

A Simple Generator for $\bar{p}A$ Collisions

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Antiproton-Nucleus Physics for „Day-1“

- Nuclear potential of $\bar{\Lambda}$
 - Mean p_T in correlated $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pairs
 - Missing mass in of forward Λ
- Color Transparency
- Short Range Correlations
- $\Delta\Delta$ component in the deuteron (and in nuclei)
- Additional ideas (?)

Existing Event Generators for $\bar{p}A$

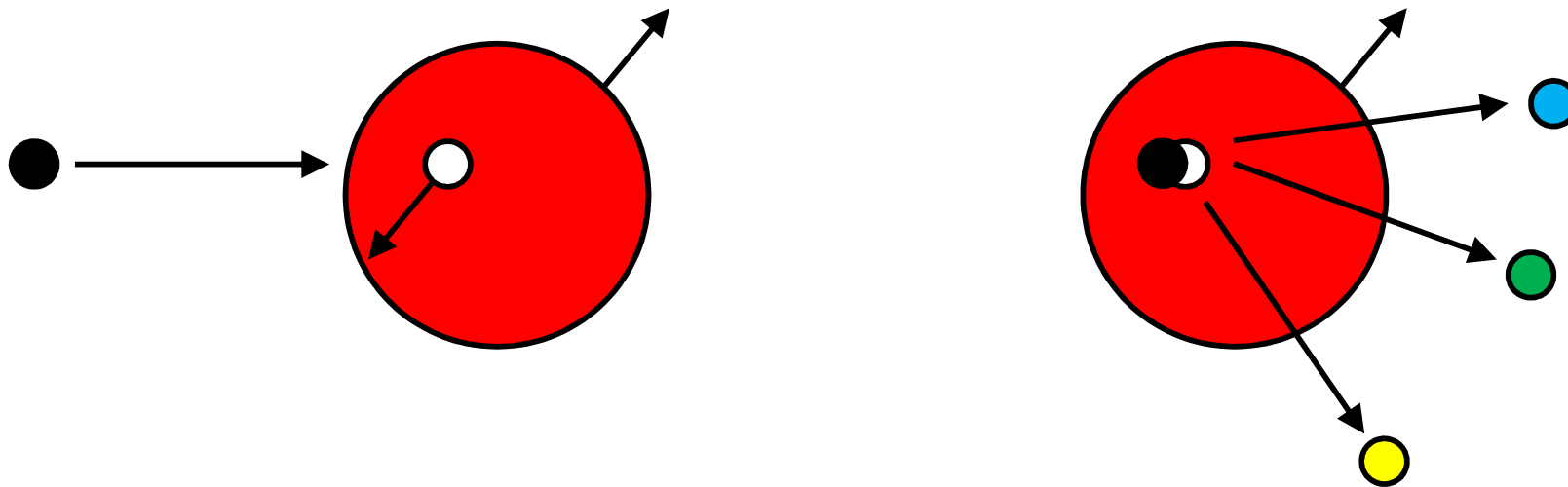
- URQMD
 - background generator
 - little flexibility, no access to source code(?)
 - I've never used it

- GiBUU
 - use for both background and signal
 - flexibility, many options, access to source code, very complex
 - I've used it for $\bar{p} \text{}^{40}\text{Ca} \rightarrow J/\psi X \rightarrow e^+ e^- X, \mu^+ \mu^- X$

- FTF
 - both for $\bar{p}p$ and $\bar{p}A$, emphasis on background
 - some flexibility
 - I've used it for $\bar{p}d$ only

Need Simple Signal Generator in $\bar{p}A$

- Idea: implement $\bar{p}A$ collisions in EvtGen
- Physics model:
quasi-free $\bar{p}N$ reactions with $(A-1)$ spectator nucleus on nuclear proton or neutron with internal momentum



Decay File for EvtGen

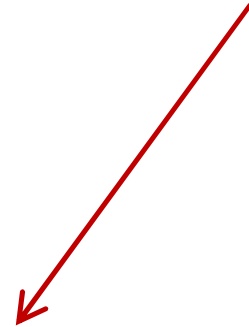
pbarNe20_pbarpX.dec :

```
noPhotos
#
Decay pbarASystem
  1.0  A-1System  pbarpSystem
Enddecay
#
Decay pbarpSystem
  1.0  p+ anti-p-          PHSP;
Enddecay
#
End
```

decay model

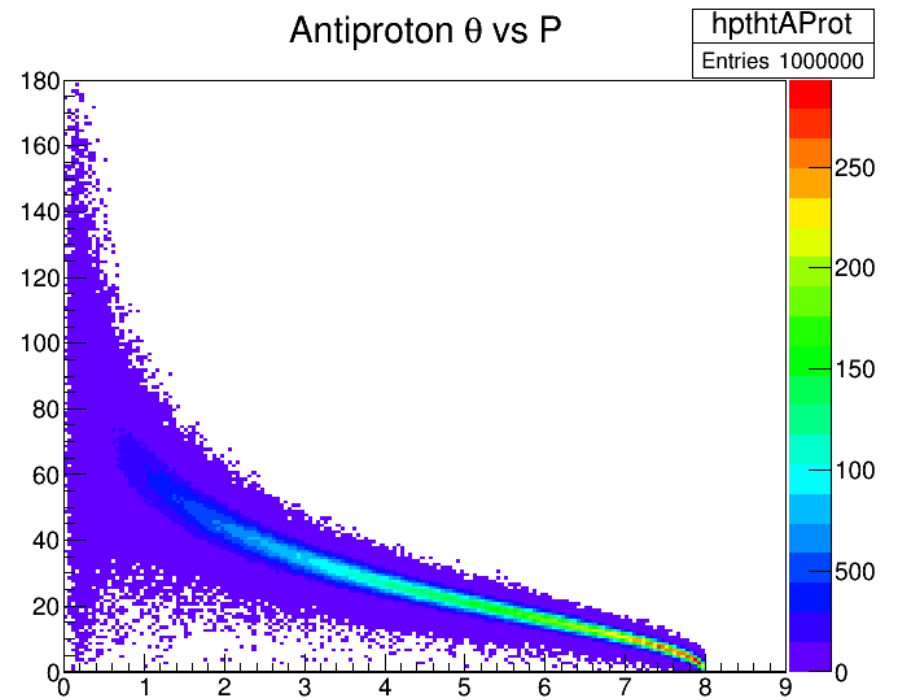
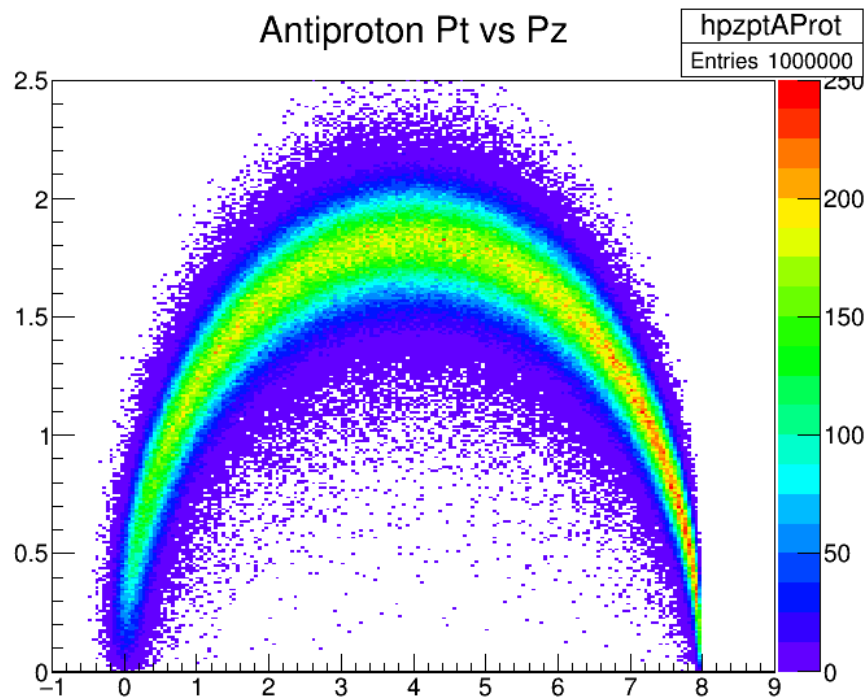
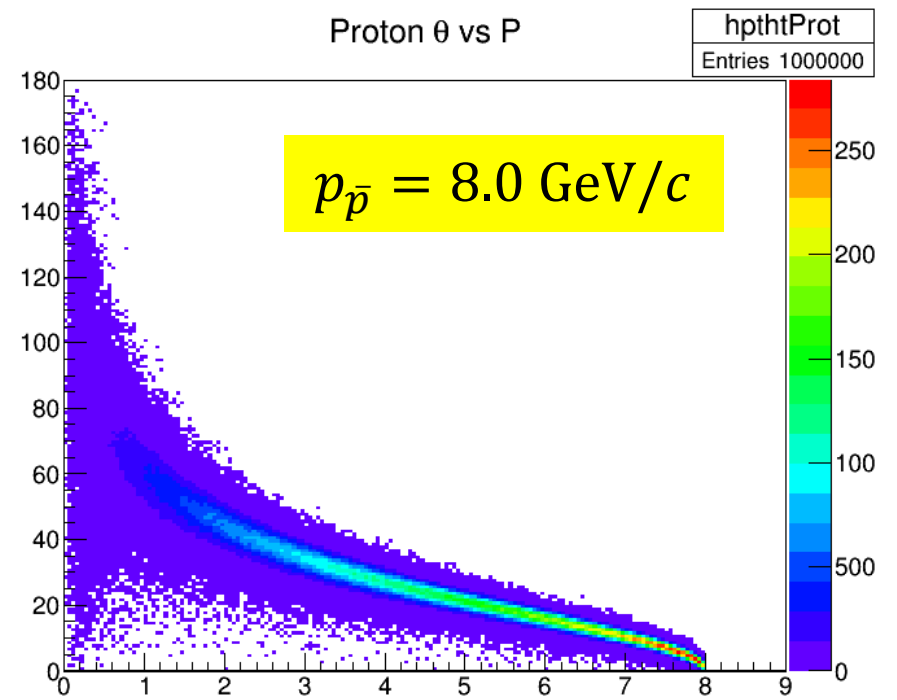
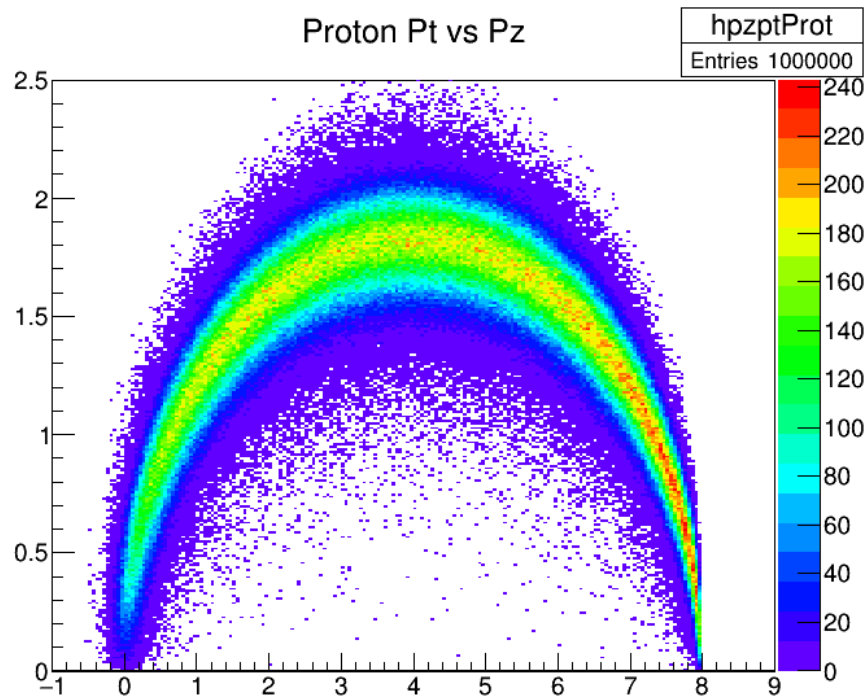
NucleusSpectator 20.0 1.0 1.88;

parameters

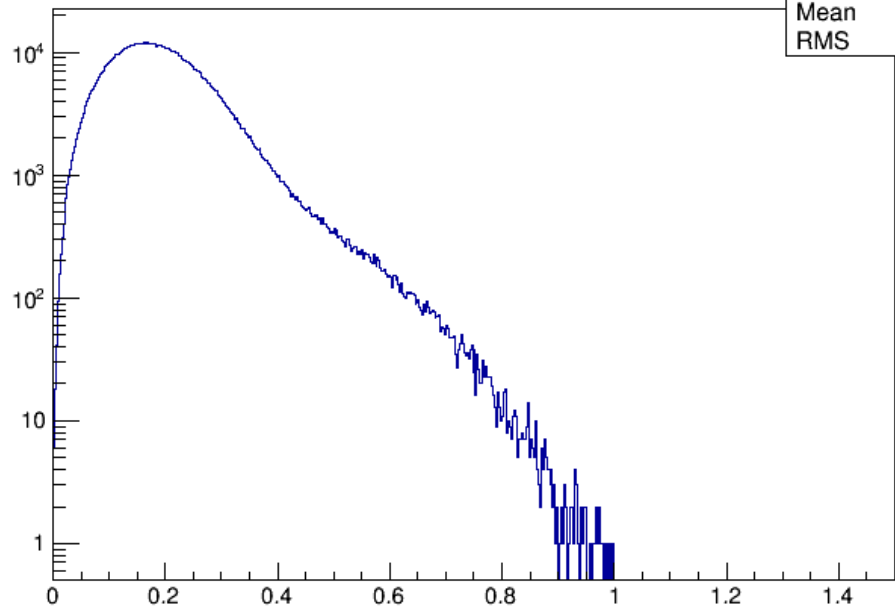


Decay Model

- momentum distribution: $\frac{dn}{d^3p}(p) \propto a_1 \exp\left[-\frac{p^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right] + a_2 \exp\left[-\frac{p^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right]$;
 $W(p) \propto p^2 \frac{dn}{d^3p}(p)$, $\sigma_1 = 115 \text{ MeV}/c$, $\sigma_2 = 220 \text{ MeV}/c$, $\frac{a_2}{a_1} = 0.0146$
- select absolute momentum of A-1 spectator
- select isotropic $\cos \theta, \varphi$
- calculate p4 of target nucleon: $\vec{p}_N = -\vec{p}_{A-1}$, $E_N = M_A - E_{A-1}$
- calculate p4 of $\bar{p}N$ system and boost to initial $\bar{p}A$ system
- then $\bar{p}N$ system decays as specified in decay file

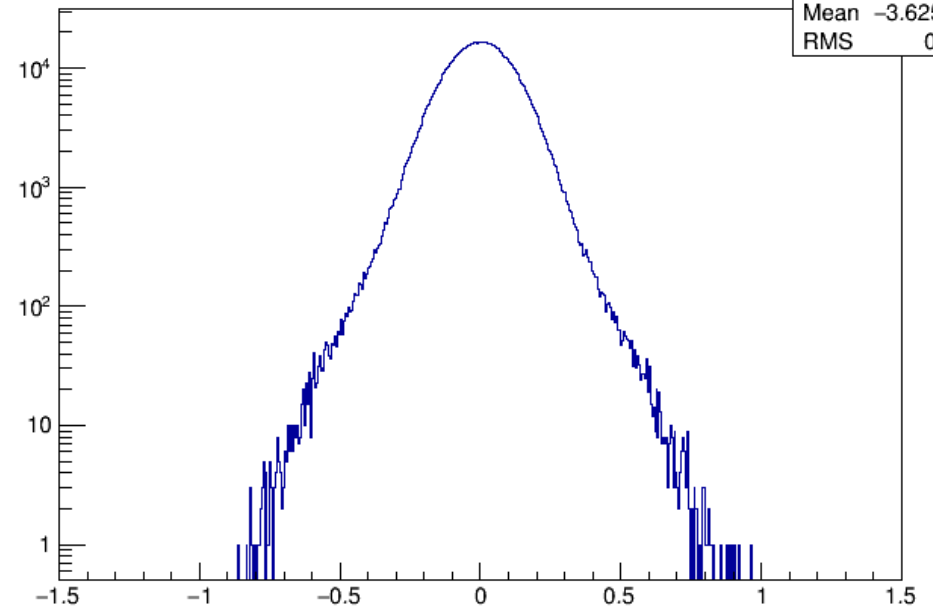


A-1 Res. Nucleus P



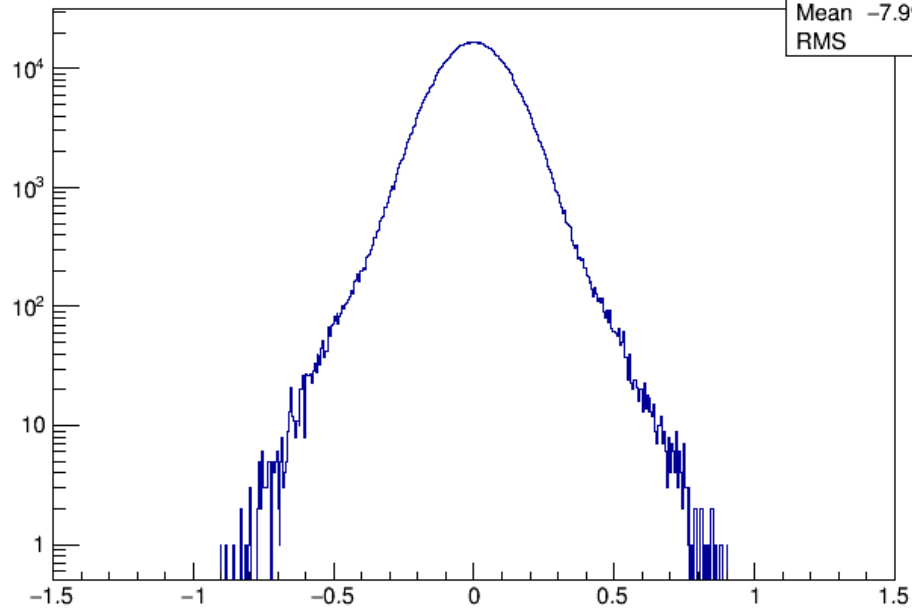
hpResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	0.1989
RMS	0.09904

A-1 Res. Nucleus Px



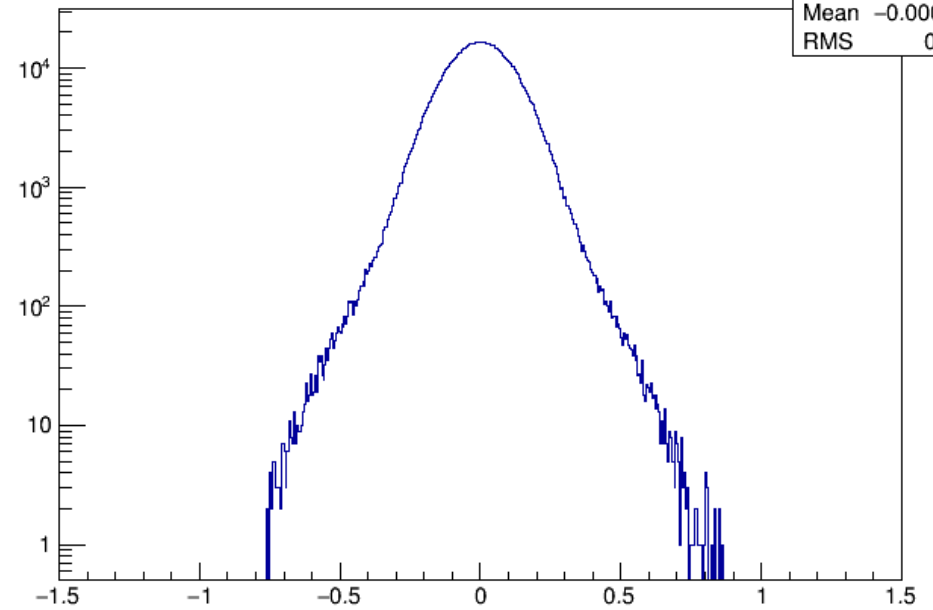
hpxResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	-3.625e-06
RMS	0.1284

A-1 Res. Nucleus Py



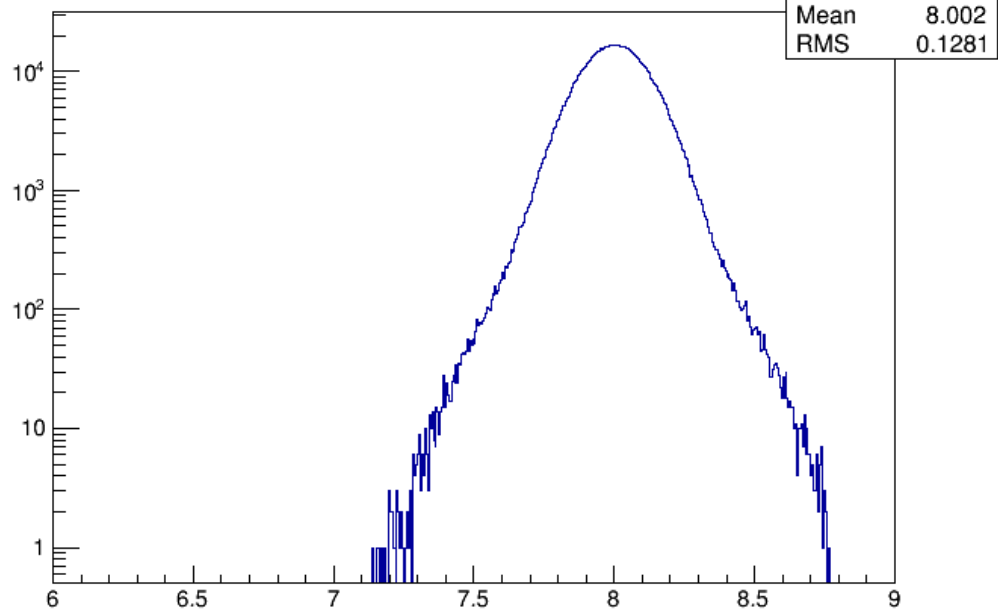
hpyResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	-7.994e-05
RMS	0.1284

A-1 Res. Nucleus Pz

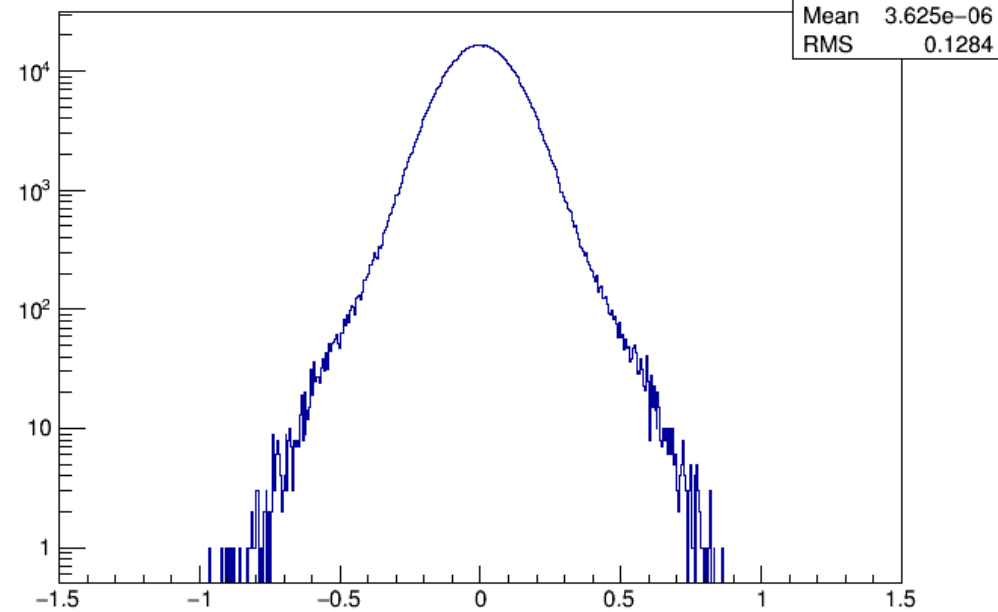


hpzResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	-0.0001114
RMS	0.1282

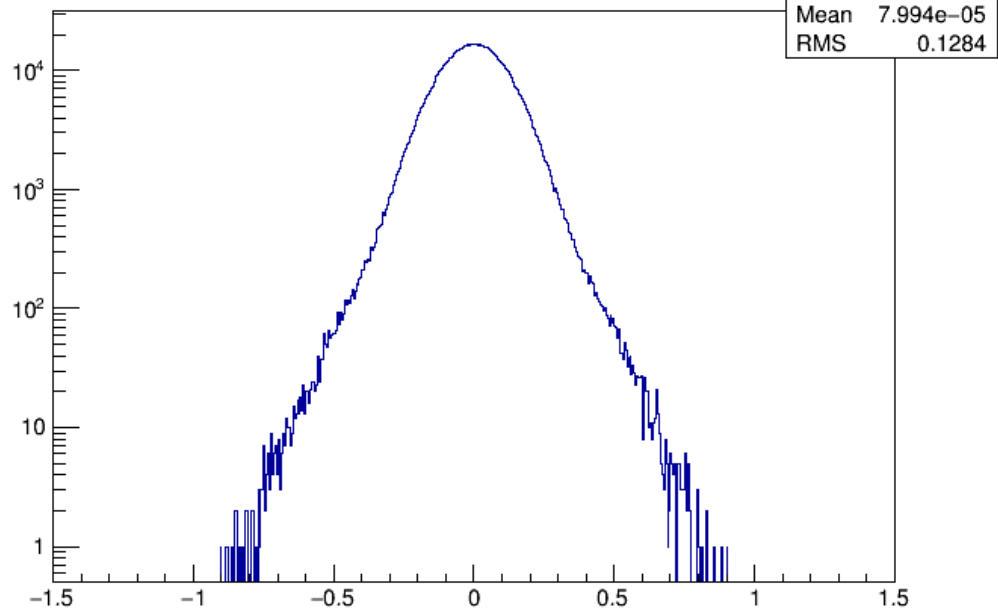
Proton-Antiproton P



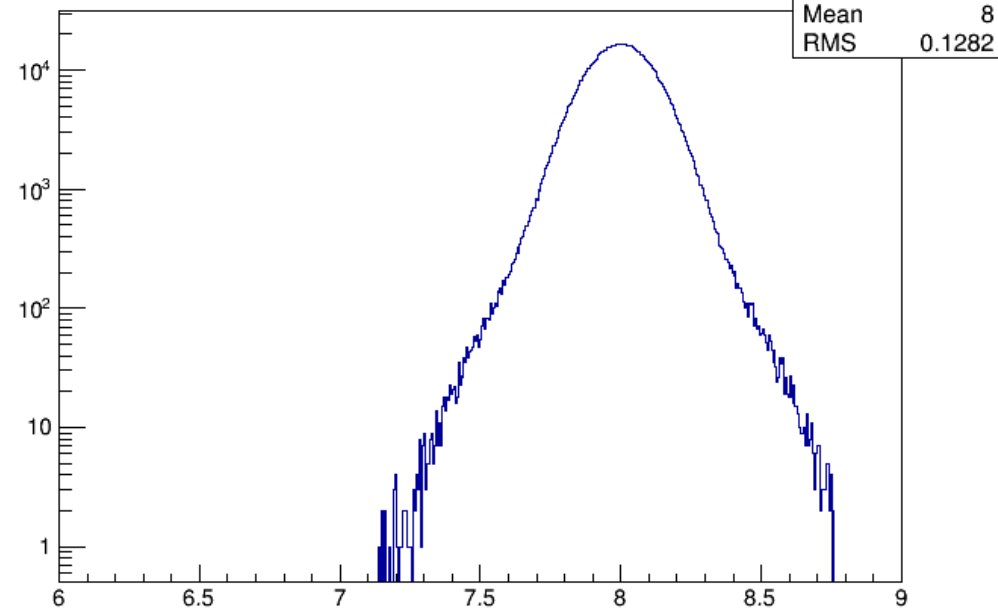
Proton-Antiproton Px

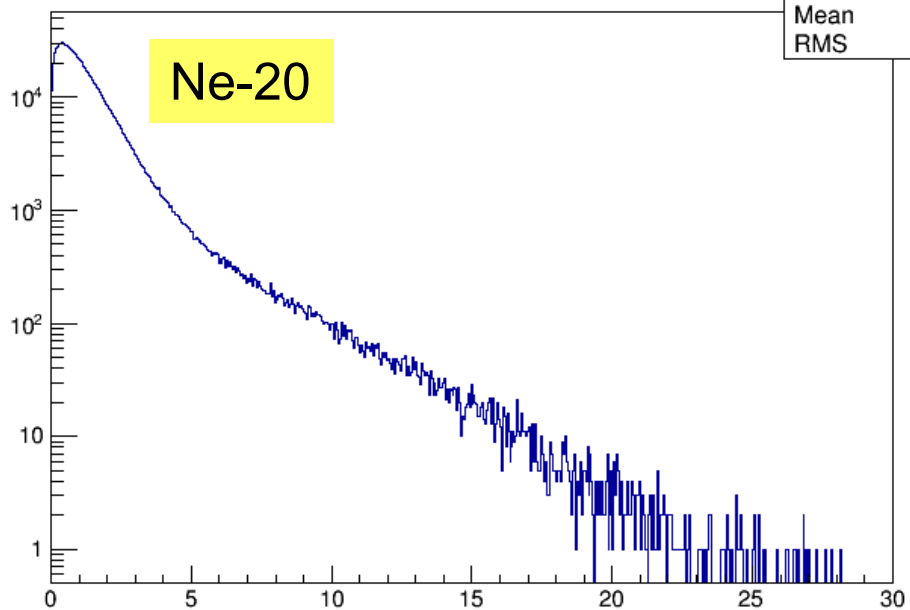


Proton-Antiproton Py



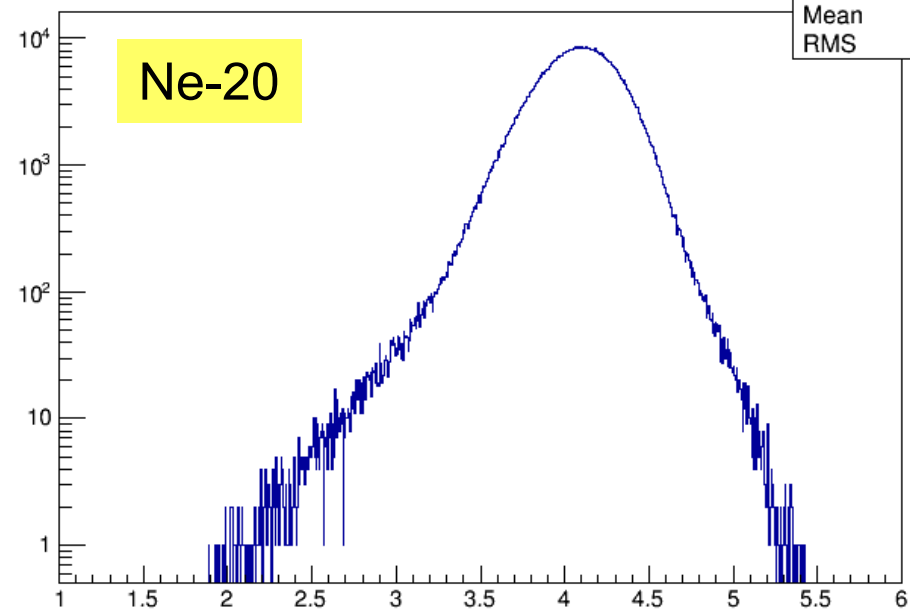
Proton-Antiproton Pz



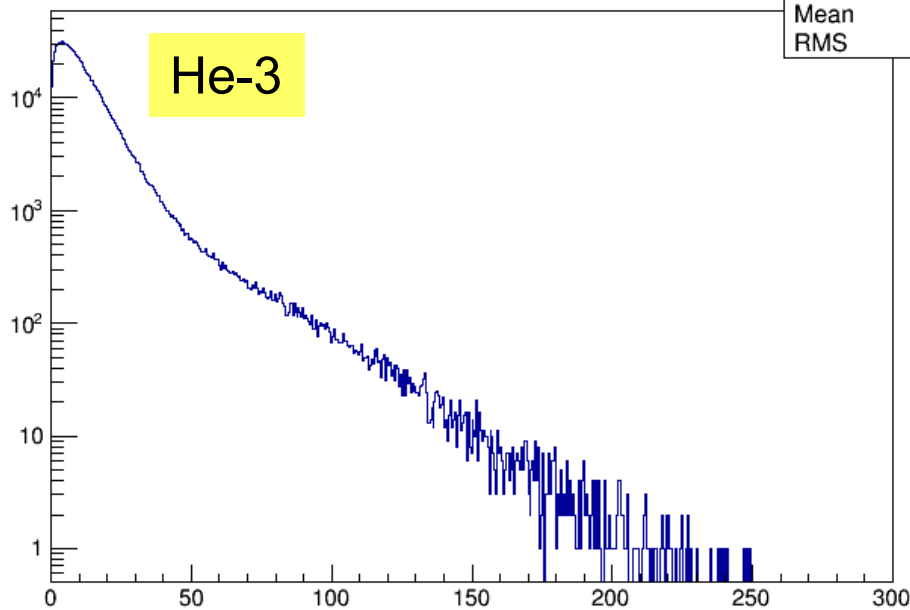
A-1 Res. Nucleus E_{kin} [MeV]

hEkResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	1.395
RMS	1.586

Proton-Antiproton M

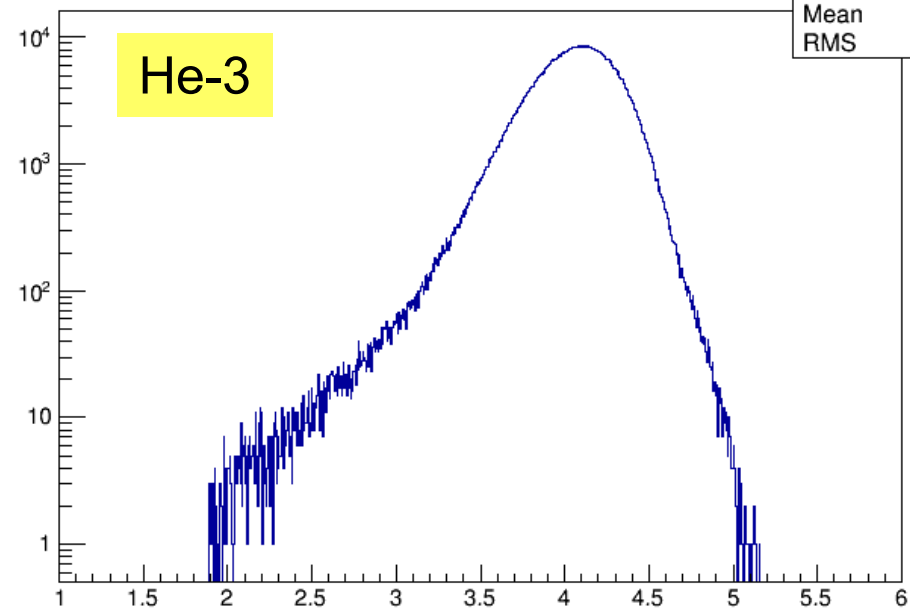


hmProtAProt	
Entries	1000000
Mean	4.076
RMS	0.255

A-1 Res. Nucleus E_{kin} [MeV]

hEkResN	
Entries	1000000
Mean	13.12
RMS	14.64

Proton-Antiproton M

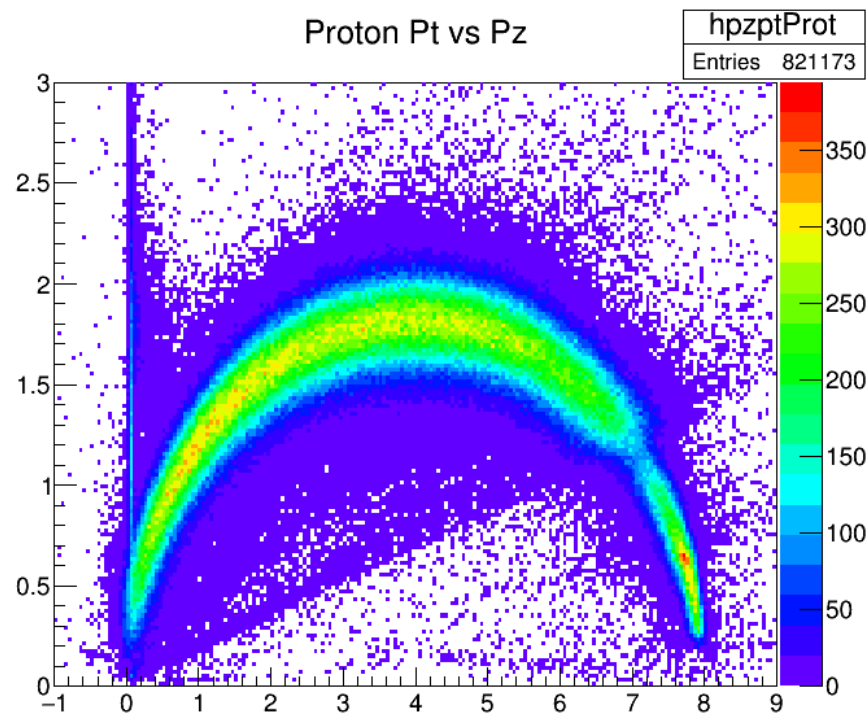


hmProtAProt	
Entries	1000000
Mean	4.05
RMS	0.2622

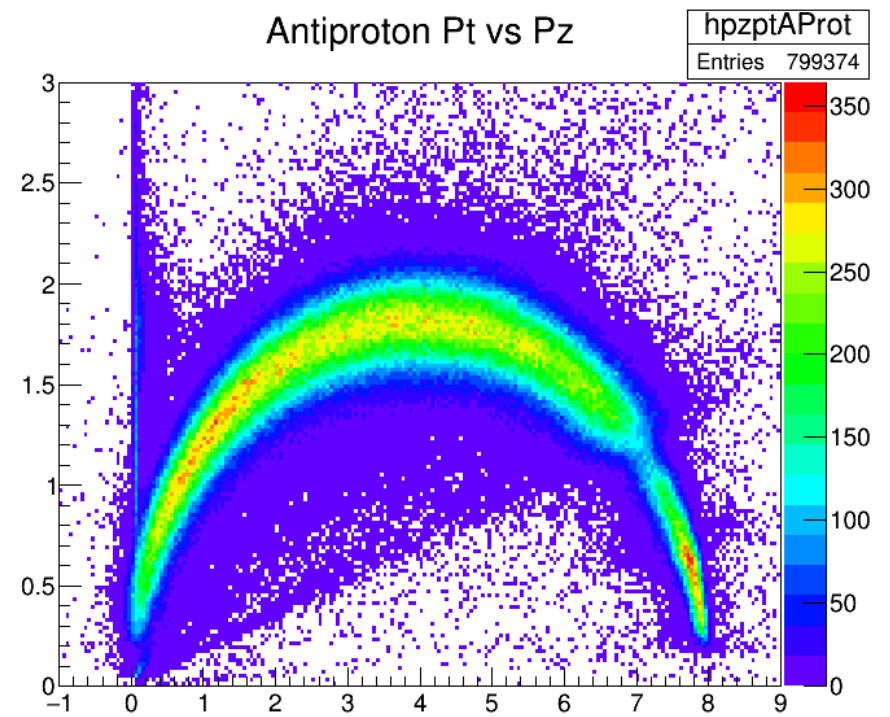
PandaRoot Simulation & Analysis

- trunk versions 29122, 29475
- $p = 8.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- target: ^{20}Ne ($A = 20$)
- final state: $\bar{p} p (A - 1)$; in addition: $\bar{p} p \pi^0 (A - 1)$
- 1 M events / 0.4 M events
- MC truth match
- ideal PID

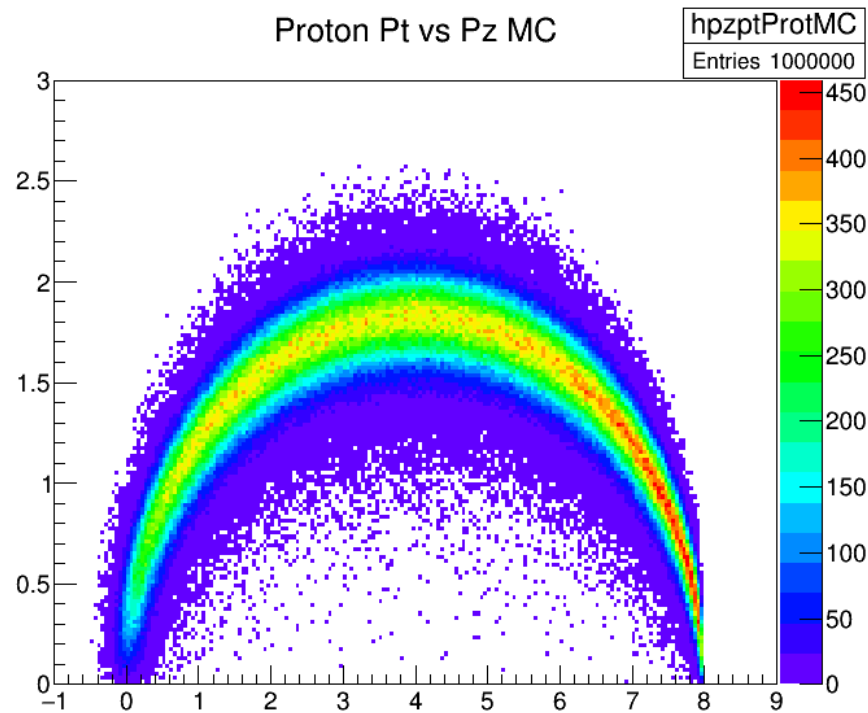
Proton Pt vs Pz



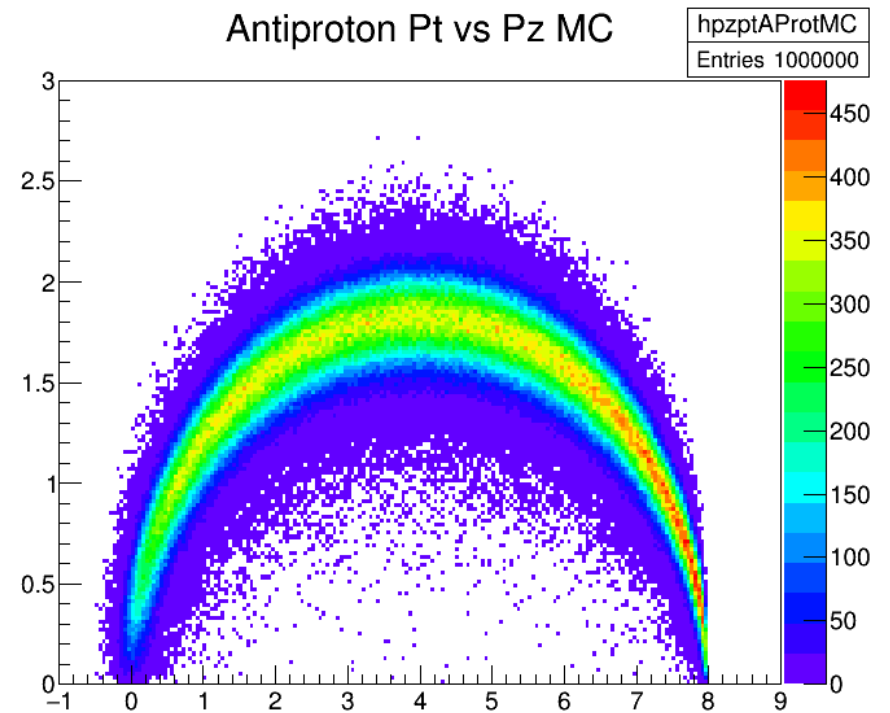
Antiproton Pt vs Pz



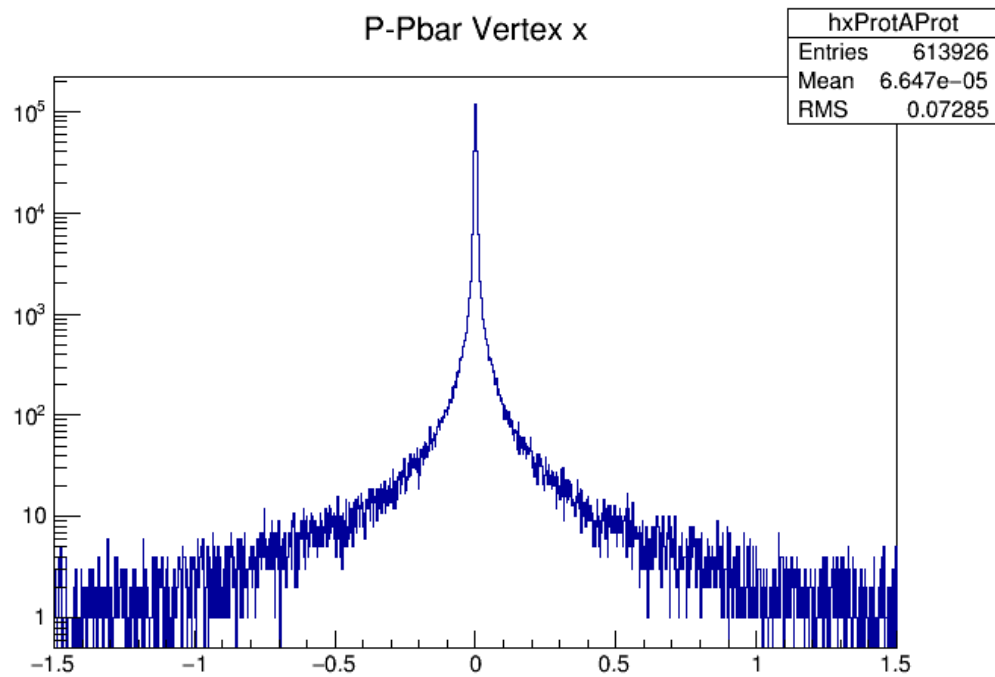
Proton Pt vs Pz MC



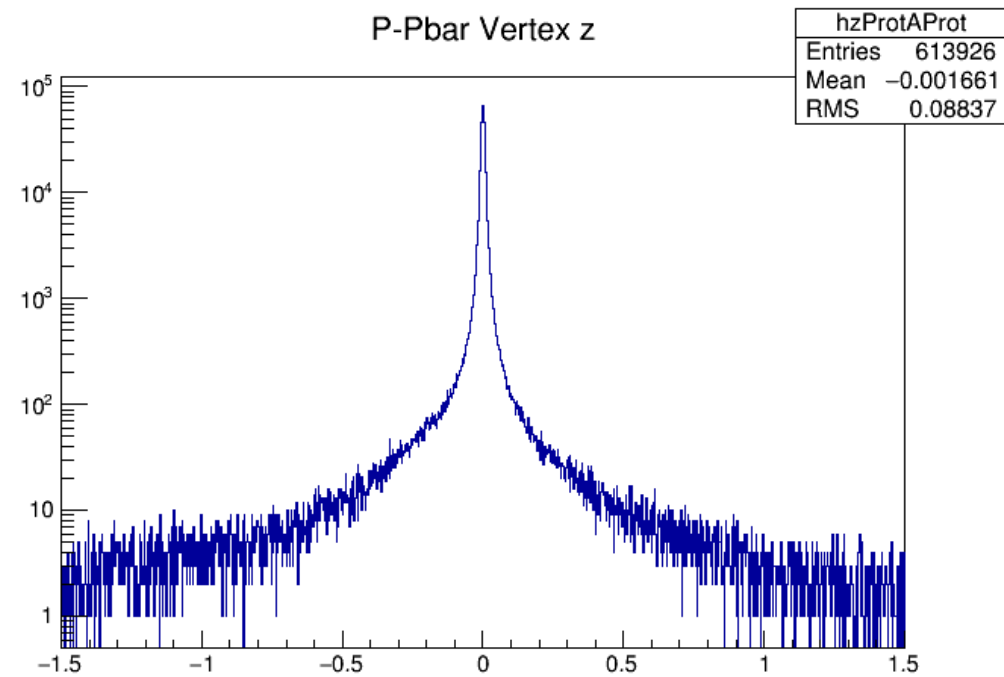
Antiproton Pt vs Pz MC



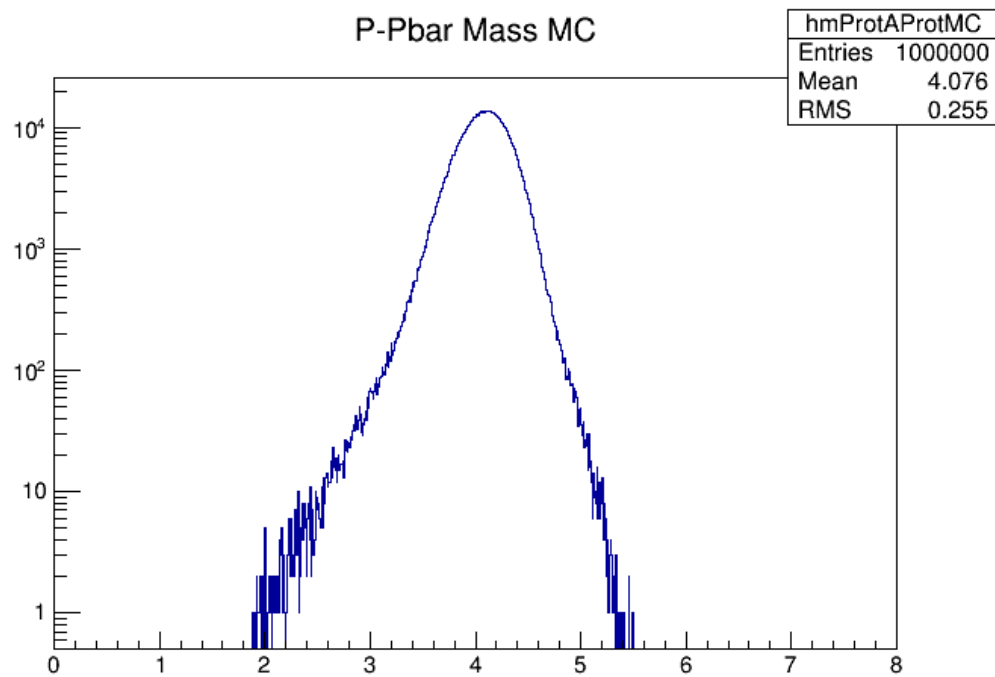
P-Pbar Vertex x



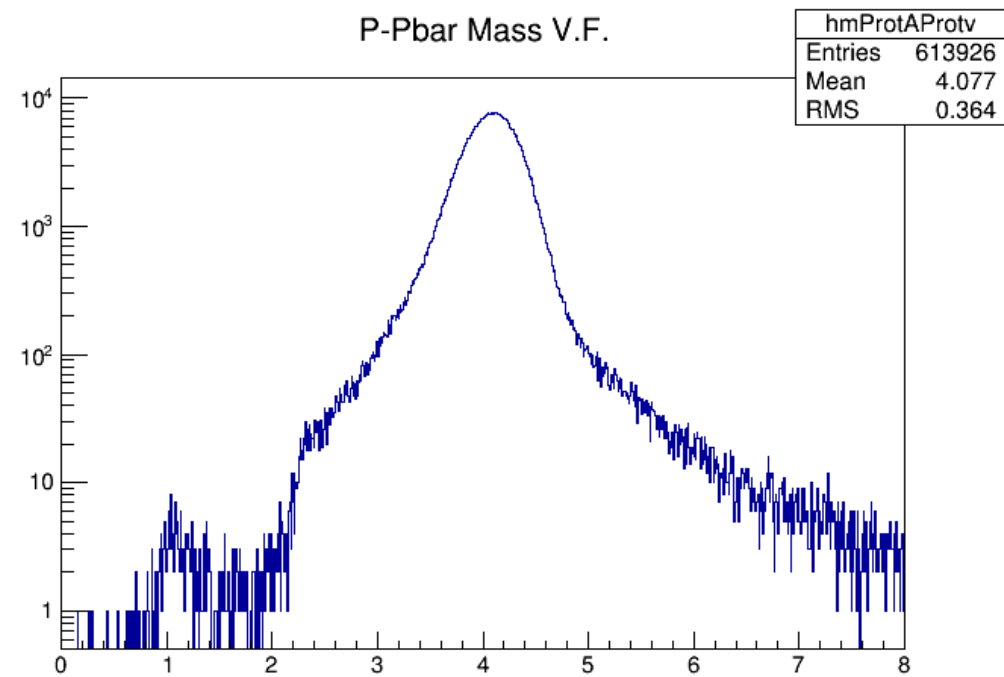
P-Pbar Vertex z



P-Pbar Mass MC



P-Pbar Mass V.F.



Status

- Tested with simpleEvtGen for various nuclei: ${}^3\text{He}$, ${}^{20}\text{Ne}$, ${}^{40}\text{Ca}$, ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$, ${}^{238}\text{U}$
- Full simulation & analysis: 1 M events $\bar{p}A \rightarrow \bar{p}p(A - 1)$
- Full simulation & analysis: 0.4 M events $\bar{p}A \rightarrow \bar{p}p\pi^0(A - 1)$
- Relevant files uploaded to the repository
- Should work from present trunk – **Try it !**