



Pablo Cabanelas, on behalf of the CALIFA working group of R3B



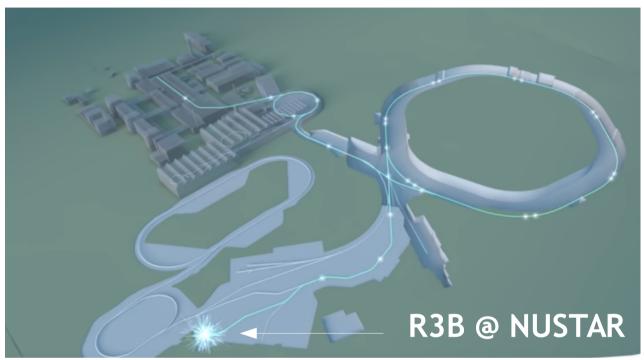






The R3B Experiment

Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams



Relativistic beams

- → in-flight production and detection of secondary beams
- → nuclear fragments are forward focussed
- → simplified description of the reaction mechanism

Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams

- → Secondary beams at 700 A.MeV
- → Fixed target reactions
- → Large Acceptance Dipole Magnet
- → Powerful detector system: beam, fragment, gamma, Light charge particles and neutrons

Versatile program

- → NN correlations and the nuclear force
- → nuclear structure far from stability
 - → nuclear dynamics: fission
- → EoS for high-density neutron-rich matter
- → in-medium excitation of baryon resonances
 - → origin of the heavy elements in Universe



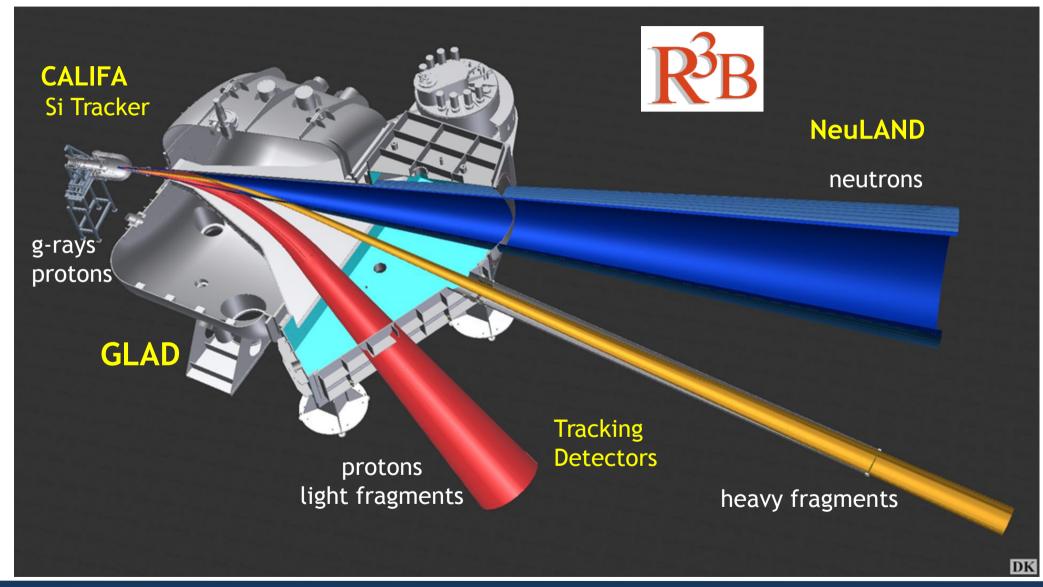






The R3B Experiment

Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams









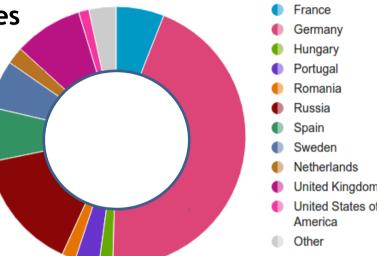


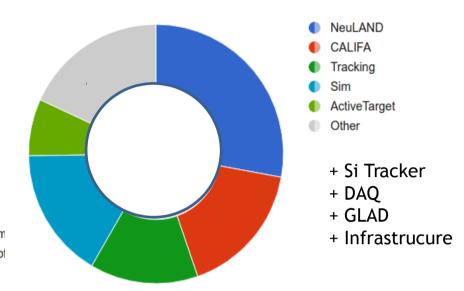
R3B in numbers

•~ 250 collaborators









Timeline for phase-0 and phase-1 at GSI/FAIR

F(AIR

2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024

Construction and installation of detector components

Commissioning of almost "full" setups at various places but primarily at GSI

Physics runs at GSI

Move to final destination

Commissioning and first experiments with Super-FRS beams





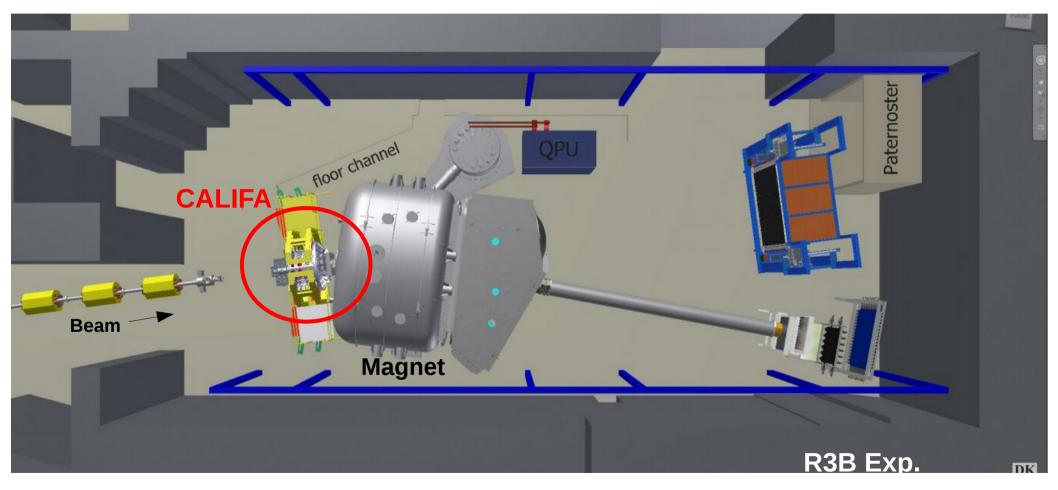




The CALIFA Calorimeter

CALorimeter for In Flight detection of γ and charged p**A**rticles

Calorimeter for the R3B Experiment at FAIR





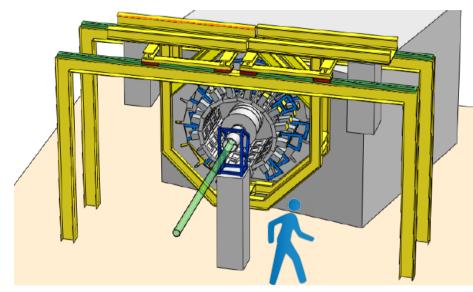


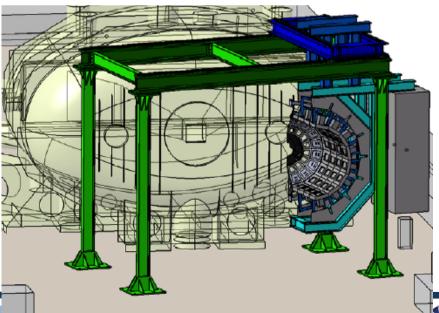


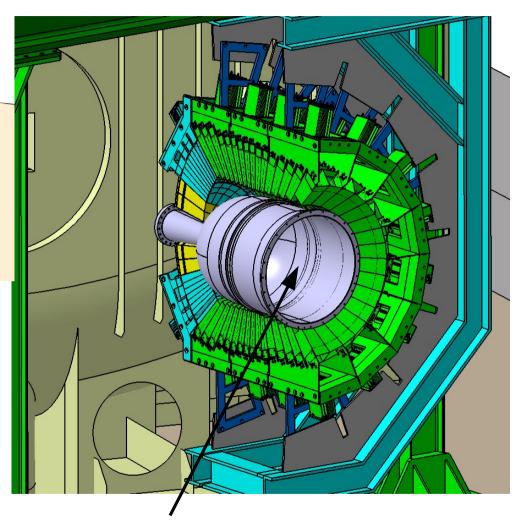


The CALIFA Calorimeter

CALorimeter for In Flight detection of γ and charged p**A**rticles







Interaction area









CALIFA: The R3B Calorimeter
Pablo Cabanelas, FAIRNESS2019, May 22nd 2019

Calorimetrer

pectrometer

Calorimetrer

Spectrometer

Scientific Requirements for CALIFA

The required functionality of CALIFA will vary greatly from one case to another

- Spectroscopic properties
- Calorimetric properties

- Hybrid mode
- Other features: fast response

Intrinsic photopeak efficiency

Gamma sum energy resolution D(E_qsum)/<(E_qsum)>

Calorimeter for high energy Light charged particles

Gamma energy resolution

Light charged particles resolution

Proton-g ray separation

40% (up to Eg=15 MeV projectile frame)

< 10% for 5 g rays of 3 MeV

200-700 MeV in lab system

- ~ 6% (FWHM at Eg=1 MeV)
- ~ 3% for very forward angles
- ~2% (stopped particles)
- ~ 5% (punch through particles)

For 1 to 30 MeV



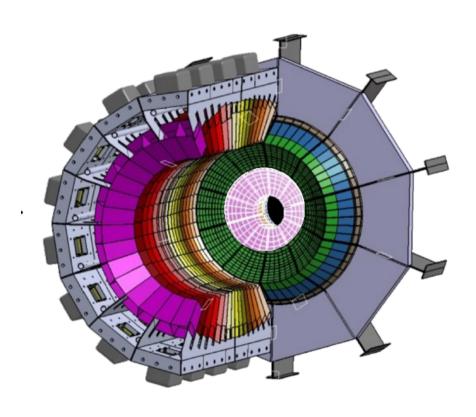


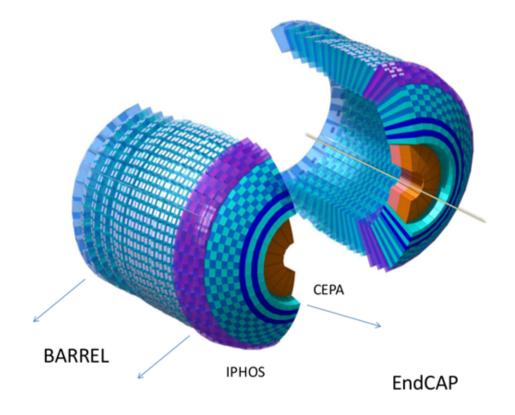


The CALIFA Design:

- Design dominated by the kinematics of particles emitted by relativistic sources
- ➤ The detection of low energy g-rays together with high energy charged-particles
 → huge dynamic range

Detector splits in two sections : BARREL and ENDCAP







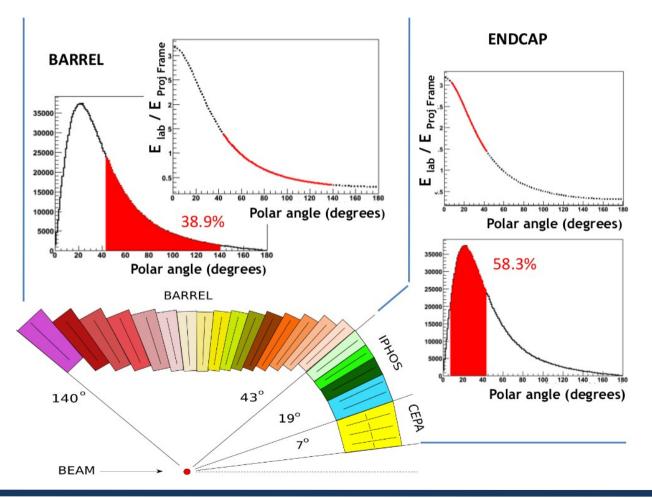






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Technical choices

- Performant scintillator materials and photosensors adapted to the different needs over the angular range
- Granular detector: Thousands of finger-like crystals (~2100)
- Minimum dead volume: compact arrangement + carbon fiber alveoli support

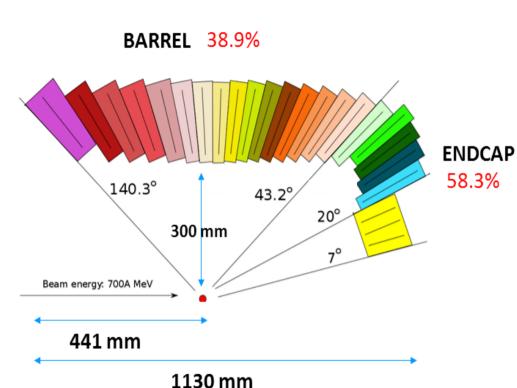


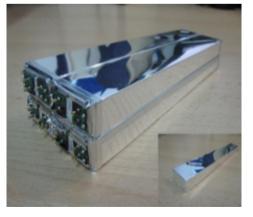


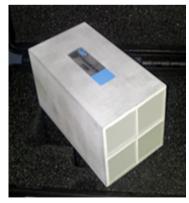




The CALIFA Design:







- External structure 3.5 x 4 m
- Detector volume ~ 1.3 m³
- Detector weight ~ 2.5 Tm
- ~2500 detection units (~1500 double FEE)
- ~4000 channels

	Barrel	Endcap	
		iPhos	СЕРА
Scintillator	CsI(Tl)	CsI(Tl)	LaBr/LaCl
Geom.	11	16	6
Crys. Len (cm)	15-22	22	4/7
Polar cov.	7-20°	20-43°	43-140°
Read-out	LAAPD	LAAPD	PM/SiPM
Dete.chan.	1952	480	96
Elec. chan.	1952	960	96
Weight (Kg)	~ 1500	~ 550	~ 50
Volume (cm³)	285.000	90.000	11.000





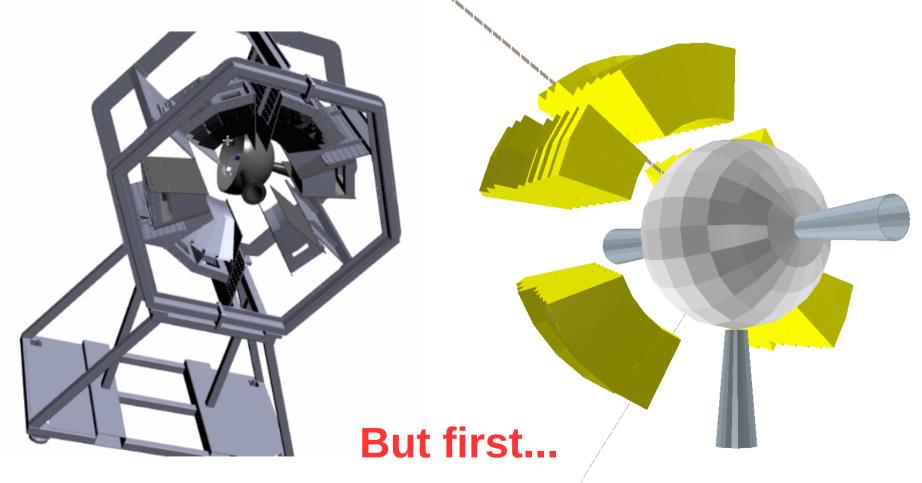




The CALIFA Commissioning plan

February 2019, s444 experiment at Cave C (GSI):

~7 days of 12C and proton beam from sFRS, CH2 target, 7 segments of CALIFA (448 detection units / channels)











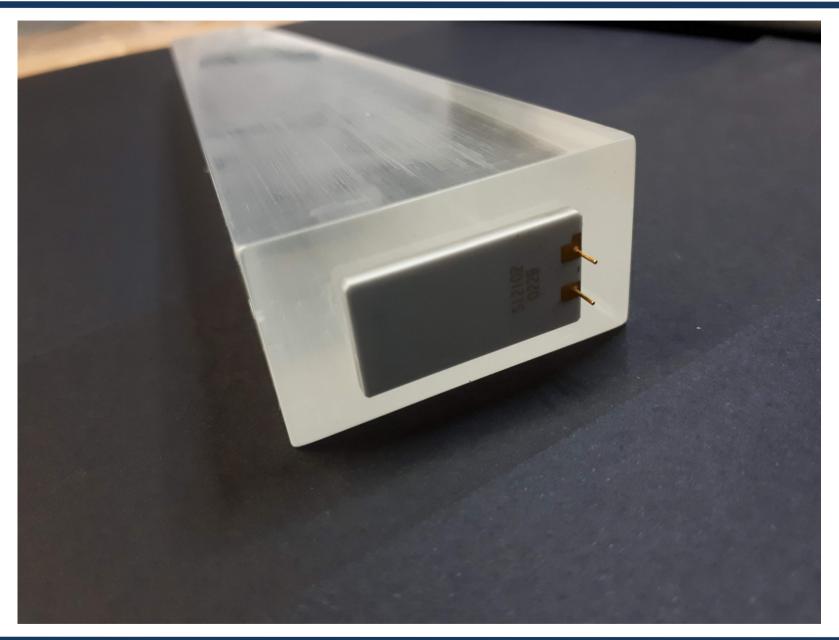










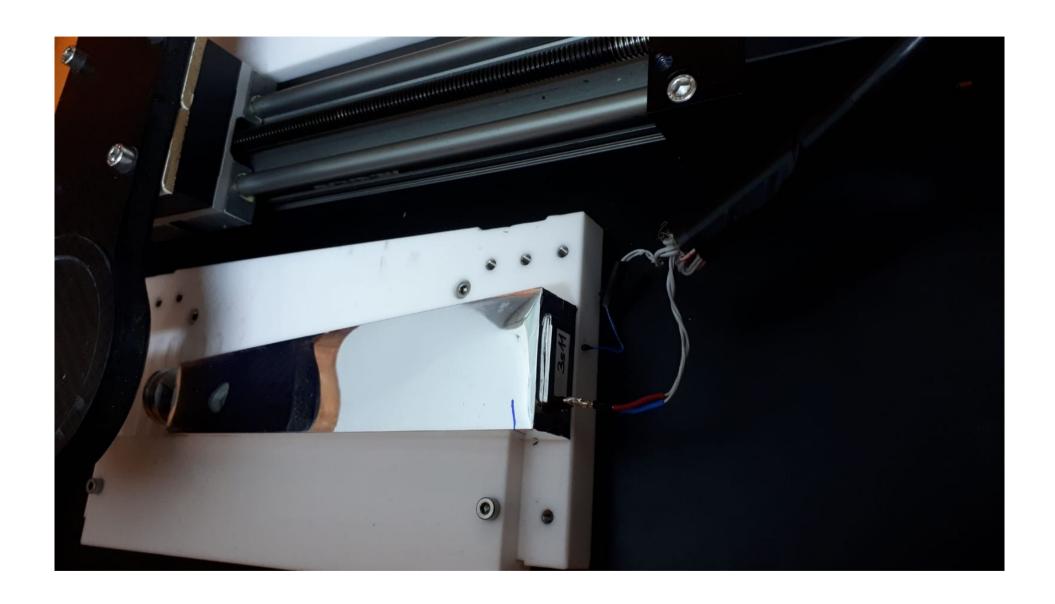










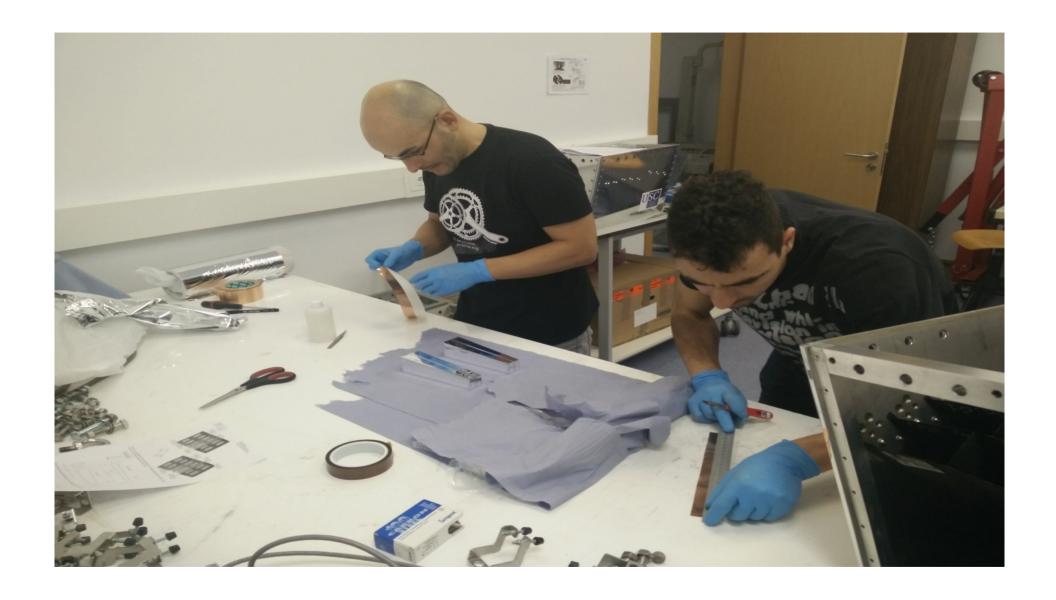




















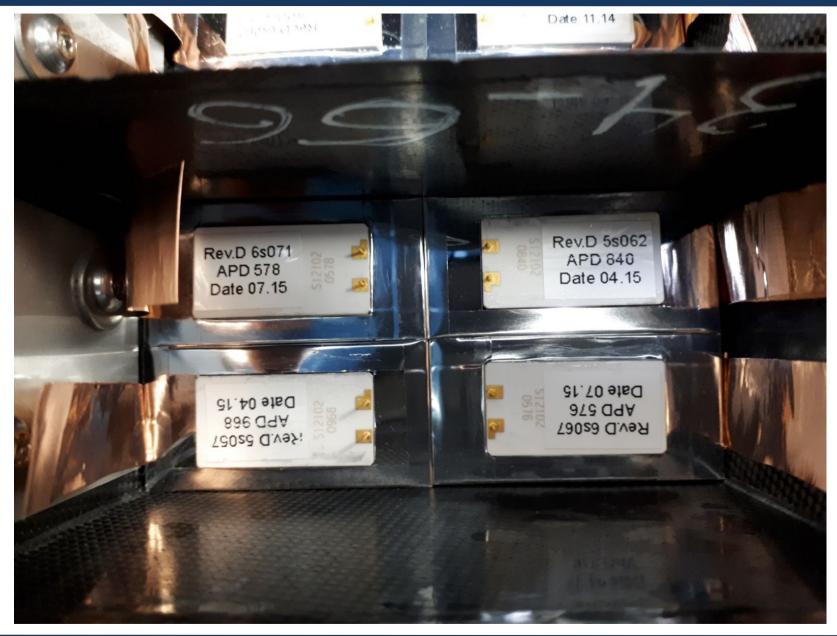










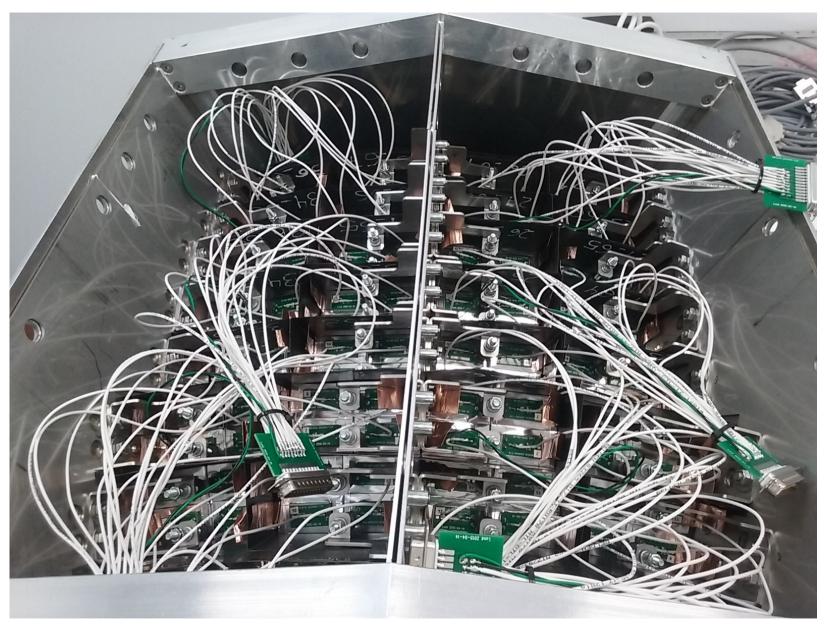










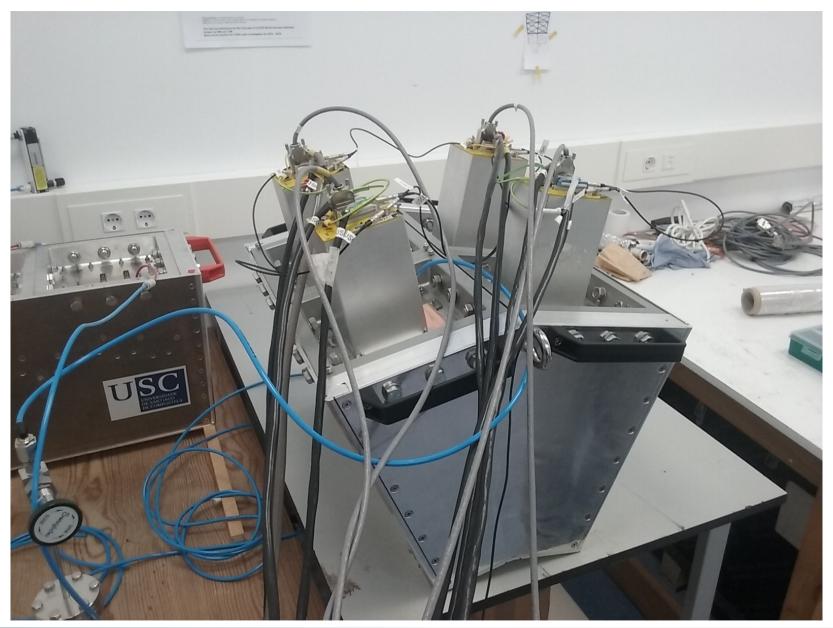
























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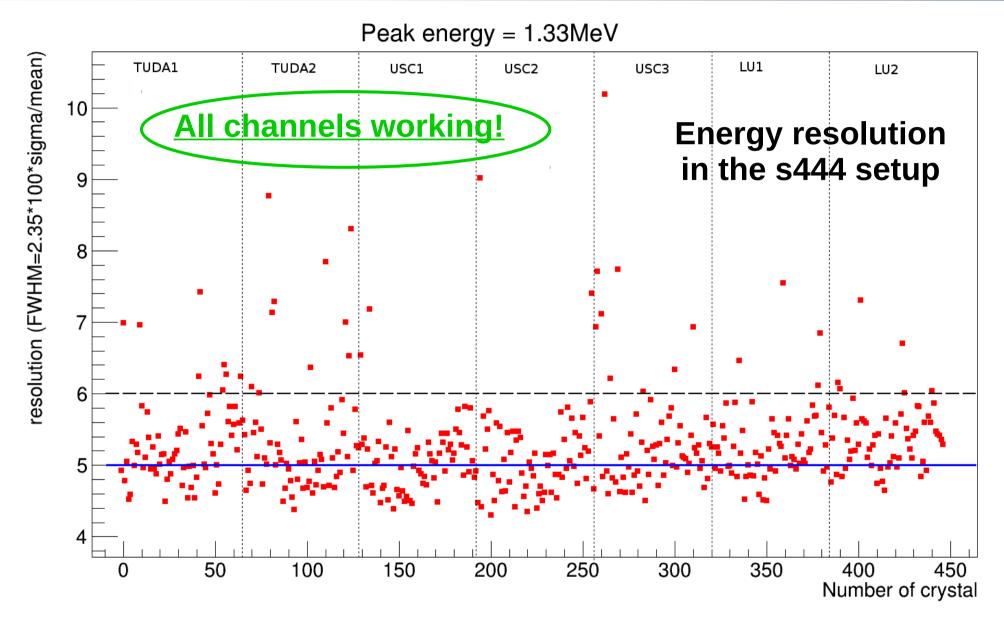








The CALIFA Commissioning







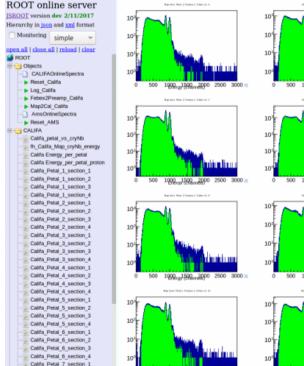




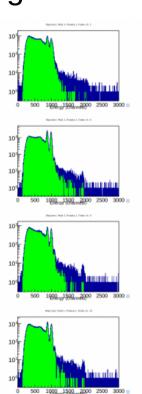
The CALIFA Commissioning

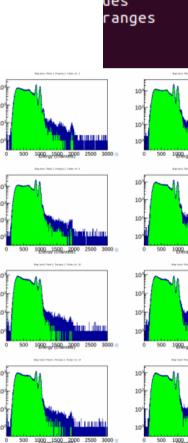
Other Hardware/Software tasks ready:

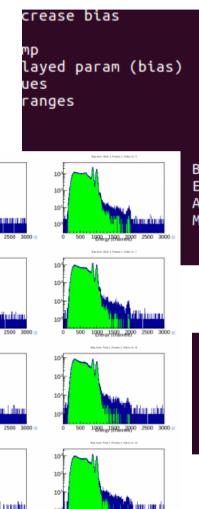
- DAQ (Febex based)
- Unpacking & Calibration
- Slow control interface
- Online monitoring

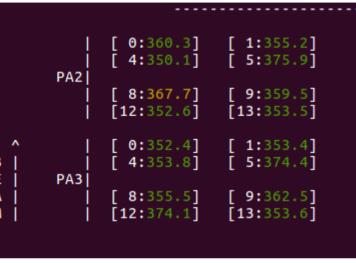


Califa Petal 7 section 2









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Petal: USC2
Temperature: 23.7C (avg)
Biases: ON ON
Currents (nA):
Errors: 0
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The CALIFA Commissioning

CALIFA Commissioning summary:

- 448 detection units / channels installed and working :-)
- System completely controlled: DAQ, slow control, calibration and online procedures implemented
- Fulfill design requirements: energy resolution ~6% @ 1MeV
- Evaluations under radioactive sources showed good performances
- Data from in-beam reactions under analysis









CALIFA Time Schedule

