The Common GBTX Based Prototype Readout Board for CBM

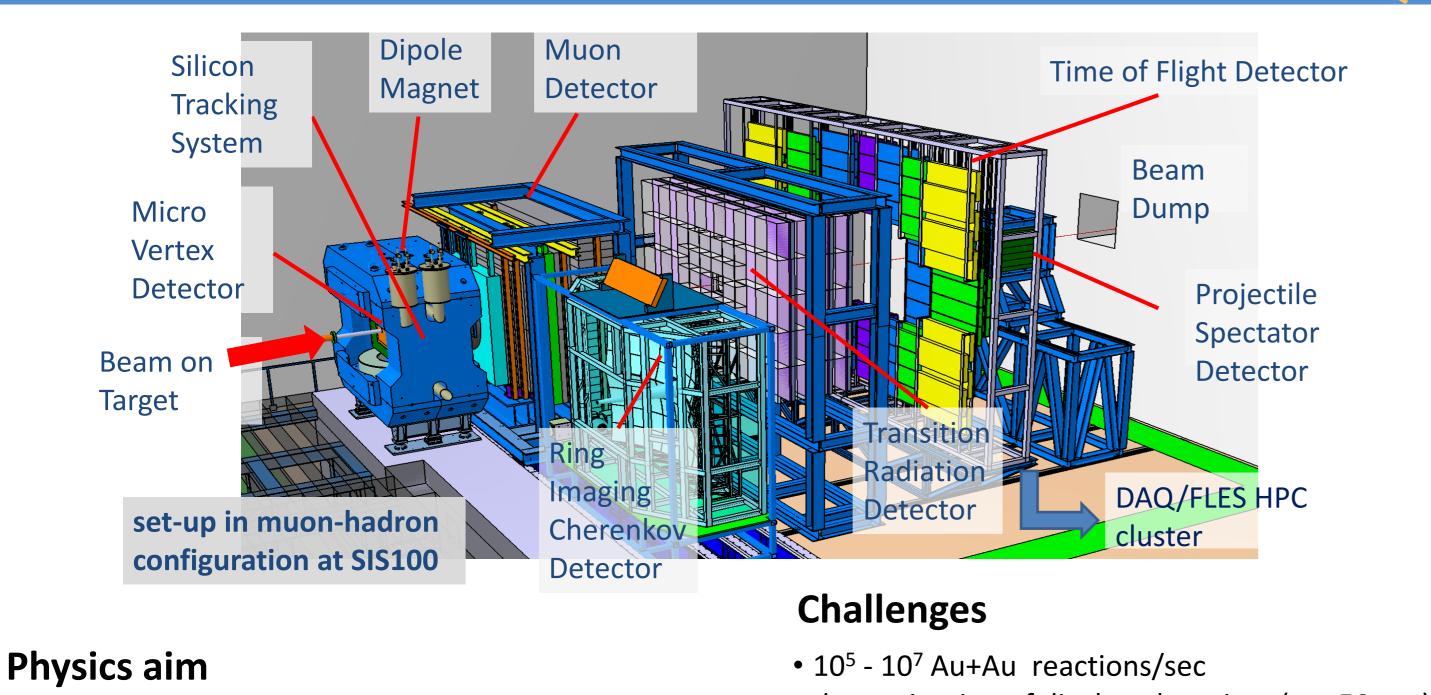
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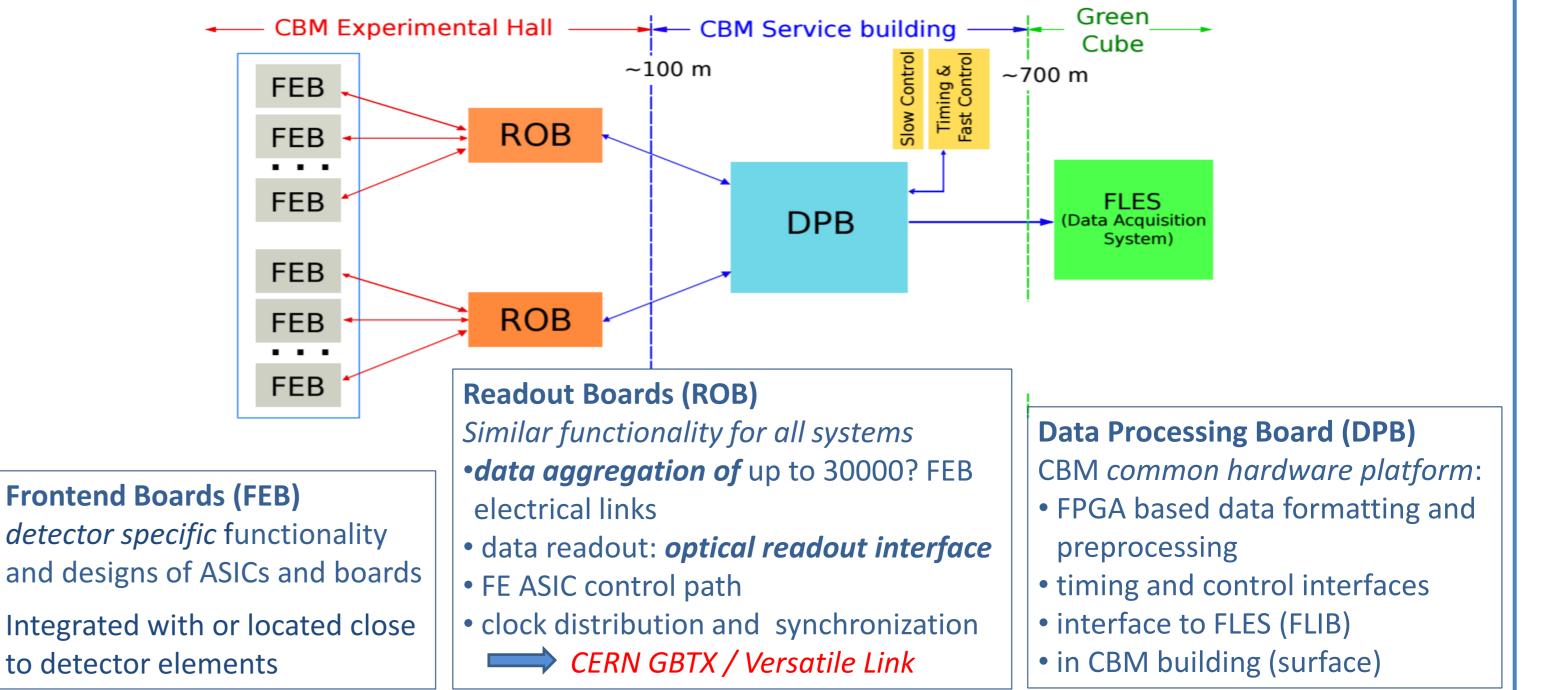
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for the CBM Collaboration

The Compressed Baryonic Matter (CBM) experiment at FAIR



The CBM Readout Scheme



- Exploration of the QCD phase diagram at high net baryon densities and moderate temperatures at FAIR SIS100:
 - 2÷11 GeV/nucleon / $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 2.7÷4.9 GeV,
 - protons up to 29 GeV
- determination of displaced vertices ($\sigma \approx 50 \ \mu m$)
- fast and radiation hard detectors
- self triggering frontend electronics
- free-streaming readout system
- high speed data acquisition and high performance
- computer farm for online event selection
- 4-D event reconstruction

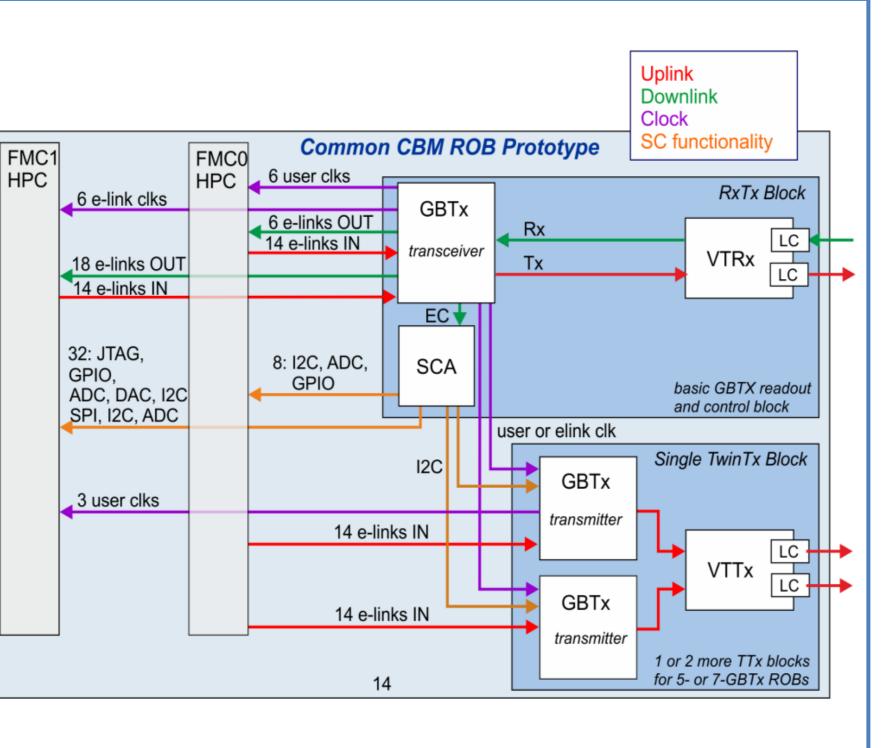
CBM Common Readout Board Concept & Features

Common CBM prototype Readout Board (CROB) for prototyping of all GBT based readout chains in CBM

Full GBTx, SCA and Versatile Link **functionality** required for readout and control of all participating subsystems

3 GBTx ASICs

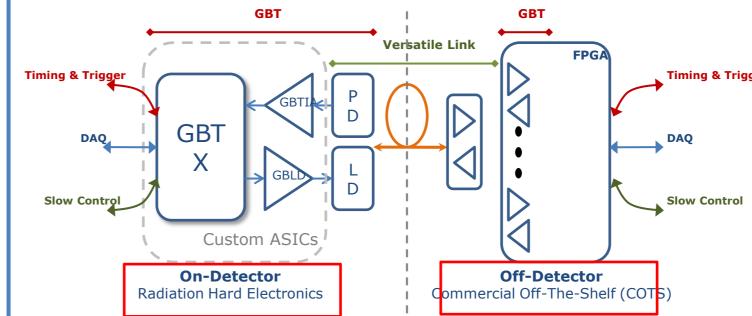
- connect up to 40 frontend ASICs at 320 Mbps: hit readout, control responses 6 x Clk and downlink for control
- alt: 24 x bidirectional link at 80Mbps (single GBTX)
- 1 Optical Transceiver (VTRx) and 1 Twin Transmitter (VTTx)
- 3 optical uplinks each at 4.48 Gbps
- 1 optical downlink at 3.2 Gbps for control 1 GBT SCA
- I2C interface for control of slave GBTx additional multi purpose SCA functionality



Misc features:

CERN GBT and Versatile Link Components

GBTX and Versatile Link Concept



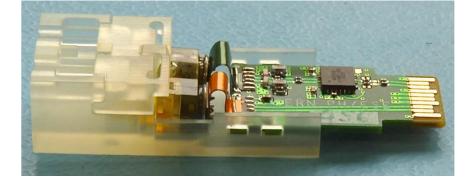
Two CERN projects to provide radiation hard On-**Detector Electronics:**

- **GBTX ASIC** GigaBit Transceiver
- **GBT-SCA ASIC** Slow Control Adapter

VTRX/VTTX – Versatile Link Transceiver and Twin Transmitter

GBT IP: e.g. FGPA implementation of GBT transceiver, SLVS receiver, driver, e-Link port adapter,

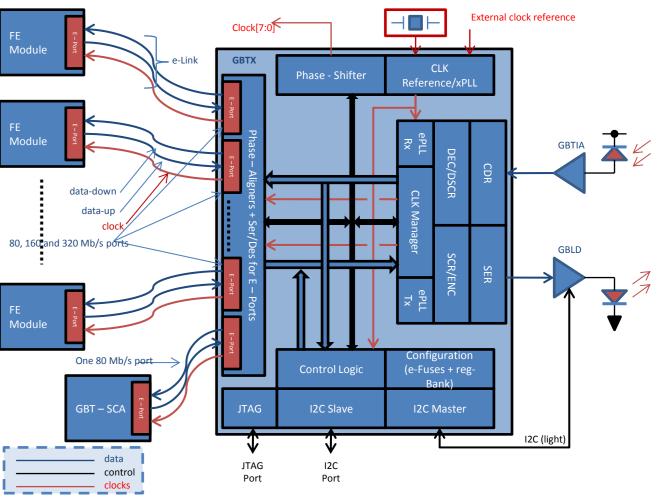
VTRX optical module



GBTx

- 3.2 Gbps user bandwidth (GBT frame mode)
- 80 bit payload per GBT frame at f_LHC = 40.0798 MHz
- 40/20/10 differential electrical frontend links (SLVS "E-Links") at 80/160/320 Mbps each • IN/OUT/CLK
- Uplink: alternative frame mode (widebus) without forward error correction (FEC)
- payload: 112bit/widebus frame \rightarrow 4.48 Gbps
- phase adjustable user clocks:
 - 320/160/80/40 MHz; 50ps phase adjustment

GBTX block diagram



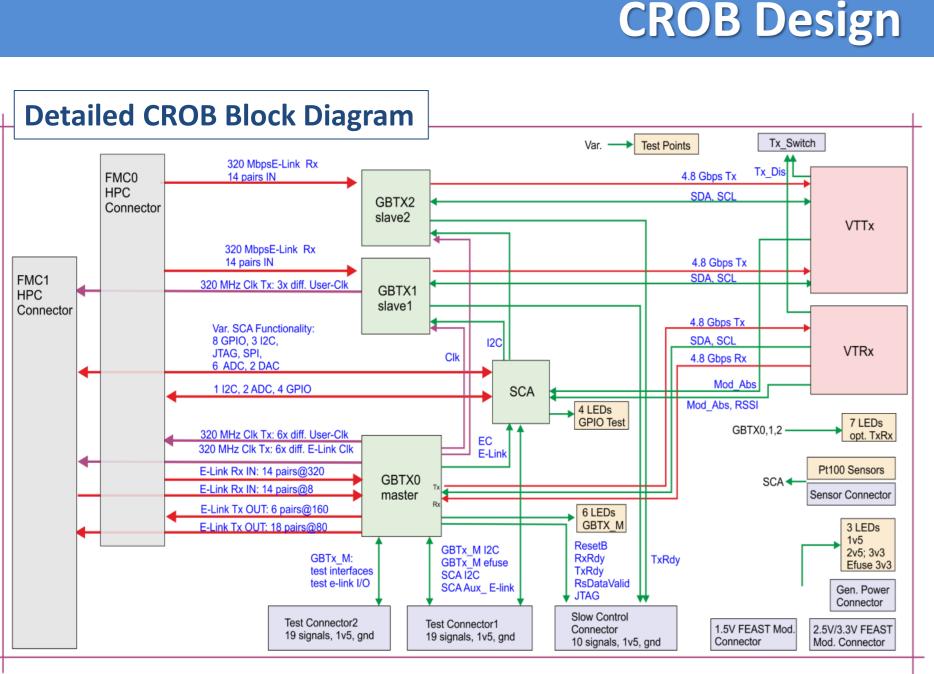
GBTX ASIC



FMC connectors with frontend connectivity

 \rightarrow flexible connection of various FEE prototypes each system develops new or reuses existing FMC mezzanine board as FEE interface FMCO – sufficient for STS, MUCH, TRD

- subset of downlinks, clocks; all 320MHz E-Up-Links small subset of SCA functionality
- FMC1 additional 80MHz E-Links (TOF); more SCA
- Optional I2C configuration, compatible with CERN USBtoI2C dongle
- various external configuration settings
- Device test features available
- "slow control" connector with resets, link status
- (RxRdy, TxRdy's, TxDataValid), power control (FEAST enable, power good)
- Powering: 2 FEAST_MP (1.5V and 2.5/3.3V)



Features and Status

- Design ready (D. Gottschalk, PI Heidelberg) • schematics and layout done
 - final review ongoibng
- Features
 - 12 layer
 - 100um /125um
- Production
 - submit PCB in next few weeks
- assembly of first prototypes at GSI EE
- 40.000MHz CBM-GBTX available for
- assembly
- Initial boards
 - functional testing
 - Preparation of eTOF setup

CROB Usage in CBM

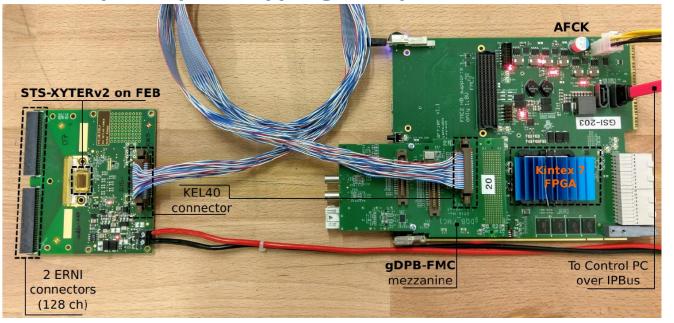
Systems

	STS	MUCH (Station 1&2)	TOF	TRD
Frontend ASIC	STS /MUCH- XYTER 128 channels <i>AGH Cracow</i>	STS/ MUCH - XYTER 128 channels <i>AGH Cracow</i>	GET4 4 channels <i>GSI</i>	SPADIC 32 channel ZITI Univ. Heidelberg
Readout	1 to 5 E-Links (configurable) at 320MHz		1 E-Link (compatible) at 80 MHz	2 E-Links at 320MHz
Configur- ation & SC & FC	DL: dedicated E-Link shared by ASICs UL: all E-Links, shared with data		UL: control in	DL: shared E- Link UL: single E- Link shared with data
Clock	Phase adjustable clock@160MHz		Dedicated distribution of 160MHz clock(tbc)	Phase adjust. Clk at 160MHz
Channels	1.8 million	249k	100k	280k
	ROB-3	ROB-3	ROB-1	ROB-3, ROB-5

Applications

- Prototype full readout chains for STS, MUCH, TRD, TOF from 2017 on
 - Modular setups using FMC on CROB or AFCK
 - Development of full control functionality
- Readout of medium sized detector setups
- Readout of eTOF (FAIR Phase0 experiment: BESII at START@RHIC) in 2018-20
- 3 full TOF modules (approx. 10% of CBM)
- Readout of miniCBM: full system CBM setup at SIS18@GSI in 2018-21
- Mini versions of all subsystems

Tabletop STS prototyping setup with FMC on AFCK



From CROB to Detector Specific ROBs

Modifications for System ROBs Example: STS-ROB

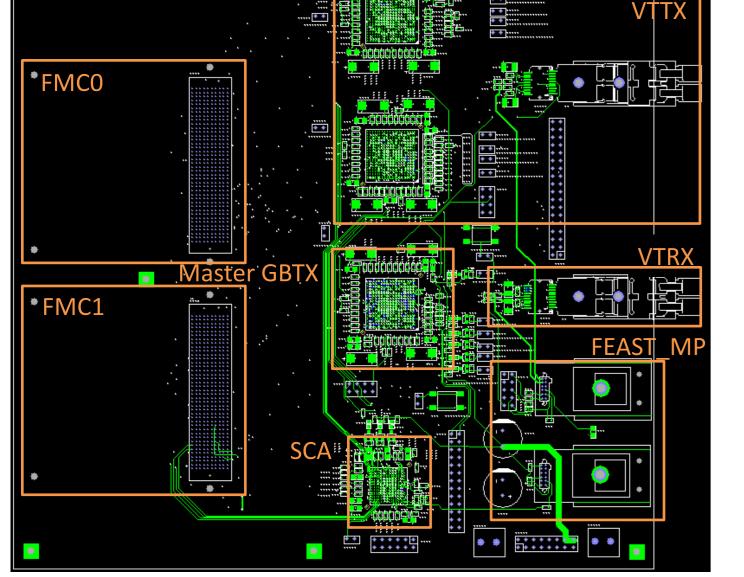


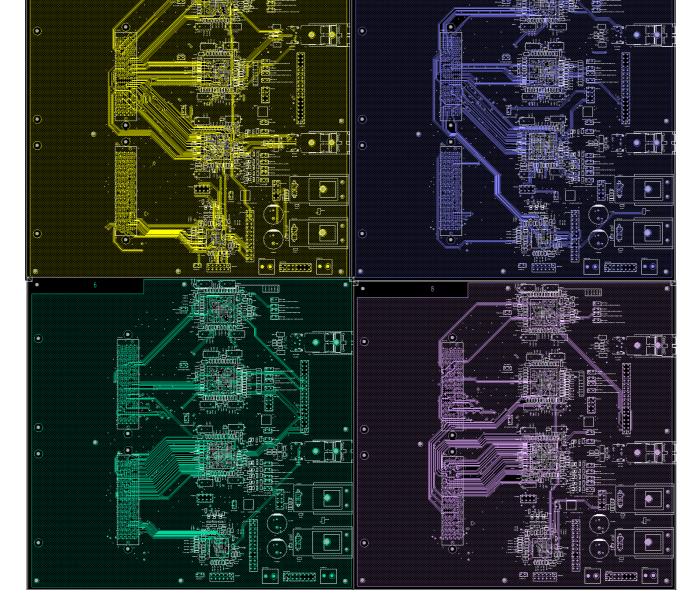
Top Layer and major components

ТОР	GB <mark>T</mark> X1,2

Inner signal layers







- FMC \rightarrow system specific FE connectors • Reduced PCB space
- required subset of E-Links
 - 24 SLVS pairs instead of 64 for most systems
 - simplified GBTx layout
- required subset of GBTX
 - Identical for STS, MUCH, TRD ROB-3
 - Only master GBTX for TOF
 - Add 2xGBTX+VTTx for TRD-ROB-5
- Remove misc. test and configuration functionality

Space

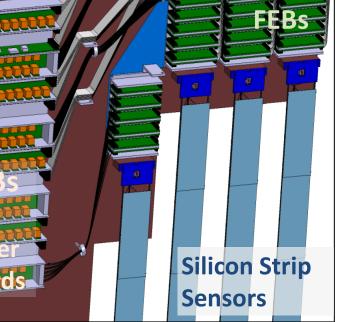
ROB size: approx. 83mm between side cooling plates of adjacent

units Cooling

sensors operated at <= -5° Celsius

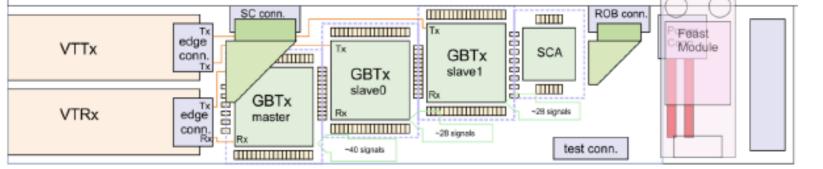
Powering Scheme

FEBs operated at individual sensor bias potentials \rightarrow AC coupling of FEB-ROB e-links



Quarter Layer (every 2nd ladder)

Sketch of STS-ROB



Acknowledgements:

W. Zabolotny and team (WUT) – GBT-FPGA based firmware backend

- J. Fruehauf (GSI) Review for TOF applications
- GBT support team (CERN) S.Baron, P. Leitao various support

- **References:** • K. Wyllie et al., A Gigabit Transceiver for Data Transmission in Future High Energy Physics Experiments, *Phys. Procedia* **37** (2012) 1561.
 - F. Vasey et al., The Versatile Link common project: feasibility report, 2012 JINST 7 C01075.
 - https://espace.cern.ch/GBT-Project/ (with CERN login)
 - J. Lehnert et al., GBT based readout in the CBM experiment, proceedings of TWEPP 2016, JINST