

MRTOF Mass measurements at RIBF: Recent measurements of heavy isotopes and future plans for the super-heavy region

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Within the SHE-mass collaboration of RIKEN and KEK, first mass measurements of Md isotopes [1] and many other radioactive species like Ac/Ra isotopes [2] have been performed using a multi-reflection time-of-flight spectrograph (MRTOF-MS) [3]. After these successful experiments, the MRTOF-MS has changed the location behind RIKEN's RRC accelerator. Our new aim is, to determine the masses and atomic numbers of 284Nh and 288Mc for the first time, which are isotopes in the SHE region disconnected from well-known isotopes by the dominance of spontaneous fission. Furthermore, new MRTOF-MS devices are planned to perform mass measurements of the most exotic species produced at RIKEN. Those devises will be placed in various locations as behind RIKENs zero-degree spectrometer for accessing exotic nuclides in symbiotic operation with other experiment. In this contribution, an overview of the actual status and future plans for low-energy precision mass measurements will be discussed.

References

- [1] Y. Ito et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 152501 (2018)
- [2] M. Rosenbusch et al., Phys. Rev. C 97, 064306 (2018)
- [3] P. Schury et al., Nucl. Instr. Meth. B 335, 39 (2014)