

Description of a Method for Track Finder for the Luminosity Monitor Track Finder

December 10, 2009 | T. Randriamalala, J. Ritman and T. Stockmanns

Outline

Introduction

Description of the Method

Effeciency

Conlusion

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- This will be useful to handle multiple track per event or superposition of events ...

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⇒ Operate out of all magnetic fields scope
⇒ Tracks are linear.
- Small deviation of the tracks is due to the multiple scattering (small angle):

e.g : @ $6.2\text{GeV}/c$ with $300\mu\text{m}$ thickness :

$$\theta^{RMS} = 0.09\text{mrad}$$

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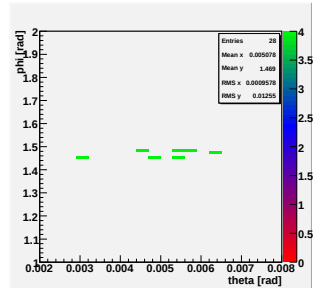
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- Hits that belong to one track have the same range on θ and ϕ
- Plot θ vs ϕ for MC:
 - 7 MCtracks that hit all the 4 planes
(4 hits/track)

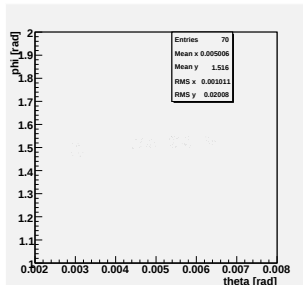
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- Hits that belong to one track have the same range on θ and ϕ

- Plot θ vs ϕ for MC:
 - 7 MCtracks that hit all the 4 planes (4 hits/track)
 - All hits per track sit on the same position in (θ, ϕ) plane.



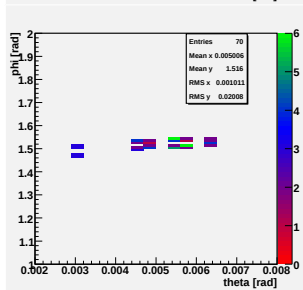
- (θ, ϕ) distribution of the reconstruction hits



- Set $\delta\theta$ and $\delta\phi$ to group hits of the same angular range
($\delta\theta \simeq \theta^{RMS}$)

$\Rightarrow$ 8 "clusters" of hits

- Each cluster is a track candidate



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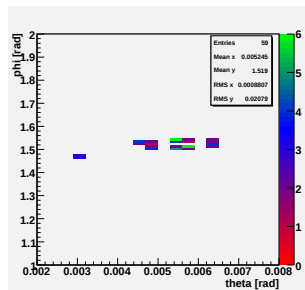
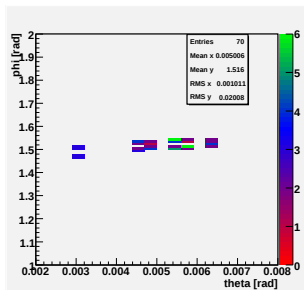
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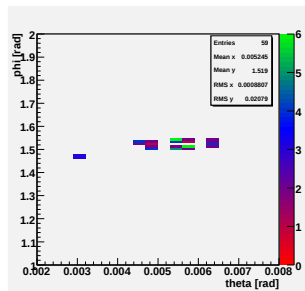
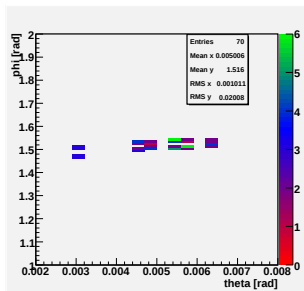
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⇒ 6 clusters (out of 8) are good track candidates

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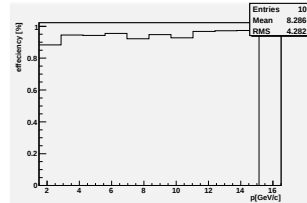
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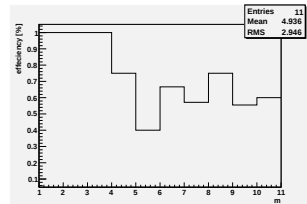
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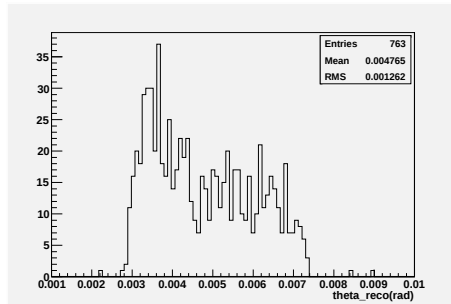
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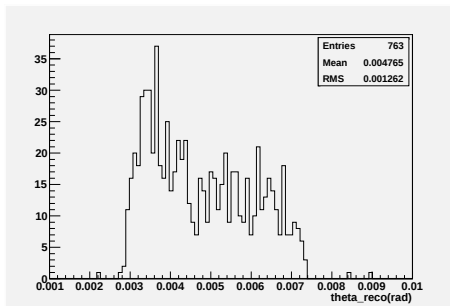
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- Tracks correspond to the detector acceptance.

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- Hits found are fitted linearly.