

Synthetic
Quantum
Systems

SynQS

Heidelberg



**Ultracold gases –
A platform to study extreme conditions
and universal dynamics**

Maximilian Prüfer



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SEIT 1386

Synthetic
Quantum
Systems



Heidelberg



KIRCHHOFF-
INSTITUTE
FOR PHYSICS

Bosonic Quantum Gases



Maximilian
Prüfer



Philipp
Kunkel



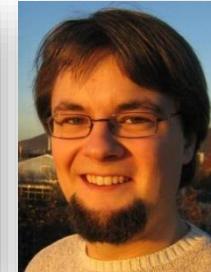
Stefan
Lannig



Daniel
Linnemann



Alexis
Bonnin



Helmut
Strobel



Markus
Oberthaler

Theory



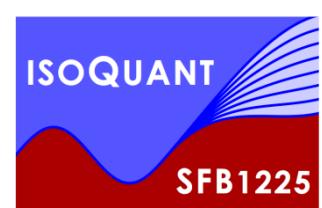
Christian-Marcel
Schmied

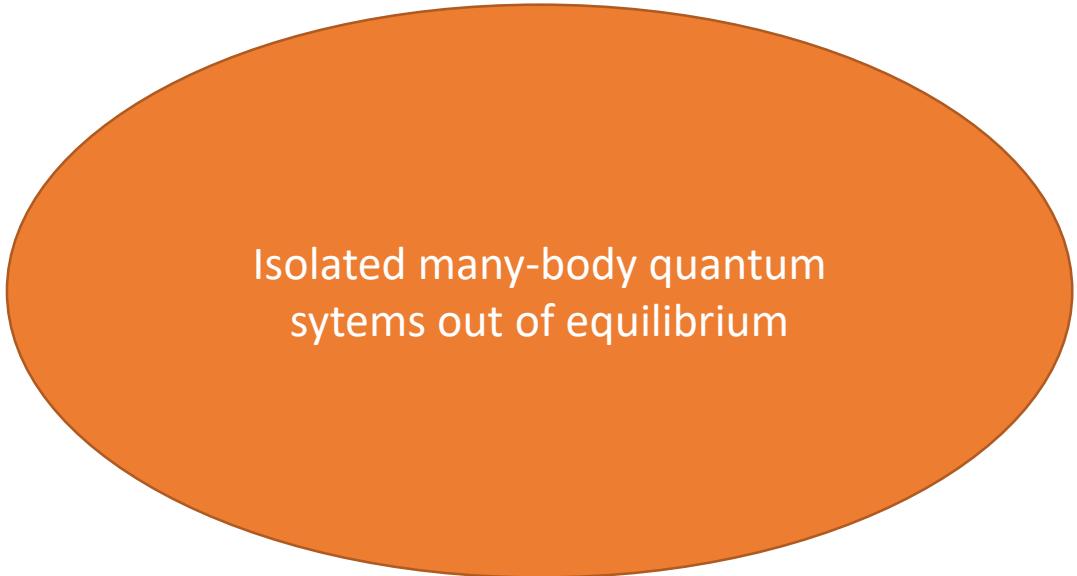


Thomas
Gasenzer



Jürgen
Berges



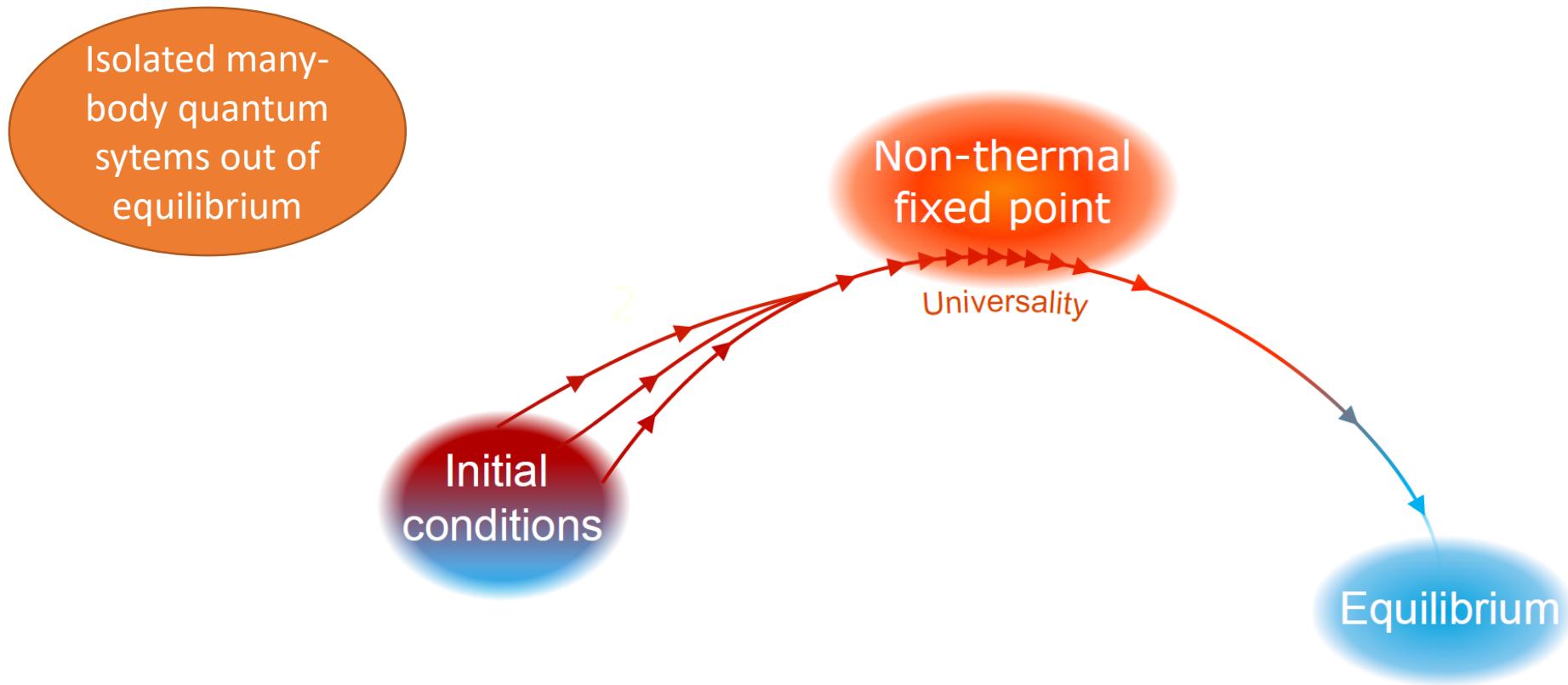
A large orange oval shape centered on the slide, containing the text "Isolated many-body quantum systems out of equilibrium".

Isolated many-body quantum
systems out of equilibrium

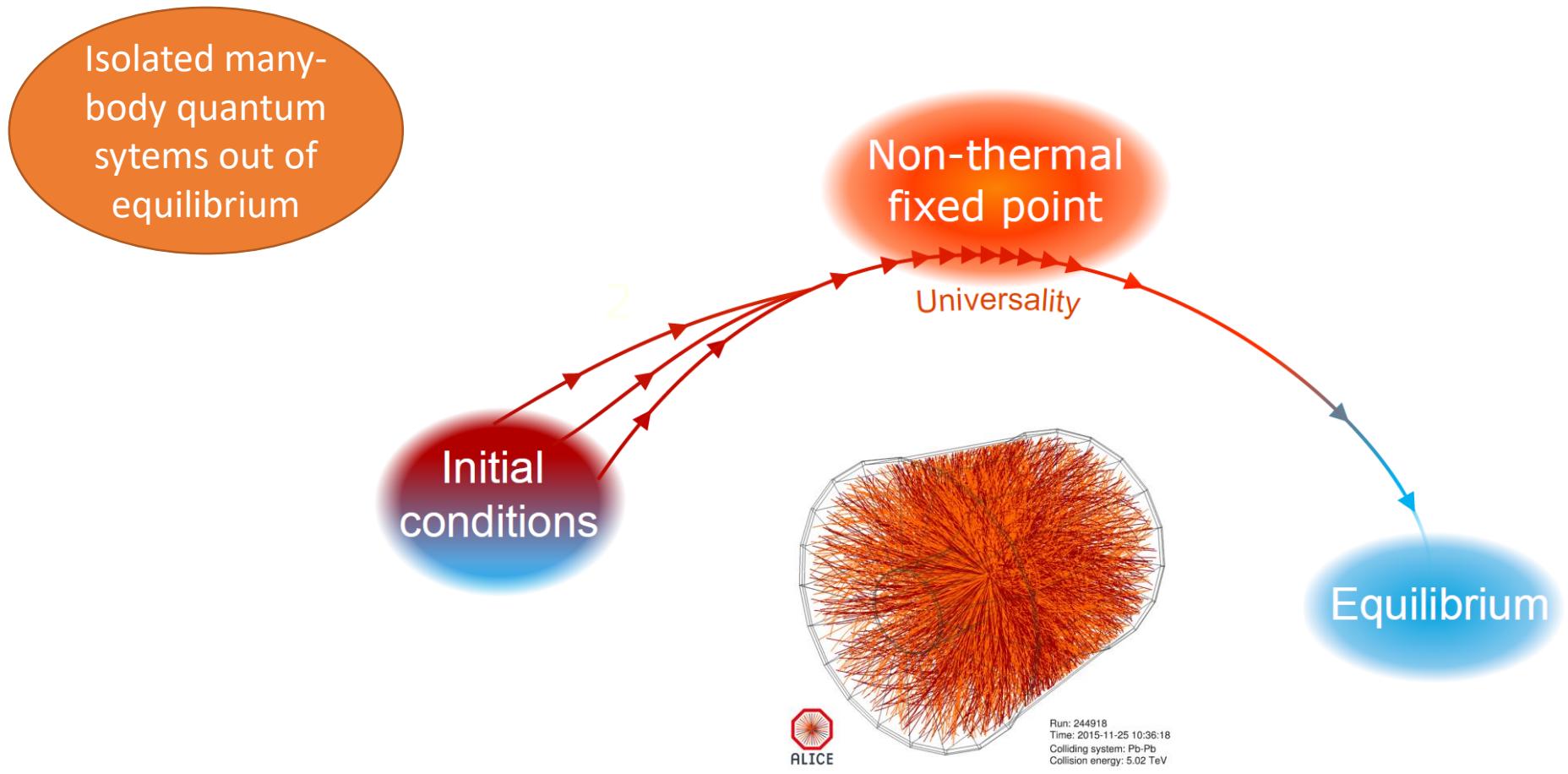
Isolated many-body quantum systems out of equilibrium

Initial conditions

Equilibrium



Berges, Rothkopf, Schmidt, PRL 101, 041603(2008)



Berges, Rothkopf, Schmidt, PRL 101, 041603(2008)

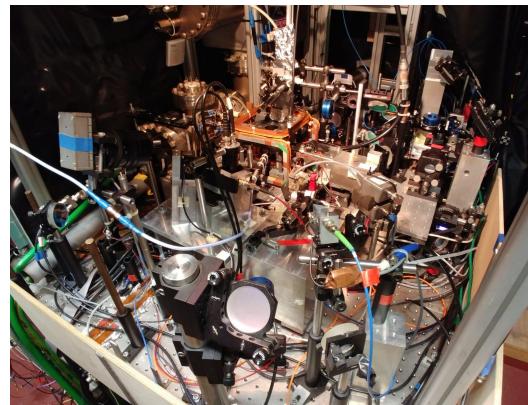
Isolated many-body quantum systems out of equilibrium

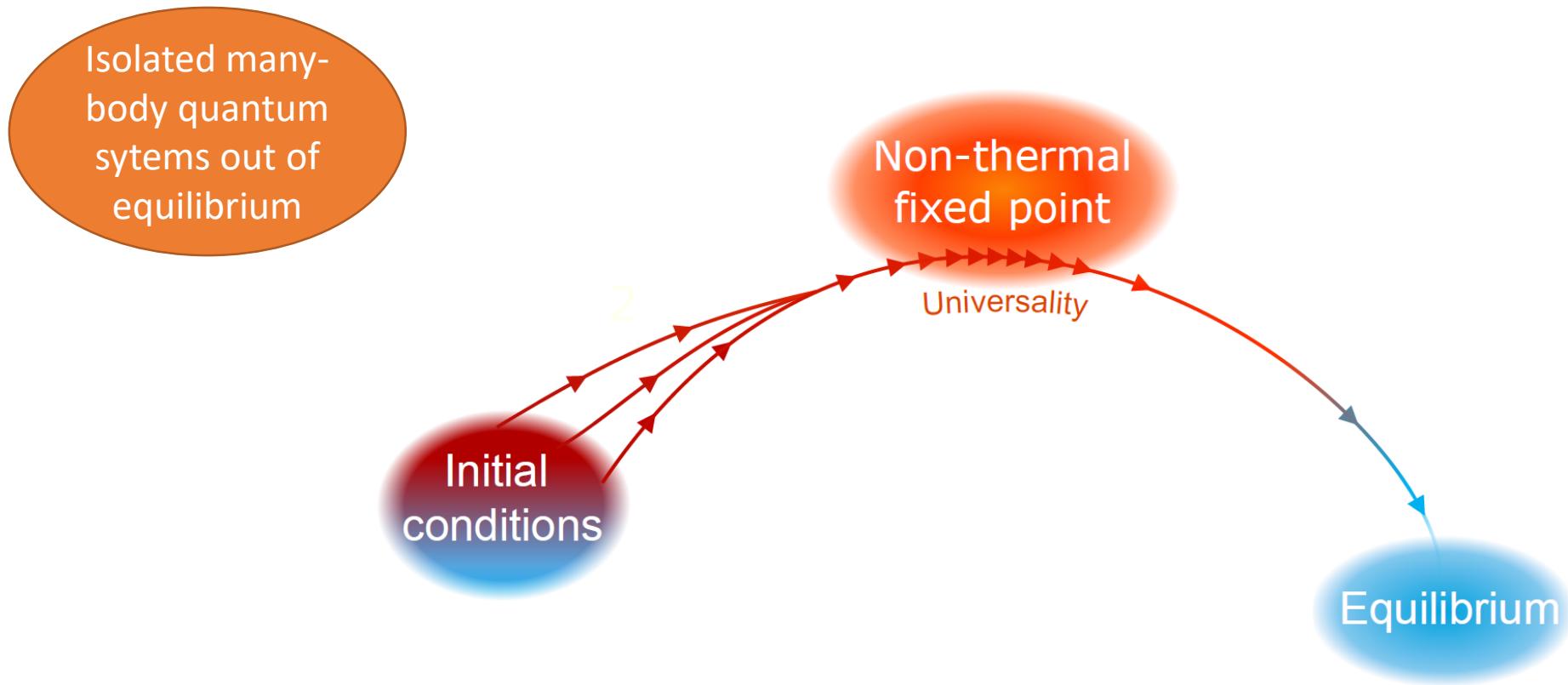
Non-thermal fixed point

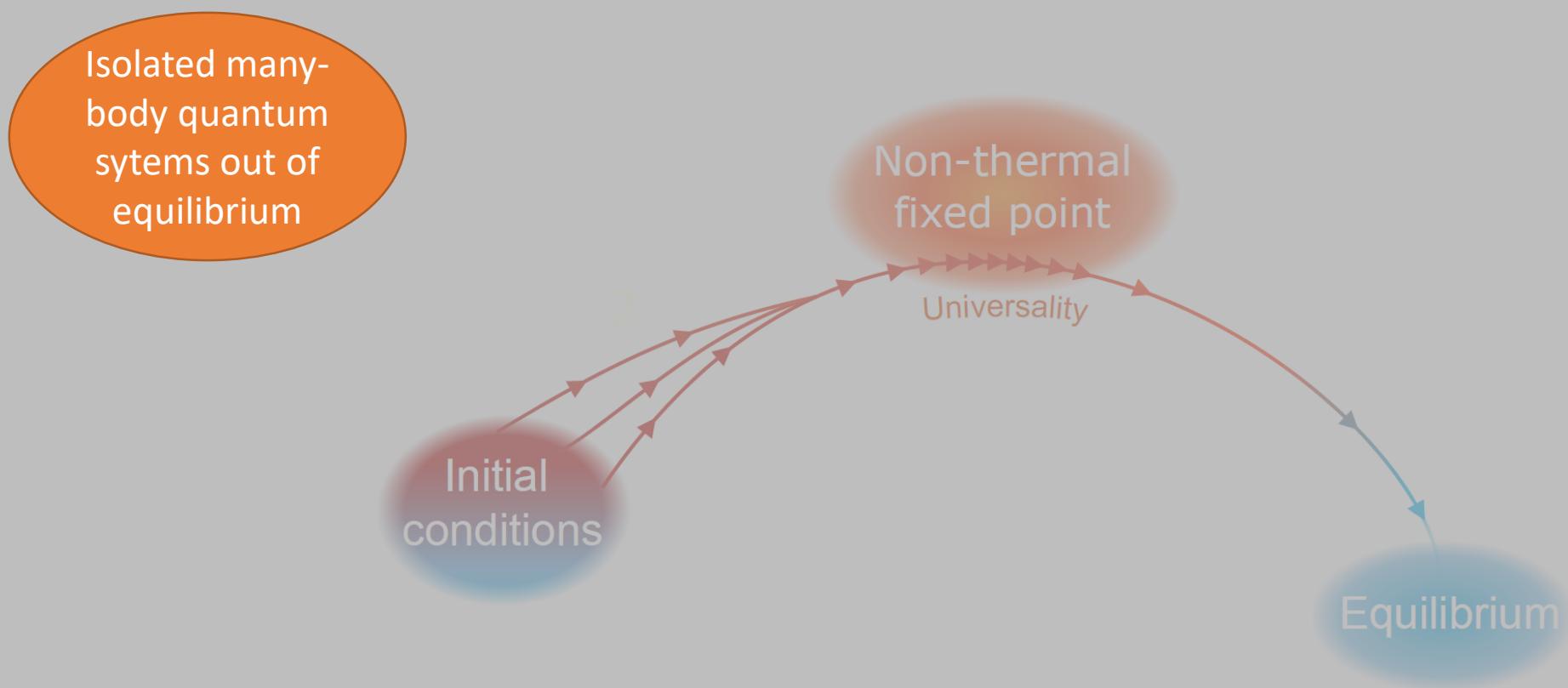
Initial conditions

Universality

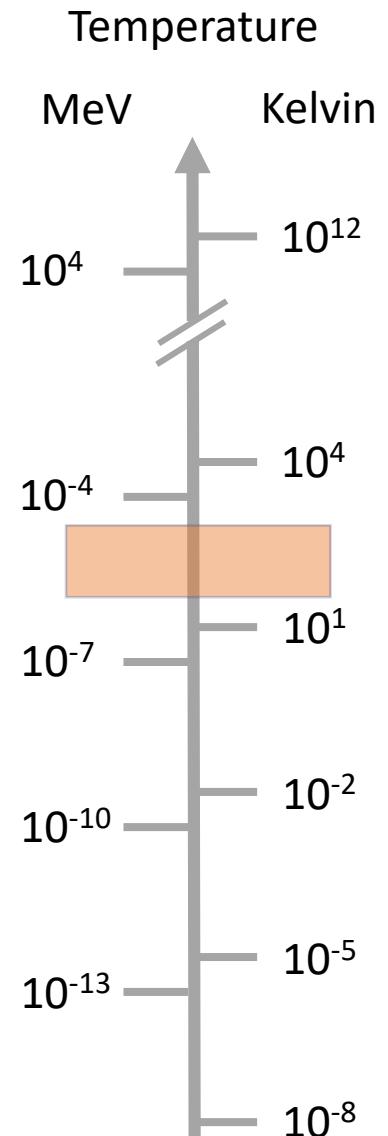
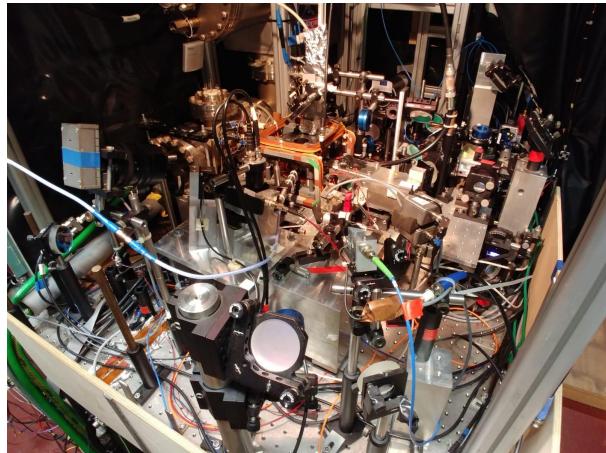
Equilibrium



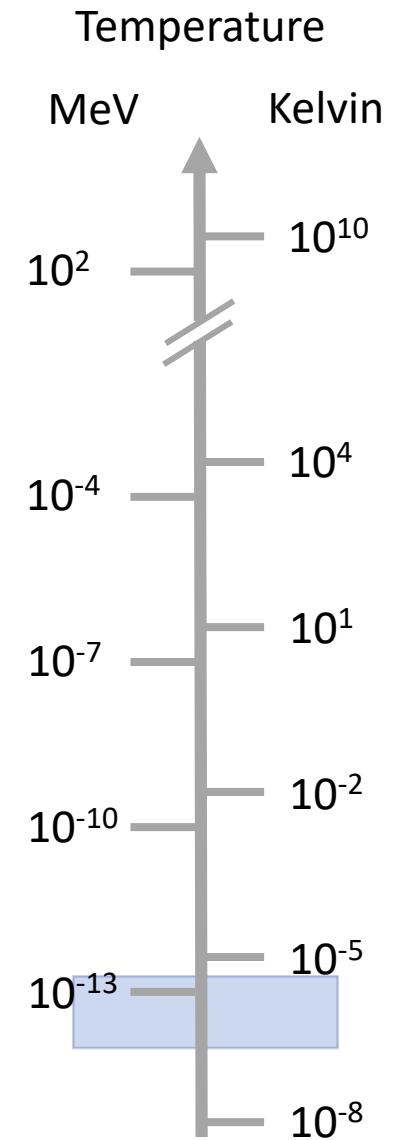
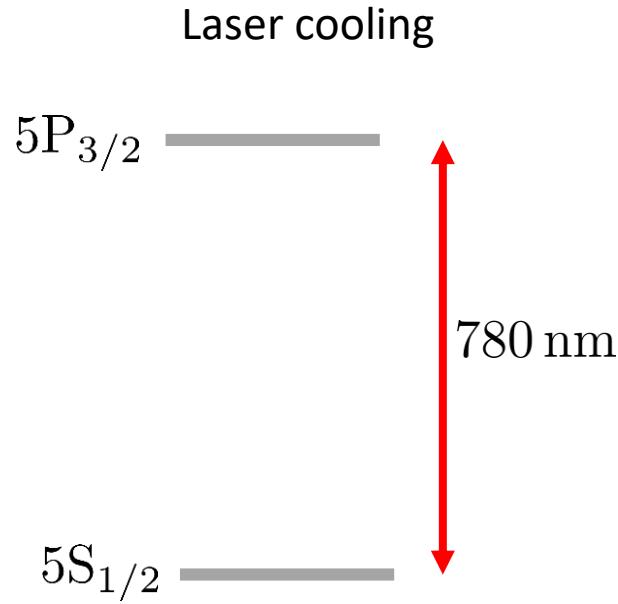
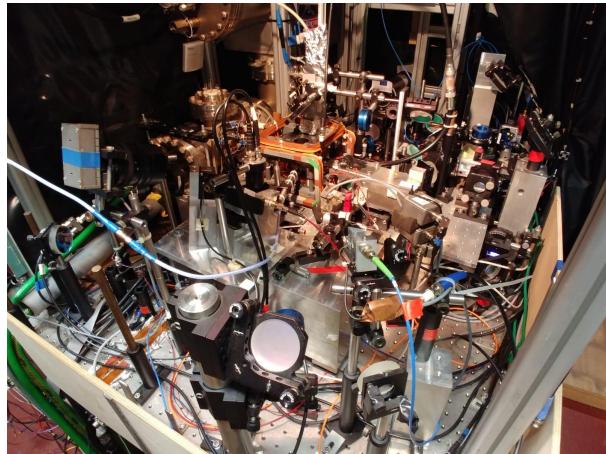




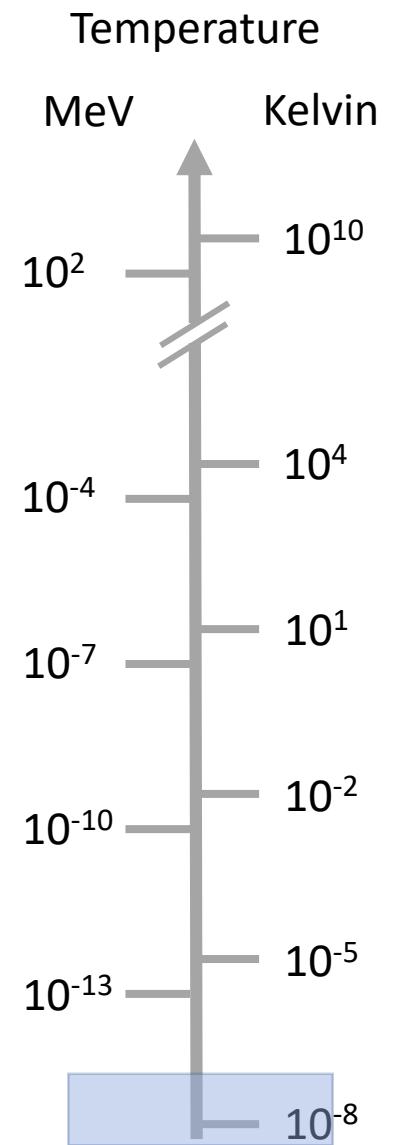
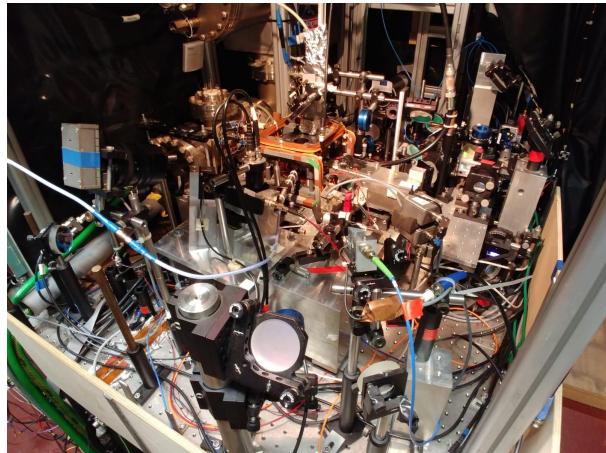
^{87}Rb



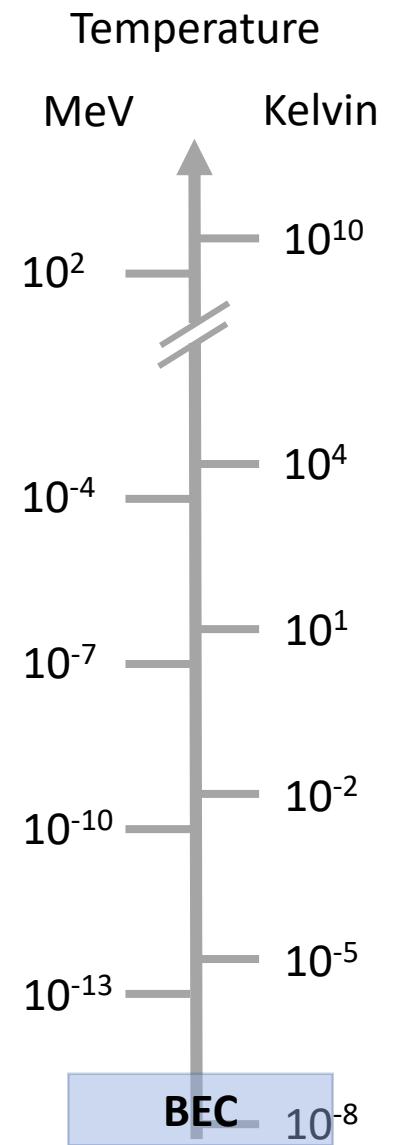
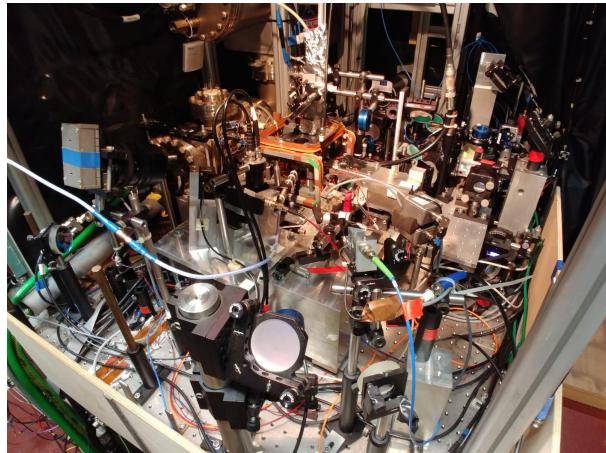
^{87}Rb

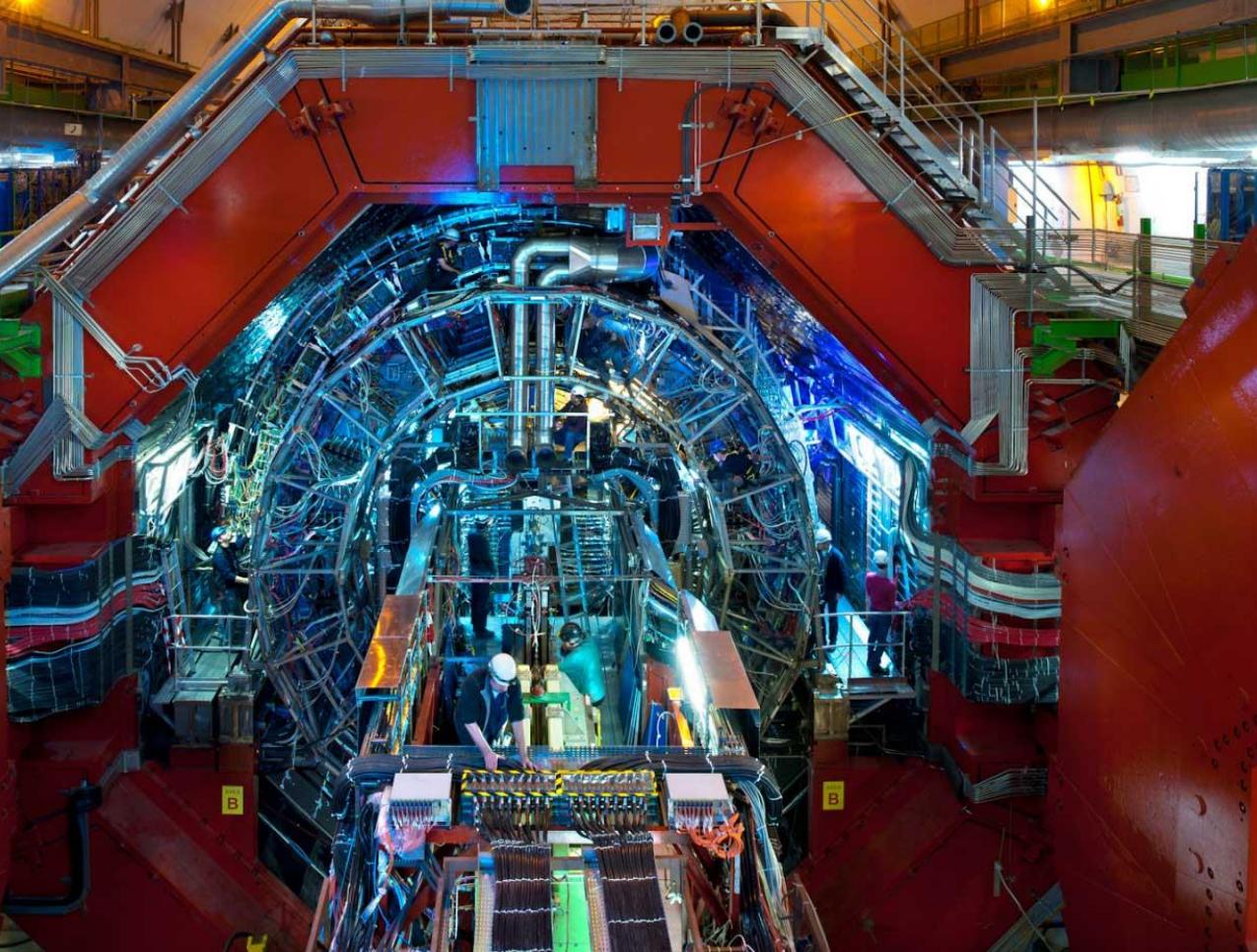


^{87}Rb



^{87}Rb

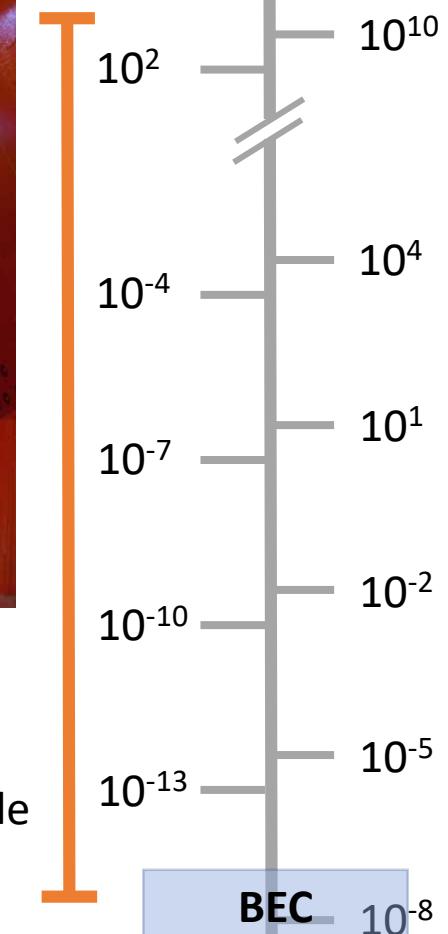




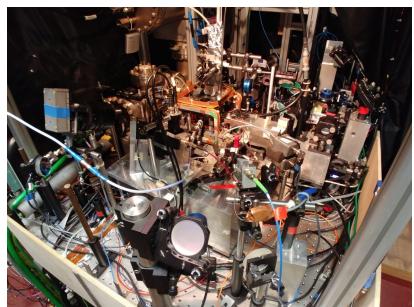
Temperature

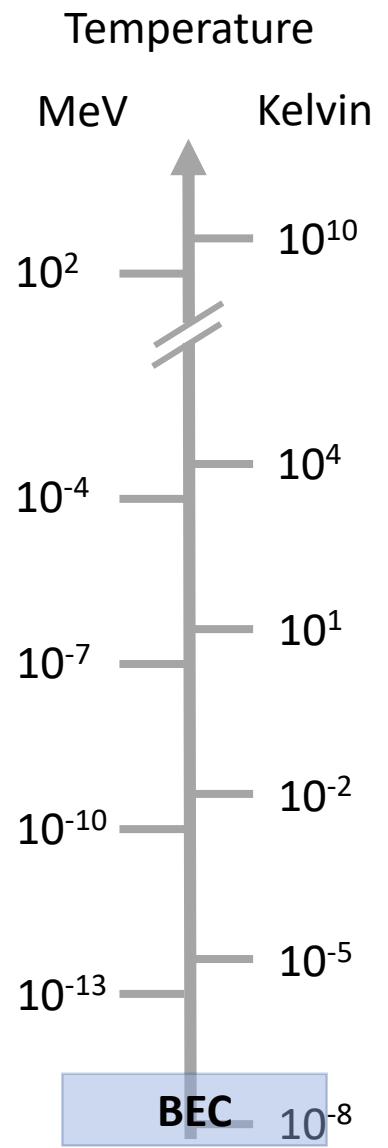
MeV

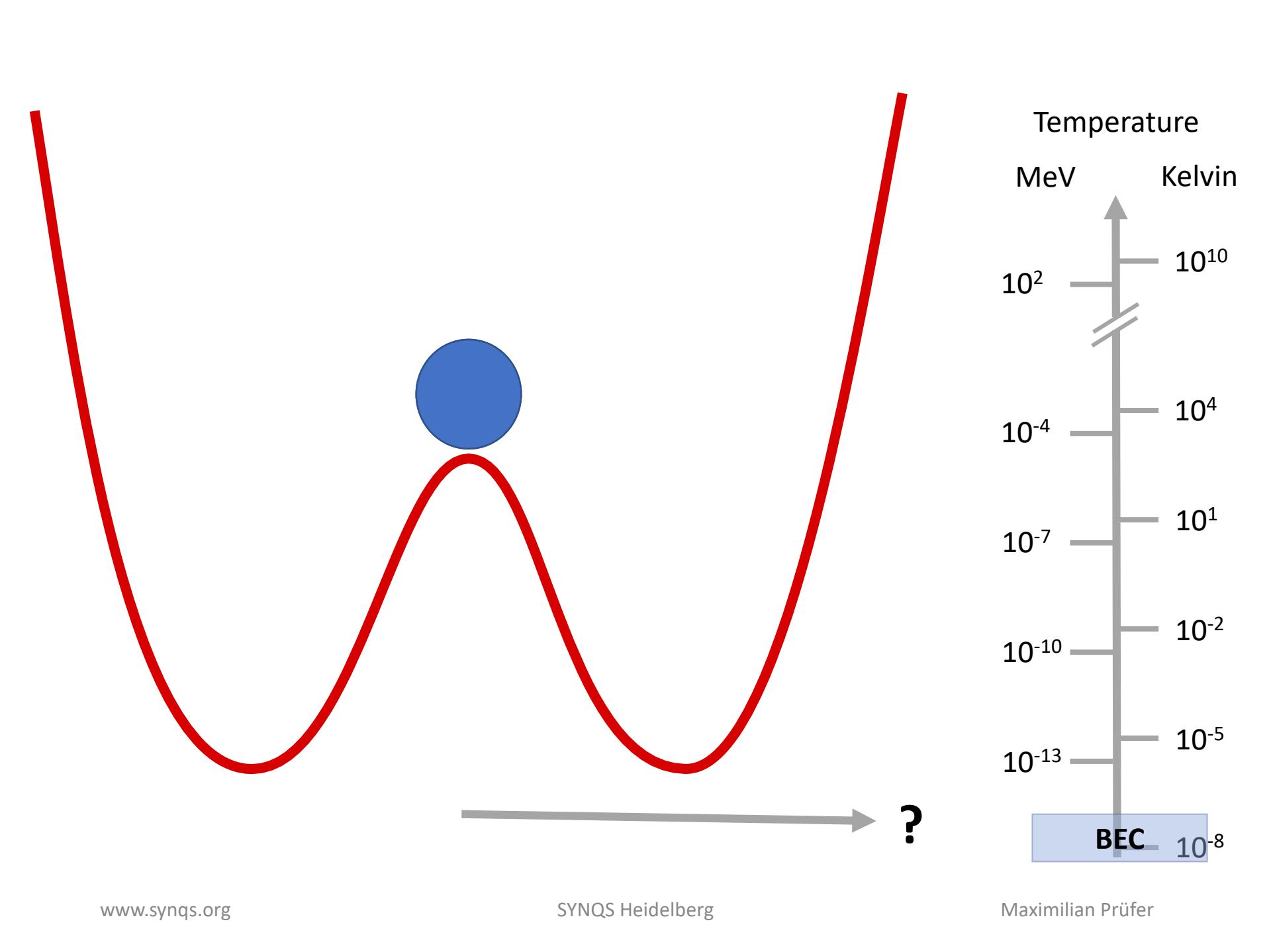
Kelvin



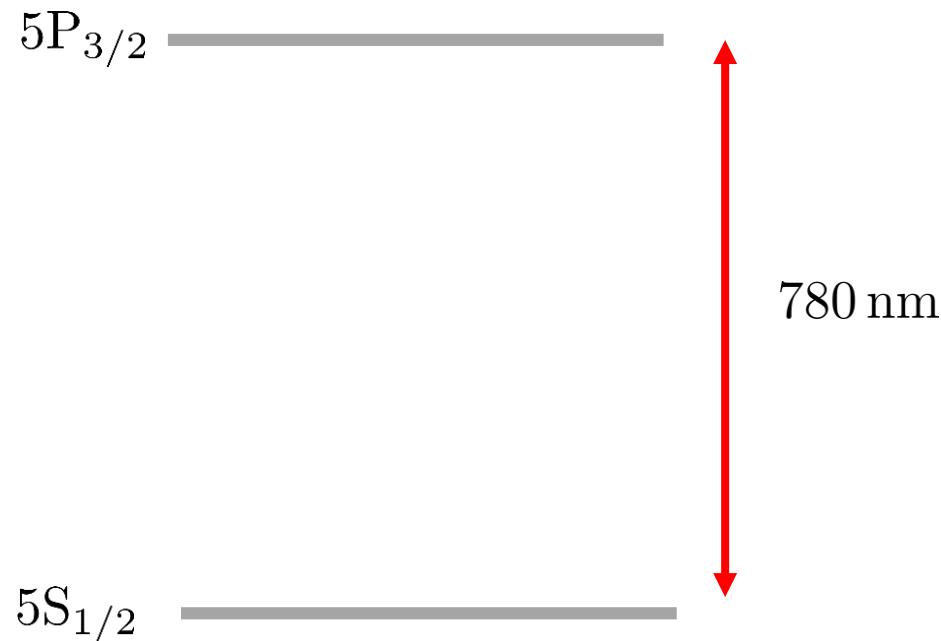
20 orders
of magnitude



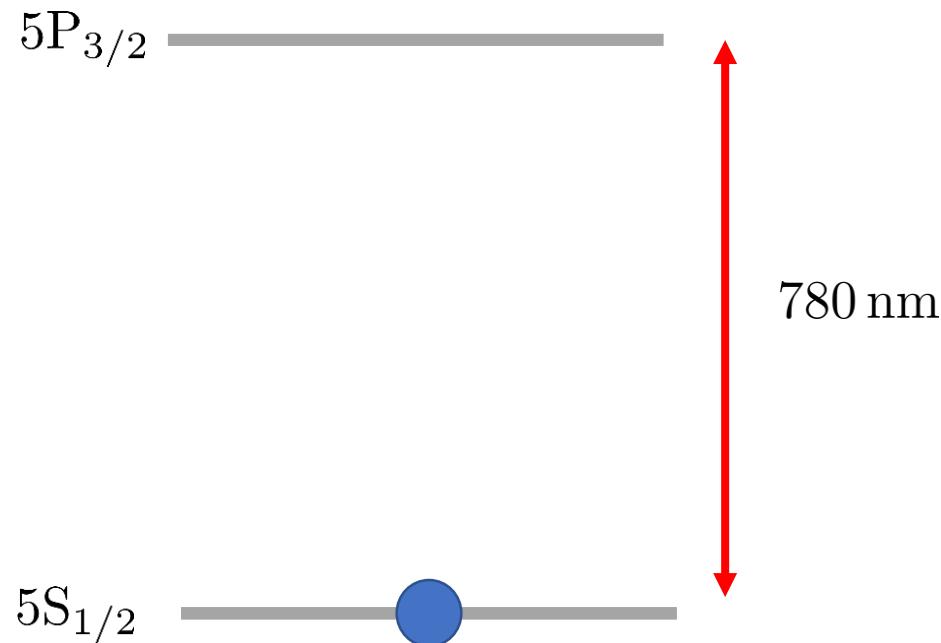




Experimental system



Experimental system



Experimental system

Hyperfine groundstate manifold of ^{87}Rb

F=2

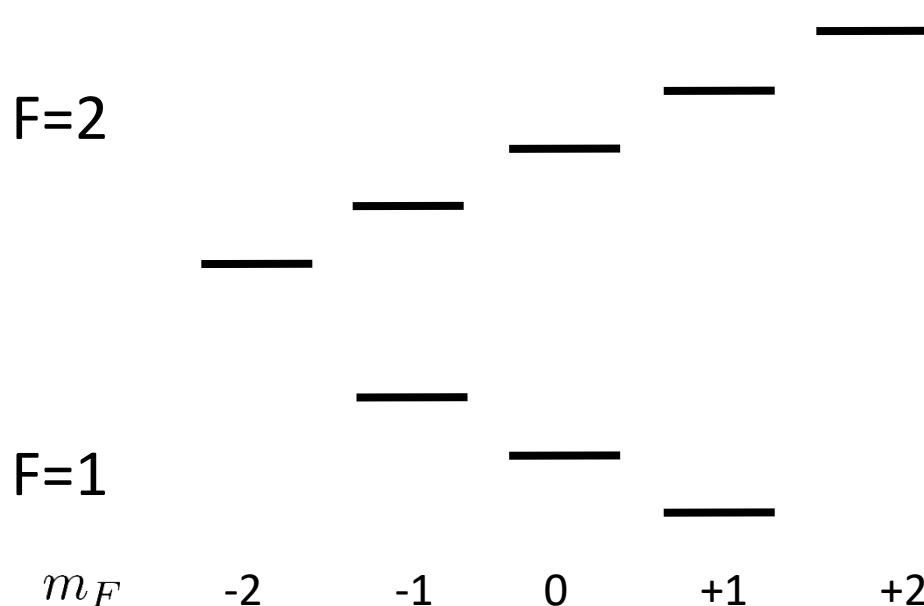


F=1



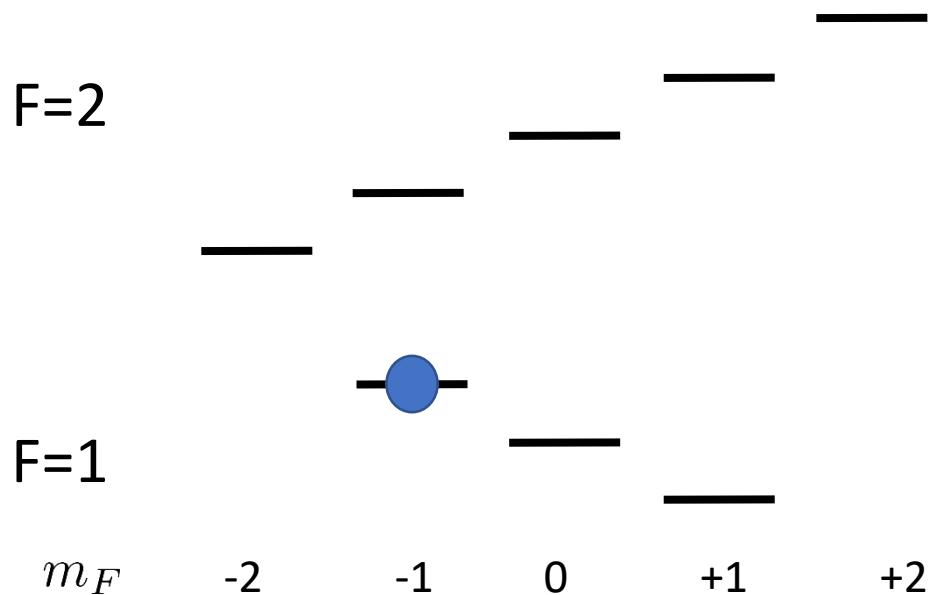
Experimental system

Hyperfine groundstate manifold of ^{87}Rb



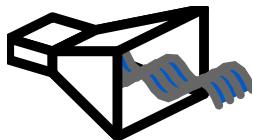
Experimental system

Hyperfine groundstate manifold of ^{87}Rb



Experimental system

Microwave



$F=2$

$F=1$

m_F

-2

-1

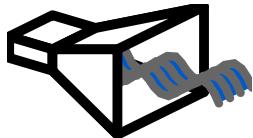
0

+1

+2

Experimental system

Microwave



$F=2$

$F=1$

m_F

-2

-1

0

+1

+2

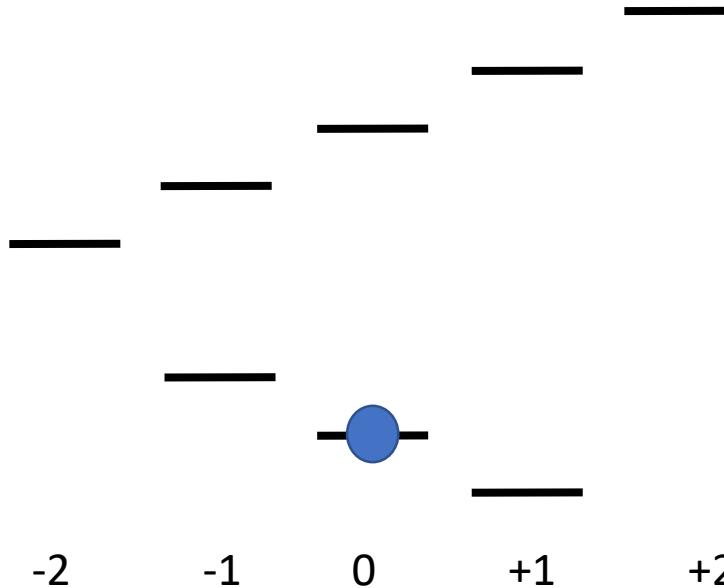


Experimental system

Microwave



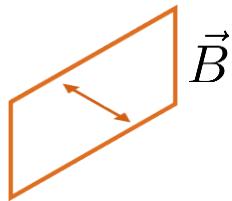
$F=2$



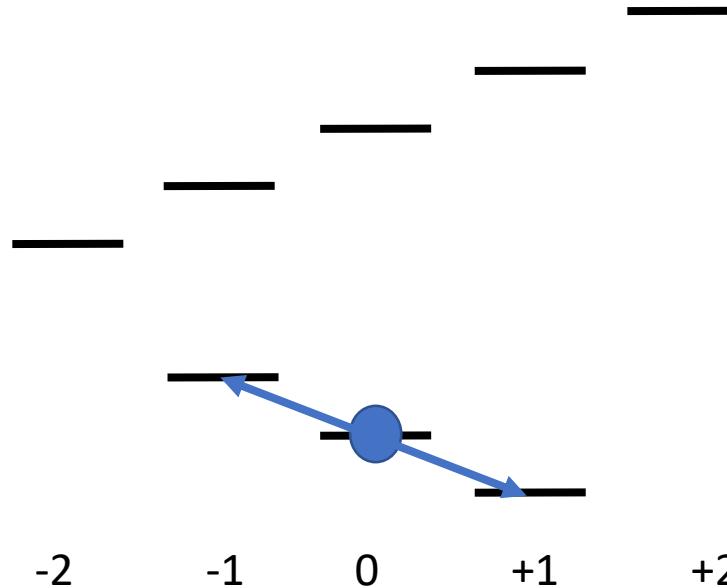
$F=1$

Experimental system

Radio-frequency

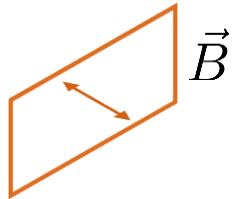


$F=2$

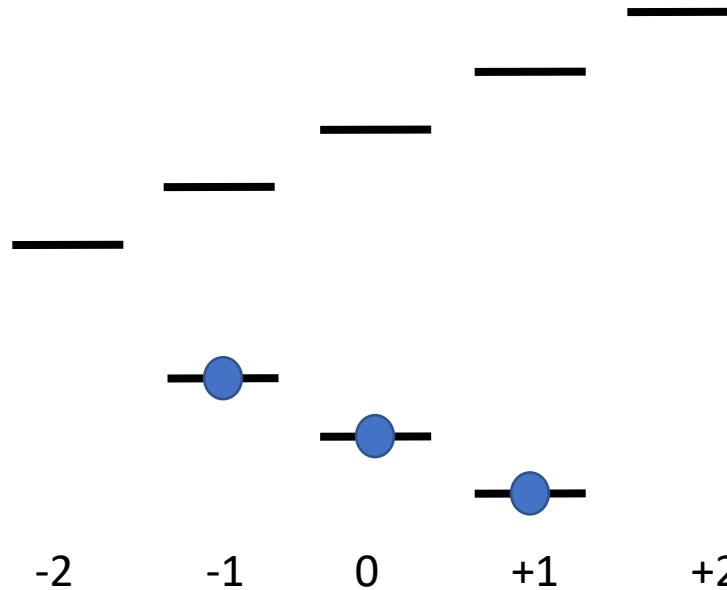


Experimental system

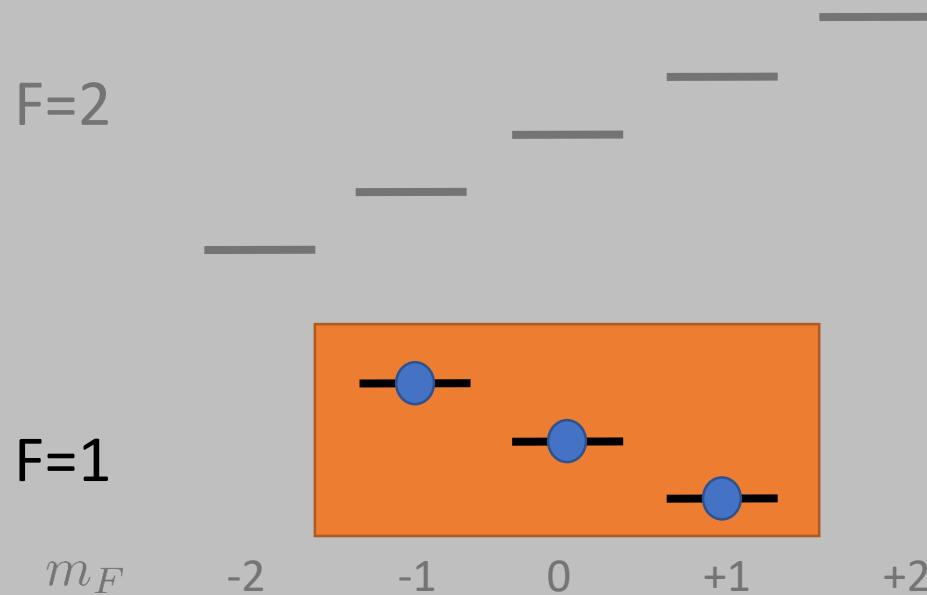
Radio-frequency



$F=2$

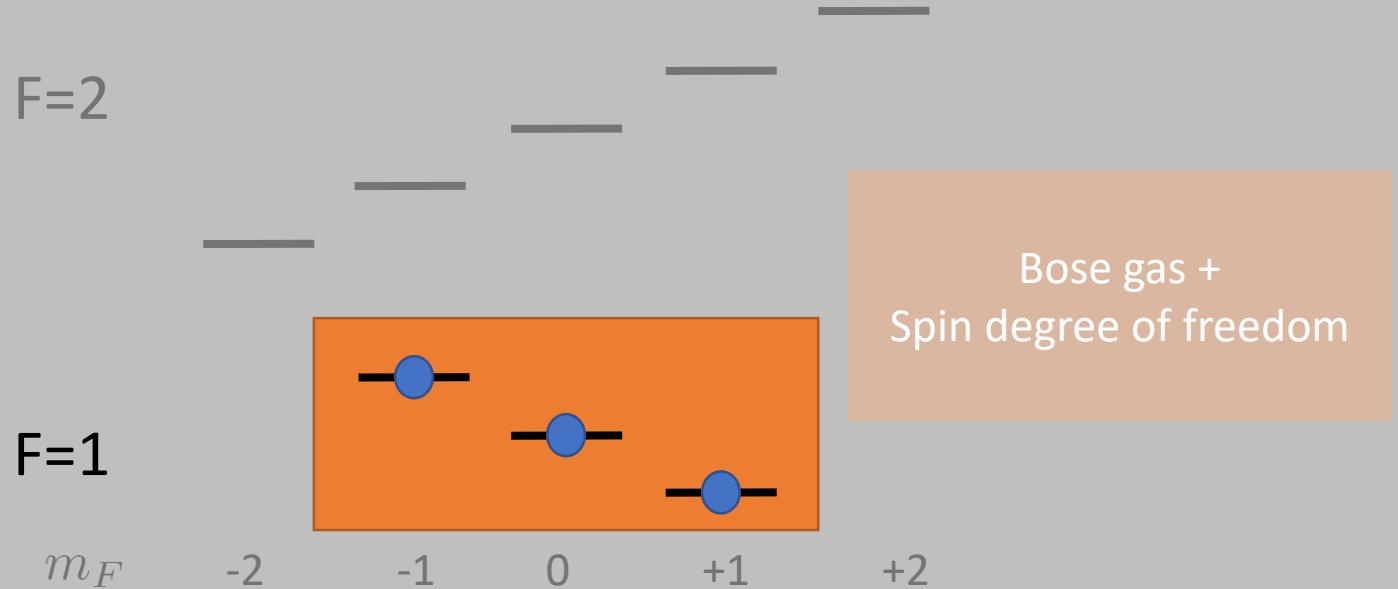


Spinor Bose gas



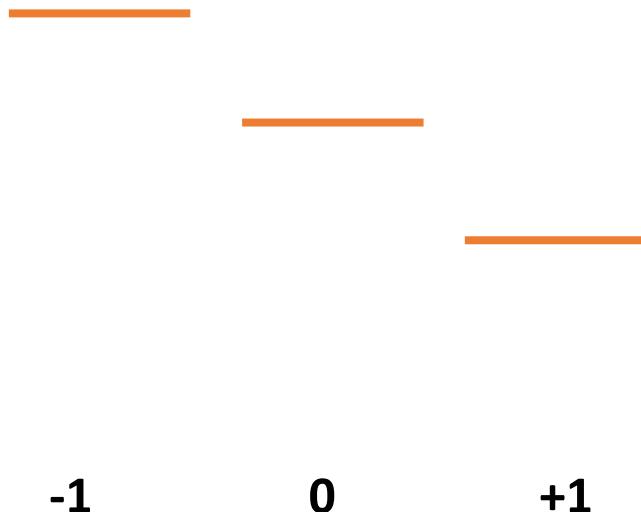
Stamper-Kurn and Ueda, Rev. Mod. Phys 85, 1191 (2013)

Spinor Bose gas

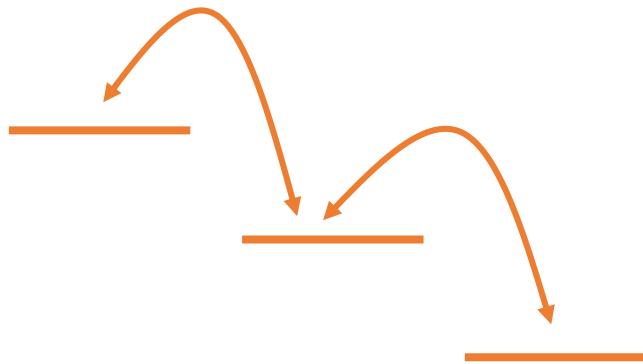


Stamper-Kurn and Ueda, Rev. Mod. Phys 85, 1191 (2013)

Spin-1 system



Spin-1 system

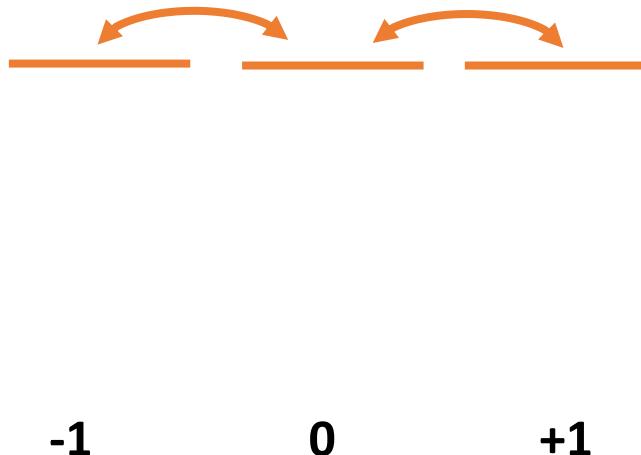


-1

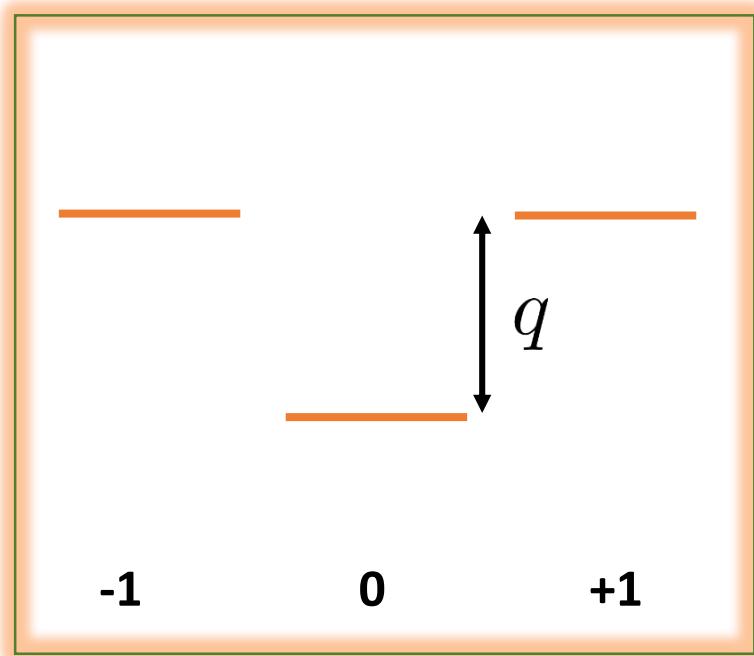
0

+1

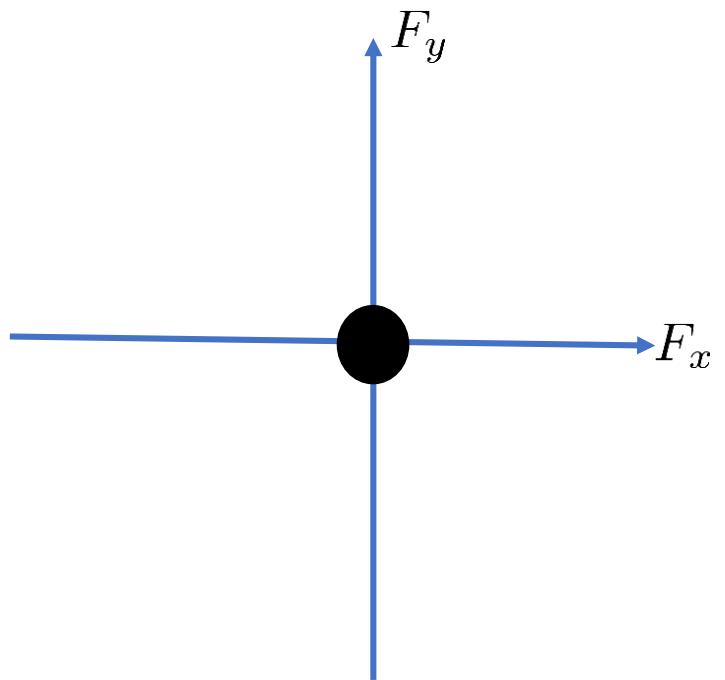
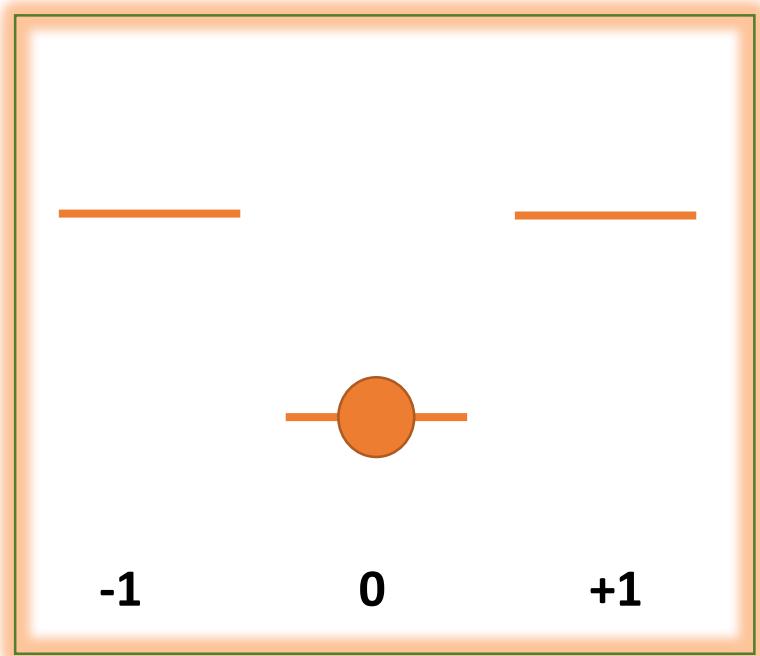
Spin-1 system



Spin-1 system

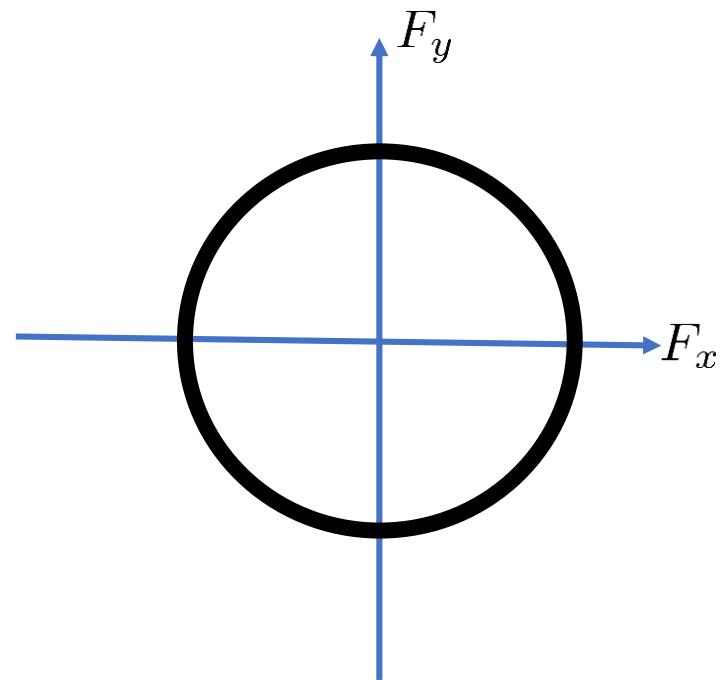
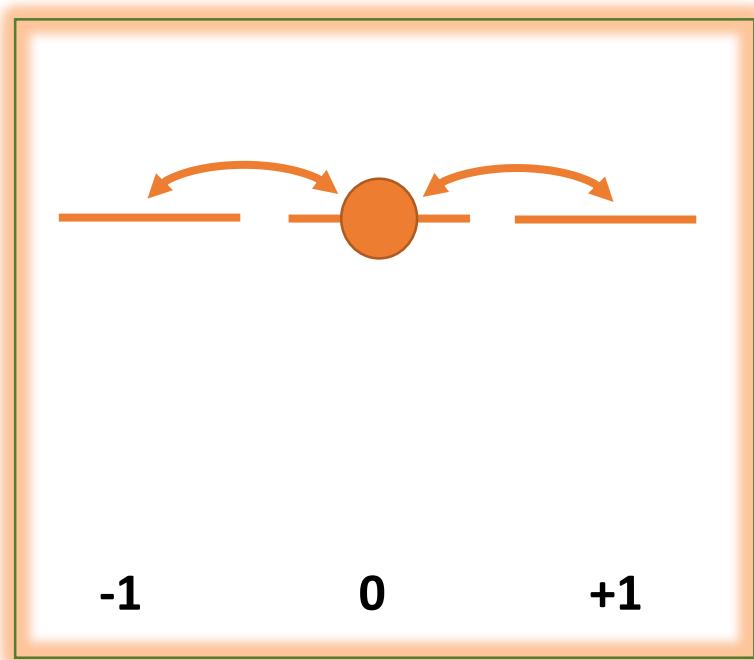


Spin – 1 system



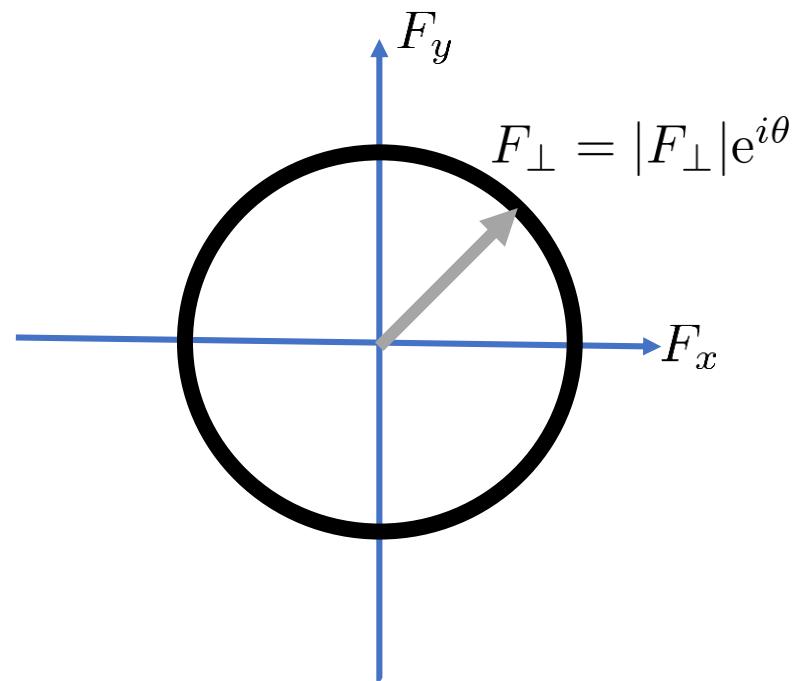
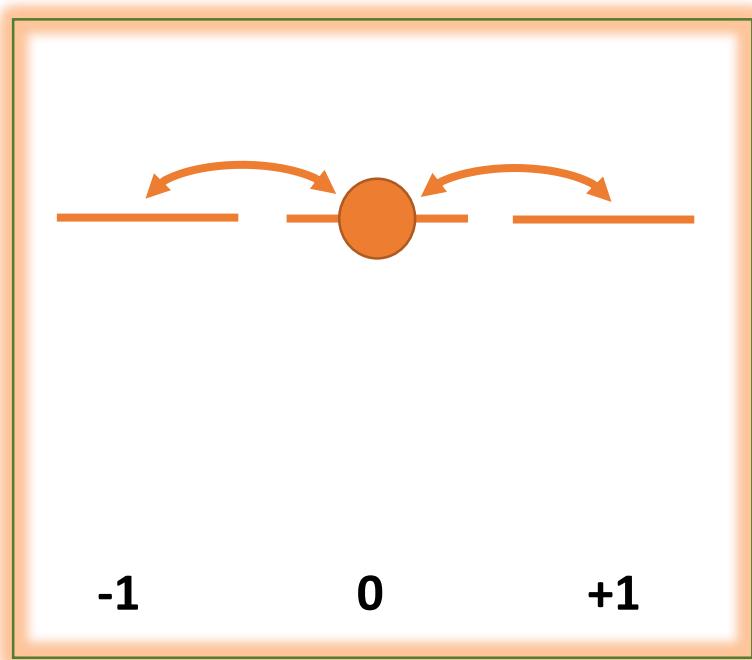
Spin – 1 system

Microwave

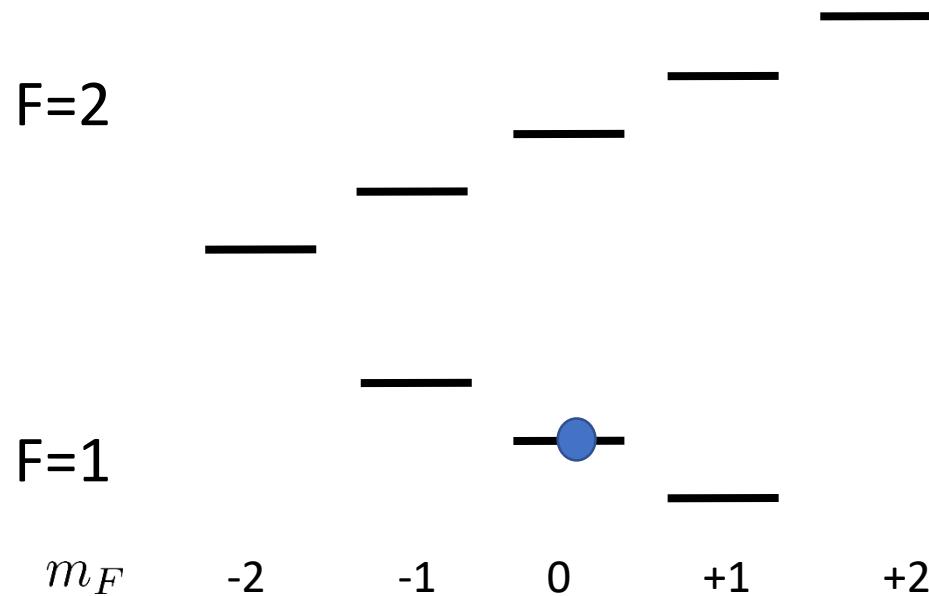


Spin – 1 system

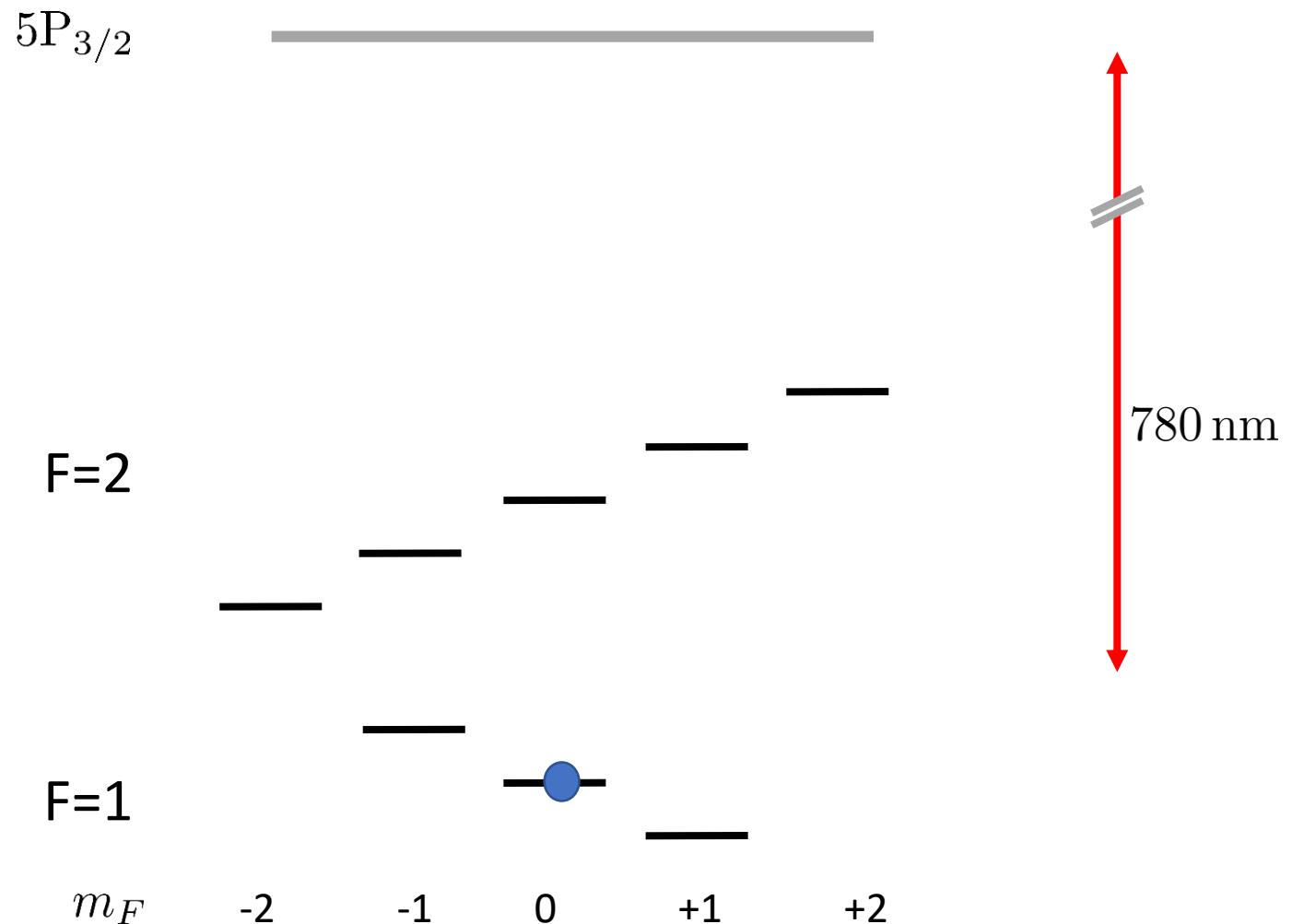
Microwave



Readout

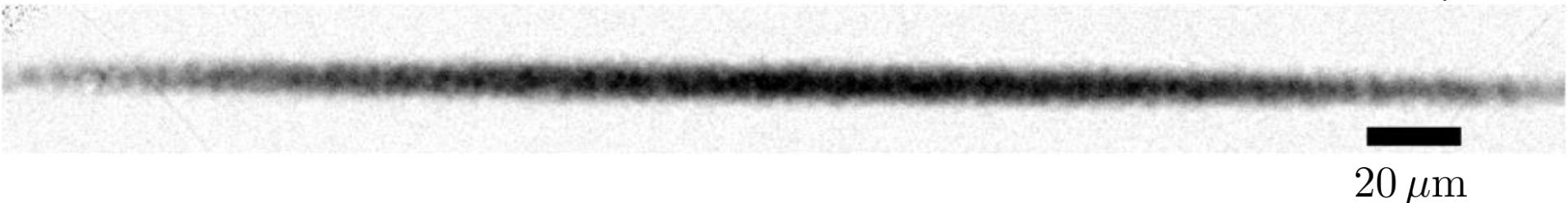


Readout

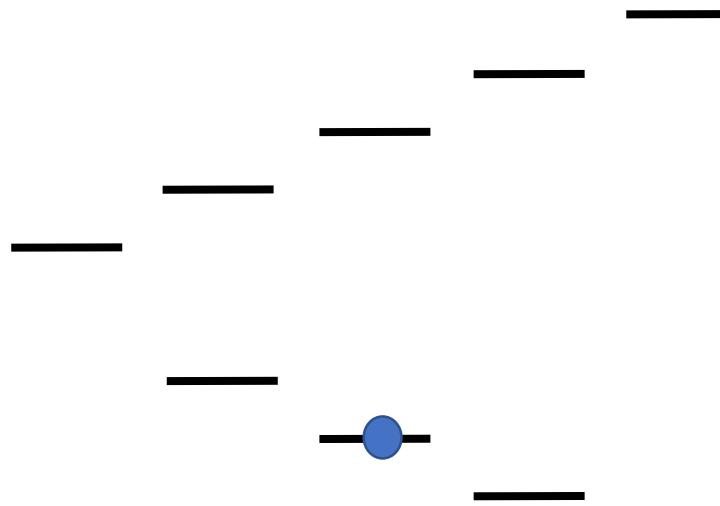


Readout

Resolution $\approx 1.1 \mu\text{m}$



$F=2$

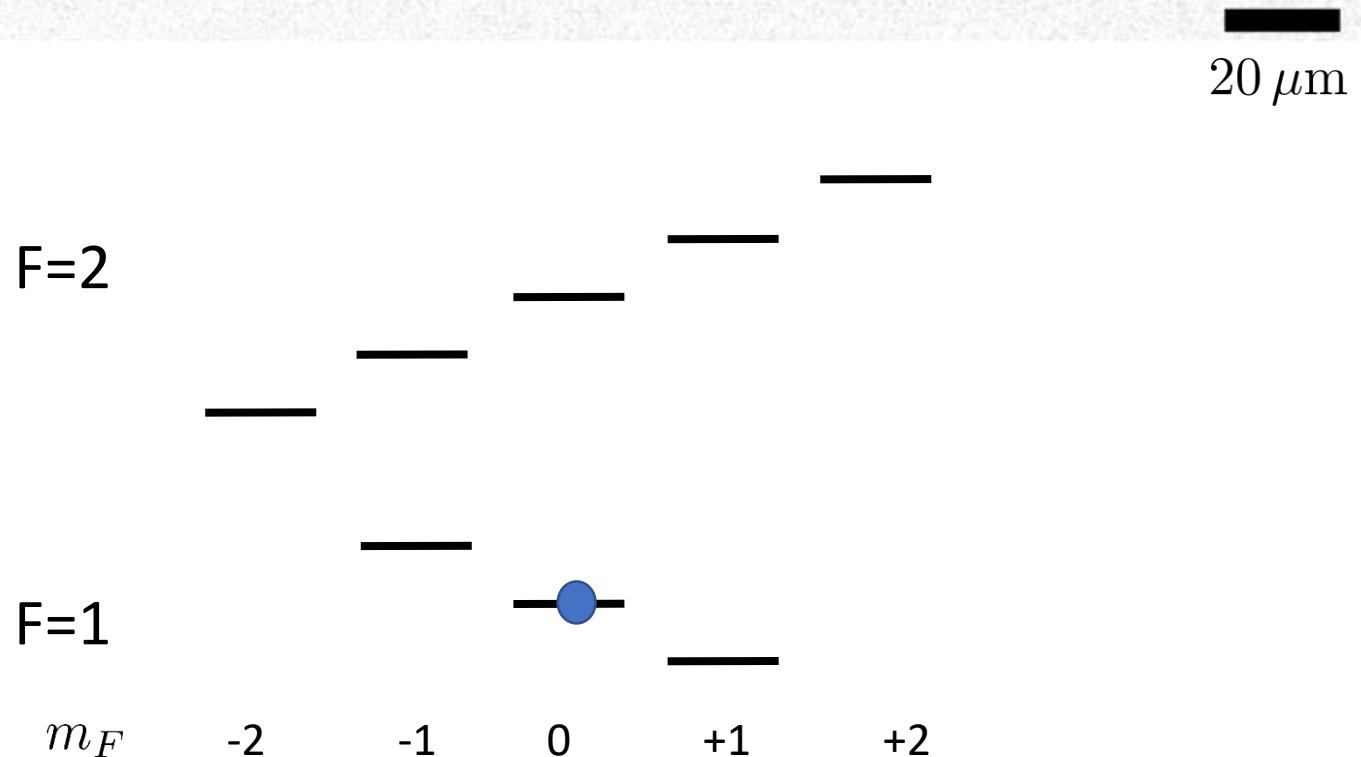


$F=1$

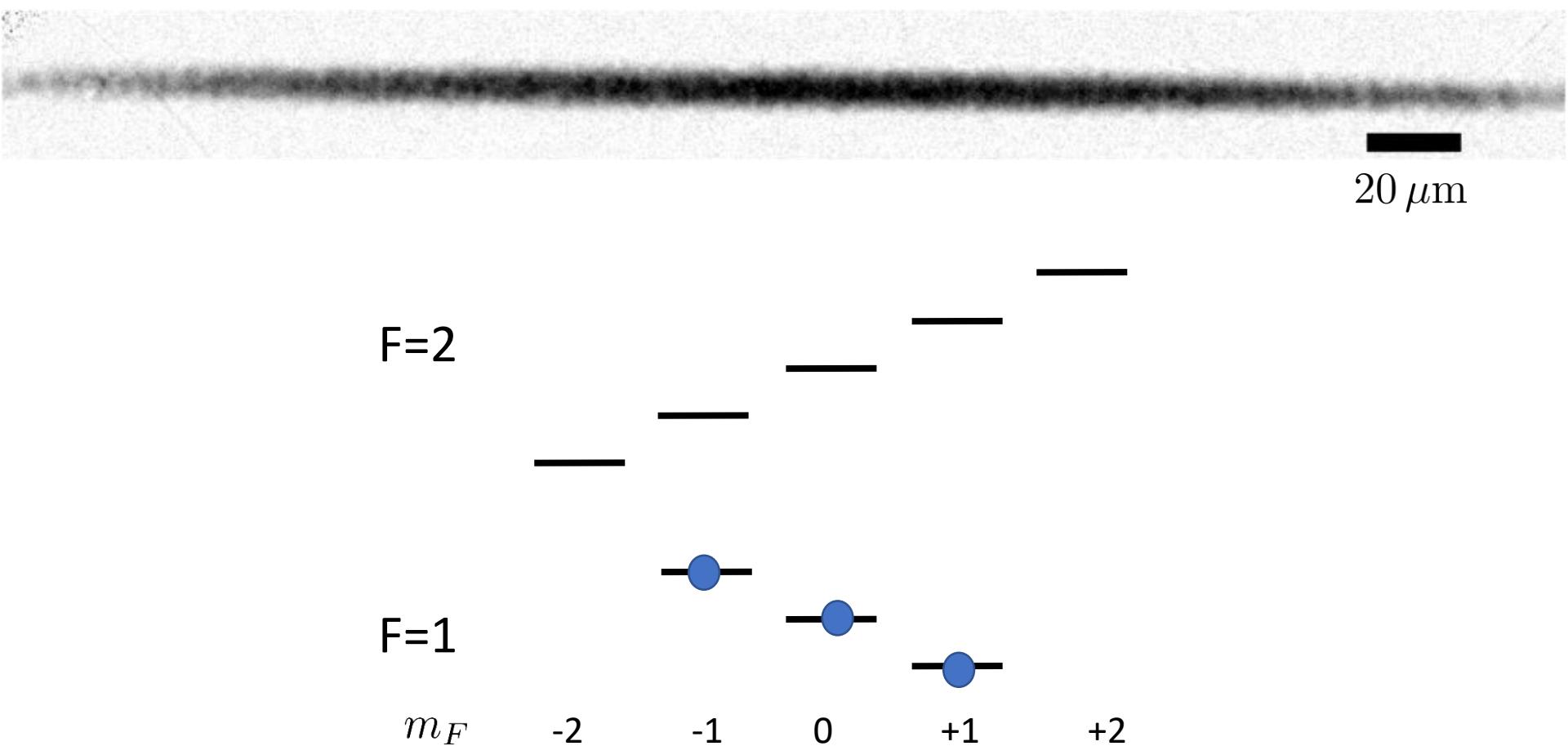
m_F -2 -1 0 +1 +2

Readout

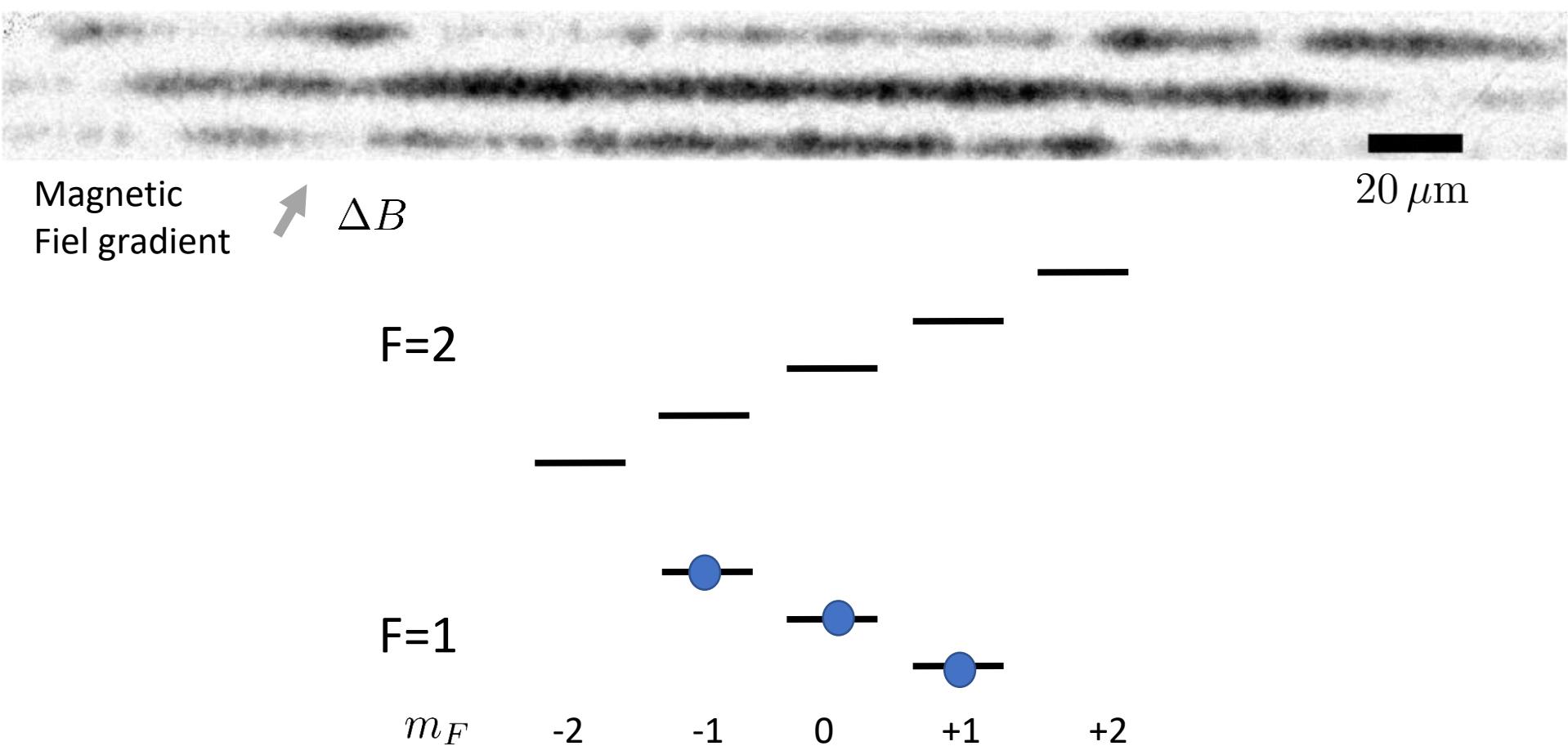
1+1 dimensional setup



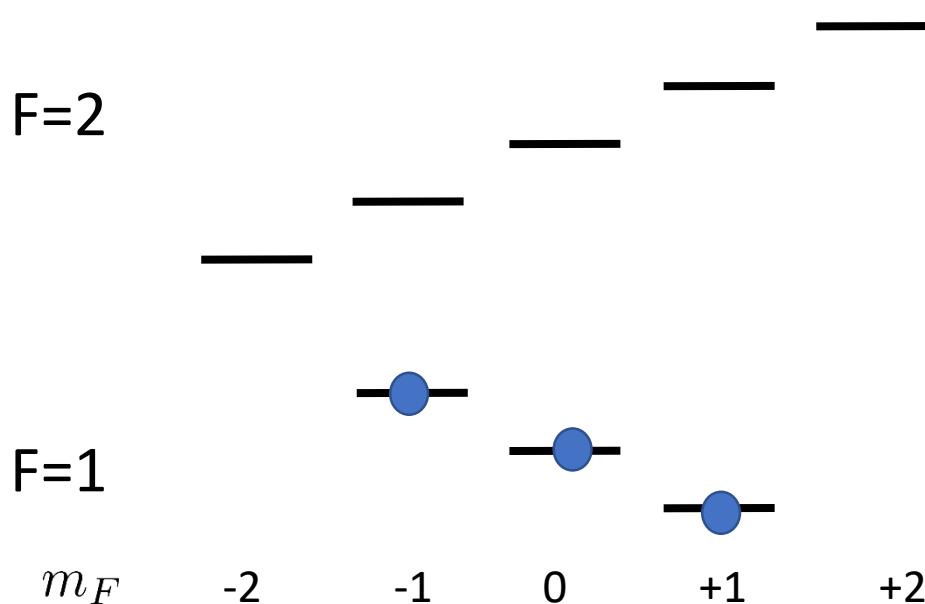
Readout



Readout

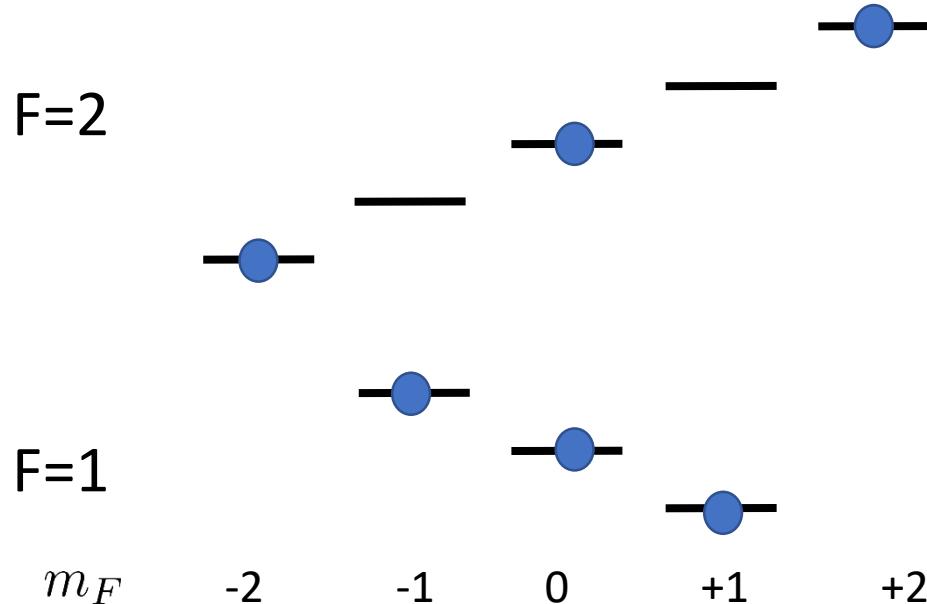
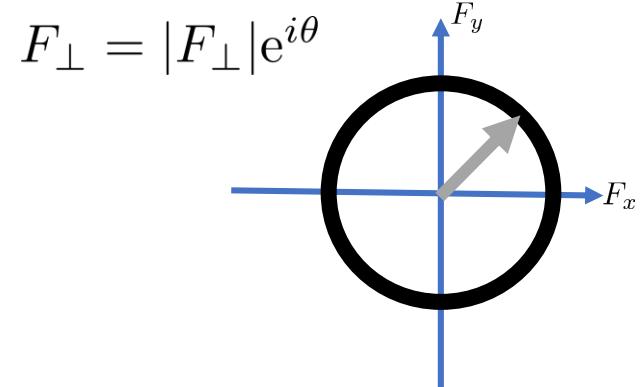
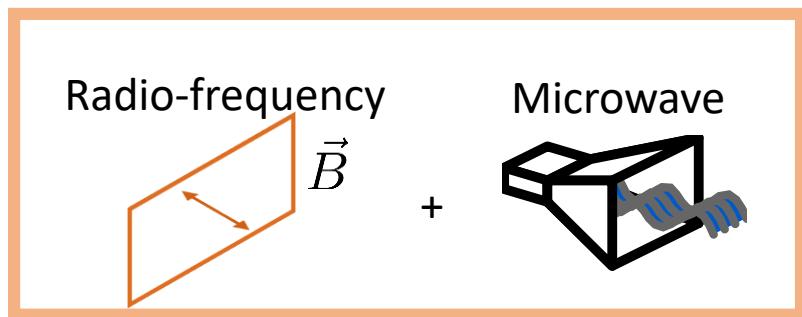


Readout



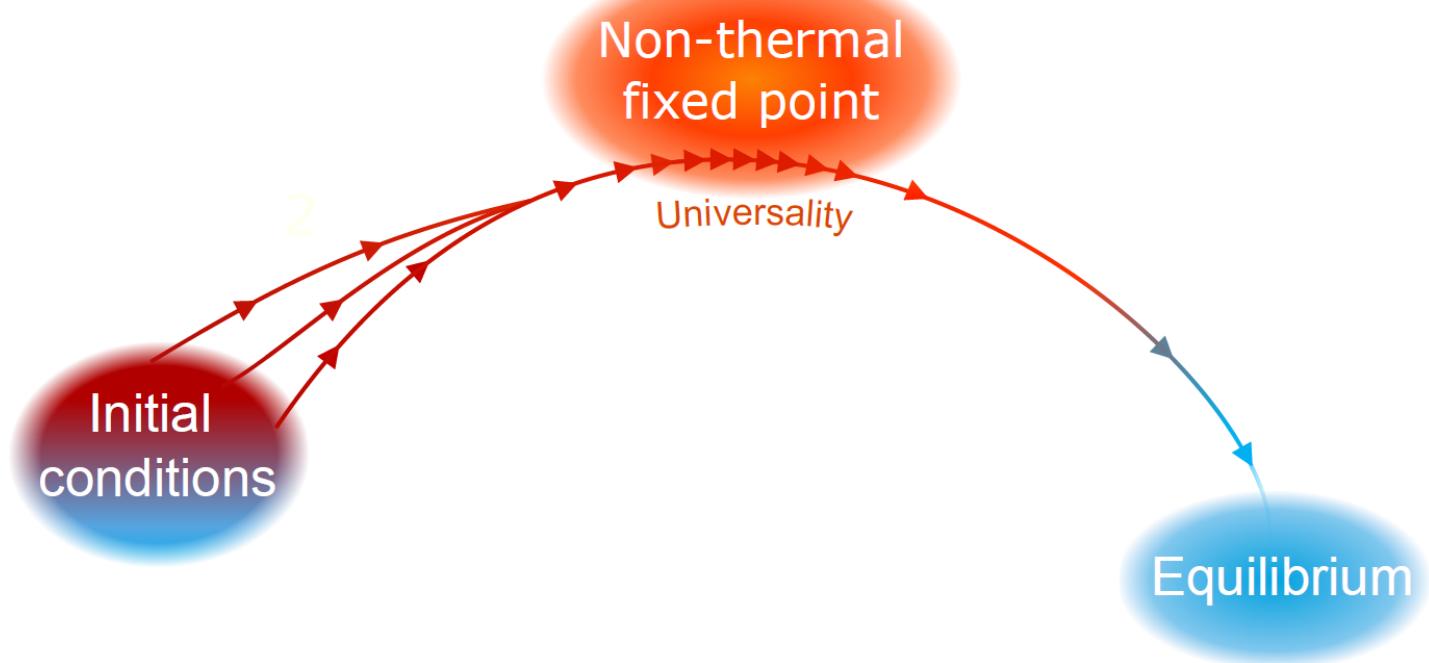
Kunkel et al., in preparation (2018)

Readout

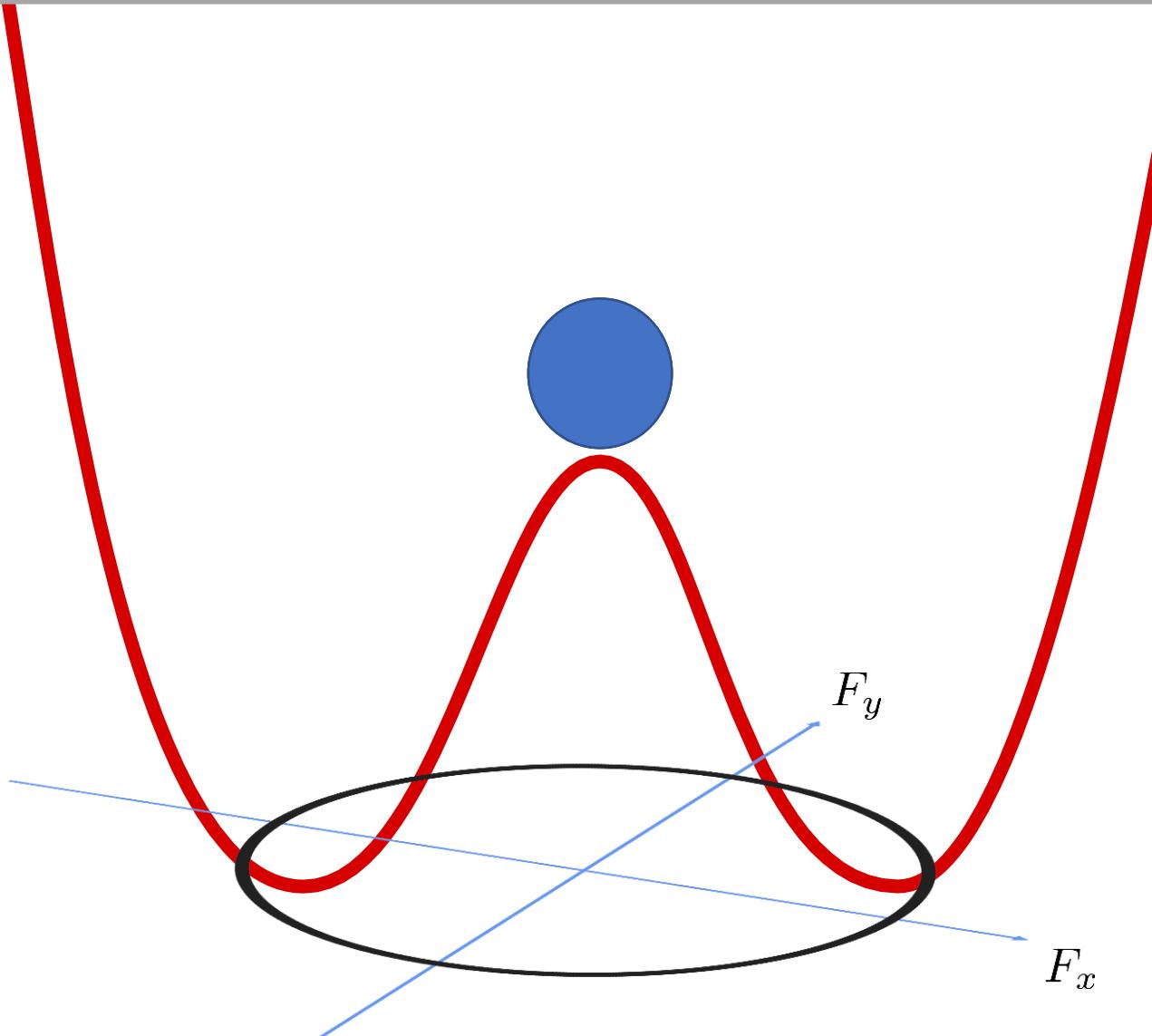


Kunkel et al., in preparation (2018)

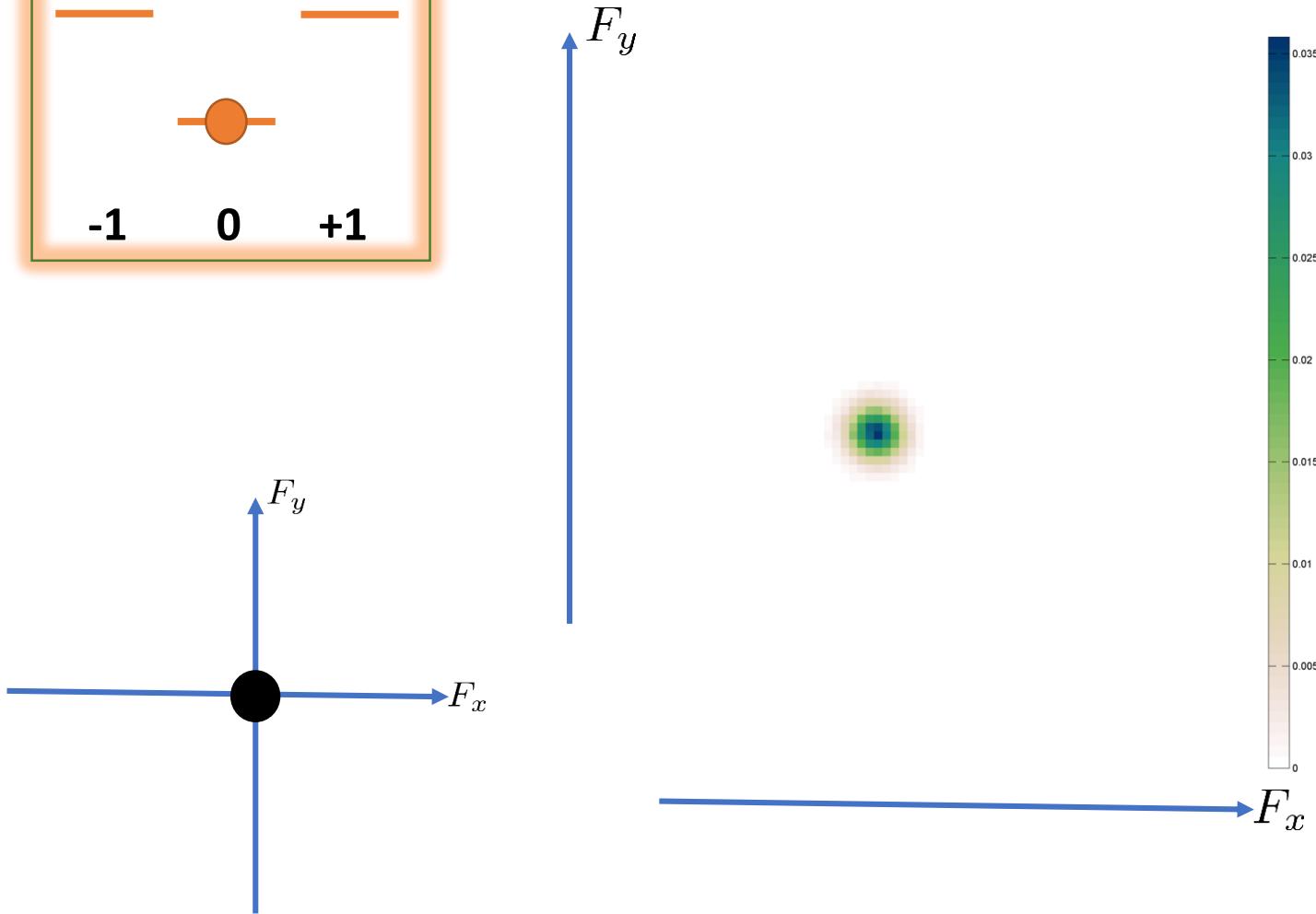
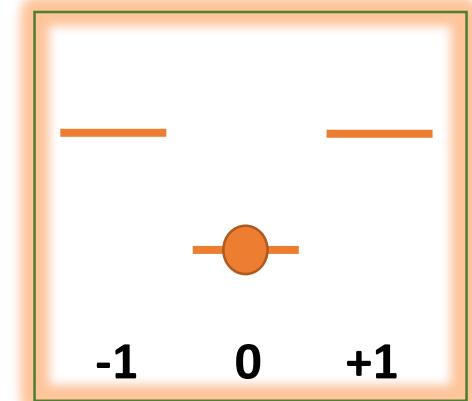
Isolated many-body quantum systems out of equilibrium



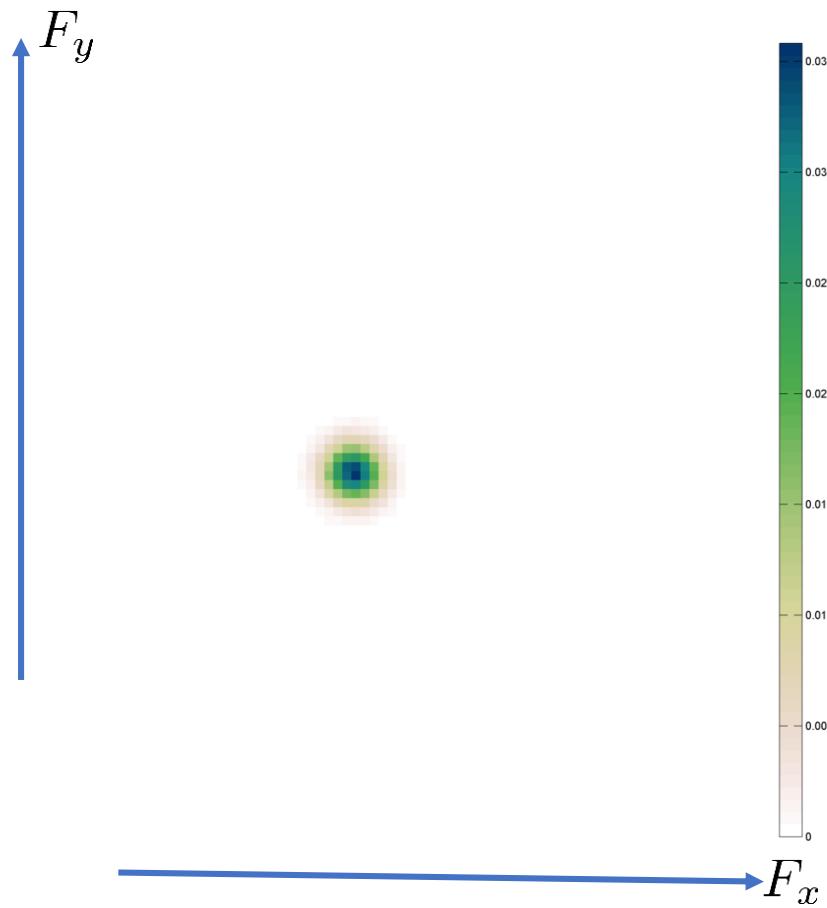
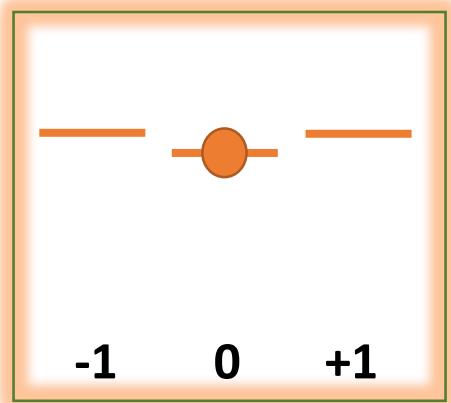
Extreme conditions



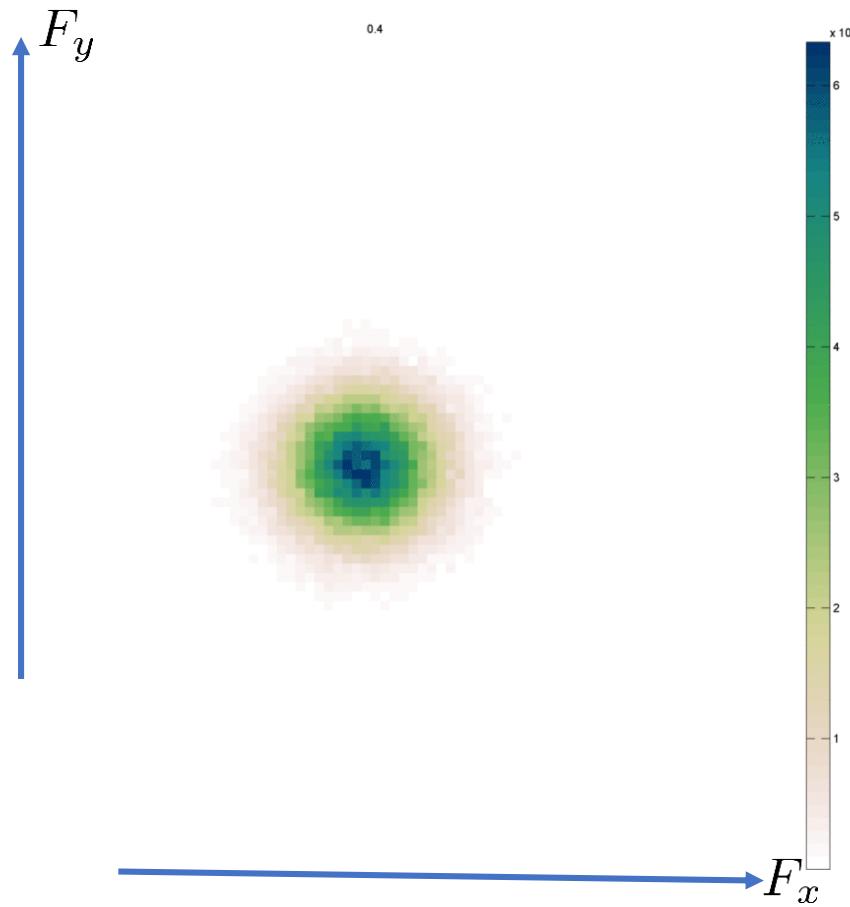
Extreme conditions



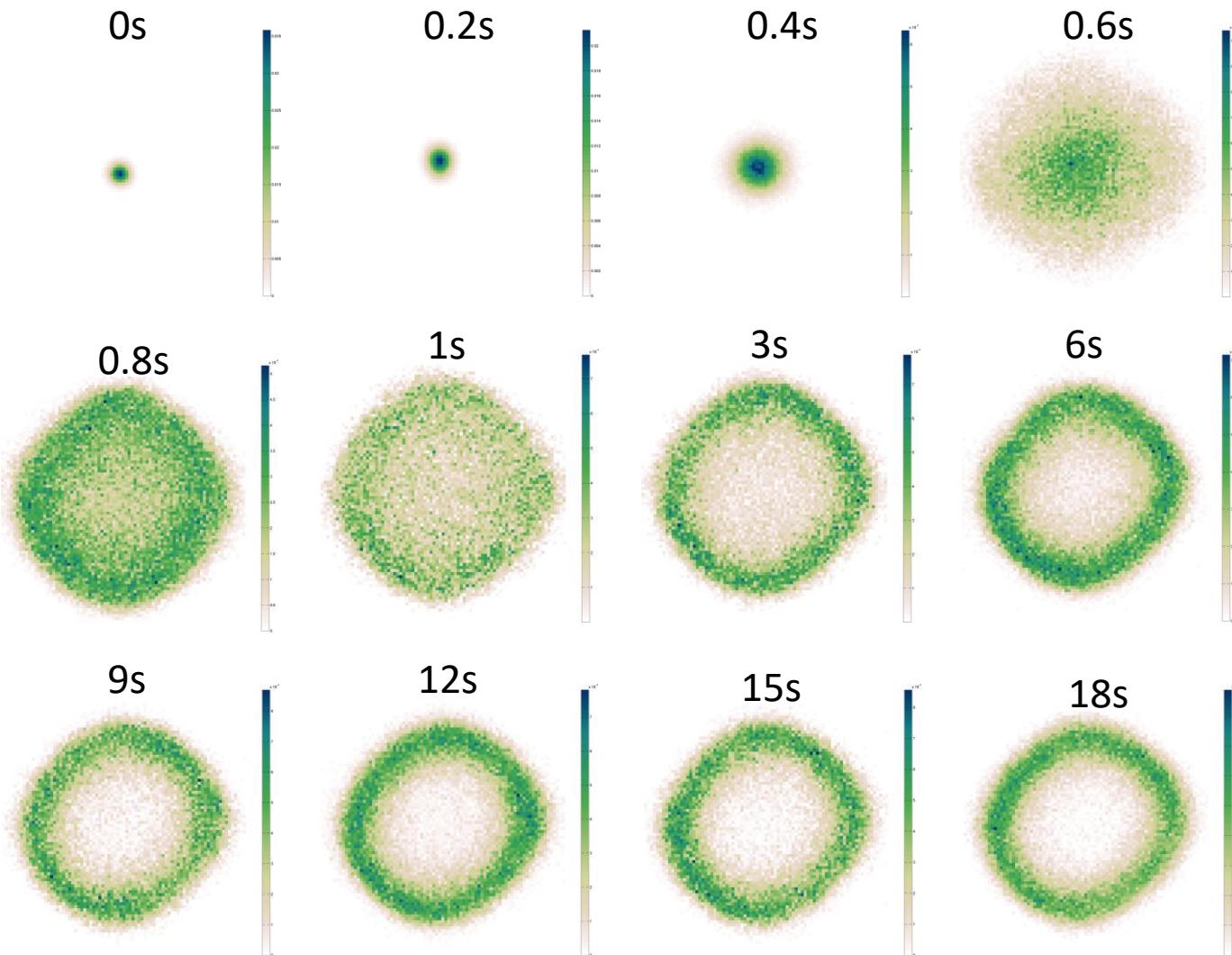
Extreme conditions



Extreme conditions

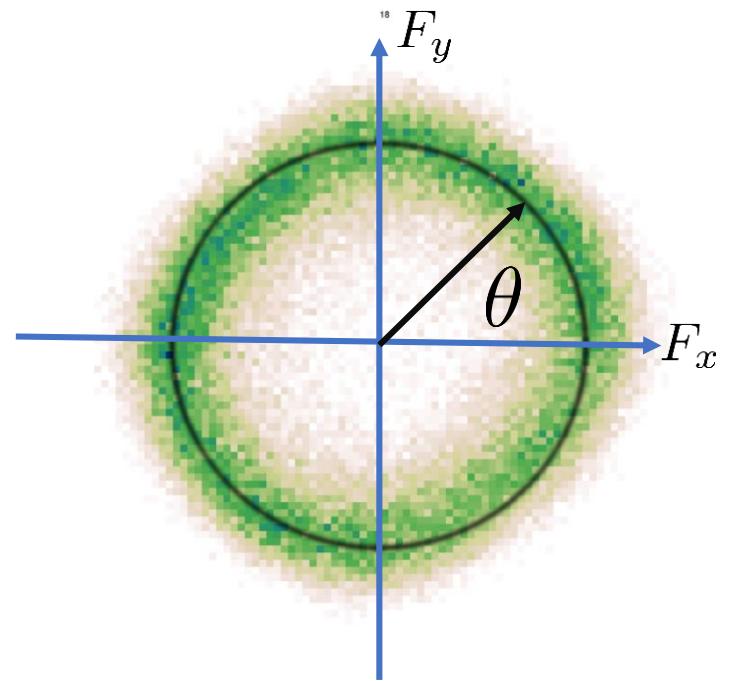


Extreme conditions



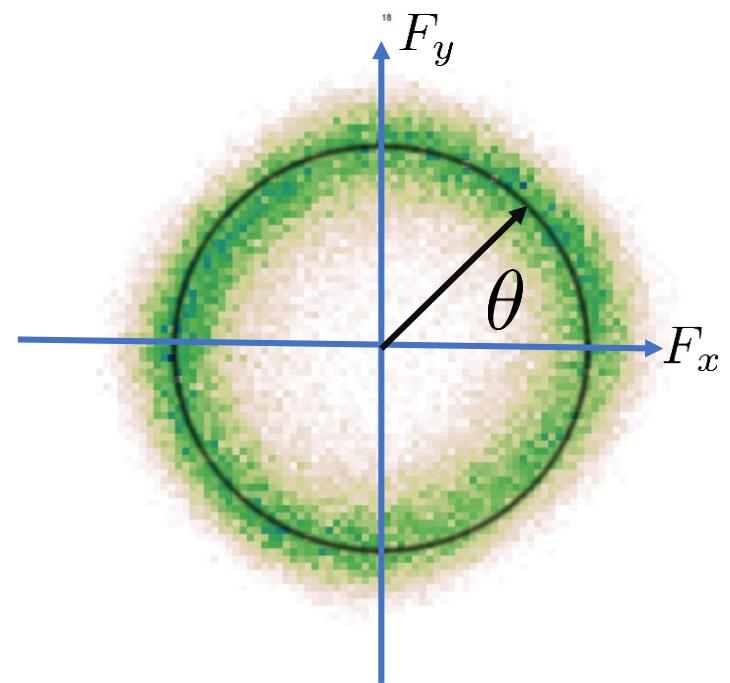
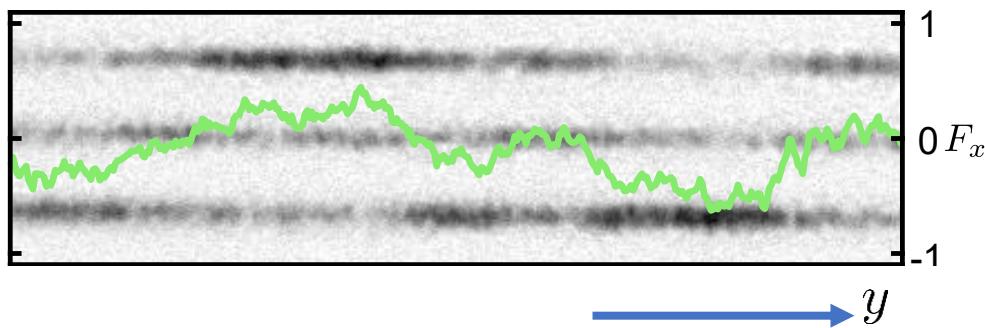
Observable

Angular orientation θ



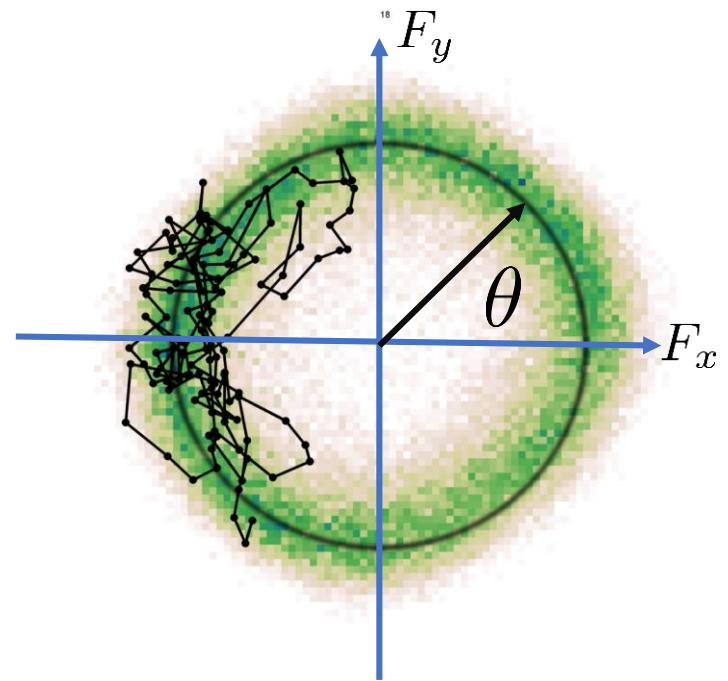
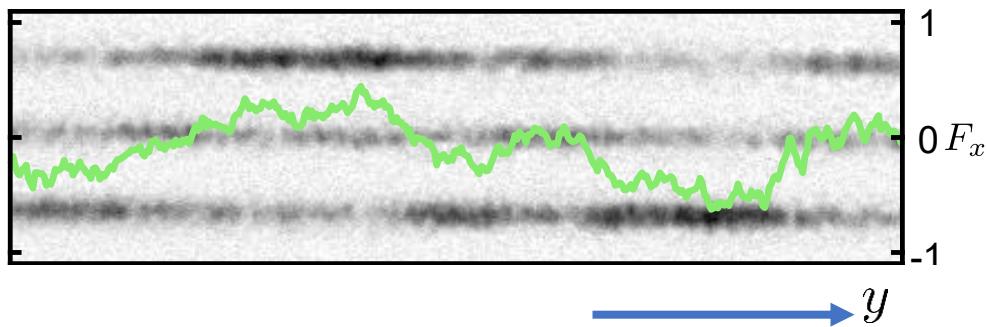
Observable

Angular orientation $\theta(y)$



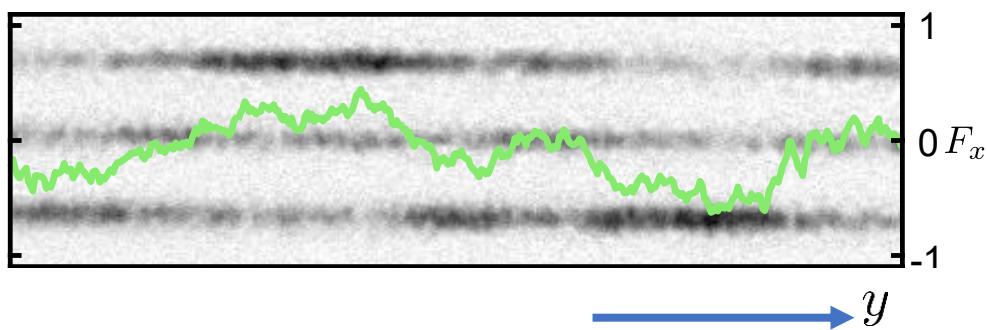
Observable

Angular orientation $\theta(y)$

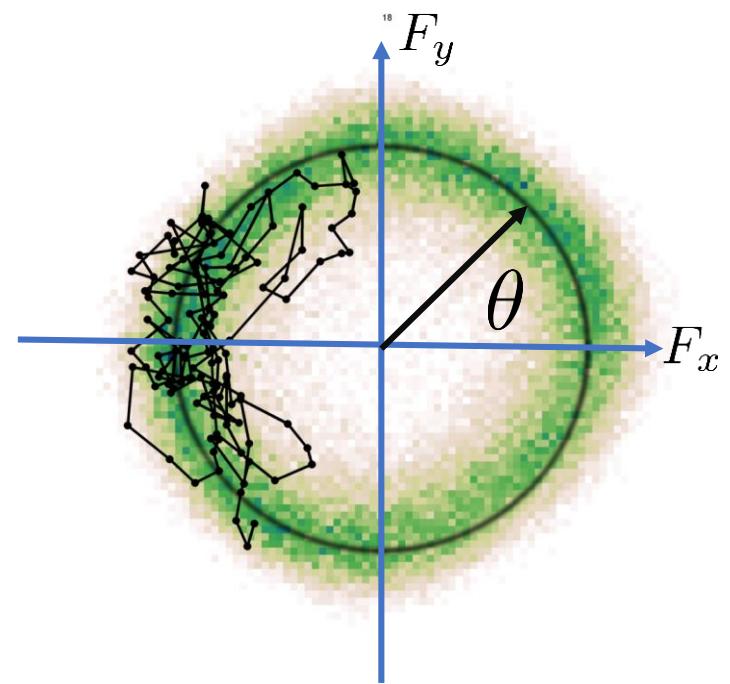


Observable

Angular orientation $\theta(y)$

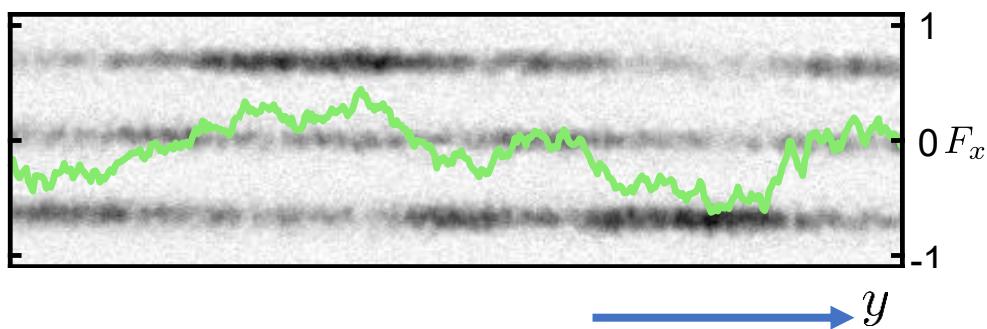


Correlation functions $\langle \theta(y)\theta(y') \rangle$



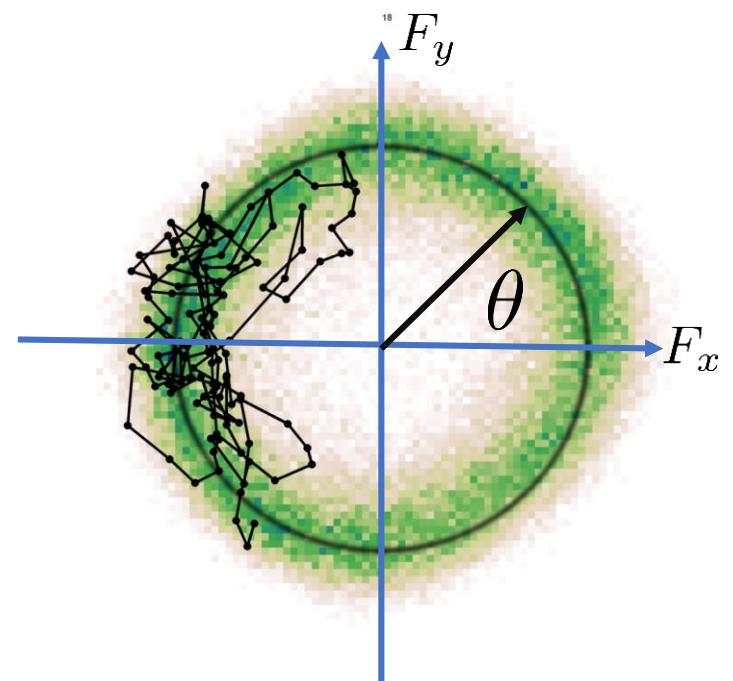
Observable

Angular orientation $\theta(y)$

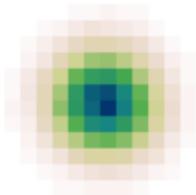


Correlation functions $\langle \theta(y)\theta(y') \rangle$

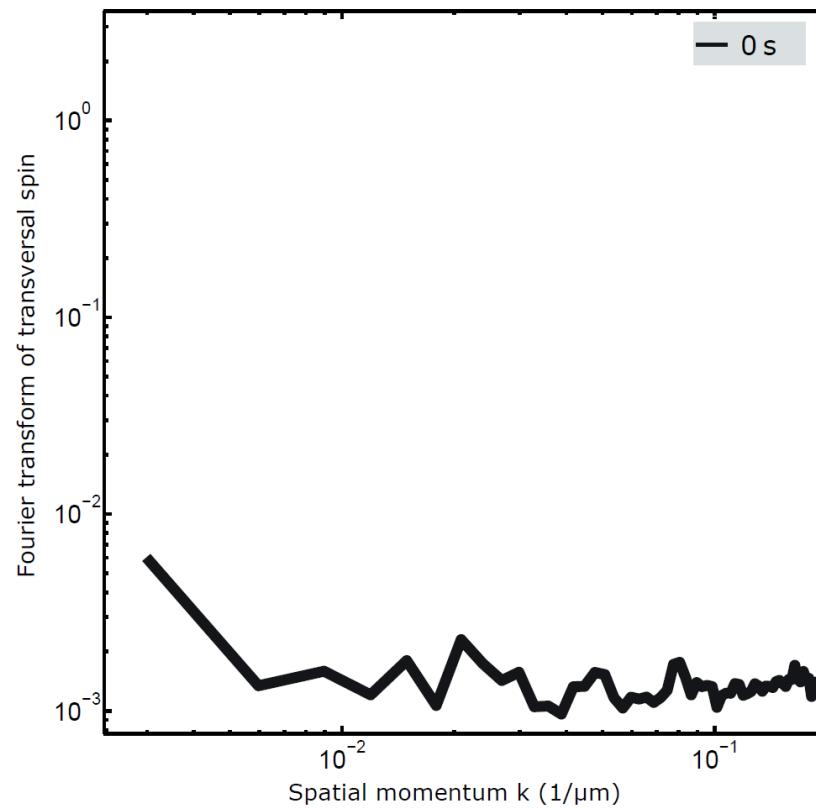
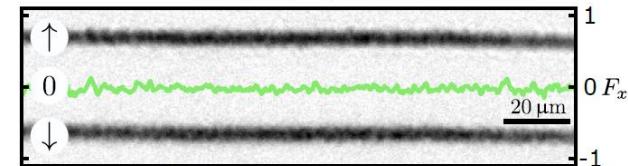
Fourier space $f_\theta(k)$



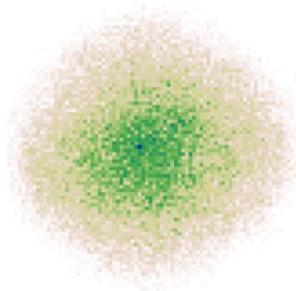
Going extreme



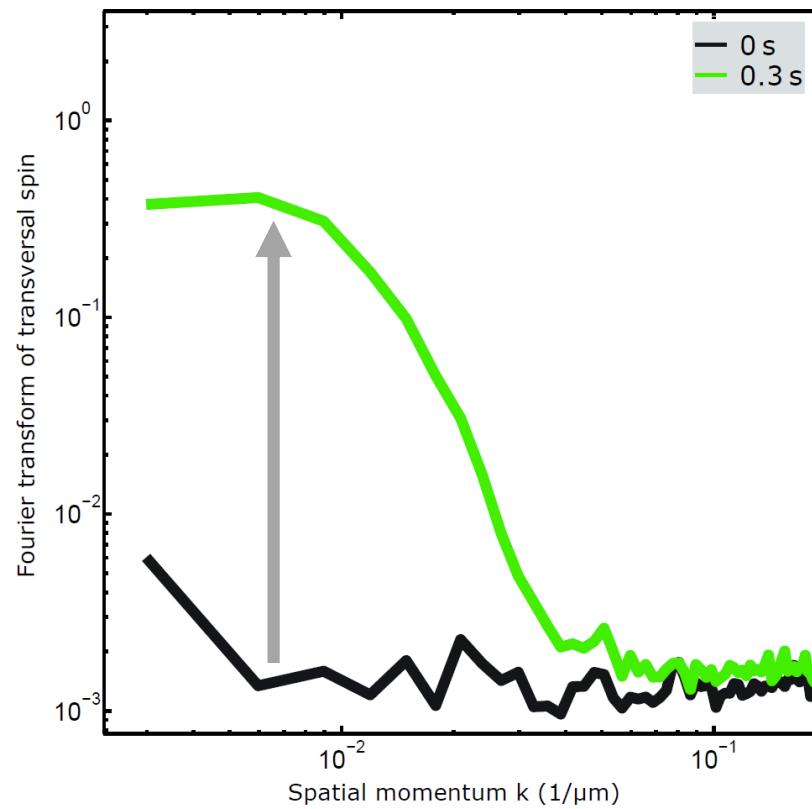
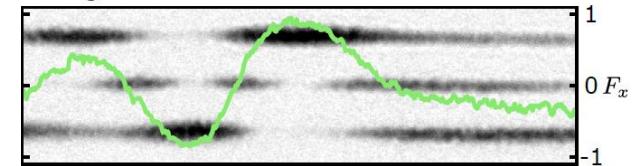
Structure factor $f_\theta(k)$



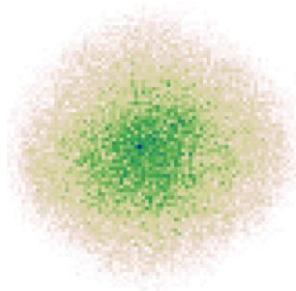
Going extreme



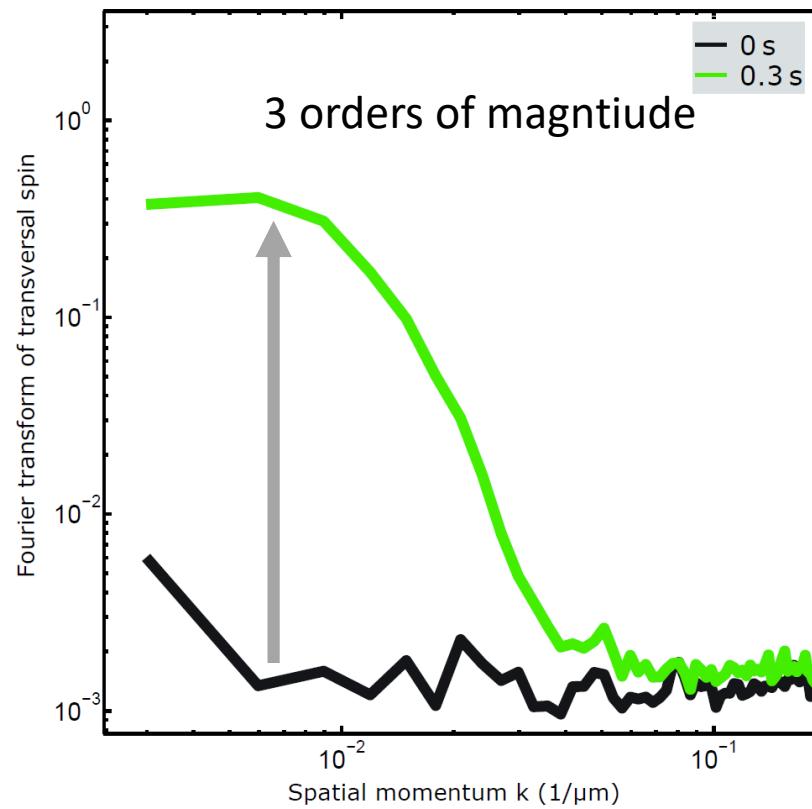
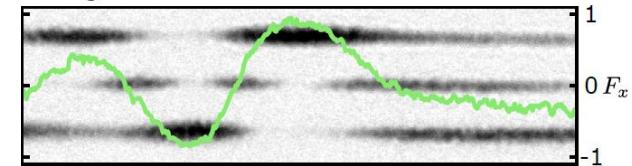
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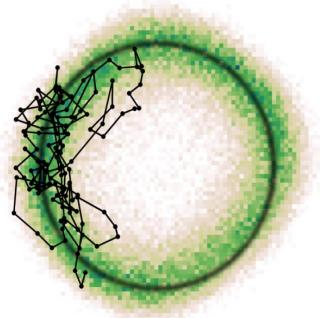
Going extreme



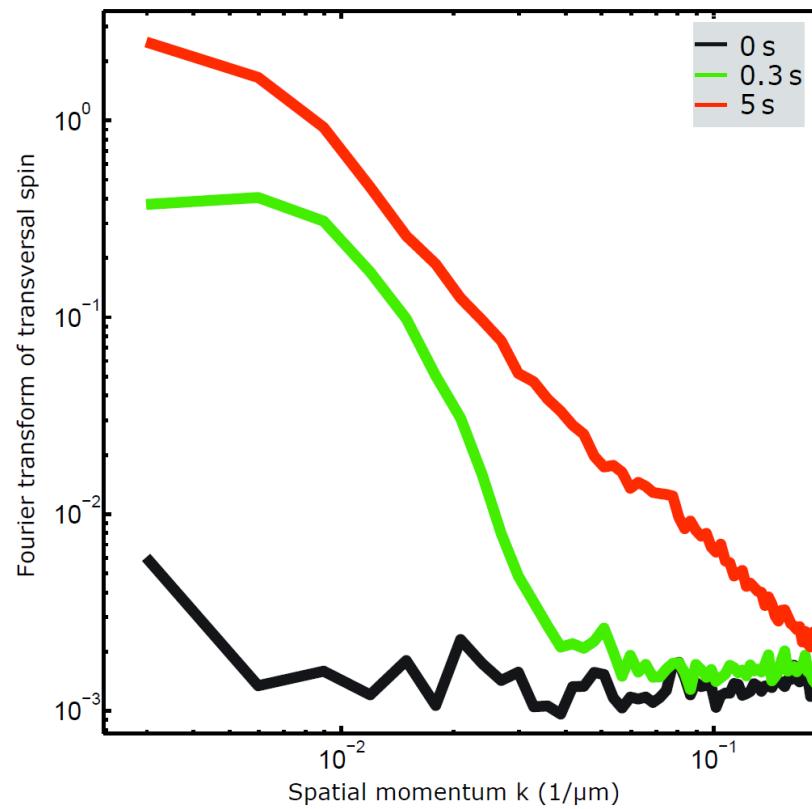
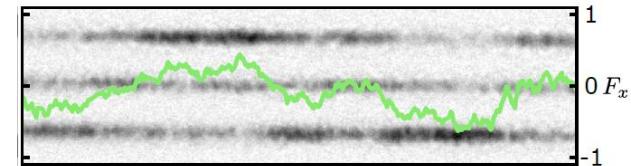
Structure factor $f_\theta(k)$

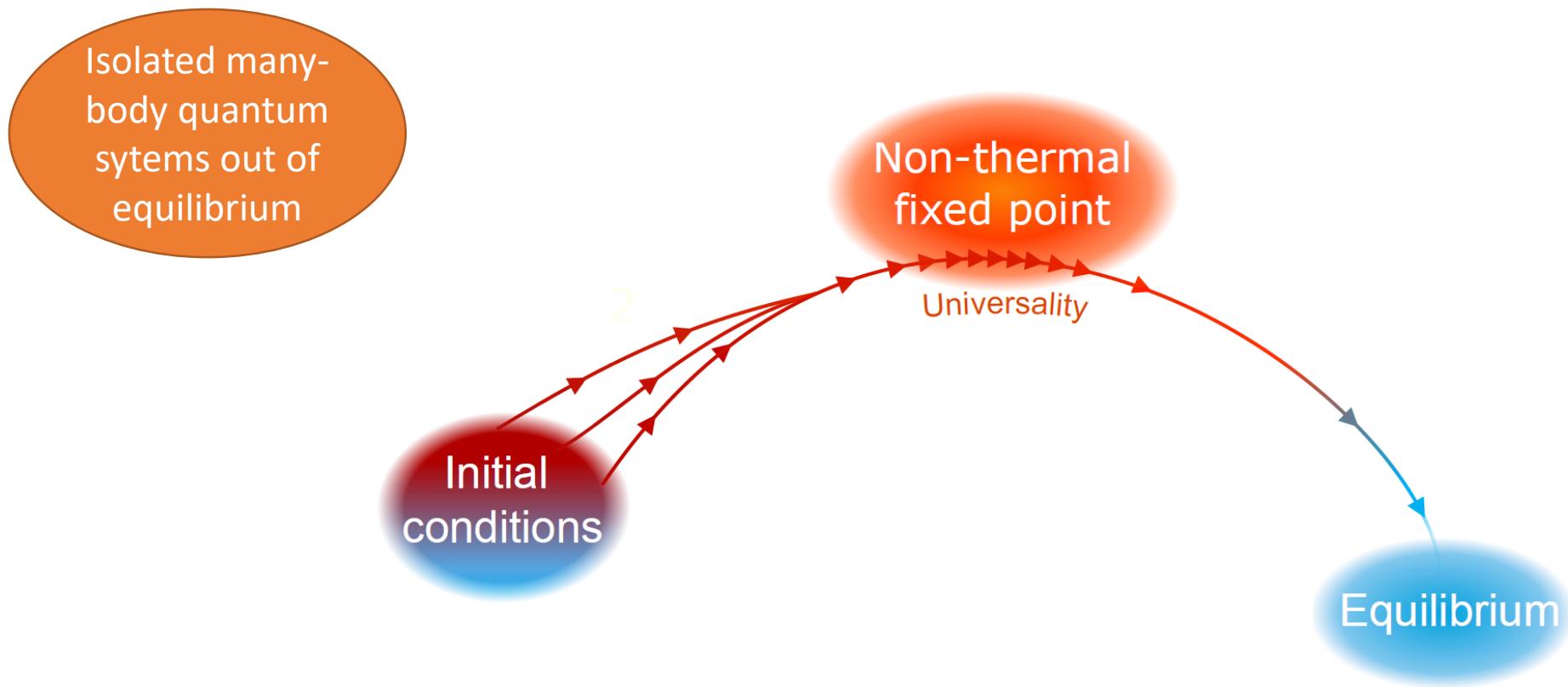


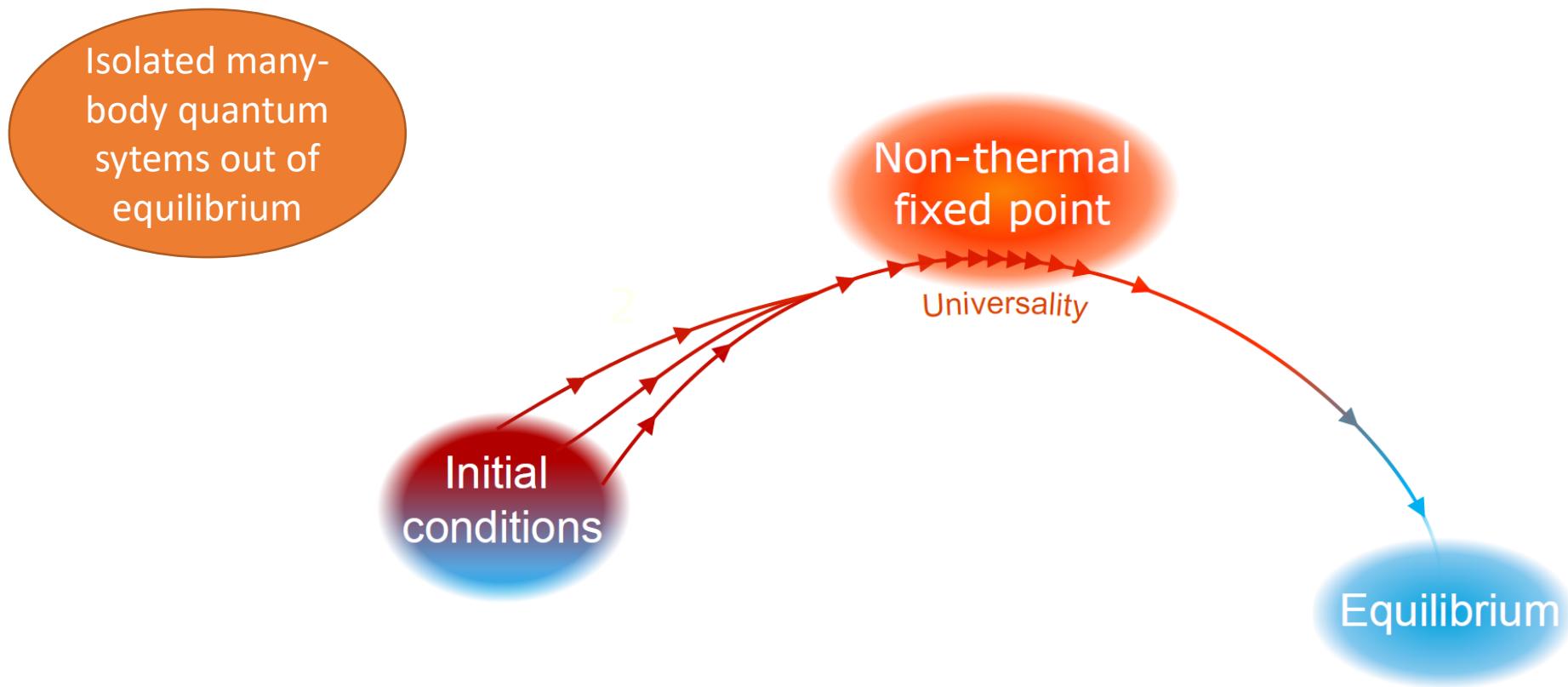
Going extreme



Structure factor $f_\theta(k)$

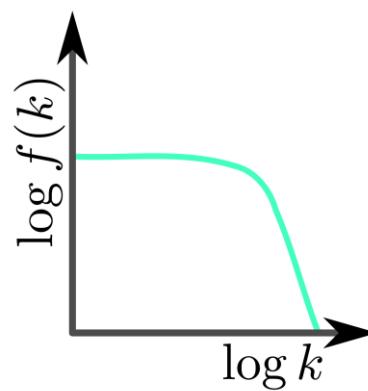
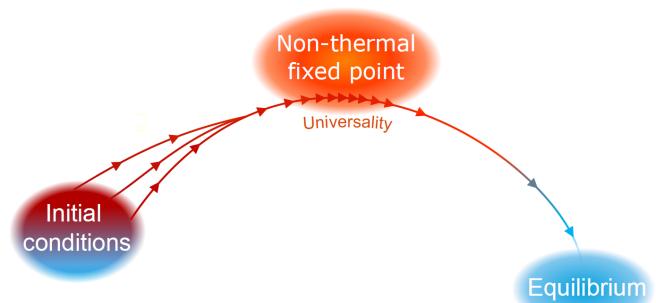






Similar results: Erne, S. et al., Nature 563, 225-229 (2018)

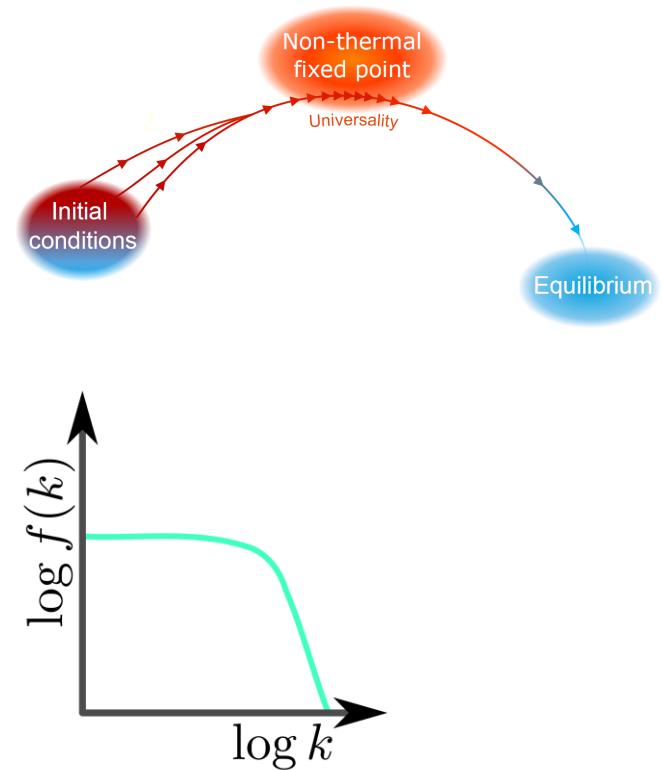
Universal dynamics



Universal dynamics

Dynamics is described by:

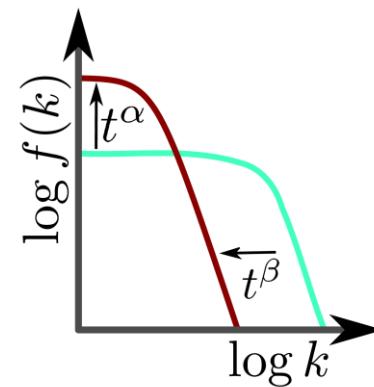
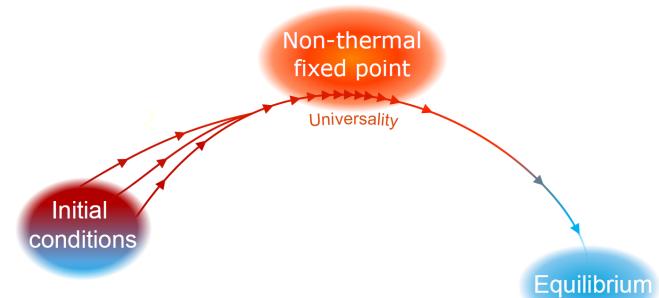
1. Scaling function f_S
2. Scaling exponents α, β



Universal dynamics

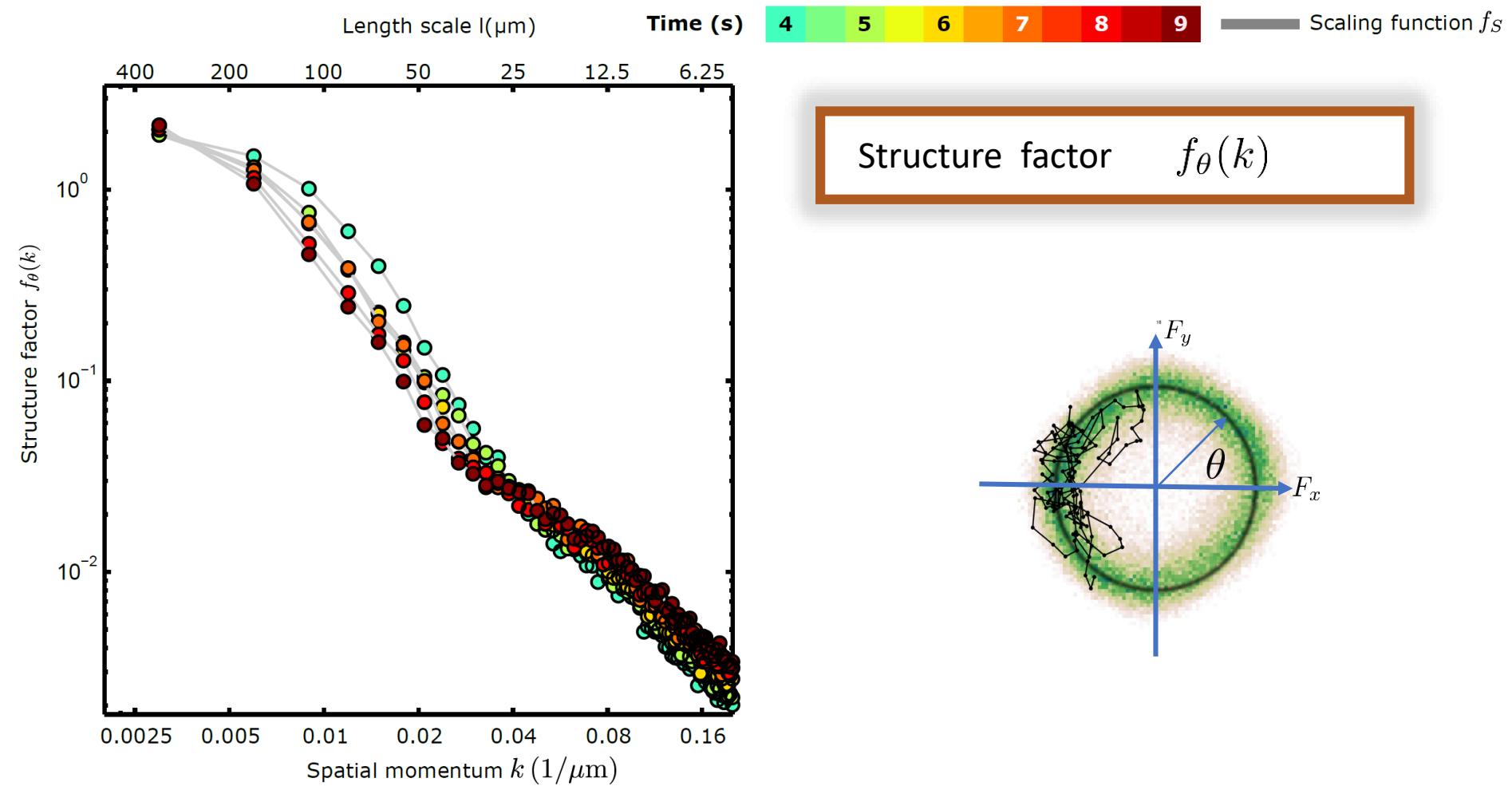
Dynamics is described by:

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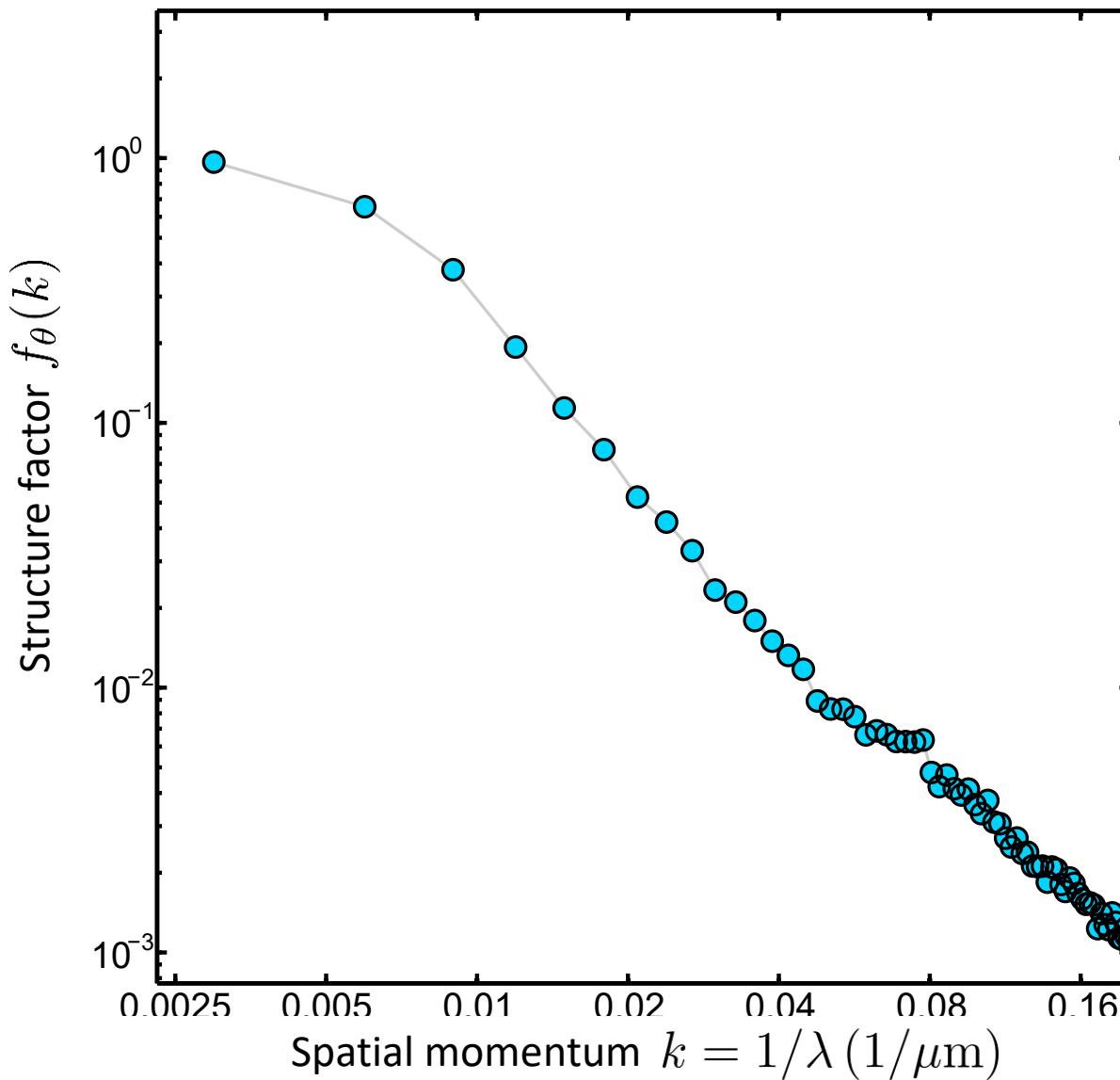
$$f_\theta(k, t) = t^\alpha f_S(t^\beta k)$$

Rescaling

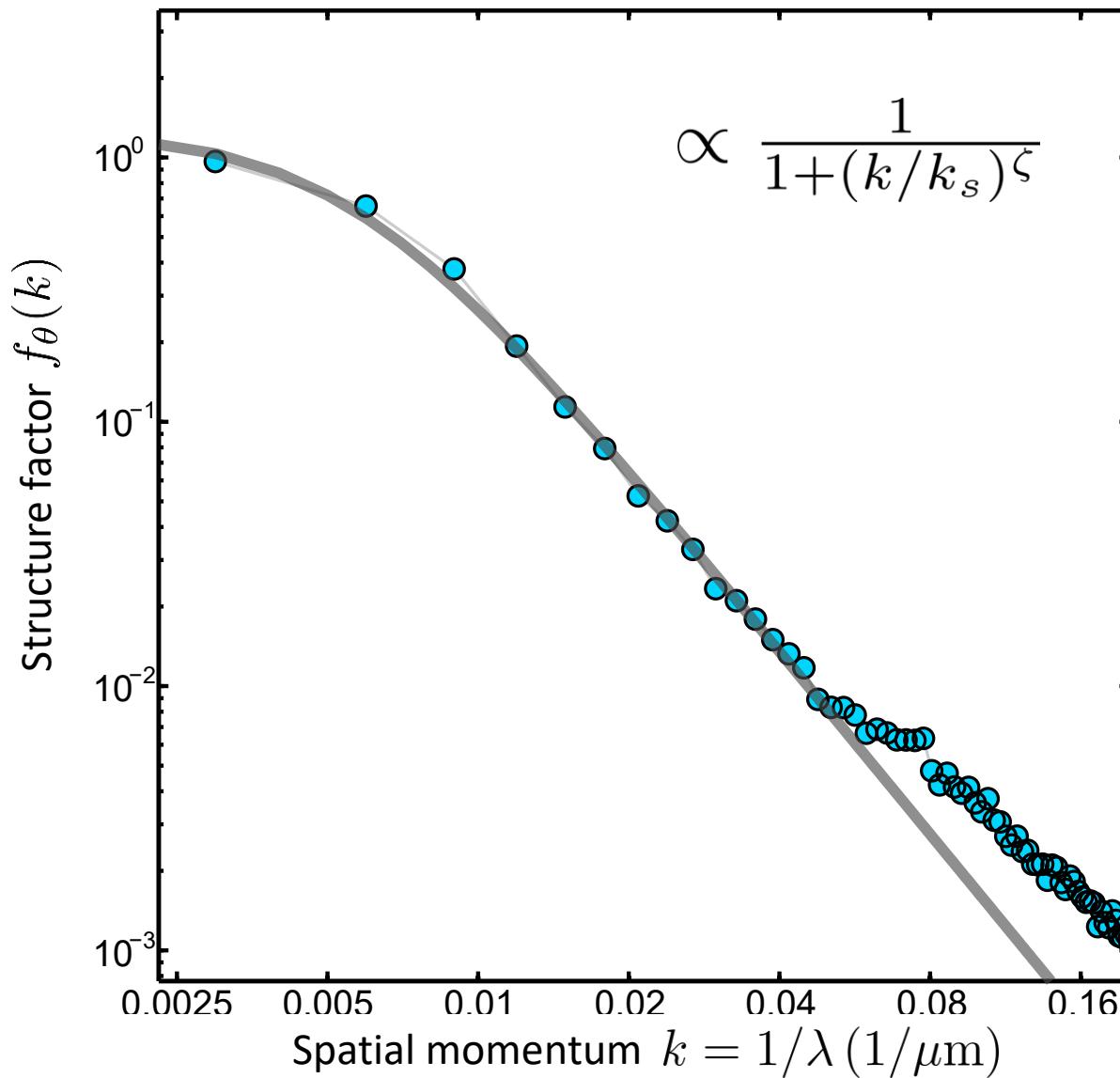


Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

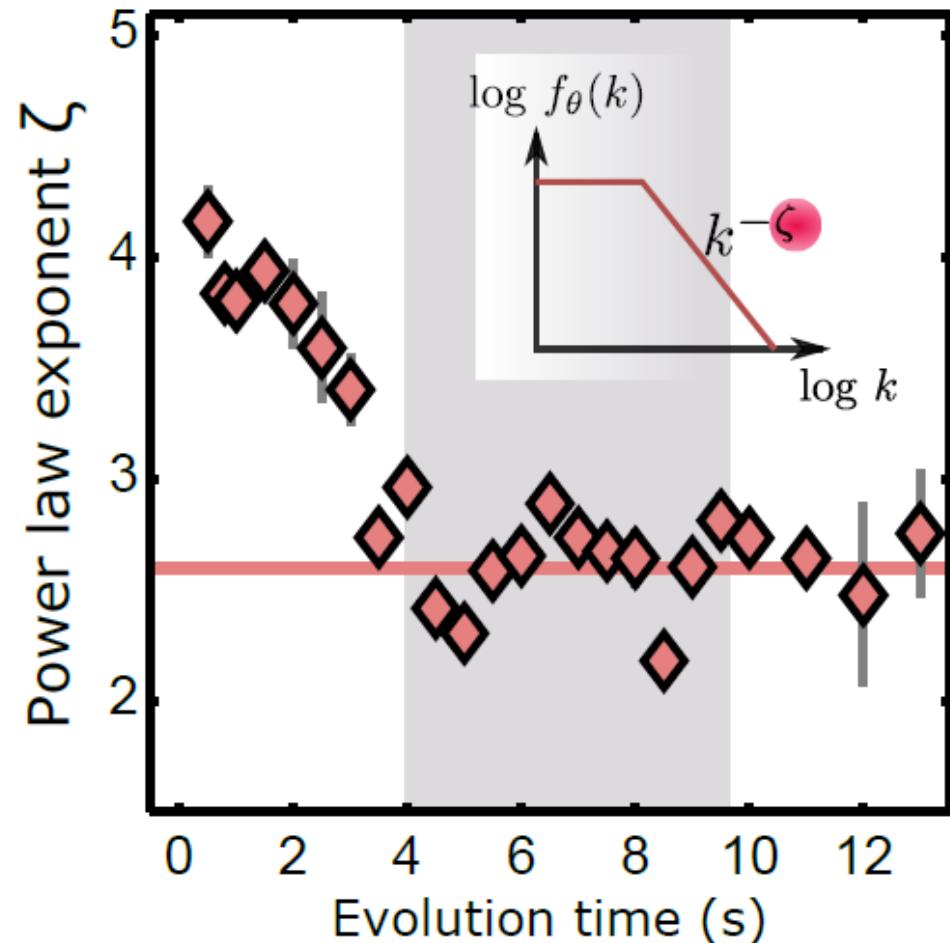
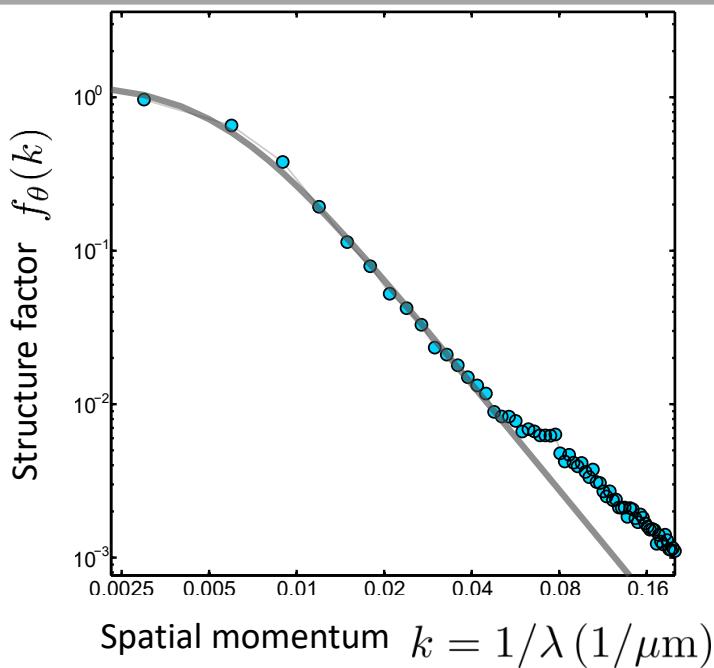
Scaling function



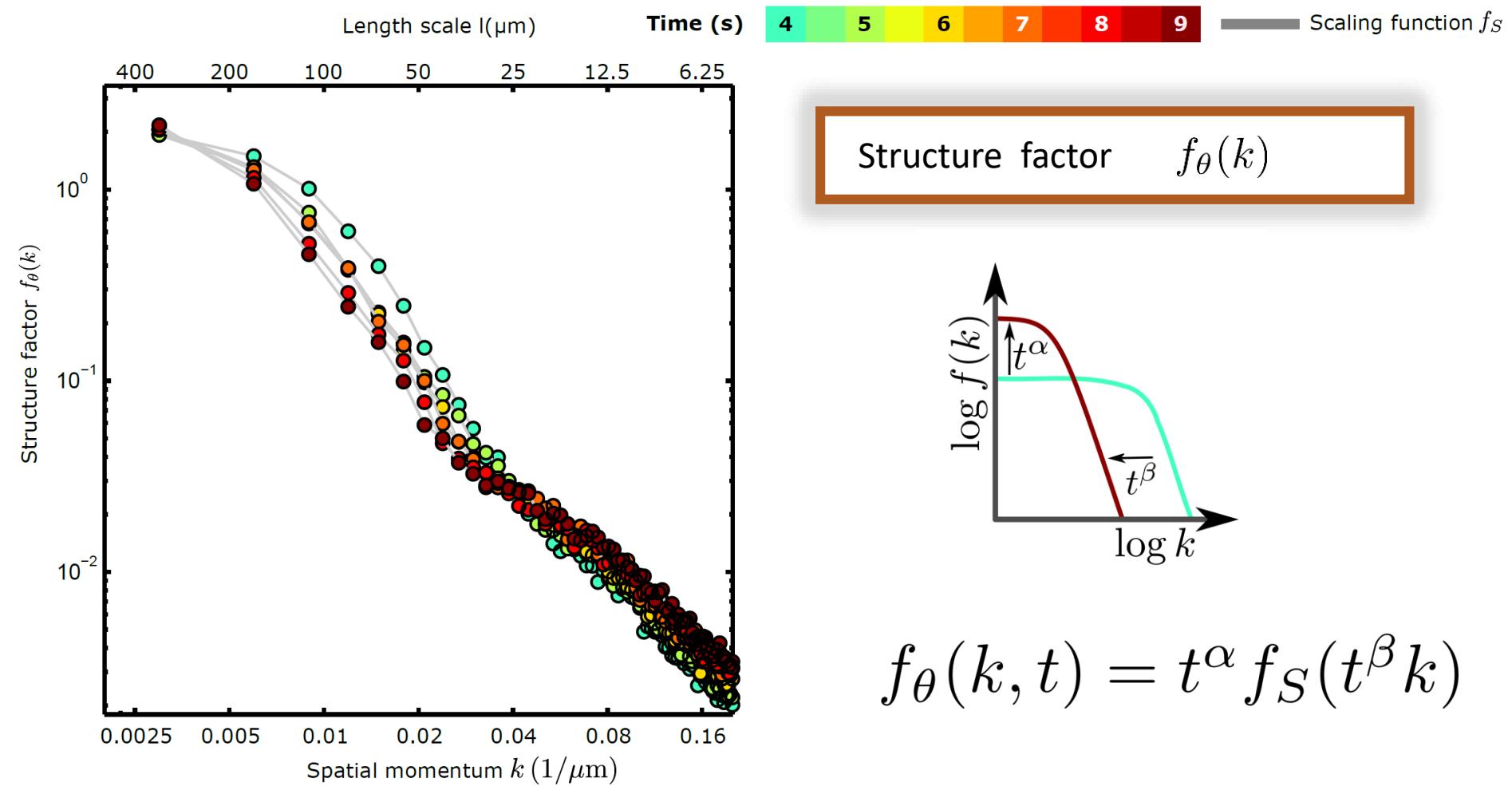
Scaling function



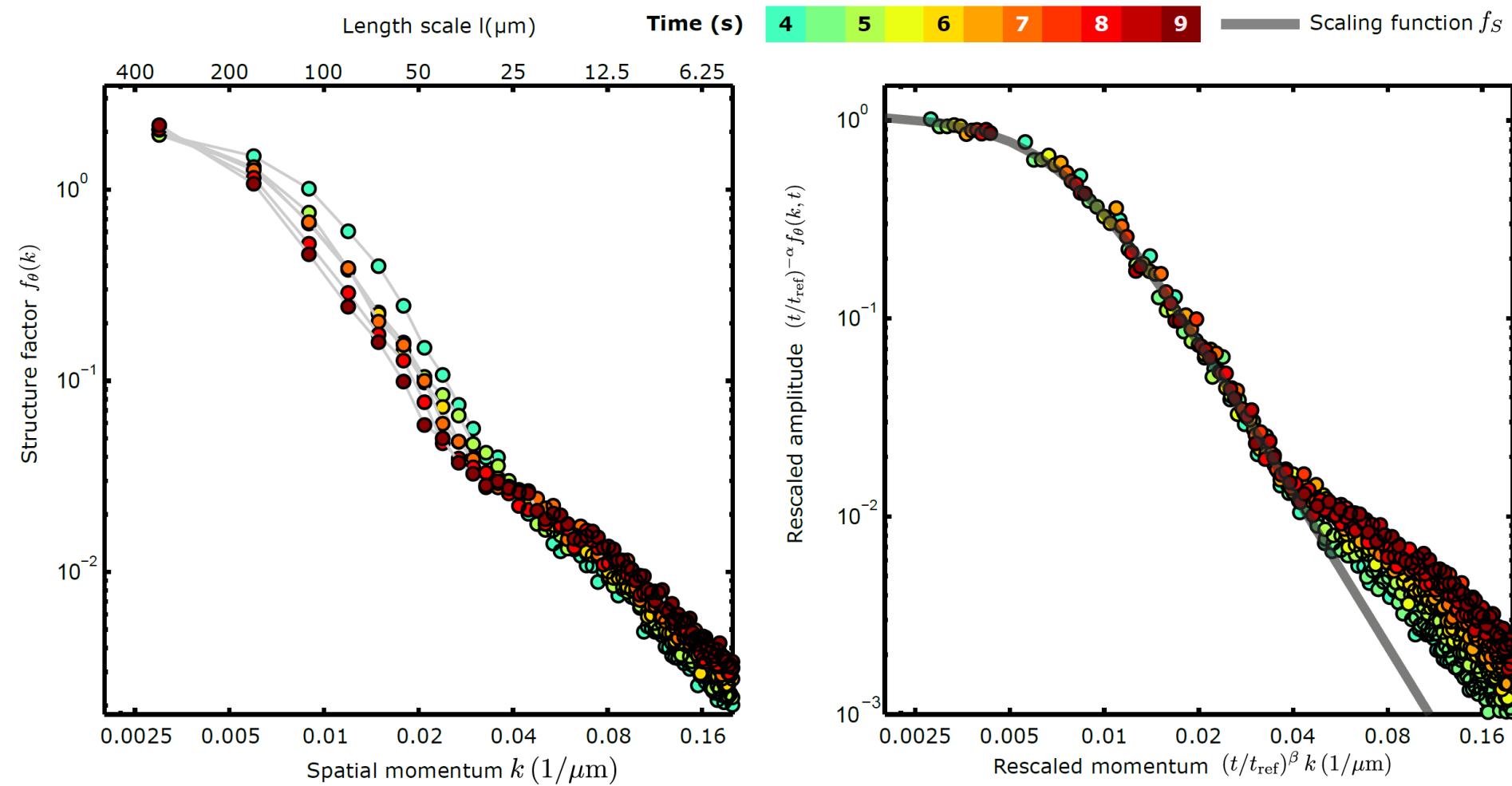
Scaling function



Rescaling

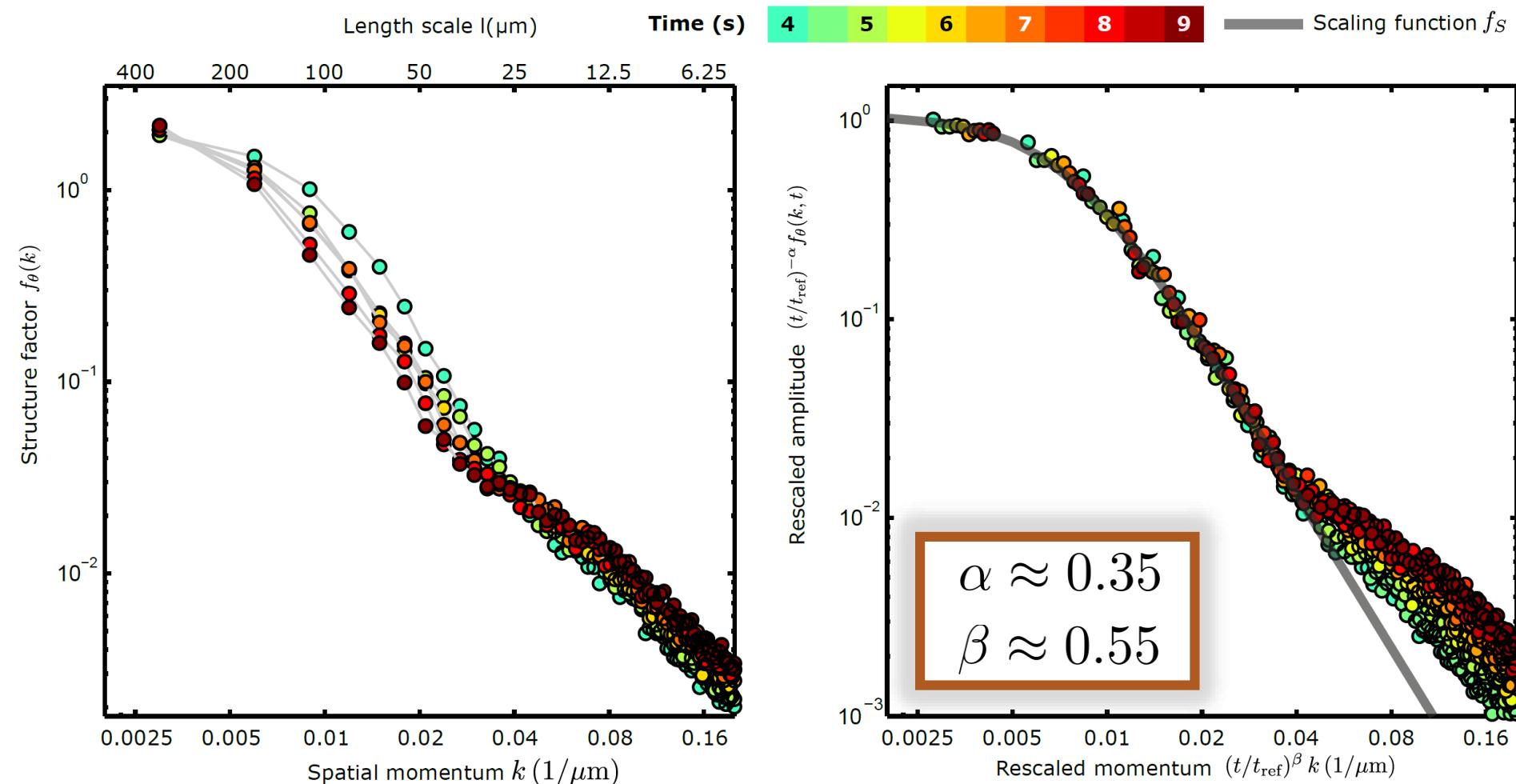


Rescaling



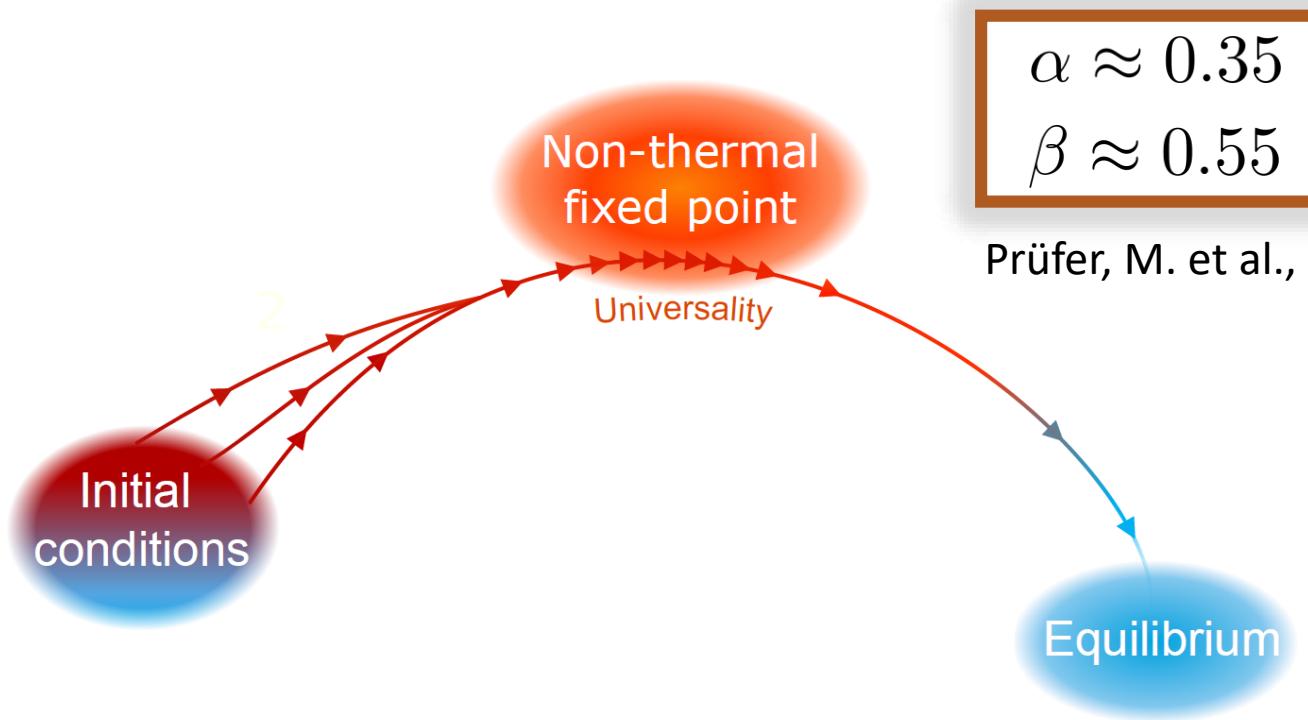
Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

Rescaling



Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

Robustness

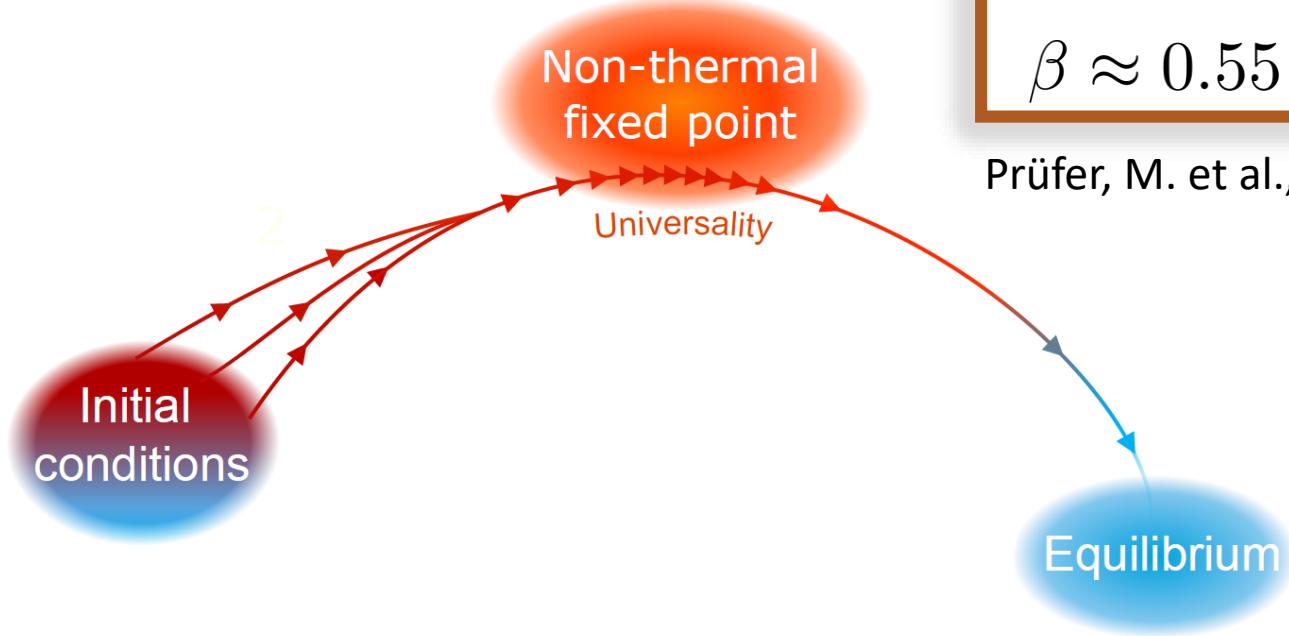


$$\alpha \approx 0.35$$

$$\beta \approx 0.55$$

Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

Robustness



$$\alpha \approx 0.35$$

$$\beta \approx 0.55$$

Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

$$\alpha \approx 0.1$$

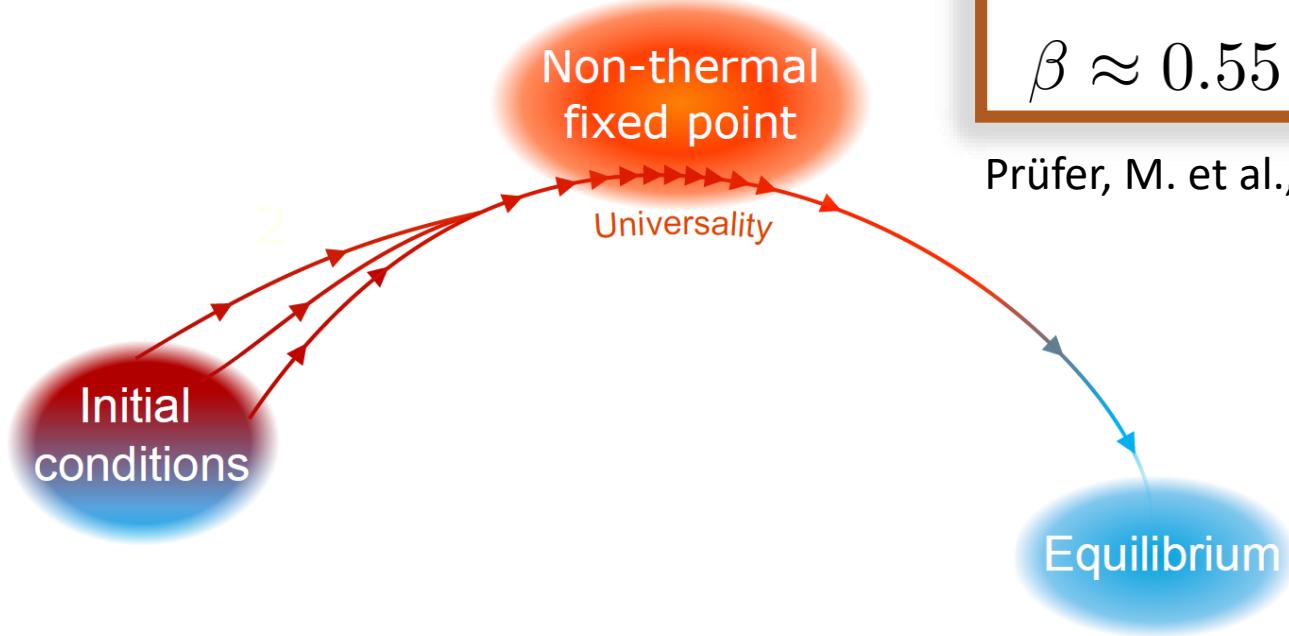
$$\beta \approx 0.1$$

Erne, S. et al., Nature **563**, 225-229 (2018)

SYNQS Heidelberg

Maximilian Prüfer

Robustness



$$\alpha \approx 0.35$$

$$\beta \approx 0.55$$

Prüfer, M. et al., Nature **563**, 217-220 (2018)

How can we test the robustness?

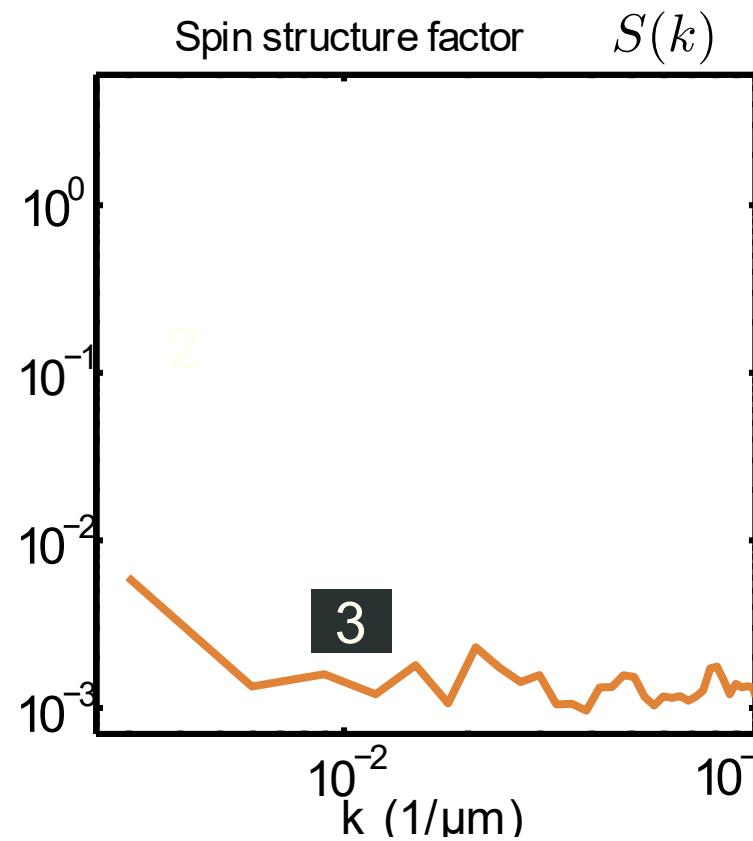
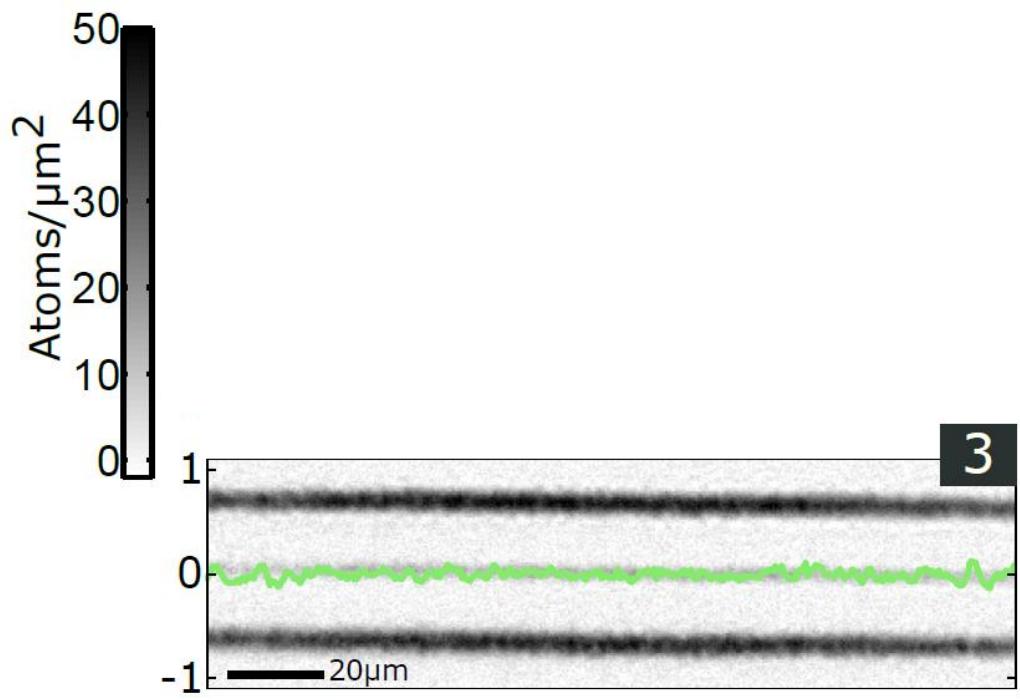
$$\alpha \approx 0.1$$

$$\beta \approx 0.1$$

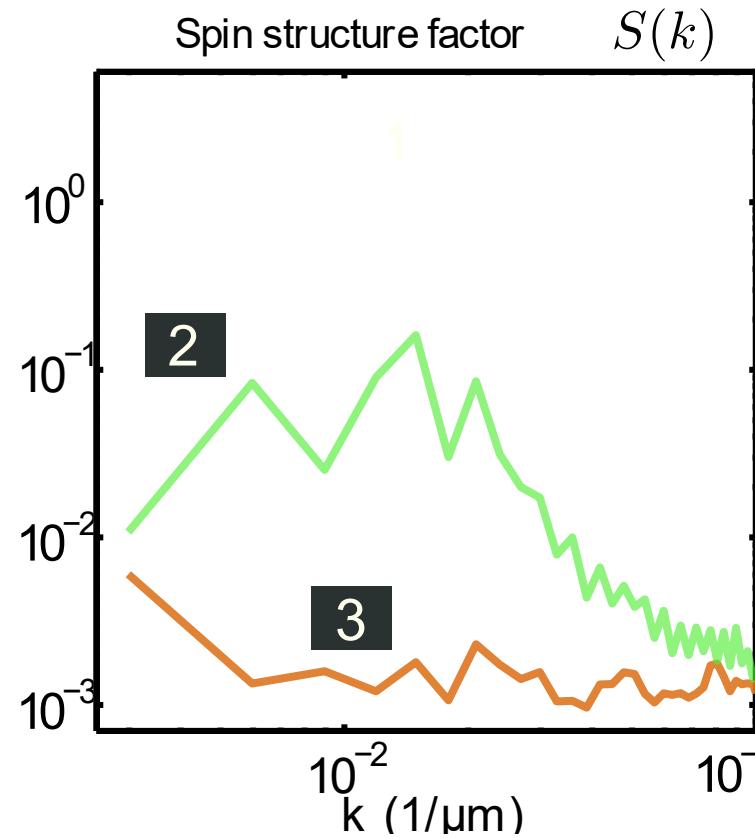
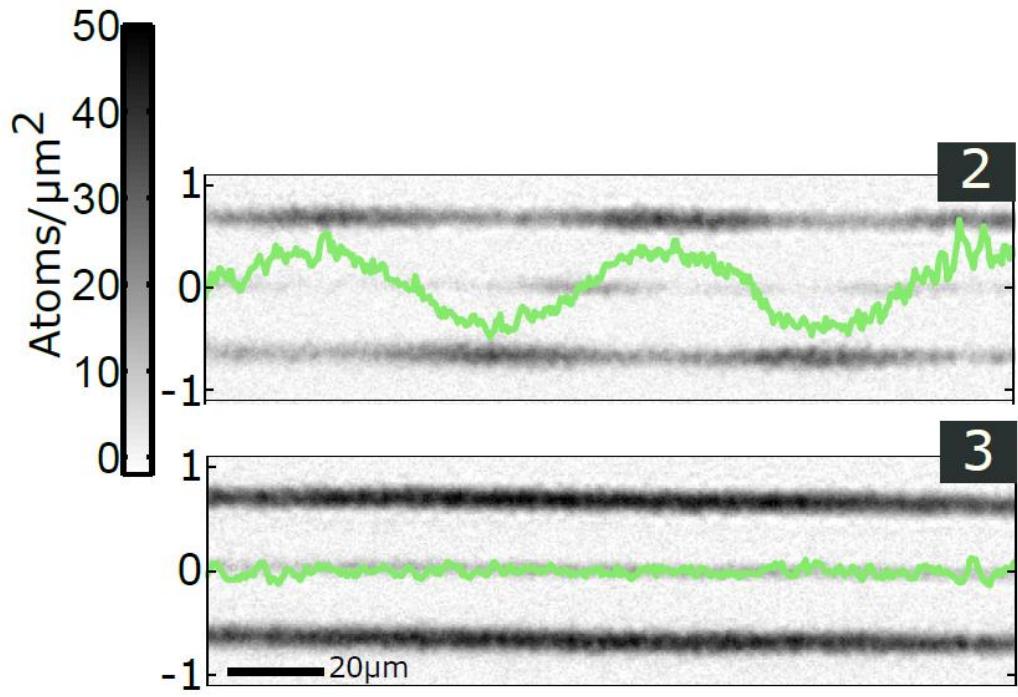
Erne, S. et al., Nature **563**, 225-229 (2018)

Maximilian Prüfer

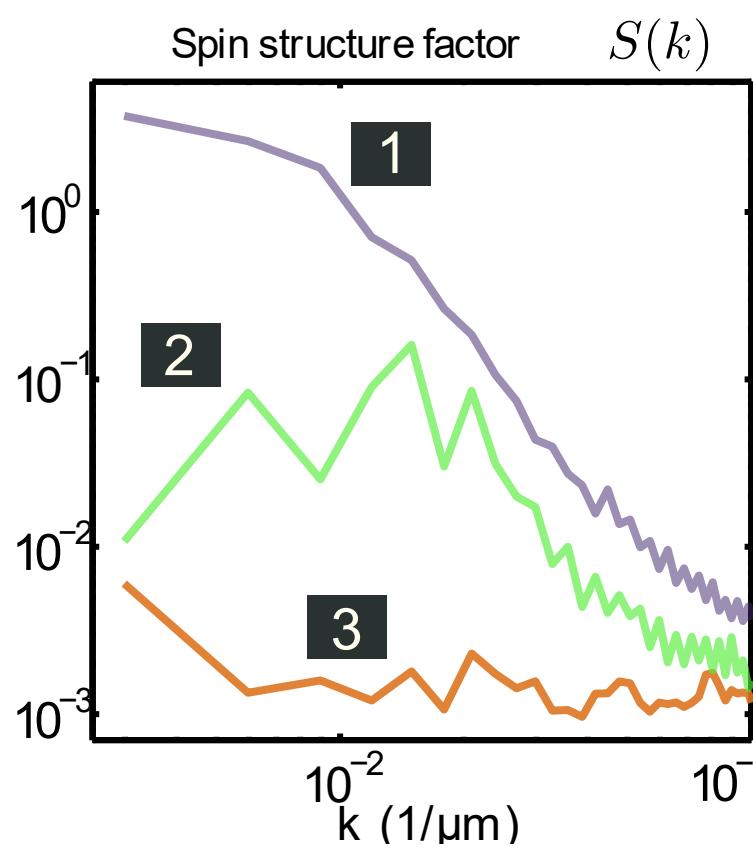
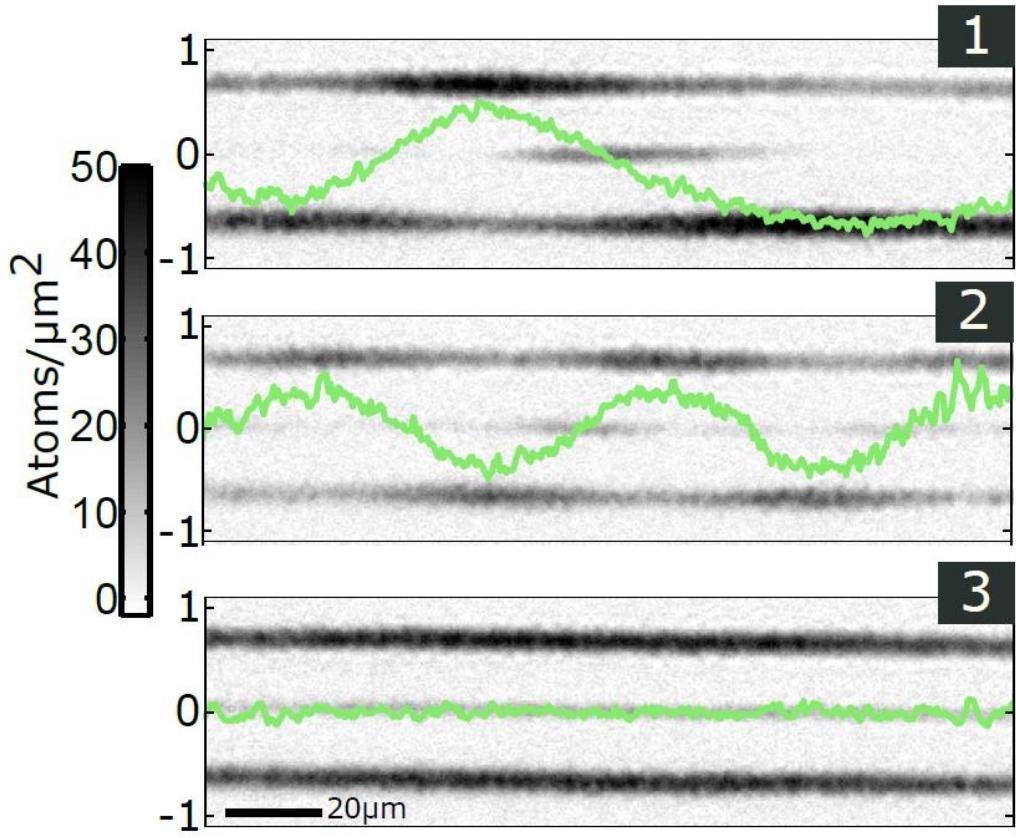
Robustness



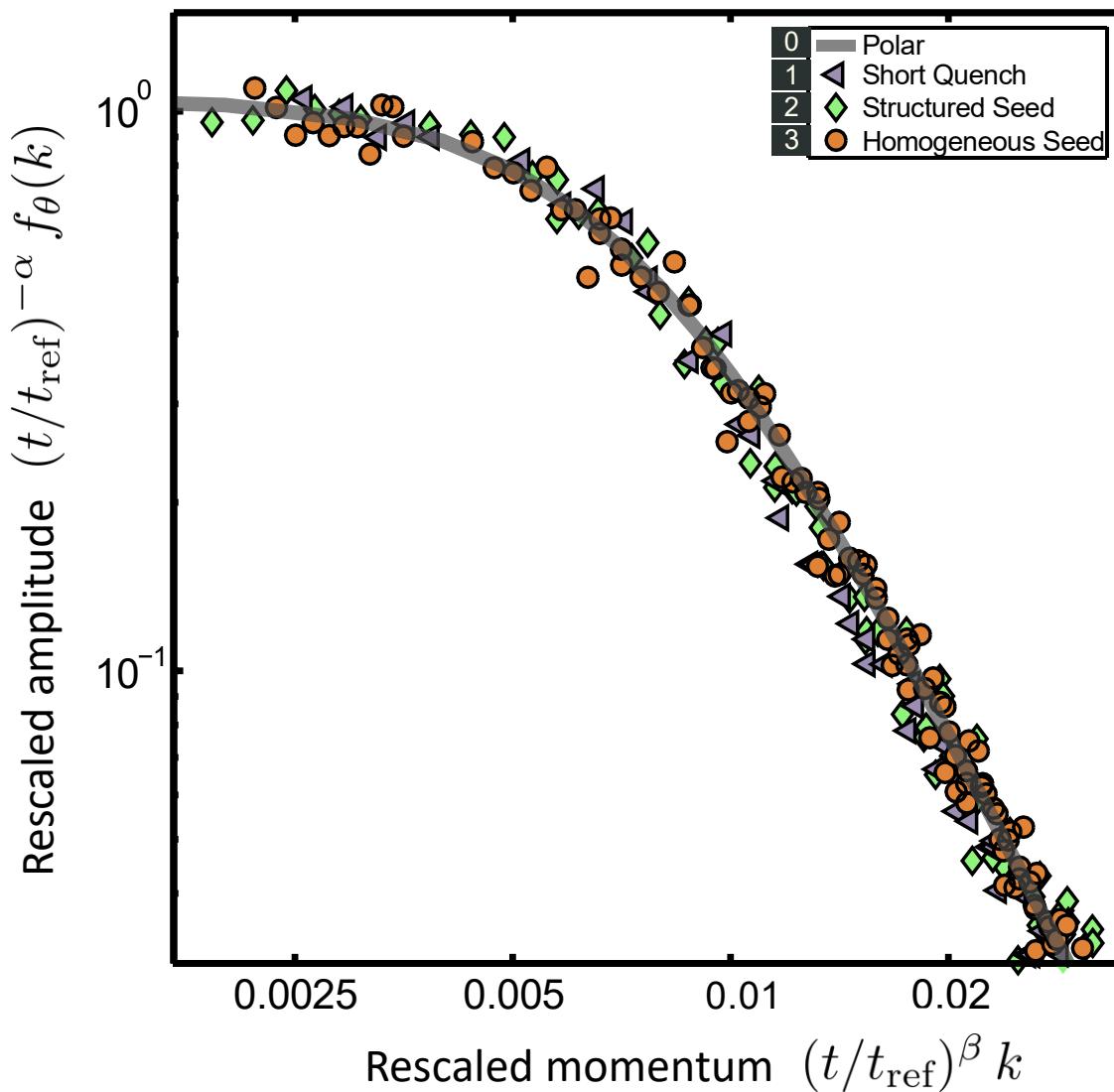
Robustness



Robustness

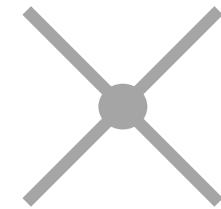


Robustness



Outlook

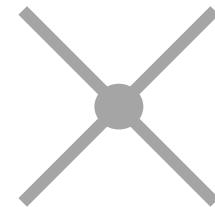
- Higher order correlation functions $\langle \theta(y)\theta(y')\theta(y'')\theta(y''') \rangle$
Extract couplings of effective field theory describing the system



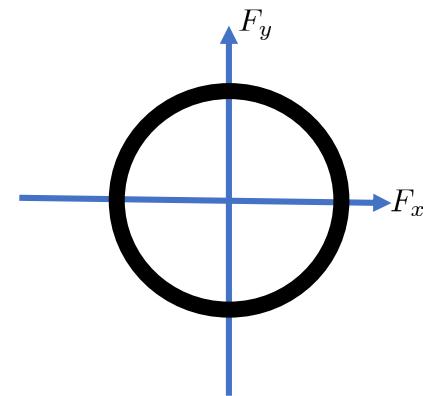
Outlook

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Extract couplings of effective field theory describing the system



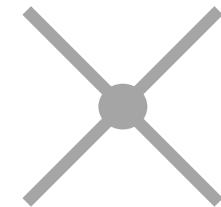
- Role of defects for universal dynamics



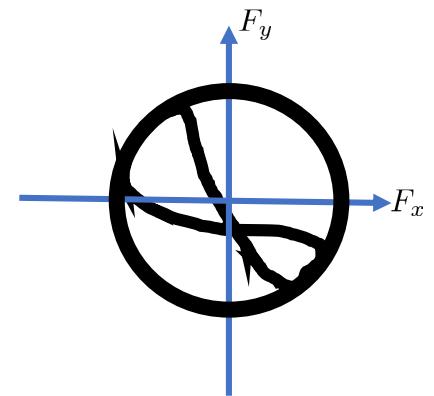
Outlook

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Extract couplings of effective field theory describing the system



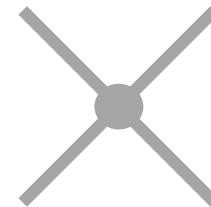
- Role of defects for universal dynamics



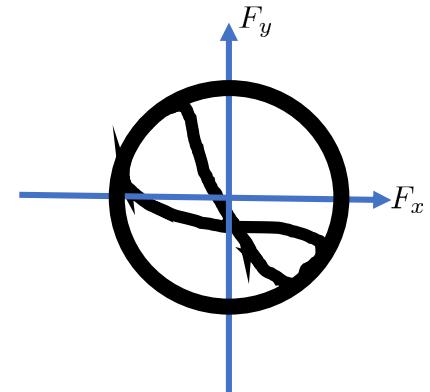
Outlook

- Higher order correlation functions $\langle \theta(y)\theta(y')\theta(y'')\theta(y''') \rangle$

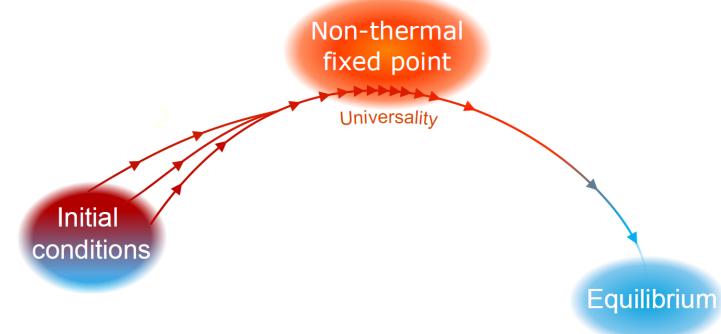
Extract couplings of effective field theory describing the system



- Role of defects for universal dynamics



- Thermalisation of spinor gases as isolated quantum systems



Summary

