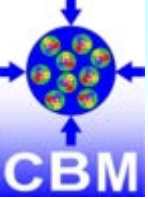
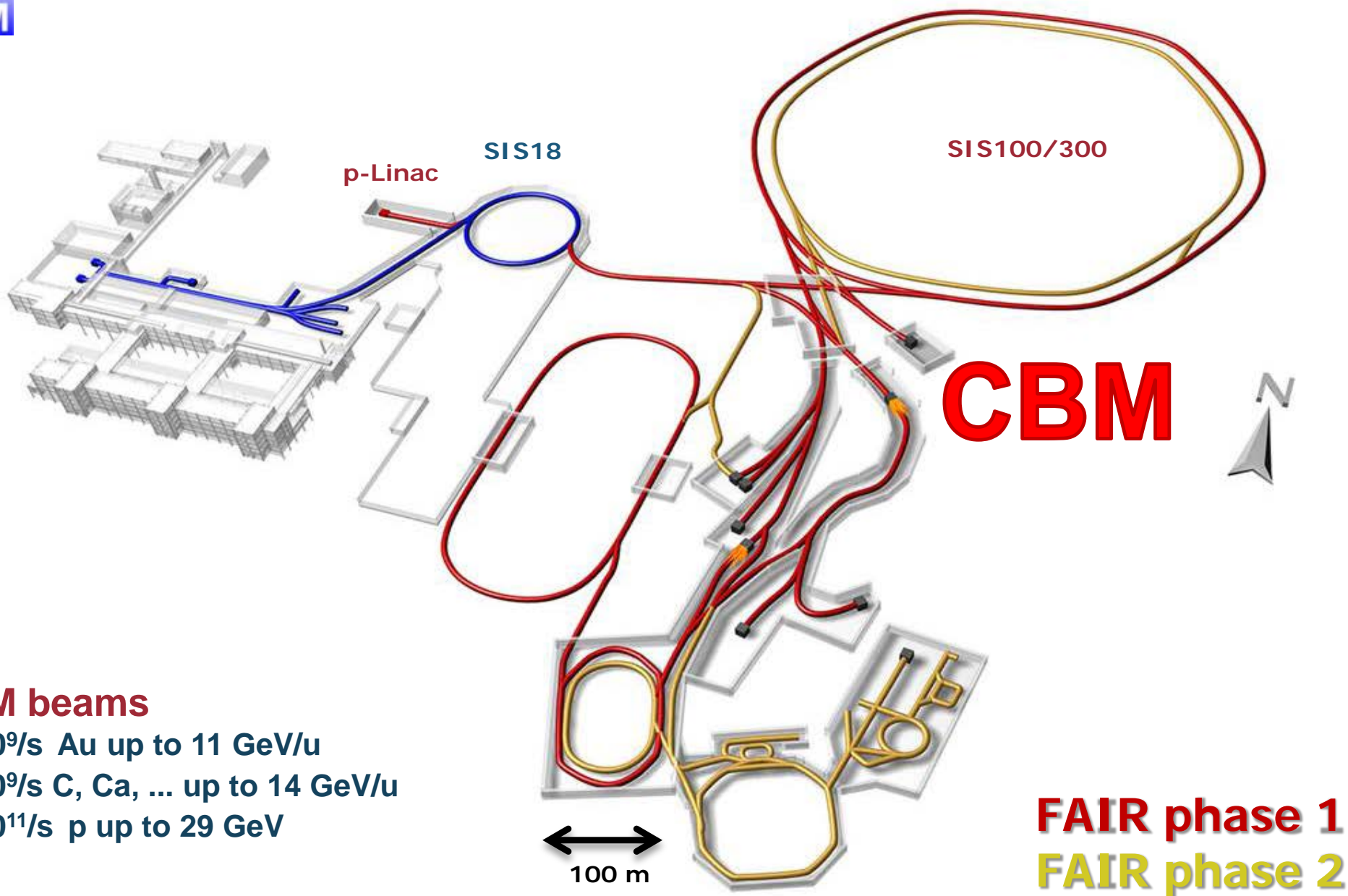


Perspectives of measuring deeply bound states at FAIR

N. Herrmann, Univ. Heidelberg



Facility for Antiproton & Ion Research

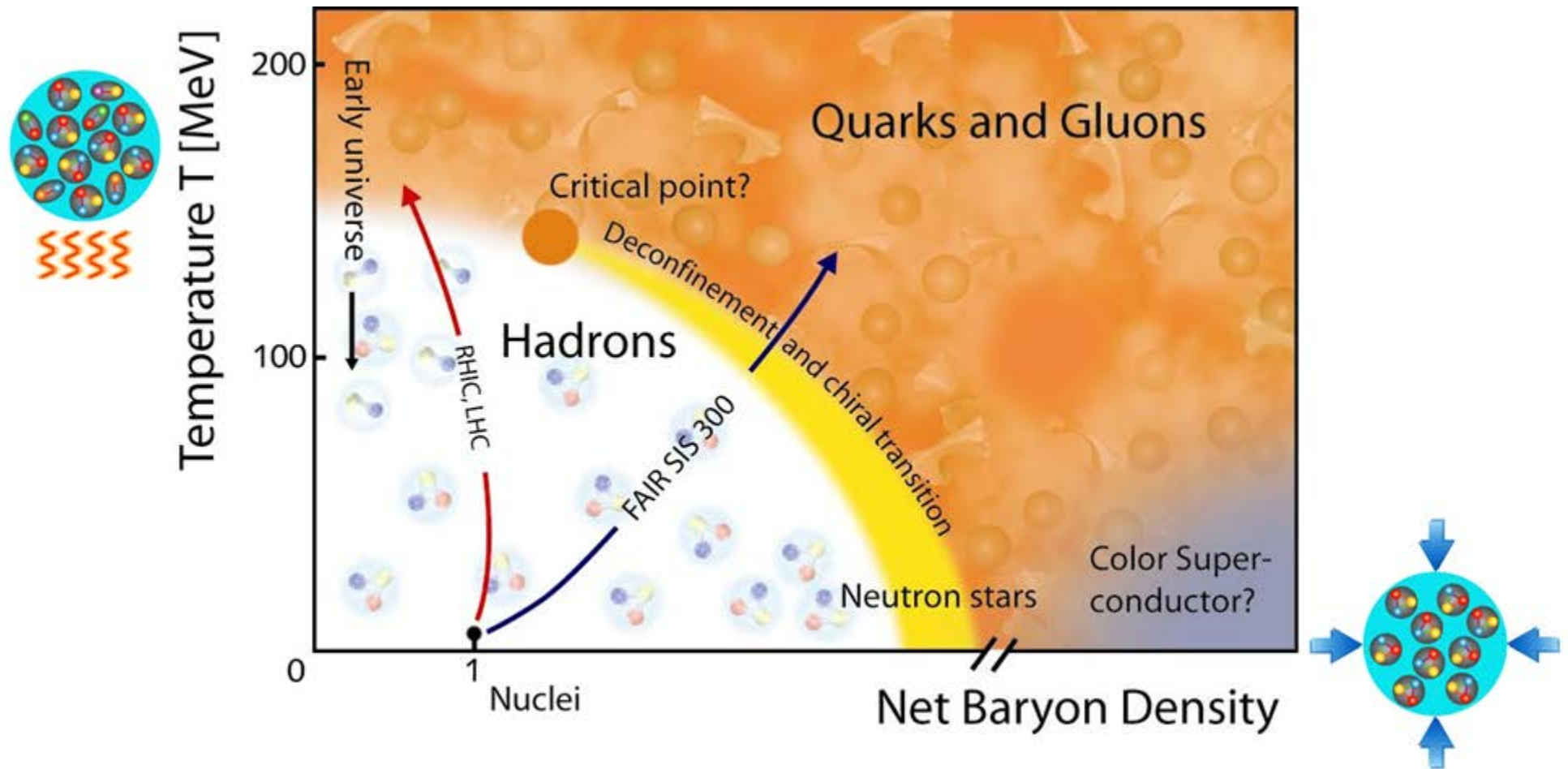


CBM beams

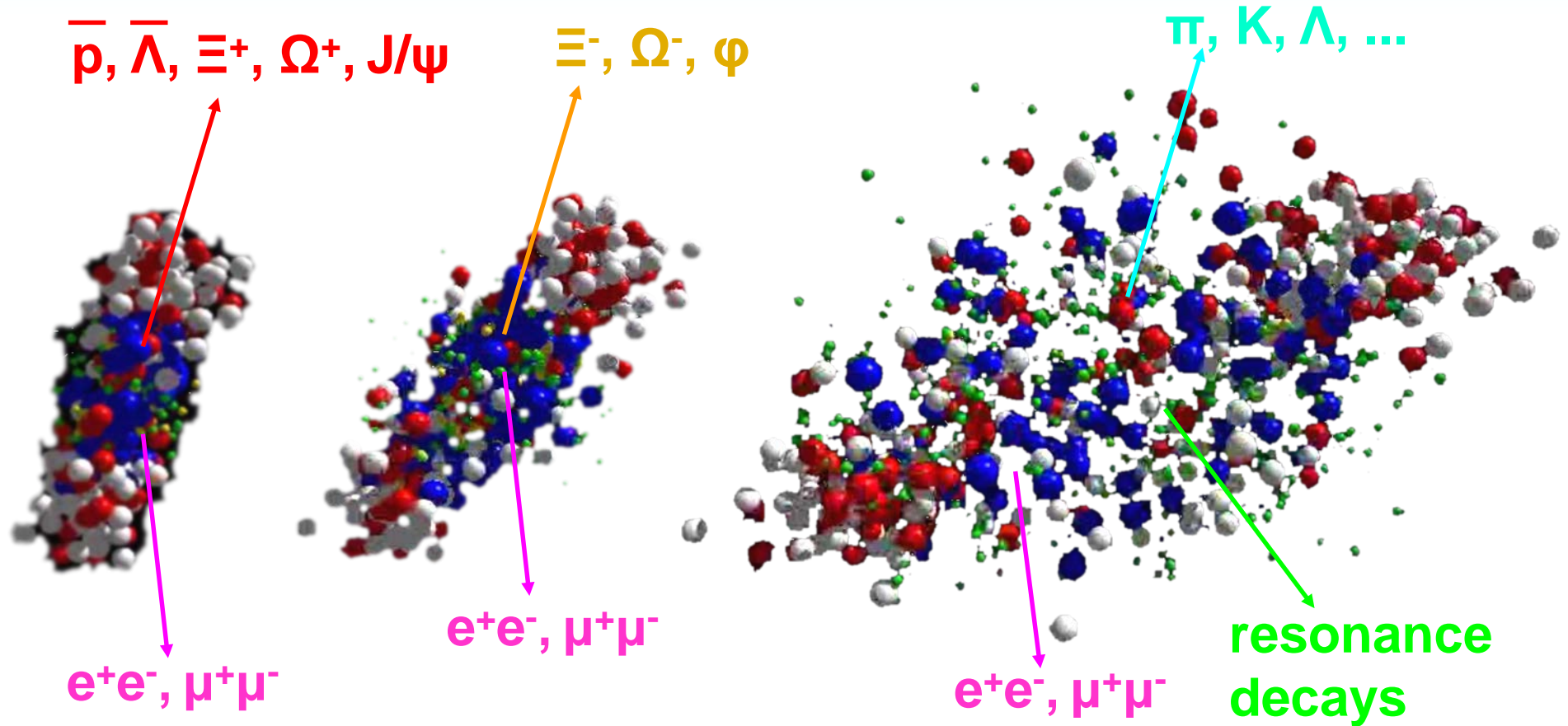
- $10^9/s$ Au up to 11 GeV/u
- $10^9/s$ C, Ca, ... up to 14 GeV/u
- $10^{11}/s$ p up to 29 GeV

FAIR phase 1
FAIR phase 2

The CBM mission: QCD phase diagram



Heavy – Ion Collisions



Hard probes
(initial state)

Penetrating probes
(integrate over collision history)
Relics
(produced in dense phase)

Freeze-out
(final state particles)
Thermalized (?) hadrons

Problem: Temperature!

Outline

Background

anti-Kaonic Nuclear Clusters (KNC)

Past

Experimental observations

Present

FOPI Analysis status

Future

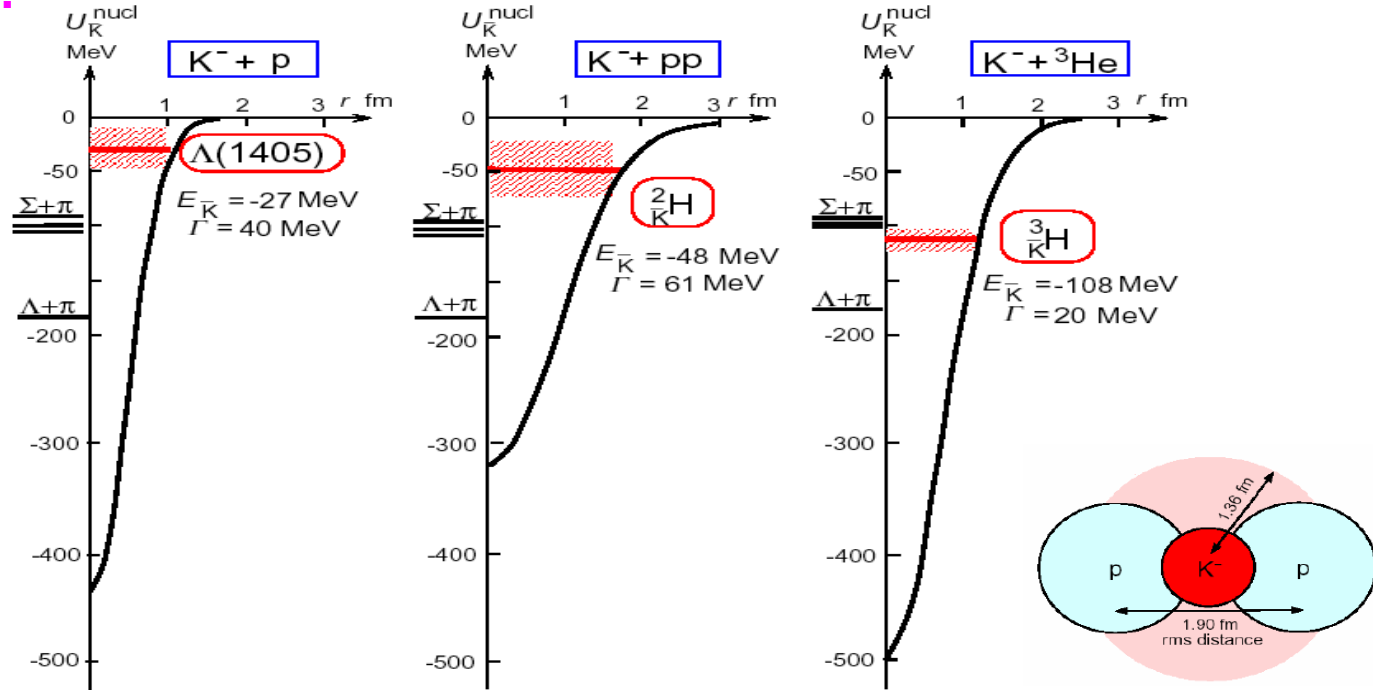
CBM

Phenomenological $\bar{K}N$ - potential

Y. Akaishi, T.Yamazaki (2002):

KN interaction is strongly attractive !

$\Lambda(1405)$ is (K^-p) bound state.



AY- potential designed to:

- describe scattering length of free $\bar{K}N$ scattering
- X-ray shifts of kaonic hydrogen atom
- mean and width of $\Lambda(1405)$

Deep optical potential:

Y. Akaishi, T.Yamazaki, Phys.Rev.C65, 044005 (2002)
 T.Yamazaki and Y. Akaishi, Phys.Lett.B535, 70 (2002)
 N.Kaiser et.al, Nucl. Phys. A594 (1995) 325;

Shallow optical potential:

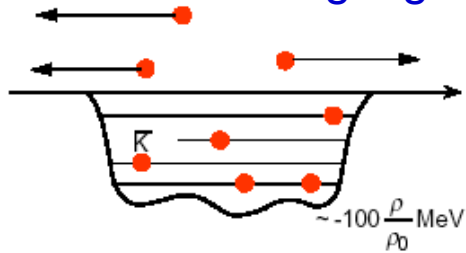
(microscopic chiral treatment)
 M.F.M. Lutz, Phys. Lett. B426 (1998) 12.
 J.Schaffner-Bielich et.al, N.P. A669 (2000) 153,
 Ramos et.al,N.P. A671 (2000) 481,
 Cieply et al.,N.P. A696 (2001) 173

Cold Dense Baryonic Matter

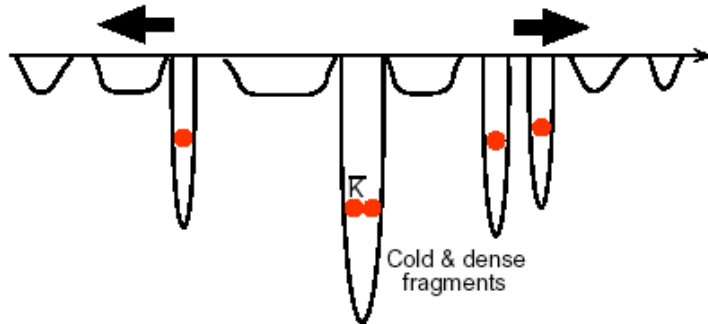
Possible mechanism for cluster formation:

T.Yamazaki et al., NPA738,168 (2004)

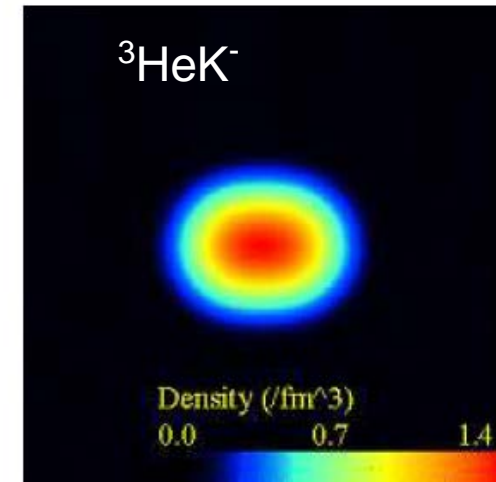
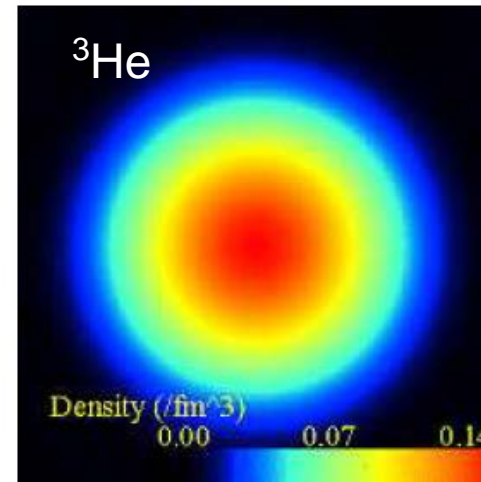
1) Kaon production during high density phase



2) capture of K^- in deep trapping centers



3) Shrinkage \rightarrow Large densities!

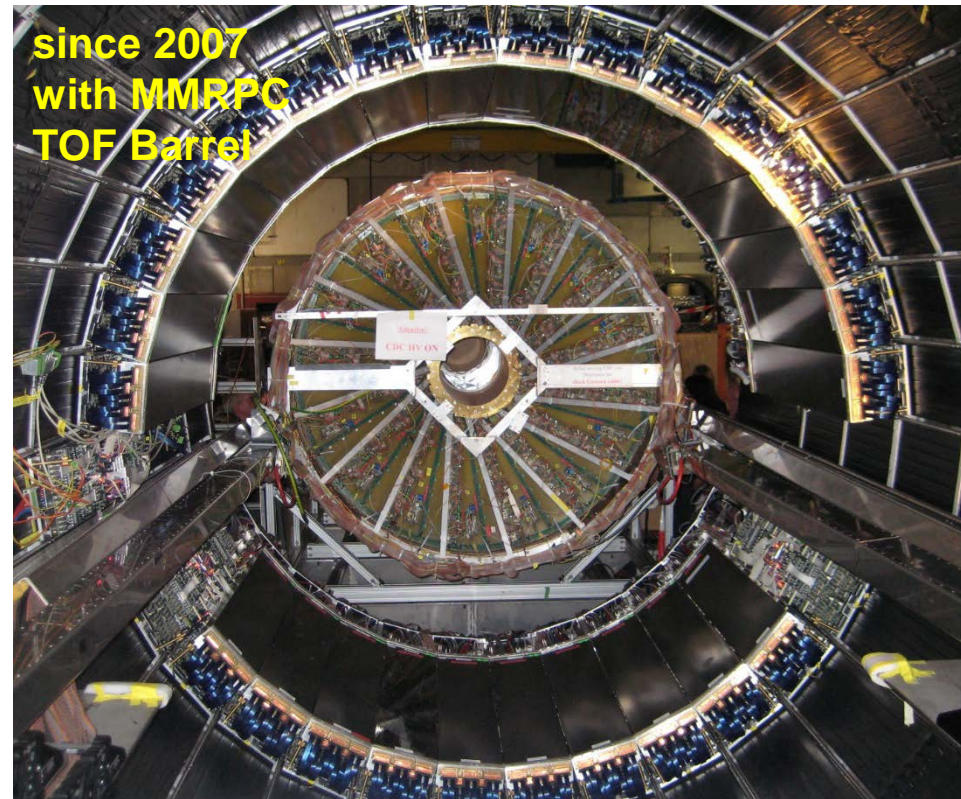
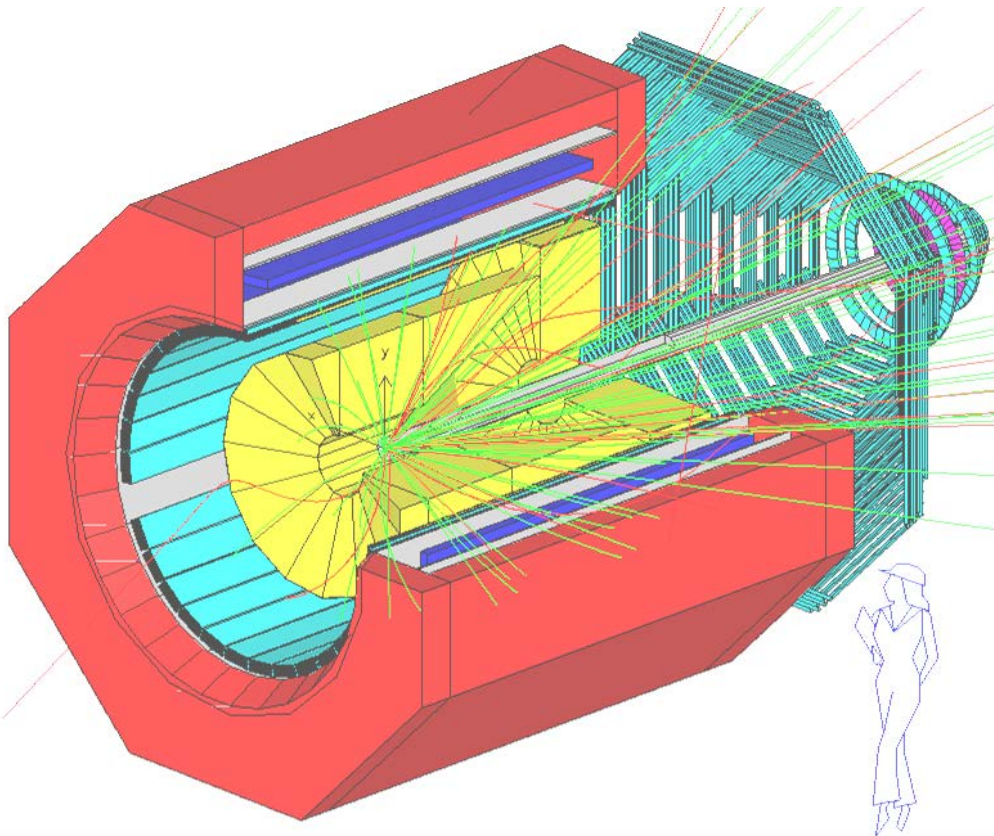


A. Dote et al., PLB 590, 51 (2004)

FOPi apparatus at SIS18



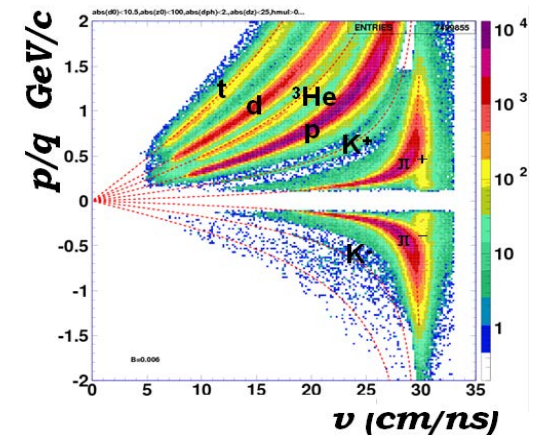
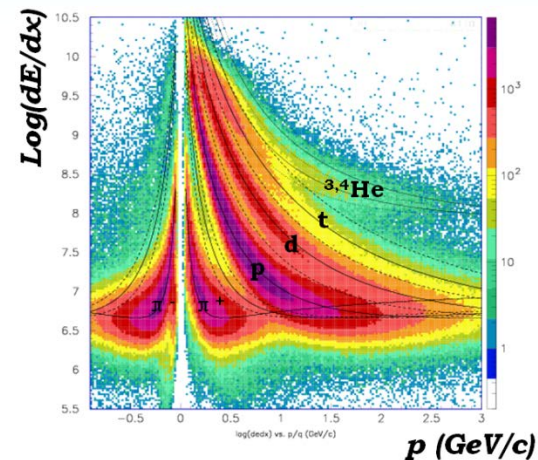
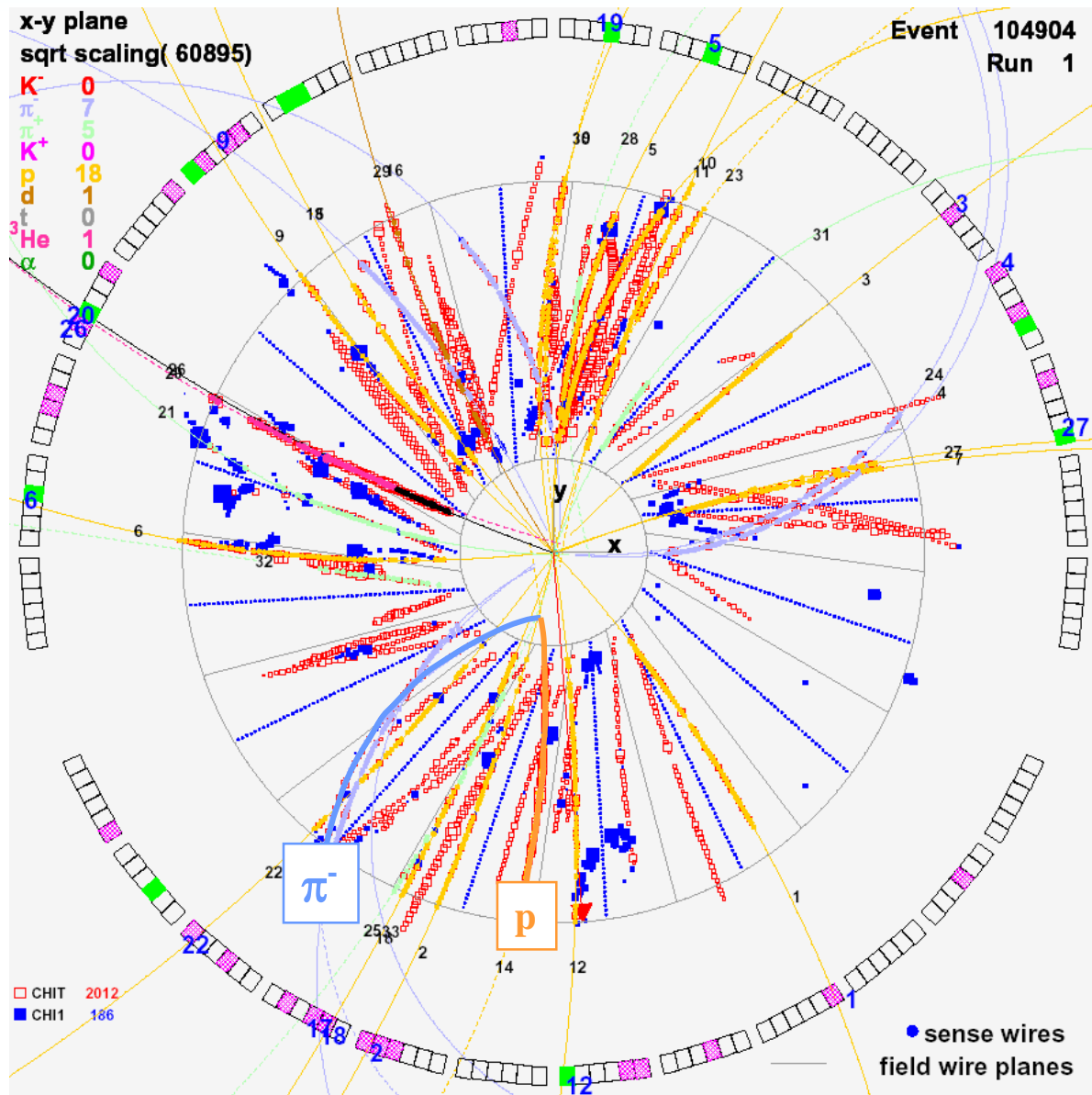
Data taking period: 1991 - 2011



Detection / Reconstruction Method



Ni+Ni @ 1.93 AGeV



Analyze $\Lambda - X$ correlations

$X = \pi, p, d, t, h, \dots$

X originating from primary vertex

Λ from off-vertex $p-\pi^-$ pairs

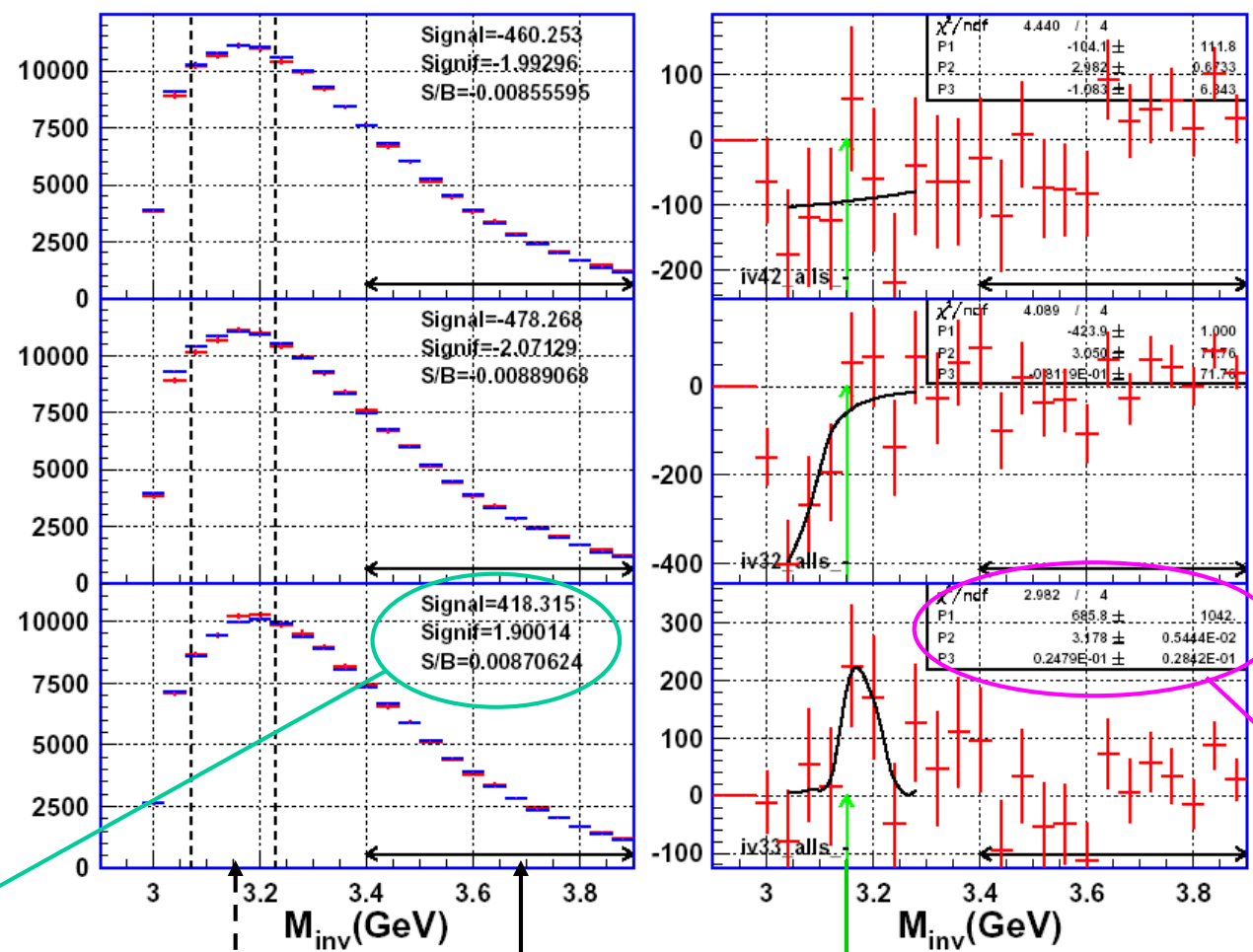
Data processing (S261, Ni+Ni at 1.93 AGeV, 2003)



Red:
Combinatorics

Blue:
Mixed event

Difference =
Combinatorics -
Mixed event



raw correlation

after reaction plane rotation

after reaction plane rotation &
after crossing tracks removal

Statistical information

Reference: 3.15 GeV

Breit-Wigner
fit parameter

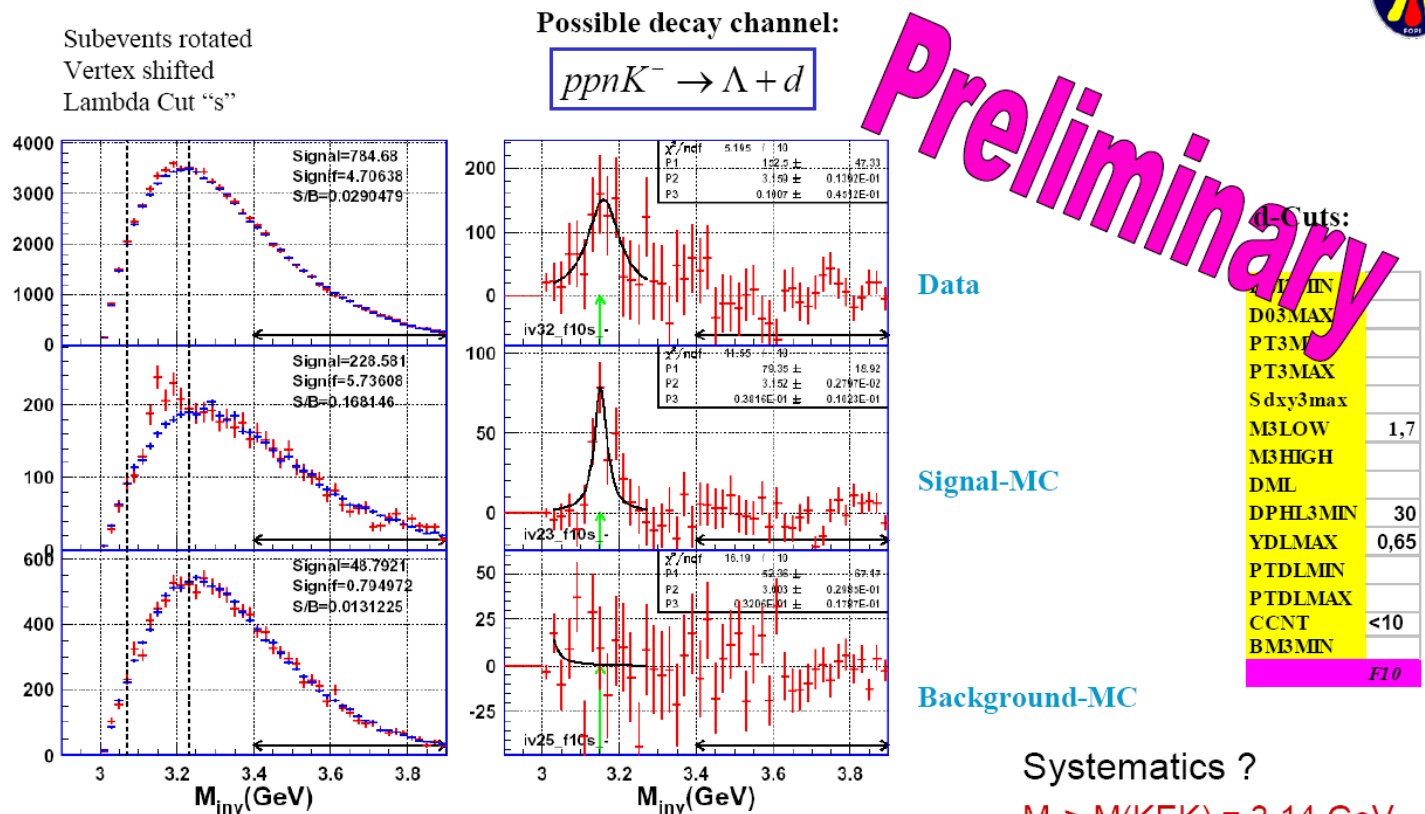
Normalisation interval

Signal evaluation interval

Strange cluster search in HI - collisions

since 2003: $ppnK^-$??

Λd - Correlation Signal



Preliminary

Systematics ?
 $M > M(\text{KEK}) = 3.14 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Gamma \gg \Gamma(\text{KEK}) < 20 \text{ MeV}$

EXA05, Vienna, February 05

N.Herrmann, Uni-HD

NH, proceedings EXA05, ÖAW, 73 (2005), ISBN 3-7001-3616-1

**Rapidity constraint necessary for statistical significance,
 Width much larger than early predictions,
 More data are needed ...**

Experiment proposal 2004



Measurements of Strange Baryons and Kaonic Nuclear Clusters with FOPI

A. Andronic⁴, V. Barret³, Z. Basrak¹², N. Bastid³, L. Benabderrahmane⁶, R. Čaplar¹²,
E. Cordier⁶, P. Crochet³, P. Dupieux³, M. Dželalija¹², Z. Fodor², O.N. Hartmann⁴,
N. Herrmann⁶, K.D. Hildenbrand⁴, B. Hong⁹, J. Kecskemeti², Y.J. Kim⁹, M. Kirejczyk¹¹,
P. Koczon⁴, M. Korolija¹², R. Kotte⁵, A. Lebedev⁷, Y. Leifels⁴, X. Lopez³, A. Mangiarotti⁶,
V. Manko⁸, T. Matulewicz¹¹, M. Merschmeyer⁶, D. Pelte⁶, M. Petrovici¹, F. Rami¹⁰,
W. Reisdorf⁴, A. Schüttauf⁴, Z. Seres², B. Sikora¹¹, K.S. Sim⁹, V. Simion¹,
K. Siwek-Wilczyńska¹¹, V. Smolyankin⁷, G. Stoicea¹, Z. Tyminski^{4,11}, K. Wiśniewski¹¹,
Z.-G. Xiao⁴, I. Yushmanov⁸, A. Zhilin⁷

(FOPI Collaboration)

and

T. Yamazaki¹³, K. Suzuki¹⁴, L. Fabbietti¹⁴,
J. Zmeskal¹⁵, J. Marton¹⁵, M. Cargnelli¹⁵ and P. Kienle^{14,15}

¹ National Institute for Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest, Romania

² KFKI Research Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Budapest, Hungary

³ Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, IN2P3/CNRS, and Université Blaise Pascal,
Clermont-Ferrand, France

⁴ Gesellschaft für Schwerionenforschung, Darmstadt, Germany

⁵ IKH, Forschungszentrum Rossendorf, Dresden, Germany

⁶ Physikalisches Institut der Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany

⁷ Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia

⁸ Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia

⁹ Korea University, Seoul, South Korea

¹⁰ Institut de Recherches Subatomiques, IN2P3-CNRS, Université Louis Pasteur, Strasbourg,
France

¹¹ Institute of Experimental Physics, Warsaw University, Poland

¹² Rudjer Boskovic Institute, Zagreb, Croatia

¹³ Heavy-Ion Nuclear Physics Laboratory, RIKEN, Wako, Saitama 351-0198, Japan,

¹⁴ Physik Department, Technische Universität München, D-85748 Garching, Germany,

¹⁵ Institut für Mittelenergie-Physik, Österreichische Akademie der Wissenschaften,
Boltzmannngasse 3, A-1090, Wien, Austria

Proposed signature of KNC

i) $ppK^-(T = 1/2) \rightarrow \Lambda + p$,

ii) $ppnK^-(T = 0) \rightarrow \Lambda + d$,

iii) $pppK^-(T = 1) \rightarrow \Lambda + p + p$.

**Request: Al + Al, 2 AGeV, 21 days,
p + d, 4.6 GeV, 7 days,
p + C, 4.6 GeV, 14 days**

Summary

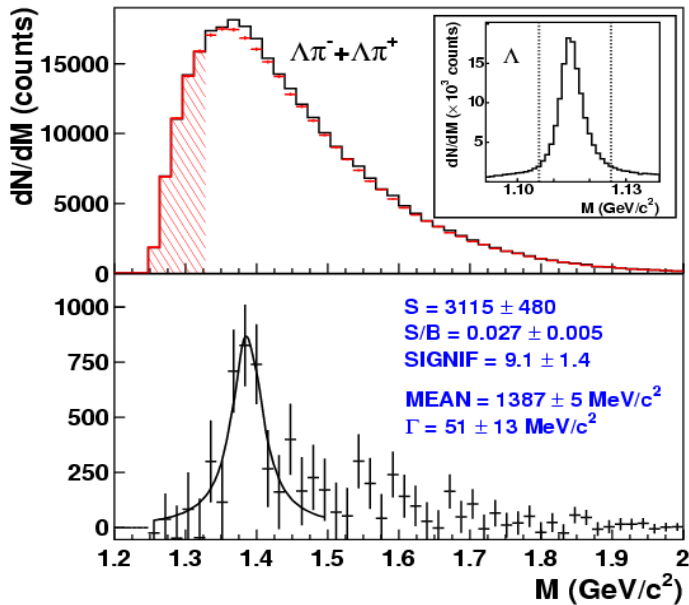
We propose experiments to measure the production of strange baryon resonances (Σ^* , etc.) and \bar{K} clusters (ppK^- , $ppnK^-$, $pppK^-$, etc.) in Al + Al reactions at 2 AGeV and in $p + d$ and $p + C$ reactions at 4.6 GeV with the FOPI apparatus.

Results from Al + Al run (S297)

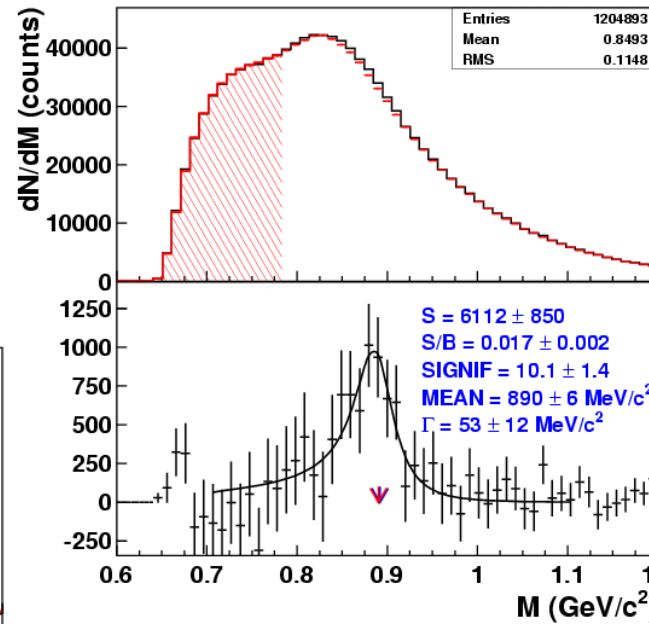
Exp. Conditions:

Al+Al at 1.92 AGeV,
18 d running (Aug 2005)
 $5 \cdot 10^8$ recorded events
10 TByte raw data

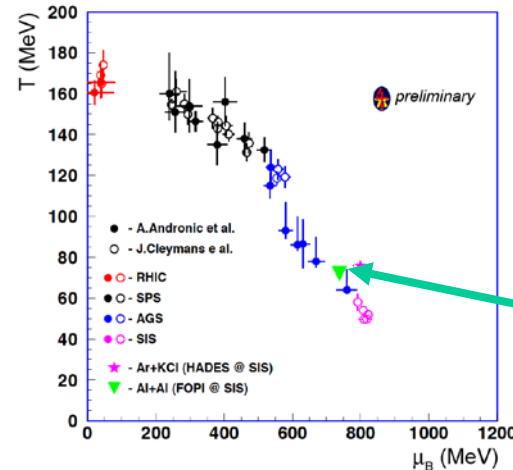
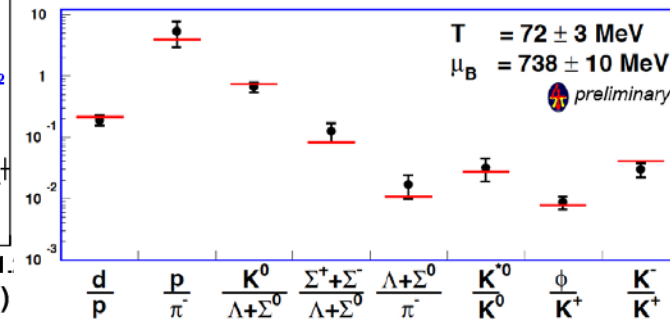
X. Lopez et al. (FOPI), PRC 76, 052203(R) (2007)



X. Lopez et al. (FOPI), PRC 81, 061902 (2010)



P. Gasik et al., Eur.Phys.J. A52 (2016) 177

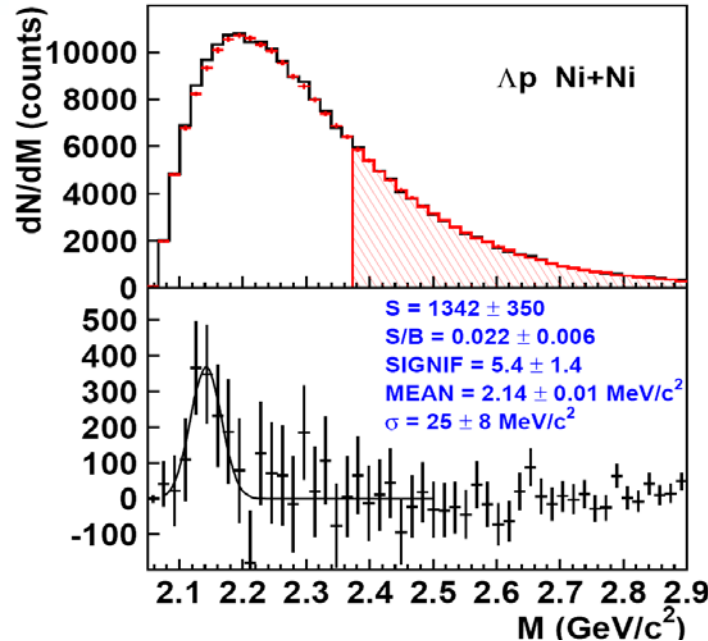
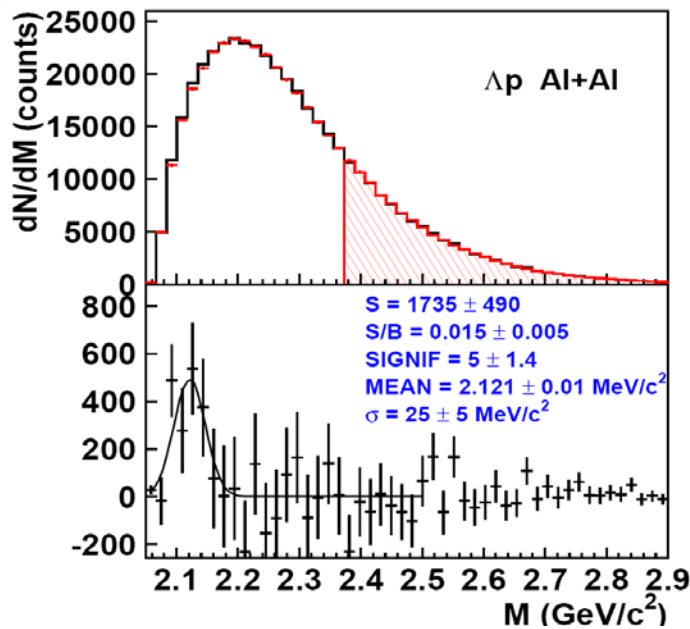


Al + Al @ 1.9 AGeV
Chemical equilibrium?

Search for hadronic molecules: Λp – correlation



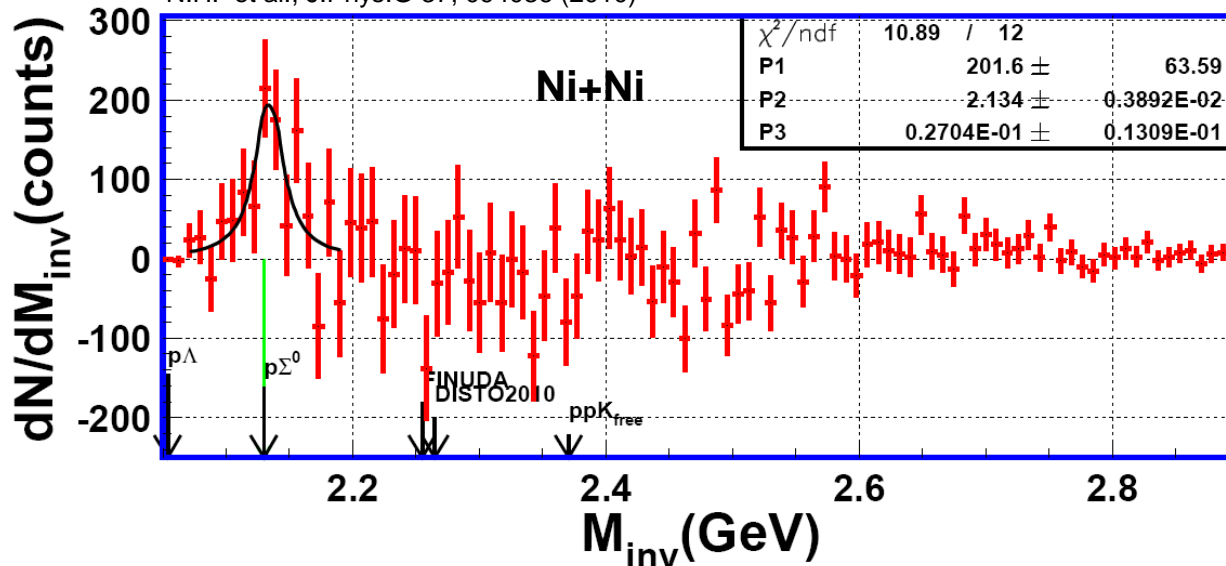
X.Lopez, HYP2006



Method:

Subtract
mixed event background
from
event wise correlations

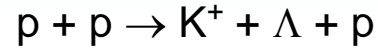
N.H. et al., J.Phys.G 37, 094036 (2010)



$M = 2.134 \pm 0.004 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Gamma = 26 \pm 14 \text{ MeV}$
 (statistical errors only)

Δp – Interpretation?

Cusp in pp – reactions:



COSY TOF @ 2.95 GeV/c

S. Jowzaee et al., Eur.Phys.J. A52 (2016) 7

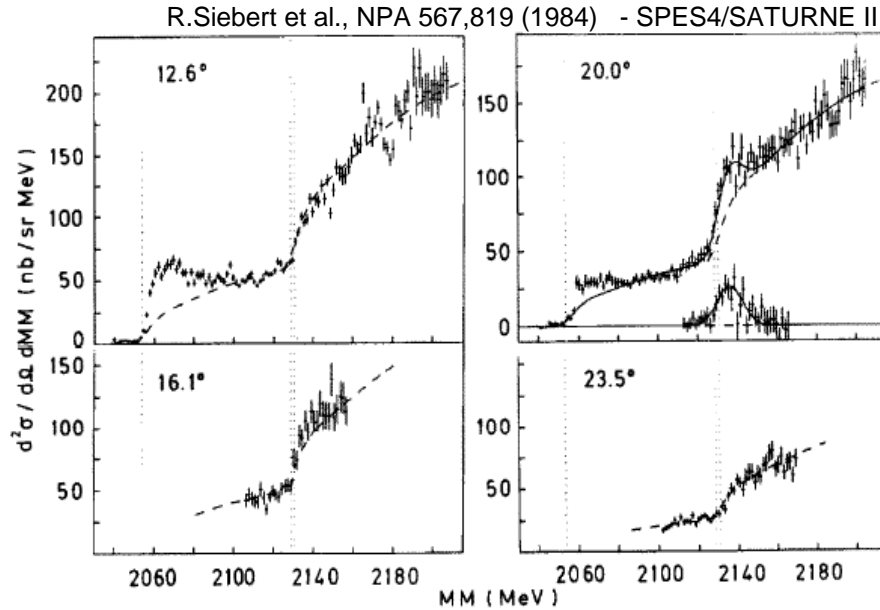
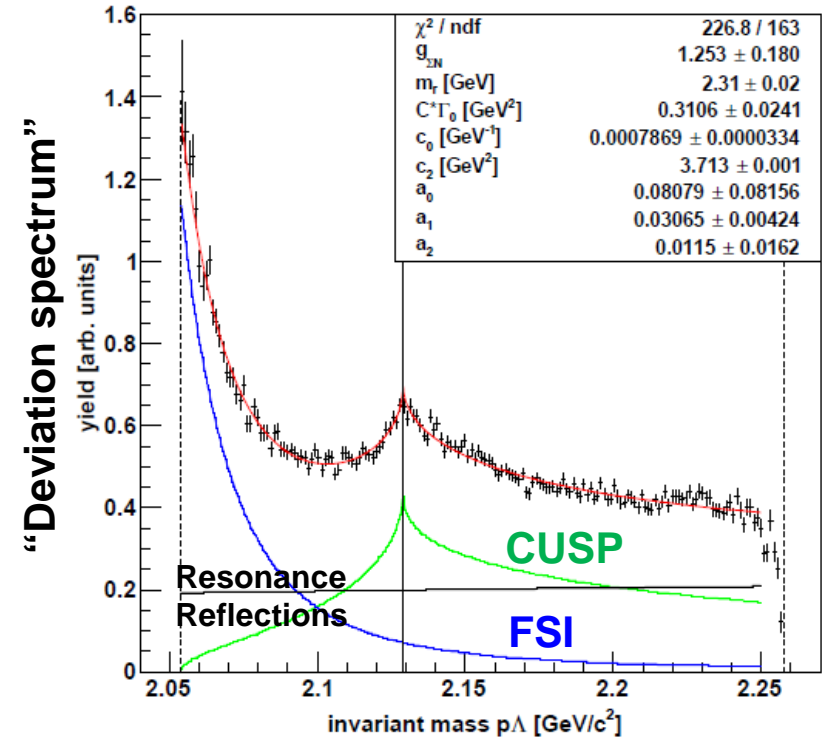


Fig. 6. Inclusive missing mass spectra for $pp \rightarrow K^+X$ at 2.7 GeV incident energy. The kaon laboratory scattering angles are 12.6°, 16.1°, 20.0° and 23.5°. The bins are 1.5 MeV wide. The resolutions (FWHM) are approximately 3 MeV (12.6°), 4 MeV (16.1°), 3.5 MeV (20.0°) and 5 MeV (23.5°). The dashed lines show the 3-body phase-space to which a fitted gaussian distribution centered at 2136 MeV was added at 20.0°. This peak is also shown separately.



Peak position in FOPI data consistent with p+p scattering data: $M = 2.136 \pm 0.004 \text{ GeV}$

Earlier observations and interpretations:

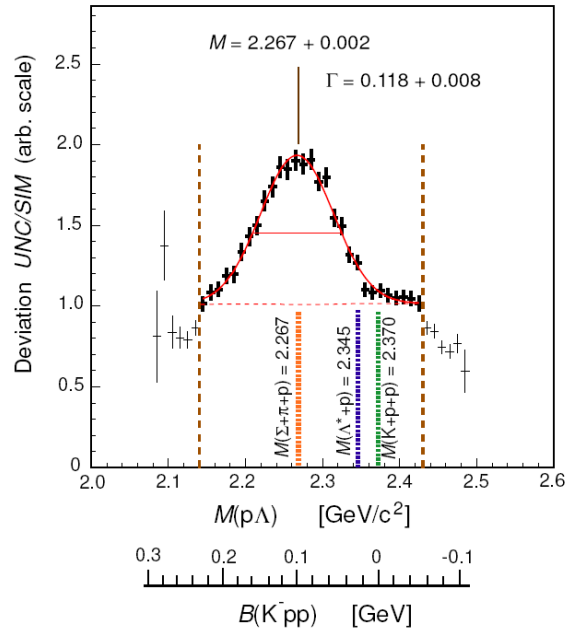
A.T.M. Aerts and C.B. Dover, Phys. Lett. B146, 95 (1984):

D_t ($q_4 \times q_2$ structure)

O. Braun et al., NPB 124,45 (1977), reaction $K^- + d \rightarrow \Lambda p \pi^-$:

ΣN – bound state H(2129)

Doorway state X2265: evidence for $(ppK^-)_{\text{bound}}$



Reanalysis of DISTO data:

T. Yamazaki, et al., PRL 104,132502, 2010.

$p + p \rightarrow K^+ + X \rightarrow K^+ + \Lambda + p$ at 2.85 GeV, $q=1.6$ GeV

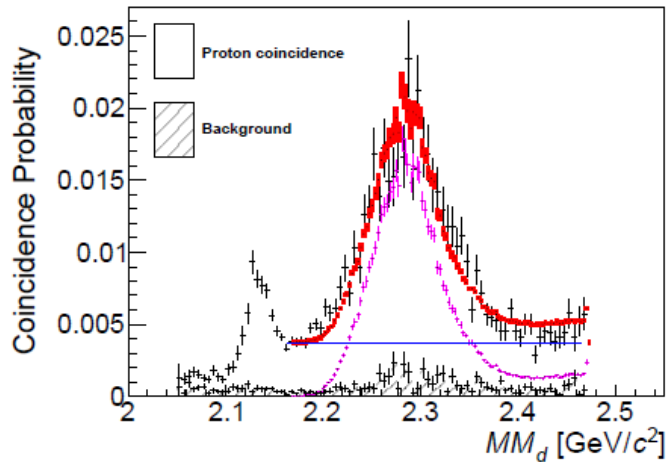
Production probability:

$$X / \Lambda = 0.1$$

Peak parameter:

$$M = 2.265 \pm 0.002 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 118 \pm 8 \text{ MeV}$$



J-PARC E27:

Y. Ichikawa et al., Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2013, 0

$\pi^+ + d \rightarrow K^+ + X$ at 1.69 GeV, $q=0.3$ GeV

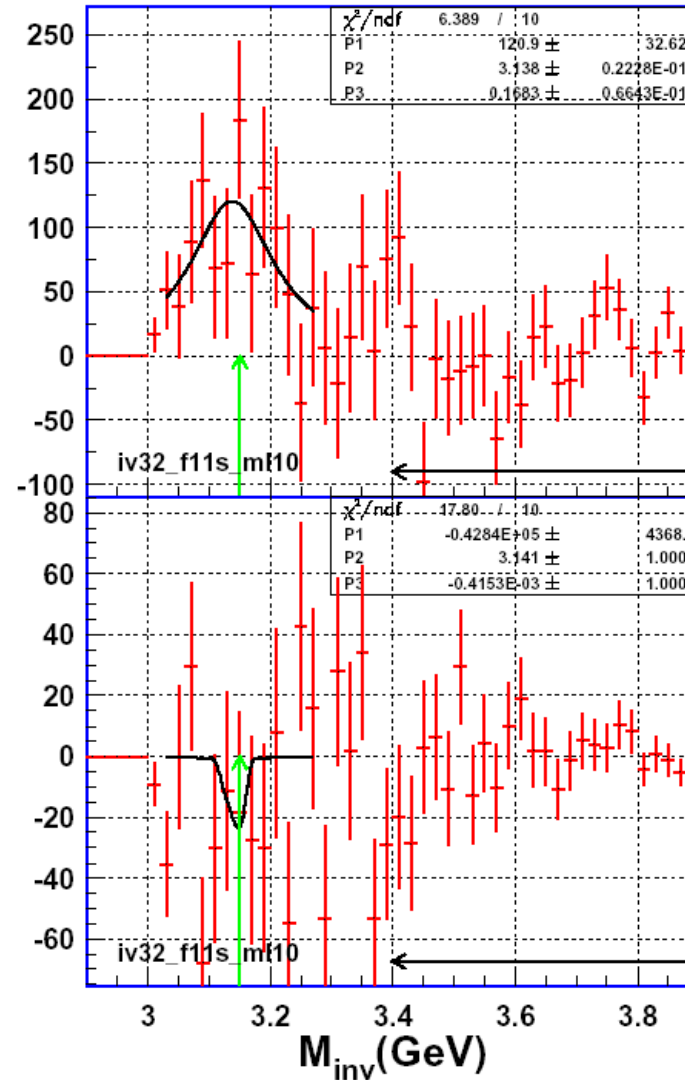
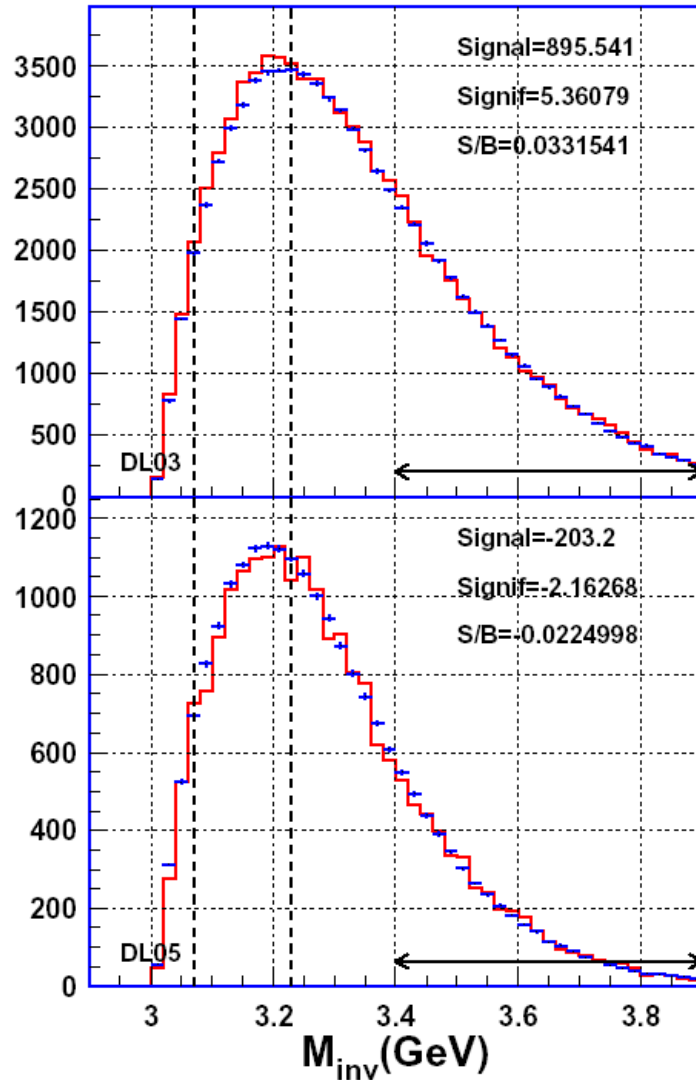
Event selection: high momentum proton at backward angles

$$M = 2.27 \text{ GeV},$$

$$B = 95 +18-17 \text{ (stat.)} +30-21 \text{ (syst.) MeV},$$

$$\Gamma = 162 +87-45 \text{ (stat.)} +66 -78 \text{ (syst.) MeV}.$$

Δ correlation: comparison Al+Al \leftrightarrow Ni+Ni



Ni+Ni

S261 data (2003)

Al+Al

S297 data (2005)

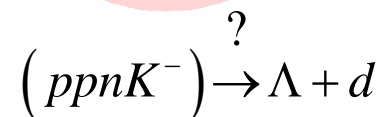
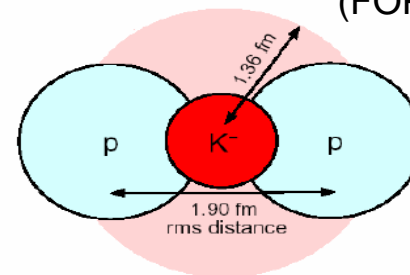
Λ d – correlations



Ni+Ni at 1.91 AGeV (S325e data (2008))

K. Wisniewski (FOPI, HD)

(FOPI, work in progress)

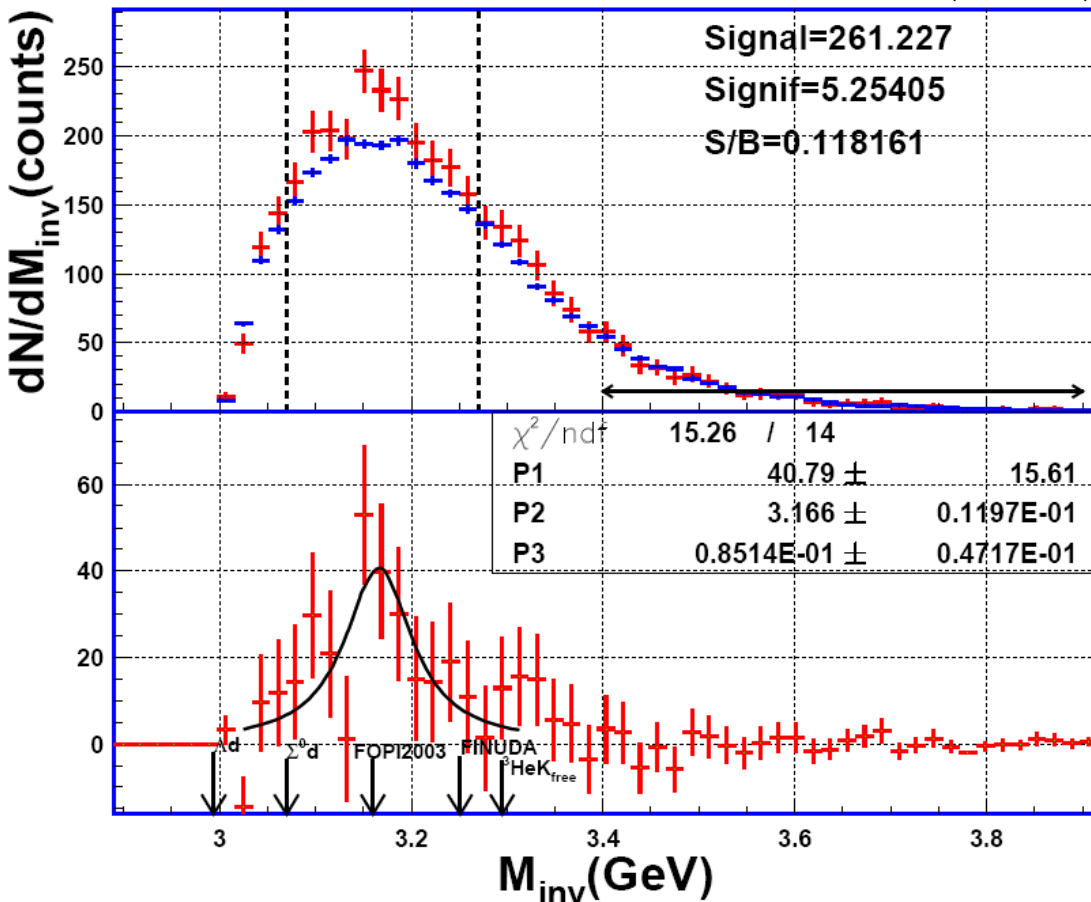


FOPI experimental scenario:

Data taking: 2 weeks,
DAQ rate: 1kHz,
Event sample: ~ 100 M events,
Statistical significance: ~ 5,
Production probability: $P \sim 10^{-4}$

Significance does not include systematic uncertainties

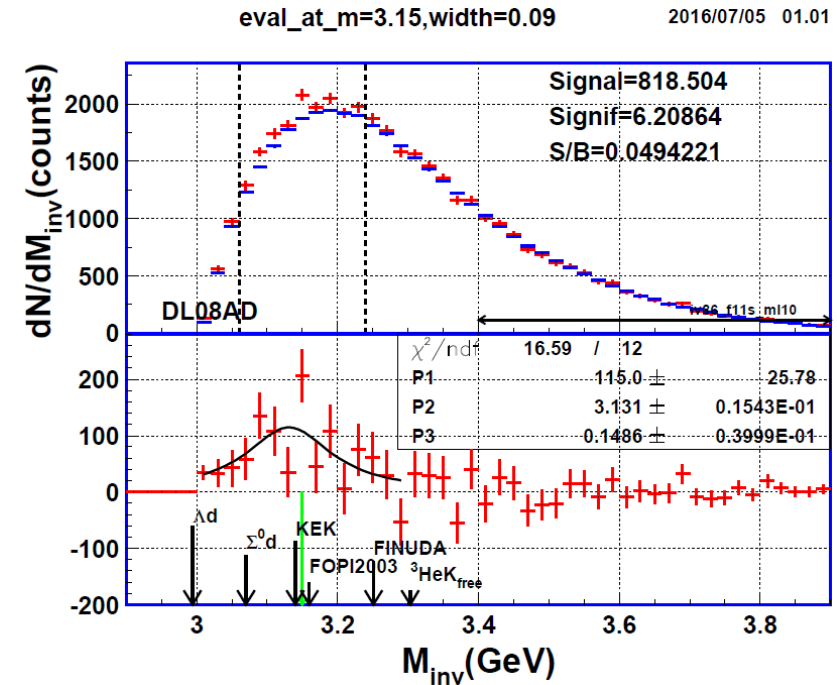
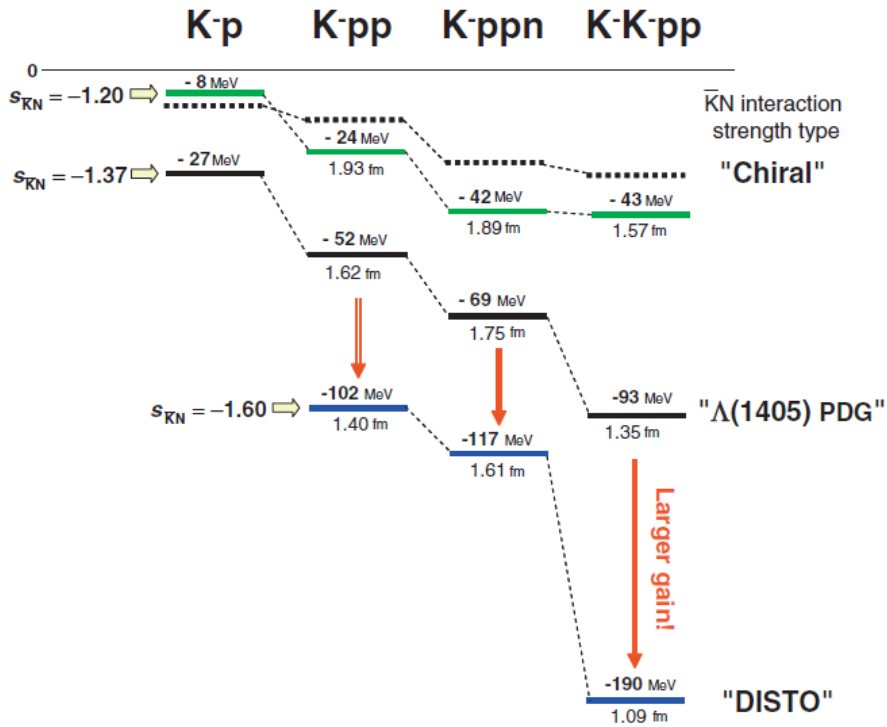
non – thermal phase space population
 non – monotonous centrality dependence
 non – trivial mixed event bkgd determination
 LEE – Look elsewhere effect (?)



FOPI 2003 and 2008 data are consistent, inconsistent with cusp ($\Sigma - d$ - threshold), compatible with latest theoretical developments?

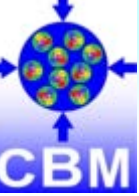
Comparison to Theory

S. Maeda, Y. Akaishi, T. Yamazaki, Proc. Jpn. Acad., Ser. B89, 418 (2013)

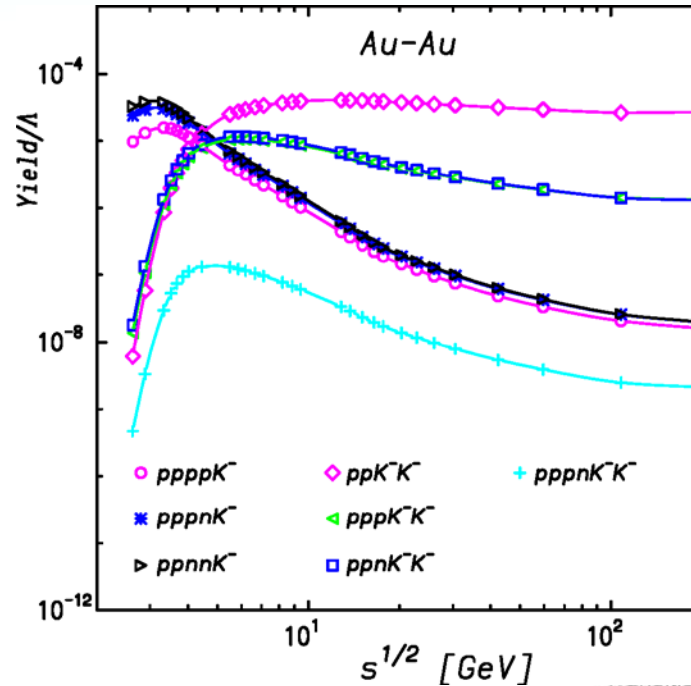
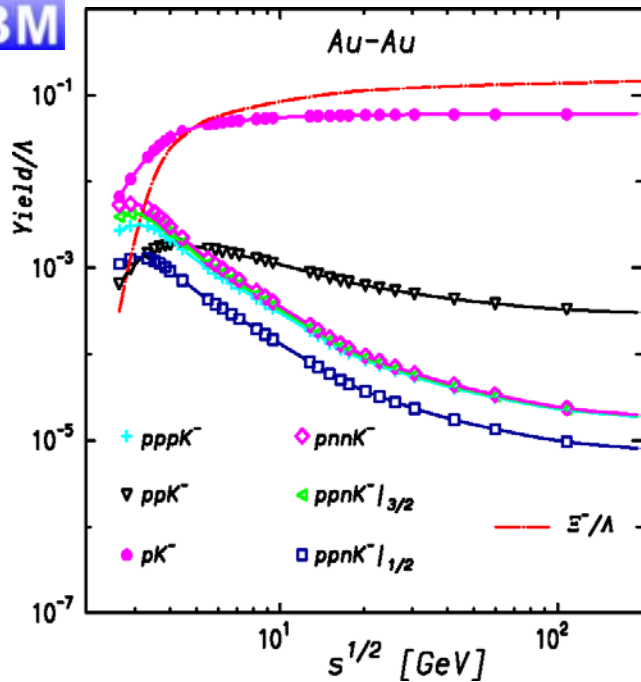


FOPI - Λ_d - peak parameter:

N_{K-ppn}	$= 261 \pm 100$ (stat.)	819 ± 183 (stat)
N_{Λ}	$= 27$ k	27 k
S/B	$= 0.118$	0.049
N_{K-ppn}/N_{Λ}	> 0.01	> 0.03
M	$= 3.167 \pm 0.012$ GeV	3.131 ± 0.015 GeV
B	$= 143 \pm 12$ MeV	178 ± 15 MeV
Γ	$= 85 \pm 47$ MeV	149 ± 40 MeV



Experimental strategy towards KNC states

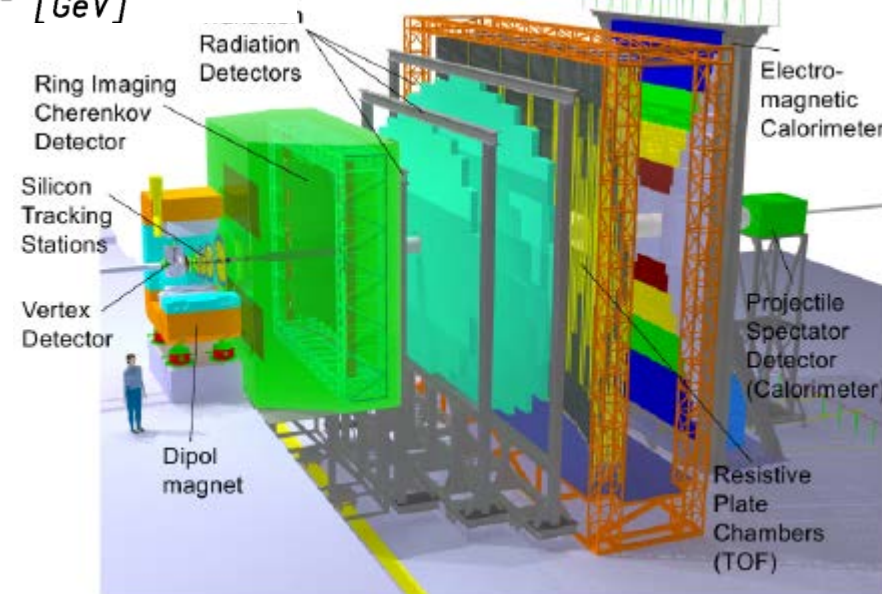


A. Andronic, PBM, K. Redlich (2005), nucl-th/0506083

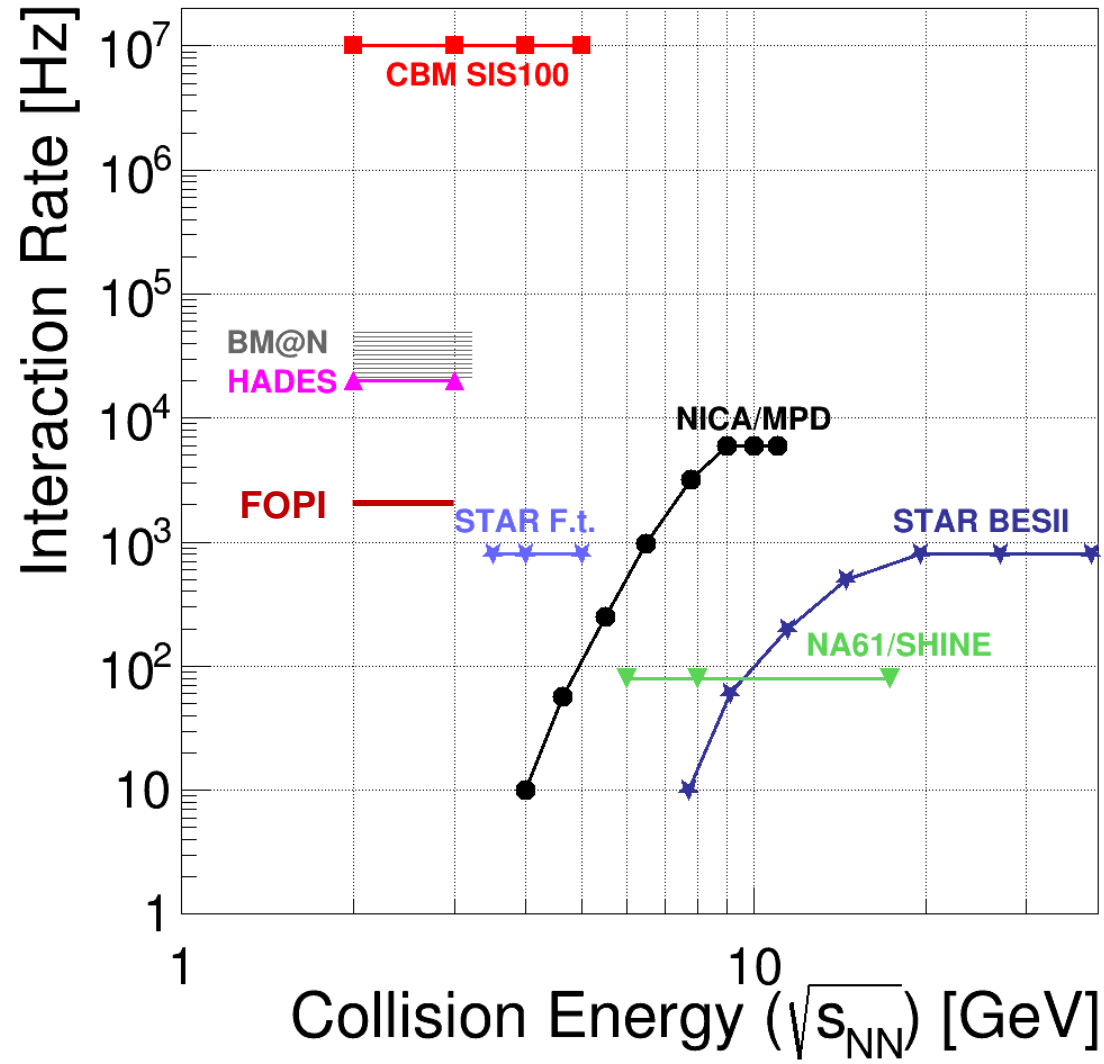
CBM @ FAIR

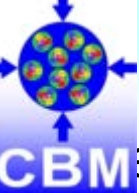
Experimental strategy at beam energies < 10 AGeV:

- allow for large event samples
- reduce combinatorial background as much as possible
- tag events for strangeness content (by K^+ , (K^0))
- detect K^+ as efficiently as possible
- compact Kaon PID



Experiments exploring dense QCD matter

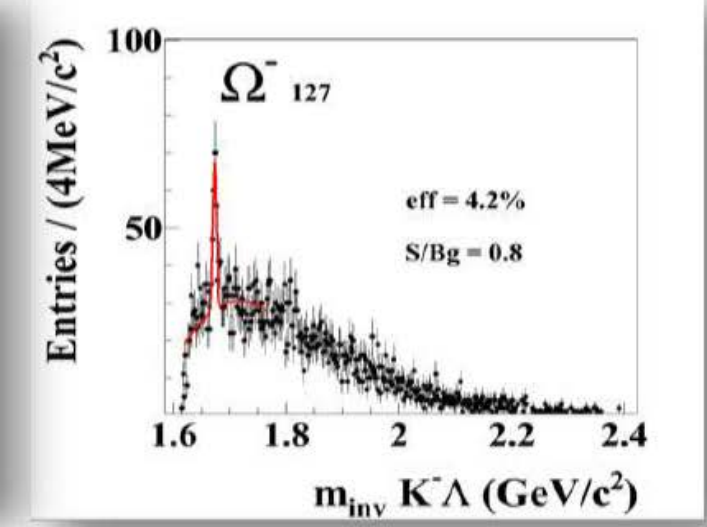
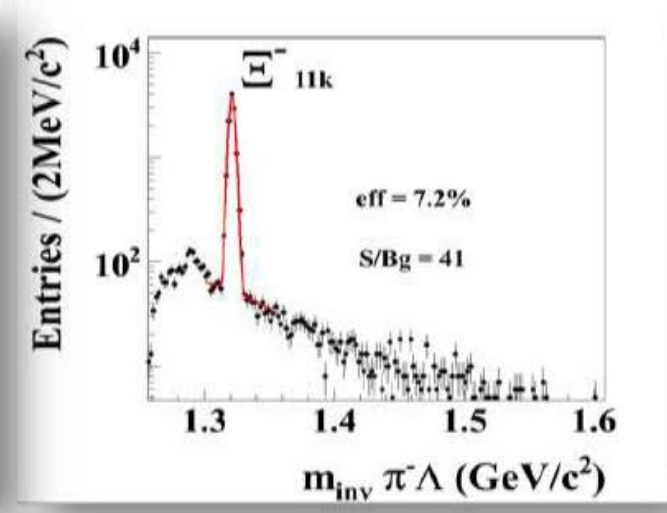
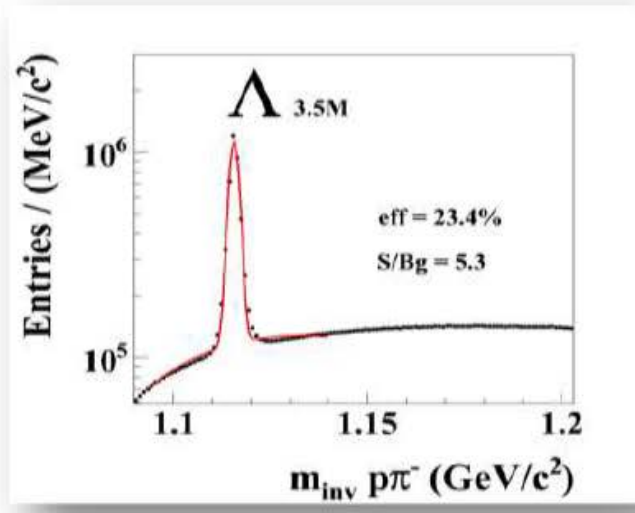
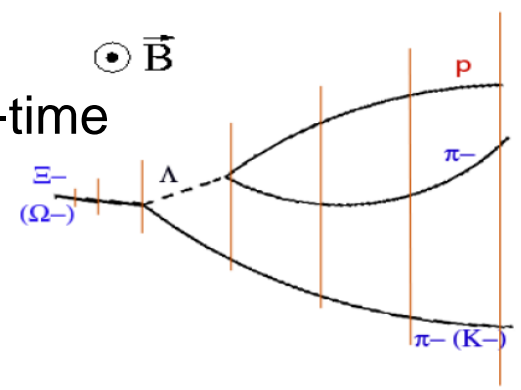




SIS 100- Hyperons

Central ($b=0\text{fm}$) Au+Au collisions at 8 AGeV, 1M events

- Massively parallel data reconstruction and selection in real-time
- 100 kHz archival rate:
 - 500k Ω^- /week
 - flow, correlations, ...
 - hypernuclei,
 - deeply bound kaonic clusters?

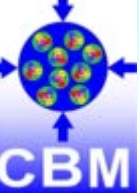


Expectations for 4AGeV:

$\langle M(\Lambda) \rangle$	$\sim 10,$
$N_{K\text{-ppn}}/N_{\Lambda}$ (SHM)	$\sim 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$N_{K\text{-K-pp}}/N_{\Lambda}$ (SHM)	$\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-7}$

Counts in 1 week run: $N(\Lambda)$	$\sim 4 \cdot 10^{10}$
$N(K\text{-ppn})$	$\sim 2 \cdot 10^8$
$N(K\text{-K-pp})$	$\sim 8 \cdot 10^3$

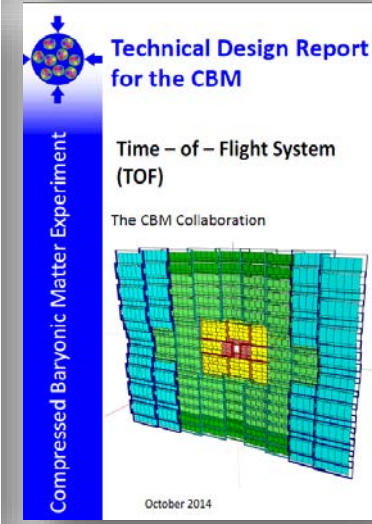
@ 10MHz: $\sim 8 \cdot 10^5$

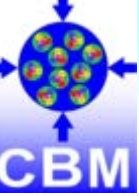


CBM Technical Design Reports

<http://www.fair-center.eu/en/for-users/experiments/cbm/documents.html>

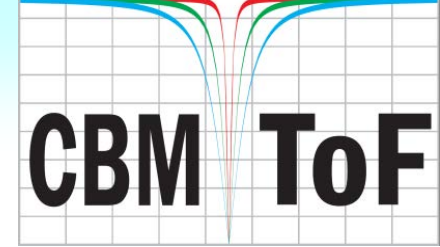
#	Project	TDR Status
1	Magnet	approved
2	STS	approved
3	RICH	approved
4	TOF	approved
5	MuCh	approved
6	HADES ECAL	approved
7	PSD	approved
8	MVD	submission 2016
9	DAQ/FLES	submission 2017
10	TRD	submission 2016
11	ECAL	submission 2016



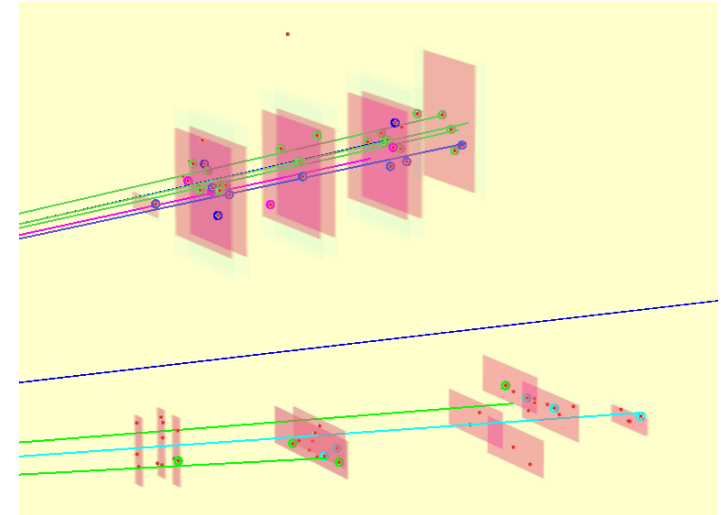
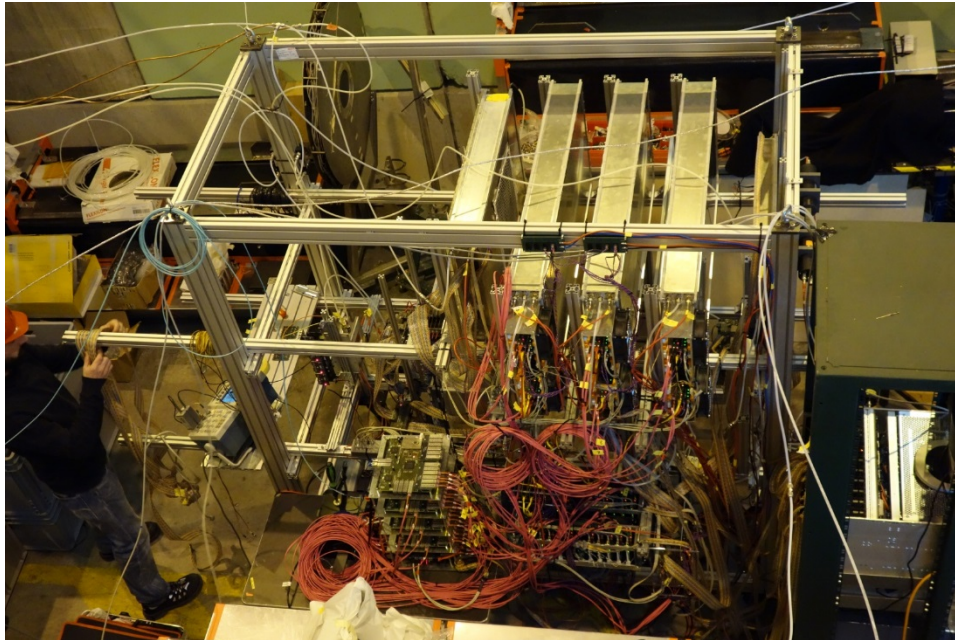


CERN SPS Testbeam (Nov2015)

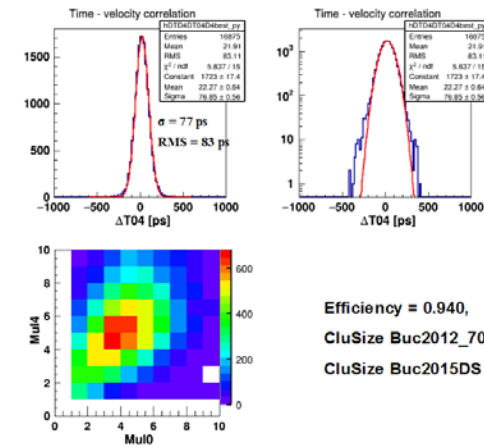
Pb + Pb @ 30 A GeV



MRPC setup in H4 beamline with 20 different counter types, 1000 timing channels, flux on counter surfaces 5 – 10 kHz / cm²

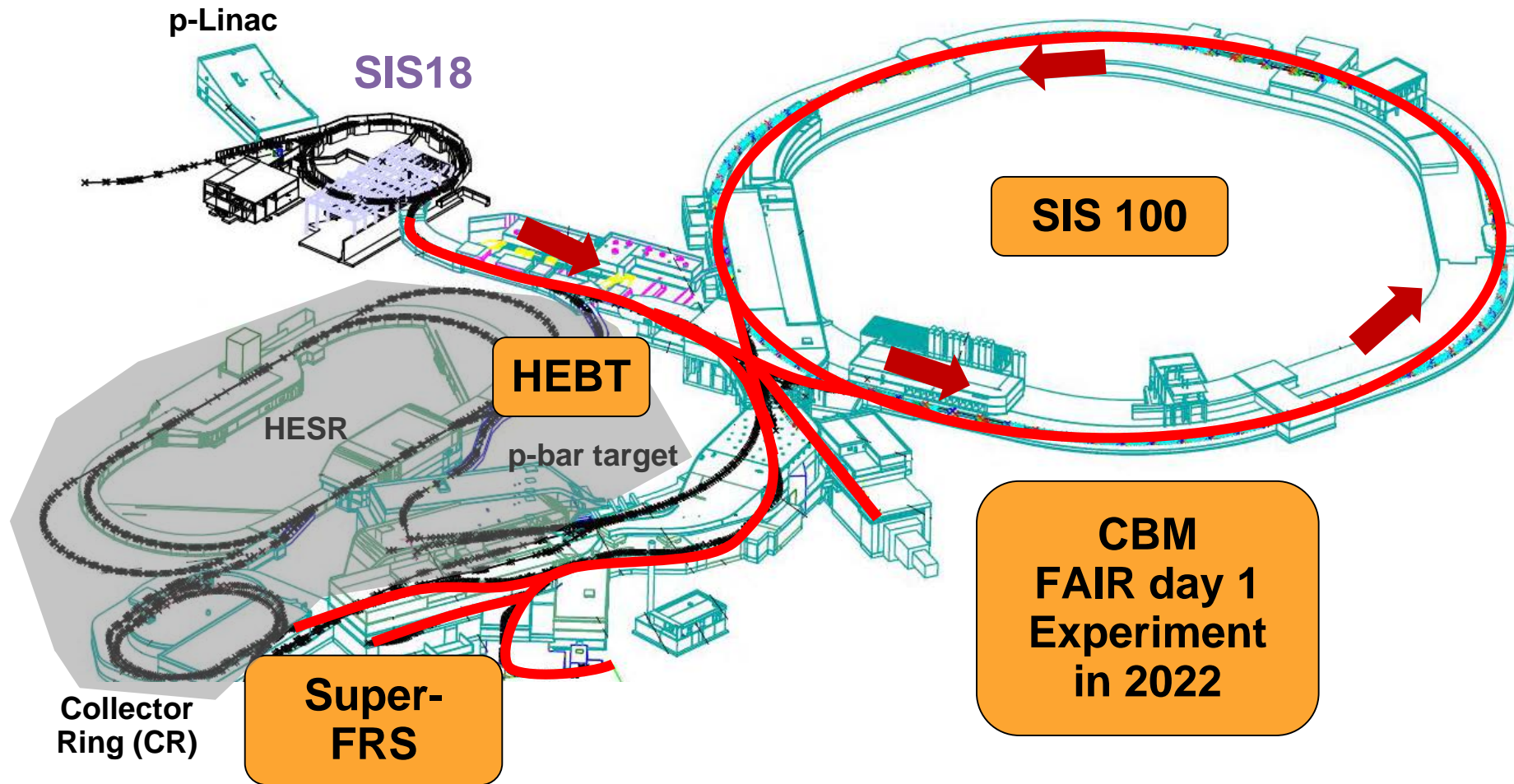


System time resolution of 80 ps achieved with conductive glass electrodes (Yakang glass, Beijing – Tsinghua Univ.).

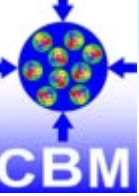


CBM perspectives

GSJ/FAIR strategy: staged realization along the beam towards MSV

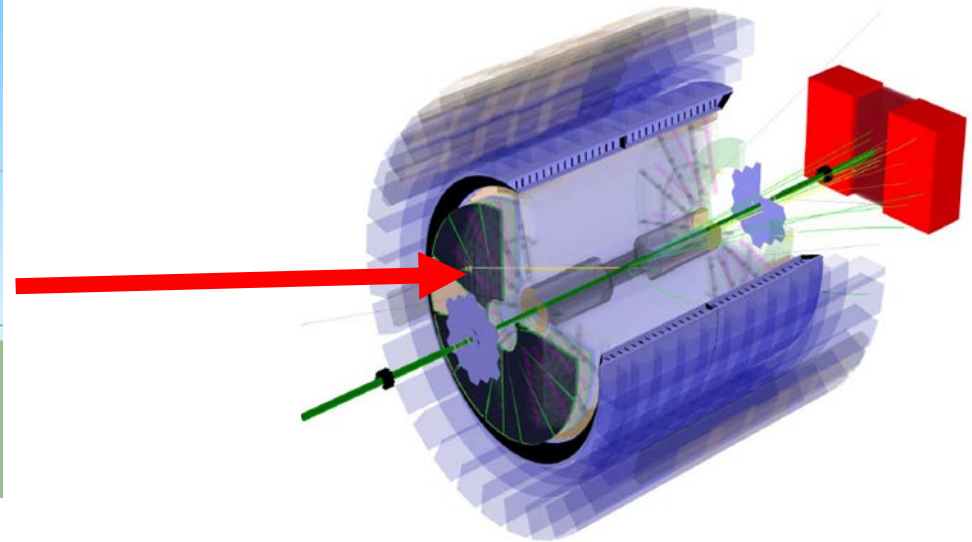
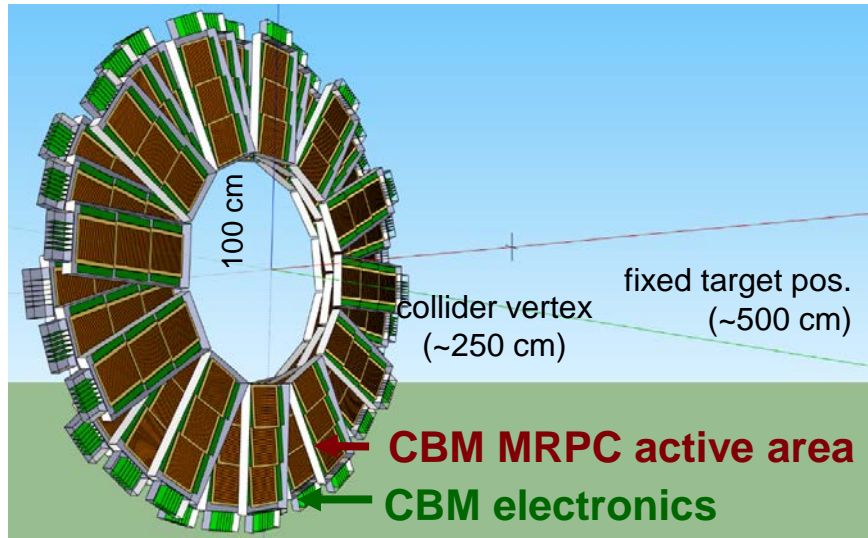


Search for deeply bound KNC states will be continued at FAIR with unprecedented rates.



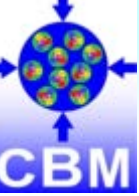
FAIR Phase 0 experiments

Install, commission and use 10% of the CBM TOF modules including CBM read-out chain at STAR/RHIC (BES II 2019/2020).



Planned beam energies:	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	T
	Collider	Fixed Target	AGeV
	62.4	7.74	30.3
	39	6.17	18.6
	27	5.18	12.6
	19.6	4.47	8.9
	14.5	3.90	6.3
	11.5	3.53	4.8
	9.1	3.20	3.6
	7.7	2.99	2.9

Anticipated statistics:
 $\sim 10^8$ events each



CBM Collaboration: 60 institutions, ~530 members

Croatia:

Split Univ.

China:

CCNU Wuhan
Tsinghua Univ.
USTC Hefei
CTGU Yichang

Czech Republic:

CAS, Rez
Techn. Univ. Prague

France:

IPHC Strasbourg

Hungary:

KFKI Budapest
Budapest Univ.

Germany:

Darmstadt TU
FAIR
Frankfurt Univ. IKF
Frankfurt Univ. FIAS
Frankfurt Univ. ICS
GSI Darmstadt
Giessen Univ.
Heidelberg Univ. P.I.
Heidelberg Univ. ZITI
HZ Dresden-Rossendorf
KIT Karlsruhe
Münster Univ.
Tübingen Univ.
Wuppertal Univ.
ZIB Berlin

India:

Aligarh Muslim Univ.
Bose Inst. Kolkata
Panjab Univ.
Rajasthan Univ.
Univ. of Jammu
Univ. of Kashmir
Univ. of Calcutta
B.H. Univ. Varanasi
VECC Kolkata
IOP Bhubaneswar
IIT Kharagpur
IIT Indore
Gauhati Univ.

Korea:

Pusan Nat. Univ.

Poland:

AGH Krakow
Jag. Univ. Krakow
Silesia Univ. Katowice
Warsaw Univ.
Warsaw TU

Romania:

NIPNE Bucharest
Univ. Bucharest

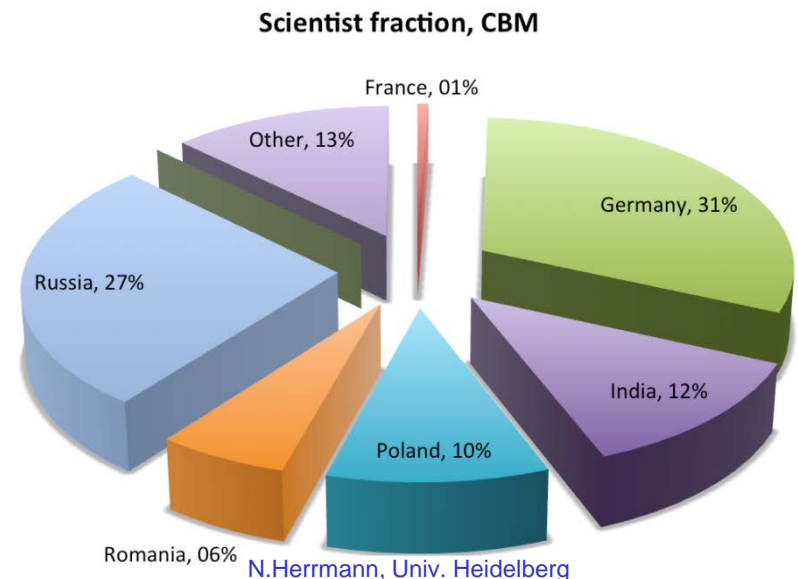
Russia:

IHEP Protvino
INR Troitzk
ITEP Moscow
Kurchatov Inst., Moscow
LHEP, JINR Dubna
LIT, JINR Dubna
MEPHI Moscow
Obninsk Univ.
PNPI Gatchina
SINP MSU, Moscow
St. Petersburg P. Univ.
Ioffe Phys.-Tech. Inst. St. Pb.

Ukraine:

T. Shevchenko Univ. Kiev
Kiev Inst. Nucl. Research

26th CBM Collaboration meeting in Prague, CZ
14 -18 Sept. 2015



Summary / Conclusion

Deeply bound KNC are an intriguing way towards cold dense baryonic matter.

Λ p final state:

**Σ N – cusp seen in Al + Al and Ni + Ni at 1.9 AGeV,
X2265 (DISTO, E27) not found.**

Λ d final state:

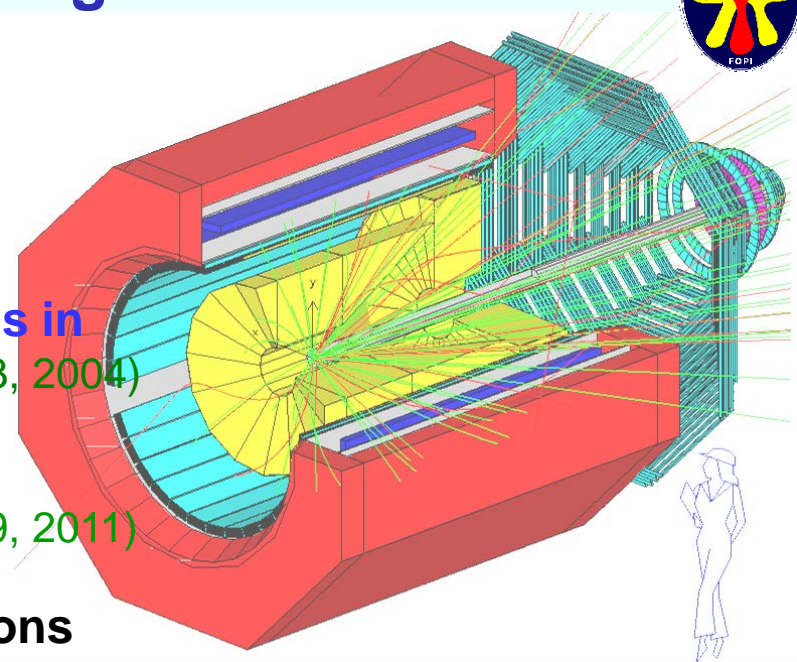
**Correlation signal seen in Ni + Ni reactions at 1.9 AGeV,
non – thermal phase space population
non – monotonous centrality dependence
non – trivial mixed event background determination
selection bias (?)
needs further work
no signal seen in Al + Al at 1.9 AGeV**

Statistical significance can be improved with CBM by factor 100.

New data expected from RHIC/STAR BESII run in 2019/2020.

Thank you!

Experimental strangeness program of FOPI



Reference data from elementary reactions

K^0 , Λ production and phase space distributions in
 $\pi^- + C, Al, Cu, Sn, Pb$ @ 1.15 GeV/c, (S273, 2004)

K^0 , K^+ , K^- , ϕ , Λ production in
 $\pi^- + LH_2, C, Pb$ @ 1.7 GeV/c, (S339, 2011)

Systematics of strangeness data from heavy-ion reactions

K^0 , K^+ , K^- , ϕ , K^* , Λ , $\Sigma^*(1385)$ production and kaon flow

Search for kaonic bound states

System	beam energy		events	(proposal, year)
Ni + Ni	1.93 AGeV,	100M	(S261,	2003)
Al + Al	1.91 AGeV,	200M	(S297,	2005)
Ni + Ni	1.91 AGeV,	80M	(S325,	2008)
Ni + Pb	1.91 AGeV,	100M	(S338,	2009)
Ru+ Ru	1.7 AGeV,	210M	(S338,	2009)

Search for exotica in elementary reaction

existence of ppK^- - bound state

$p + p$ 3 GeV, 80M (S349, 2009)

T. Yamazaki's coauthored FOPI publications

SiΛv0: A trigger for Λ-hyperons

**FOPI Collaboration (Robert Münzer (Munich, Tech. U., Universe) et al.). Jul 29, 2013. 12 pp.
Published in Nucl.Instrum.Meth. A745 (2014) 38-49**

Measurement of $K^*(892)0$ and $K0$ mesons in Al+Al collisions at 1.9A GeV

**FOPI Collaboration (X. Lopez (Clermont-Ferrand U.) et al.). Jun 2010. 5 pp.
Published in Phys.Rev. C81 (2010) 061902**

Search for the Kaonic Nuclear State, $K^- p p$, in the exclusive $p p \rightarrow p \Lambda K^+$ channel

**FOPI Collaboration (K. Suzuki (Stefan Meyer Inst. Subatomare Phys.) et al.). 2009. 3 pp.
Published in Nucl.Phys. A827 (2009) 312C-314C**

Measurement of the in-medium $K0$ inclusive cross section in π^- -induced reactions at 1.15-GeV/c

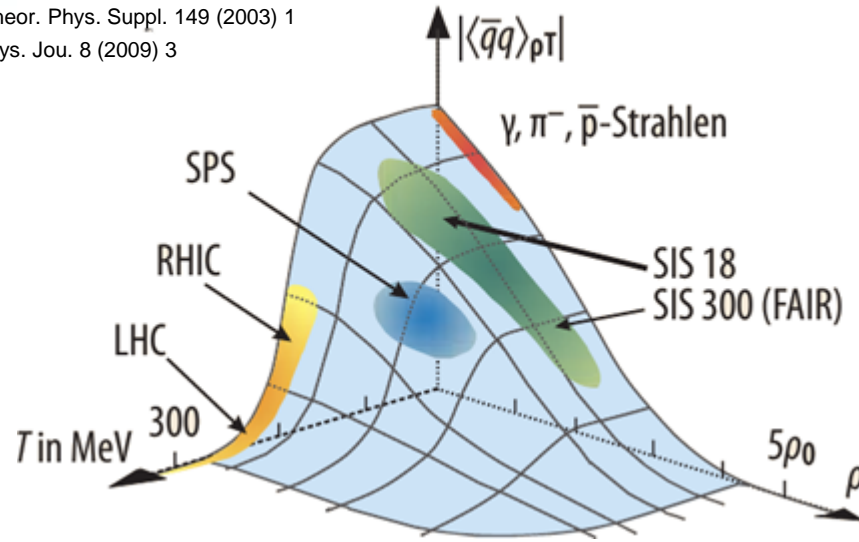
**FOPI Collaboration (M.L. Benabderrahmane (Heidelberg U.) et al.). Jul 2008. 4 pp.
Published in Phys.Rev.Lett. 102 (2009) 182501**

Sub-threshold production of $\Sigma(1385)$ baryons in Al + Al collisions at 1.9-A-GeV

**FOPI Collaboration (X. Lopez et al.). Oct 2007. 5 pp.
Published in Submitted to: Phys.Rev.C (2007)**

Hadrons in Medium

W. Weise, Prog. Theor. Phys. Suppl. 149 (2003) 1
 M. Kotulla et al, Phys. Jou. 8 (2009) 3



Modified properties of hadrons in dense baryonic matter?

$M^*(\rho)$ (mass)
 $\Gamma^*(\rho)$ (width)
 $\sigma^*(\rho)$ (cross section)

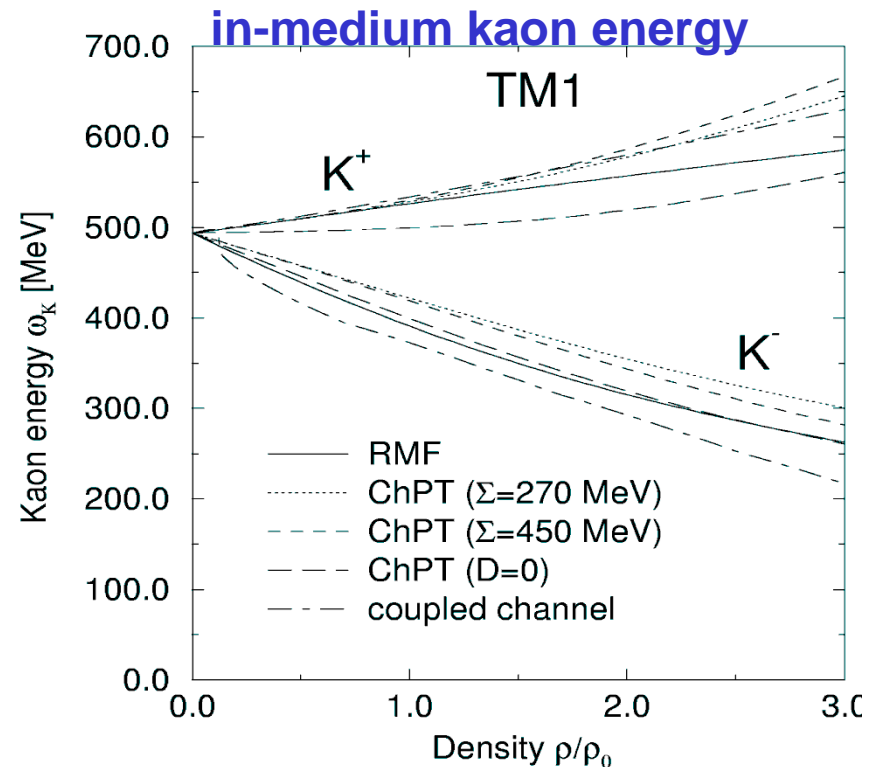
GOR – relation: $m_\pi^2 f_\pi^2 = - \langle m_q \rangle \langle \bar{q}q \rangle$

In-medium effects in finite systems: ‘Trivial’

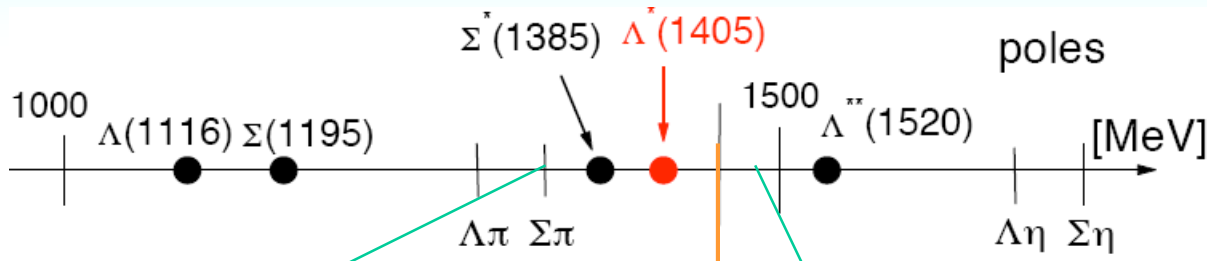
- Fermi motion
- Pauli blocking
- Collisional broadening

‘Non-trivial’

- Partial restoration of chiral symmetry
- Meson – baryon coupling
- Bound states



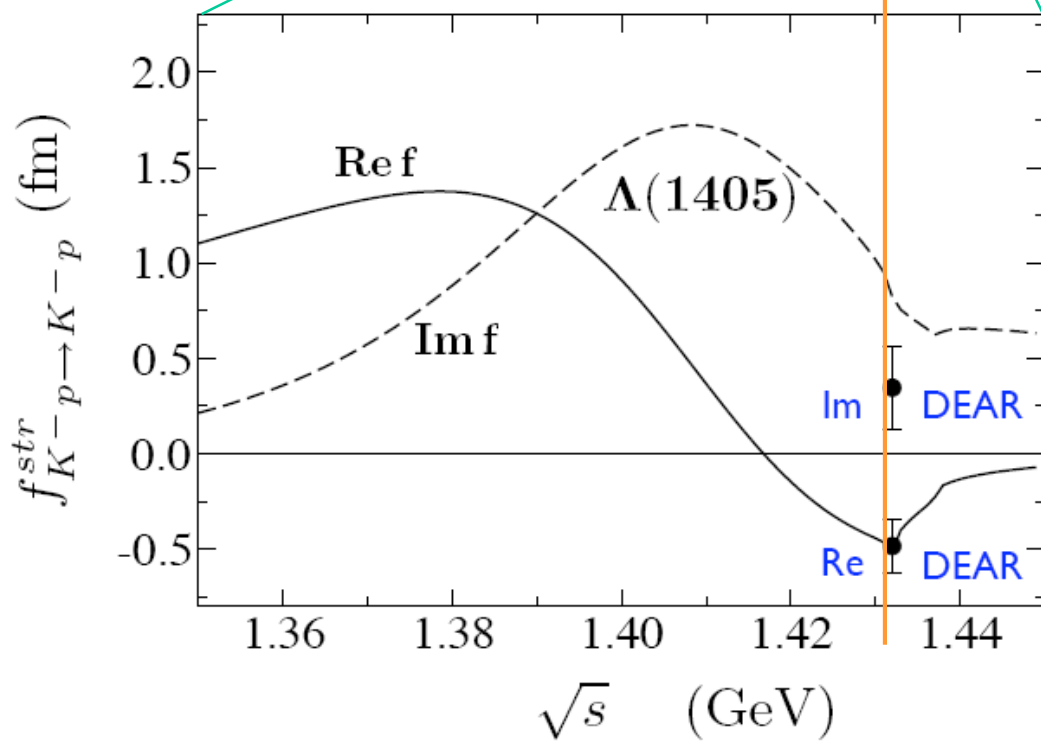
$\bar{K}N$ – interaction



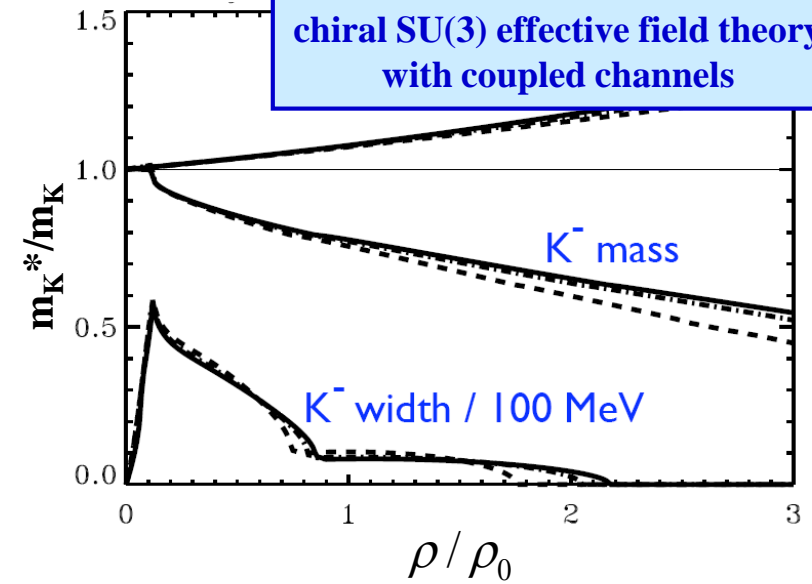
$$\sqrt{s} = \omega + m_N$$

↑
 \bar{K} – energy

Scattering amplitude f



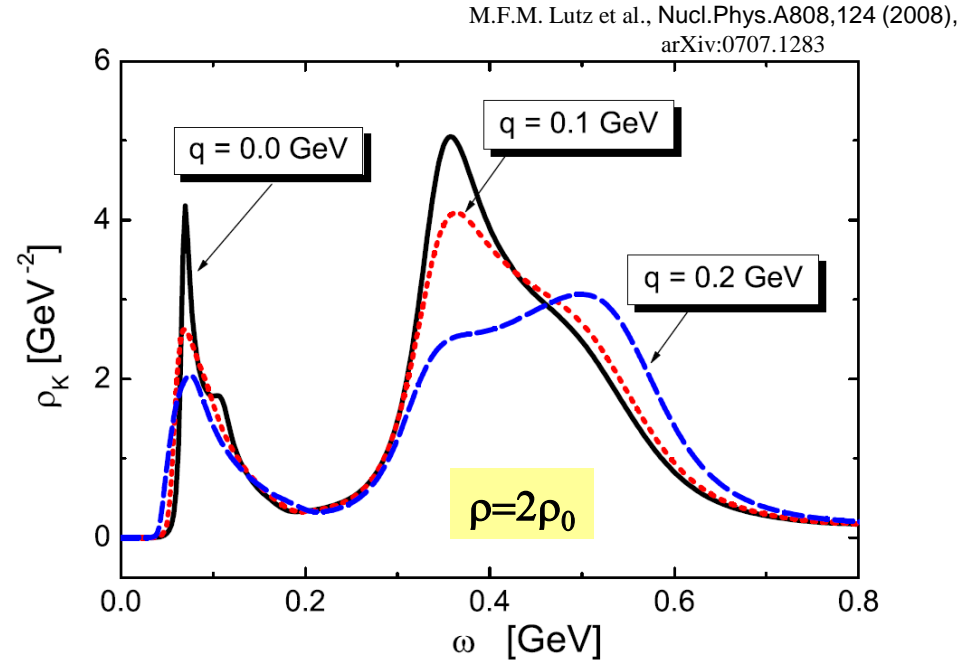
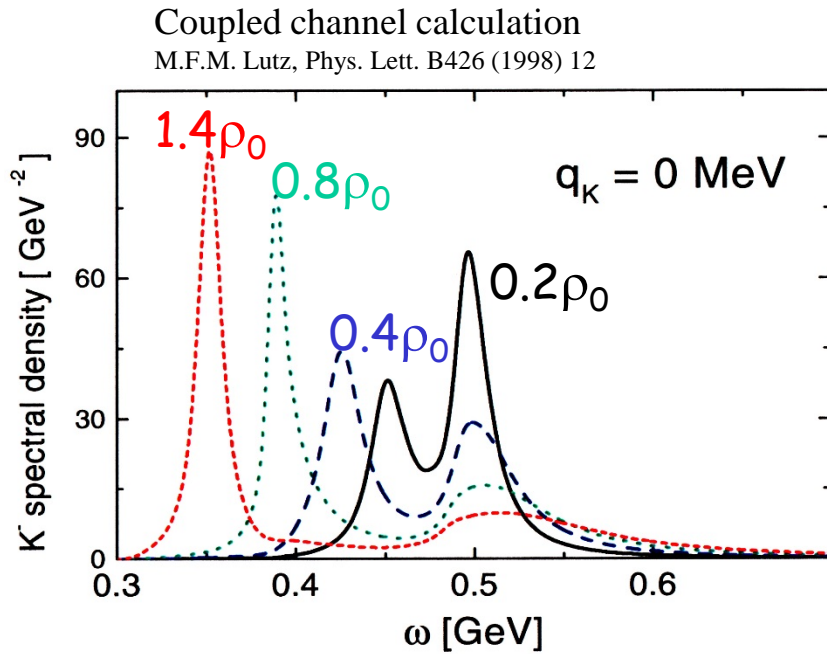
due to presence of resonances
↓
non – perturbative problem
↓
chiral SU(3) effective field theory
with coupled channels



Summary: $\bar{K}N$ – interaction is attractive at finite densities, but strength (depth of potential) is unclear

Kaons in hadronic matter

spectral function of antikaons in dense matter



$$\omega_{K^\pm}(p, \rho) = \underbrace{\left(m^{*2} + p^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}_{\text{effective mass}} = \underbrace{U + \left(m_K^2 + p^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}_{\text{Kaon potential}}$$

~~Production:~~

~~$P \sim \exp(-m^*/T)$~~

~~→ K-yields~~

Propagation:

$F = -\nabla U$

→ K-flow

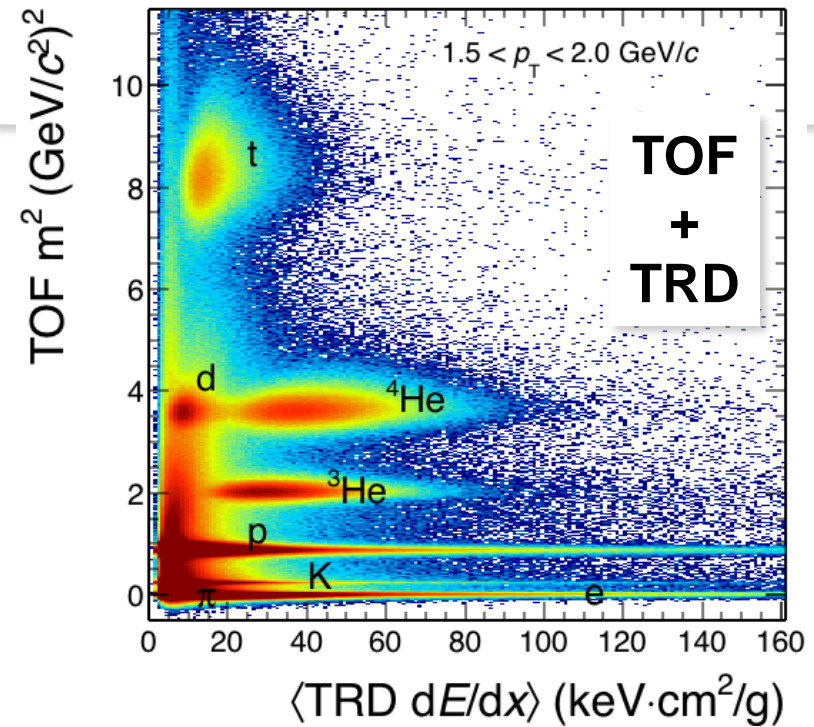
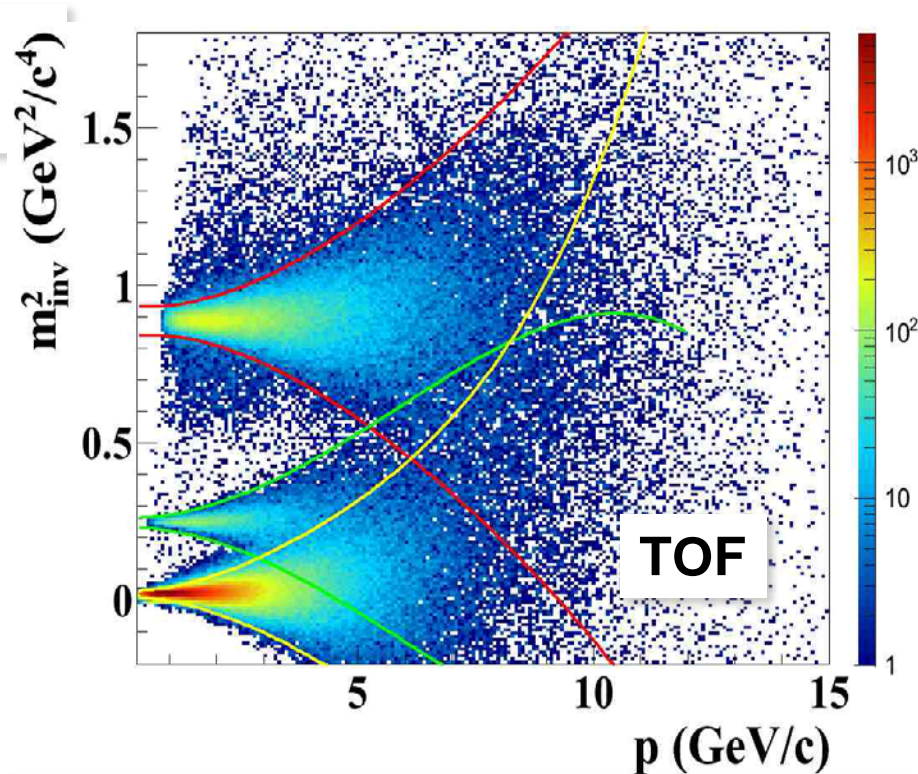
Bound states:

$B = \sum_i m_i - \sum_i m_i^*$

→ Search for $\Lambda + X$ states

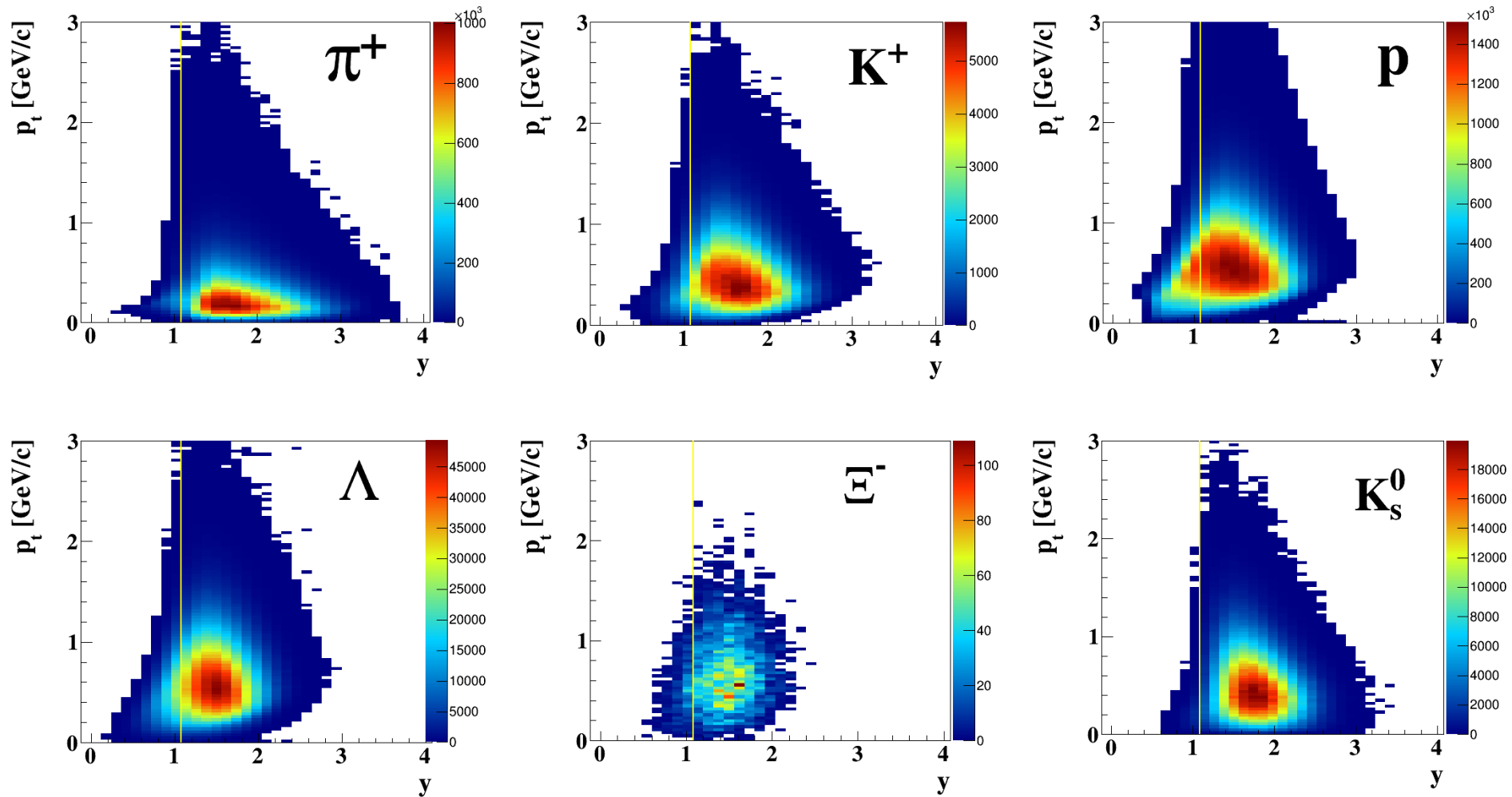
Particle Identification

Detectors used: STS, TOF, TRD

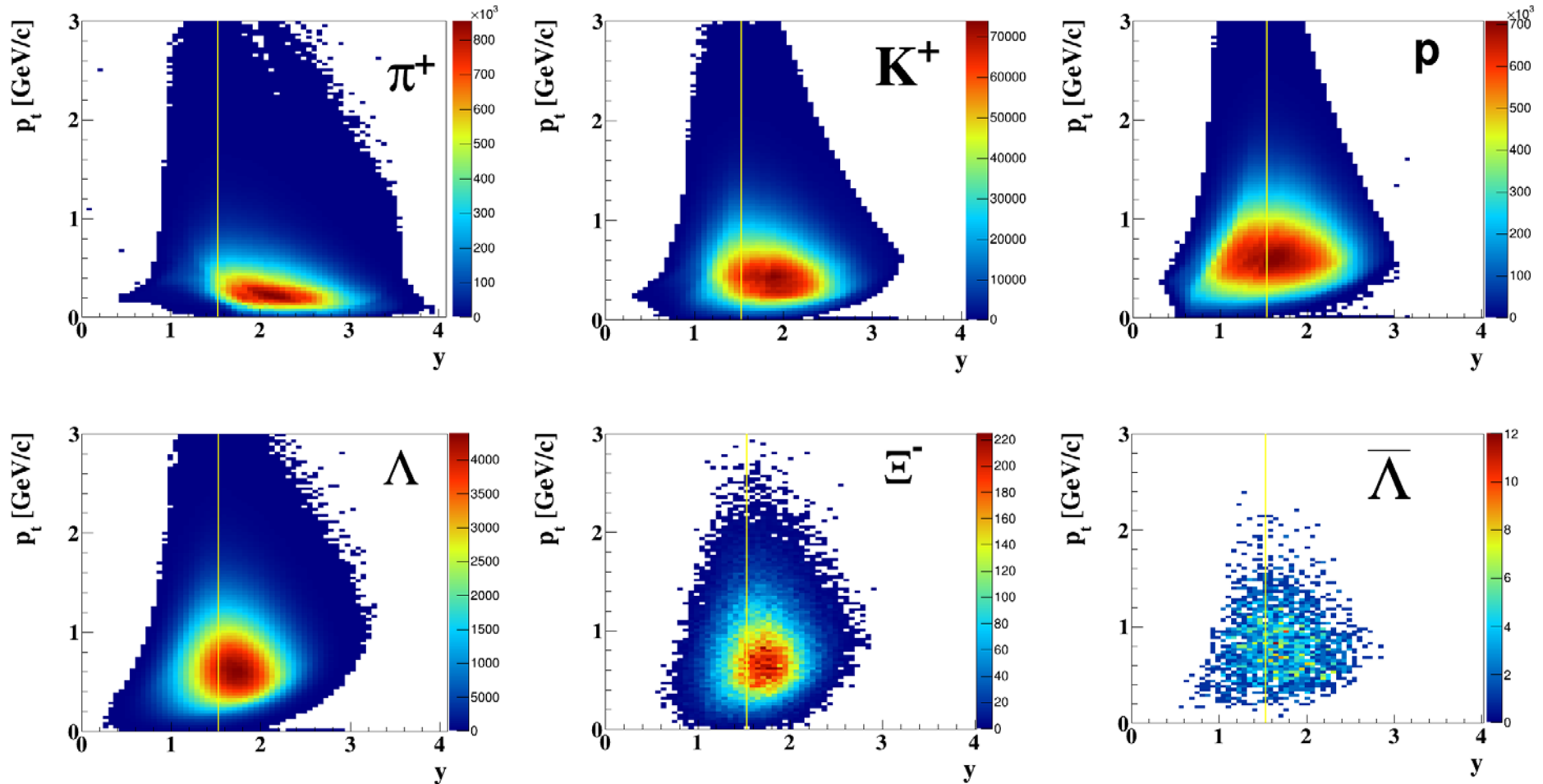


Particle acceptance

central Au+Au collisions at 4 A GeV



Particle acceptance central Au+Au collisions at 10 A GeV



Status of the search for kaonic clusters in heavy ion collisions with FOPI

Introduction

strangeness in dense baryonic matter
kaonic cluster production in HI collisions

Experimental details

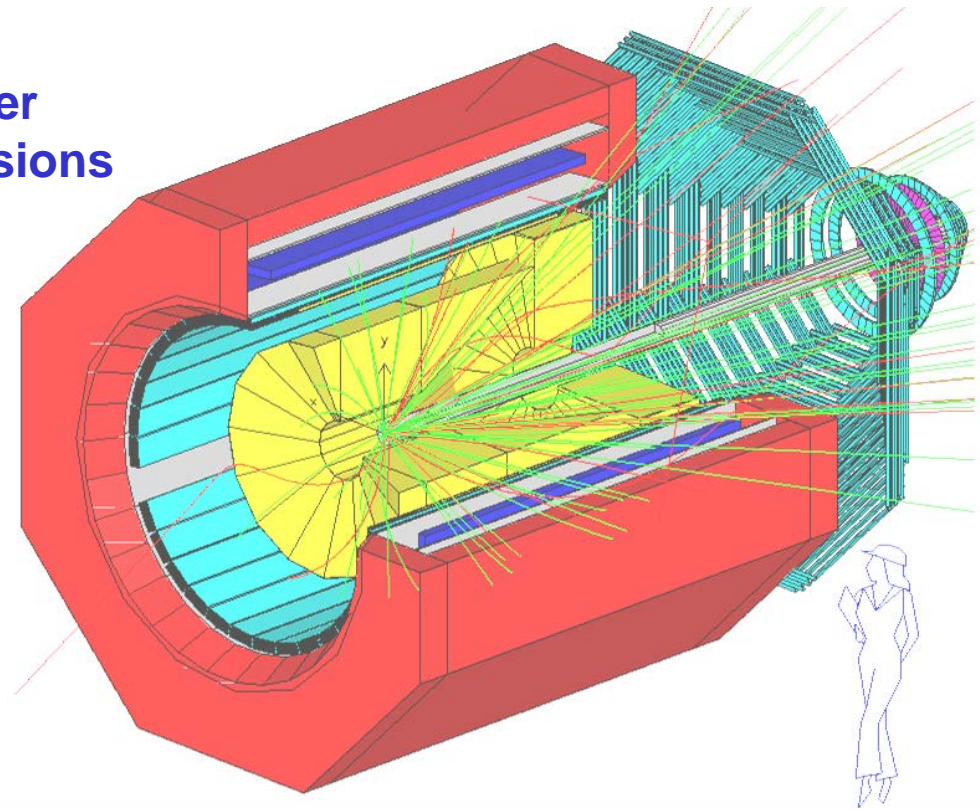
kaon flow
event mixing technique

Correlation Results

$\Lambda + p$ - correlations
 $\Lambda + \pi$ - correlations
($\Lambda + d$ - correlations)

Outlook

Conclusions



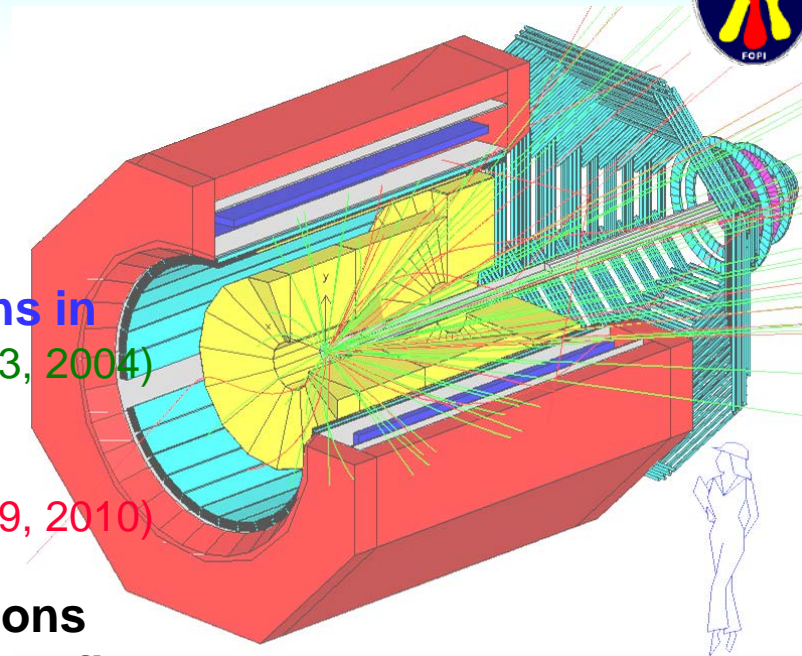
IPNE Bucharest, Romania
CRIP/KFKI Budapest, Hungary
LPC Clermont-Ferrand, France
GSI Darmstadt, Germany
FZ Rossendorf, Germany
Univ. of Warsaw, Poland
IMP Lanzhou, China
SMI, Vienna, Austria

ITEP Moscow, Russia
Kurchatov Institute Moscow, Russia
Korea University, Seoul, Korea
IREs Strasbourg, France
Univ. of Heidelberg, Germany
RBI Zagreb, Croatia
TUM, Munich, Germany

Reference data from elementary reactions

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 $\pi^- + C, Al, Cu, Sn, Pb$ @ 1.15 GeV/c, (S273, 2004)

K^0 , K^+ , K^- , ϕ , Λ production in
 $\pi^- + LH_2, C, Pb$ @ 1.7 GeV/c, (S339, 2010)



Systematics of strangeness data from heavy-ion reactions

K^0 , K^+ , K^- , ϕ , K^* , Λ , $\Sigma^*(1385)$ production and kaon flow
 Search for kaonic bound states

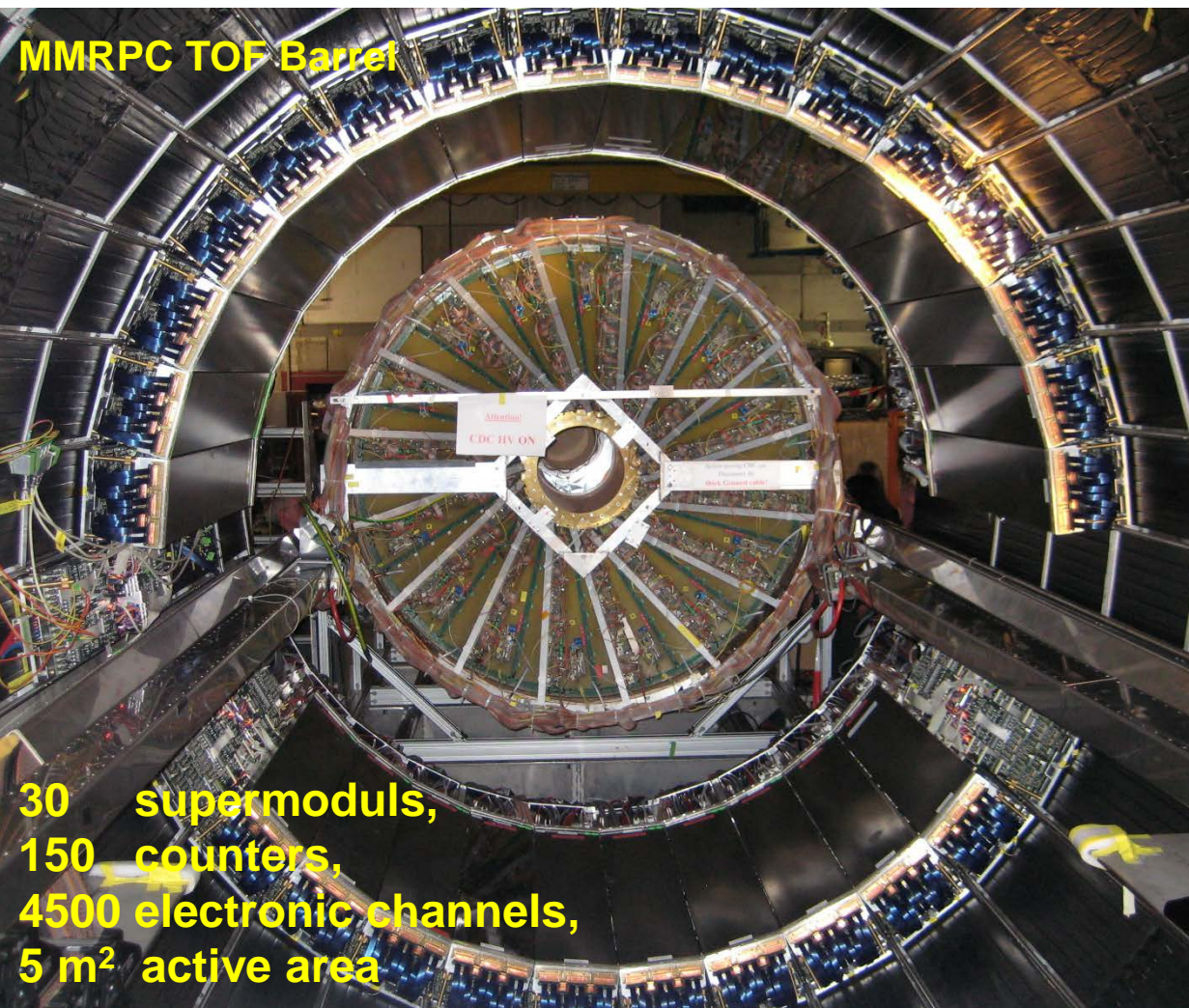
System	beam energy		events	(proposal, year)
Ni + Ni	1.93 AGeV,	100M	(S261, 2003)	
Al + Al	1.91 AGeV,	200M	(S297, 2005)	
Ni + Ni	1.91 AGeV,	80M	(S325, 2008)	
Ni + Pb	1.91 AGeV,	100M	(S338, 2009)	
Ru+ Ru	1.7 AGeV,	210M	(S338, 2009)	

Search for exotica in elementary reaction

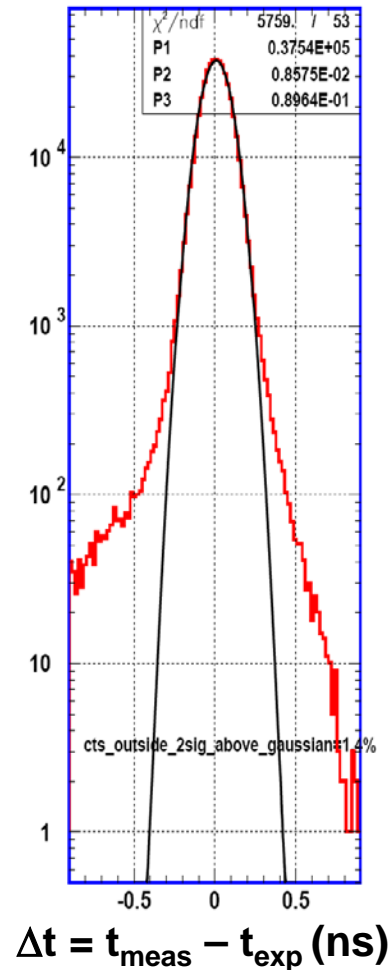
existence of ppK^- - bound state

$p + p$ 3 GeV, 80M (S349, 2009)

FOPI III (2008 – 2010) with improved PID

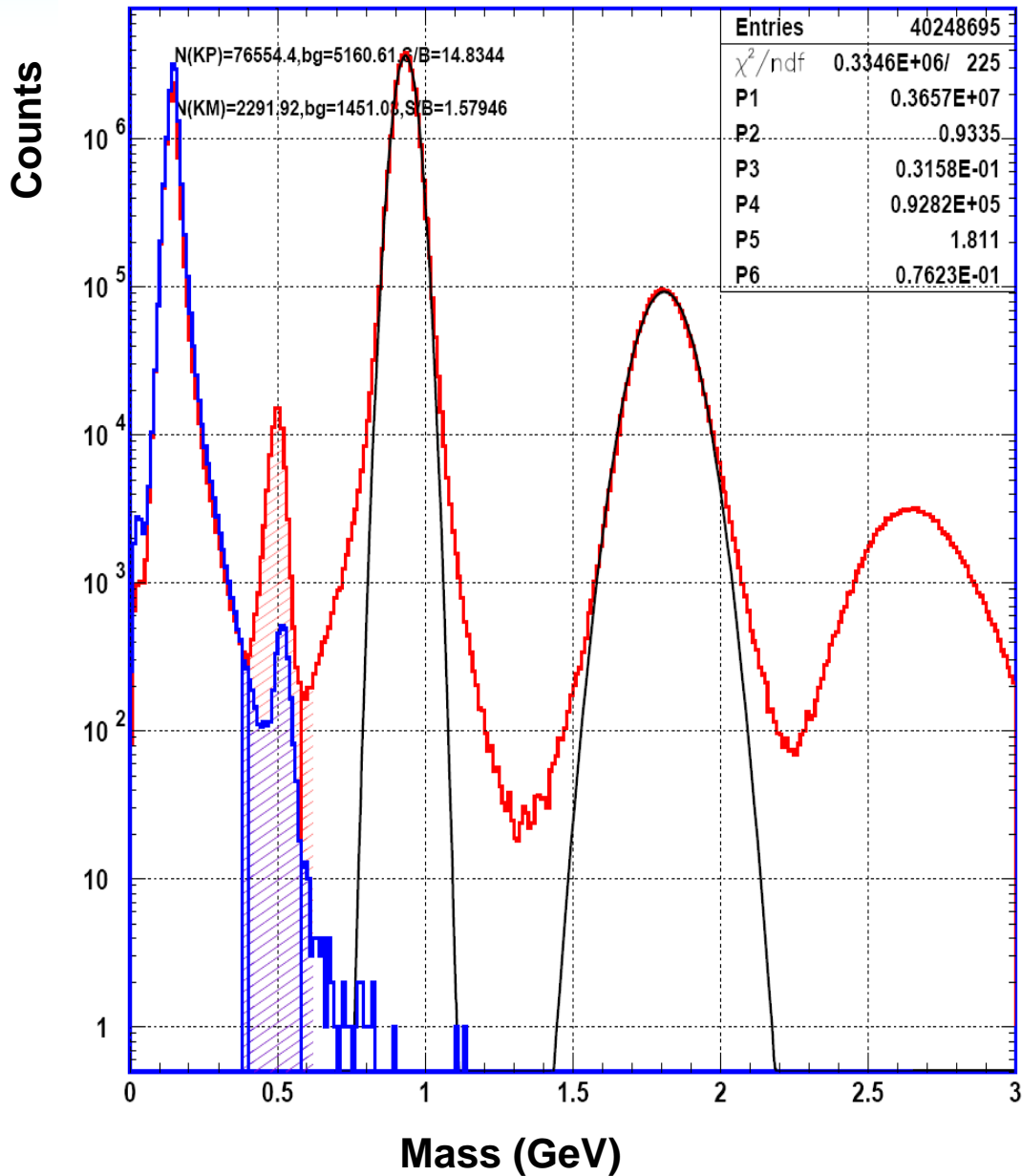


Time resolution from
fast pion tracks ($p_{\text{lab}} > 0.5 \text{ GeV}/c$)

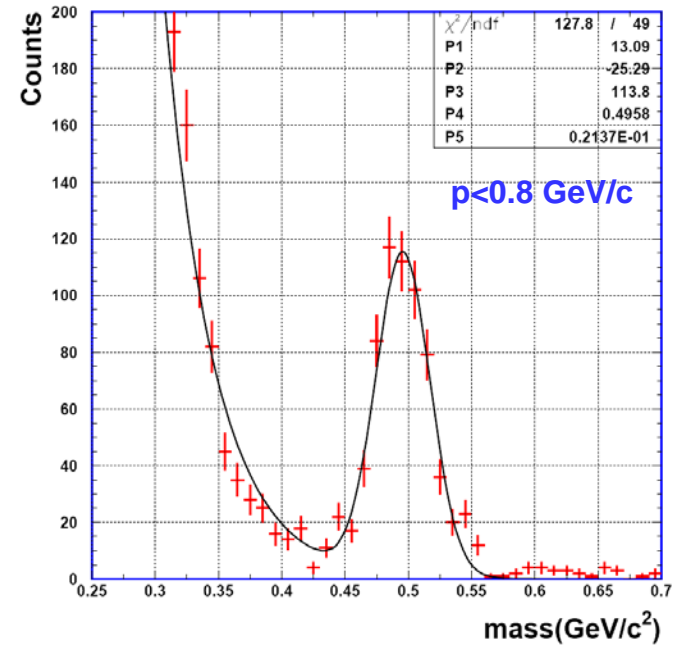


Performance:
 $\sigma_{\text{system}} \sim 90 \text{ ps}$
 $\sigma_{\text{RPC}} \sim 65 \text{ ps}$

PID with FOPI III

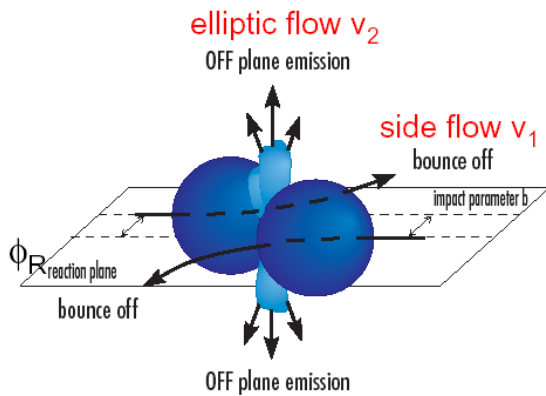


**K⁻ - PID:
S/B > 10**



**Significant improvement of
Signal-over-Background (S/B) ratio.
Extension of Phase-space with TOF - PID**

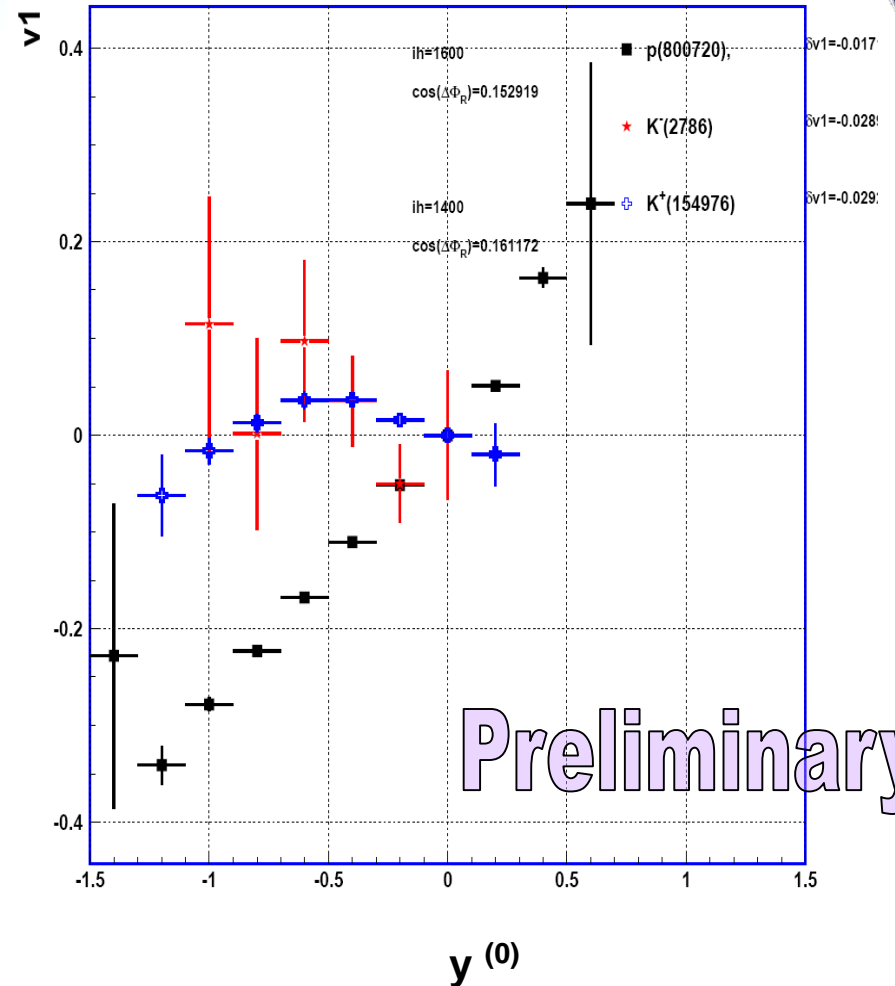
Kaon – flow measurements



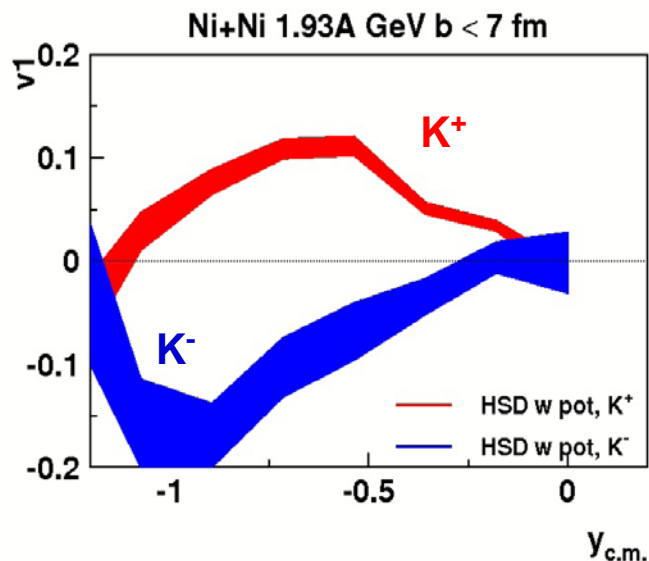
directed flow:

Ni+Ni @ 1.91 AGeV
(2008 data)

$$\sigma_{\text{trig}}/\sigma_{\text{reac}}=40\%$$



Theoretical expectation (HSD)

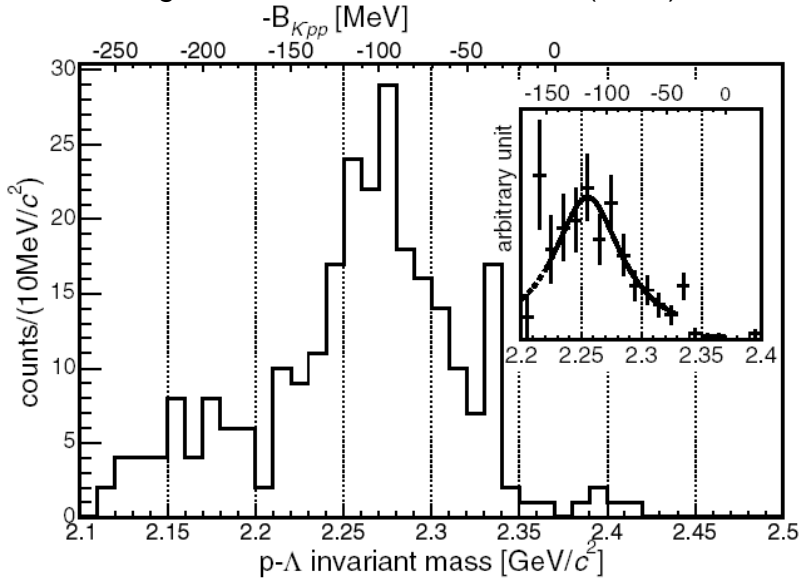


For K^- no consistent description yet by transport models.
HSD – E. Bratkovskaya et al. (Frankfurt, Giessen)
IQMD – C. Hartnack et al. (Nantes)

Evidence for $(ppK^-)_{\text{bound}}$

FINUDA @ DaΦne

M. Agnello et al., PRL 94, 212303 (2005)



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$$

$$K^- + \Lambda \rightarrow (ppK^-) + X \rightarrow \Lambda + p + X$$

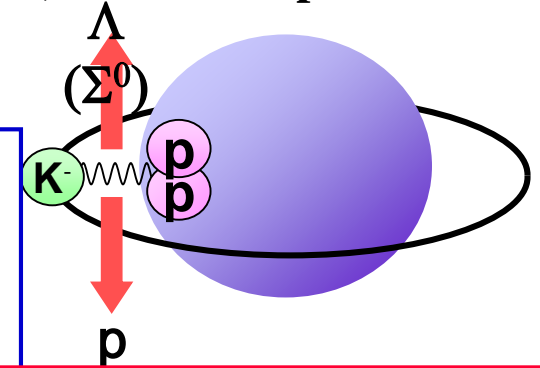
Production probability:

PBR = 0.1% per stopped K^-

Peak parameter:

$$M = 2.255 \pm 0.009 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 67^{+14+2}_{-11-3} \text{ MeV}$$



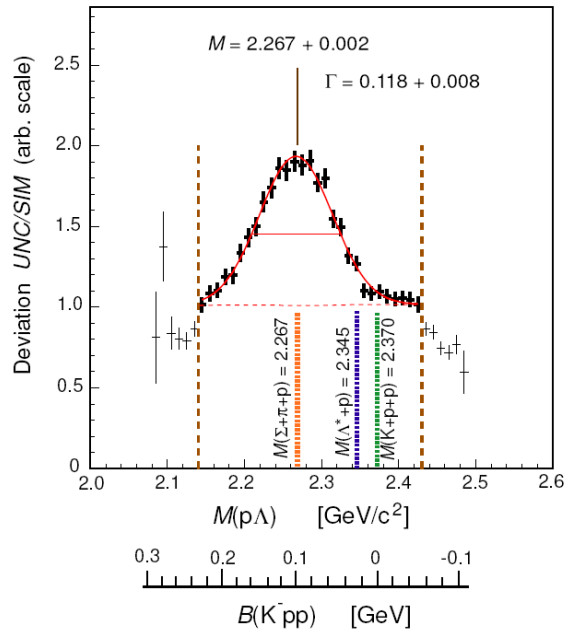
**Controversial interpretation:
2N absorption + rescattering**

V.K. Magas, E. Oset, et al., nucl-th/0601013

Reanalysis of old DISTO data:

T. Yamazaki, et al., Exa2008, Vienna, Sep. 2008, arXiv:0810.5182 (nucl-ex)

$$p + p \rightarrow K^+ + X \rightarrow K^+ + \Lambda + p \text{ at } 2.85\text{GeV}$$



Production probability:

$$X / \Lambda = 0.1$$

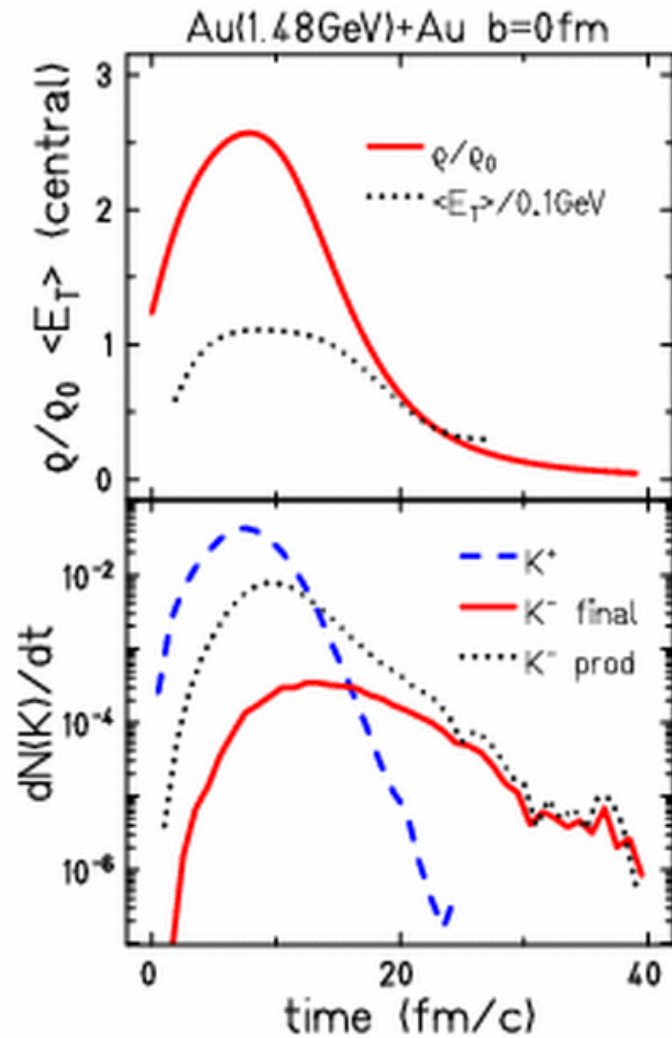
Peak parameter:

$$M = 2.265 \pm 0.002 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 118 \pm 0.008 \text{ MeV}$$

Antikaon Cluster Production in HI collisions

IQMD, C.Hartnack, Nantes



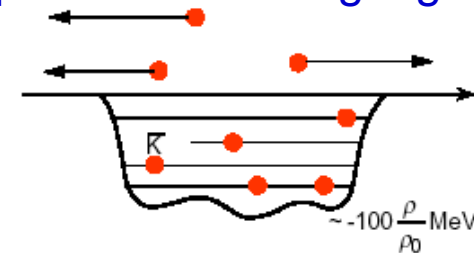
**Central density in HI collisions
from transport model calculations:**

$$\rho_{\text{max}} = 2-3 \cdot \rho_0$$

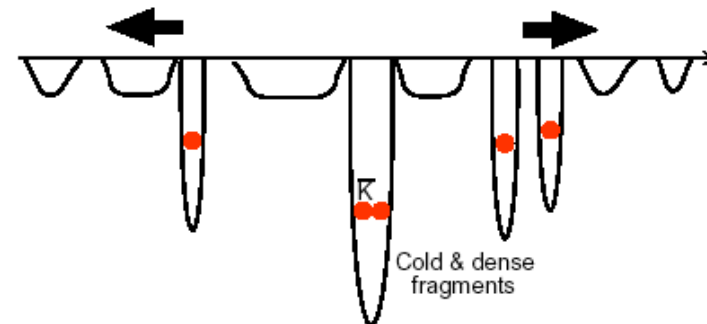
Possible mechanism for cluster formation:

T.Yamazaki et al., NPA738,168 (2004)

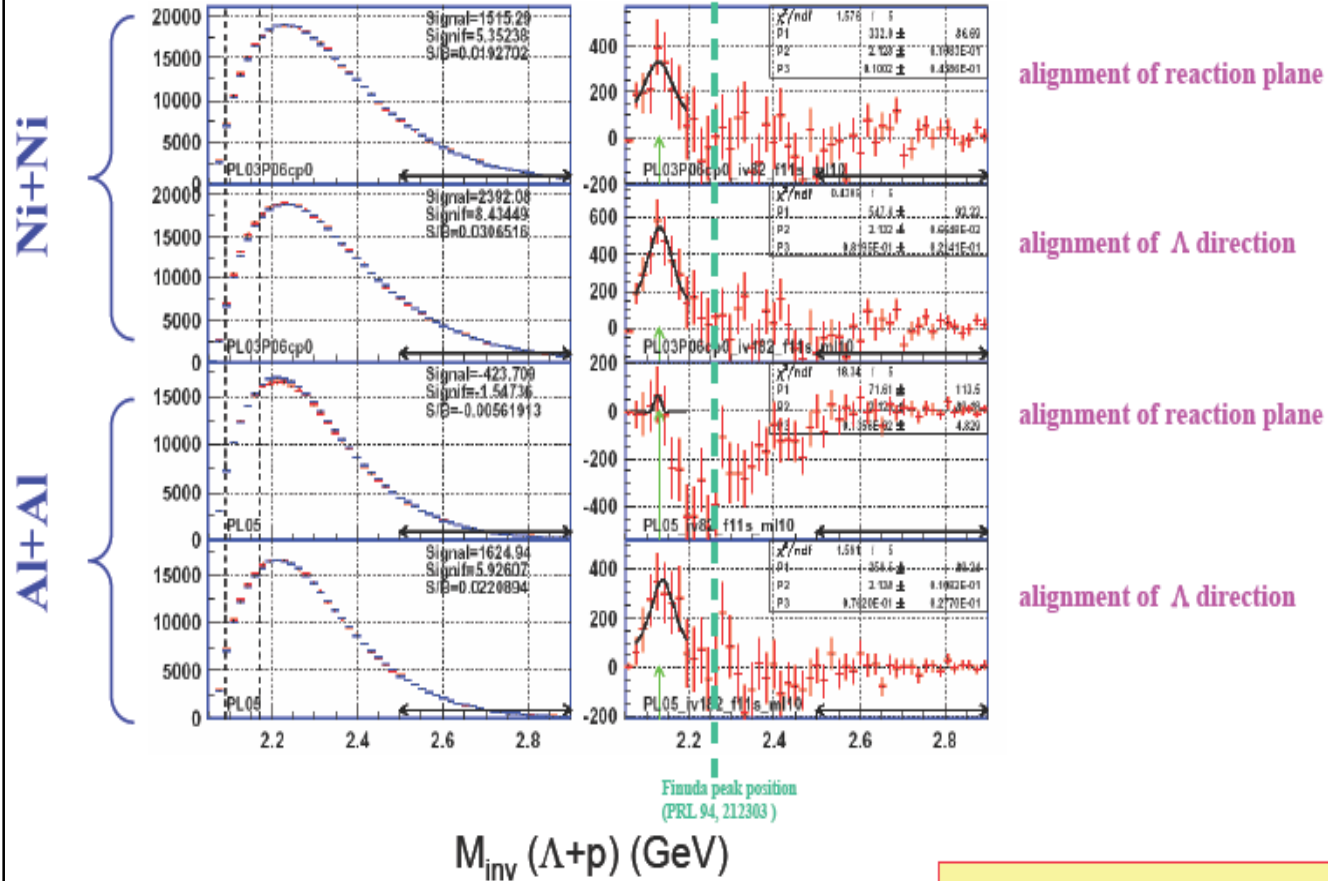
1) Kaon production during high density phase



2) capture of K^- in deep trapping centers



Dibaryons: Ni (2003) – Al (2005) comparison



Literature:

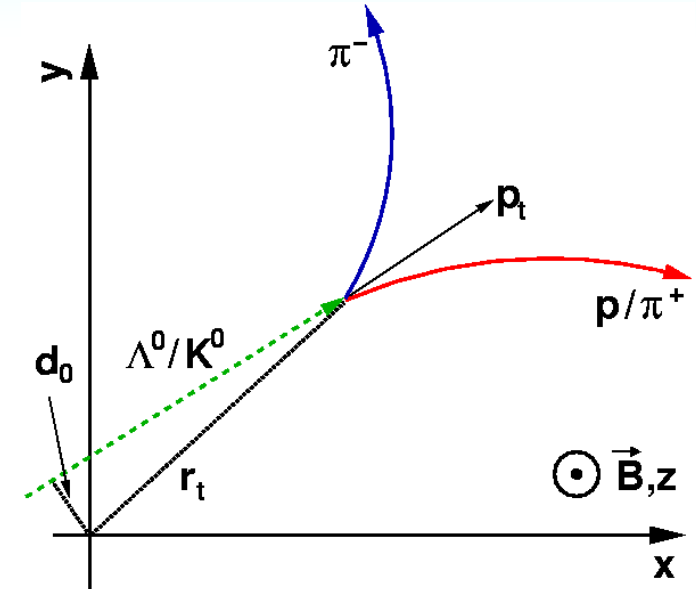
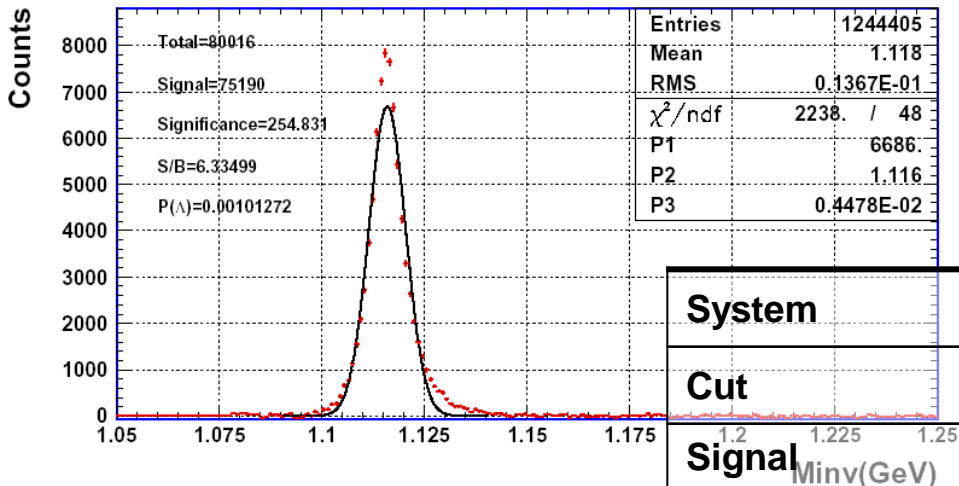
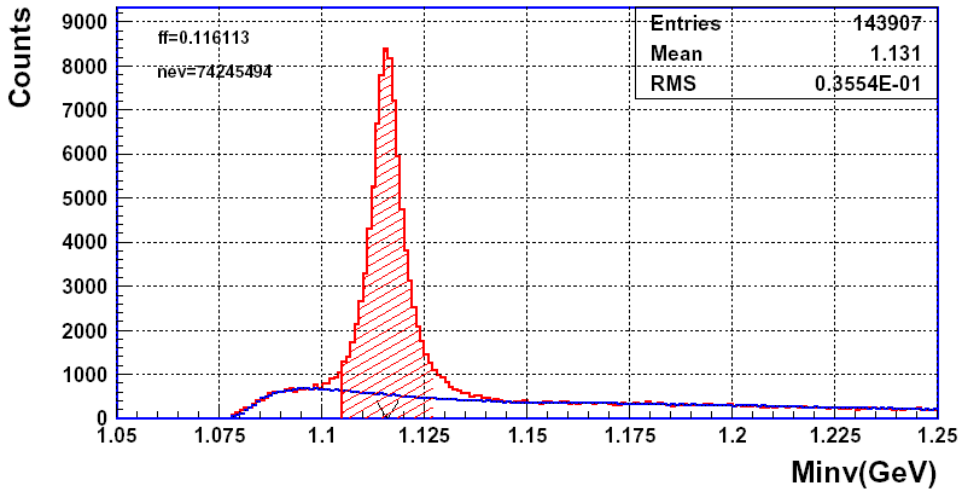
Strange Dibaryon H_1^+ , $M=2.13$ GeV, $\Gamma=17$ MeV
 C.Pigot et al. (Rome-Saclay-Vanderbilt Collaboration), NPB 249 (1985) 172
 Λp resonance in $K^+D \rightarrow \pi^+pA$ at rest,
 $M_1=2.128$ GeV, $\Gamma_1=7$ MeV and $M_2=2.138$ GeV, $\Gamma_2=9.1$ MeV
 Tai Ho Tan, PRL 23, 101 (1969)

Peak position: 2.13 ± 0.02 GeV
Reflection of other resonances?
Work in progress ...

Λ – reconstruction



Ni+Ni @ 1.93 AGeV (2003)



Signal-over-background depends on selection cuts

System	Ni+Ni		Al+Al		p+CH ₂		p+CD ₂	
	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”
Signal	136k	75k	207k	109k	8760	4420	2390	1275
S/B	1.6	6.0	2.7	8.9	6.0	17.6	4.6	15.5
Signal scaling	2	1	1.9	1	2.0	1	1.9	1
Background scaling	8	1	6.3	1	5.8	1	6.3	1

Reconstruction of short lived resonances in HI collisions



$\Sigma^*(1385)$ subthreshold production,

X. Lopez et al. (FOPI), PRC 76, 052203(R) (2007)

$$\Sigma^* \rightarrow \Lambda + \pi \quad (88 \pm 2\%)$$

$$\rightarrow \mathbf{p} + \pi^- + \pi$$

$$\Gamma = 39.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$c\tau = 5 \text{ fm}$$

$$E_{NN}^{\text{thr}} = 2.33 \text{ GeV}$$

$$K^* \rightarrow K + \pi \quad (88 \pm 2\%)$$

$$\Gamma = 50.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$c\tau = 4 \text{ fm}$$

$$E_{NN}^{\text{thr}} = 2.75 \text{ GeV}$$

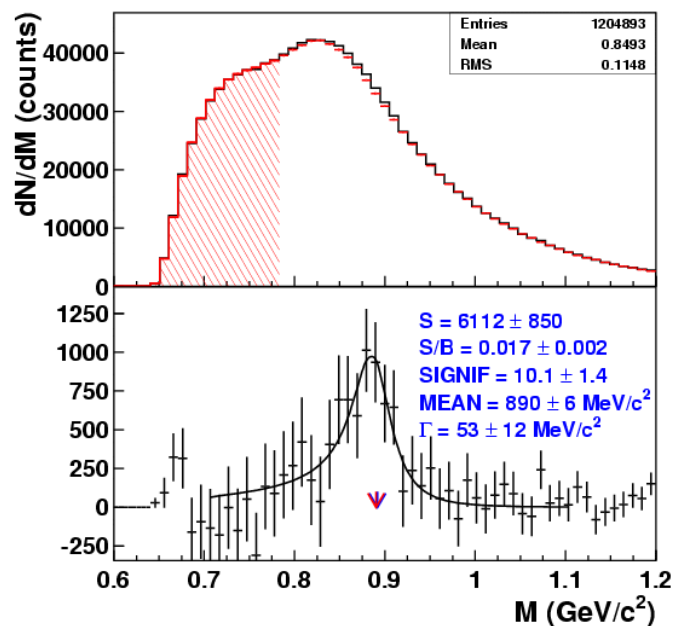
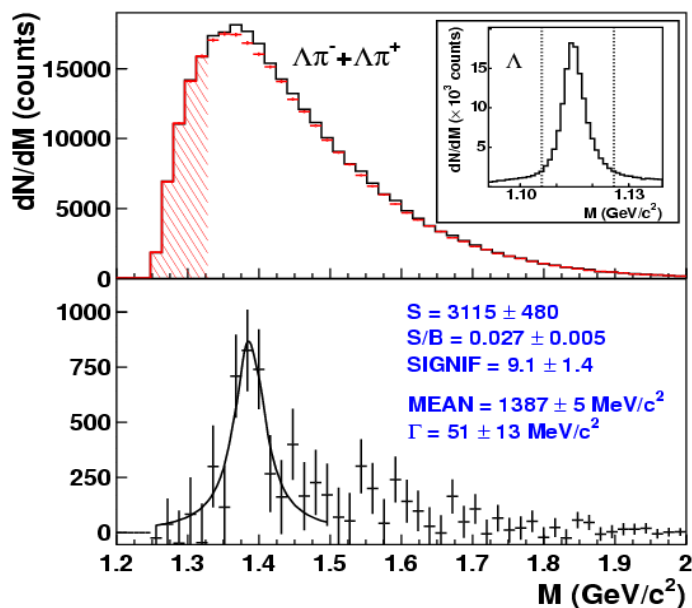
Exp. Conditions:

Al+Al at 1.92 AGeV,

21 d running (Aug 2005)

$5 \cdot 10^8$ recorded events

10 TByte raw data



$$P_{\text{det}} \approx 10^{-5}$$

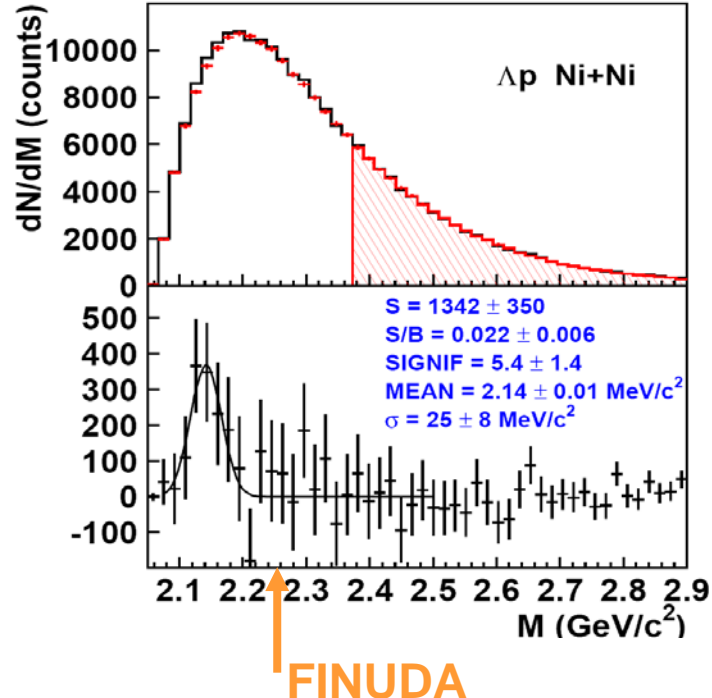
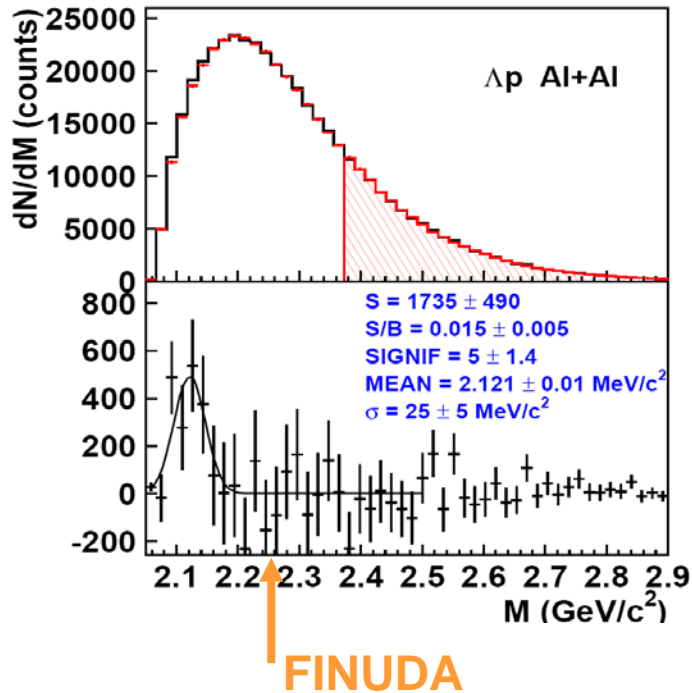
FOPIs reconstruction method and background construction by event mixing works for wide resonances.

Masses and widths of Σ^* and K^* consistent with PDG values.

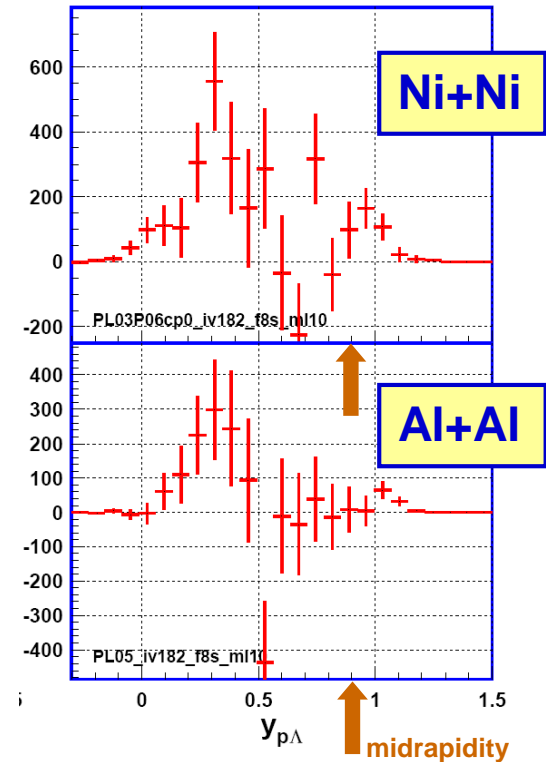
Search for ppK^- (2003/2005 data)



Δp – invariant mass



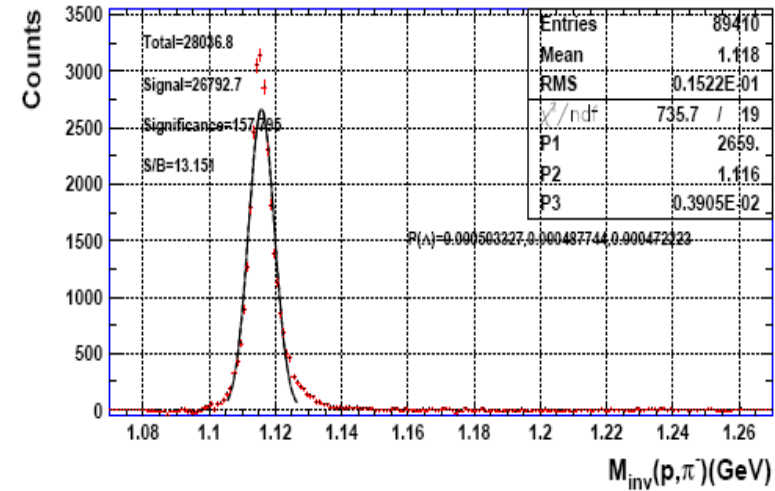
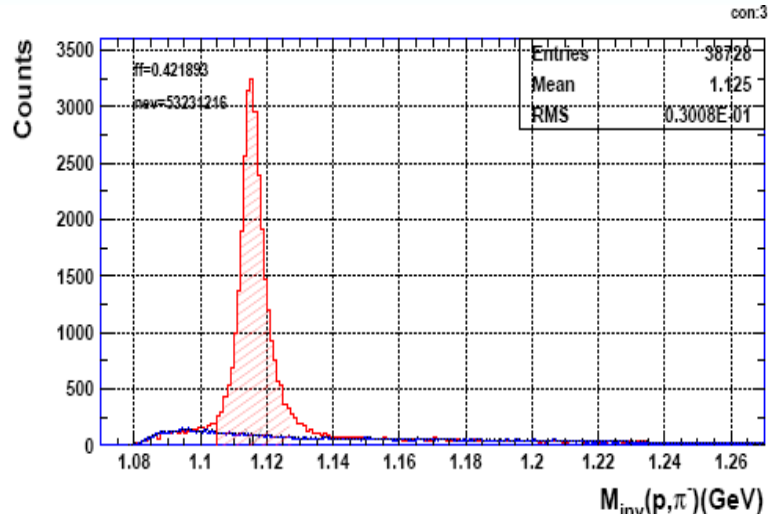
Rapidity distribution



Excess observed in Ni+Ni and Al+Al with statistical significance of ~ 5 in 2 independent analysis.

Yield located in spectator/fireball interface region $y < 0.65$ (like non-strange clusters).

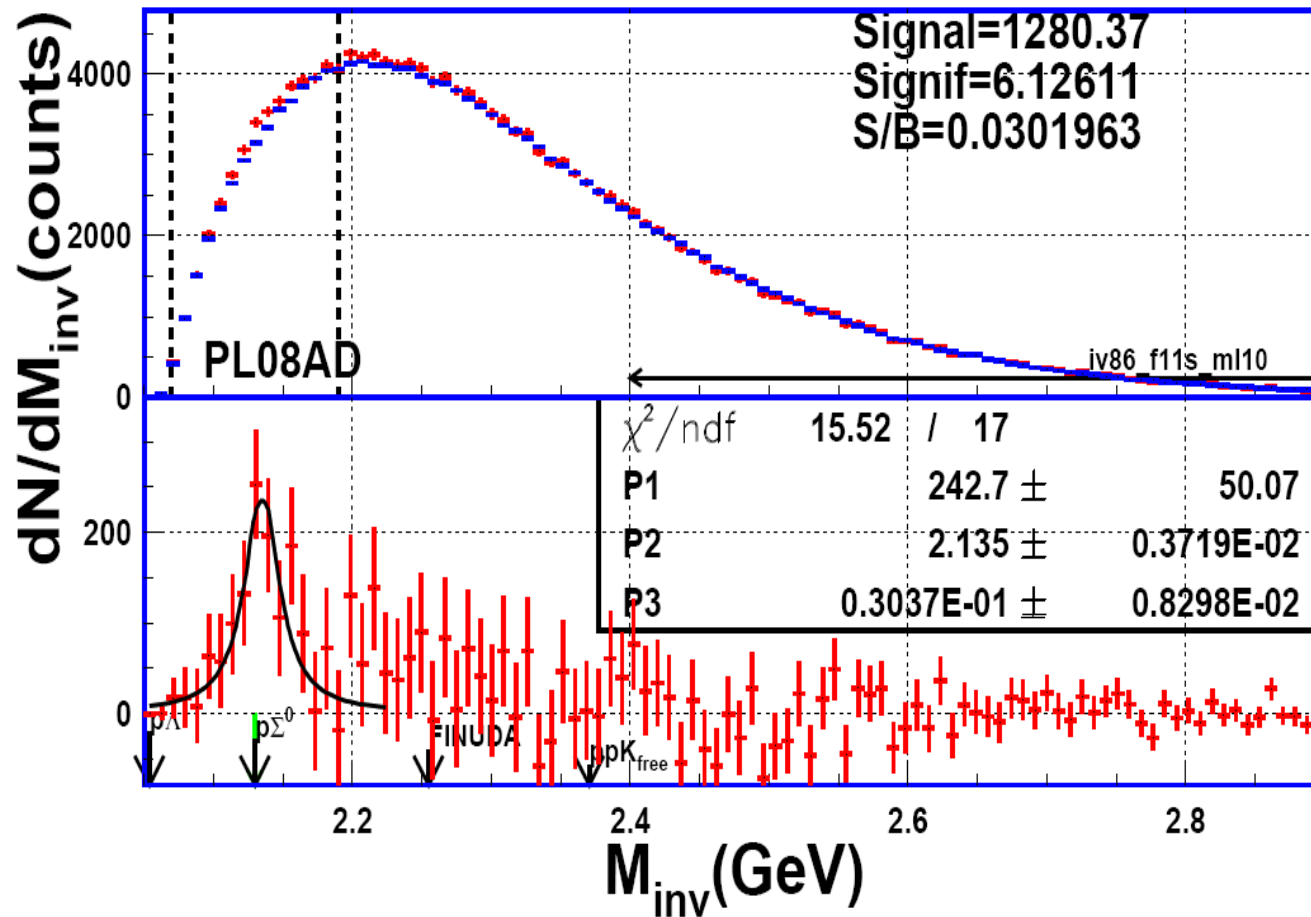
New data S325/S325e (2007/2008)



System	Ni+Ni (2003)		Al+Al(2005)		Ni+Ni (2007)		Ni+Ni(2008)	
	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”	“p”	“s”
Signal	136k	75k	207k	109k	20k	10k	54k	27k
S/B	1.6	6.0	2.7	8.9	2.4	8.7	3.4	12.2
Signal scaling	2.0	1	1.9	1	2.0	1	2.0	1
Background scaling	6.8	1	6.3	1	7.2	1	7.2	1

2007/2008 data triggered with less stringent centrality requirement

Δp – invariant mass (2008 data)

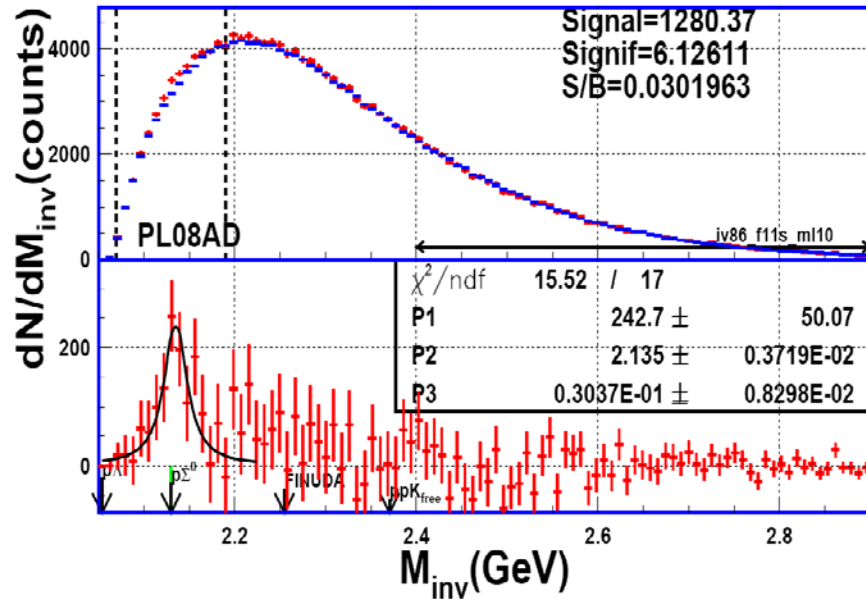


Peak present in 2008 data with same cuts as for 2003/2005 data,
S/B larger than in 2003 data,
Additional strength in the mass range $2.2 < M_{inv} < 2.3$ GeV possible.

Strange Dibaryon



Λp – invariant mass (2008 data)



R.Siebert et al., NPA 567,819 (1984) - SPES4/SATURNE II

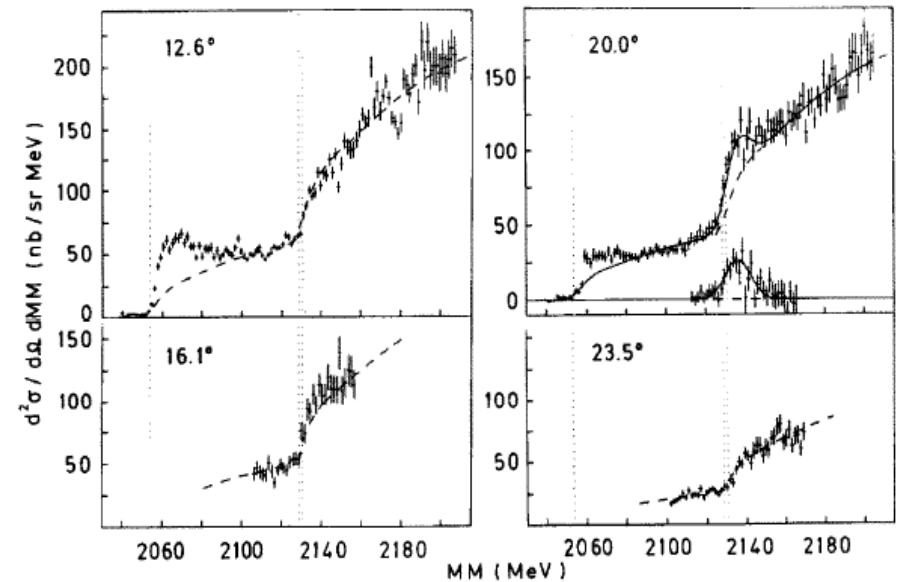


Fig. 6. Inclusive missing mass spectra for $pp \rightarrow K^+X$ at 2.7 GeV incident energy. The kaon laboratory scattering angles are 12.6° , 16.1° , 20.0° and 23.5° . The bins are 1.5 MeV wide. The resolutions (FWHM) are approximately 3 MeV (12.6°), 4 MeV (16.1°), 3.5 MeV (20.0°) and 5 MeV (23.5°). The dashed lines show the 3-body phase-space to which a fitted gaussian distribution centered at 2136 MeV was added at 20.0° . This peak is also shown separately.

Peak position consistent with p+p scattering data: $M=2.135 \pm 0.004\text{GeV}$

Suggested interpretation: D_t ($q_4 \times q_2$ structure)

A.T.M. Aerts and C.B. Dover, Phys. Lett. B146, 95 (1984)

Object also seen in $K^- + d \rightarrow \Lambda p \pi^-$ (O. Braun et al., NPB 124,45 (1977))

Interpretation: ΣN – bound state H(2129)

Transport model calculations including Cusp in K^+ - production ongoing

Yield –ratio $(\Lambda p)/\Lambda=0.024$ consistent with thermal model prediction: 0.018 (x3)

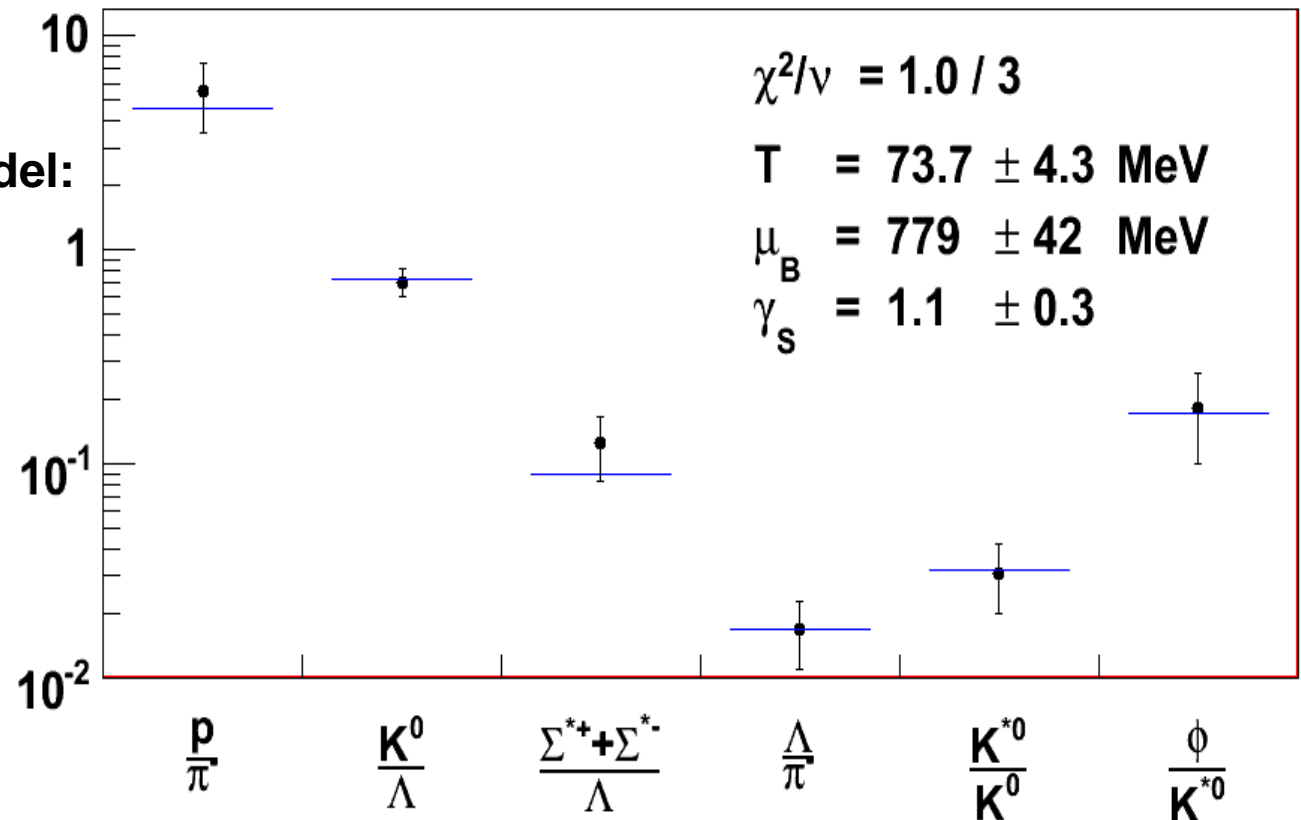
Particle yields at freeze-out

6 independent ratios with 5 strange particles:
 p , π^- , K^0 , $(\Lambda+\Sigma^0)$, $K^{*0}(892)$ and $\Sigma^{*\pm}(1385)$, ϕ
in Al+Al @ 1.9 AGeV

Preliminary

Comparison to statistical model:

- canonical ensemble ($\gamma_s = 1$)
- fit to 5 ratios
- ϕ/K^{*0} is a prediction



Calc.: K. Piasecki (THERMUS)

Thermal equilibrium model works surprisingly well for Al+Al with $\gamma_s=1$!

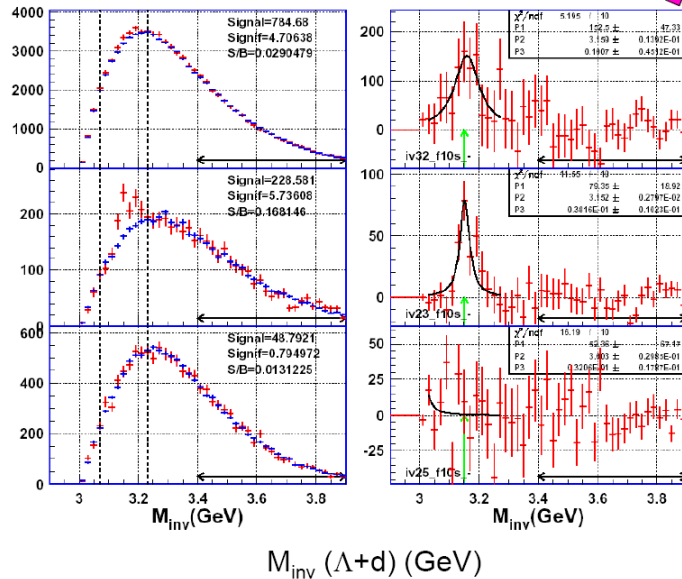
Strange Cluster search in HI - collisions

since 2003: $ppnK^-$??

Λd - Correlation Signal

Subevents rotated
Vertex shifted
Lambda Cut "s"

Possible decay channel:
 $ppnK^- \rightarrow \Lambda + d$



Data

Signal-MC

Background-MC

Cuts:

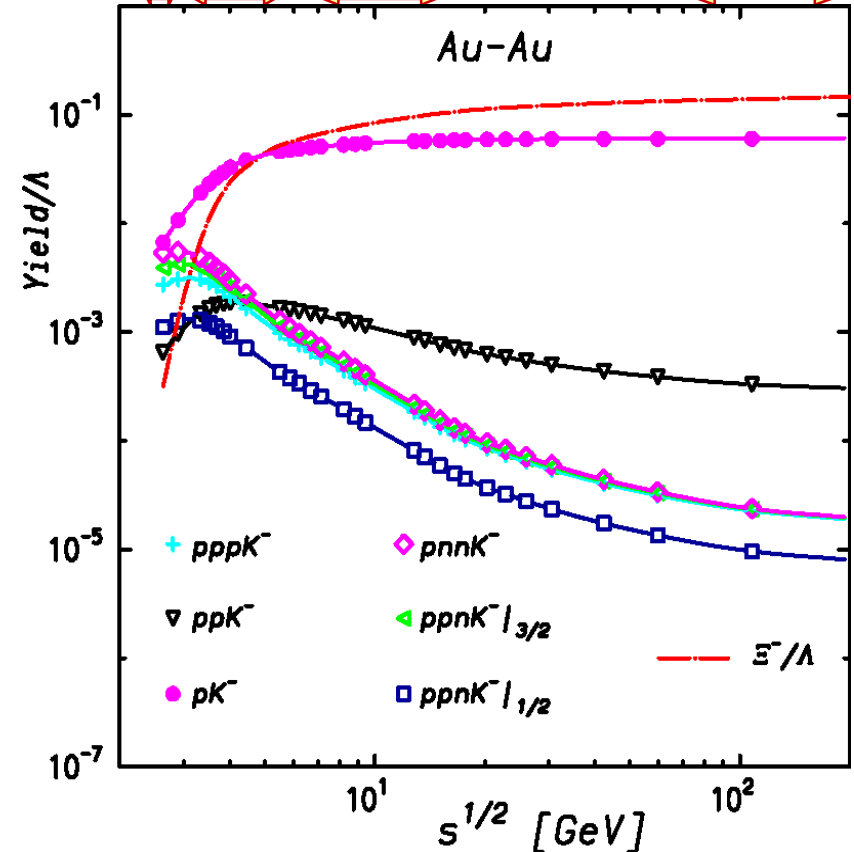
PT3MIN	
D03MAX	
PT3M	
PT3MAX	
S dxy3max	
MBLOW	1.7
MBHIGH	
DML	
DPHL3MIN	30
YDLMAX	0.65
PTDLMIN	
PTDLMAX	
CCNT	<10
BMBMIN	
E10	

Systematics ?

$M > M(\text{KEK}) = 3.14 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma \gg \Gamma(\text{KEK}) < 20 \text{ MeV}$

SIS, AGS, SPS, RHIC



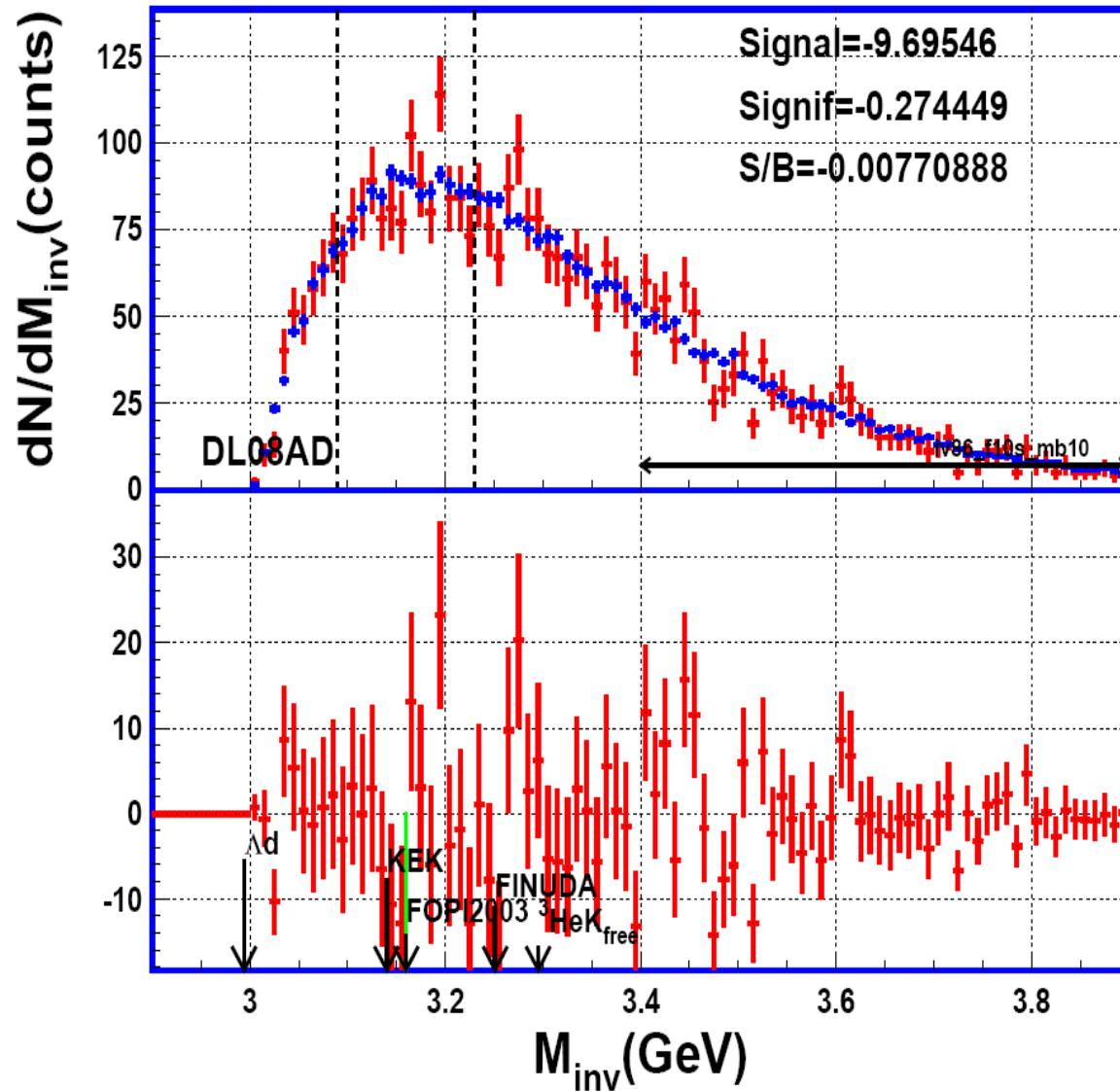
A. Andronic, PBM, K. Redlich (2005), nucl-th/0506083

Yield of single strange clusters per Λ predicted to peak at lowest beam energies

Abundance larger than Ξ - baryon

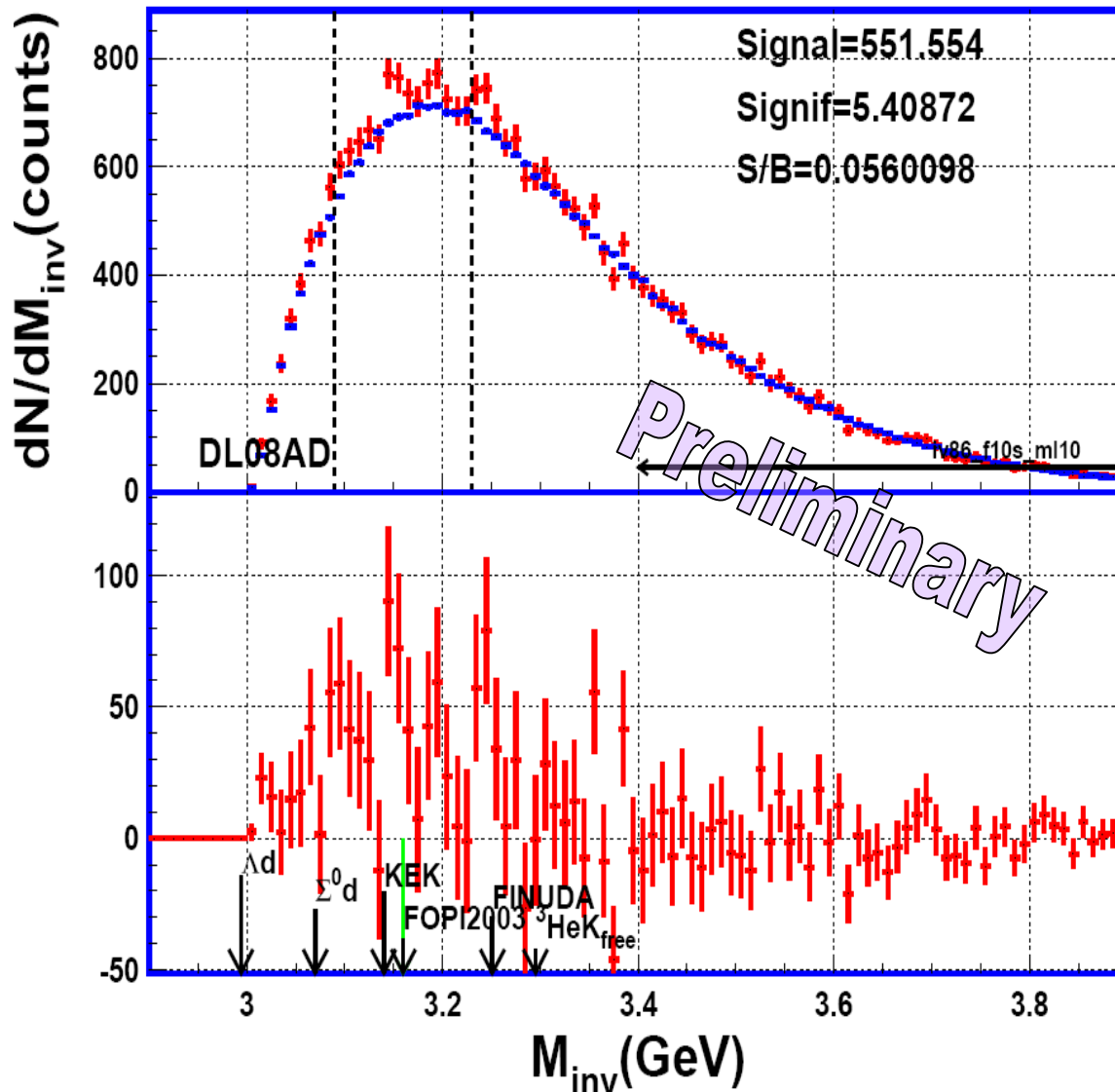
More data are needed ...

Λ_d – correlation (2008 – data)



Sideband analysis: $10 \text{ MeV} < |M_{\Lambda}^{rec} - m_{\Lambda}^{PDG}| < 20 \text{ MeV}$ - no enhancement observed.

Δd – correlation (2008 – data)



Current status of analysis:
(using same selection cuts
And procedures as in 2003)

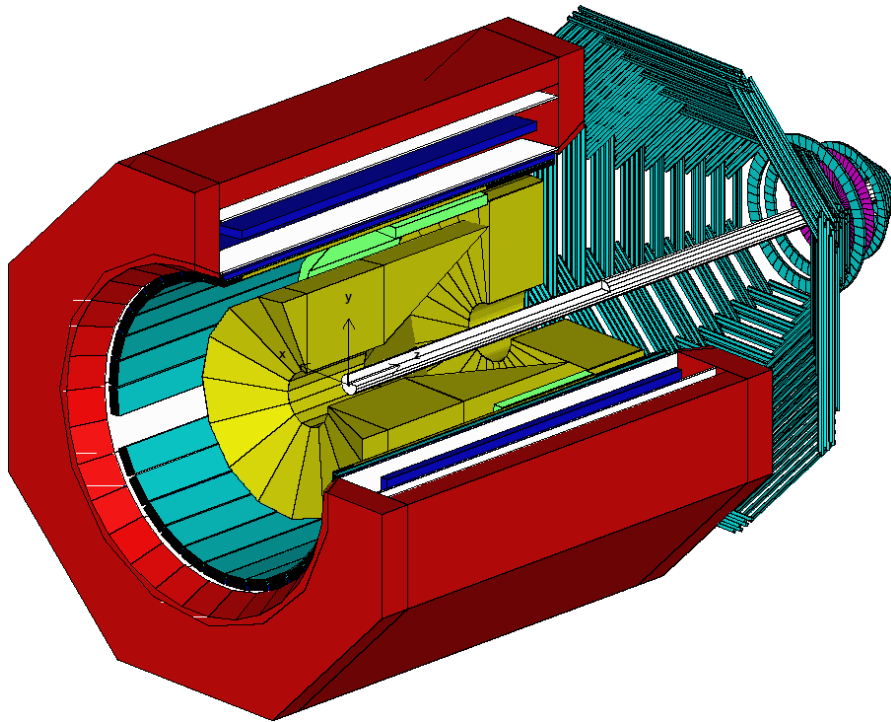
**Excess statistically consistent
with 2003 – data.**

**Statistics not enough to resolve
narrow structures.**

**Slightly more data available
(~factor 4,
although different reactions:
Ni+Pb, Ru+Ru)**

**Significantly more data needed
→ new experiment**

Strange baryon program with FOPI @ GSI



IPNE Bucharest, Romania
CRIP/KFKI Budapest, Hungary
LPC Clermont-Ferrand, France
GSI Darmstadt, Germany
FZ Rossendorf, Germany
Univ. of Warsaw, Poland
IMP Lanzhou, China
TUM, Munich, Germany
+ P. Kienle (TUM), T.Yamazaki(RIKEN)

ITEP Moscow, Russia
Kurchatov Institute Moscow, Russia
Korea University, Seoul, Korea
IReS Strasbourg, France
Univ. of Heidelberg, Germany
RBI Zagreb, Croatia
SMI Vienna, Austria

Objectives:

Strangeness in

HI collision

pion induced reactions

proton-proton collisions

Further talks:

L. Fabbietti: Wed. afternoon

O. Hartmann: Fri. morning

A. Andronic, R. Averbeck, Z. Basrak, N. Bastid, M.L. Benabderramane, P. Bühler, R. Caplar, M. Cargnelli, M. Ciobanu, P. Crochet, I. Deppner, P. Dupieux, M. Dzelalija, L. Fabbietti, F. Fu, **P. Gasik**, O. Hartmann, N. Herrmann, K.D. Hildenbrand, B. Hong, **T.I. Kang**, J. Keskemeti, **Y.J. Kim**, M. Kis, M. Kirejczyk, P. Koczon, M. Korolija, R. Kotte, A. Lebedev, K.S. Lee, **Y. Leifels**, P.-A. Loizeau, **X. Lopez**, J. Marton, M. Merschmeyer, D. Moisa, R. Muenzer, M. Petrovici, **K. Piasecki**, F. Rami, V. Ramillien, A. Reischl, W. Reisdorf, M.S. Ryu, A. Schüttauf, Z. Seres, B. Sikora, K.S. Sim, V. Simion, K. Siwek-Wilczynska, K. Suzuki, Z. Tymiński, K. Wisniewski, Z. Xiao, H.S. Xu, J.T. Yang, I. Yushmanov, A. Zhilin, Y. Zhang, J. Zmeskal

Summary / Conclusion

Strangeness production close to threshold is still not understood.

New RPC TOF barrel operational with $\sigma_{t,\text{system}} \sim 90$ ps.

New data from FOPI at SIS18

- Short lived strange resonances: ϕ , $K^*(892)$, $\Sigma^*(1395)$
chemical equilibrium in Al + Al @ 1.9 AGeV ?
- Flow of charged kaons
strong centrality dependence of K^- - sideflow
- Some indications for strange dibaryon production ($H1^+$, D_t)
first observation of strange dibaryon in HI – collisions

Search for multi-baryonic strange clusters ($ppnK^-$, $pppK^-$) ongoing.

Serious theoretical effort necessary to interpret available and coming data.

Strange hadrons, especially strange multi-baryonic clusters, are an exiting possibility towards the properties of cold dense baryonic matter and non-perturbative QCD.

Strangeness physics from 2-10 AGeV must be continued/ revisited with high statistics!

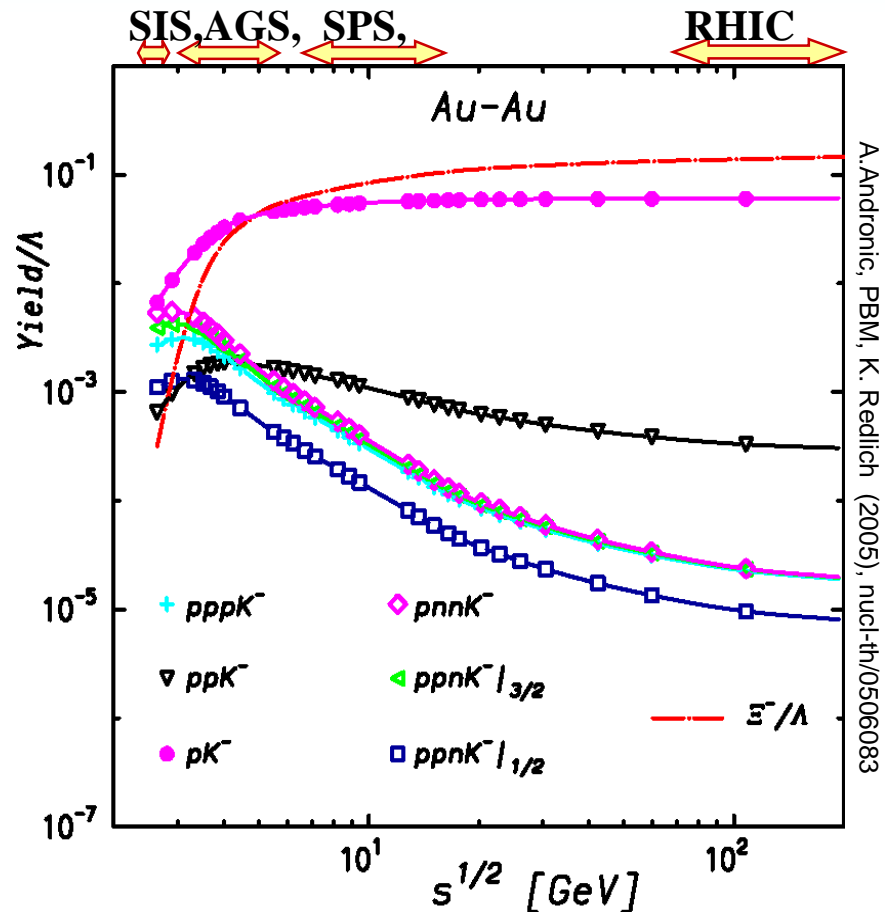
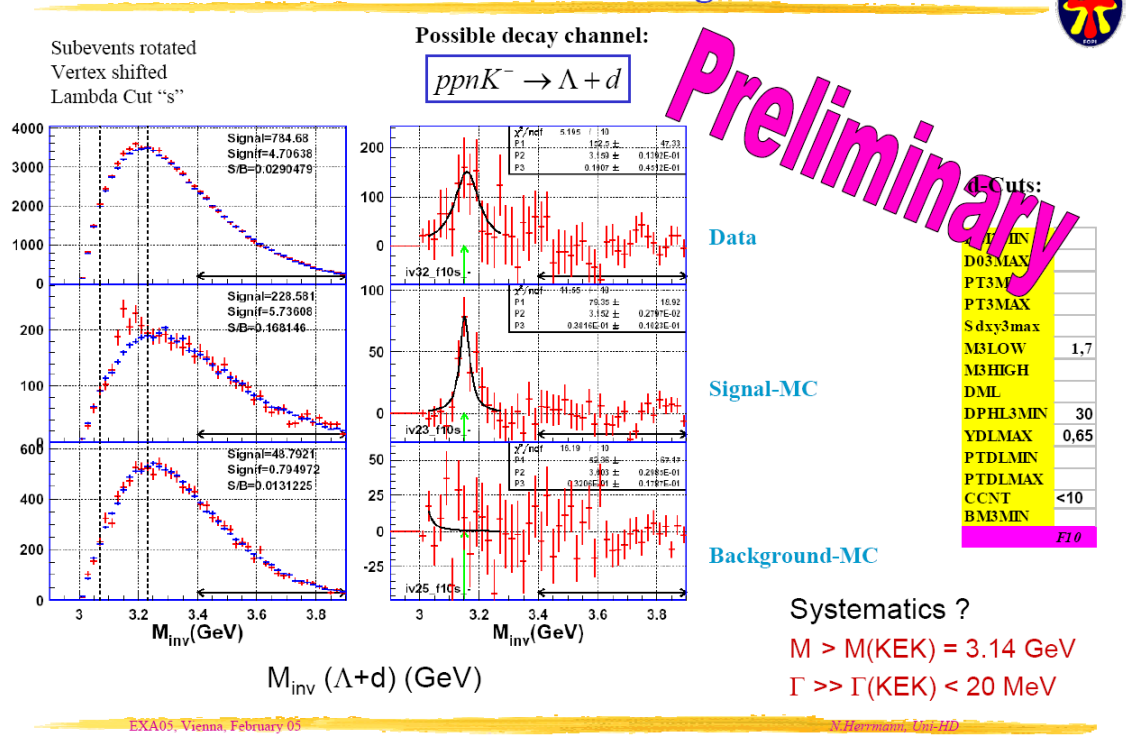
=> FOPI(?)/HADES@SIS18/GSI

=> HADES/CBM @ SIS100/FAIR

Strange cluster search in HI - collisions

since 2003: $ppnK^-$??

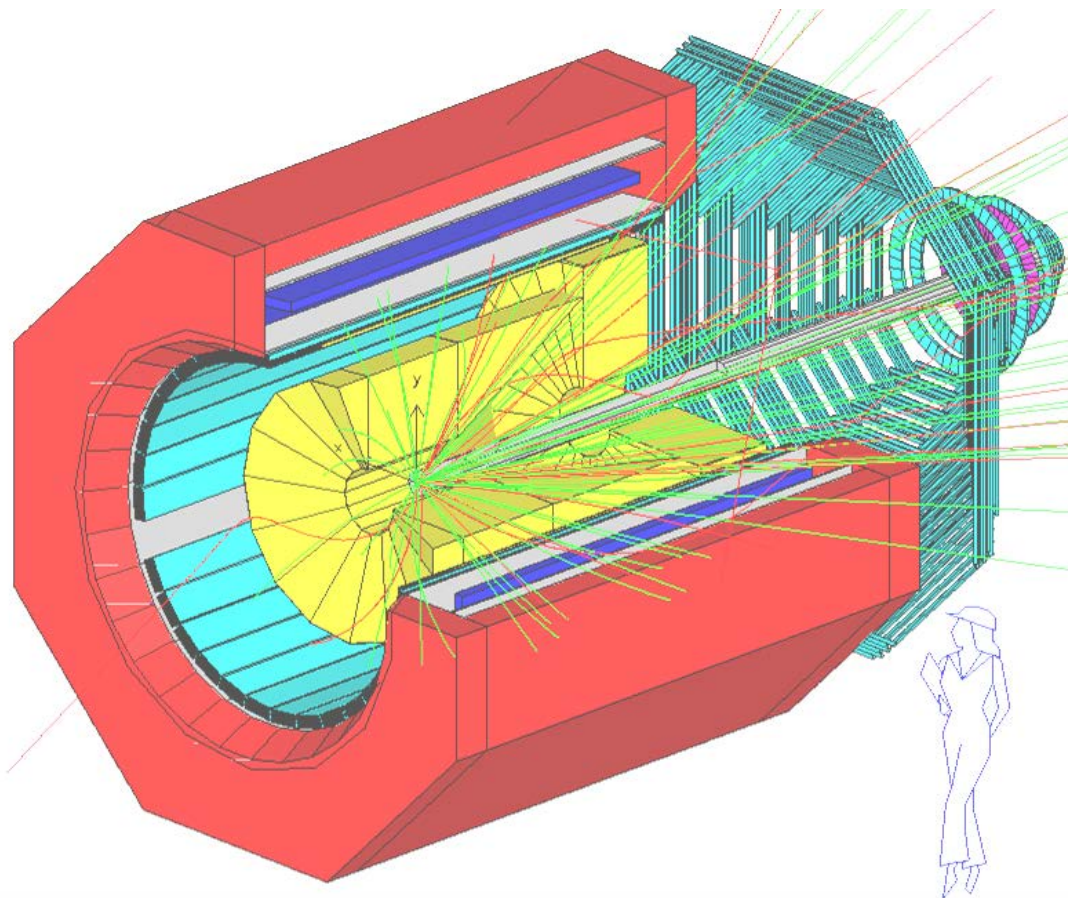
Λd - Correlation Signal



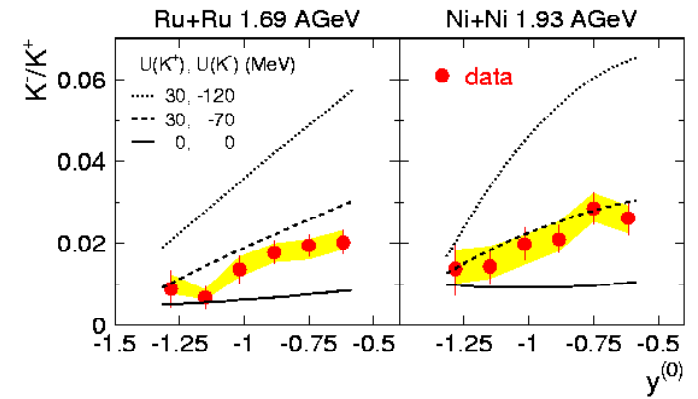
NH, proceedings EXA05, ÖAdW, 73 (2005), ISBN 3-7001-3616-1

**Rapidity constraint necessary for statistical significance,
Width much larger than early predictions,
Abundance larger than Ξ - baryon (consistent with Statistical Hadronisation Model).
More data are needed ...**

Status ~ 2002

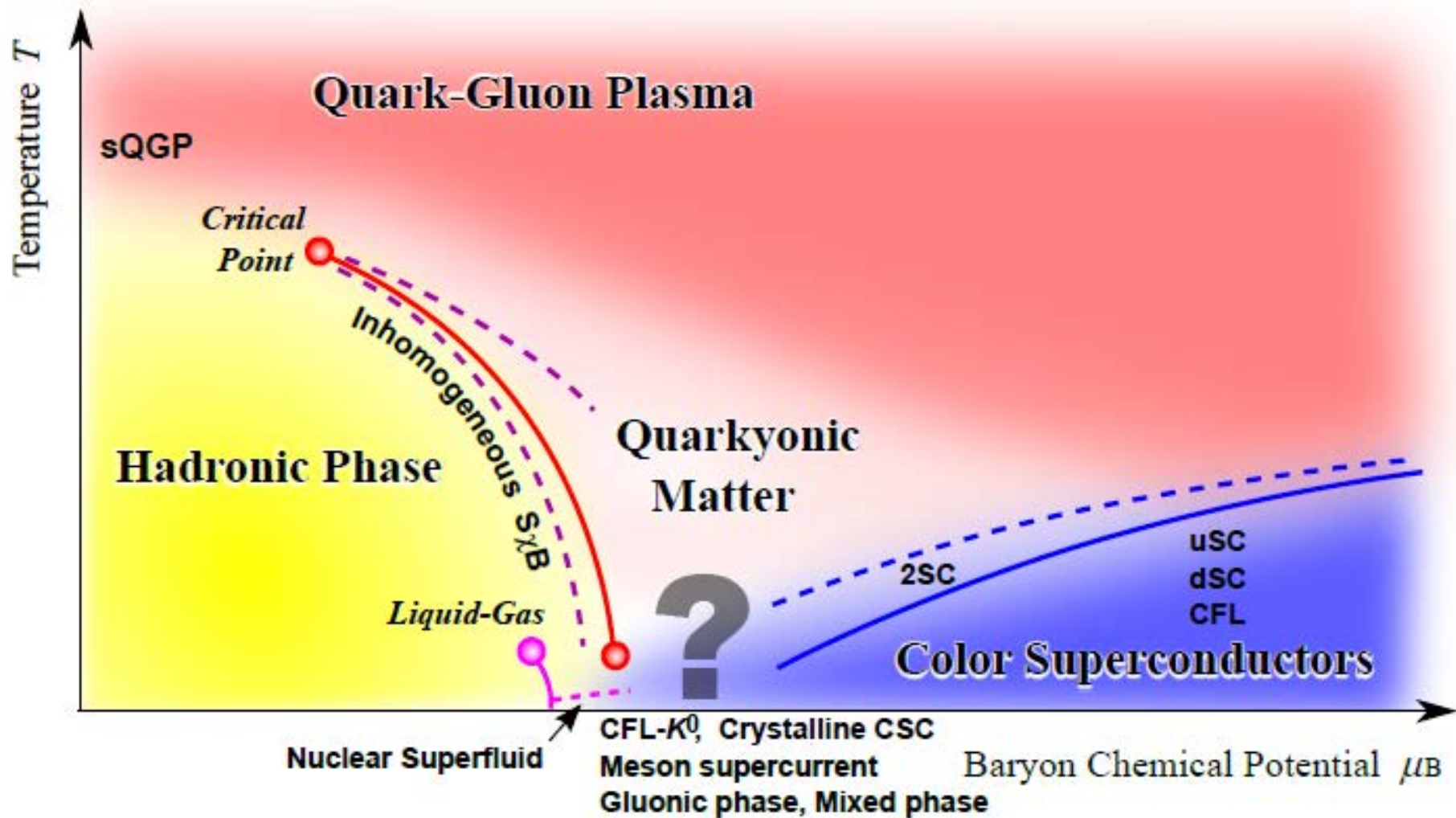


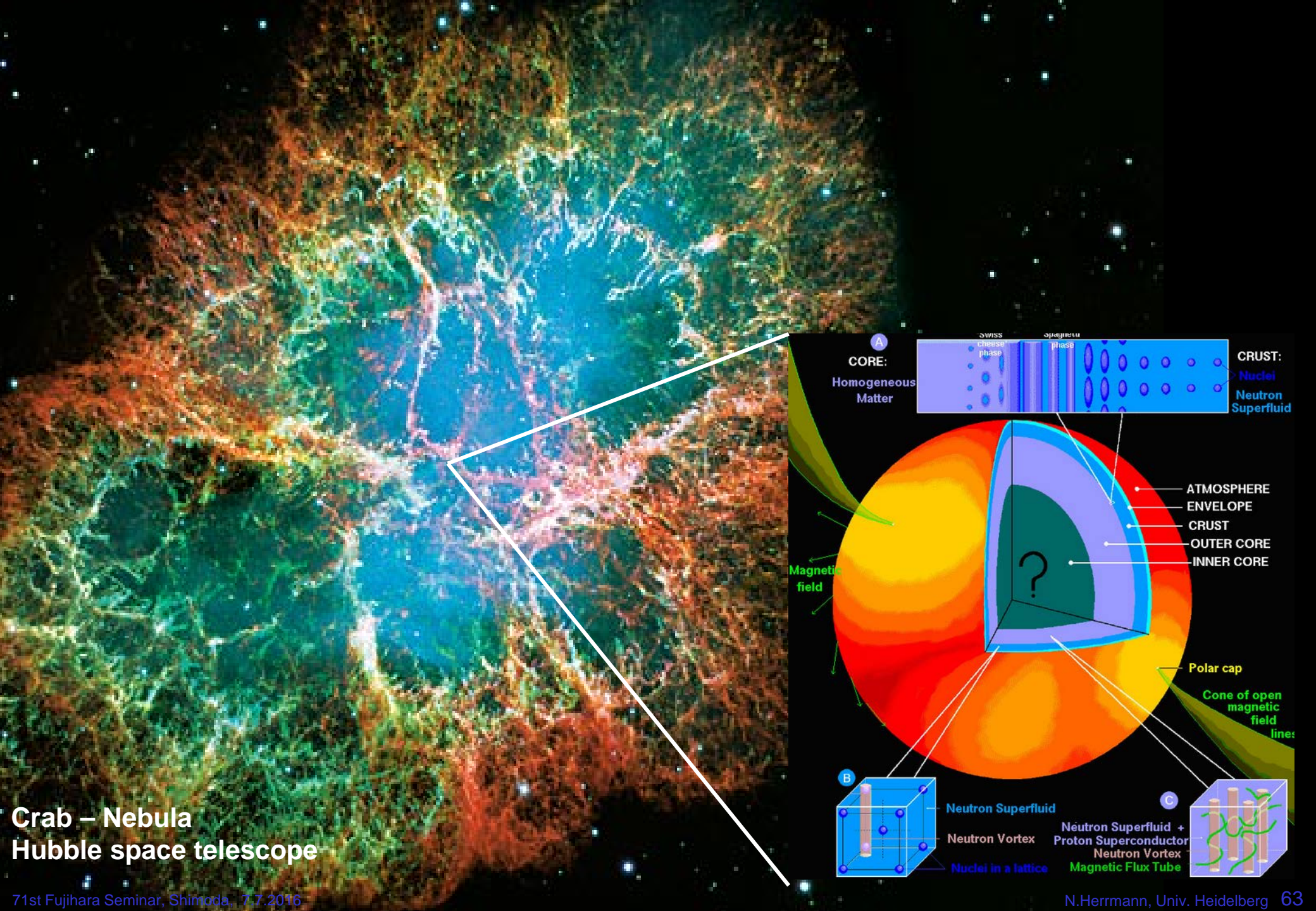
Evidence for attractive Kaon potential



Y. J. Kim, FOP (GSI)

QCD – phase diagram

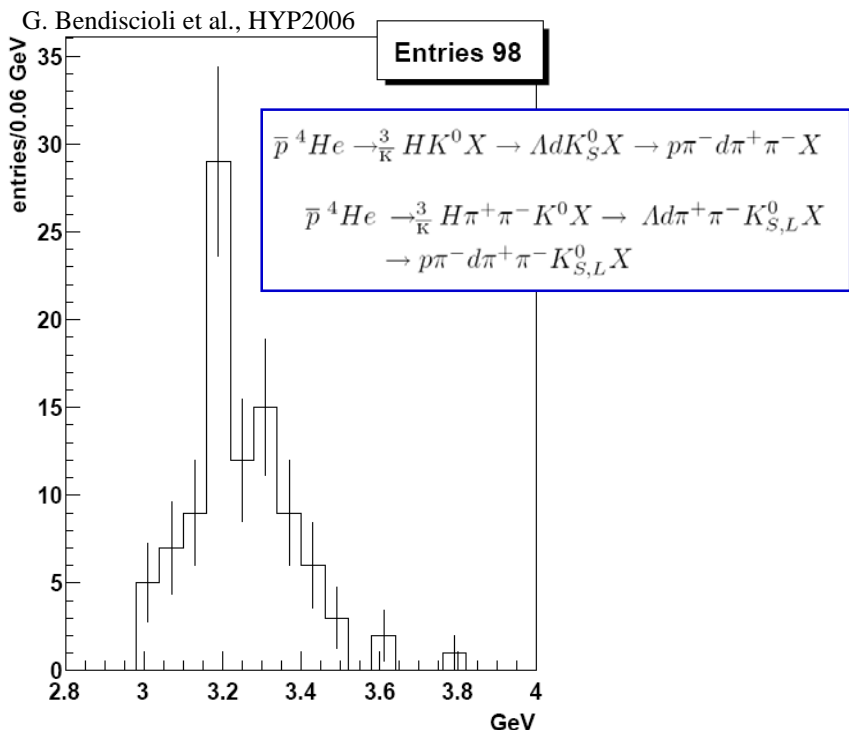




Crab – Nebula
Hubble space telescope

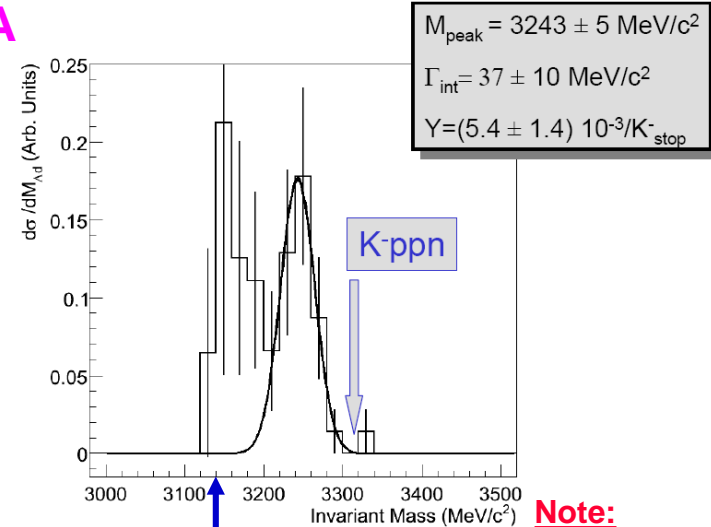
Status of $ppnK^- \rightarrow \Lambda d$ - search

OBELIX



${}^6\text{Li}$: Λd invariant mass

FINUDA



S. Piano (FINUDA) HYP2006

KEK, FOPI

Note:
Structure not seen
on ${}^{12}\text{C}$ target

		M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	P/ Λ	P/(IN)	Sign (σ)
FOPI	HI: Al+Al	-	-	-	-	-
	HI: Ni+Ni	3149 ± 15	100 ± 49	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-5}$	4.9
FINUDA	K^- stopped on ${}^6\text{Li}$	3251 ± 6	37 ± 14		$4.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	3.9
KEK E549	K^- stopped in LHe	+	+	-	-	-
Obelix	\bar{p} stopped in ${}^4\text{He}$	3190 ± 15	< 60.		$> 0.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$	2.6