

- ✓ **Motivation**
- ✓ **HADES di-electron results (SIS 18) - summary**
- ✓ **HADES upcoming programme (SIS 18) - summary**
- ✓ **Di-electron data understanding and interpretation - remarks**
  - Systematic errors (eff. corrections, CB subtraction,  $\pi^0$  normalization)
  - Knowledge of long-lived sources
- ✓ **Preliminary simulation results for di-electrons with HADES at SIS100**
  - Acceptance for  $\omega$  direct decay
  - Invariant mass distributions

**Jerzy Pietraszko, GSI Darmstadt**

**Workshop on Nuclear Matter Physics at SIS100, GSI Darmstadt**

## How do we study the properties of nuclear matter at high densities and temperatures ?

- ✓ SIS 18 (1-2 AGeV)  $T < 80$  MeV;  $\rho = 2.0 \rho_0$ ;  $\tau \sim 10$  fm/c
- ✓ SIS 100 (2-10 AGeV)  $T < 110$  MeV;  $\rho = 4.0 \rho_0$

### Aim:

- ✓ Model independent, systematic investigation of radiation from compressed nuclear matter
- ✓ In medium spectral functions of the light VM ( $\phi, \omega, \rho$ )  $\rightarrow$  chiral symmetry restoration

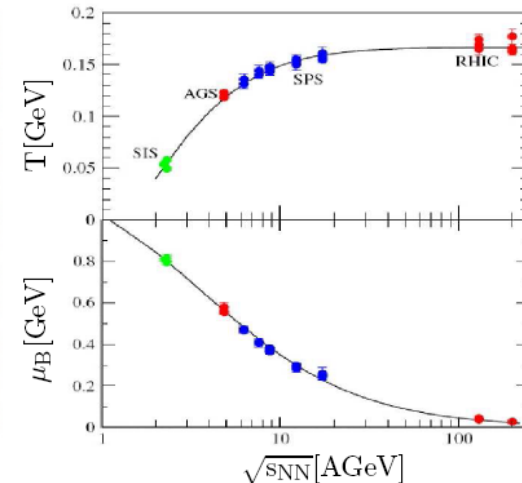
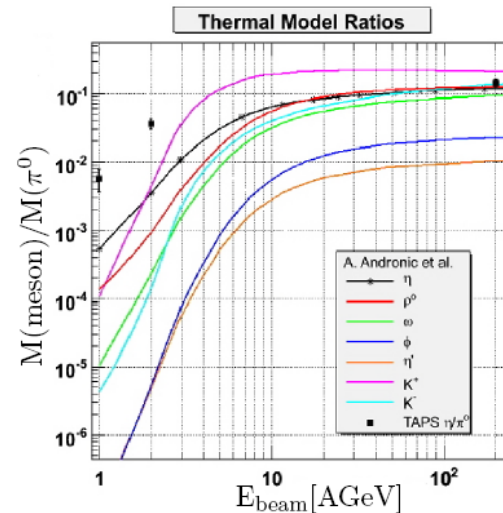
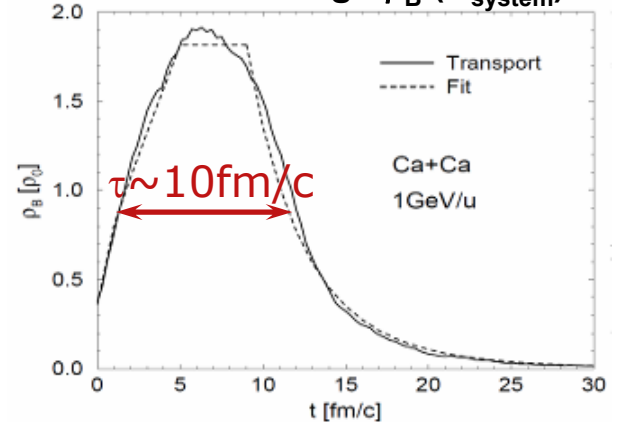
### How:

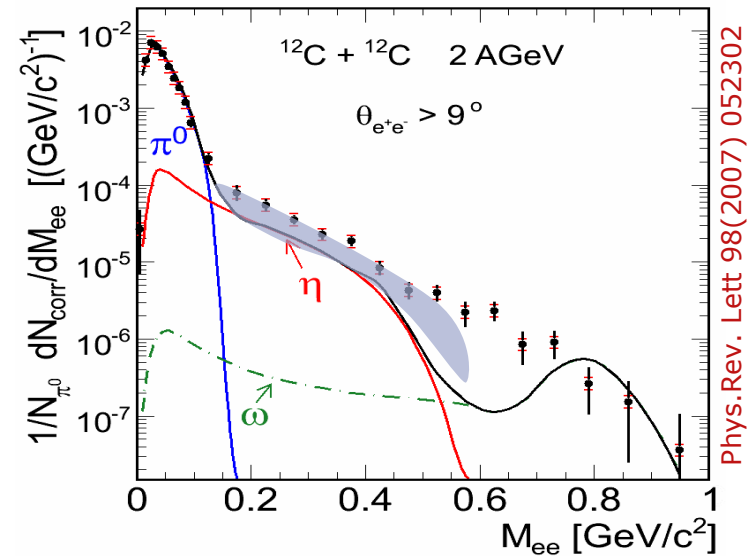
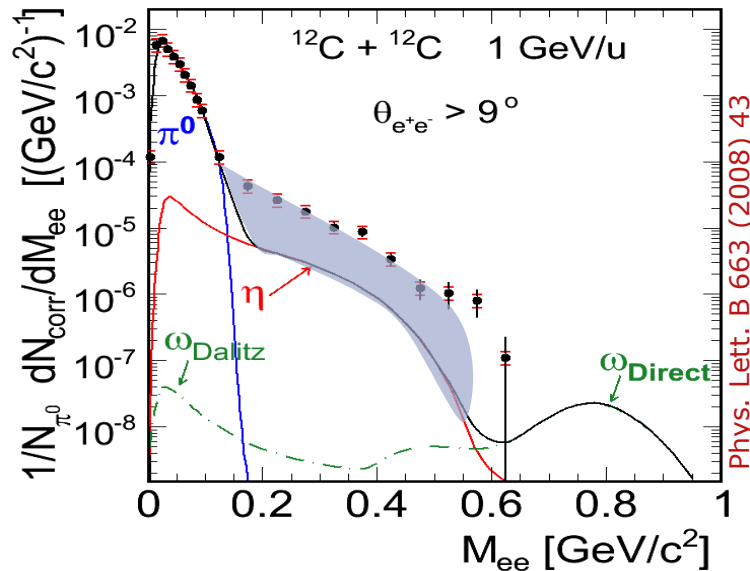
Measure dilepton radiation from the collision and subtract contribution emitted at chemical freeze-out.

$\rightarrow$  radiation from the early stage of the collision

Precise knowledge of the yield at chemical freeze-out is essential.  
 SIS 18 (up to 2 AGeV) – TAPS  $\pi^0, \eta$   
 SIS 100 (2 – 40 AGeV) – only models

Evolution of average  $\rho_B$  ( $\tau_{\text{system}}$ )





Normalization:  $N_{\pi^0} = \frac{1}{2} (N_{\pi^+} + N_{\pi^-})$ ;  $\pi^\pm$  from the same data sample

[arXiv:0902.4377v1[nucl-ex]]

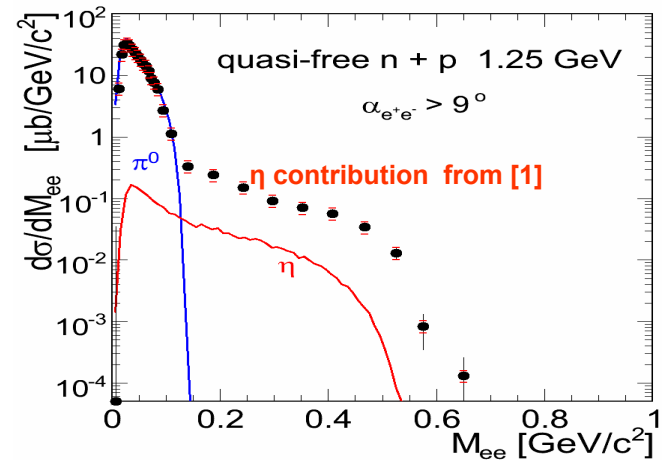
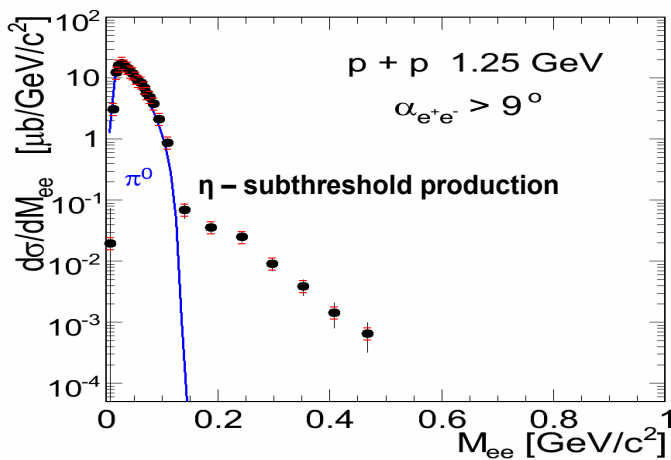
Systematic errors: ~25%,  $\sigma_M(\omega) = 9\%$

“hadronic cocktail”: thermal source; only long-lived components included, i.e.  $\pi^0$ ,  $\eta$ : TAPS data,  $\omega$ :  $m_\perp$  scaling.

[I. Froehlich et al., arXiv:0708.2382]

What about  $\Delta$ -Dalitz and pn-Bremsstrahlung? Not included in the "hadronic cocktail"!

→ measured in p+p, n+p experiments !!!

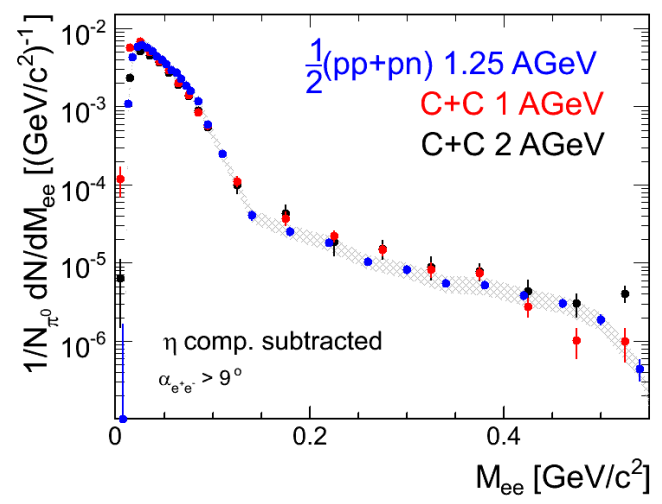


## p+p 1.25 GeV, n+p 1.25 GeV

- ✓  $\pi^0$  contributions measured by HADES
- ✓ normalized to the elastic scattering

## p+p, n+p, C+C di-electron signals comparison

- ✓ e+e- yield in HADES acceptance
- ✓  $\eta$  contribution subtracted
- no dependence on beam energy for invariant masses below 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- **"reference data"** for heavier systems



[1] H.Calen et al., Phys.Rev. C 58 (1998), 2667-2670.

## Ar+KCl 1.76 AGeV

**cocktail A** (long-lived components at thermal freeze-out,  $T = 75$  MeV)

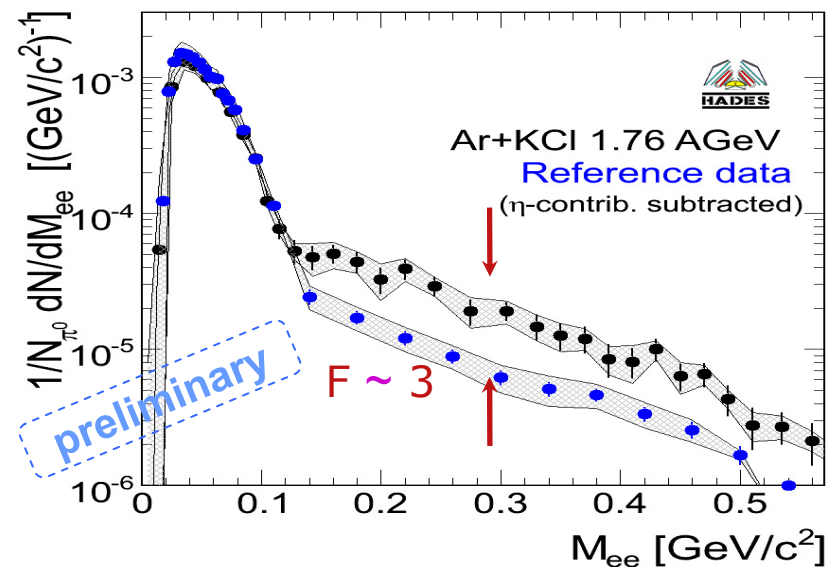
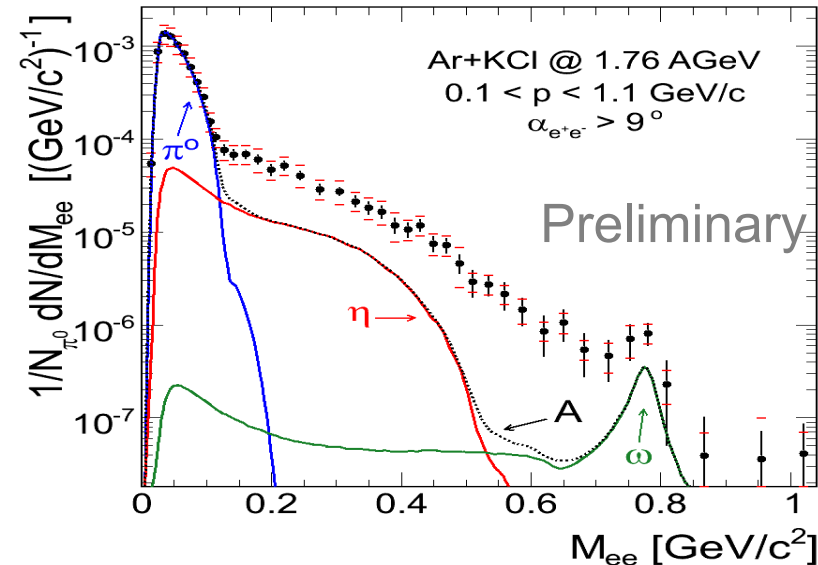
- ✓  $\pi^0$  and  $\eta$  :
  - ✓ mult. constrained by TAPS
    - R. Averbeck et al., Z. Phys. A 359 (1997), p. 6573.
    - R. Averbeck et al., Phys. Rev. C 67 (2003), 024903.
  - ✓ anisotropic polar angle distribution
- ✓  $\omega$ : – mult. from mT scaling
  - isotropic decay pattern

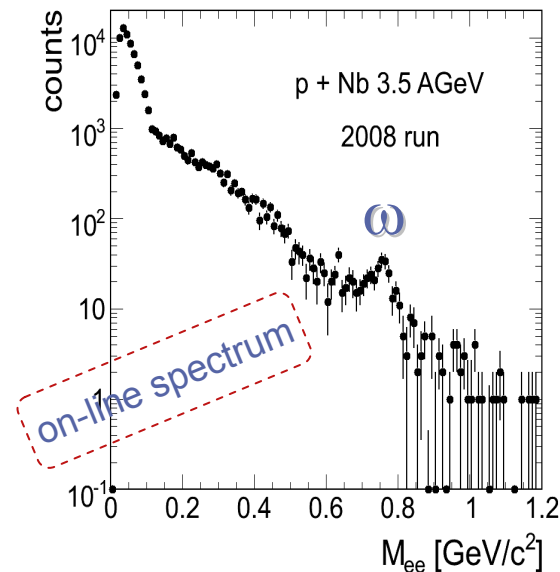
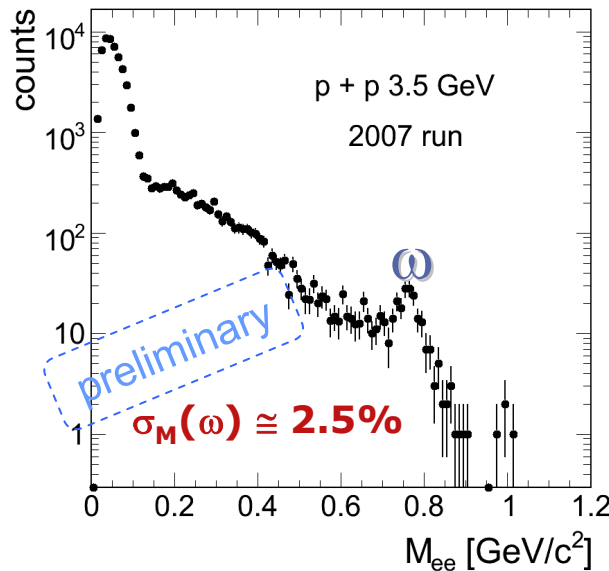
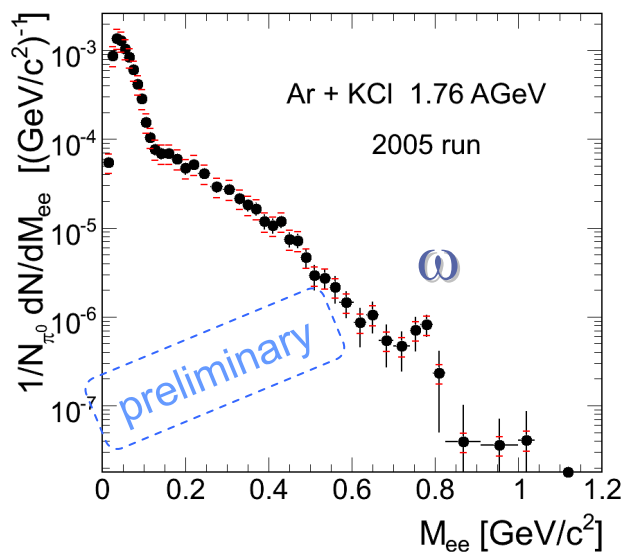
→ Missing part comes from short-lived sources from the early stage of the collision.

## Ar+KCl 1.76 AGeV compared to the HADES "Reference data"

- ✓ Excess above the "Reference data" by a factor of about 3

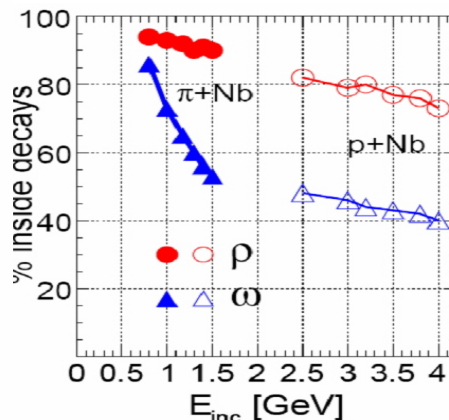
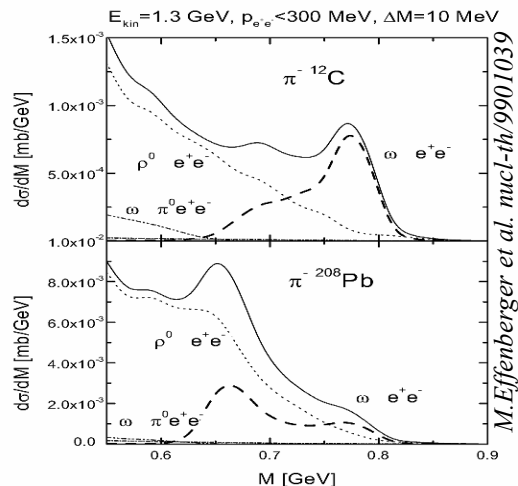
→ radiation from compressed nuclear matter





- First observation of  $\omega$  production in heavy-ion collisions at SIS energies
- $\omega$  production
- modification of the  $\omega$  meson in nuclear matter

Work in progress !!!



## $\pi^- + A$ – inclusive $\omega$ measurement

$$\pi^- p_{bound} \rightarrow \omega n \rightarrow e^+ e^- n;$$

$$p_{e^+e^-} < 300 \text{ MeV}/c; \quad \omega \text{ „at rest”}$$

## Exclusive measurement

- large cross-section

✓ off-shell  $\rho/\omega$  coupling to  $S_{11}(1535)$  and  $D_{13}(1550)$

M.Soyeur et al., nucl-th/0003013

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow (\omega/\rho) n \rightarrow e^+ e^- n$$

- selection of  $\rho$  and  $\omega$
- $\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ ,  $\pi^0 \pi^0$ , ...

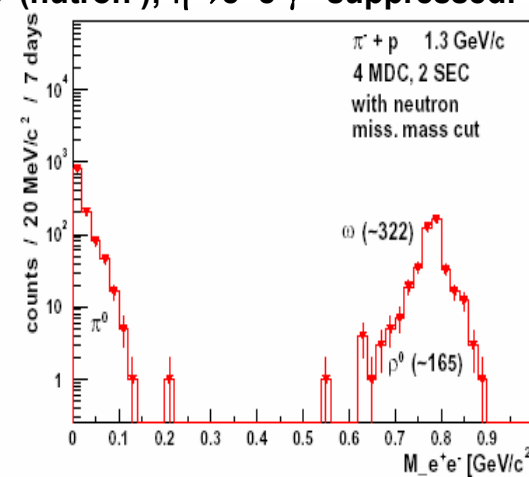
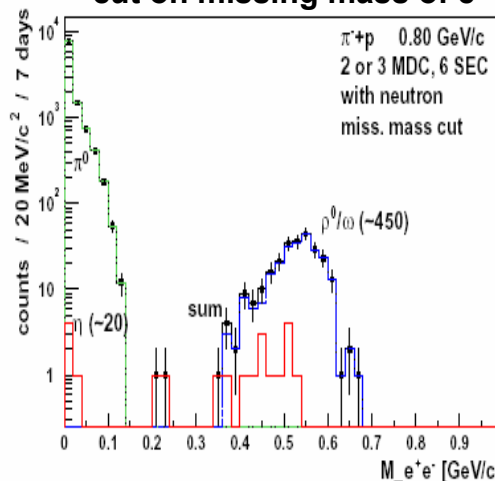
suppression by missing mass technique.

Beam particle tracking is essential in preparation

$$\sigma_{tot}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \omega n) = 2.5 \text{ mb} \quad @ p_\pi \approx 1.3 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$\sigma_{tot}(pp \rightarrow \omega X) \approx 0.4 \text{ mb} \quad @ p_p \approx 3.5 \text{ GeV}/c$$

cut on missing mass of  $e^+ e^-$  (neutron);  $\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$  suppressed!



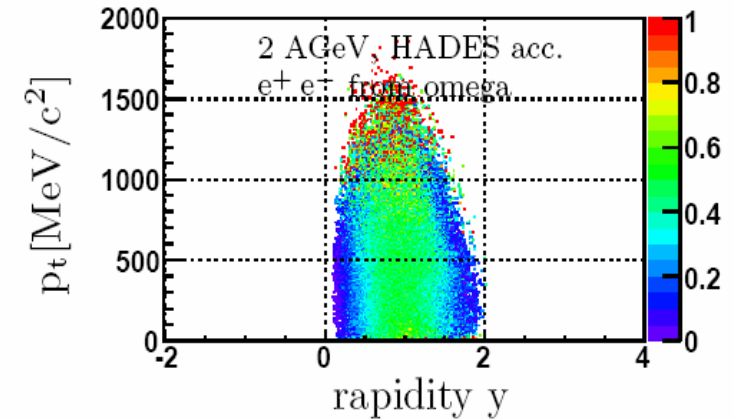
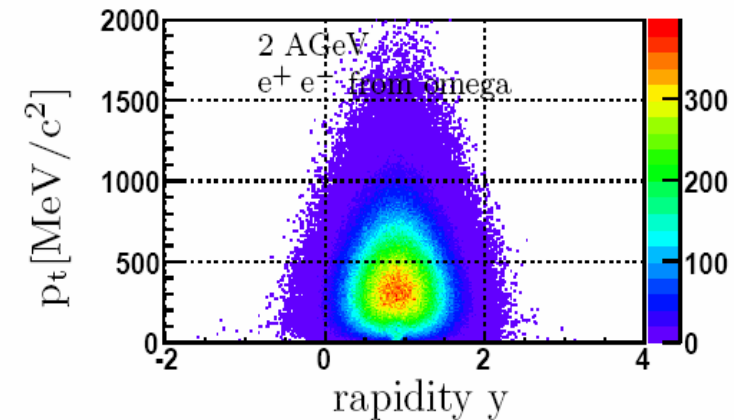
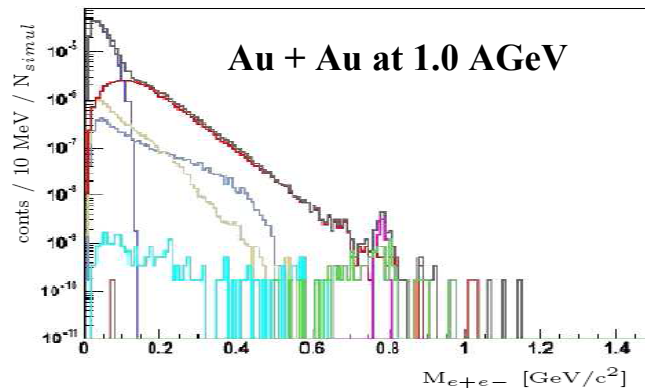
## Acceptance for di-electrons (2 AGeV)

- ✓ Direct  $\omega$  decay generated by PLUTO
- ✓  $\omega$  from thermal model with inverse slope parameter of 89 MeV (2 AGeV)
- ✓ single leptons filtered with HADES acceptance
- ✓  $9^\circ$  opening angle cut was applied

→ overall acceptance for di-electron pairs: 33-35 %  
→ the mid-rapidity region covered

## Di-electron cocktail

- ✓ All sources included in the PLUTO
- ✓ Filtered with HADES acceptance
- ✓ Momentum smearing applied



A full HGeant simulation in preparation.



- ✓ No di-electron data exist in this energy range
- ✓ Extension of the HADES physics programme
- ✓ Enhance production of Vector Mesons:

SIS18 → SIS 100

subthreshold production → above threshold

- better signal, precise line shape determination
- reference data for SIS 300

## HADES at SIS100:

- running experiment, well understood performance
- currently conducted upgrade will improve stability, DAQ and time resolution of the Spectrometer
- easy transfer to FAIR, experienced crew
- can deliver high quality data

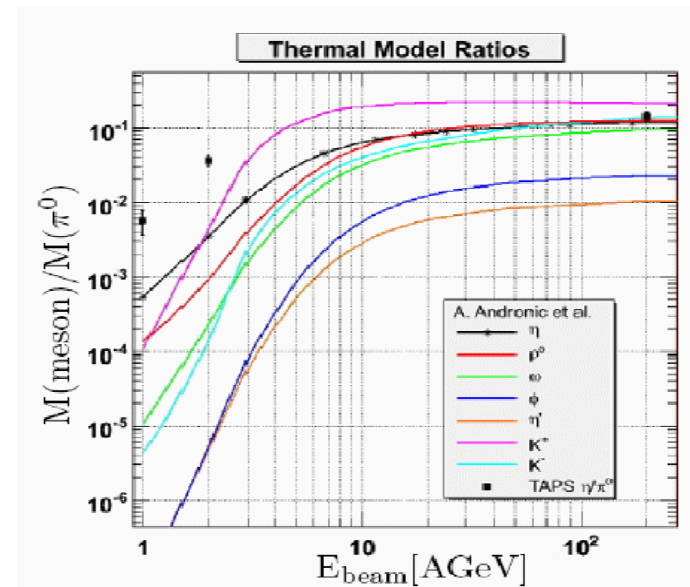
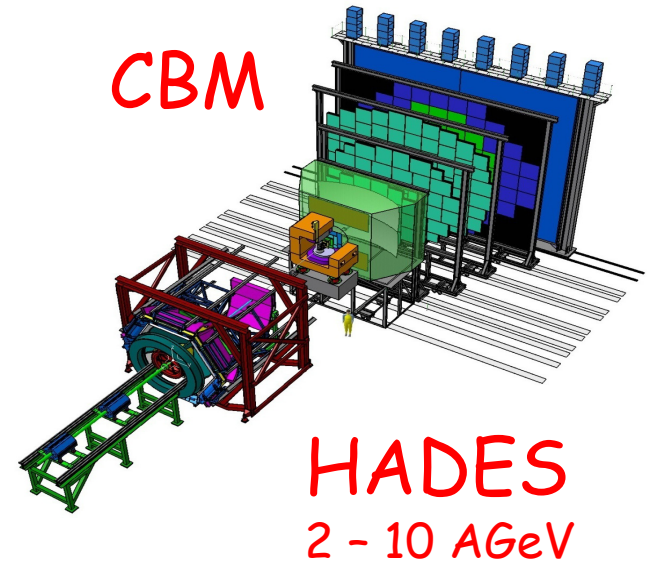
**But: for pair excess determination a precise knowledge of the hadronic cocktail is needed**

**(particle yields at chemical freeze-out)**

- ✓ At 2-40 AGeV mainly dominated by  $\eta$ -Dalitz
- ✓ Normalization to  $\pi^0$  (at SIS18 – TAPS data)

→ **Calorimeter for HADES**

- $\pi^0$ ,  $\eta$  measurement
- improved pion suppression



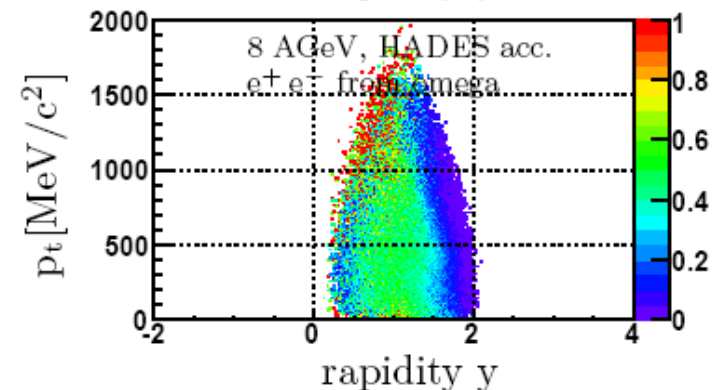
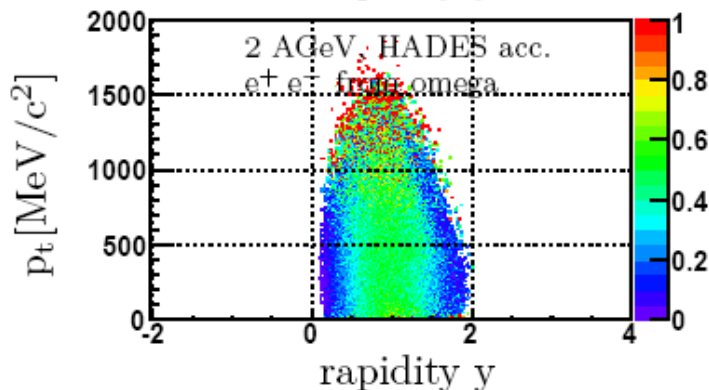
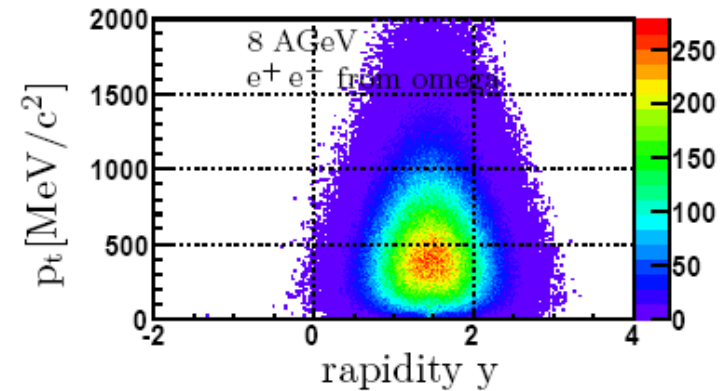
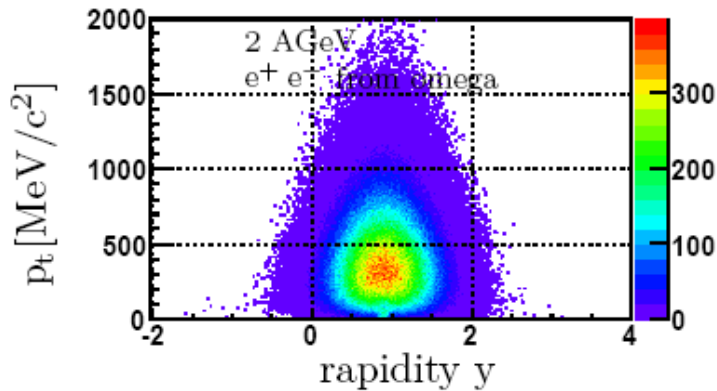
## Acceptance for di-electrons from $\omega \rightarrow e^+e^-$ (2 AGeV and 8 AGeV)

- ✓ Direct  $\omega$  decay: PLUTO,  $\omega$  from thermal model
- ✓ Single leptons filtered with HADES acceptance
- ✓  $90^\circ$  opening angle cut was applied

Acceptance:

2 AGeV	33 %
8 AGeV	21 %

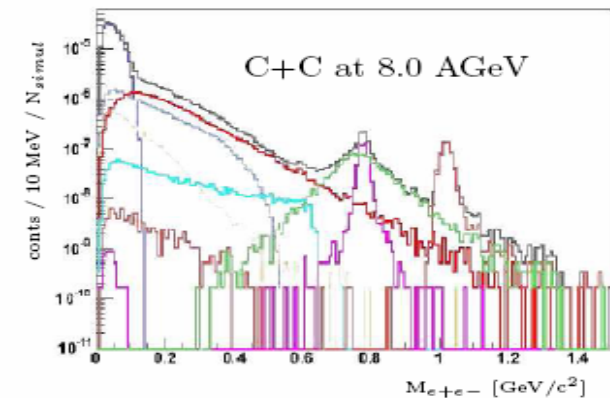
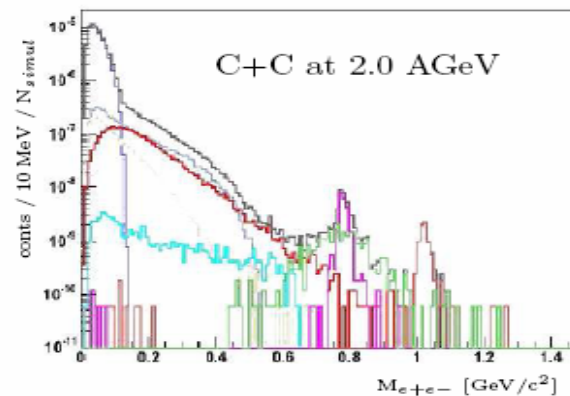
Number of  $\omega$ 's in acceptance  
increase by a factor of  $\sim 50$



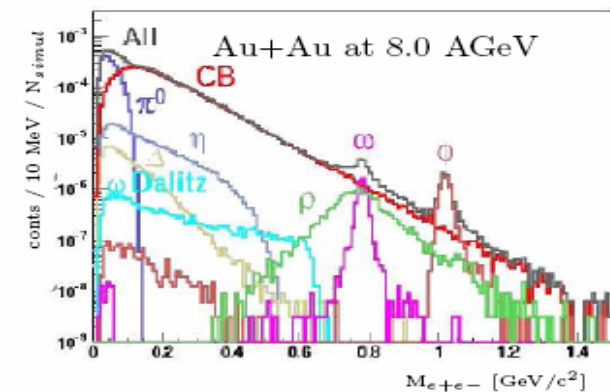
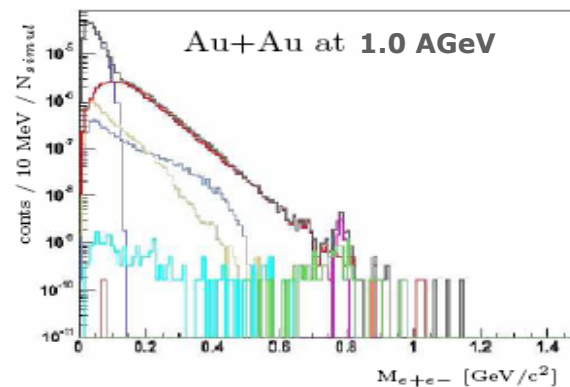
## Di-electron invariant mass for various systems:

( C+C 2 AGeV and 8 AGeV, Au+Au 1 AGeV and 8 AGeV )

- ✓ All dilepton sources generated by PLUTO, hadronic and electromagnetic decays
- ✓ Single leptons filtered with HADES acceptance
- ✓ Lepton momentums smeared
- ✓  $90^\circ$  opening angle cut was applied



Realistic simulation will be performed !



# HADES di-electron measurement at SIS 100

## summary



- Di-electron radiation from the collision zone at SIS 18 is being investigated in a very systematic, model independent way.
  - ✓ No medium effects observed for light systems (C+C)
  - ✓ The "reference spectrum" based on elementary reactions established for heavier systems (Ar+KCl)
  - ✓ First VM signal measured at SIS 18 in Ar+KCl collisions
  - ✓ Modification of the  $\omega$  meson properties in-medium (p+Nb) under investigation
  
- Interesting physics programme for future proposals of HADES at SIS 18 ( Au+Au,  $\pi^-$  beam )
  
- SIS100 – a natural way of the physics programme extension
  - ✓ Device ready to take high quality data
  - ✓ Easy installation at SIS 100
  - ✓ VM produced above the production thresholds
  - ✓ High acceptance for direct decays of VM over whole energy regions of SIS 18 and SIS100  
(from 33 % at SIS 18 to 22 % at SIS100)
  
- Realistic simulation for heavier systems in preparation.

Thank you

## Ready for SIS18 heavy systems and for SIS 100

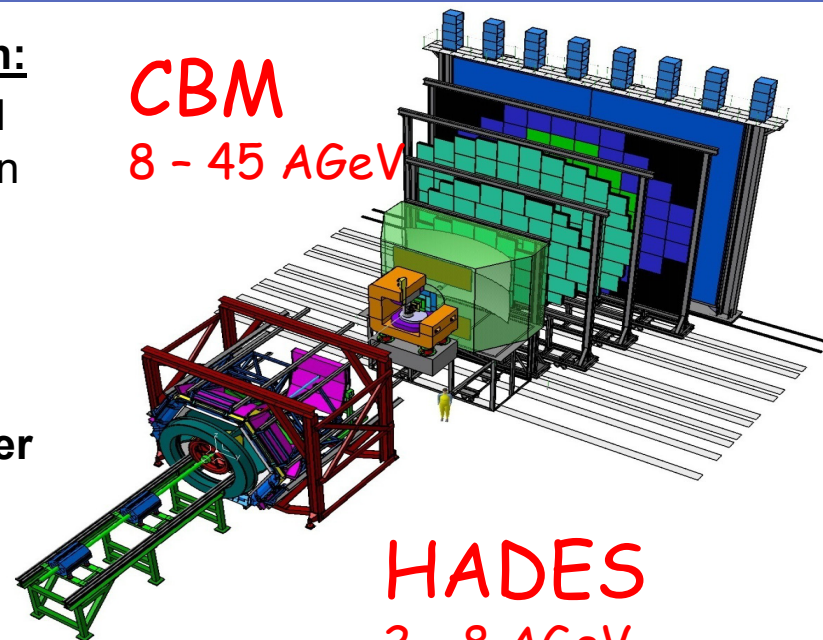
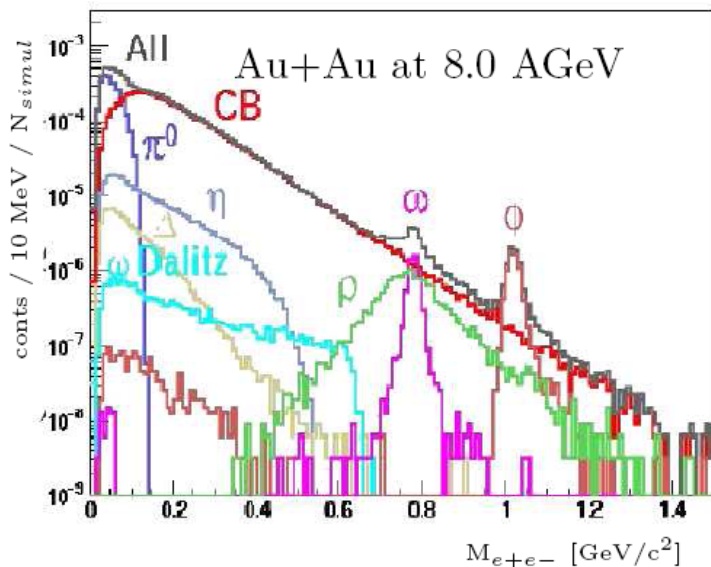
- Cope with multiplicities of Au+Au 1.5 AGeV
- Accept up to 20 KHz trigger rate
- Measures:
  - Replace TOFINO with high-granularity RPC
  - Add forward hodoscopes
  - Upgrade DAQ (new Trigger and Read-out Board)
  - Extend RICH radiator
  - Replace plane I of tracking chambers
- RPC full size prototype successfully commissioned in November 2007.
- Expected resolution below 80 ps.





### Dielectron sources form in medium radiation:

- ✓ SIS18 (1-2 AGeV): decays of the short-lived baryonic resonances,  $\Delta$ ,  $N^*$  and p-n bremsstrahlung.
- ✓ SPS or RHIC: pion annihilation via the rho resonance above  $\pi^0$ - Dalitz region
- ✓ **Dilepton spectroscopy at energies 2-40 AGeV, "terra incognita", HADES will cover 2-8 AGeV.**



### HADES at FAIR:

- ✓ Running experiment, well-understood performance
- ✓ Easy transfer to FAIR, experienced crew
- ✓ High acceptance for leptons and hadrons at 8GeV
- ✓ Particle occupancies and background comparable to SIS18 (Au+Au at 1.5 AGeV  $\leftrightarrow$  Ni+Ni at 8 AGeV)
- ✓ Huge increase in the yield from direct  $\omega$ ,  $\phi$  decays by factors of 19, 73 respectively compared to SIS18