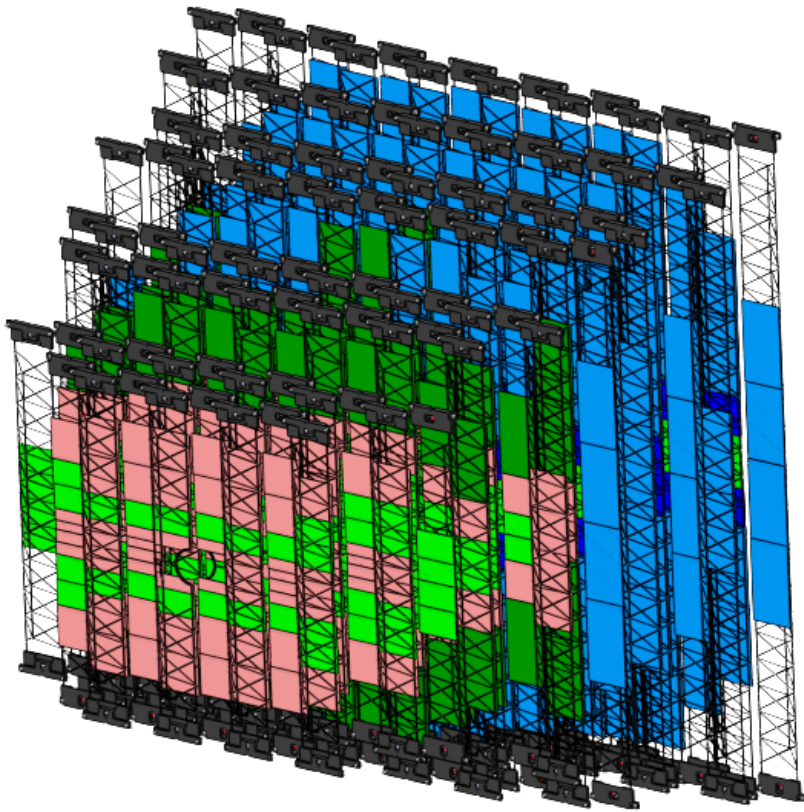


Progress with System Integration of the CBM Silicon Tracking Detector

Johann M. Heuser,
GSI Helmholtz Center for Heavy Ion Research, Darmstadt, Germany
for the CBM Collaboration

*DPG Frühjahrstagung,
Münster, Germany, 27 March 2017*

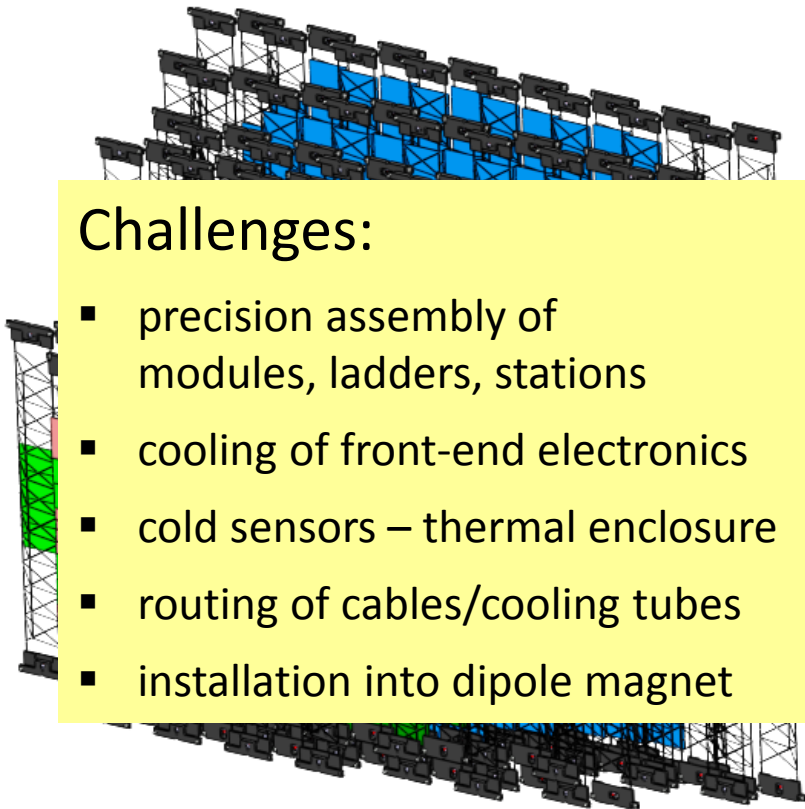
STS - Task & integration challenges



STS ladder arrangement

- pile-up free track point determination in high-rate collision environment:
 - $10^5 - 10^7/s$ (A+A), up to $10^9/s$ (p+A), track multiplicities up to 700/collision
 - momentum resolution $\Delta p/p \approx 1-2\%$
- physics aperture : $2.5^\circ \leq \Theta \leq 25^\circ$
- 8 tracking stations: $0.3 \text{ m} \leq z \leq 1.0 \text{ m}$
 - material : $\approx 0.3\% - 1\% X_0$ per station
 - 896 detector modules , 106 ladders
- double-sided silicon microstrip sensors
 - hit spatial resolution $\approx 25 \mu\text{m}$
 - operation at $T = -5^\circ \text{C}$ (radiation field)
- 1.8 million r/o channels, 14 000 r/o ASICs
 - time-stamp resolution $\approx 5 \text{ ns}$
 - power dissipation: $\approx 40 \text{ kW}$

STS - Task & integration challenges



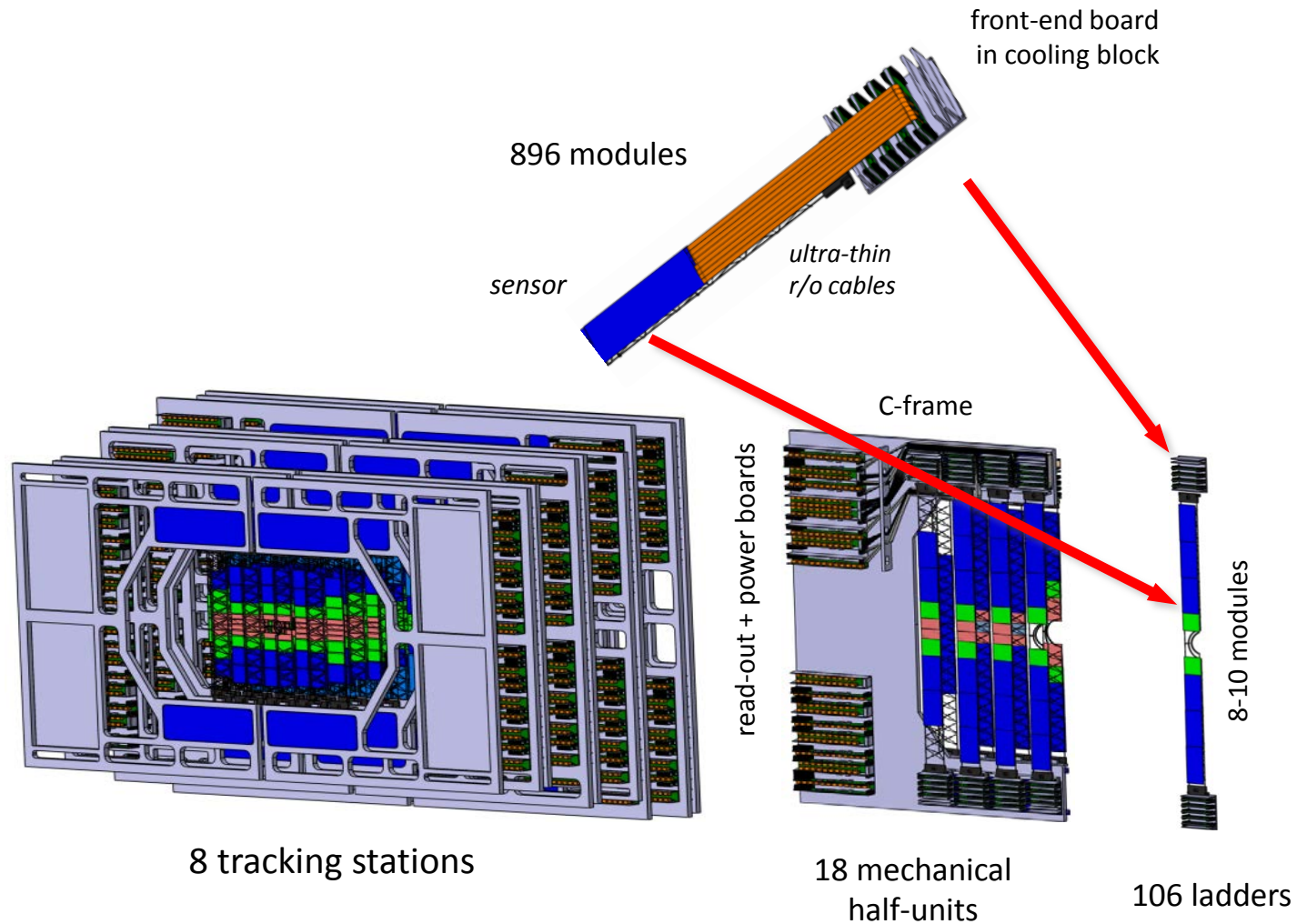
Challenges:

- precision assembly of modules, ladders, stations
- cooling of front-end electronics
- cold sensors – thermal enclosure
- routing of cables/cooling tubes
- installation into dipole magnet

STS ladder arrangement

- pile-up free track point determination in high-rate collision environment:
 - $10^5 - 10^7/s$ (A+A), up to $10^9/s$ (p+A), track multiplicities up to 700/collision
 - momentum resolution $\Delta p/p \approx 1-2\%$
- physics aperture : $2.5^\circ \leq \Theta \leq 25^\circ$
- 8 tracking stations: $0.3 \text{ m} \leq z \leq 1.0 \text{ m}$
 - material : $\approx 0.3\% - 1\% X_0$ per station
 - 896 detector modules , 106 ladders
- double-sided silicon microstrip sensors
 - **hit spatial resolution $\approx 25 \mu\text{m}$**
 - **operation at $T = -5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (radiation field)**
- 1.8 million r/o channels, 14 000 r/o ASICs
 - time-stamp resolution $\approx 5 \text{ ns}$
 - **power dissipation: $\approx 40 \text{ kW}$**

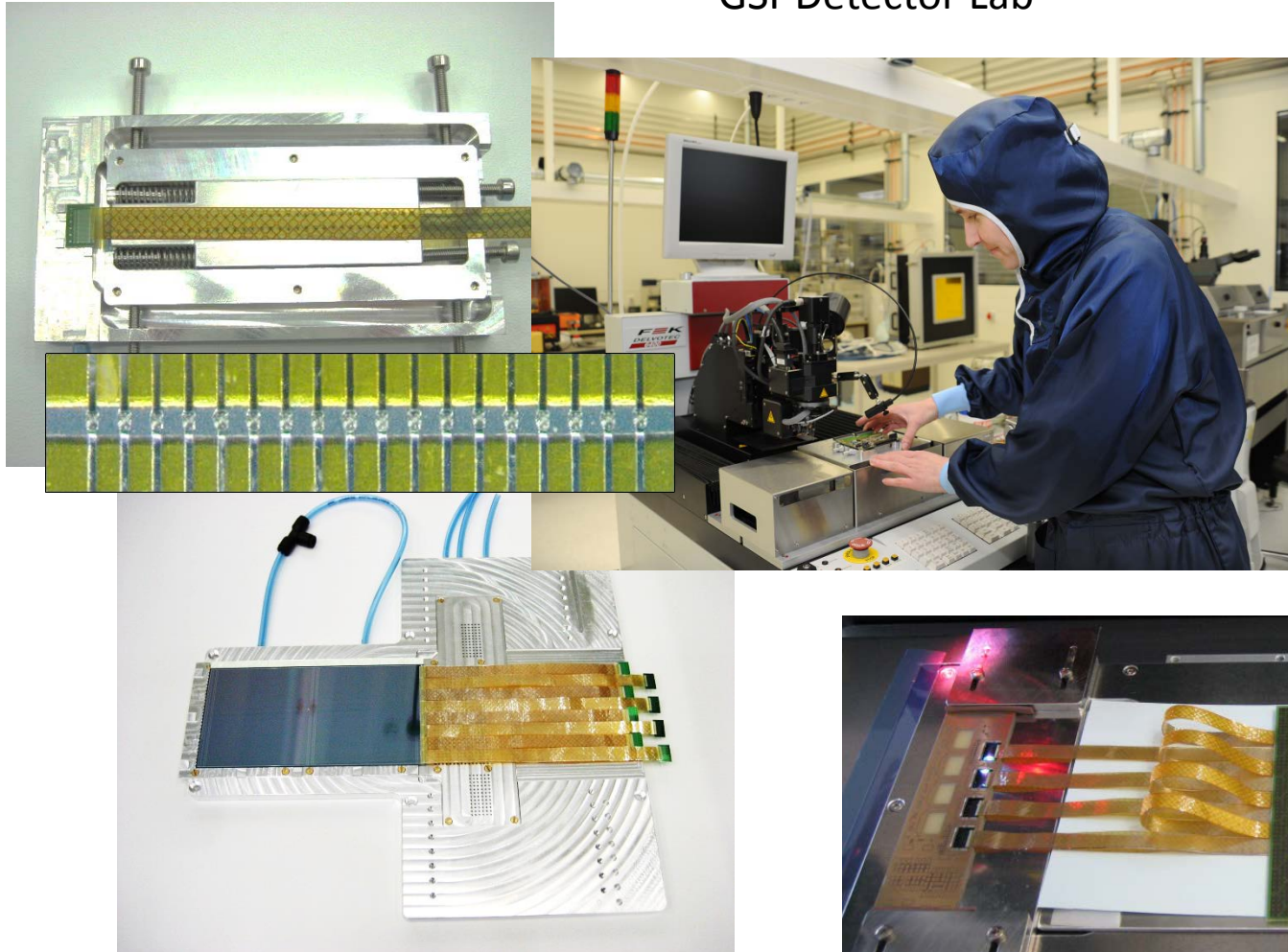
Integration – from modules to stations



Progress with module assembly

GSI-Detector Lab

- Work flow, per side:
1. TAB bonding of microcables to ASICs
 2. TAB bonding of microcables to silicon sensor
 3. die- and wire-bonding of ASICs to FEB
 4. gluing of shielding layers and spacers

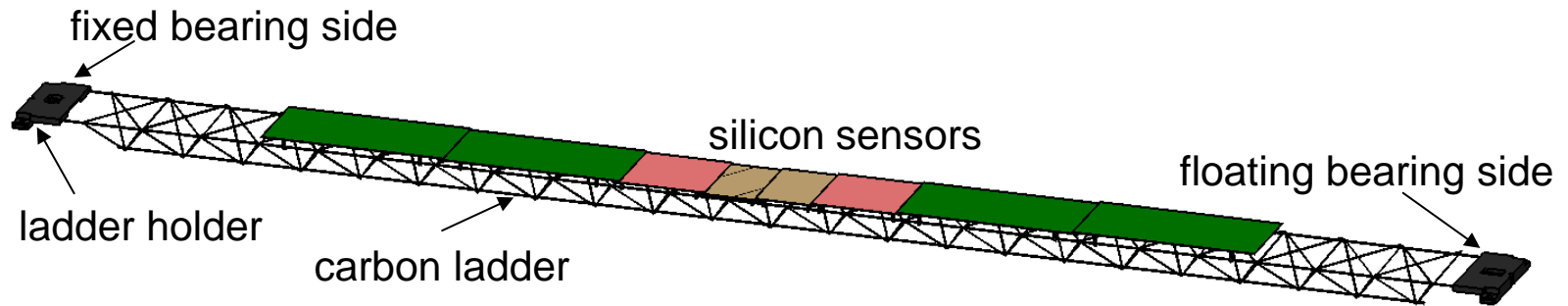


Progress with module assembly

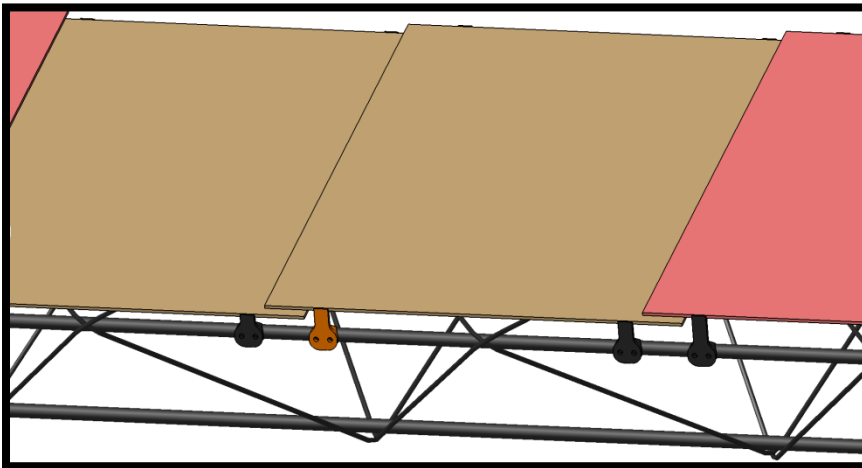


*dummy modules
produced during set-up of
assembly line*

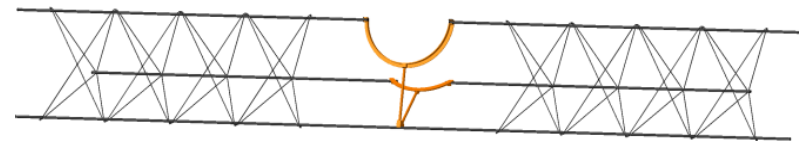
Detector ladders



sensor mounting with "L-legs"

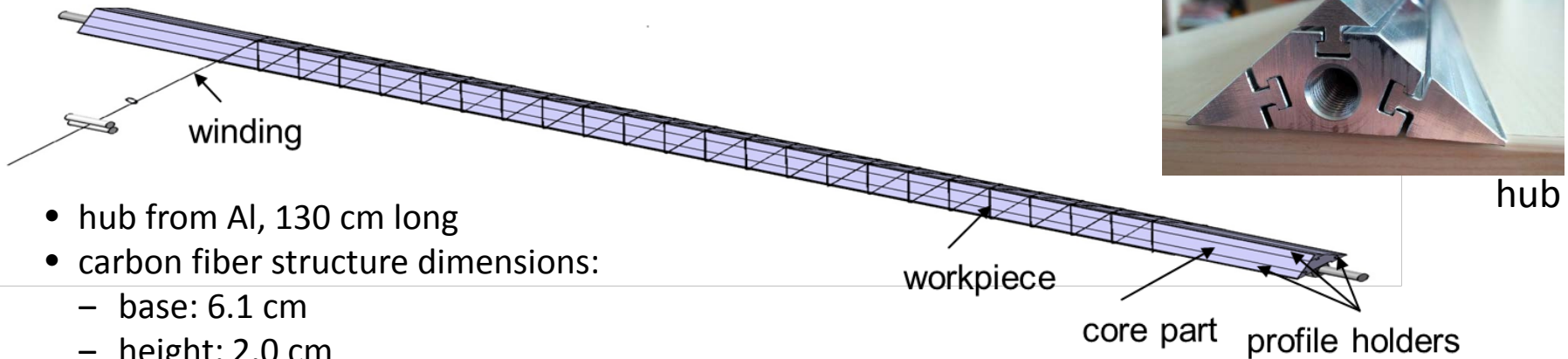


Beampipe cut-out for central ladders



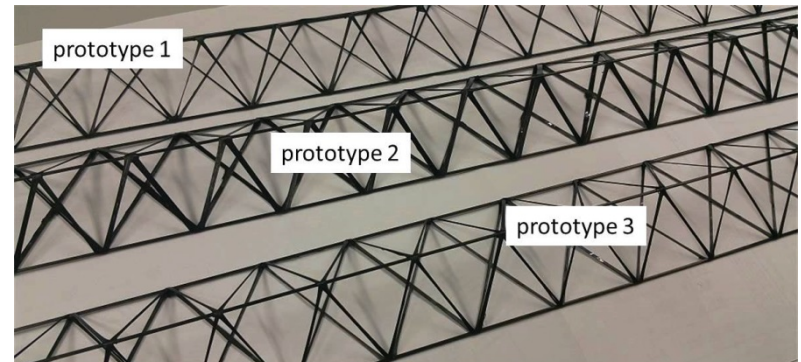
Carbon fiber ladders

prototypes made in aerospace industry, Germany

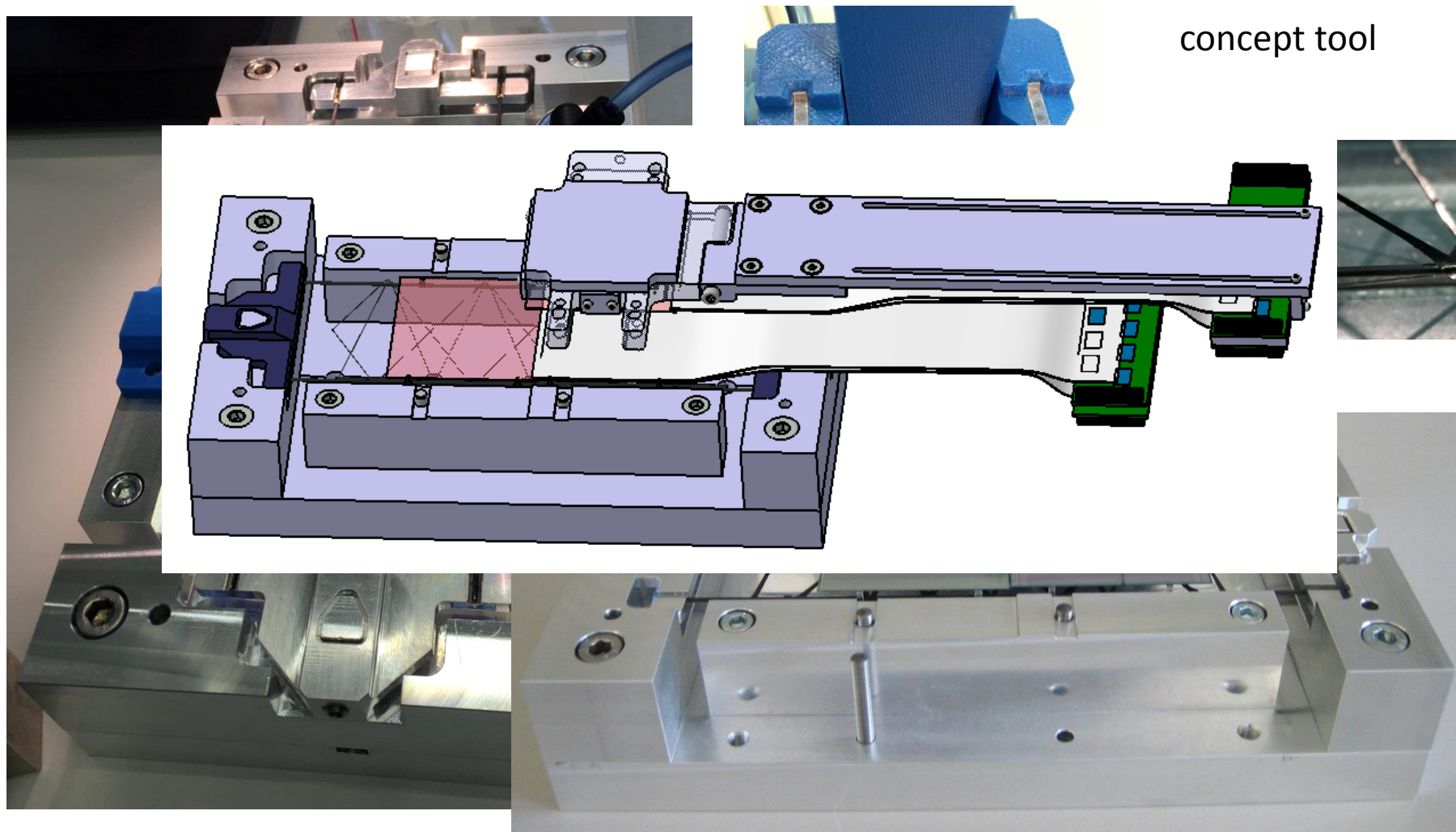


- hub from Al, 130 cm long
- carbon fiber structure dimensions:
 - base: 6.1 cm
 - height: 2.0 cm
 - length: 120 cm
 - tube supports: 1.5/0.5 mm \varnothing

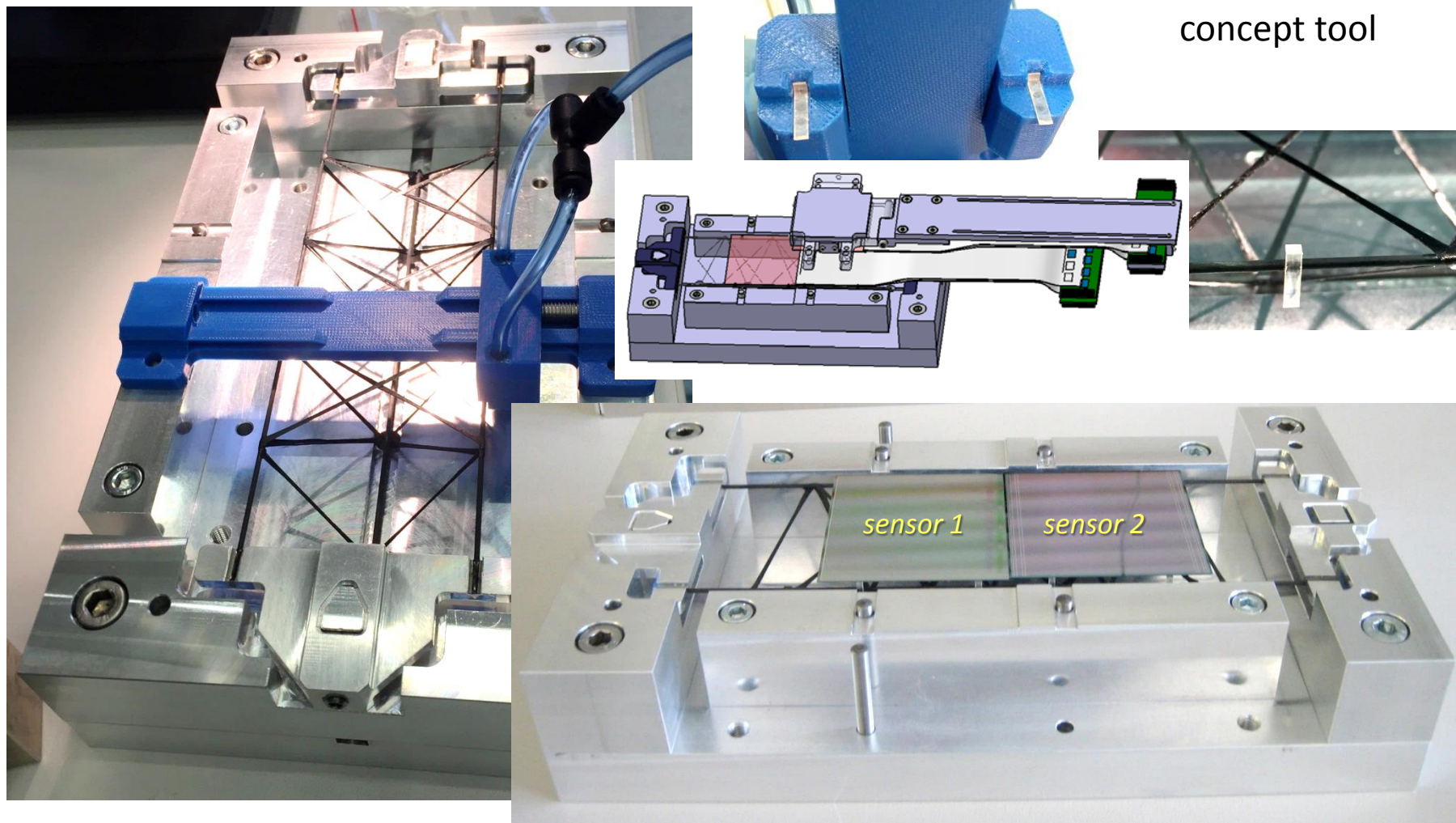
	prototype 1	prototype 2	prototype 3
support	CFK pipe 0.5/1.5 mm \varnothing	CFK pipe 0.5/1.5 mm \varnothing	CFK pipe 0.5/1.5 mm \varnothing
matrix	L20/EPH960	L20/EPH960	L20/EPH960
fiber	M55J/6K	M55J/6K	M60J/3K
roving	1	2	3
weight	11.2 g	14.8 g	11.2 g



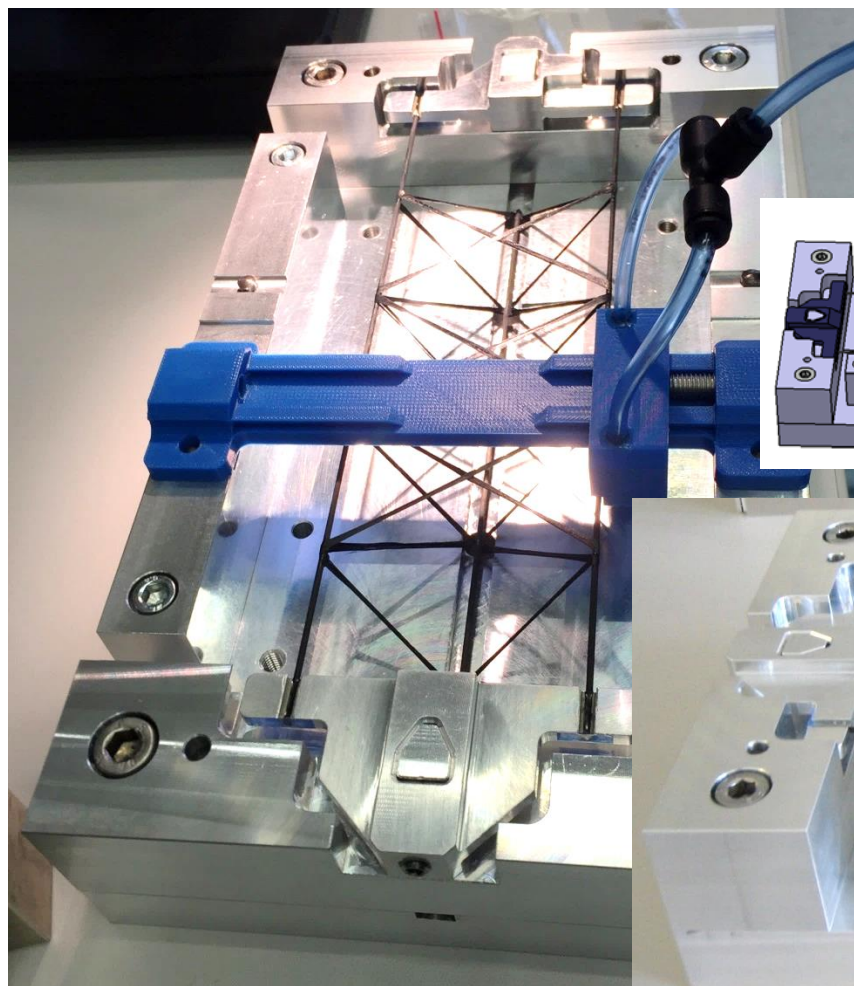
Progress with ladder assembly



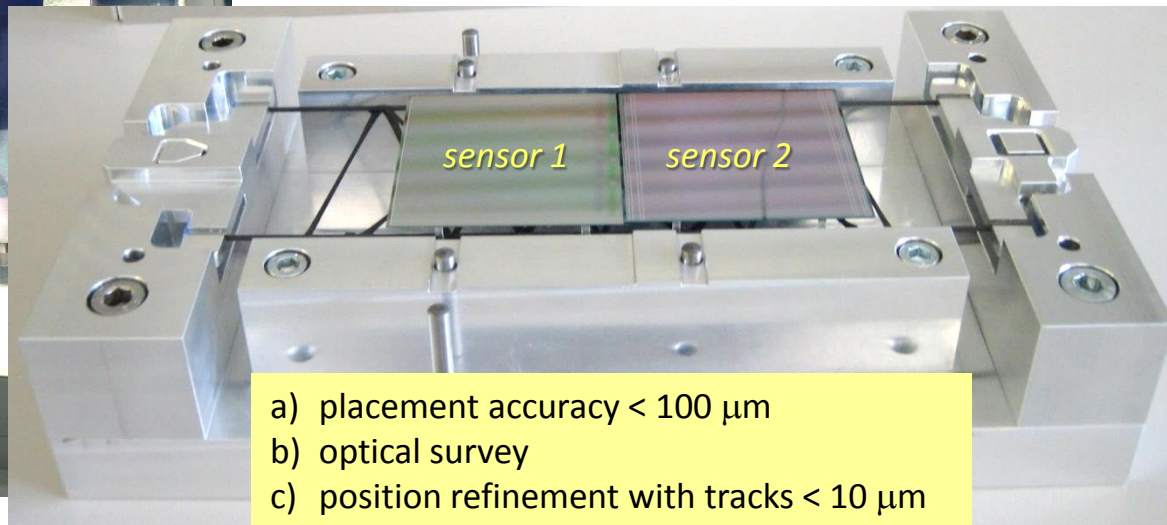
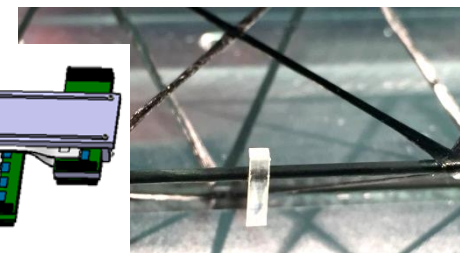
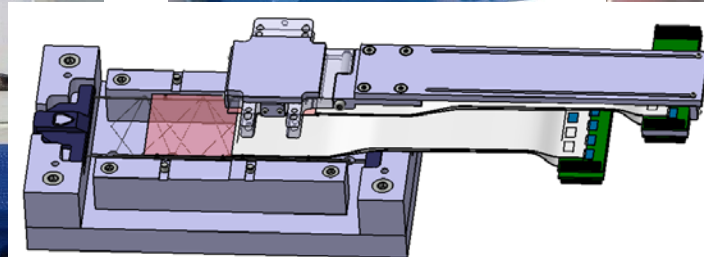
Progress with ladder assembly



Progress with ladder assembly

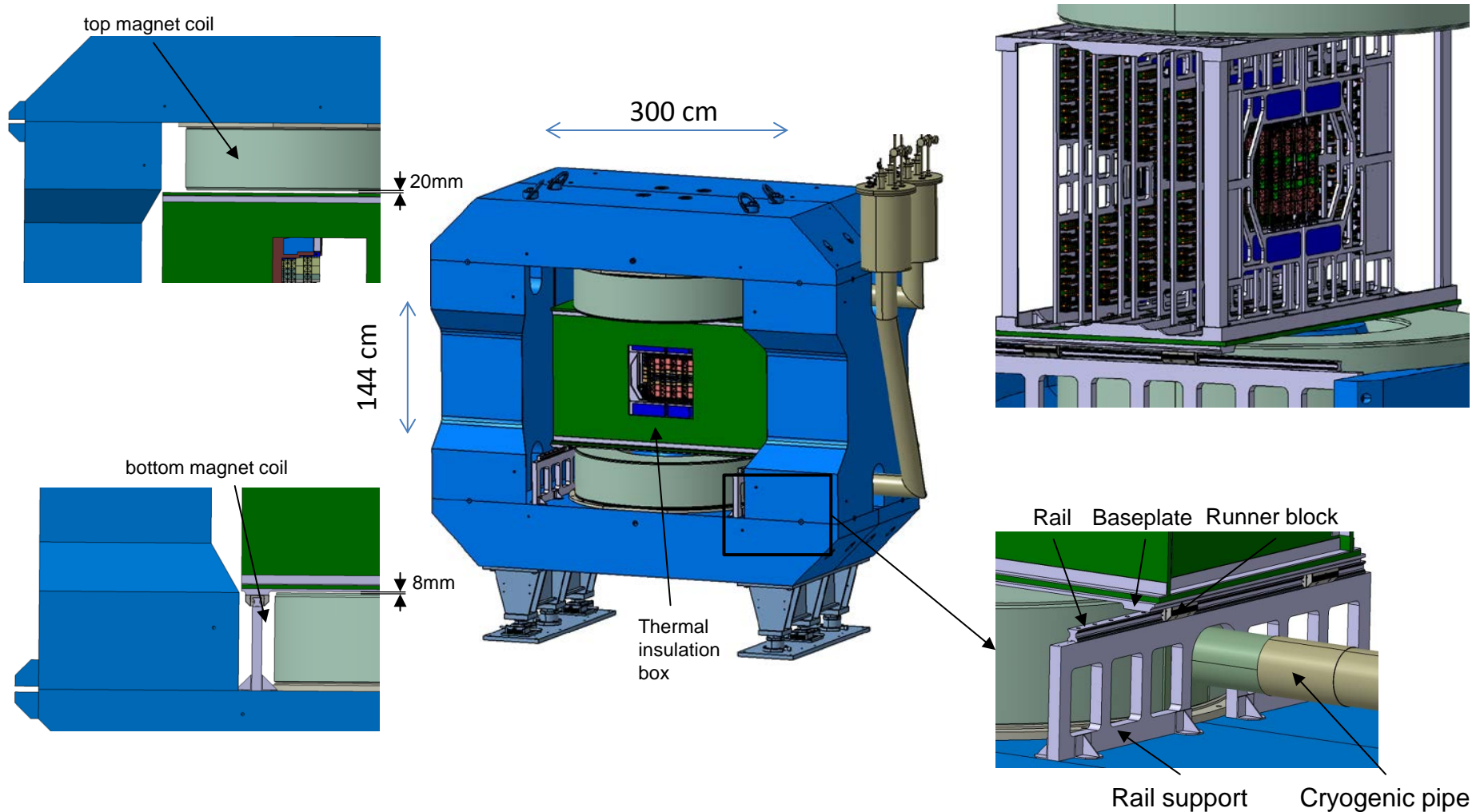


concept tool

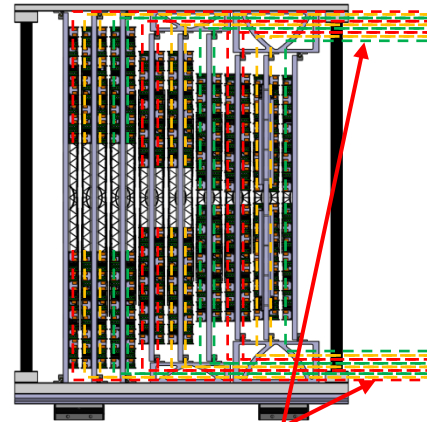
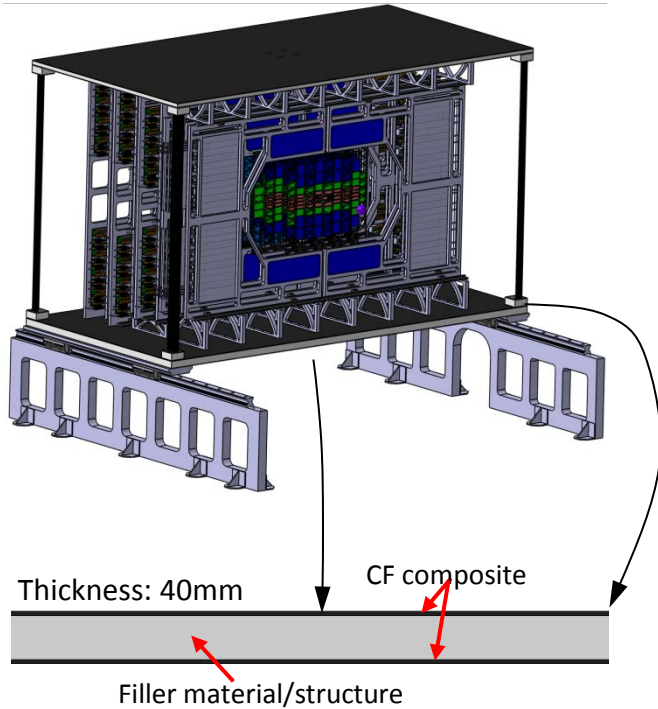


- a) placement accuracy $< 100 \mu\text{m}$
- b) optical survey
- c) position refinement with tracks $< 10 \mu\text{m}$

STS in Dipole Magnet



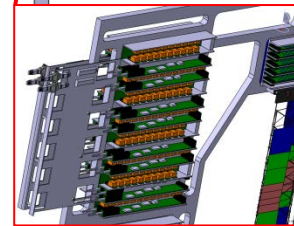
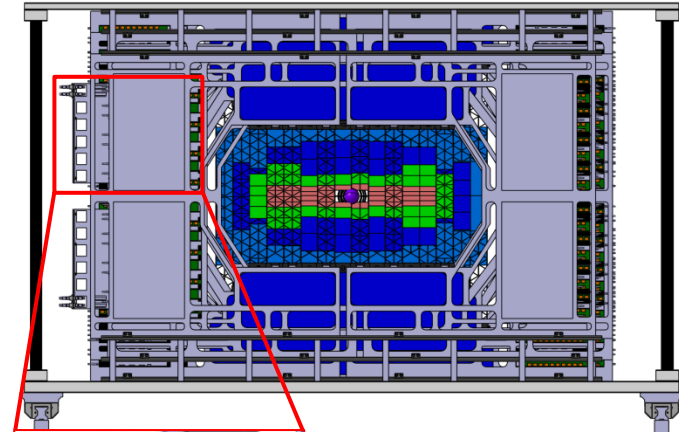
Progress with STS CAD model



Cable Stacks

Design concept:

- Cable routing
- Unit disassembly
- Integrated design



Peripheral cabling design

Sandwich concept:

- Lightweight and stiff
- Parameters depend on filler material
- Versatile configuration

Further development requires:

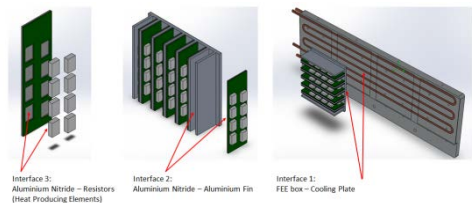
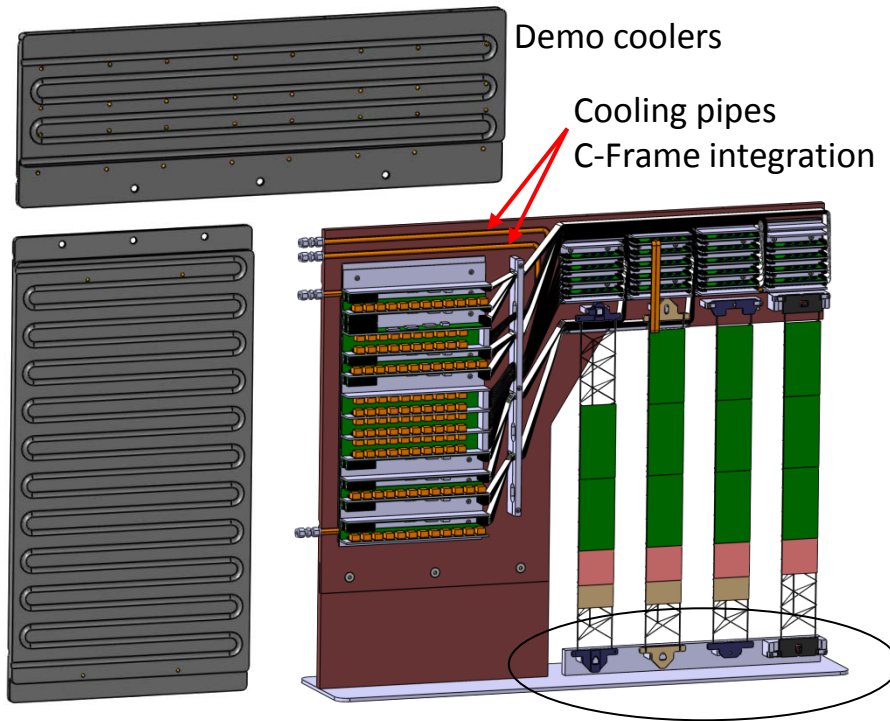
- Thermal testing
- Requirement summary
- Coordination with industrial manufacturers

Further CAD development:

- Finalize cabling concept
- Schematic cable routing
- Integrated design

Construction of a mock-up STS

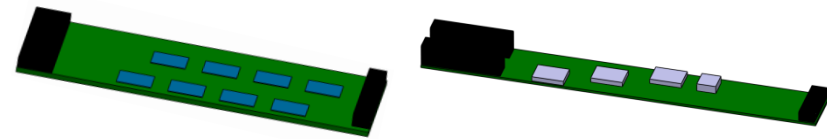
¼ Unit 07 – detailed CAD:



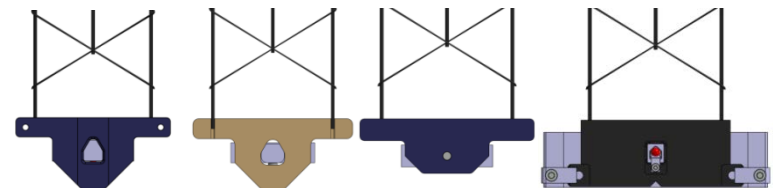
Set-up to study thermal management of FEE
 water cooling → CO2 cooling

Status:

- CAD finished
- Assembly ongoing
- Final parts manufacturing
 - FEB dummies
 - ROB/POB dummies

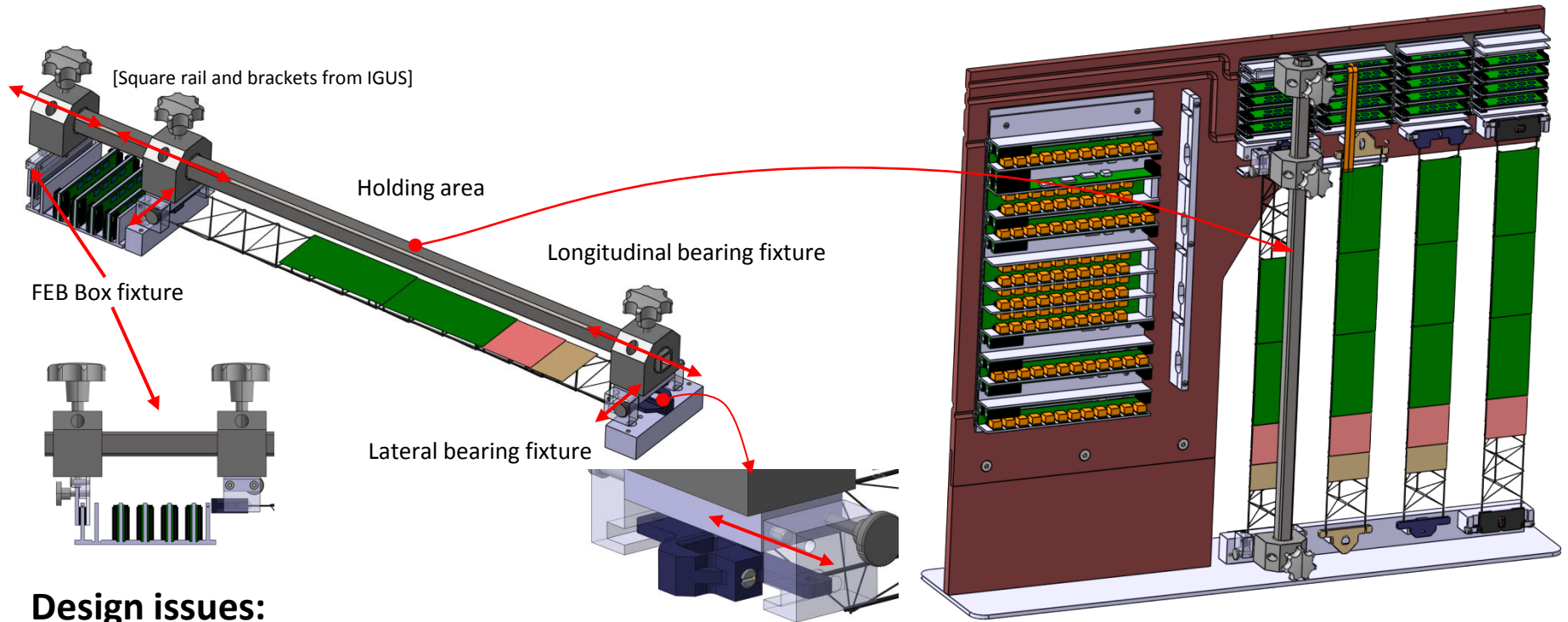


Testing of different types of ladder bearings:



CNC pin Al bearing CNC pin Ceramic bearing Dowel pin Al bearing Ruby ball Fiberglass bearing

Development of ladder handling tool

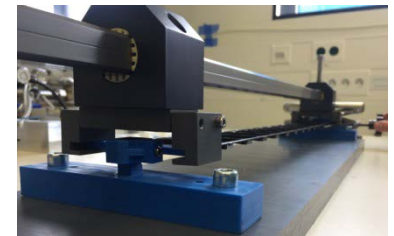


Design issues:

- Stress free ladder handling
- Variable length for multiple ladder types
- Mounting and dismounting from Master jig to C-Frame
- Sufficient precision
- Easy handling

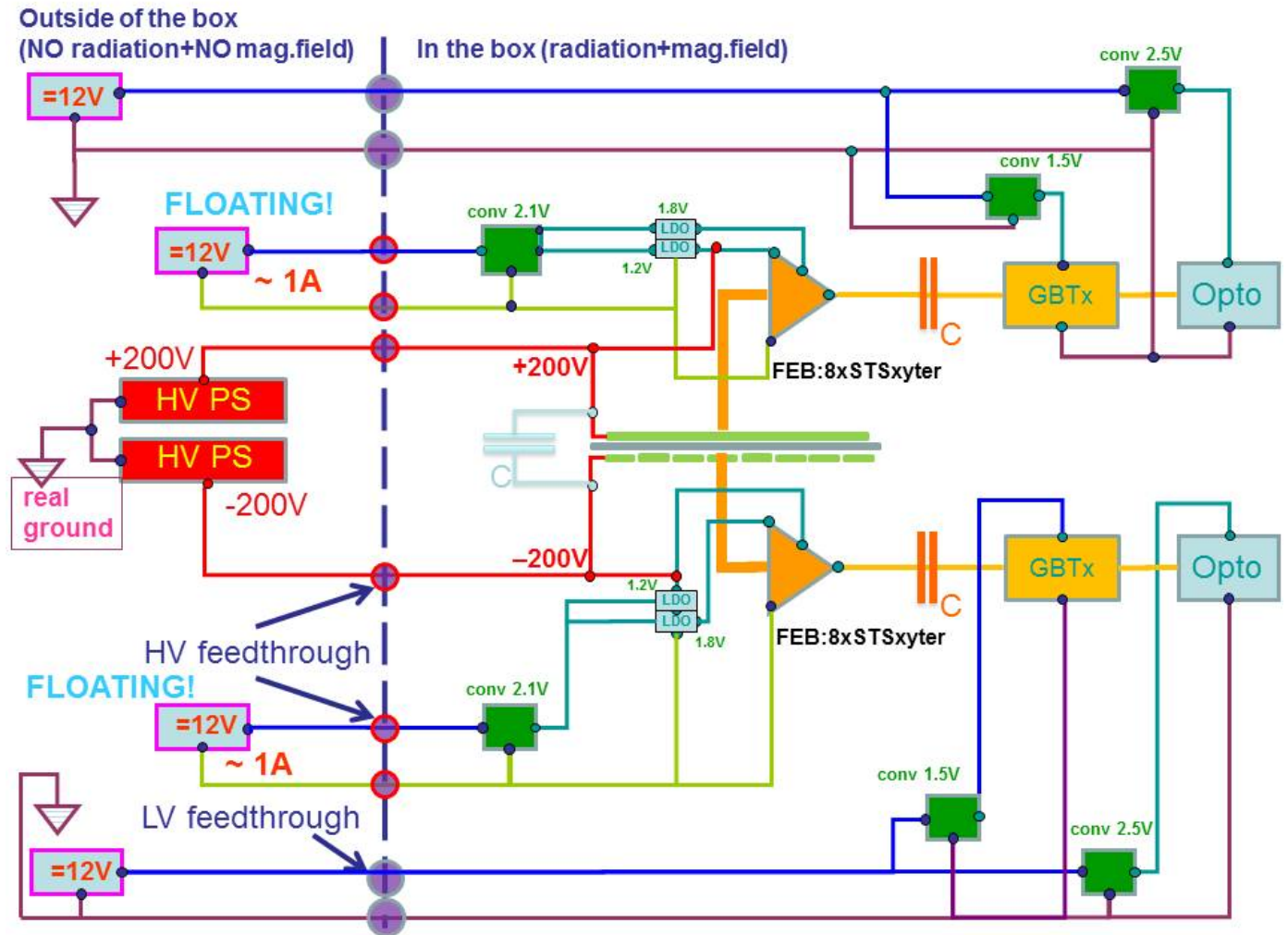
Status

- First prototype assembled
- Tests ongoing
- Mounting of Mock-up ladders planned



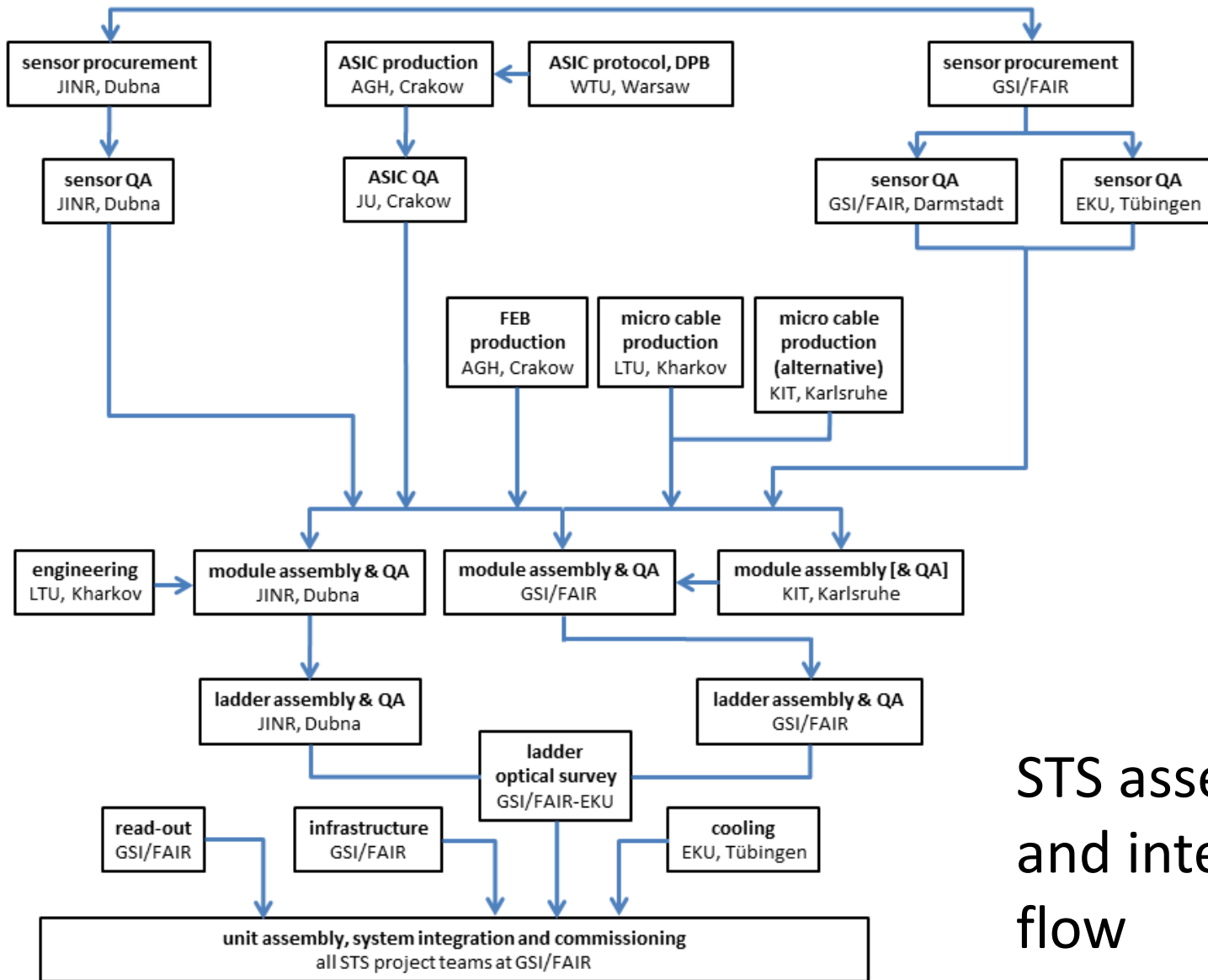
LV/HV powering scheme

- Sensor bias: ± 200 V, common ground
- FEE floating
- ASIC powering: ~ 2.2 V, ca. 4 A (per FEB) by a FEAST DC/DC converter
- Two LDOs convert to 1.8 V (digital) and 1.2 V (analog)
- 12 V, ca. 1 A, and HV are delivered from outside STS



Summary

- Challenges of CBM-STC system integration:
 - *precision assembly and mounting of its components, to yield the final spatial resolution*
 - *fast front-end electronics requires efficient cooling (CO₂)*
 - *cold operation of sensors requires thermal enclosure*
 - *routing of services*
 - *installation in dipole magnet*
- Module assembly: fully developed, dummy modules produced.
 - *FEB under development for functional modules*
- Ladder assembly: procedure and tooling under development
- System integration:
 - *CAD well advanced, in concept and detail*
 - *¼ unit demonstrator and cooling demonstrators under construction*
 - *electronics & powering components being produced*
 - *open topic: beam pipe section in STS*
- Aim to advance system integration towards production readiness in 2018.



STS assembly and integration flow

Key project institutes:

- GSI-FAIR, Darmstadt, Germany
- JINR, Dubna, Russia
- Univ. Tübingen, Germany
- KIT, Karlsruhe, Germany
- AGH, Cracow, Poland; JU, Cracow, Poland;
WUT, Warsaw, Poland
- *Assembly Centers: GSI-FAIR, JINR -VBLHEP*