

# Calibration of the Straw Tracker for COSY-TOF

## PANDA Meeting Torino 2009

June 16, 2009 | Matthias Röder, Jim Ritman, Pierre Voigtländer, Peter Wintz  
for the COSY-TOF Collaboration

# Outline

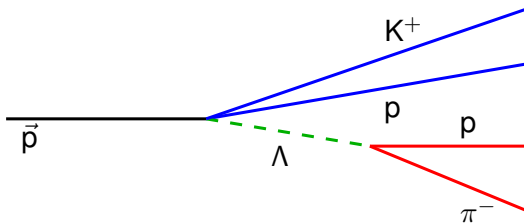
Introduction to the new COSY-TOF STT

Calibration of the COSY-TOF STT

Conclusions for PANDA STT Calibration

# Motivation for new STT in COSY-TOF

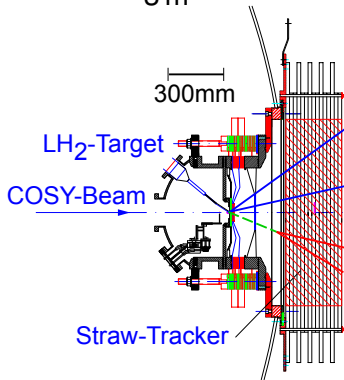
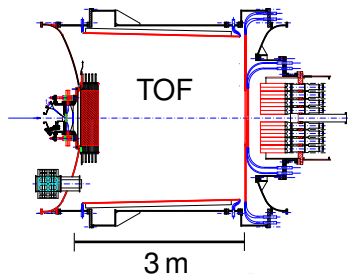
- Investigate SU(3) flavour symmetry w/ strangeness physics
- Determine spin-triplet  $p\Lambda$  scattering length to 0.3 fm accuracy
- Measure  $p\Lambda$  invariant mass spectrum in  $\vec{p}p \rightarrow pK\Lambda$  with  $5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  resolution




⇒ **Need new Tracker** with

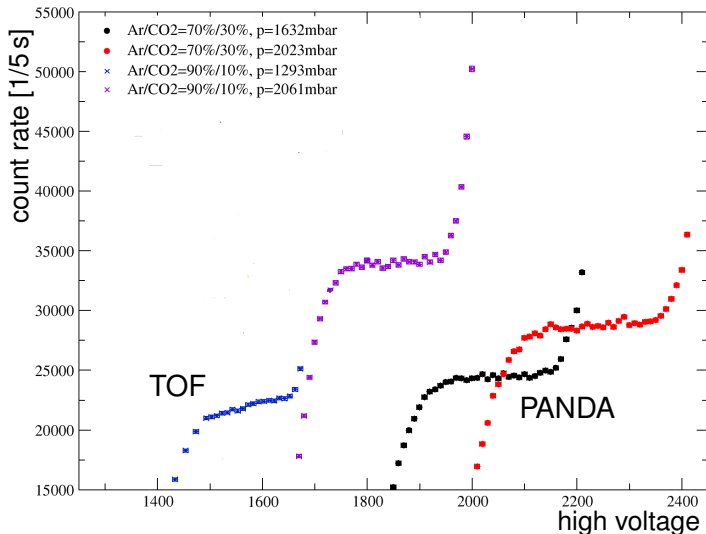
- $\leq 150 \mu\text{m}$  spatial resolution
- factor 2 improvement in  $pK\Lambda$  reconstruction efficiency

# The New Vacuum Straw Tracker



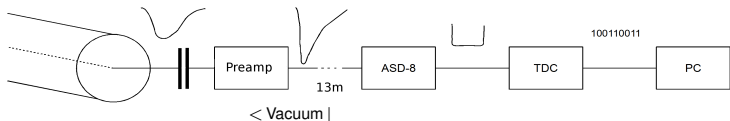
- 2740 drift tubes ( $l=1\text{ m}$ ,  $\varnothing=10\text{ cm}$ )
- Arranged in 26 layers 
- Ar:CO<sub>2</sub> 9:1 at 1.2 bar pressure
- Operated in Vacuum  $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$  mbar  
⇒ Gas leakage on permeation level
- Single straw performance:
  - 98% efficiency
  - 150  $\mu\text{m}$  resolution
  - To be shown under experiment conditions

# Gas Parameters



- COSY-TOF Ar:CO<sub>2</sub> 9:1 with 1600 V anode voltage
  - Purest drift gas
  - Linear space drift time relation

# Readout Electronics (by ZEL-FZJ)



## TOF

- Discriminator: ASD8
  - 8 channel Amplifier Shaper LE/TE Discriminator
  - Designed for direct straw readout (M. Newcomer, U. Penn)
  - Not operable in vacuum
- Signal feeding
  - Preamplifier in Vacuum ( $< 3$  mW heat loss)
  - 13 m cabling with vacuum feed through
- Acam GPX multihit TDC

## PANDA

- Dedicated readout (PID interesting)

# COSY-TOF beam times with the STT

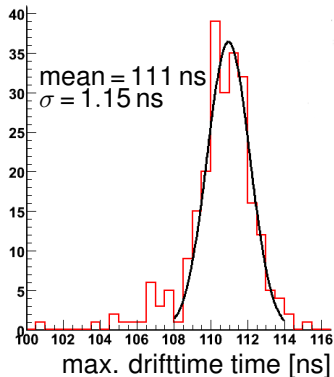
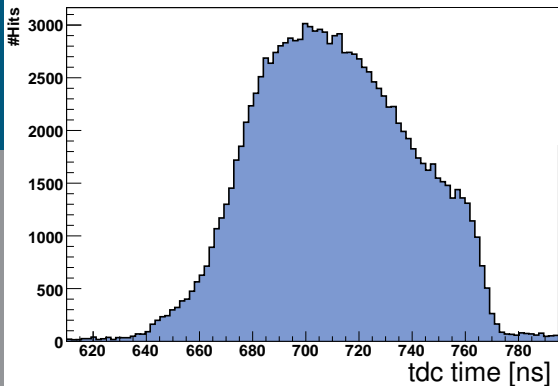
## 2008

- 40 hours in August for commissioning
- 12 hours in October for commissioning

## 2009

- 2 weeks in May for physics measurement

# Sum TDC Spectra for All Channels



- little variations in spectrum width/shape of different straws
- ⇒ common calibration for all straws



# Calibration Method

- Assume homogeneous straw illumination

$$\Rightarrow \text{constant density: } N/R = \int_0^{t_r} n(t) dt / r(t_r)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow r(t_r) = R / (N \cdot \int_0^{t_r} n(t) dt)$$

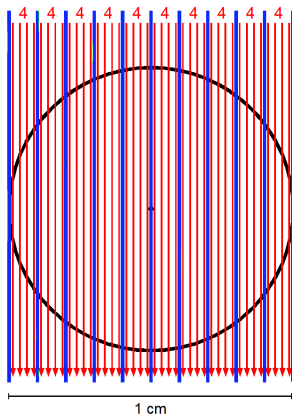
$n(t)$  spectrum entries at time  $t$

$N$  overall number of entries in the spectrum

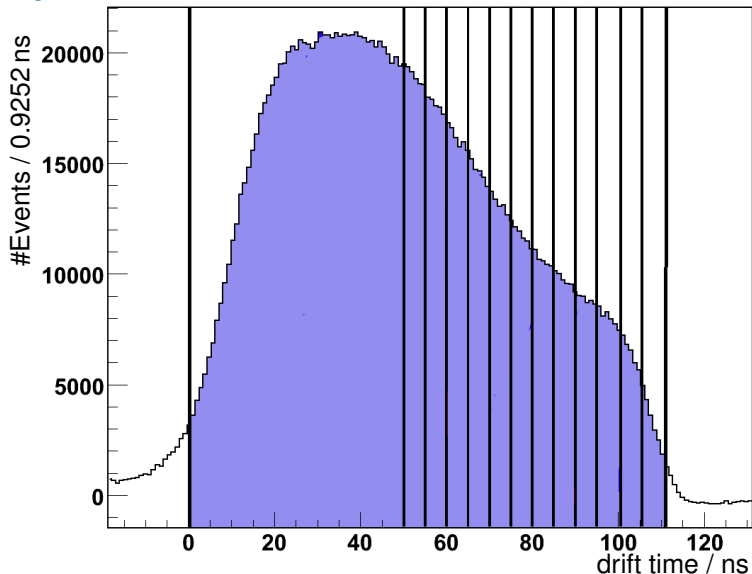
$R$  straw radius,

$t_r$  drift time,

$r(t_r)$  track distance

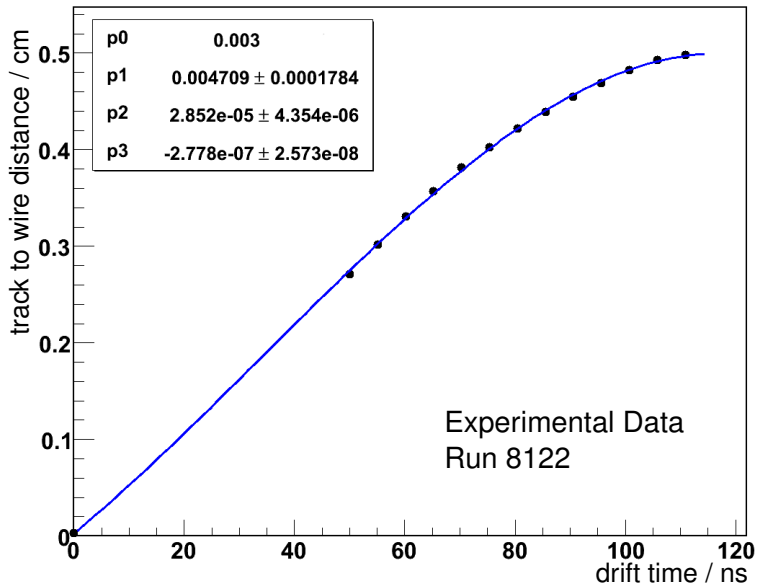


## Spectrum Intervals



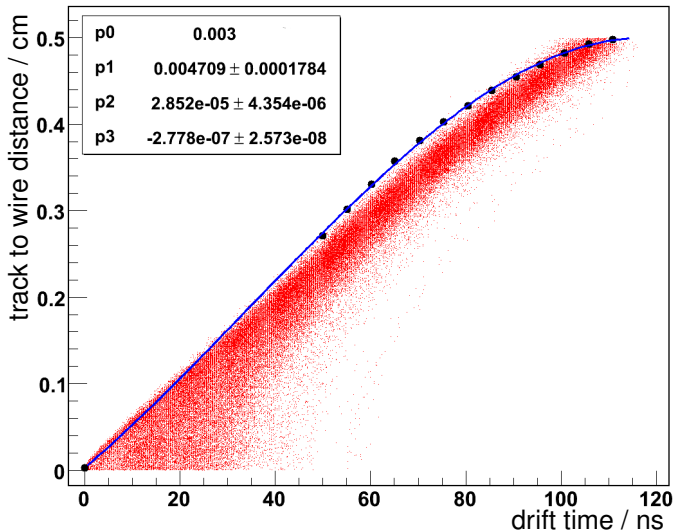
- One interval covers the broad edge (cluster effect)
- ⇒ Broadening effect cancels out

# Calibration Curve



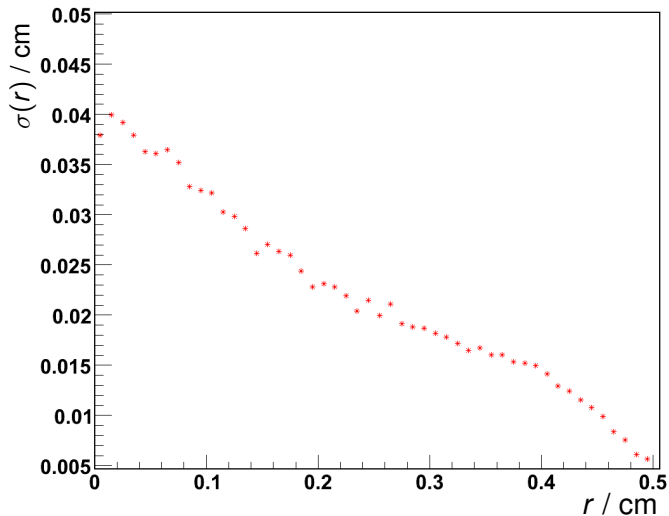
- Calibration curve described by a 3rd order polynomial

# Comparison with Simulation



- Example GARFIELD simulation (red dots):
  - agrees with linear shape and max. drift time
  - shows broad smearing due to low gas pressure

# Spatial Resolution from Simulations



- Single straw mean spatial resolution  $\approx 220 \mu\text{m}$
- To be confirmed with data

# Conclusion and Outlook

## Conclusion

- Common drift time to radius calibration for whole STT done

## Next steps

- Iterative improvement of calibration:
  - Tracking with STT
  - Geometrical alignment of all COSY-TOF detectors
  - Refine calibration
- Determine efficiency and resolution

# Conclusions for PANDA STT Calibration

- Straw tube operation experience
- COSY-TOF calibration methods adoptable
  - Drift time radius relation
  - Tracking with geometrical alignment

## Similarities

- COSY-TOF STT 26 Layers  $\approx$  PANDA STT geometry
- Same straw tube geometry (except length)

## Deviations

- Driftgas pressure and mixing ratio
- Readout electronics
- COSY-TOF has no magnetic field