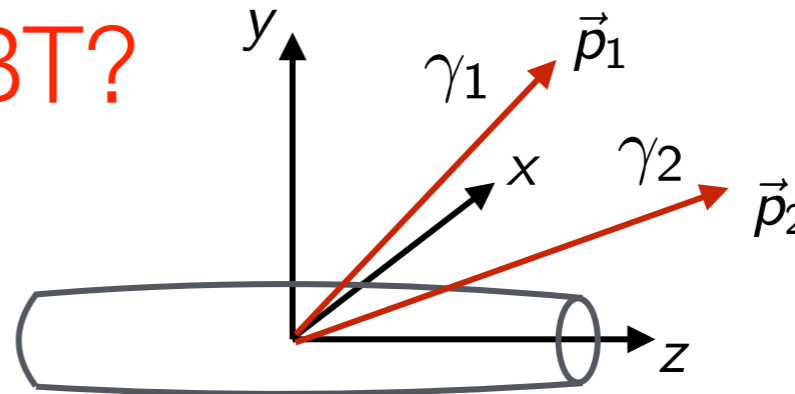
- "Saves" energy conservation in recombination models

Fujii, Itakura, Nonaka, Nucl.Phys. A967 (2017) 704-707

Young, Pratt, 1511.03147

Early or late stage production: Constraints from Photon HBT?

$$C_2 = \frac{f(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}{f(\vec{p}_1)f(\vec{p}_2)}$$

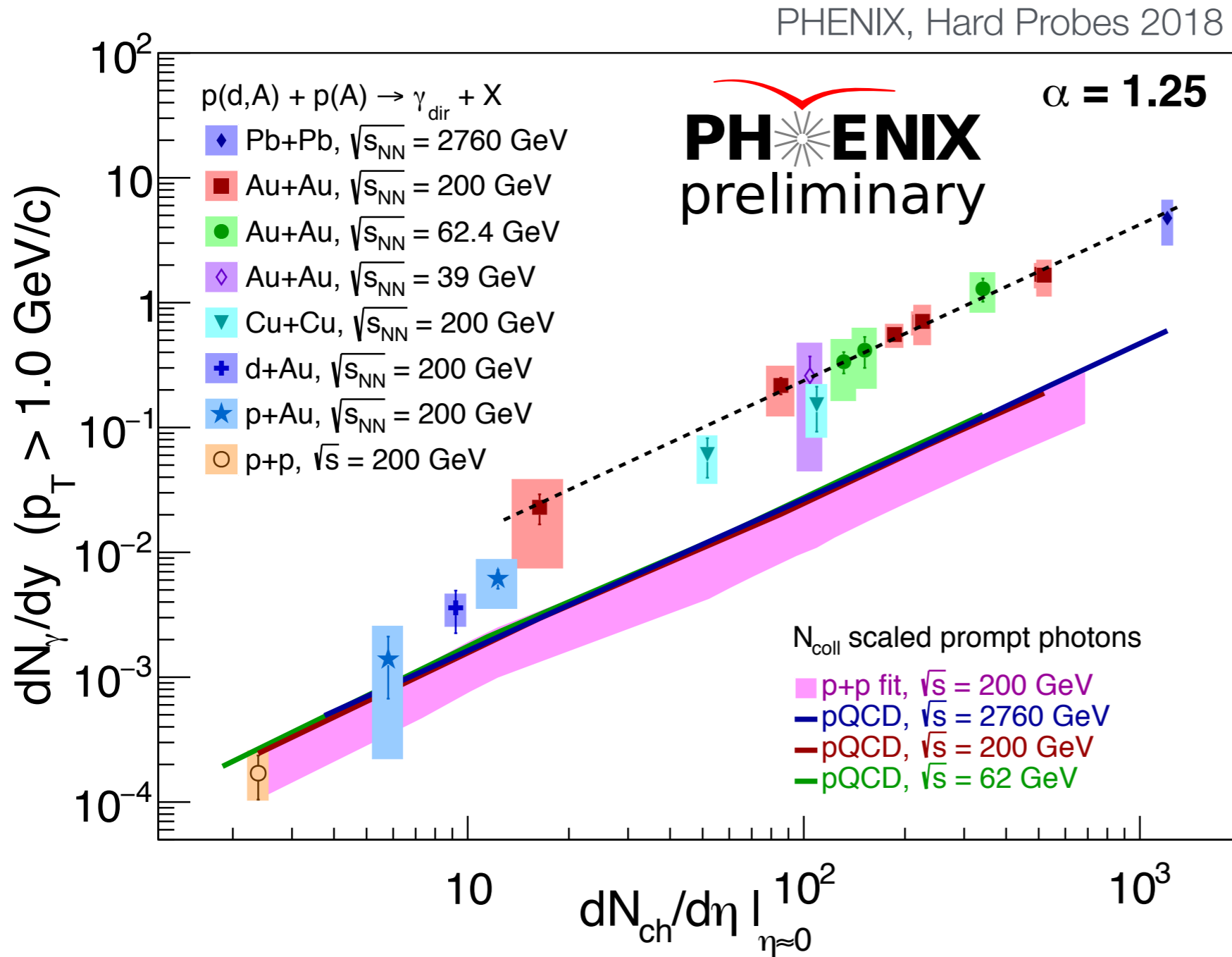


- Photon rate around T_c increased to describe data
- Narrower correlation for scenario with enhanced photon rate near T_c
- Will be hard to measure, even in future high-statistics runs at the LHC

q_{long} (GeV)

projection of momentum
difference onto z axis

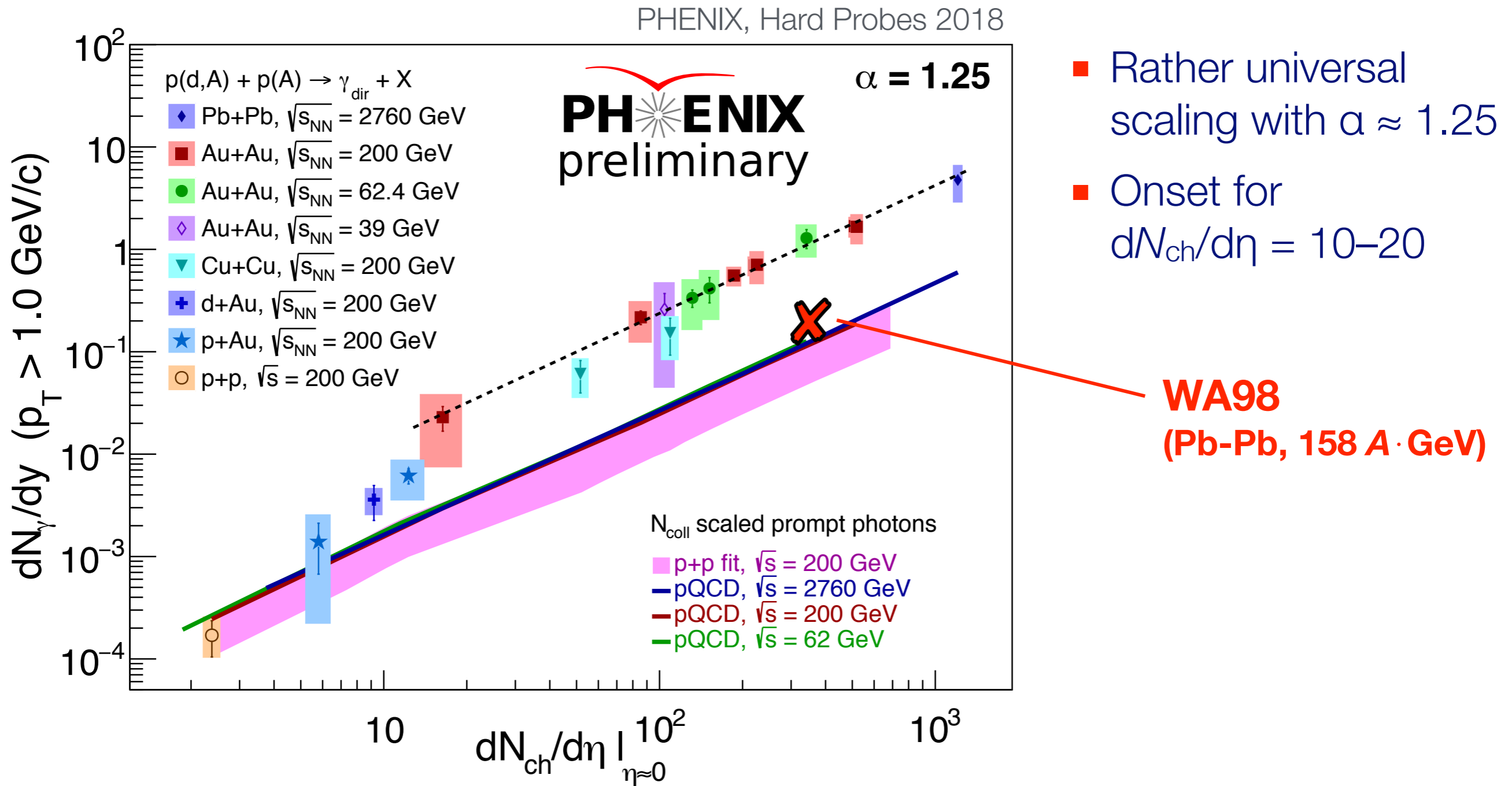
Do the Data Speak for Themselves? Universal Scaling?



- Rather universal scaling with $\alpha \approx 1.25$
- Onset for $dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta = 10-20$

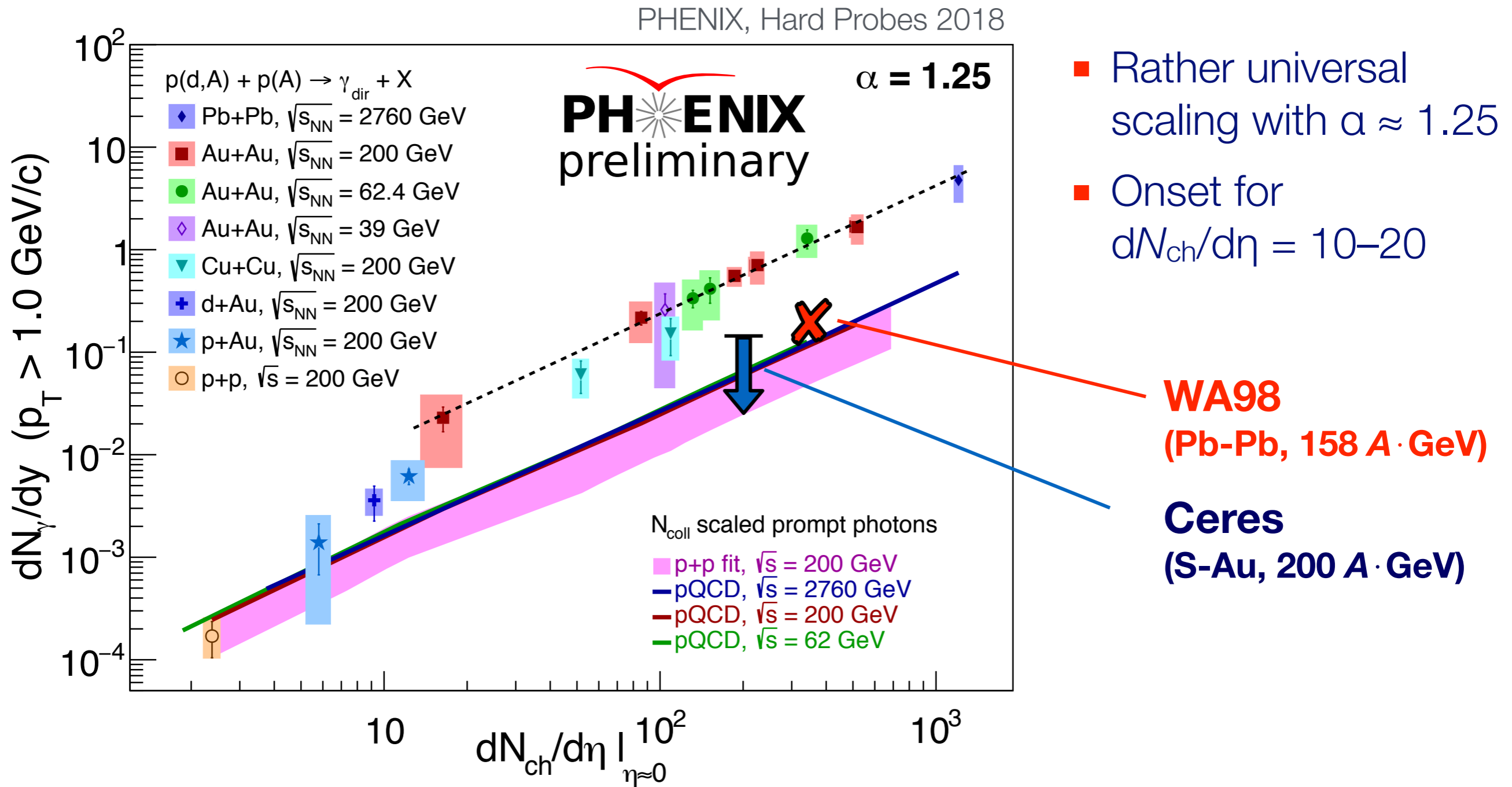
$\alpha = 1.25 \triangleq N_{\text{coll}} \text{ scaling} \Rightarrow$ photons related to initial parton scattering?

Do the Data Speak for Themselves? Universal Scaling?



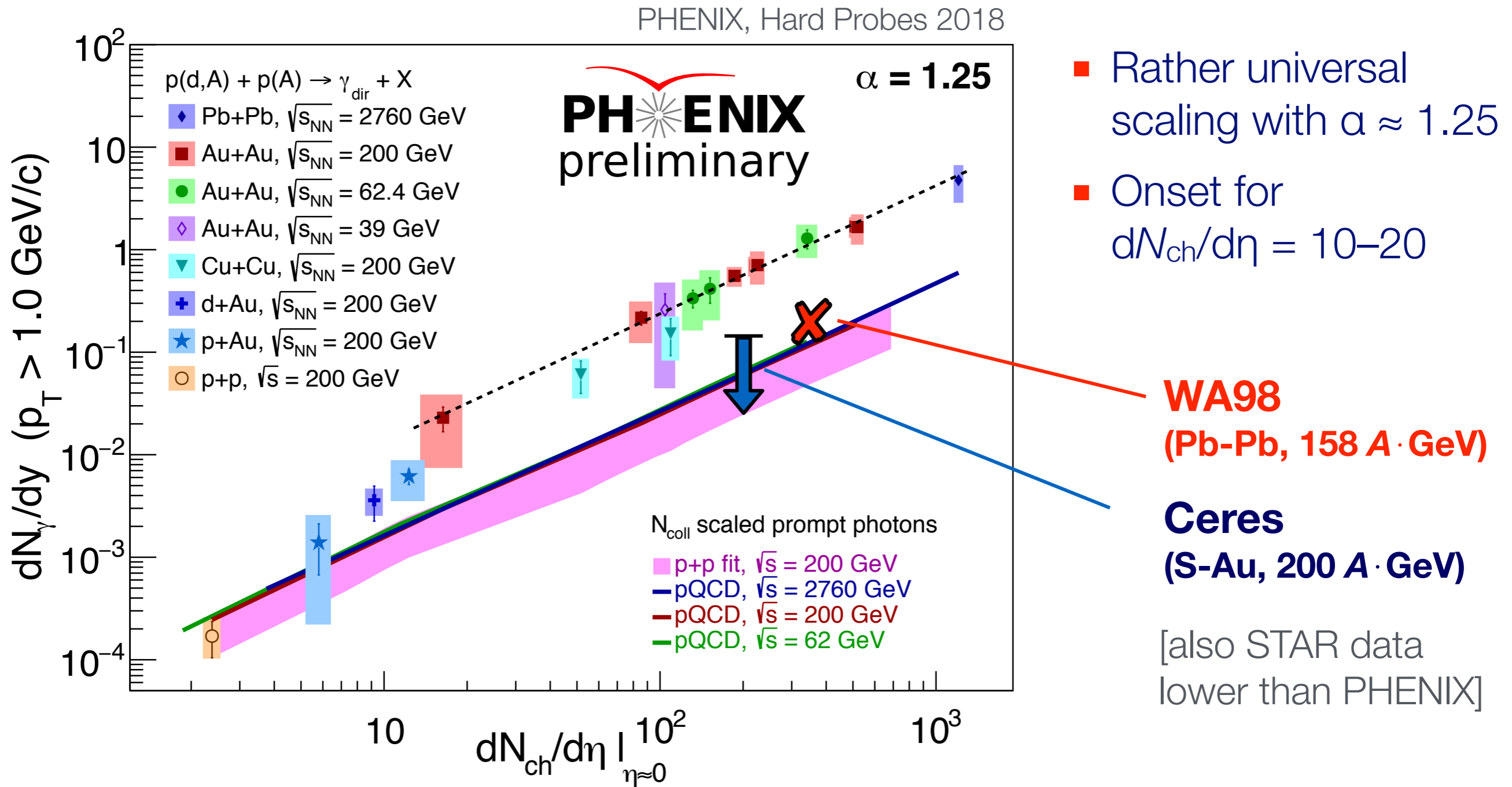
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Do the Data Speak for Themselves? Universal Scaling?



- Rather universal scaling with $\alpha \approx 1.25$
- Onset for $dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta = 10-20$

WA98
(Pb-Pb, 158 A · GeV)

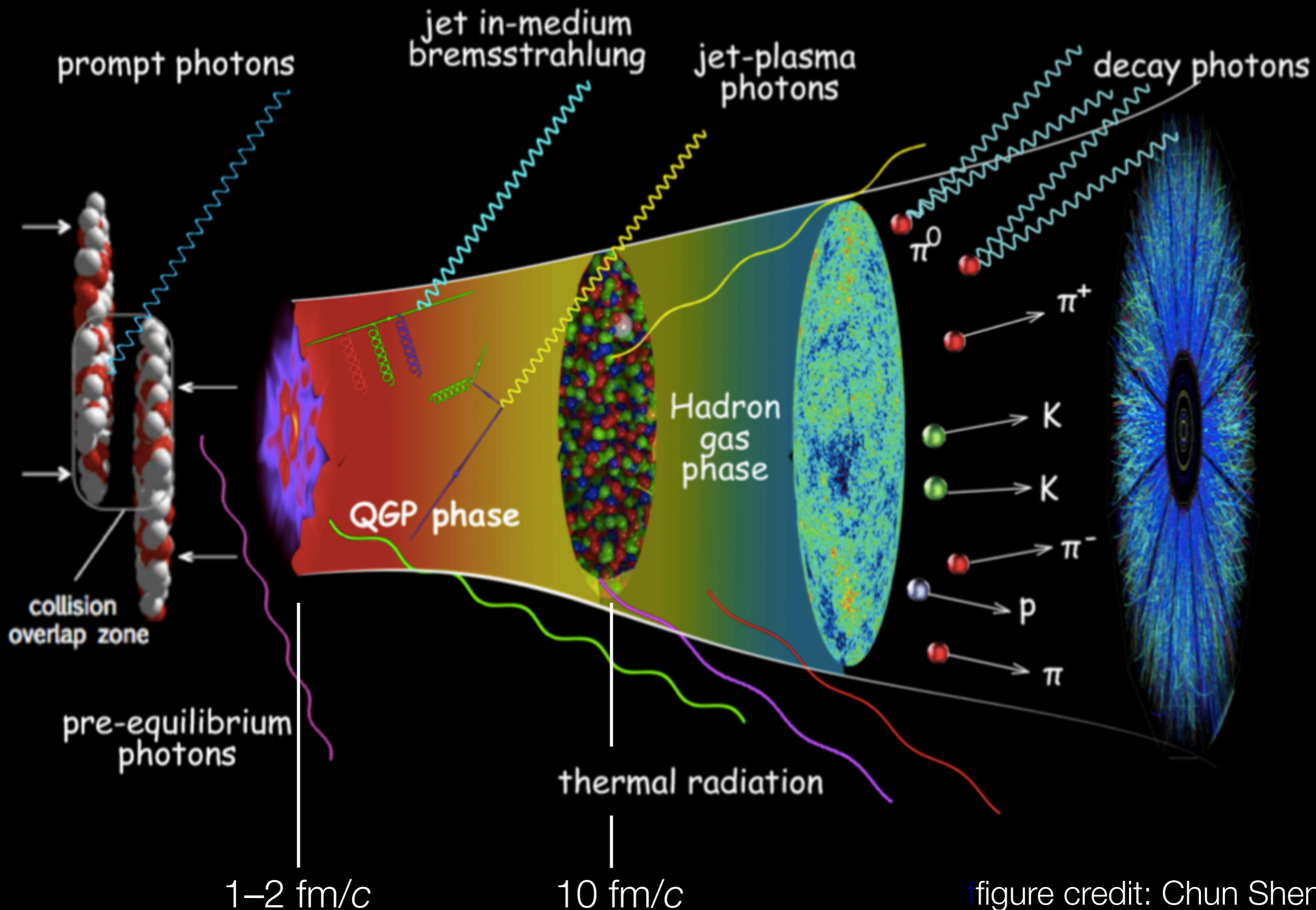
Ceres
(S-Au, 200 A · GeV)

[also STAR data lower than PHENIX]

$\alpha = 1.25 \triangleq N_{\text{coll}}$ scaling \Rightarrow photons related to initial parton scattering?

Conclusions

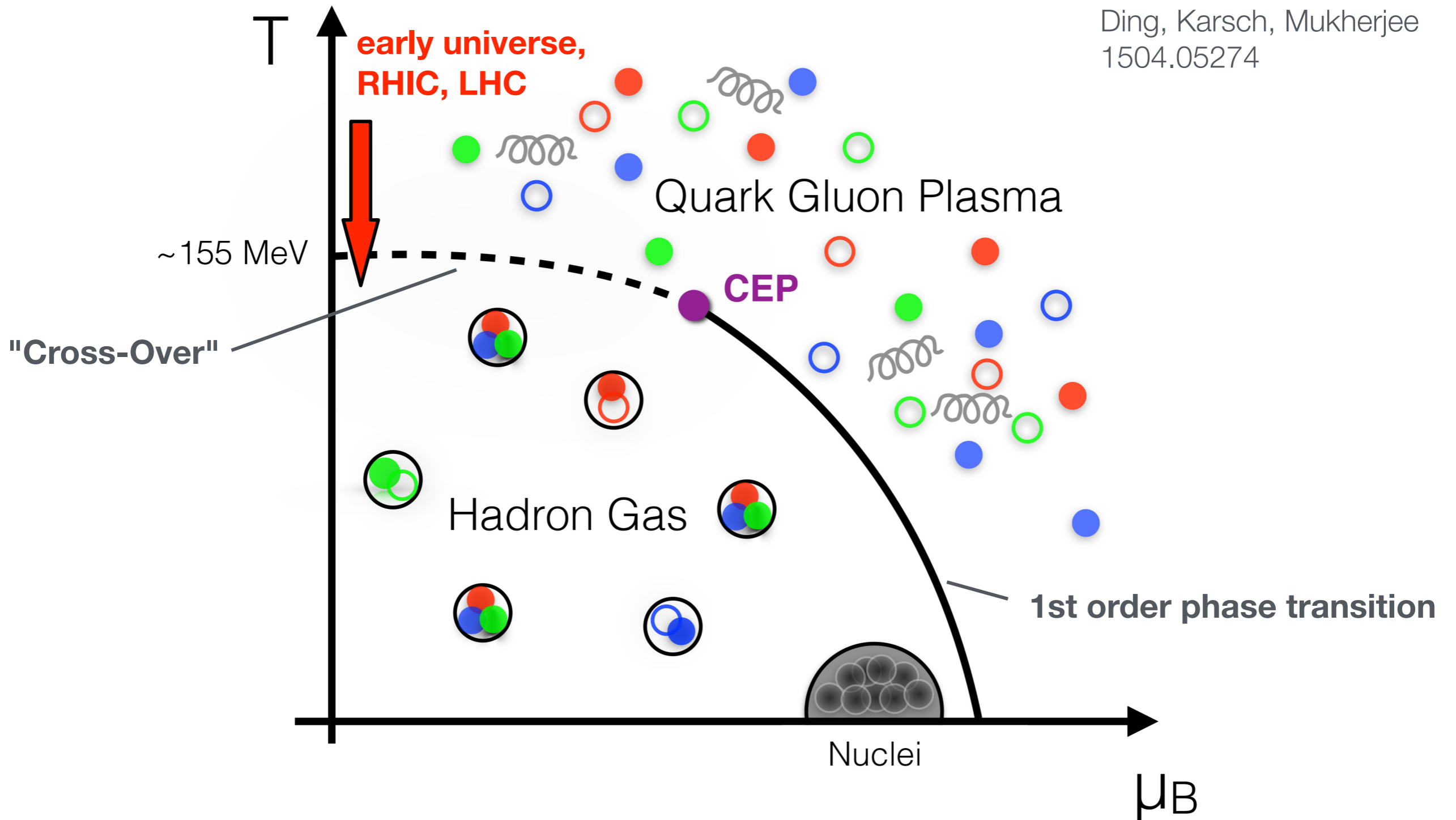
- Direct photon puzzle still with us
- Currently mostly at RHIC
- Something rather fundamental in heavy-ion collisions not fully understood
- Possible paradigm shift:
Photon production dominated by late stage around T_c ?
- High statistics LHC data will help solve the puzzle



Extra Slides

(Conjectured) QCD Phase Diagram

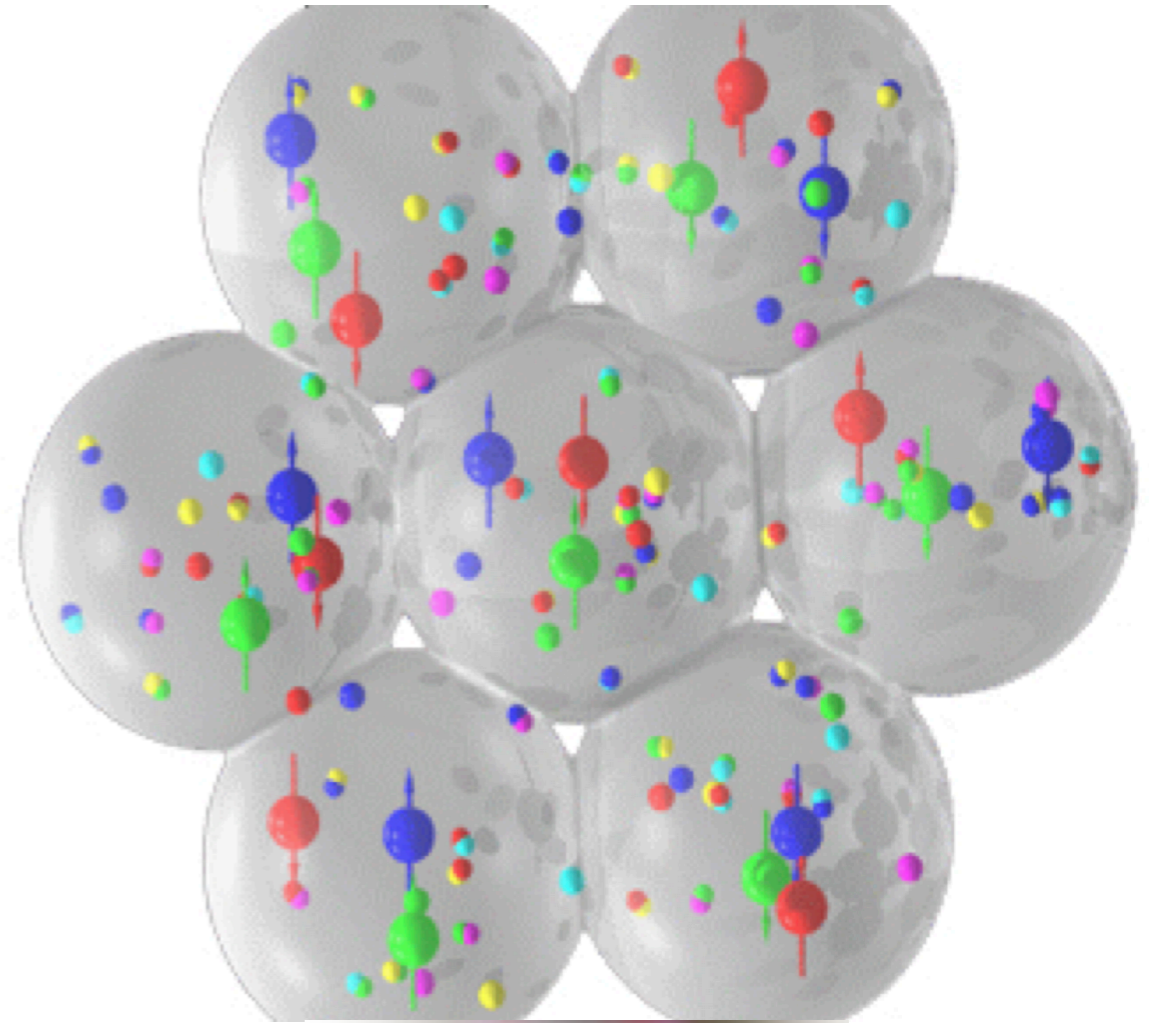
Ding, Karsch, Mukherjee
1504.05274



What is the question?

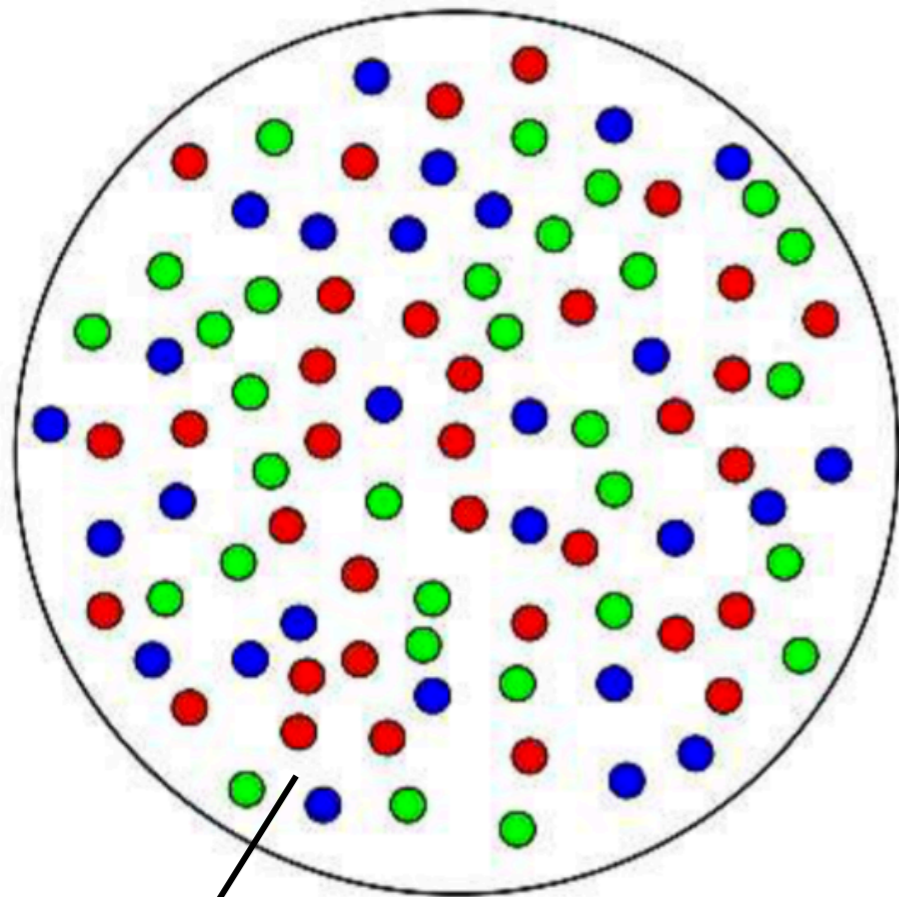
What happens if make nuclear matter

- hotter and hotter?
- denser and denser?



solid → liquid → gas → plasma → hadron gas → QGP

Let the data Speak: Empirical Scaling Law for n_γ vs n_{hadron} ?



QGP at fixed temperature T

In recombination models:

$$n_\gamma \propto n_h$$

Parameterization:

$$n_\gamma \propto n_h^\alpha$$

Bjorken expansion (only QGP):

$$\alpha \approx 2$$

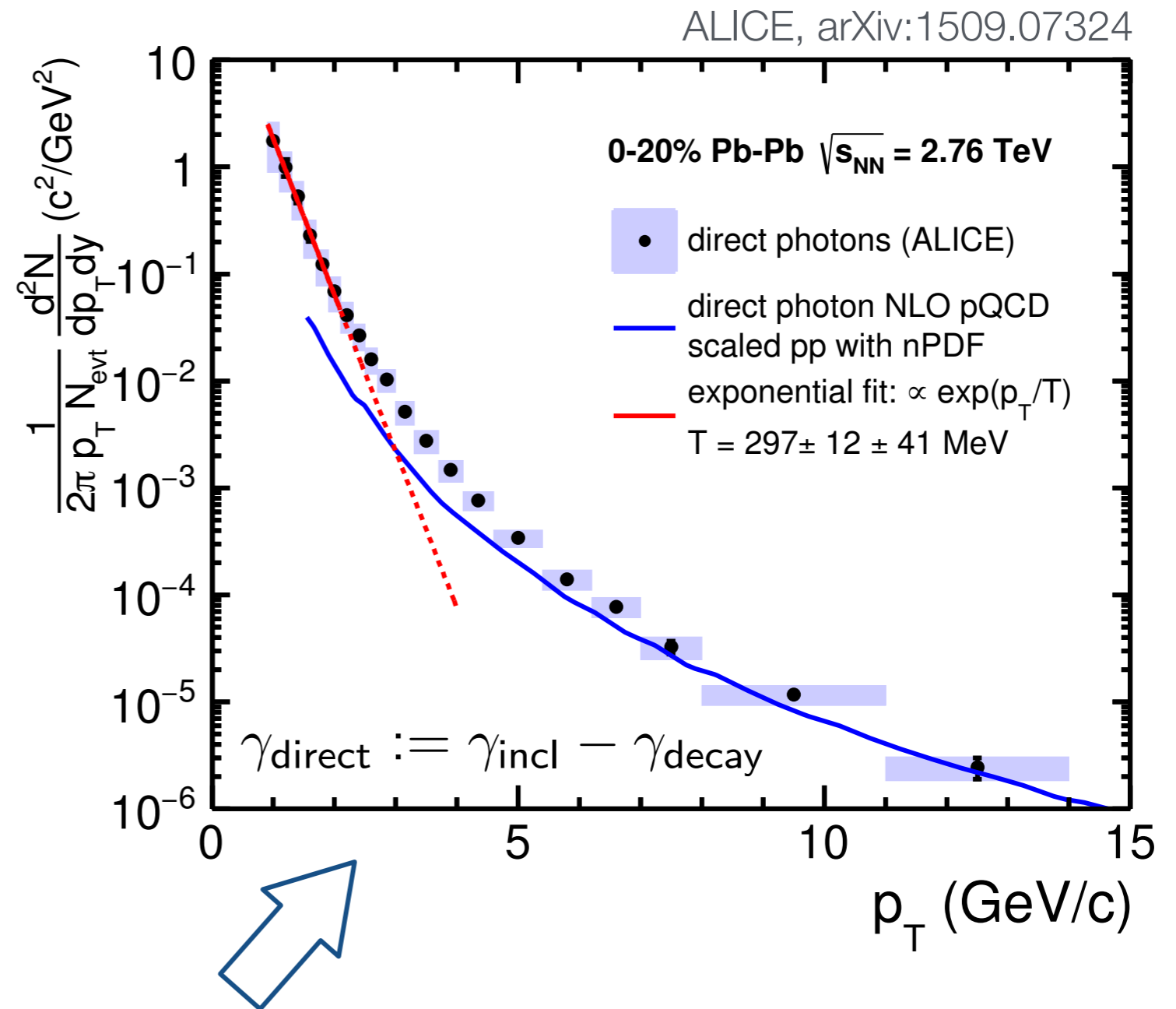
Realistic hydro model:
($p_{T,\gamma} > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$)

$$\alpha \approx 1.6\text{--}1.7$$

Jean-François Paquet,
Hard Probes 2018

A Candidate for an Iconic Figure from Heavy Ions: Planck-like Photon Spectrum

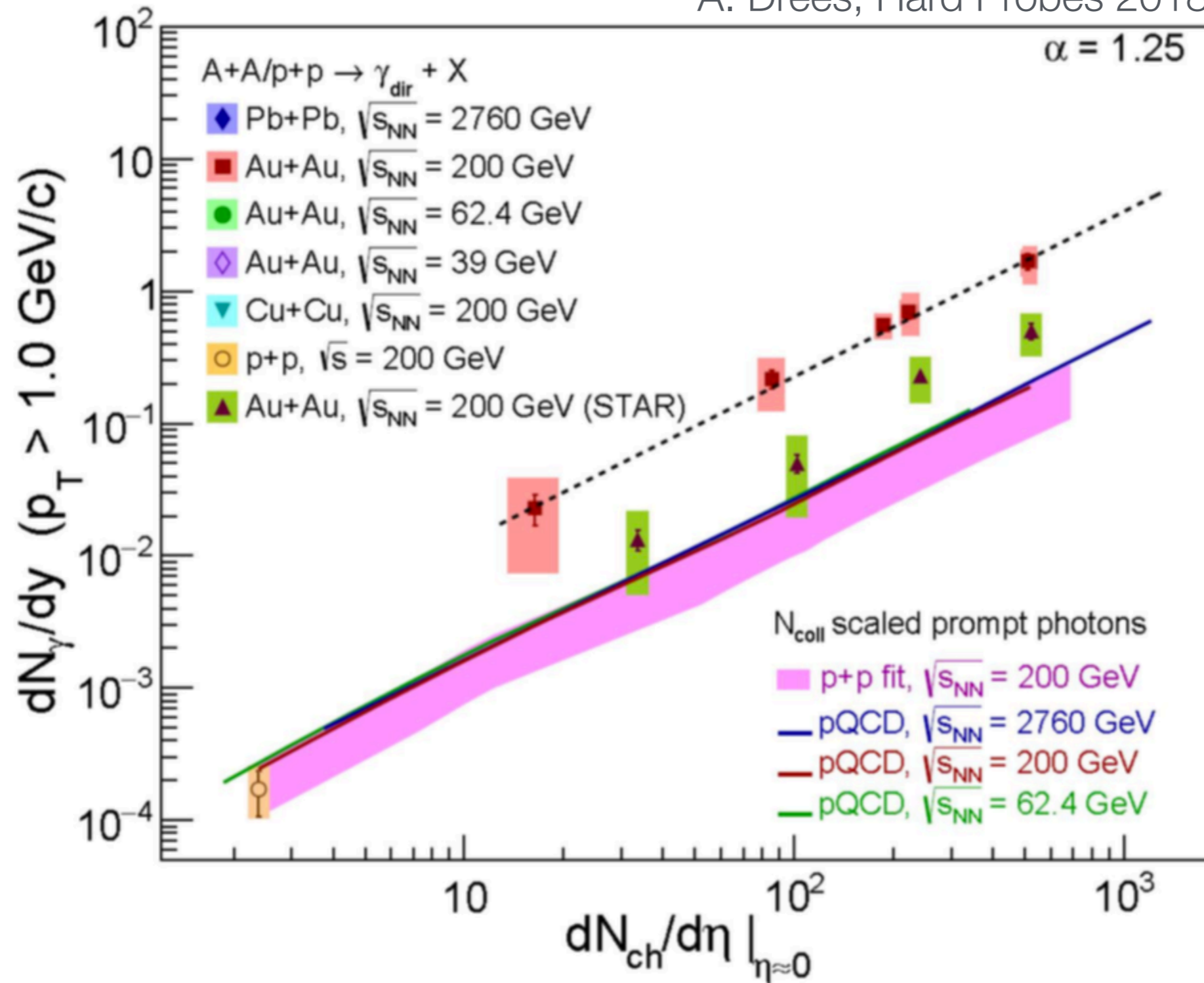
- Will eventually belong to the set of few essential plots in heavy-ion physics
- Along with
 - ▶ R_{AA} (parton energy loss)
 - ▶ Elliptic flow
 - ▶ ...



Current proxy (here from the LHC) looks already OK,
but statistical significance needs to be improved

Direct Photons: PHENIX vs. STAR

A. Drees, Hard Probes 2018



Direct Photons: PHENIX vs. STAR

