



# Commissioning of a 2D Si(Li) Compton polarimeter

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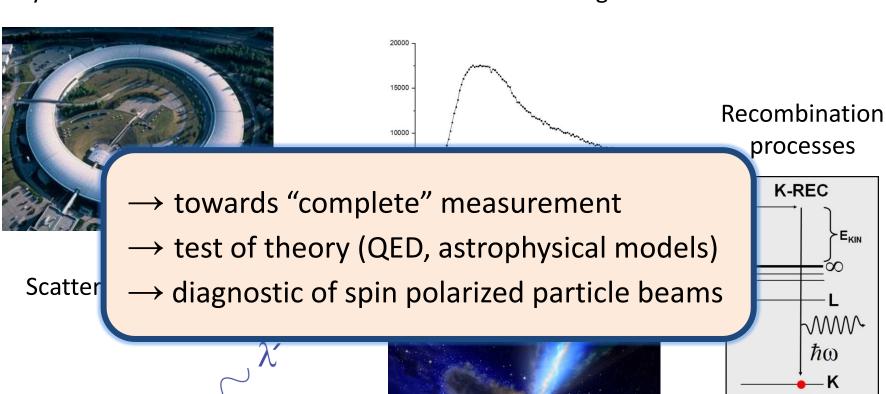




## Sources of polarized x-rays



#### Bremsstrahlung

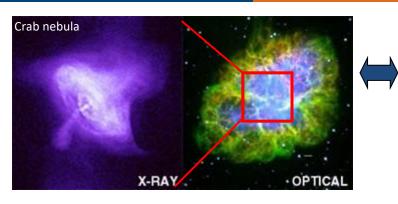






EKIN

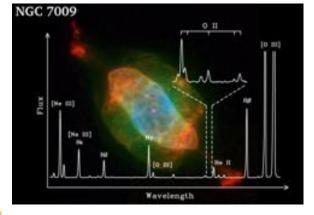
## Laboratory Astrophysics

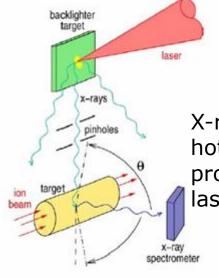


Direct insight into celestial plasmas

Spectra provide knowledge of temperature, density, element abundance, etc.

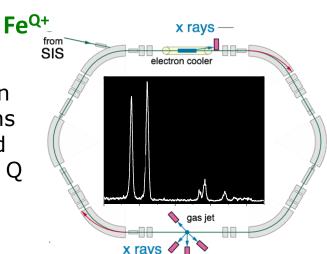






## X-Ray Spectroscopy / Polarimetry

X-ray emission of hot plasmas produced by intense laser and ion beams X-ray emission studies for ions in well defined charge-states Q

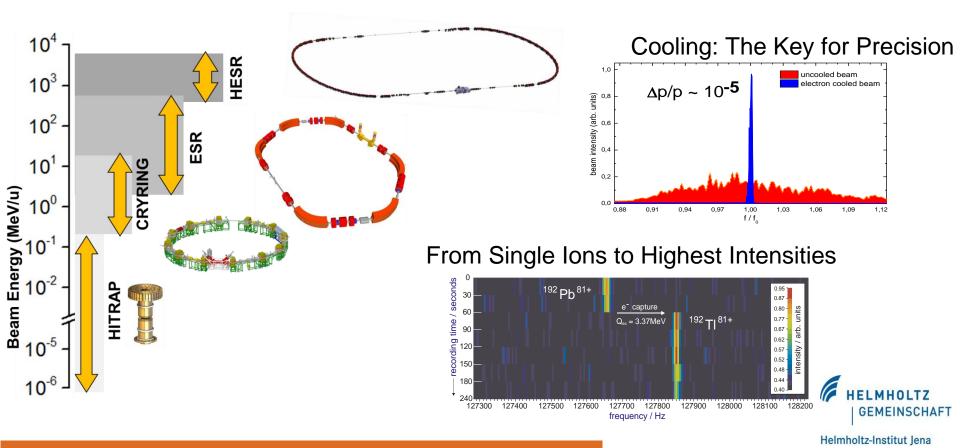


#### Ion Beam Facilities / Trapping & Storage

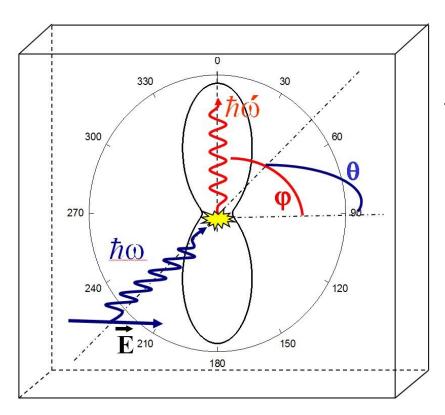
Worldwide Unique

#### **Stored and Cooled**

Highly-Charged Ions (e.g. U<sup>92+</sup>) and Exotic Nuclei From Rest to Relativistic Energies (up to 4.9 GeV/u)



### Compton scattering

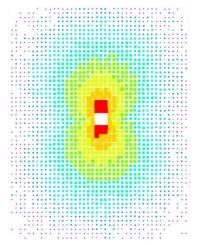


 $20 \text{ keV} \lesssim \hbar\omega \lesssim 1 \text{ MeV}$ 

#### Klein-Nishina formula:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{1}{2}r_0^2 \left(\frac{\hbar\omega'}{\hbar\omega}\right)^2 \left(\frac{\hbar\omega'}{\hbar\omega} + \frac{\hbar\omega}{\hbar\omega'} - 2\sin^2\theta\cos^2\phi\right)$$

Anisotropy of the azimuthal scattering distribution is highly sensitive to the polarization of the incoming photon!



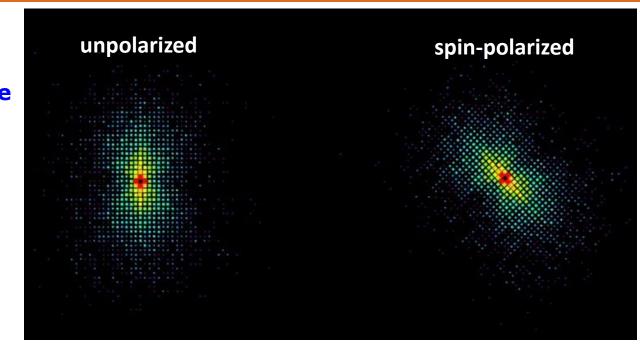


## Recombination: spin polarized particles beams (ions or electrons)

## Spin Polarized Ion Beams

for spin polarized ions, the polarization plane and scattering plane are not equal.

A.Surzhykov et al., PRL 94, 203202 (2005)

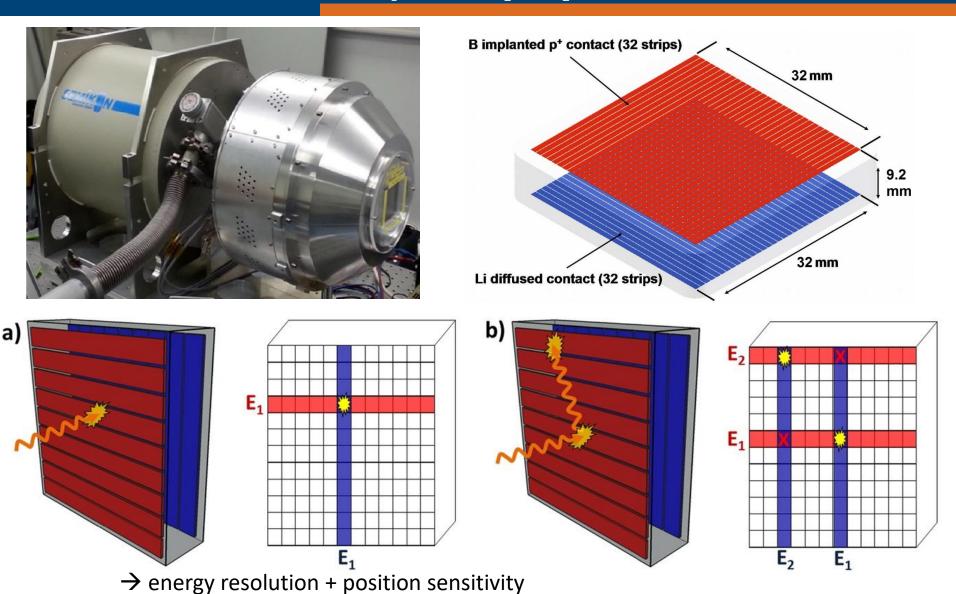


control over the spin-polarization of stored ions: required for the search of the electric-dipole momentum of elementary particles and for atomic PNC experiments.

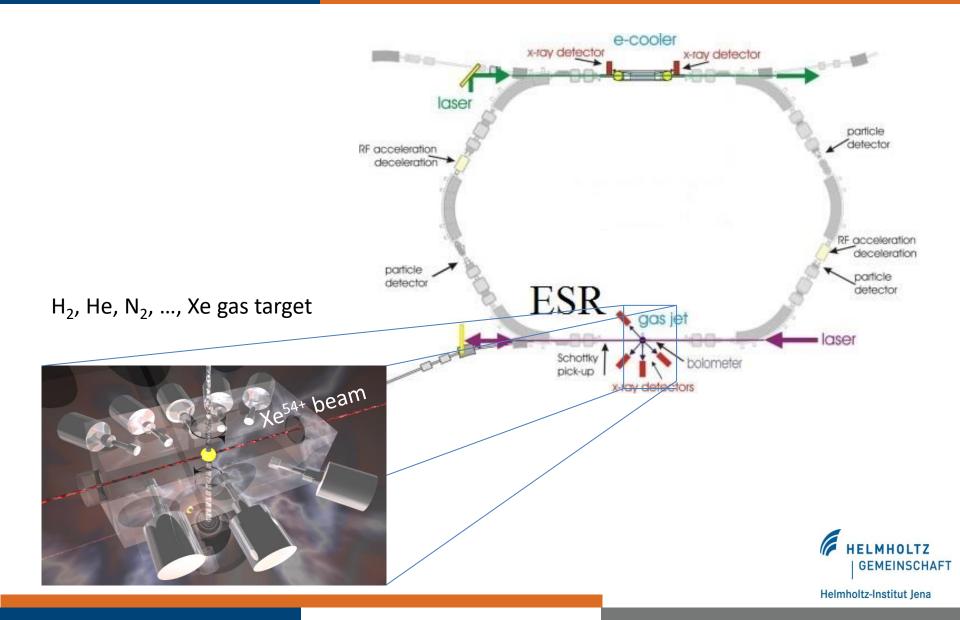
Recombination would be a possible tool:

Polarization transfer from the particles to the photons!

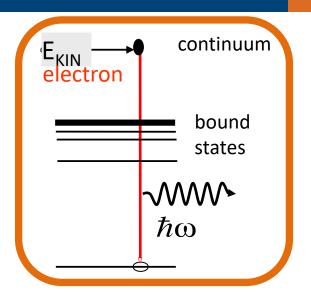
## Micro-strip Si(Li) detector



### ESR @ GSI



#### Dynamics in Strong Fields: Radiative Processes

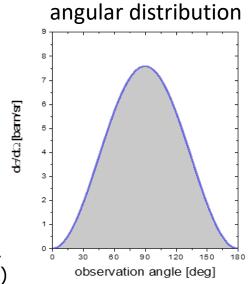


#### **Radiative Recombination**

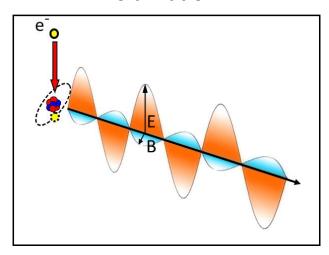
Electron capture into a bound ionic state by emission of a photon

$$\hbar\omega = E_B + E_{KIN}$$

Time-reversed photionization
Schnopper et al., PRL 29, 898 (1972)



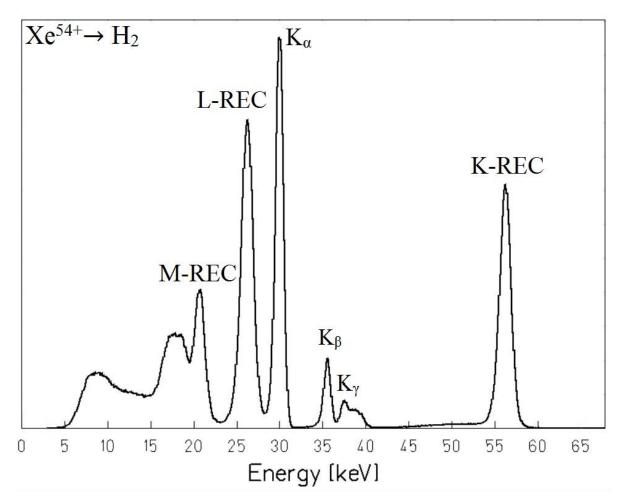
#### Polarization



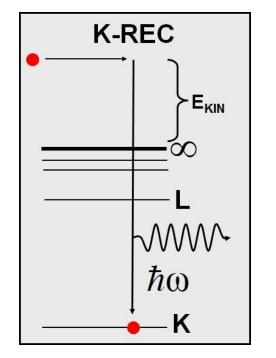


Spindler et al., 42, 832 (1979)

### Spectra obtained at ESR/GSI



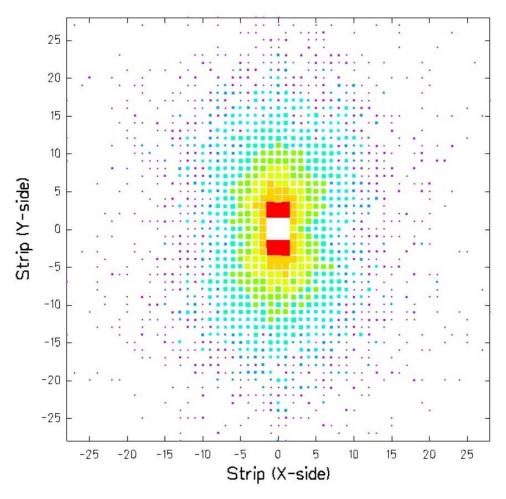
Energy resolution of roughly up to 1 keV at 60 keV photon energy.



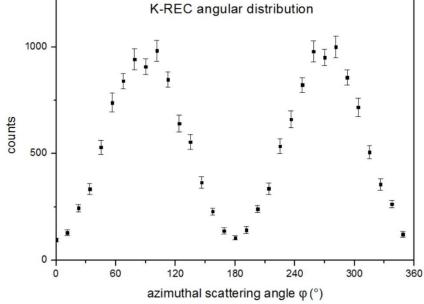
beam energy: 31 MeV/u



### K-REC Scattering distribution

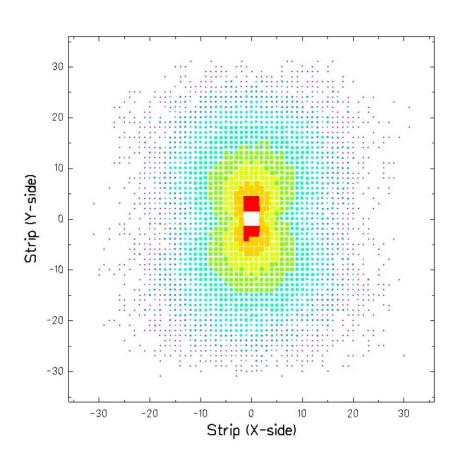


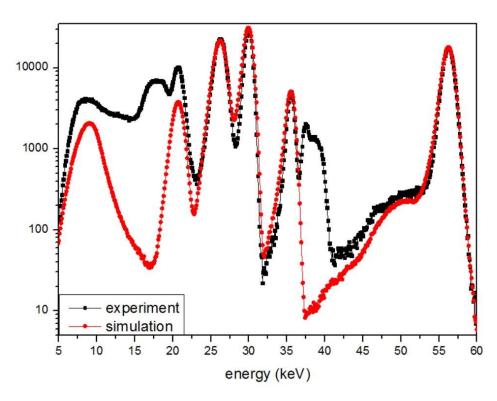
The strong anisotropy indicates a high degree of linear polarization.





### Simulation



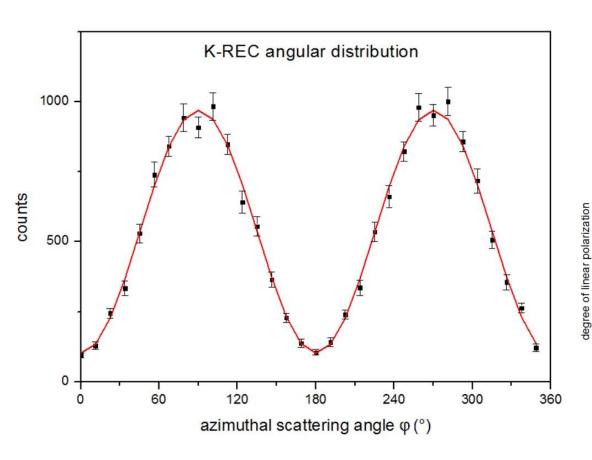


Good agreement with experimental data

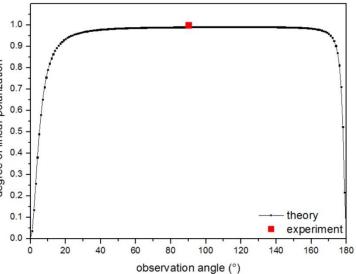
→ Get rid of some detector effects in analysis



#### Polarization



Degree of linear polarization in K-REC peak is about 99% (preliminary)





#### Summary

- Segmentation and energy resolution result in the possibility to measure the polarization of x-rays in a broad energy regime.
- The energy resolution was significantly improved by also cooling the first stage of the preamplifiers.
- The simulation of the detector features fits well with the experimental results.
- Using this setup, the degree of linear polarization can with this setup be determined with an accuracy of a few percent only.

#### Thank you for your attention!

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