# XFEL impedance budget, energy losses/spread and

## released technical solutions to minimize the effects

European XFEL

**FEL** basics

before the undulator

bunch compression impedance budged

in the undulator

energy loss undulator chamber, intersection impedance budged geometric effects surface effects

summary



## **European XFEL**



#### **Fundamental FEL Equation**

FEL resonance 
$$\lambda_{\text{FEL}} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{u}}}{2\gamma^2} \left( 1 + \frac{K^2}{2} \right)$$

but  $\gamma = \gamma(s, S)$  with s = bunch coordinate S = beamline coordinate

#### f.i. $S \approx 2200$ m (start of SASE1)



## **SASE and Seeding**





## **Before the Undulator**

#### accelerator and bunch compression system















## **Before the Undulator: Impedance Budged**

accelerator wakes for Q = 1nC



#### fast kicker (in beam distribution system)



ceramic pipe with thin metallic layer

## In the Undulator

#### SASE1



beamline coordinate

#### example: LCLS



### **Undulator chamber**

SASE1:  $L_{tot}$  = 225 m  $L_{act}$  = 35 × 4.96 m = 174 m





#### Intersection



#### **European XFEL, Undulator chamber & Intersection**

SASE1: L<sub>tot</sub> = 225 m L<sub>act</sub> = 35 × 4.96 m = 174 m



#### **SASE1 undulator** (one of 35 sections) for Q = 1nC, $I_{peak} = 5 \text{ kA}$

total energy spread (per section)  $\approx 412 \text{ keV}$ elliptical pipe $\rightarrow 274 \text{ keV}$  (pure surface effects)surface effects $\rightarrow 331 \text{ keV}$ geometric effects $\rightarrow 80.5 \text{ keV}$ 





- shape: large cross-section (mirror currents & pumping) + small gap (undulator)
  → elliptical pipe
- material: frequency dependent conductivity + anomalous skin effect
   → aluminum profile
- more surface effects: roughness + oxide layer
  - $\rightarrow$  very tight tolerances 300 nm + 5 nm in undulators 1000 nm + 5 nm in BC chambers

 $\begin{cases} \approx 75 \% \\ \approx 25 \% \\ \text{of surface impedance} \end{cases}$ 





#### roughness

AFM treatment on a 5 m long test chamber measurement preparation and equipment



Mitutoyo (Surftest SJ-210)

result of the AFM treatment on a 5 m long test chamber polished with unidirectional flow results show that it is essential to polish in both directions



Bild 8: Trend und Kennlinien der Ra-Werte unter Ausschluß von Extremwerten

## geometric effects







bellows (pipe with gaps)





a good survey and alignment concept is essential due to the small aperture of the beam pipe!

beam position monitor



#### optimize geometric effects



## **Summary**

challenging beam dynamics before and in the undulator

high peak current low transverse emittance low correlated energy spread

before the undulator: about 2000 components, •, major sources are

cavities collimators warm pipes (L3 to undulator) fast kickers (beam distribution system)

- undulator and intersections: geometric wakes  $\rightarrow$  optimized geometry,  $\bullet$ surface effects  $\rightarrow$  material, roughness, oxide layers
- carful design of all geometric details: flanges, pumps, steps, diagnostics, ...

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#### **Bunch Compression**



# Before the Undulator: Impedance Budged

#### accelerator wakes for Q = 1nC

#### Impedance Budget (list of elements)

El.type	Num.	Loss ( $kV/nC$ )	% Spread (kV/nC)		%	Peak ( $kV/nC$ )	%
BPMF	4	4.075E+01	0	1.858E+01	0	5.804E+01	0
COL	7	6.725E+03	19	3.373E+03	22	1.058E+04	21
кіск	3	3.645E+03	10	1.459E+03	9	5.283E+03	10
PIP20	1	5.116E+03	14	3.661E+03 24		8.959E+03	18
PUMCL	78	5.605E+02	2	2.363E+02	2.363E+02 2 7.		2
CAV	808	1.481E+04	42	8.842E+03	8.842E+03 57 2.814E+0		56
CAV3	8	8.084E+01	0	3.010E+01	3.010E+01 0 1.117E+0		0
FLANG	500	1.330E+03	4	5.610E+02	4 1.886E+03		4
TDS	8	1.507E+03	4	7.348E+02	5 2.174E+03		4
OTRB	8	1.584E+02	0	7.251E+01	0	2.254E+02	0
STEP1	1	3.010E+00	0	5.969E-01	0	3.441E+00	0
BPMA	107	5.654E+02	2	2.896E+02	2	8.670E+02	2
OTRA	12	3.078E+02	1	1.274E+02	1 4.494E+02		1
врмс	56	4.431E+01	0	2.138E+01	0 6.805E+01		0
BPMR	26	2.993E+02	1	1.304E+02	1	4.501E+02	1
DCM	4	1.644E+01	0	7.479E+00	0	2.315E+01	0
врмв	27	5.744E-02	0	1.587E-01	0	6.023E-01	0
BAM	5	3.319E+00	0	1.494E+00	0 4.768E+00		0
TORA	3	3.147E+01	0	1.609E+01 0 4.763E		4.763E+01	0
TORAO	6	1.856E+02	1	7.684E+01	0	2.700E+02	1
		3.530E+04	100 1.540E+04		100	5.037E+04	100
				$\rightarrow 1!$	5.4	MeV	



# Before the Undulator: Impedance Budged accelerator wakes for Q = 250 pC

El.type	Num.	Loss (kV/nC)	% Sp	read (kV / nC)	%	Peak (kV/nC)	%
BPMF	4	6.150E+01	0	2.891E+01	0	0 8.933E+01	
COL	7	2.283E+04	32	1.022E+04	31	31 3.452E+04	
кіск	3	7.893E+03	11	3.100E+03	0E+03 9 1.052E+04		11
PIP20	1	1.652E+04	23	8.512E+03 26 2.730E+04		2.730E+04	27
PUMCL	78	1.103E+03	2	4.743E+02 1 1.574E+03		1.574E+03	2
CAV	808	1.574E+04	22	9.440E+03	29 2.987E+04		30
CAV3	8	9.280E+01	0	3.590E+01	0 1.316E+02		0
FLANG	500	2.619E+03	4	1.126E+03	3 3.736E+03		4
TDS	8	2.506E+03	4	1.229E+03	4	3.677E+03	4
OTRB	8	2.428E+02	0	1.137E+02	0	3.510E+02	0
STEP1	1	3.825E+00	0	6.815E-01	0	4.293E+00	0
BPMA	107	7.317E+02	1	4.231E+02	1	1.265E+03	1
OTRA	12	1.698E+02	0	8.118E+01	0 2.474E+02		0
BPMC	56	7.912E+01	0	4.531E+01	0	1.348E+02	0
BPMR	26	1.523E+02	0	7.506E+01	0	2.241E+02	0
DCM	4	2.533E+01	0	1.160E+01	0	3.612E+01	0
врмв	27	1.247E-01	0	1.976E-01	0	7.440E-01	0
BAM	5	4.474E+00	0	2.180E+00	0 6.820E+00		0
TORA	3	4.681E+01	0	2.515E+01	2.515E+01 0 7.275E+0		0
TORAO	6	1.107E+02	0	5.175E+01	0	1.598E+02	0
		7.063E+04	100	3.285E+04	100	1.000E+05	100

 $\rightarrow$  8.2 MeV



SASE1 undulator (one of 35 sections) for Q = 1nC,  $I_{peak}$  = 5 kA

N	element	geom loss	geom spread	loss	spread
		kV	kV	kV	kV
1	elliptical pipe	0	0	239	274
2	pump	4,4	4,5	9	10
3	absorber $\rightarrow$ round transition	69	27	70	28
4	round pipe	0	0	22	32
5	below	24	9	25	10
6	BPM	42	17	70	34
7	below	24	9	25	10
8	round $\rightarrow$ elliptical transition	36	14	36	14
		199.4	80.5	496	412

#### energy spread





