

Proposition for the Beam Smearing Implementation inside Pandaroot

December 10, 2009 | T. Randriamalala, J. Ritman and T. Stockmanns

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- Similarly, one can operate by using [FairPrimaryGenerator](#) (modified).
- But, the current implementation FairPrimaryGenerator can **smear only vertices**
⇒ *Angular smearing* should be implemented (beam particles do not have identical 4-momentum)
- Also, the vertex smearing should be modified according to the HESR beam properties.

FairPrimaryGenerator Vertex Smearing

- In the simulation macro:

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FairPrimaryGenerator* primGen = new FairPrimaryGenerator();
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```
primGen->SetTarget(0.0, 0.2);  
primGen->SmearVertexZ(kTRUE);
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primGen->SetBeam(0.0, 0.0, 0.08, 0.08);  
primGen->SmearVertexXY(kTRUE);
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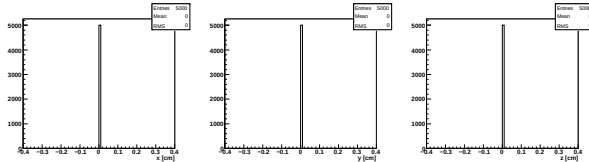
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- Run a simulation:

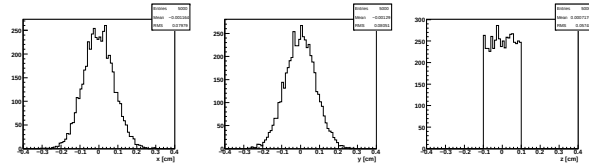
```
fRun->SetGenerator(primGen);  
FairBoxGenerator* boxGen = ...  
boxGen->SetXYZ(0., 0., 0.);  
primGen->AddGenerator(boxGen);
```

Smearing Output

- Before vertex smearing



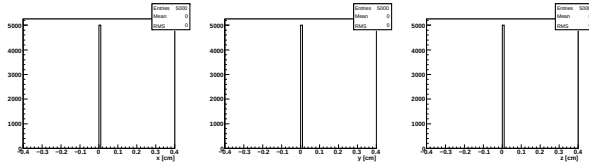
- After vertex smearing



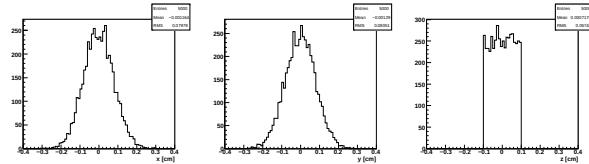
¹ D. Reistad, B. Galnander, K. Rathsman, A. Sidorin, "Calculations on High-Energy Electron Cooling in the HESR", Proceedings of COOL 2007, Bad Kreuznach. and V.Ziemann, NIMA 556 (2006) 641.

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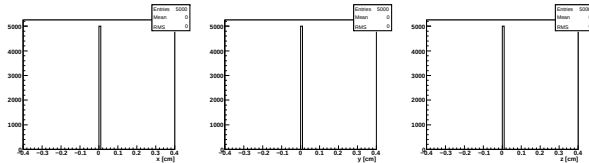


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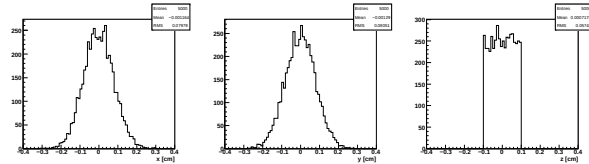
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Smearing Output

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+ angular smearing

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- $\varepsilon = 2\sigma_x \cdot 2\sigma_\theta$
 - σ_x : RMS of the transversal divergence of the beam.
 - σ_θ : RMS of the angular divergence of the beam.
- For $\sigma_x \leq 0.8 \text{ mm}$, $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \geq 0.8 \mathcal{L}_{\text{max}}$ because of the beam-target overlap (pellet target).

Vertex Smearing

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- If $\sigma_x \leq 0.5 \times R$
 $\implies$ Homogeneous "square" distribution of $\bar{p}$ in the beam with a side of $(2 \times \sigma_x)$.
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where R is the cross section radius of the pellet flux ($R \sim 2mm$).
- Gaussian smearing in the z -direction with $\sigma_z = R/2 = 1mm$.

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- Rotation of $\delta\theta$ around $\hat{n} = \frac{\vec{p}_i \times \hat{k}}{|\vec{p}_i| \cdot |\hat{k}|}$ ($\hat{k}(0, 0, 1)$.)
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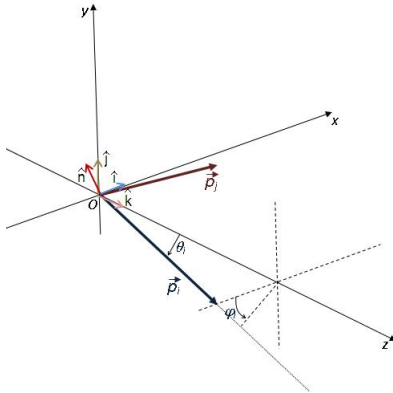
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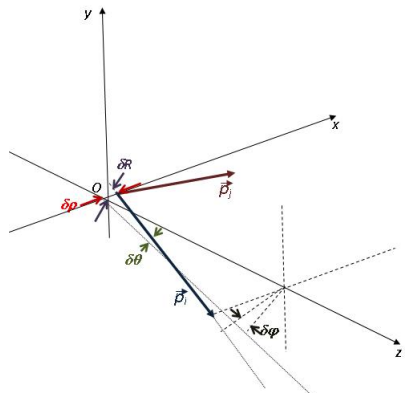
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 $\delta\theta$ is a Gaussian distribution with $\sigma_\theta = 0.3 \text{ mrad}$.
 ($\delta\theta$ must be positive numbers.)
- Rotation of $\delta\varphi$ around $\vec{p}_i$.
 $\delta\varphi$ is an uniform distribution $[-\pi, +\pi]$.
- No correlation between $\delta\theta$ and $\delta\varphi$.

Before smearing



After smearing



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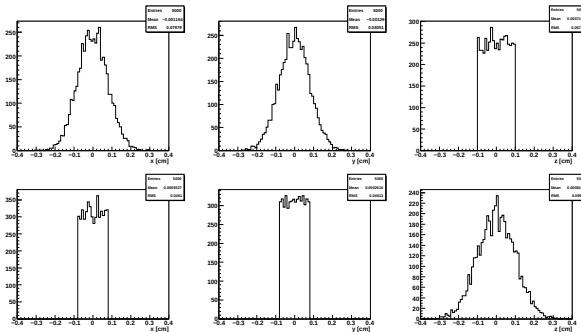
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- In simulation macro, add:
*primGen->SetAngularDivergence(0.3*1E-3);*
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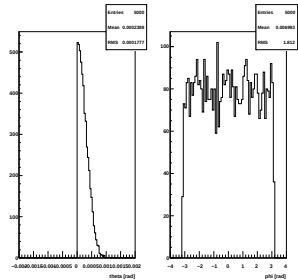
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- In simulation macro, add:
*primGen->SetAngularDivergence(0.3*1E-3);*
primGen->SmearAngle(kTRUE);
- Use FairBoxGenerator to generate event (5000 event, 1 particle/event)

Results

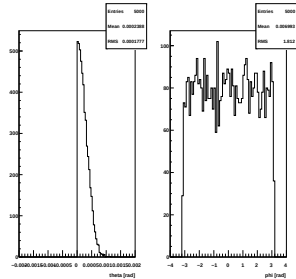
- Effect of the modification on the vertex (bottom plots) in comparison with the existing one (top plot):



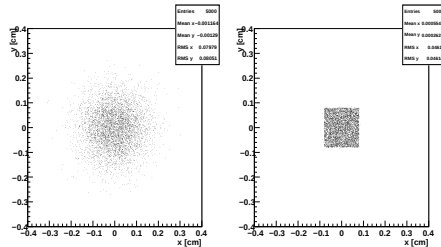
- Angular divergence distribution:



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- Beam profile in xy plane at 1m from the IP:



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- Some change need to be considered : vertex and angular smearing distribution,
- If $\varepsilon = 1 \text{ mm mrad}$, the resolution of one subdetector is affected ($\delta\theta \geq 0.3 \text{ mrad}$ for the LM).