



Experimental nuclear physics for the r-process

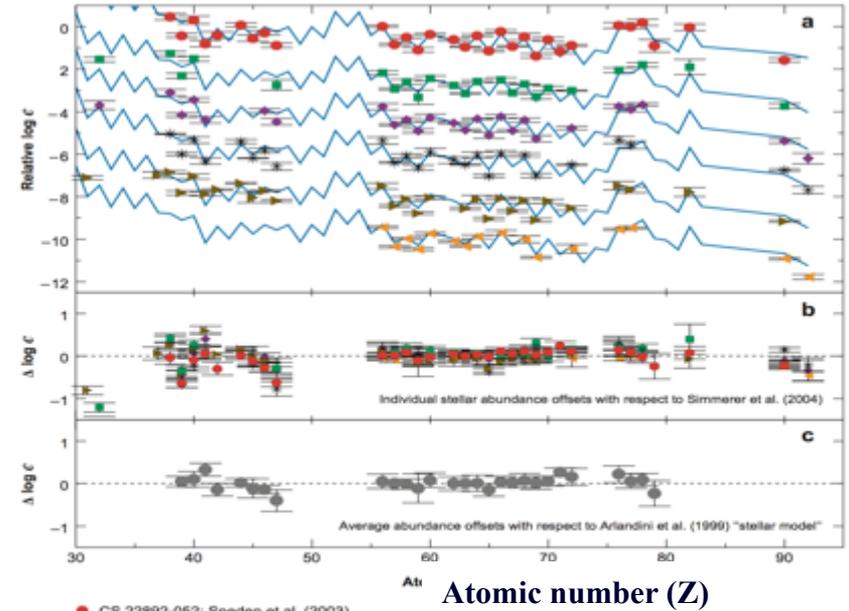
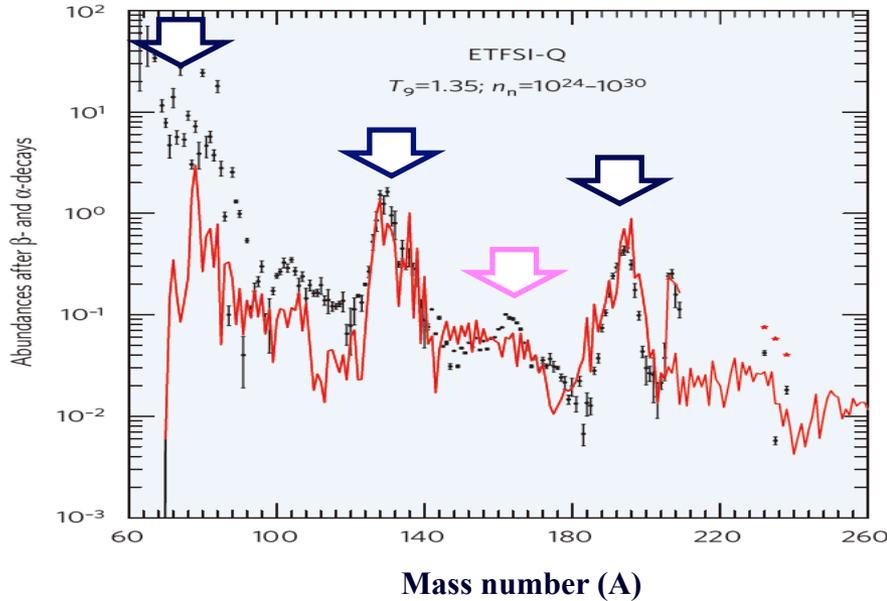
Shunji NISHIMURA

RIKEN Nishina Center

Present & Future

Nucleosynthesis of Heavy Elements (r-Process)

J.J.Cowan C.Sneden, Nature 440 (2006)



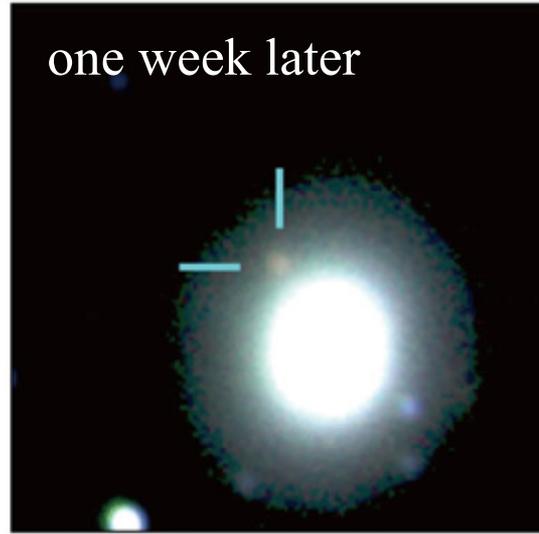
kilonova after Neutron Star Merger

2017.08.18-19

2017.08.24-25

a few days later

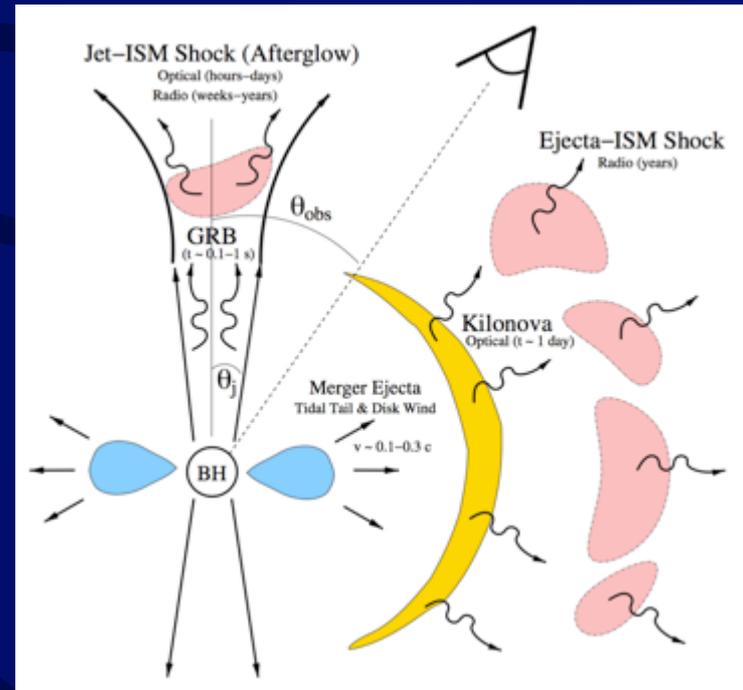
one week later



Credit: NAOJ/Nagoya Univ.



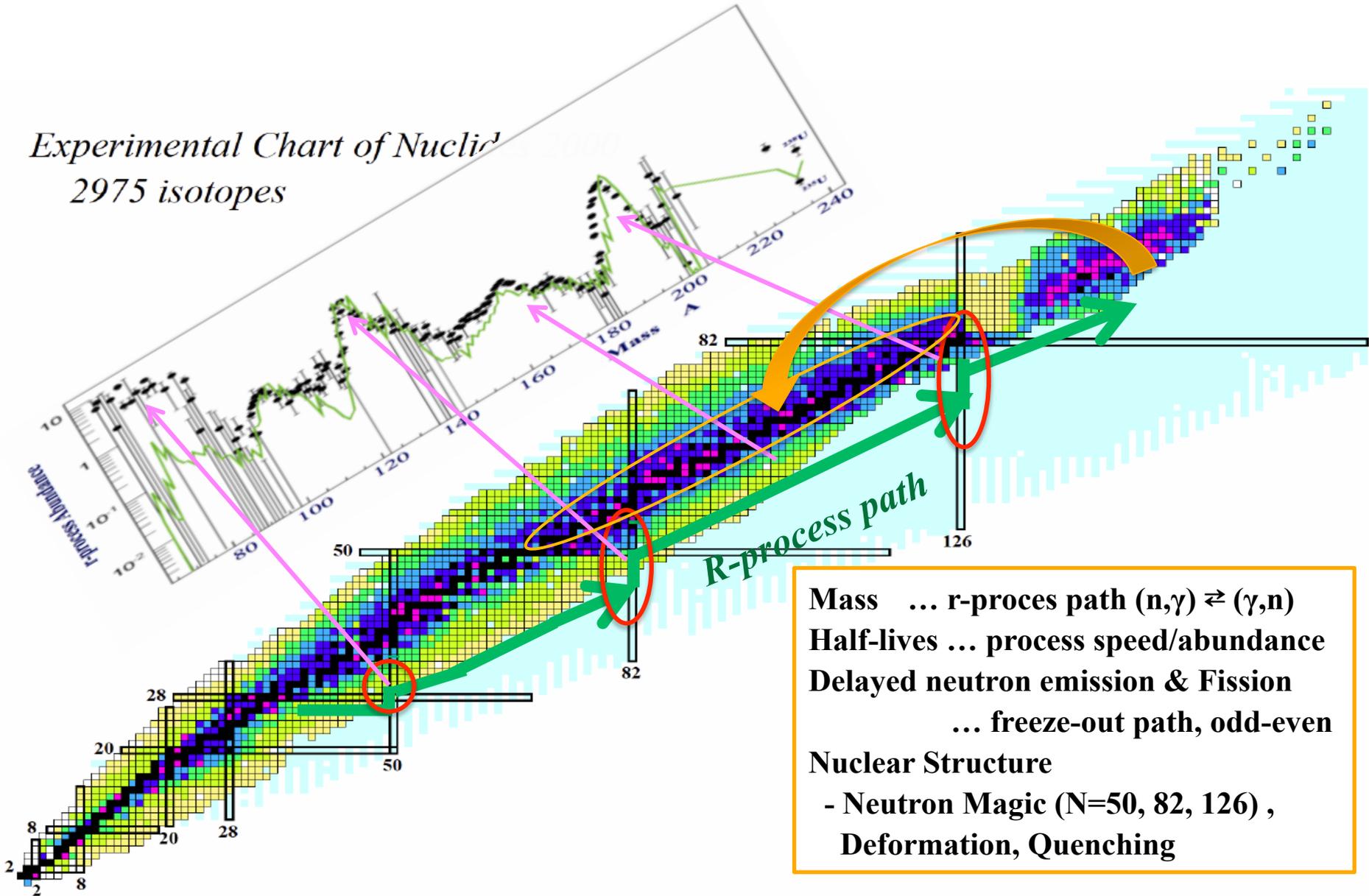
Credit: NAOJ



What kinds of RI created ?
How those RI are created ?

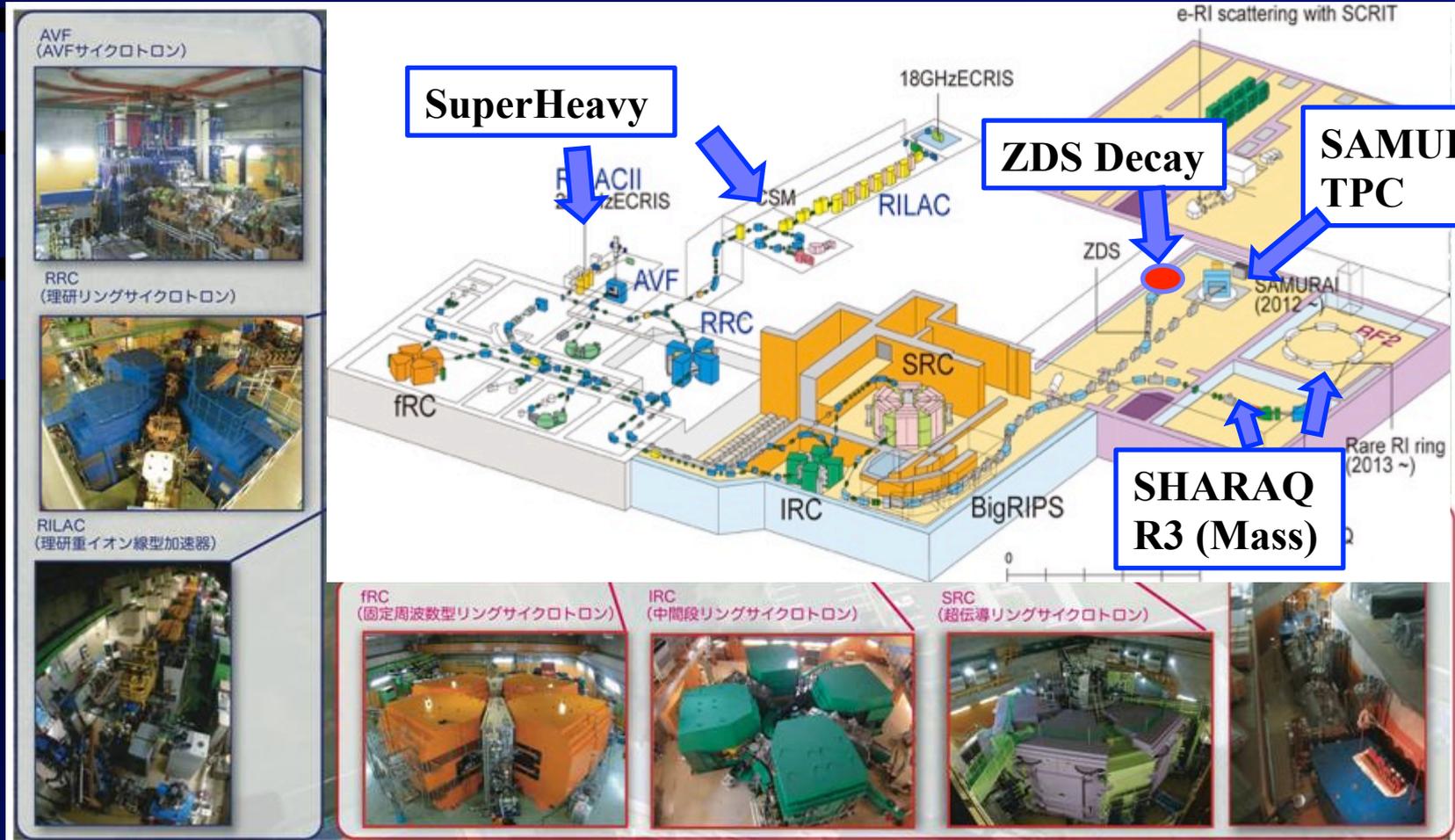
Nuclear Properties are Key Inputs

Experimental Chart of Nuclides
2975 isotopes



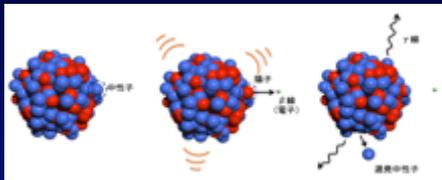
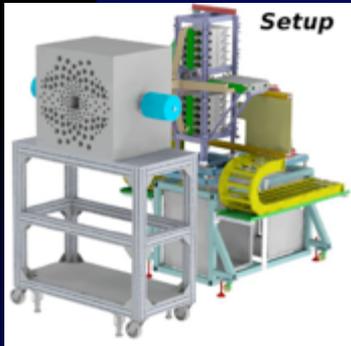
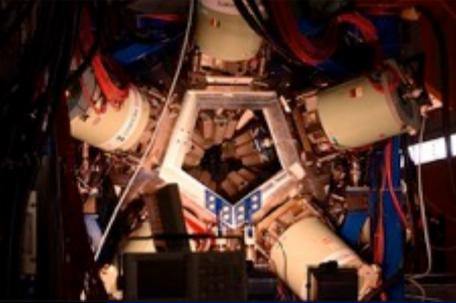
Mass ... r-proces path $(n,\gamma) \rightleftharpoons (\gamma,n)$
 Half-lives ... process speed/abundance
 Delayed neutron emission & Fission
 ... freeze-out path, odd-even
 Nuclear Structure
 - Neutron Magic (N=50, 82, 126),
 Deformation, Quenching

RI Beam Factory (RIBF)

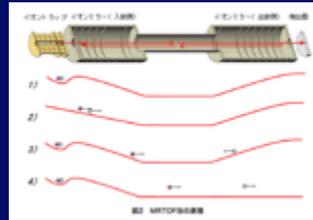
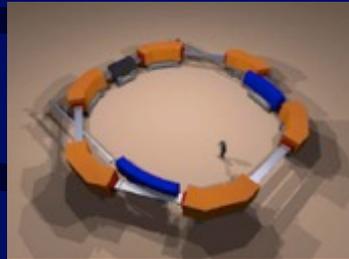


Evaluation from Nuclear Physics

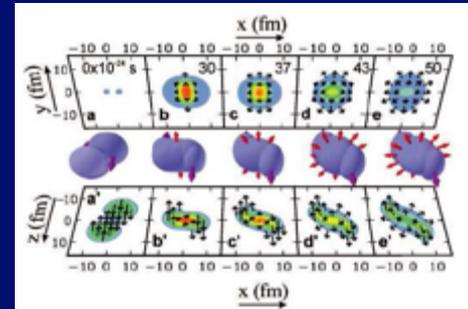
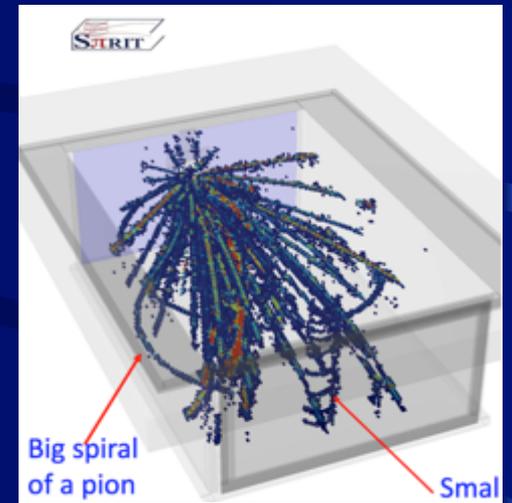
β -decay half-lives,
delayed neutron emission
(process speed,
abundance pattern)



Mass measurement
(path of r-process)



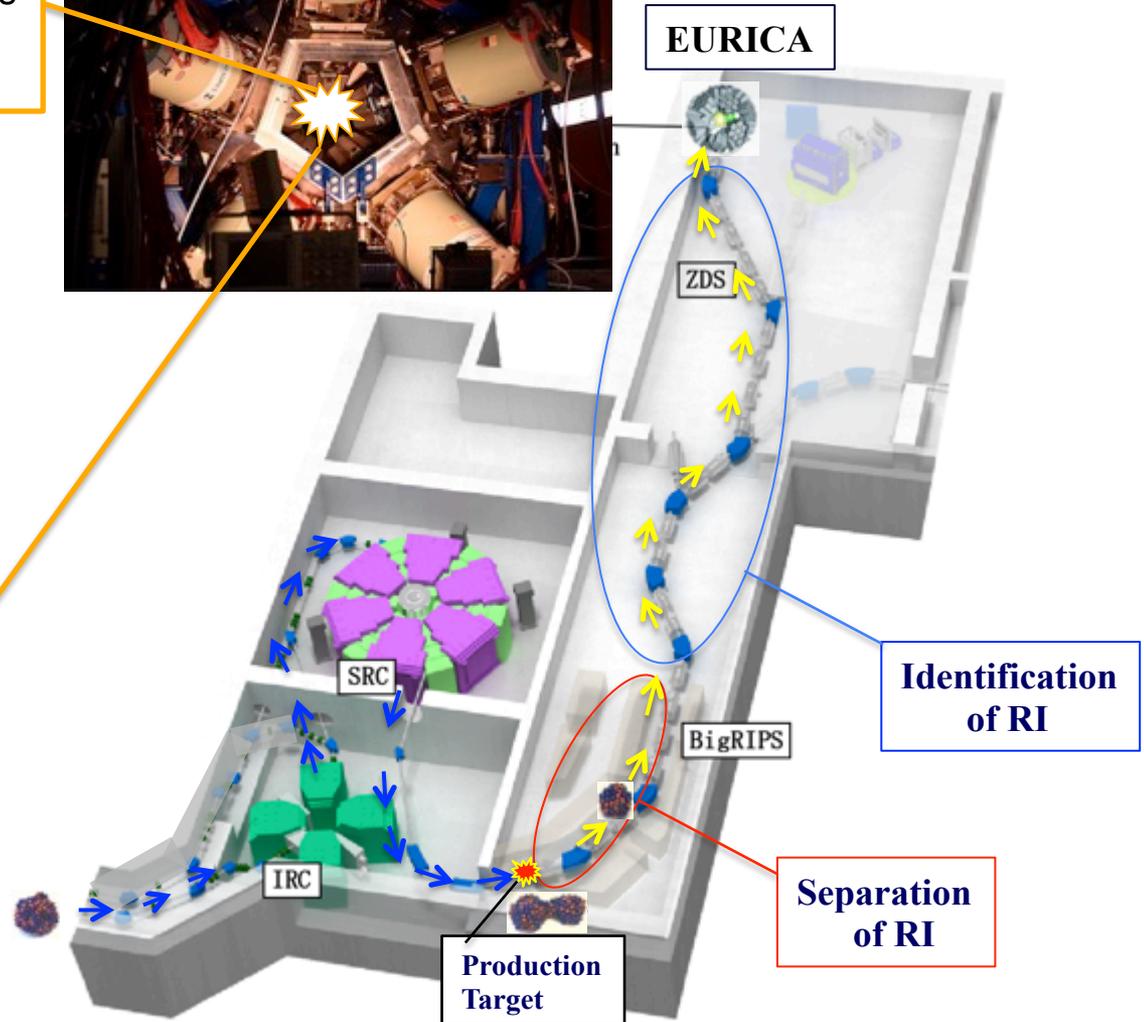
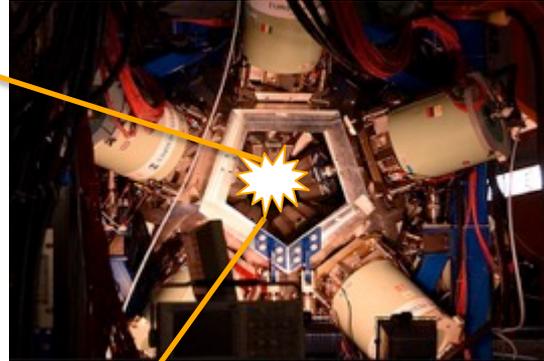
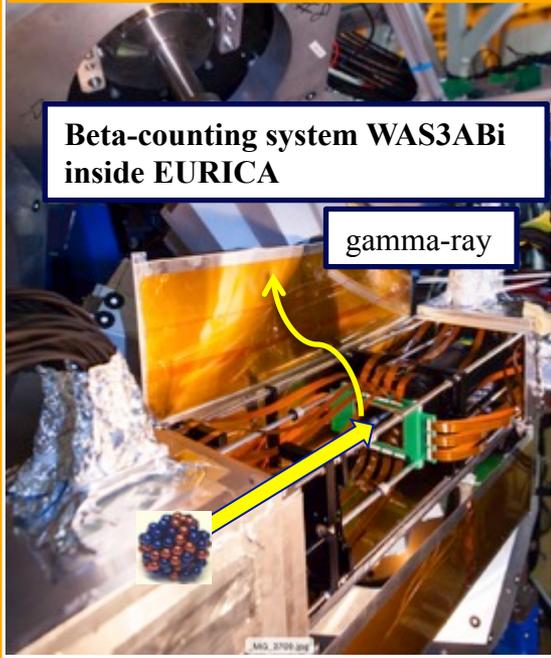
Equation of State (EOS)
in high density matter
(explosive condition)



Decay Spectroscopy: EURICA

84 high-purity Ge crystals in 12 clusters
Resolution : 2.5 keV
Efficiency : 15% @ 662 keV

Beta-counting system WAS3ABI
inside EURICA

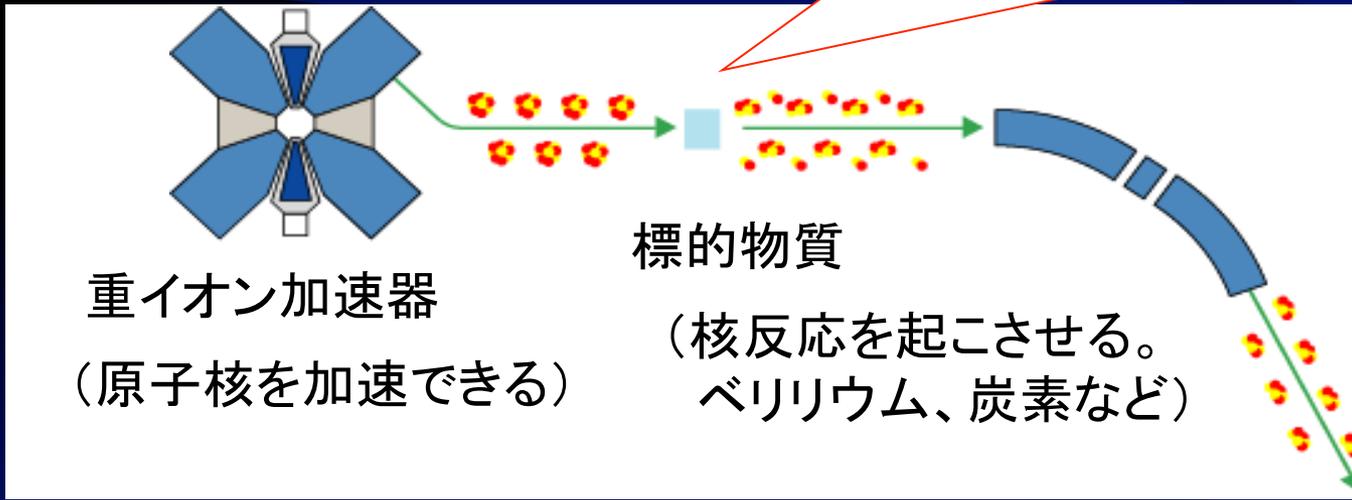
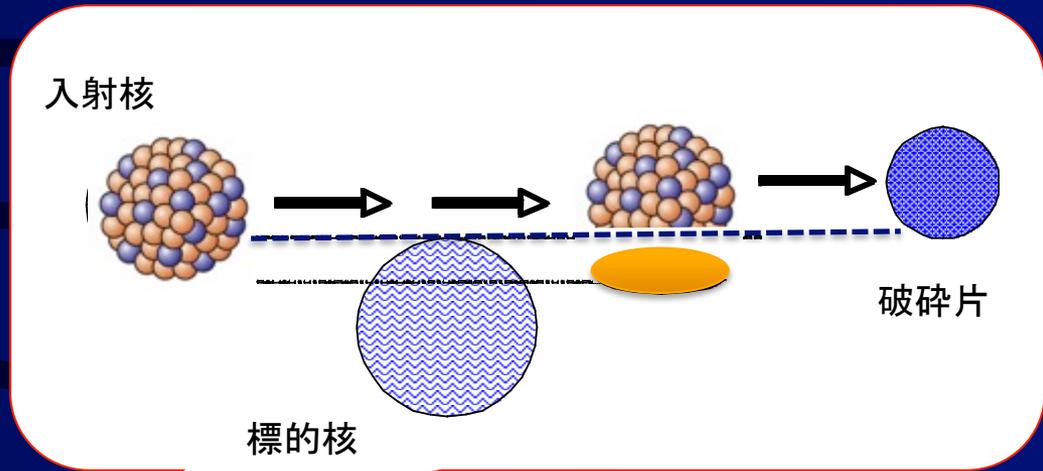


→ Primary Beam
(^{238}U / ^{124}Xe / ^{78}Kr)

→ RI Beam

Make Radioisotopes (RI Beam)

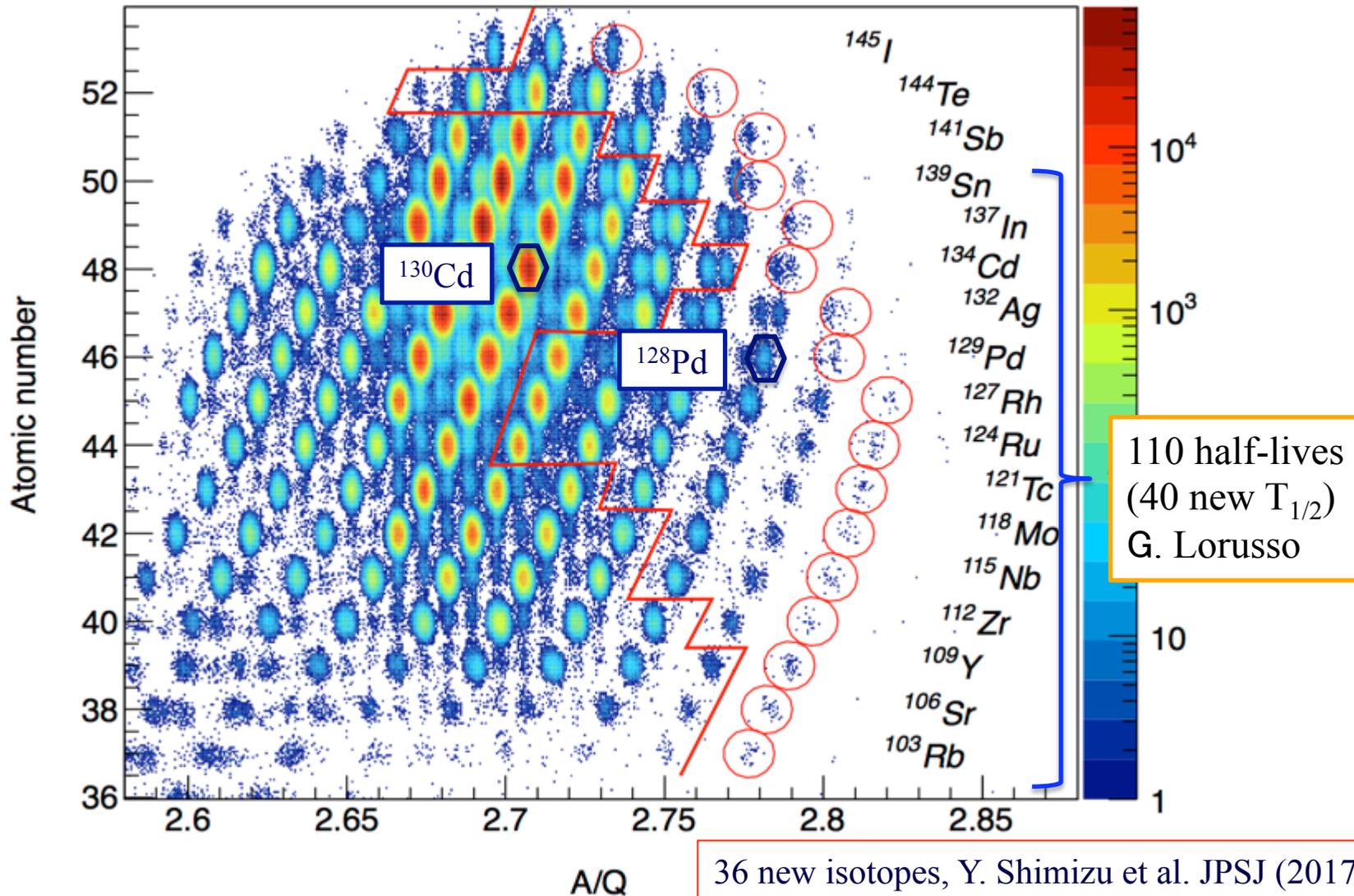
**Make
Various Nuclei (Z, N)
確率的に生成!**



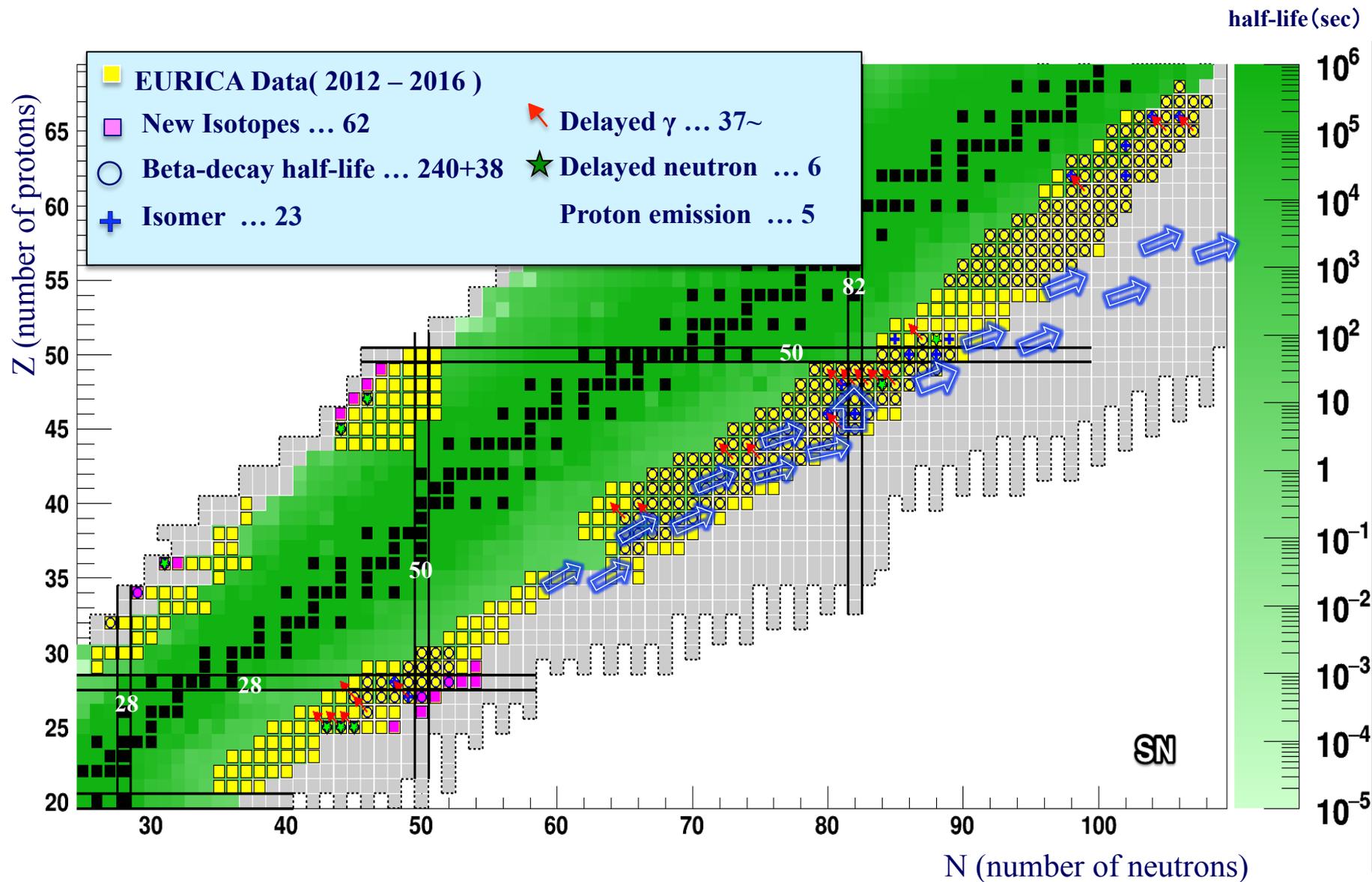
(分析電磁石で生成されたRIを分離)

RIビーム

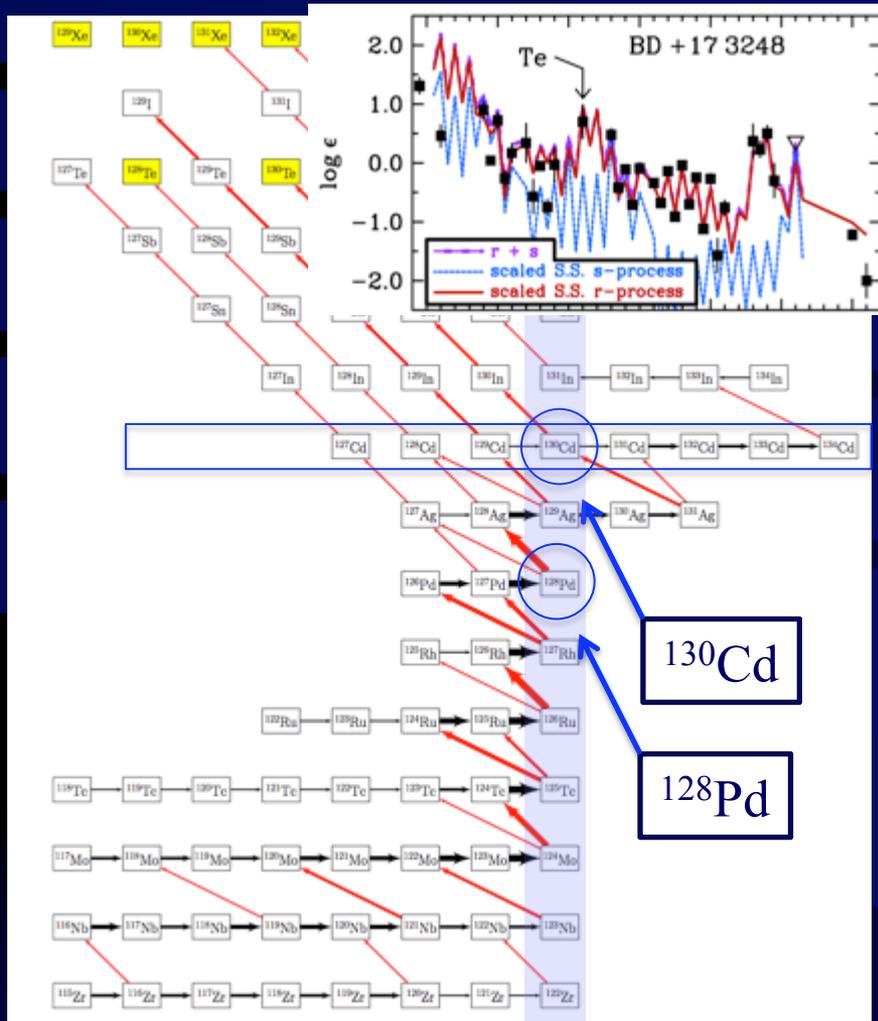
β -decay half-lives on r-process path



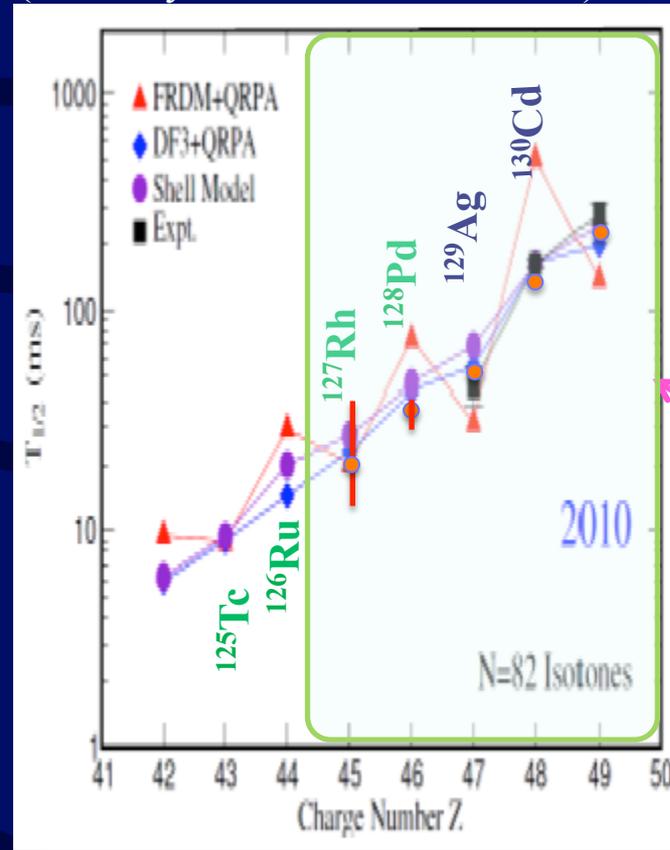
440 Exotic Isotopes Surveyed by EURICA Spectrometer



Beta-decay Half-lives $N = 82 \rightarrow$ Feedback to the Theory



K.Langanke Phys. Scr. T152 (2013) 014011
(Courtesy of G. Martines-Pinedo)



RIBF
EURICA

So call r-process waiting point nuclei ($N=82$)

- r-process path
- residual r-matter flow in freeze-out

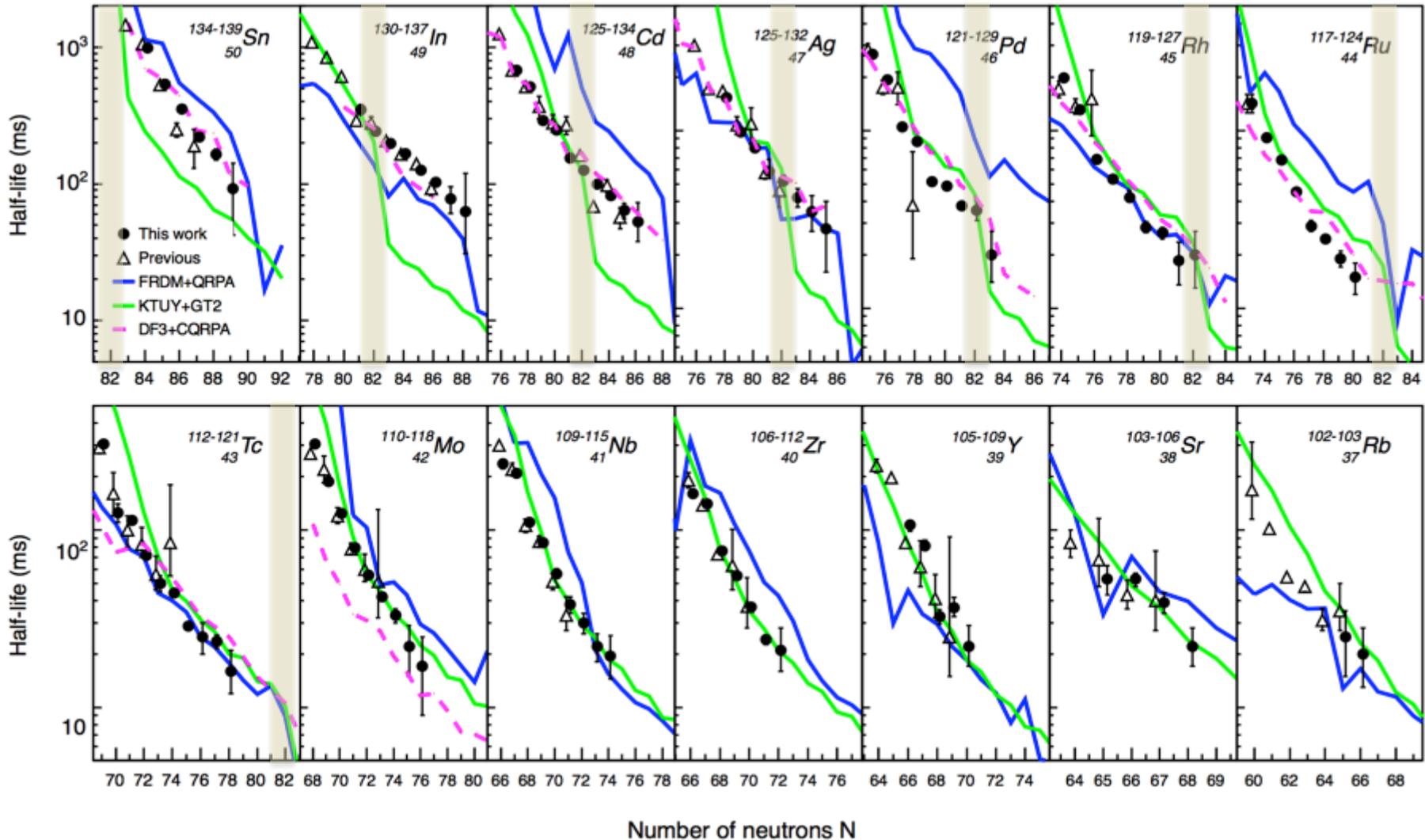
$\sim 25\%$ shorter $T_{1/2}$

Confirmed by R. Dunlop (2016, TRIUMF)
 $^{130}\text{Cd} \dots T_{1/2} = 126(4) \text{ ms}$

110 Half-lives of Very Neutron-Rich Rb to Sn

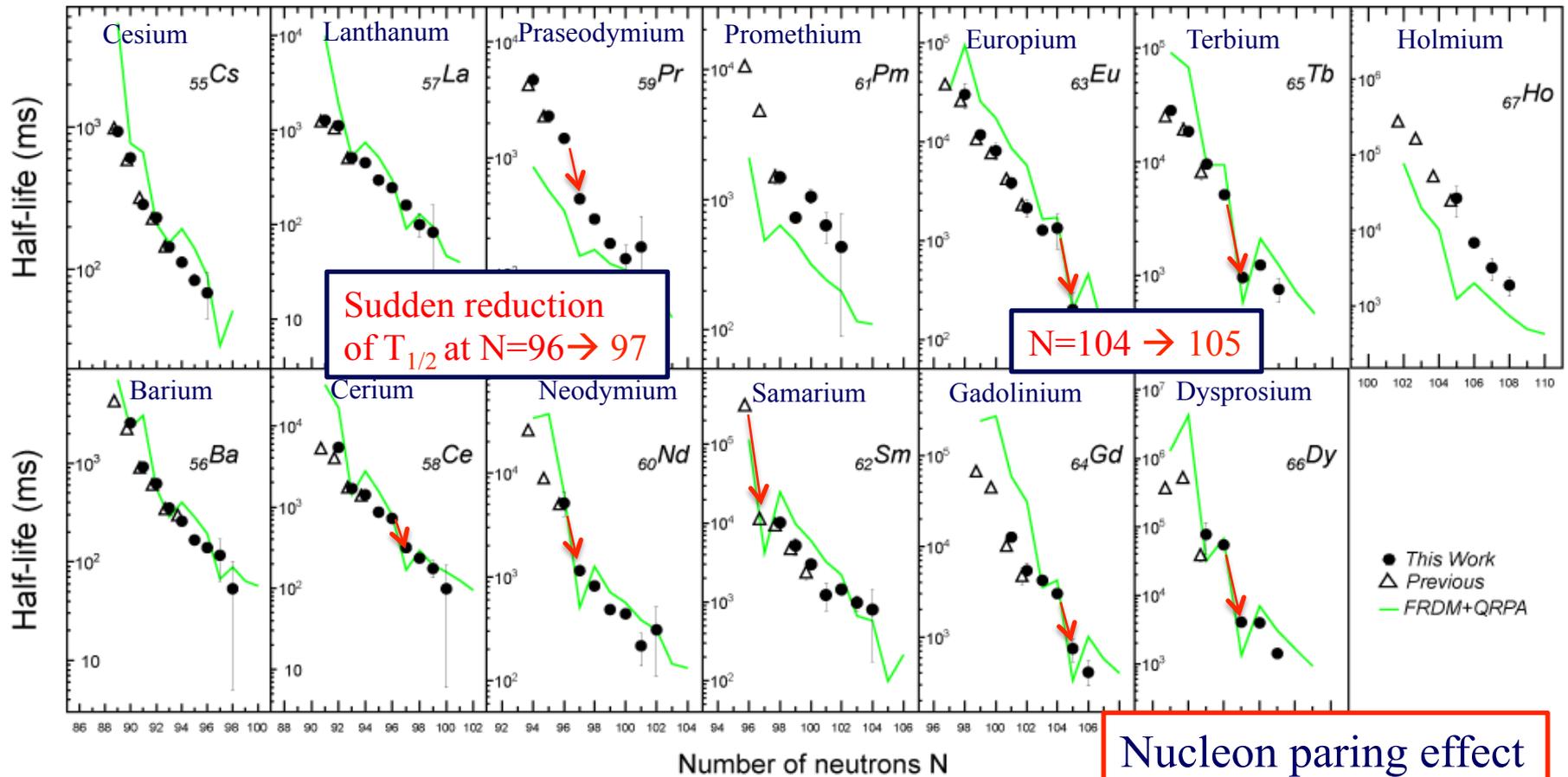
40 new half-lives ! G.Lorusso et al.,
PRL 114, 192501 (2015)

18 new half-lives ! S.Nishimura
PRL 106, 052502 (2011)



92 β -Decay Half-lives (Mass A = 144 – 175) vs FRDM+QRPA

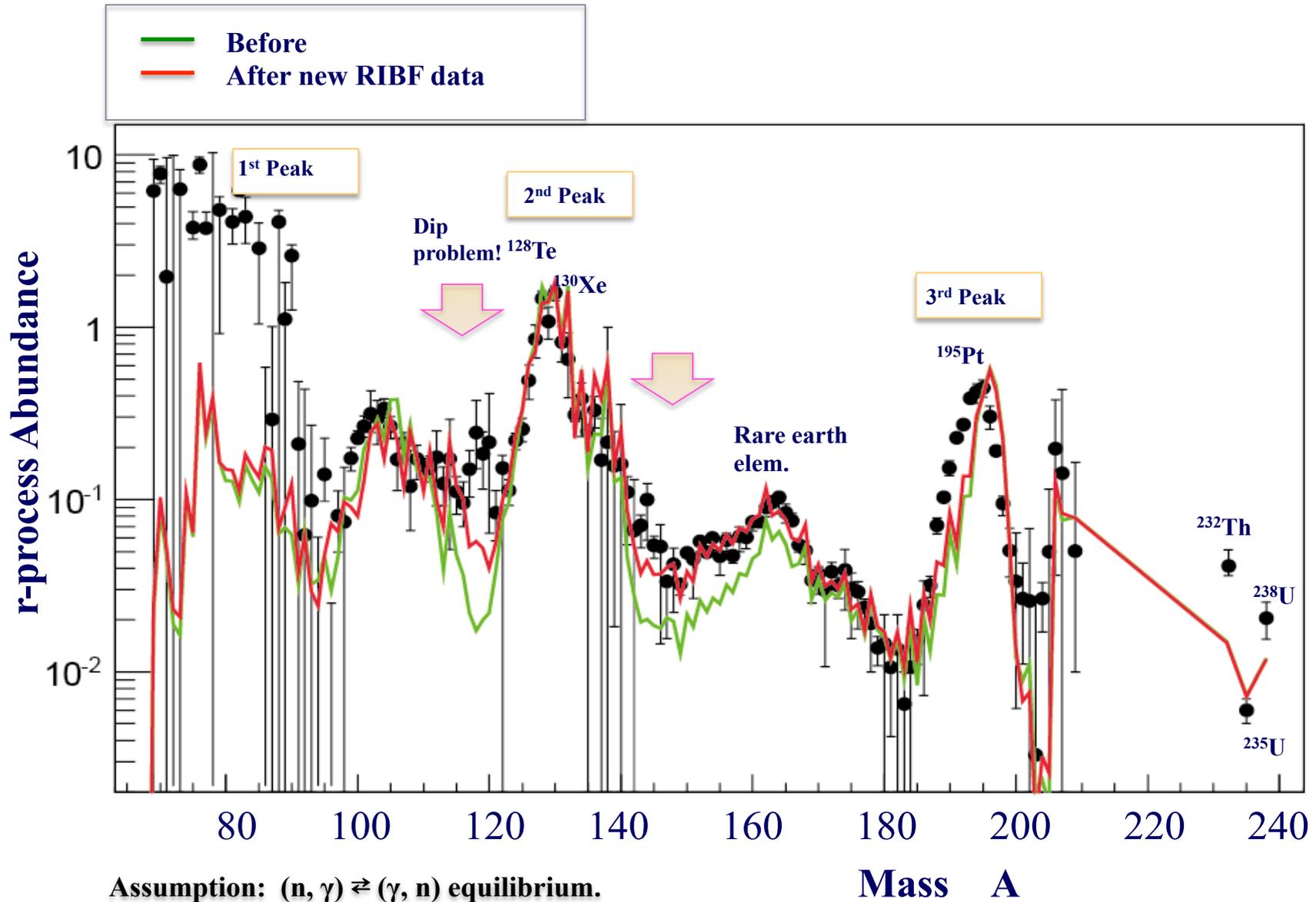
J. Wu, PRL (2017)



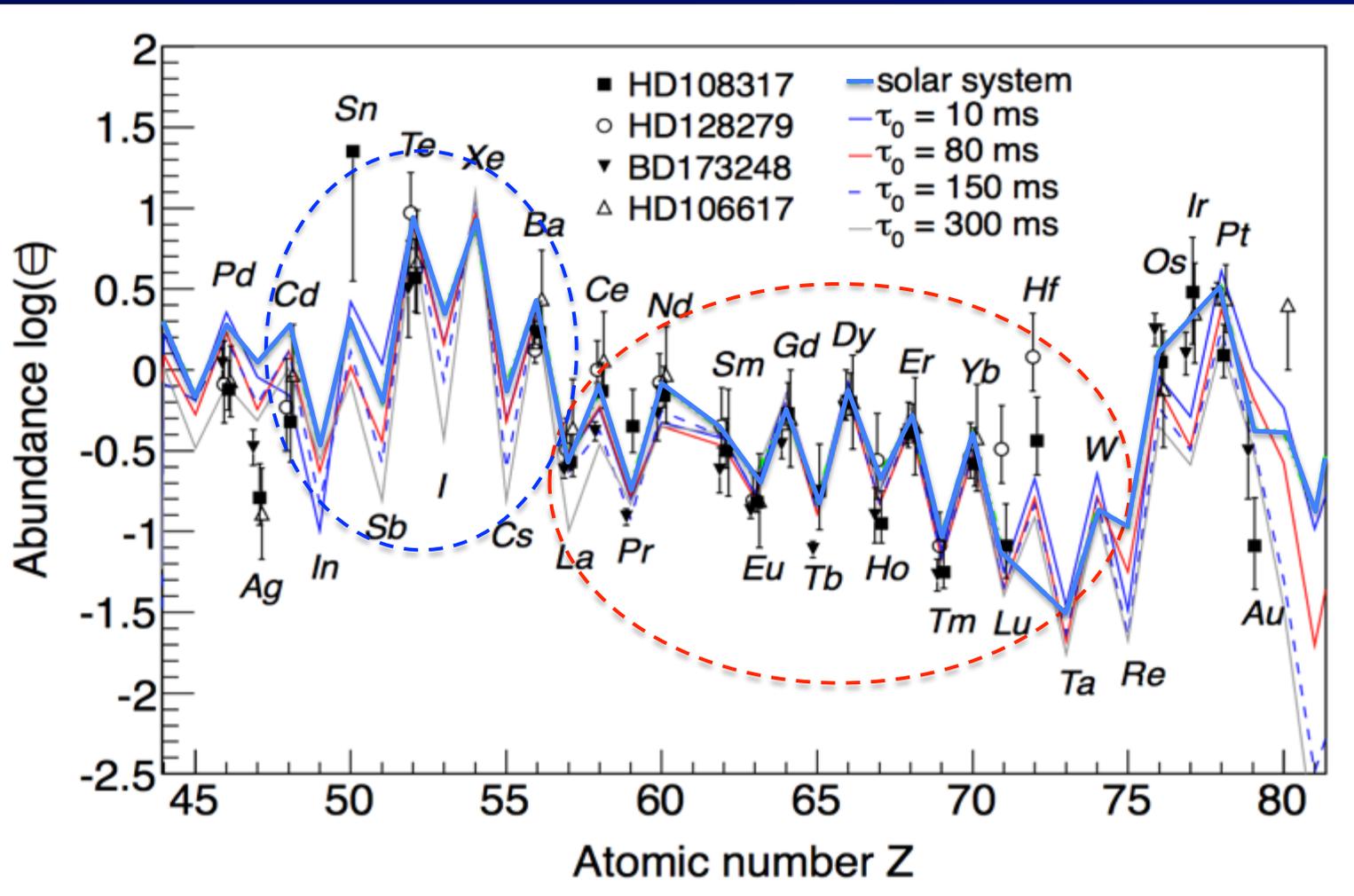
The β -decay half-lives of 92 neutron-rich $^{144-151}\text{Cs}$, $^{146-154}\text{Ba}$, $^{148-156}\text{La}$, $^{150-158}\text{Ce}$, $^{153-160}\text{Pr}$, $^{156-162}\text{Nd}$, $^{159-163}\text{Pm}$, $^{160-166}\text{Sm}$, $^{161-168}\text{Eu}$, $^{165-170}\text{Gd}$, $^{166-172}\text{Tb}$, $^{169-173}\text{Dy}$, and $^{172-175}\text{Ho}$ were measured at the Radioactive Isotope Beam Factory (RIBF).

r-process Abundance with New $T_{1/2}$ (RIBF)

G.Lorusso et al., PRL (2015)

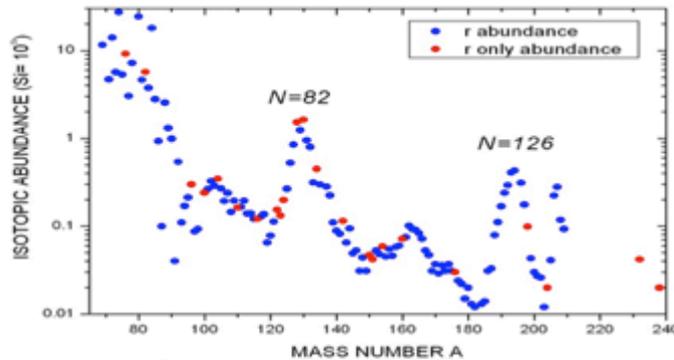


Universality of r-process elements ($Z \geq 56$)



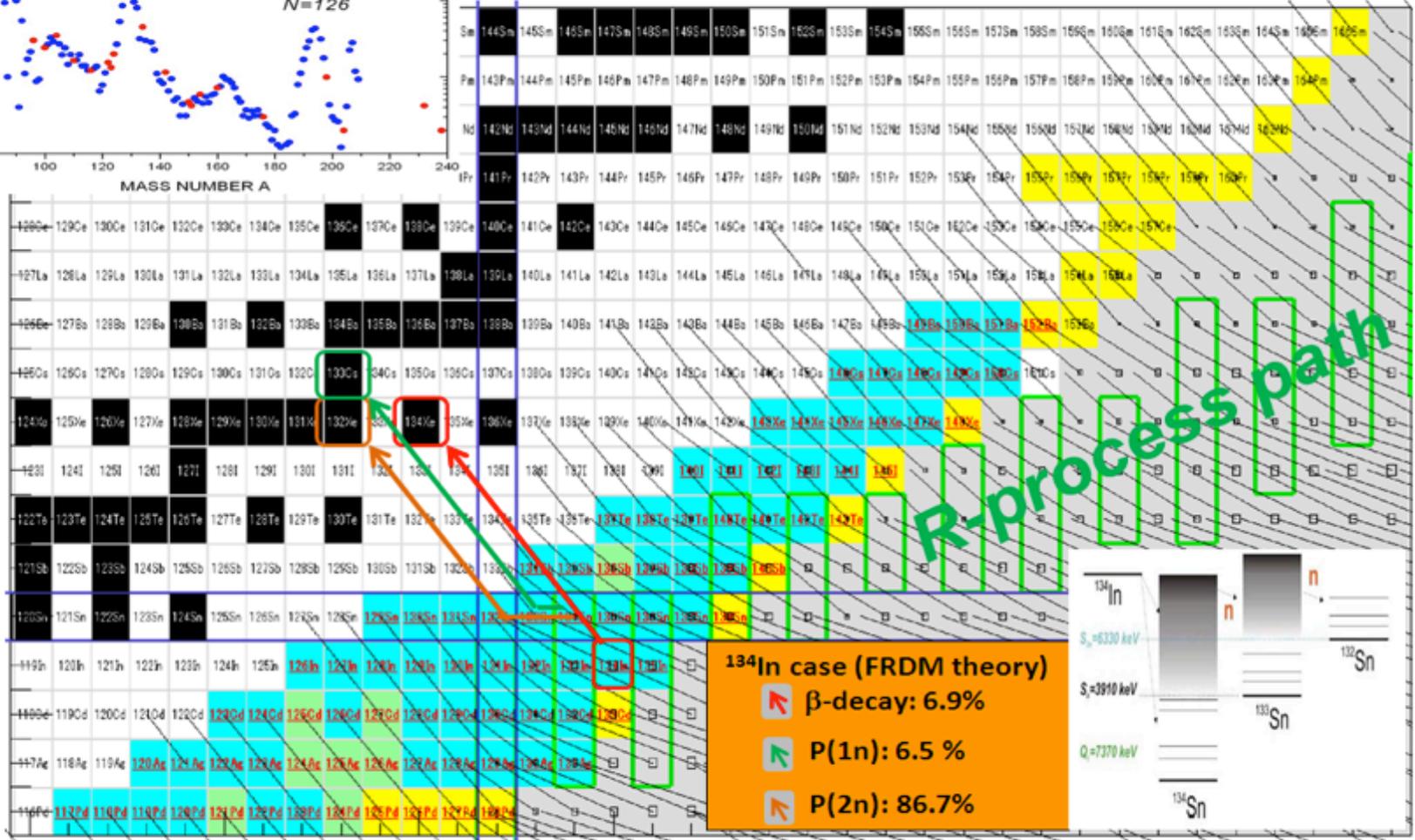
Decay Spectroscopy around mass $A = 160$ was performed !

r-Process Elements : Freeze-out Time



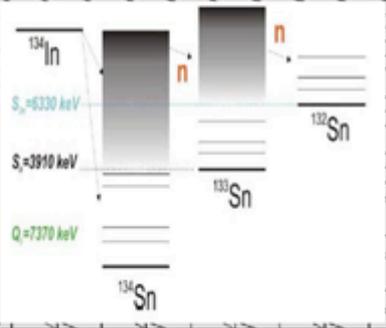
During „Freeze-out“: detour of β -decay chains
 \Rightarrow *r*-abundance changes

Proton number (Z)



^{134}In case (FRDM theory)

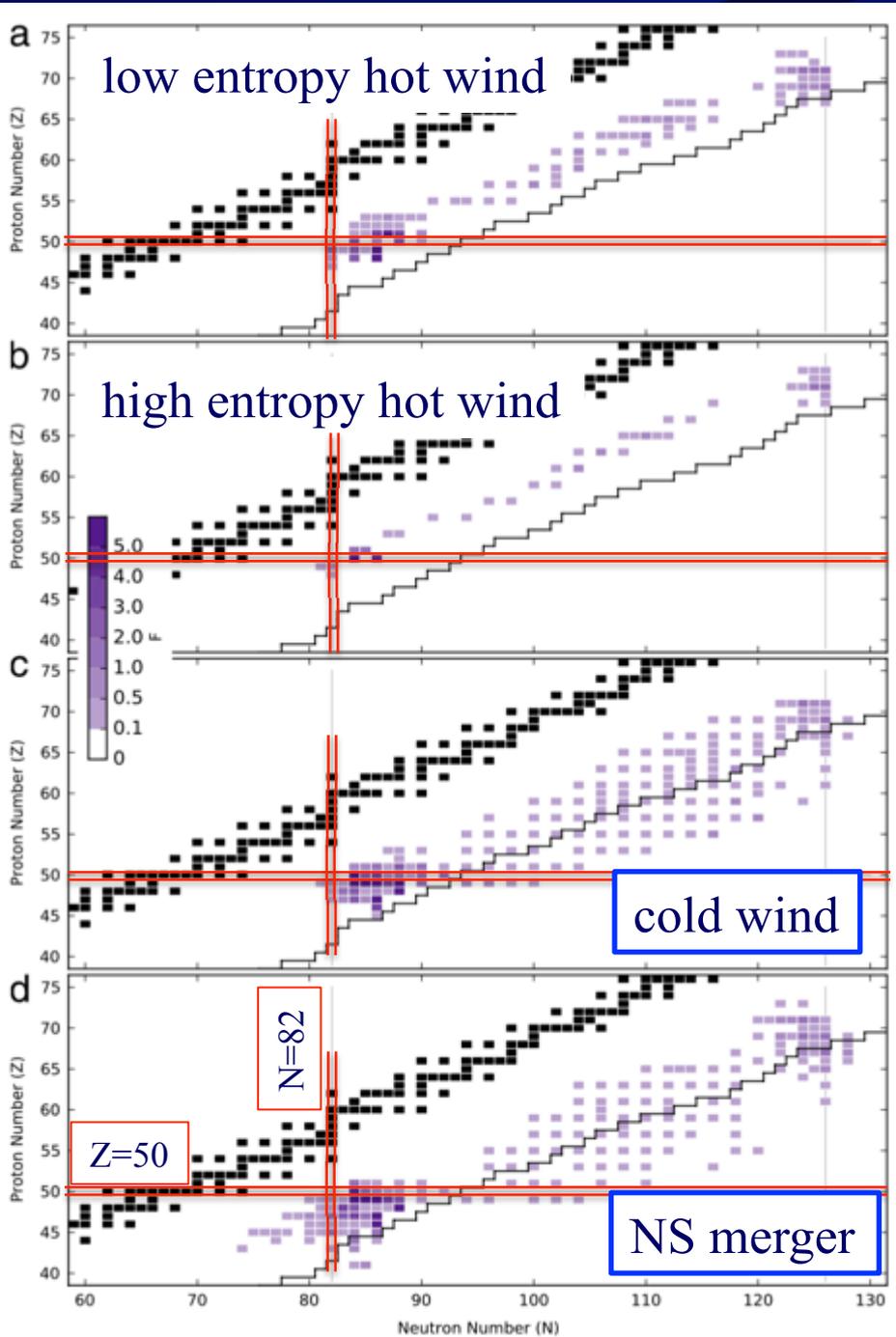
- ↗ β -decay: 6.9%
- ↖ P(1n): 6.5 %
- ↖ P(2n): 86.7%



Neutron number (N)

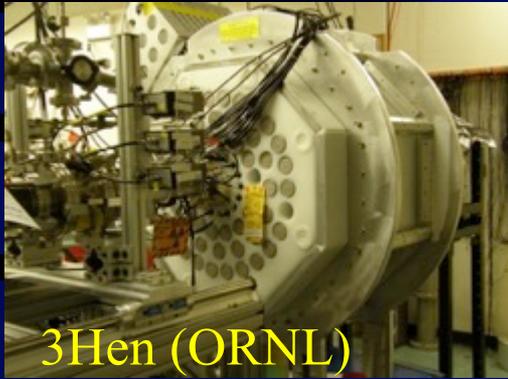
Pn values: How Sensitive in r-Process Calc.?

beta-delayed neutron emitters

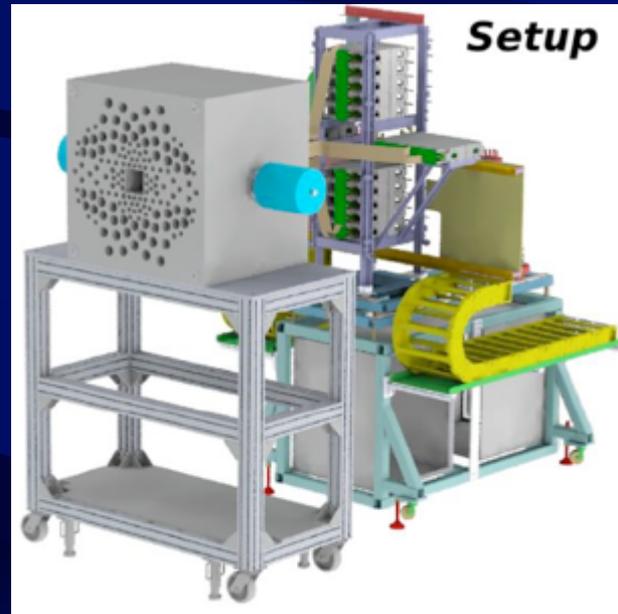
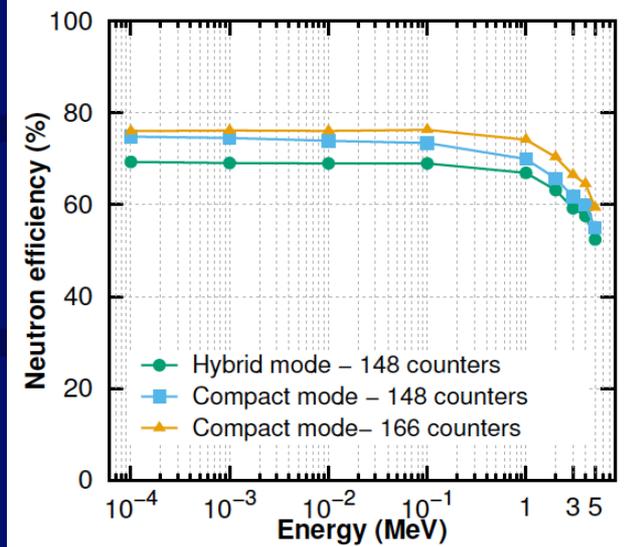


M.R. Mumpower et al.
Prog. in Part. and Nucl. Phys
86 (2016) 86-126

^3He gas detectors



BRIKEN @ RIBF

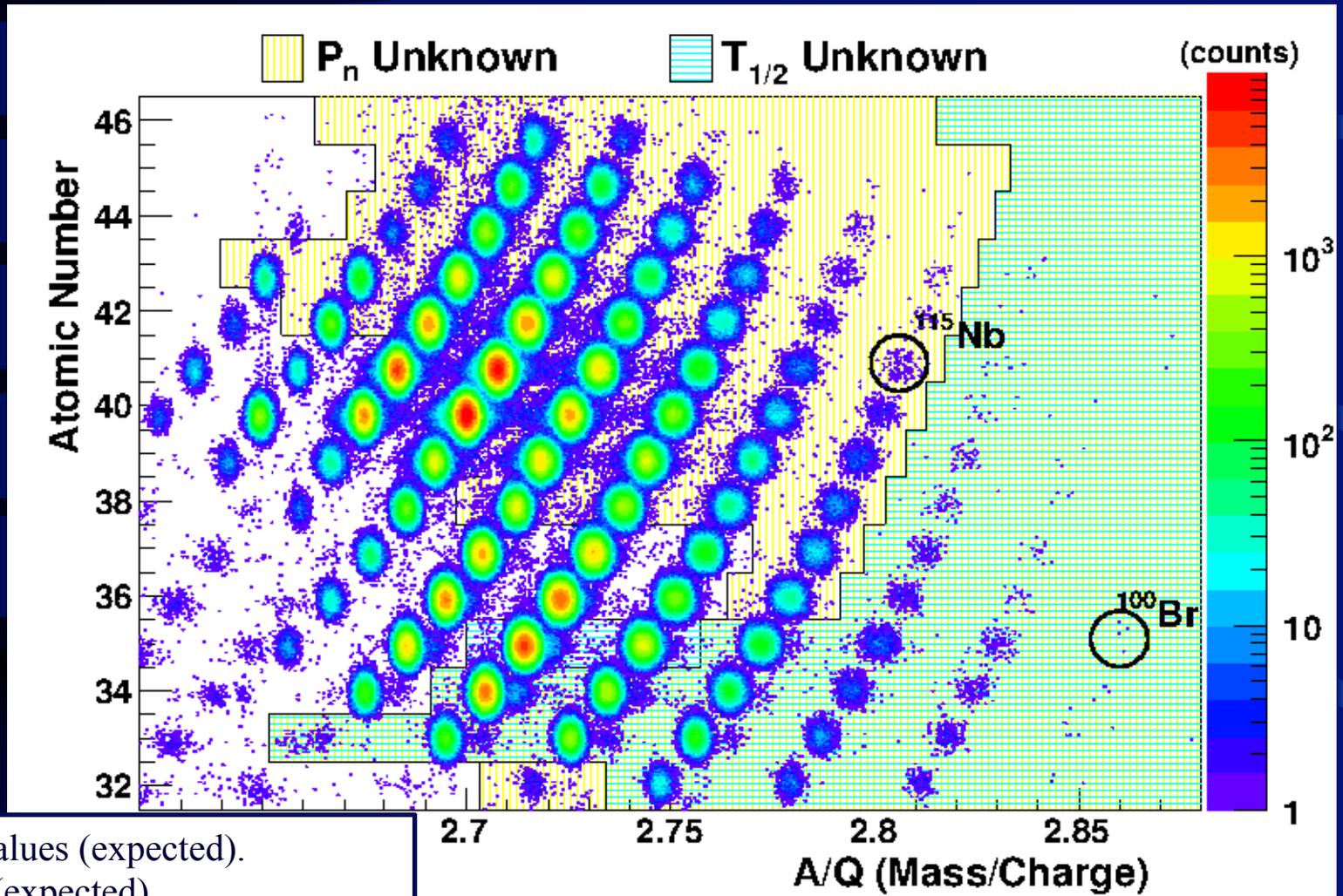


No info. about initial E_n , but large efficiency

Thermalization time $\tau \sim 100 \mu\text{s}$

BRIKEN Campaign (2017 Nov.)

Spokesperson: SN, A. Algora



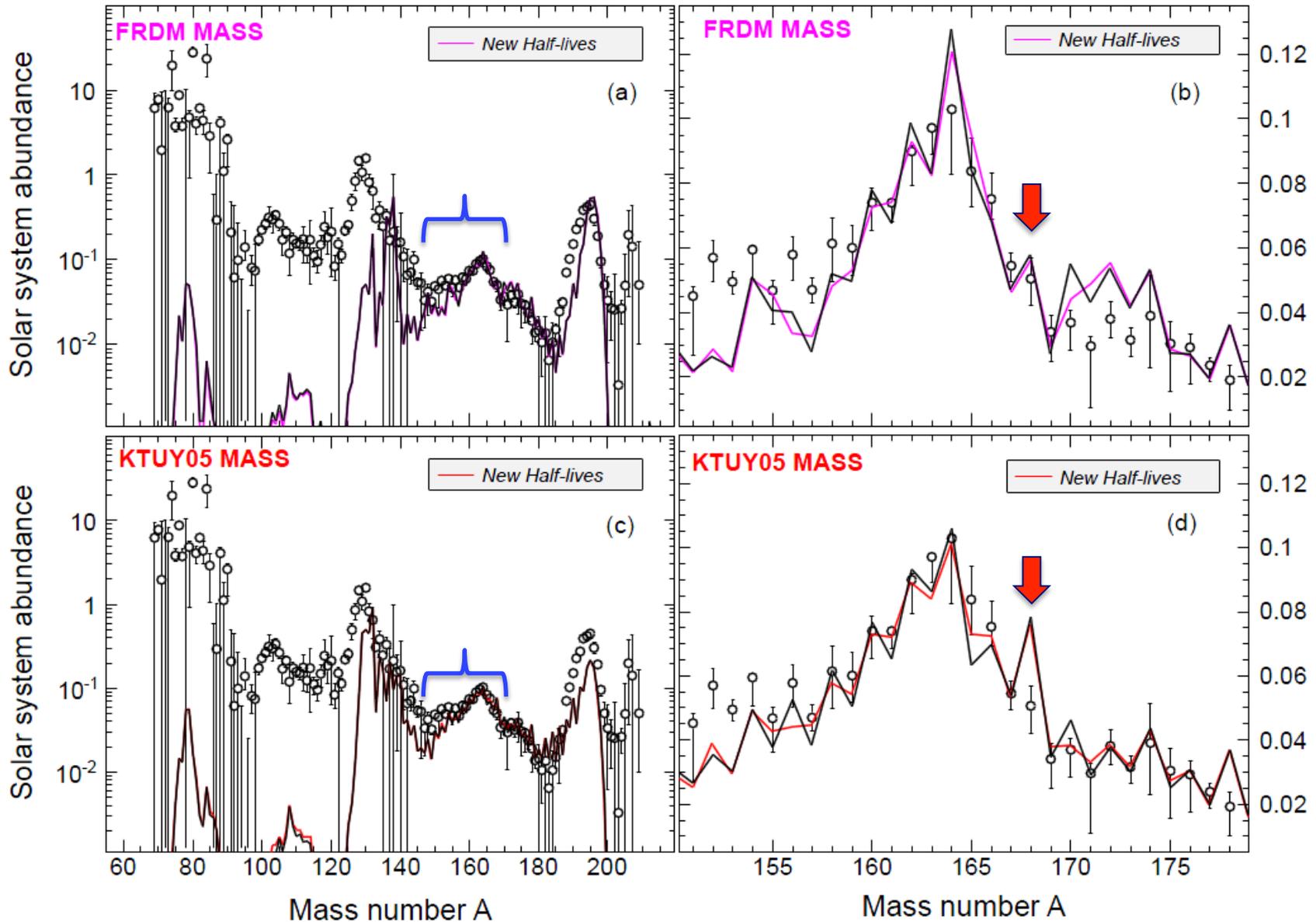
- * 50 ~ new P_n values (expected).
- * ~ 20 new T_{1/2} (expected).
- * Isomers
- * Beta-delayed gamma with neutron-gate
- * U-beam int. ~ 65 pA

Mass & Decay Spectroscopy

Rare-Earth Peak with Different Mass Models

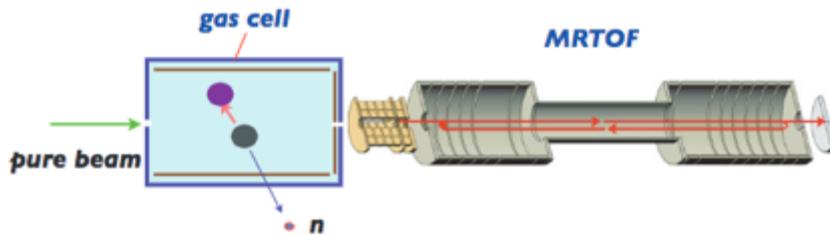
Half-lives: FRDM and new half-lives. Mass: FRDM and KTUY.

by J. Wu

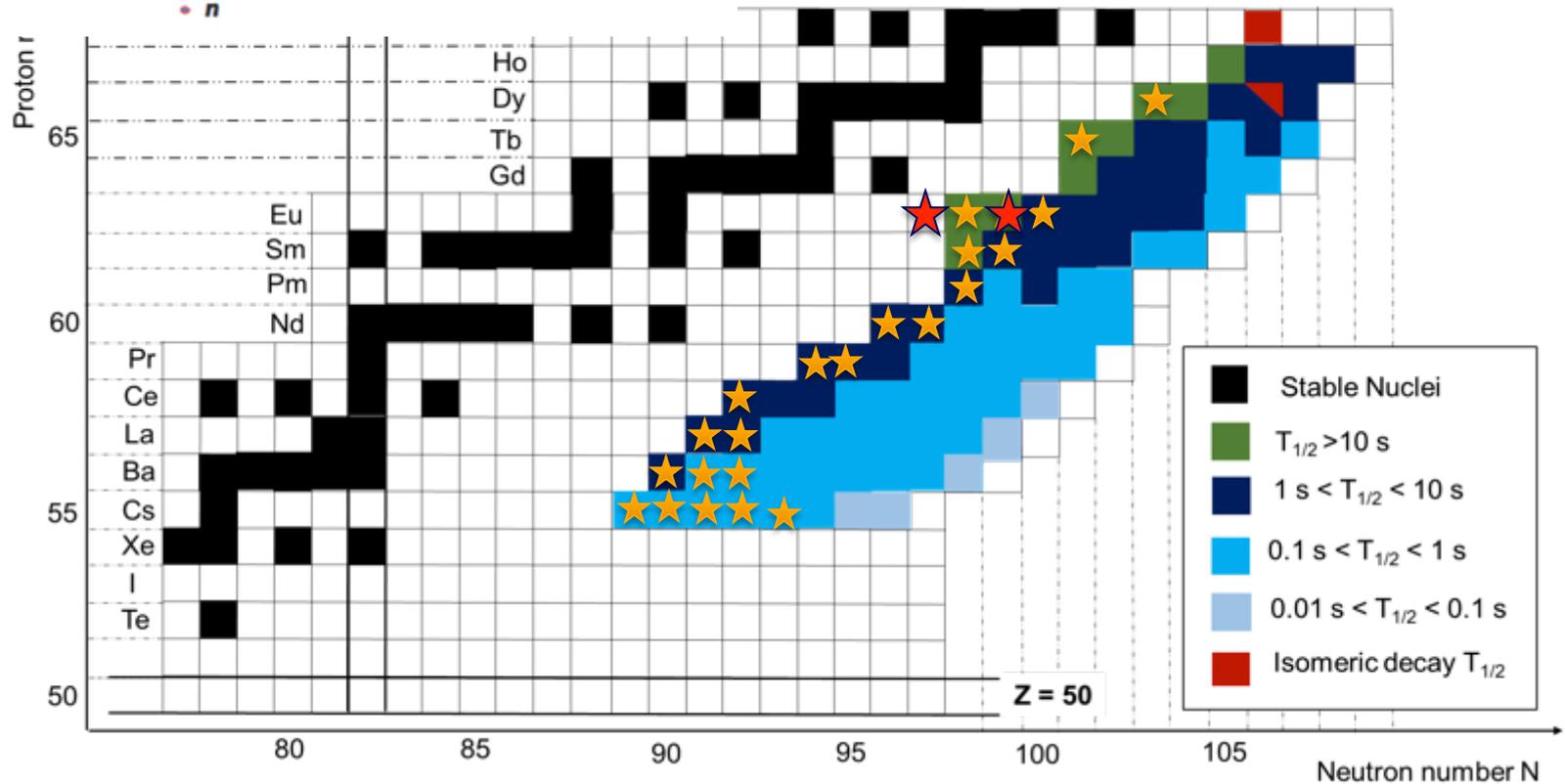


Half-lives and Mass Measurement

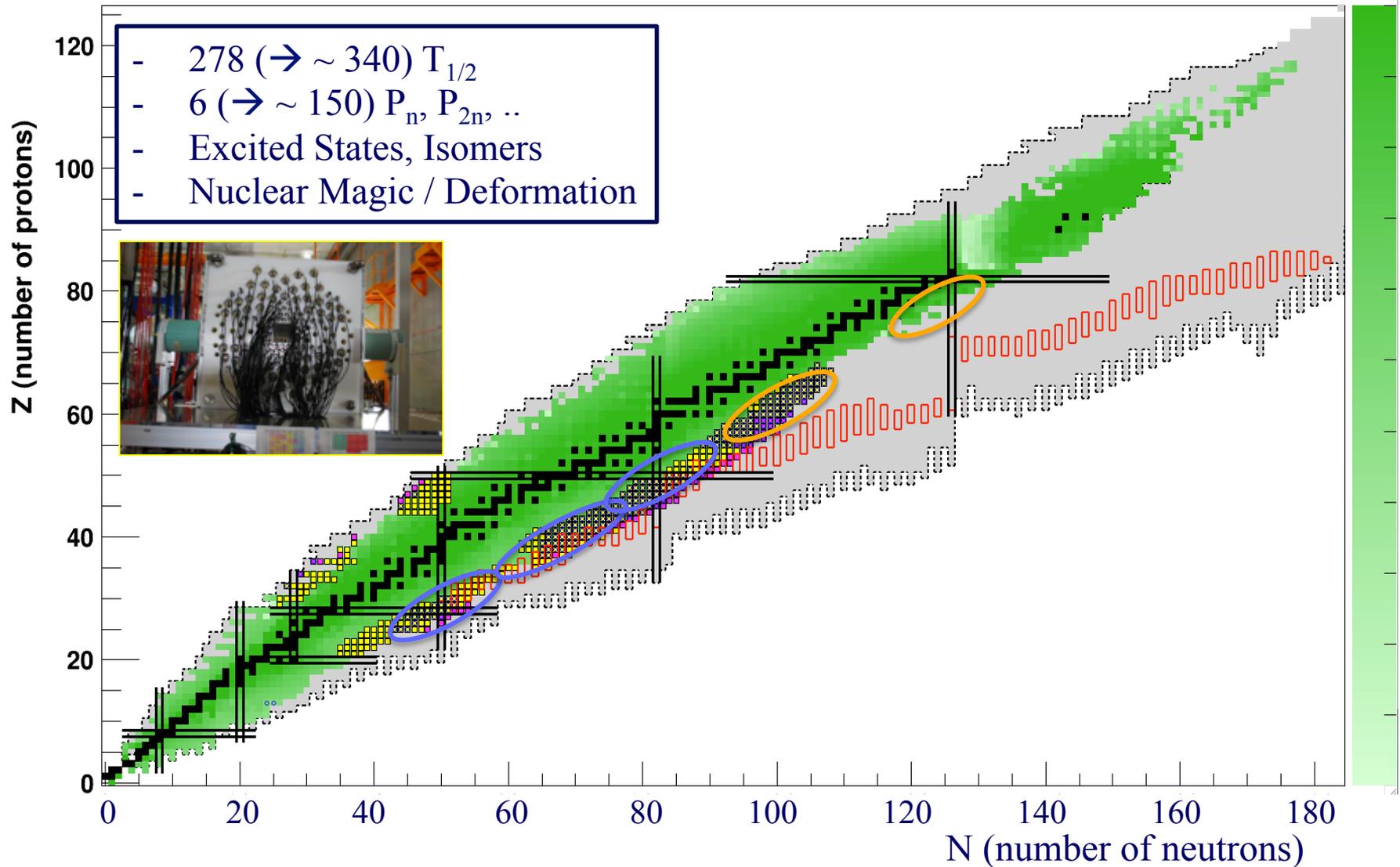
RIKEN Acc. Prog. Rep. 48 (2015) 213



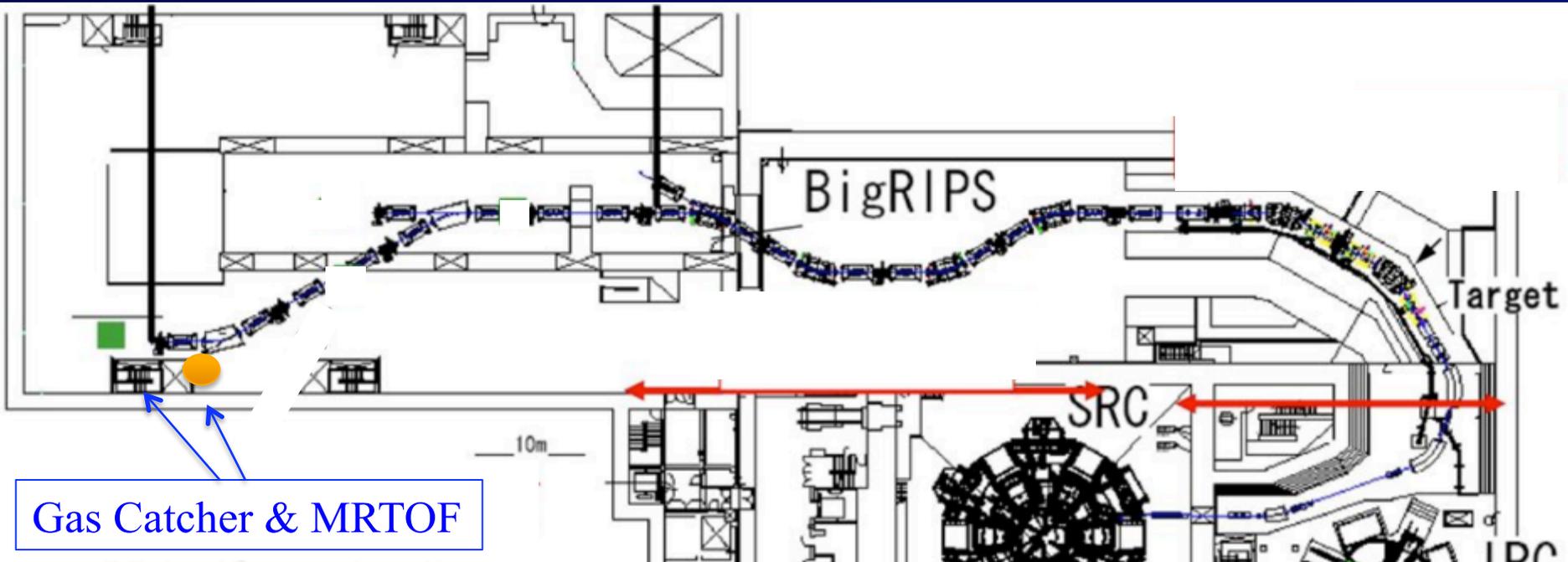
★ mass (known)



Heavy RI ($N = 126$)



MRTOF Project in ZeroDegree spectrometer

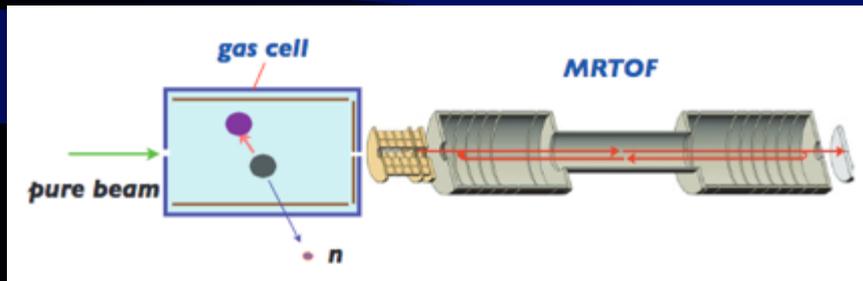


Yakitori Mode

- BigRIPS/ZDS Experiments → MRTOF (Symbiotic Collaboration)
 - In-beam, New isotopes, Interaction cross-section, Decay
- ZD-MRTOF & Decay for heavy RI ($N = 126$)

ZD-MRTOF Workshop (3-4, September, 2018) ... to be announced.

ZD-MRTOF \rightarrow Decay



RI Identification by MRTOF

AGARI
(Active mass GAted
stopper of RI)

Development has been started.

Can be applicable for superheavy elements.

Delayed neutron emission P_{1n}, P_{2n}, \dots

Survey of decay properties EURICA/BRIKEN (CAITEN) in progress.

