

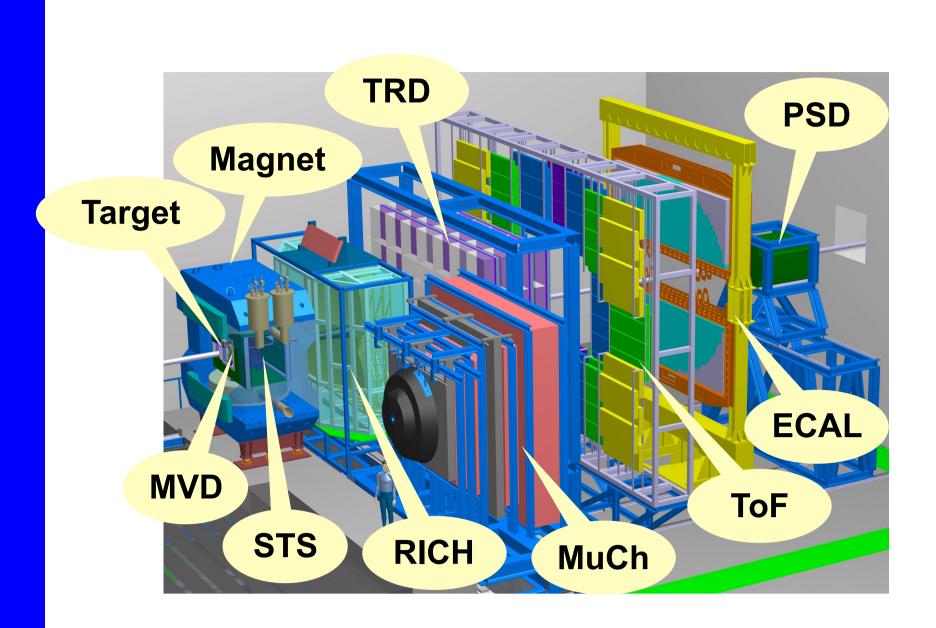
Online reconstruction of the collision topology in the CBM experiment

Valentina Akishina¹, Iouri Vassiliev², Ivan Kisel^{1,2,3}, Maksym Zyzak²

¹ Frankfurt University, Germany, ² GSI, Darmstadt, Germany, ³ FIAS, Frankfurt, Germany

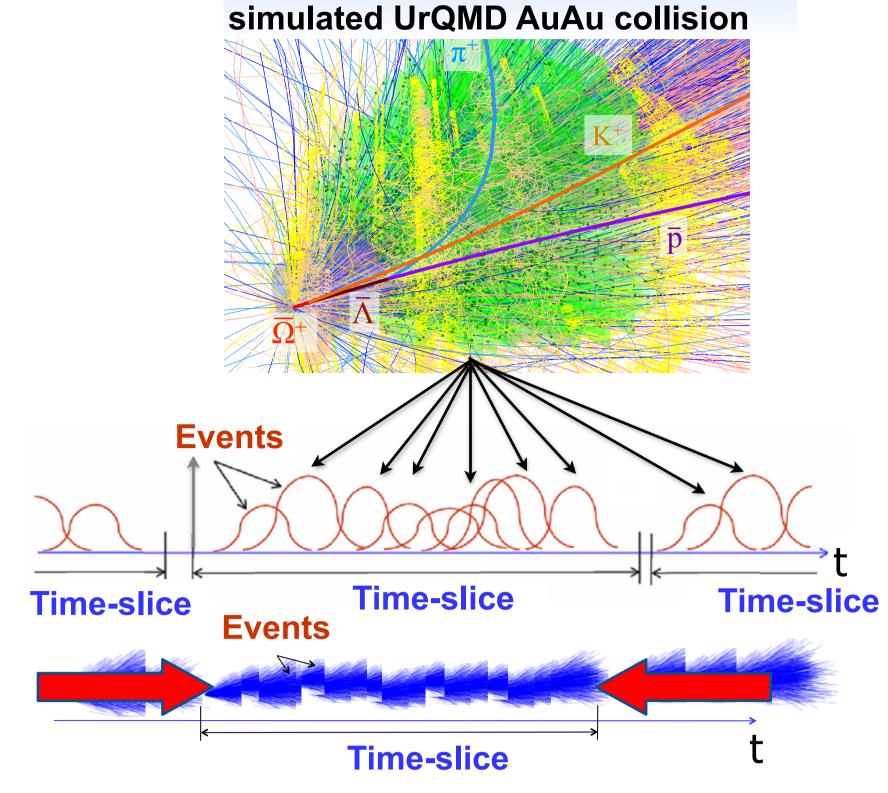
(for the CBM Collaboration)

Heavy-ion Experiment CBM



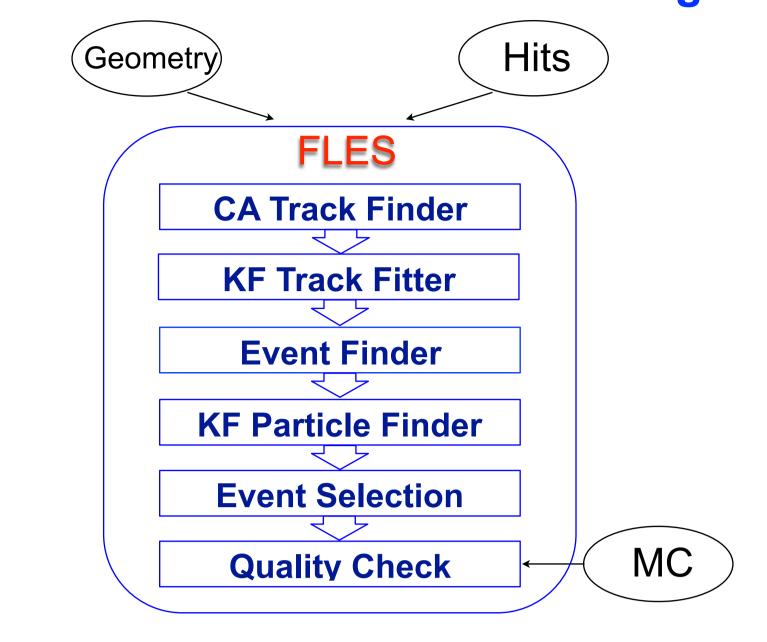
- CBM future fixed-target heavy-ion experiment at FAIR
- observables include very rare (or extremely rare probes)
- very high interaction rates of up to 10 MHz
- up to 1000 charged particles/collision

Novel Data Processing Concept of CBM



- free streaming data, no hardware trigger
- continious time-slices instead of isolated collisions
- online 4D (3D + time) collision reconstruction and selection with parllel and efficient algorithms

First Level Event Selection Package



- Cellular Automaton track finder: track reconstruction
- Kalman filter based track fitter: track parameters estimation
- Event Finder based on the obtained set of tracks

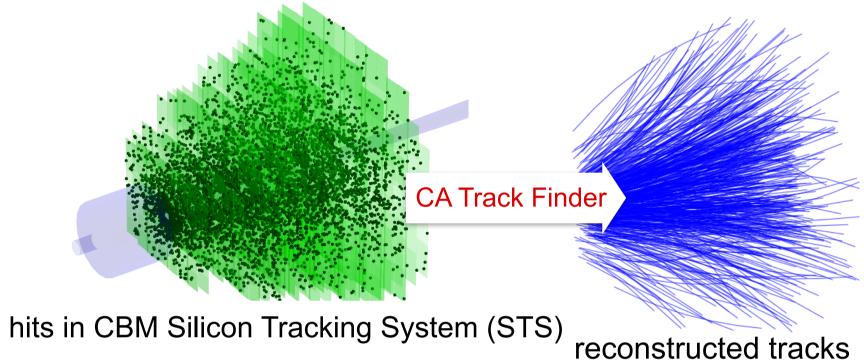
Towards Global Track

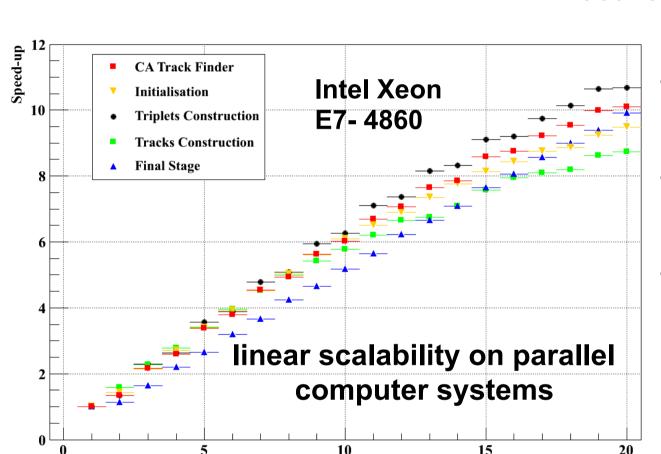
Reconstruction: STS + MuCh

(Muon Chambers)

- KF Particle Finder: short-lived particles reconstruction
- Module for a quality check

Cellular Automaton Track Finder in STS





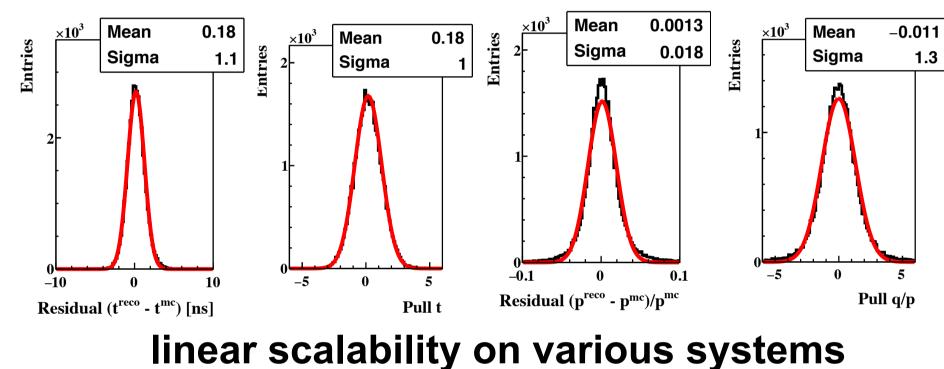
- efficient and stable track reconstruction
- vectorised and parallel algorithm
- 4D tracking shows speed and efficiencies similar to that of event-byevent analysis

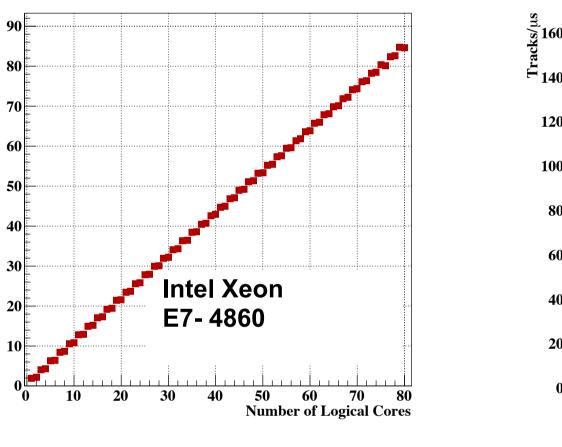
mbias AuAu 25 AGeV events, obtained on Intel Xeon E7-4860 event-by-

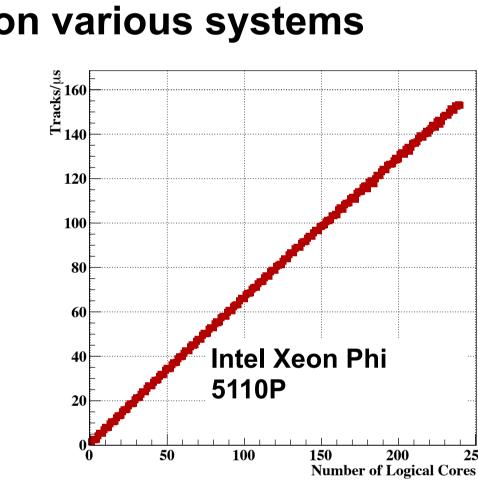
Efficiency, %	event	0.1 MHz	10 MHz
All tracks	92.5	93.8	91.7
Ghost level	1.8	0.6	0.6
Time, ms/ev	11.70	11.97	13.60

4D Kalman Filter Track Fit in STS

state vector: $(x, y, t_x, t_y, q/p, t)$





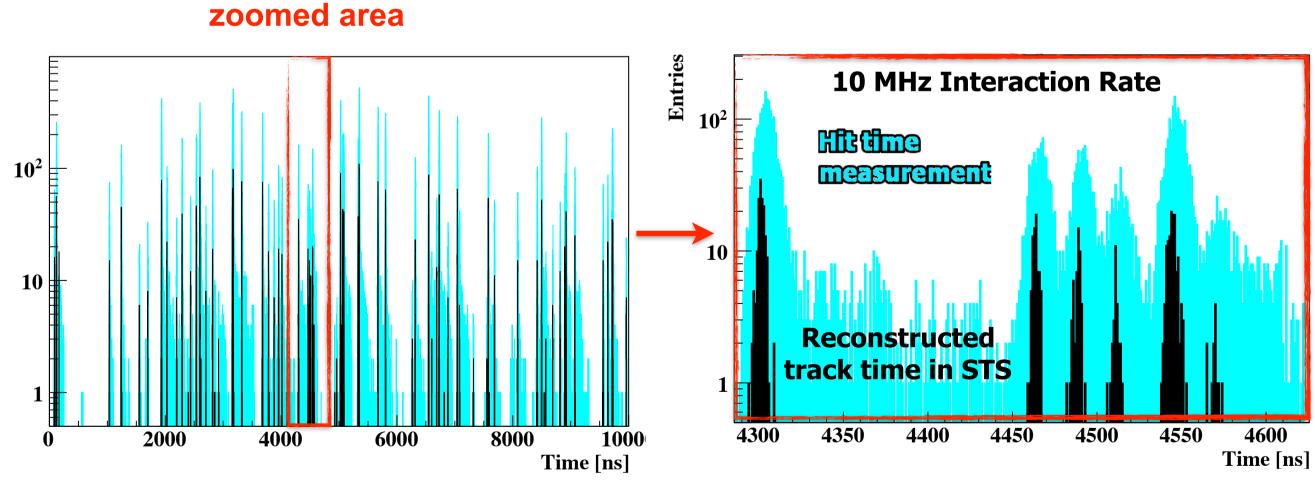


 $-K_{s}^{0} \sigma = 4.3 \text{ MeV/c}^{2}$

last MuCh hit position σ t ~ 0.86 ns σ p ~ 7.5 %

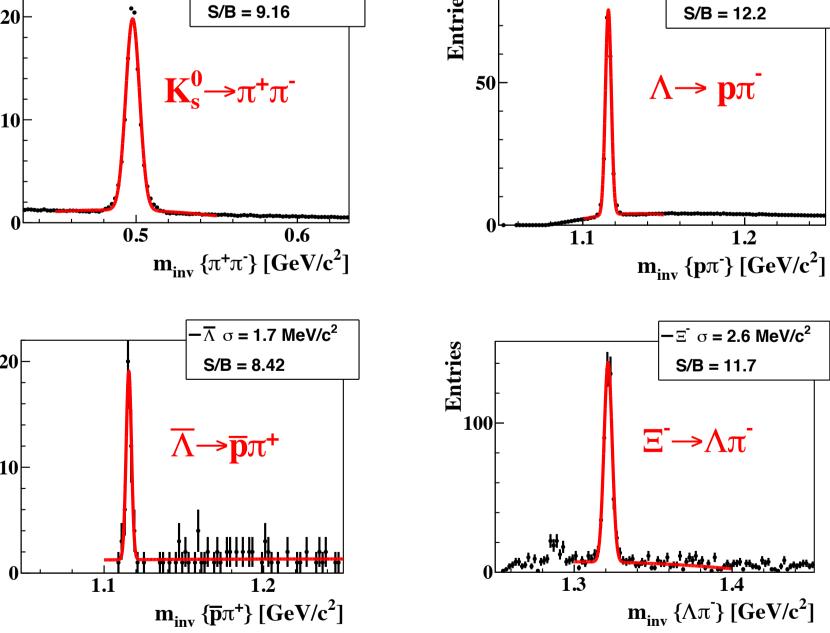
- unbiased track parameters with a high resolution
- correctly estimated errors
- strong scalability on various computer systems
- parameters obtained at the last hit position
- unbiased track parameters with a high resolution
- energy loss in absorbers is estimated correctly

Event Finder in STS



- tracks are grouped into events based on the track time
- currently based on STS only, adding all sub-detectors information is in progres
- work in progress: multi-vertex analysis (search for several primary) verticies whithin reconstructed event)
- events from event finder serve as input for KF Particle Finder

KF Particle Finder with Time-slices





particles are

- reconstructed via decay products
- time-based reconstruction performance is comparable to the eventbased procedure

KF Particle Finder reconstruction efficiency including detector acceptance

Partiala	2D	10 MHz
Particle	3D	
K ⁰ s, %	22.9	21.2
Λ, %	21.9	19.6
Ξ⁻, %	7.8	6.3

Conclusions

- The FLES package is efficient, fast and is highly parallelized on both the data and the task level.
- The reconstruction chain of CBM is being developed capable of processing freestreaming data.
- It allows to reconstruct individual events out of continuous time-stamped data.
- Reconstructed collisions serve as an input for the high-level physics analysis.
- The performance of time-based reconstruction is comparable to that of the event-by-event analysis.



