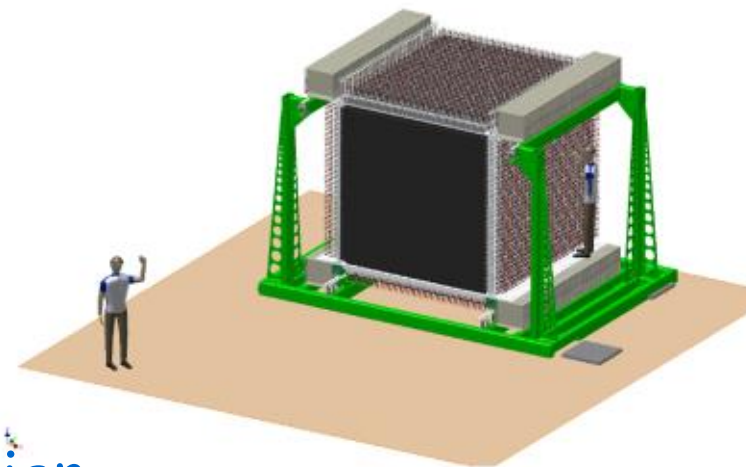


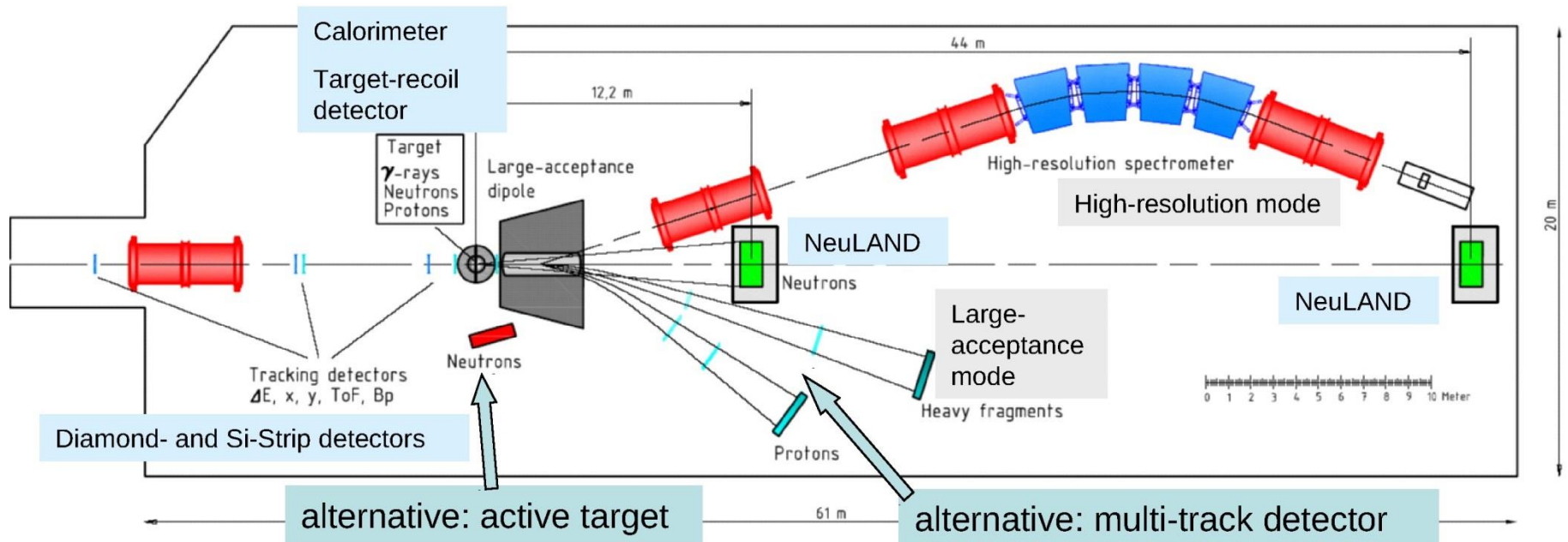
Experiments with NeuLAND@R³B



- NeuLAND Design
- Experimental Programm at R³B@FAIR
- Dipole Response of Exotic Nuclei
- NeuLAND Status 2016 towards 2018 beam at R³B@GSI

R³B

Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams



features:

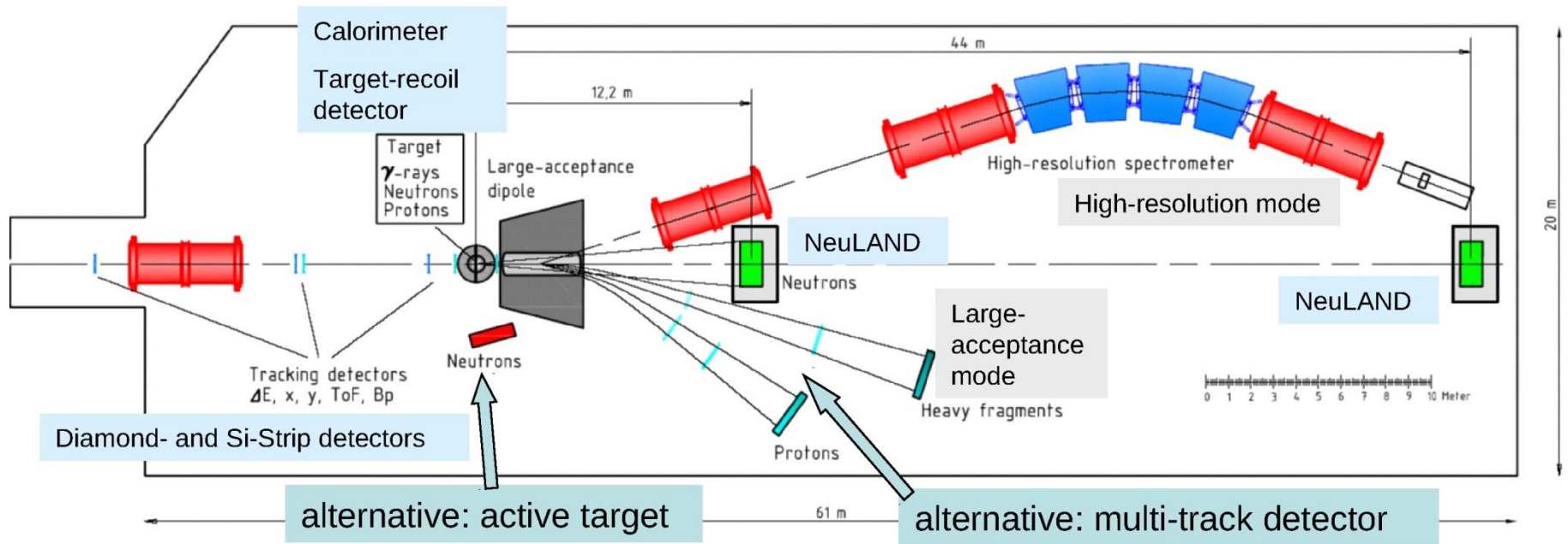
- **kinematically complete** measurements of nuclear reactions in inverse kinematics
- $\rightarrow$ **invariant mass**
- high beam energies: 100-1000 MeV/u
- **high energy branch** of SuperFRS

addresses:

- **nuclear reactions**
- **nuclear astrophysics**
- **structure of (exotic) nuclei**
- **neutron-rich matter**

R³B

Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams



features:

- kinematically complete measurements
- high beam energies: 100-1000 MeV/u
- high energy branch of SuperFRS

addresses:

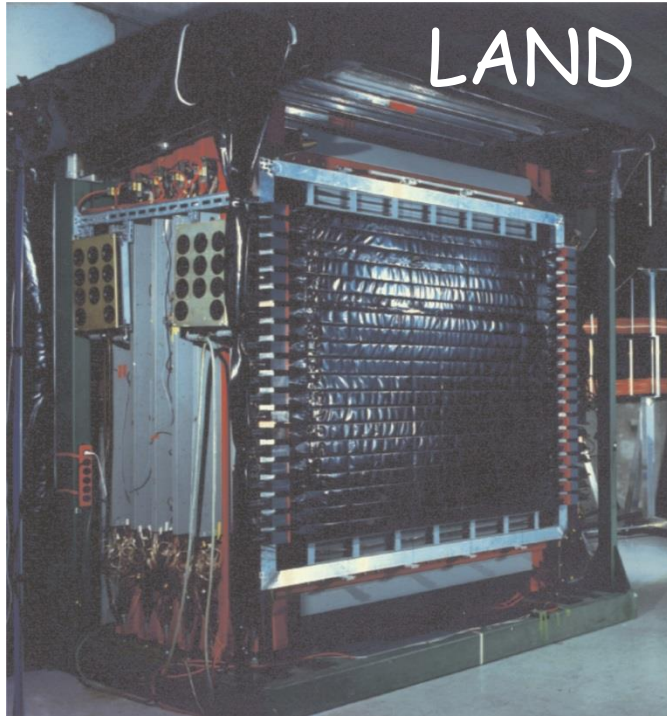
- nuclear reactions

of nuclear reactions in inverse kinematics
 → today: dipole response of exotic light and heavy nuclei
 → invariant mass

- nuclear astrophysics
- neutron-rich matter

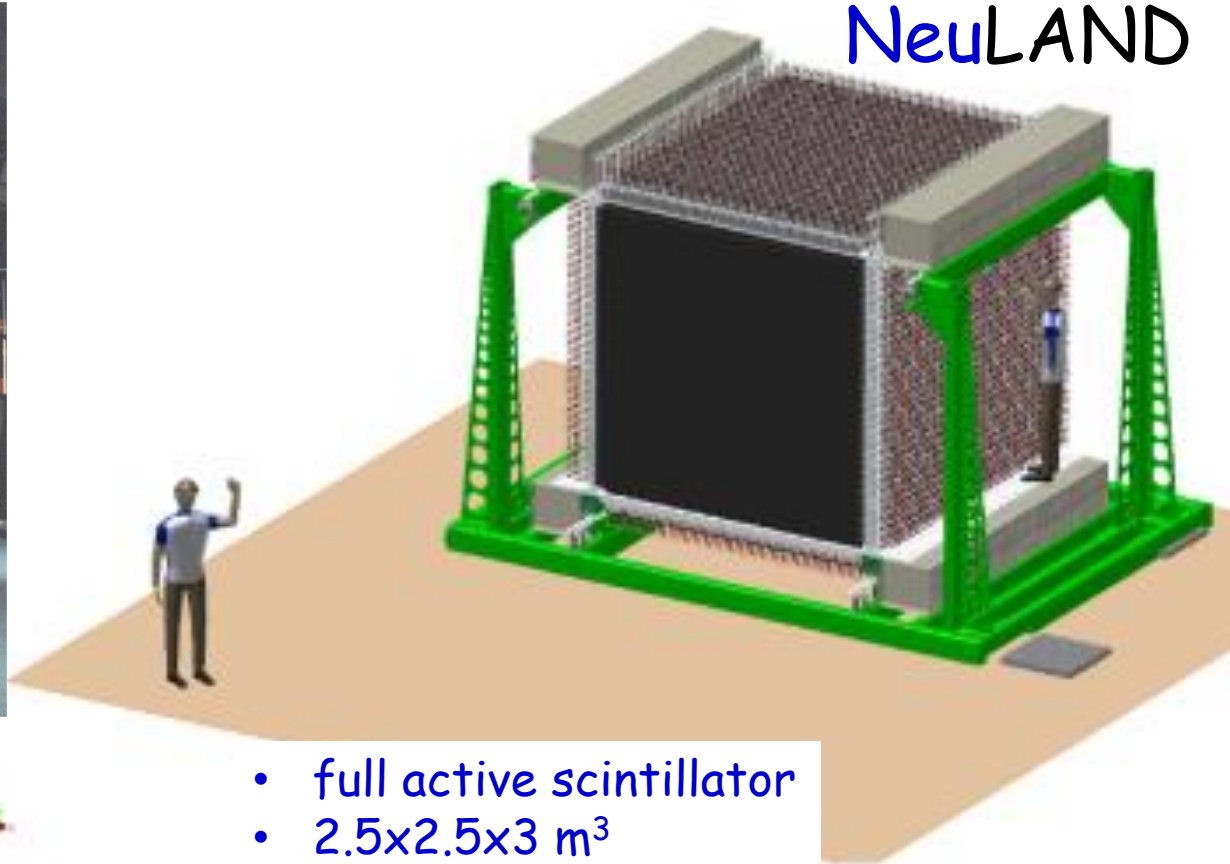
Detection of Fast Neutrons

LAND → NeuLAND



- iron-scintillator sandwich
- $2 \times 2 \times 1 \text{ m}^3$
- 400 modules

Nucl. Instr. Meth. A314 (1992) 136



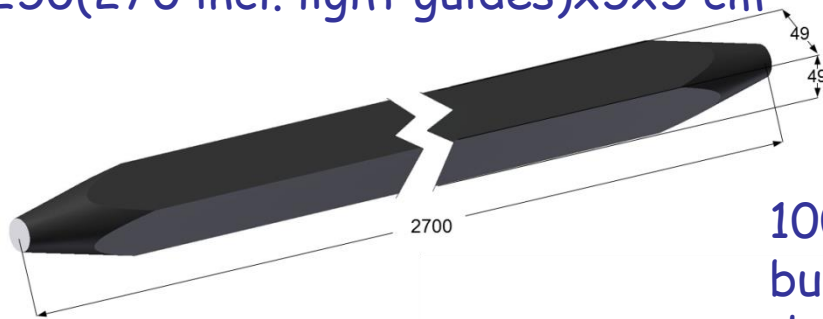
- full active scintillator
- $2.5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$
- 3000 modules

Technical Design Report, 2011,
http://www.fair-center.eu/fileadmin/fair/publications_exp/NeuLAND-TDR-Web.pdf

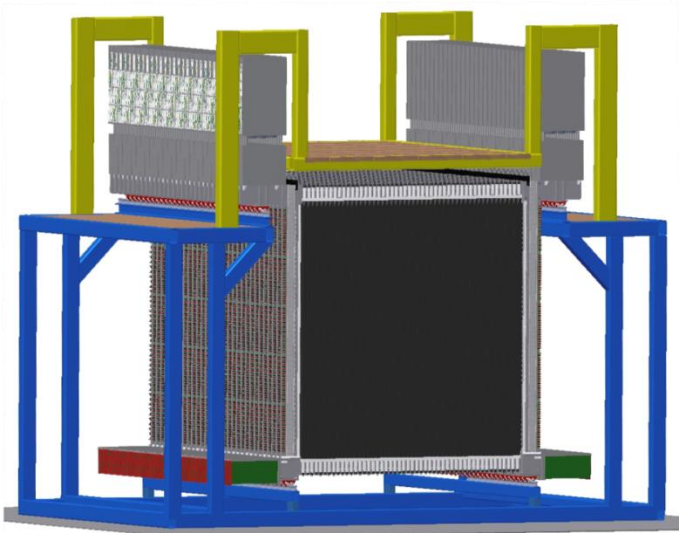
From Submodules to Complete NeuLAND

NeuLAND submodule

250(270 incl. light guides) $\times$ 5 $\times$ 5 cm³



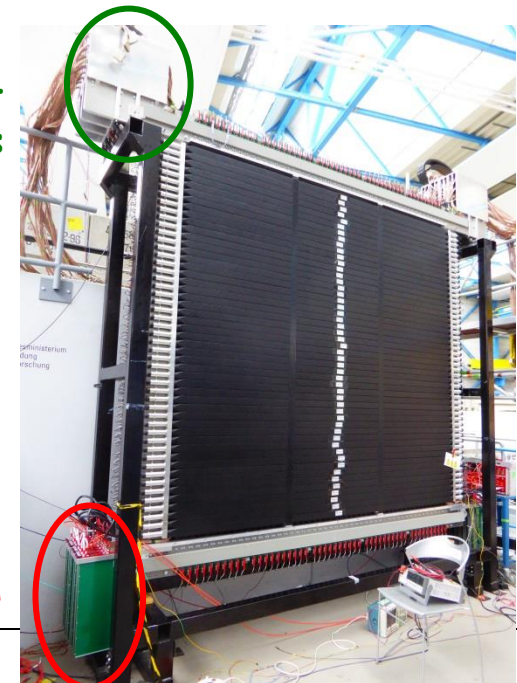
100 submodules
build one
double-plane

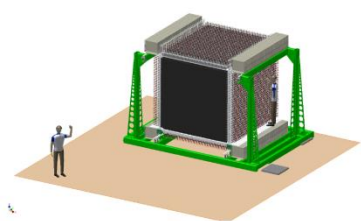


30 double-plane
build up NeuLAND
face size
250 $\times$ 250 cm²
active depth 300
cm

Readout
Electronics

High Voltage
Distribution
System





NeuLAND: The High Resolution Neutron Time-of-Flight Spectrometer for R³B

NeuLAND design goals:

- >90% efficiency for 0.2-1.0 GeV neutrons
- Multi-hit capability for up to 5 neutrons
- **invariant-mass resolution: NeuLAND-target distance 35 m**
 $\Delta E < 20 \text{ keV}$ at 100 keV above the neutron threshold

NeuLAND Demonstrator 2014

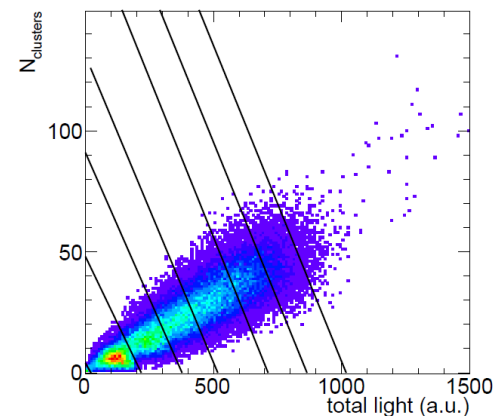


NeuLAND detector parameters:

- **full active detector** using RP/BC408
- face size 250x250 cm²
- active **depth 300 cm**
- 3000 scintillator bars
- 6000 PM / readout channels
- $\sigma_{x,y,z} \approx 3 \text{ cm}$
- $\sigma_t < 150 \text{ ps}$

calorimetric properties

		1000 MeV generated					
		%	1n	2n	3n	4n	5n
detected	1n	89	12	1	0	0	
	2n	7	78	23	3	0	
	3n	0	8	63	26	5	
	4n	0	0	12	63	40	
	5n	0	0	0	7	46	
	6n	0	0	0	0	8	



Physics List for NeuLAND

Excerpt from the TDR:

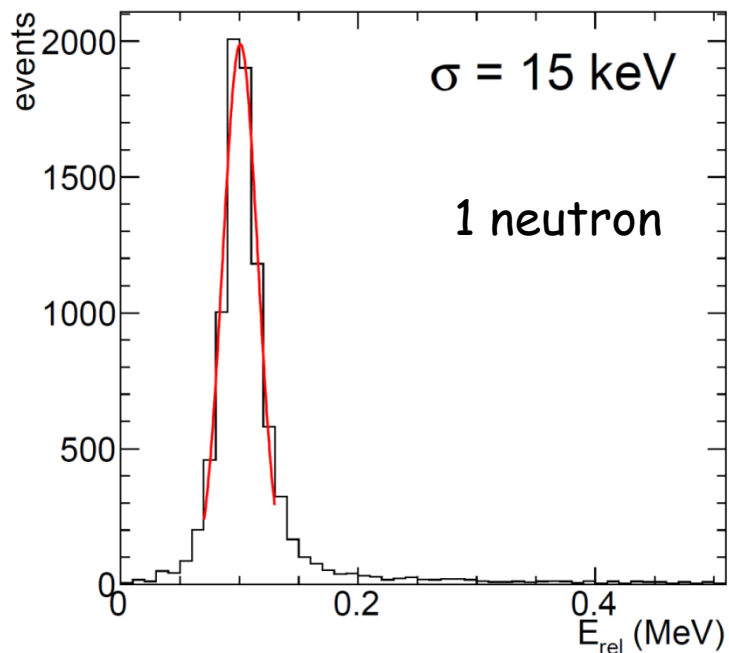
2. Physics Scenarios: Requirements for NeuLAND	19
2.1. Evolution of the Collective Response of Exotic Nuclei	19
2.2. Dipole Strength at the Particle Threshold	21
2.3. Light Exotic Systems - Unbound States and Multi-Neutron Configurations	22
2.4. Quasi-Free Scattering	24
2.5. Fission and Multifragmentation	26
2.6. Flow and Equation of State	27

NeuLAND in „High-Resolution Mode“

NeuLAND-target distance 35 m, 600 MeV

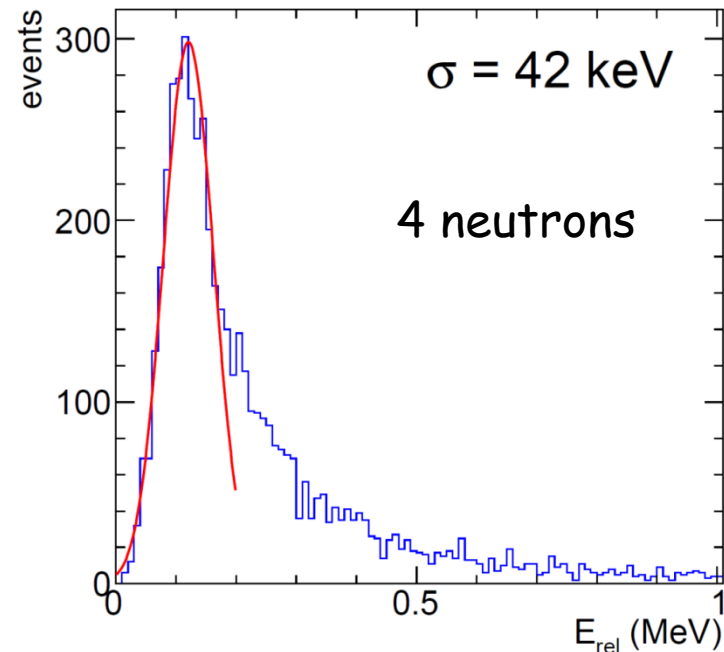
$\Delta E < 20$ keV at 100 keV

above the neutron threshold



$\Delta E \approx 40$ keV at 100 keV

for 4 n's at 60% tot. efficiency



Equation of State

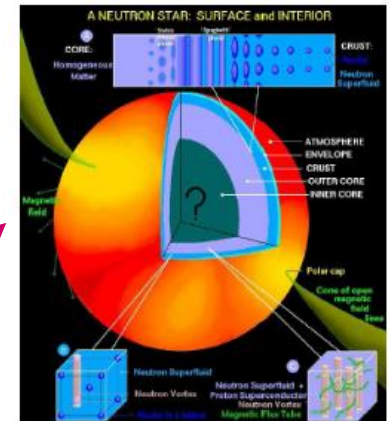
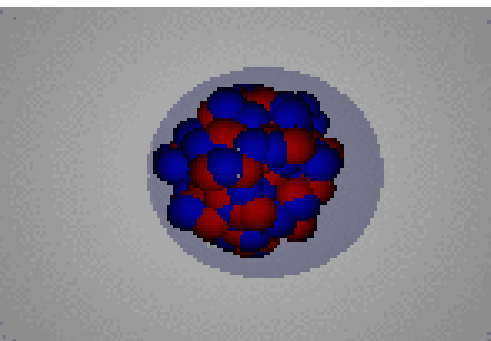
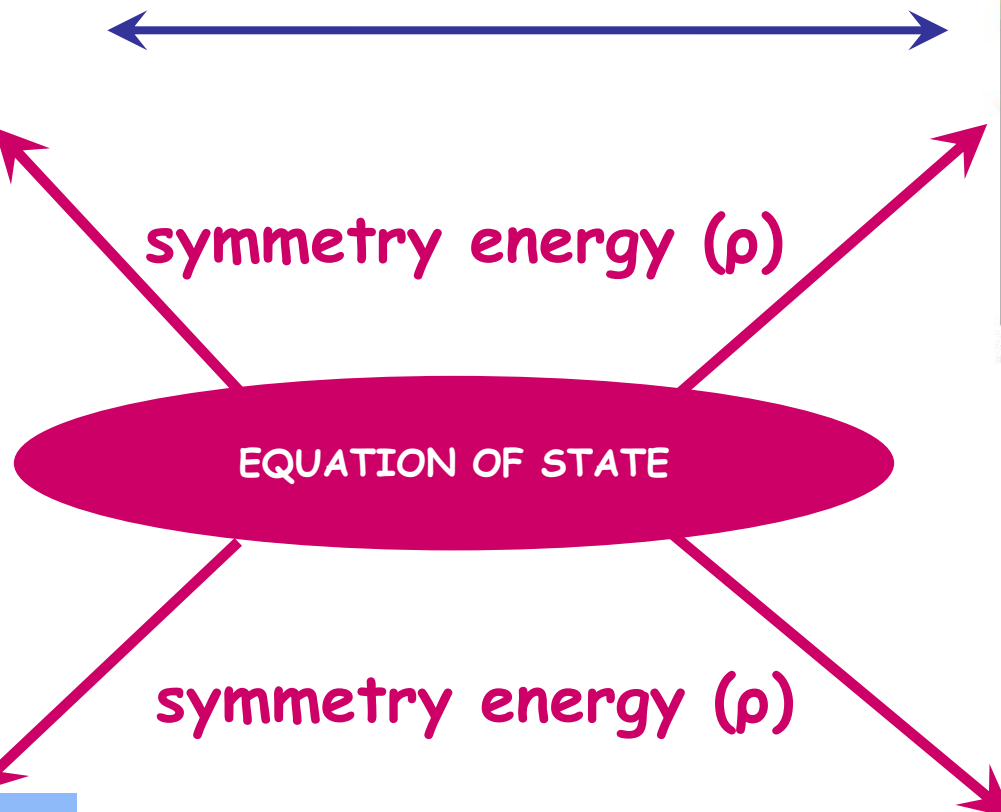
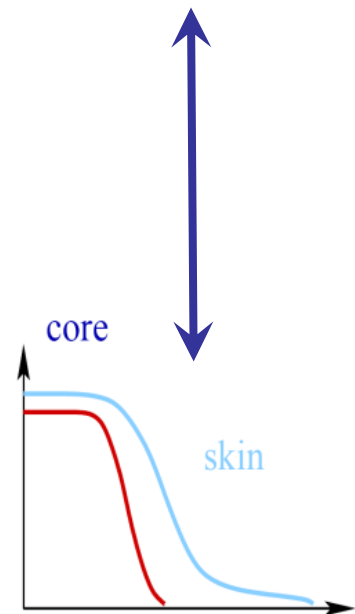


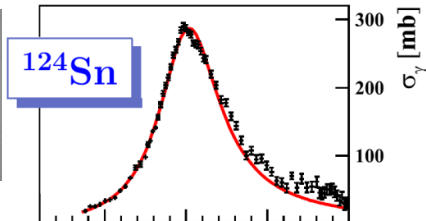
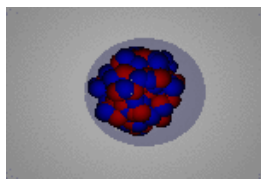
Fig. 3. State-of-the-art rendition of the structure of a neutron star (courtesy of Dany Page).



$$\alpha_D = \frac{\hbar c}{2\pi^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\sigma(E)}{E^2} dE$$

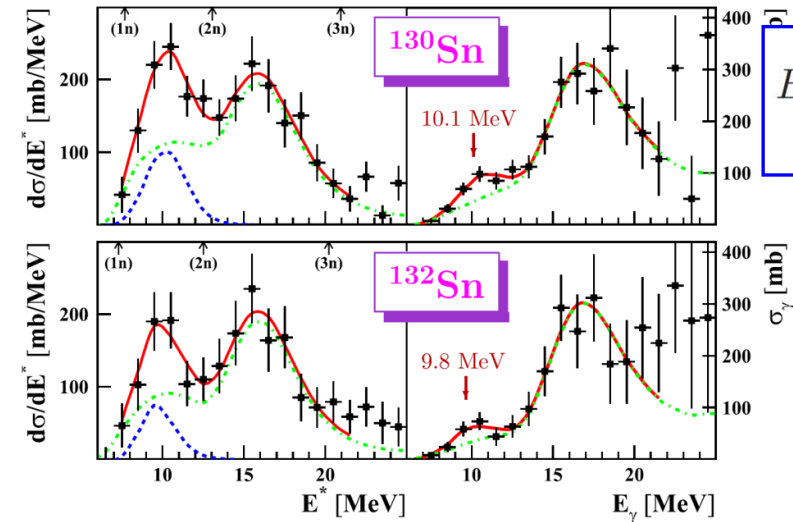


Reminder: PDR/GDR and Neutron Skin in ^{132}Sn



data taken at the LAND setup
Coulomb excitation in inverse kinematics
invariant mass method

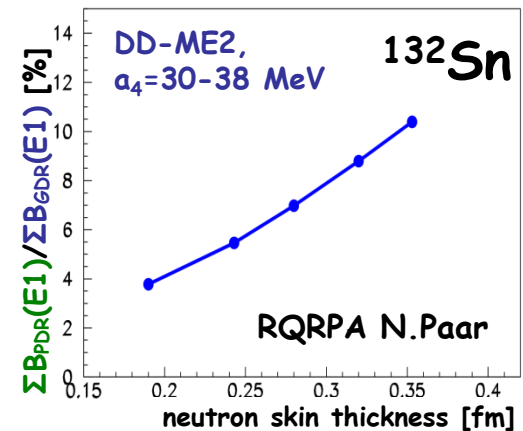
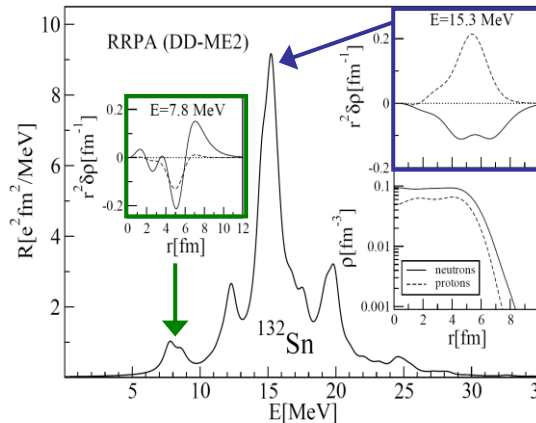
$$E^* = \sqrt{\sum_i m_i^2 + \sum_{i \neq j} \gamma_i \gamma_j m_i m_j (1 - \beta_i \beta_j \cos \vartheta_{ij})} + E_\gamma - m_{proj}$$



P. Adrich *et al.*, PRL **95**, 132501 (2005)

→ neutron skin thickness and
symmetry energy parameters in

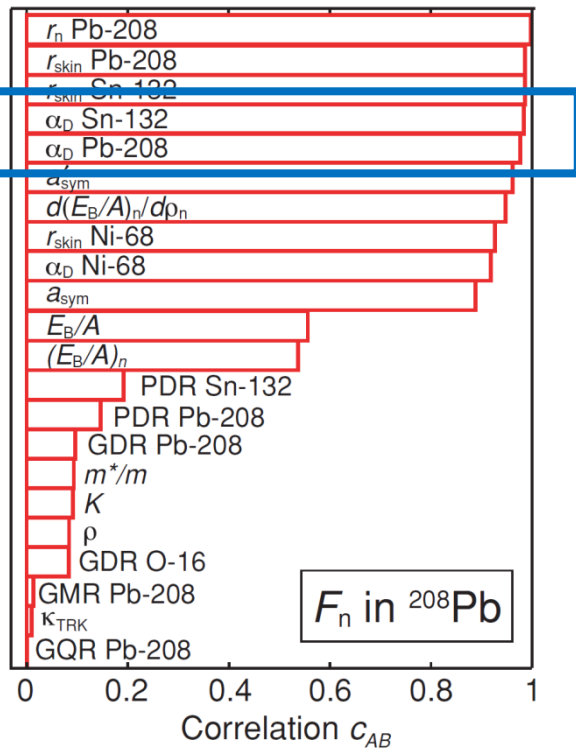
A. Klimkiewicz, N. Paar *et al.*, PRC **76**
(2007) 051603(R)



Dipole Polarizability and Neutron Skin

Covariance Analysis

P.-G. Reinhard and W. Nazarewicz,
PRC **81** 051303(R) (2010)

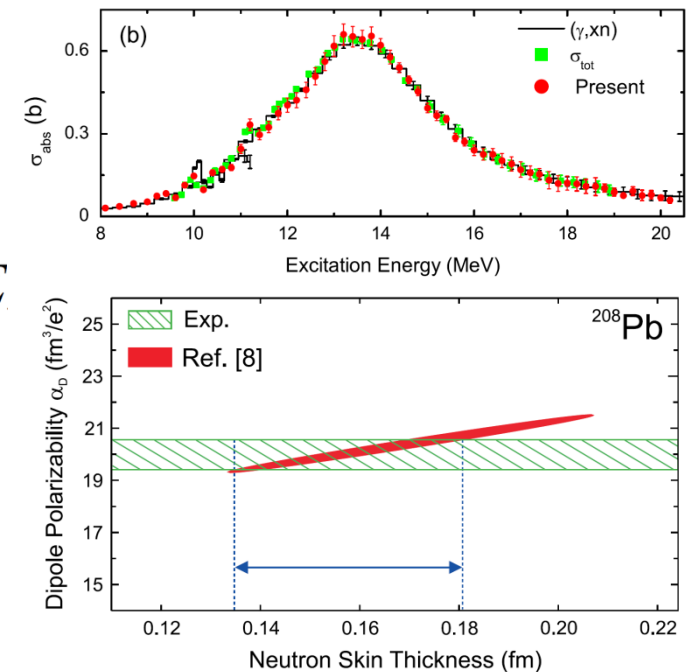


$$\alpha_D = \frac{\hbar c}{2\pi^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\sigma(E)}{E^2} dE$$

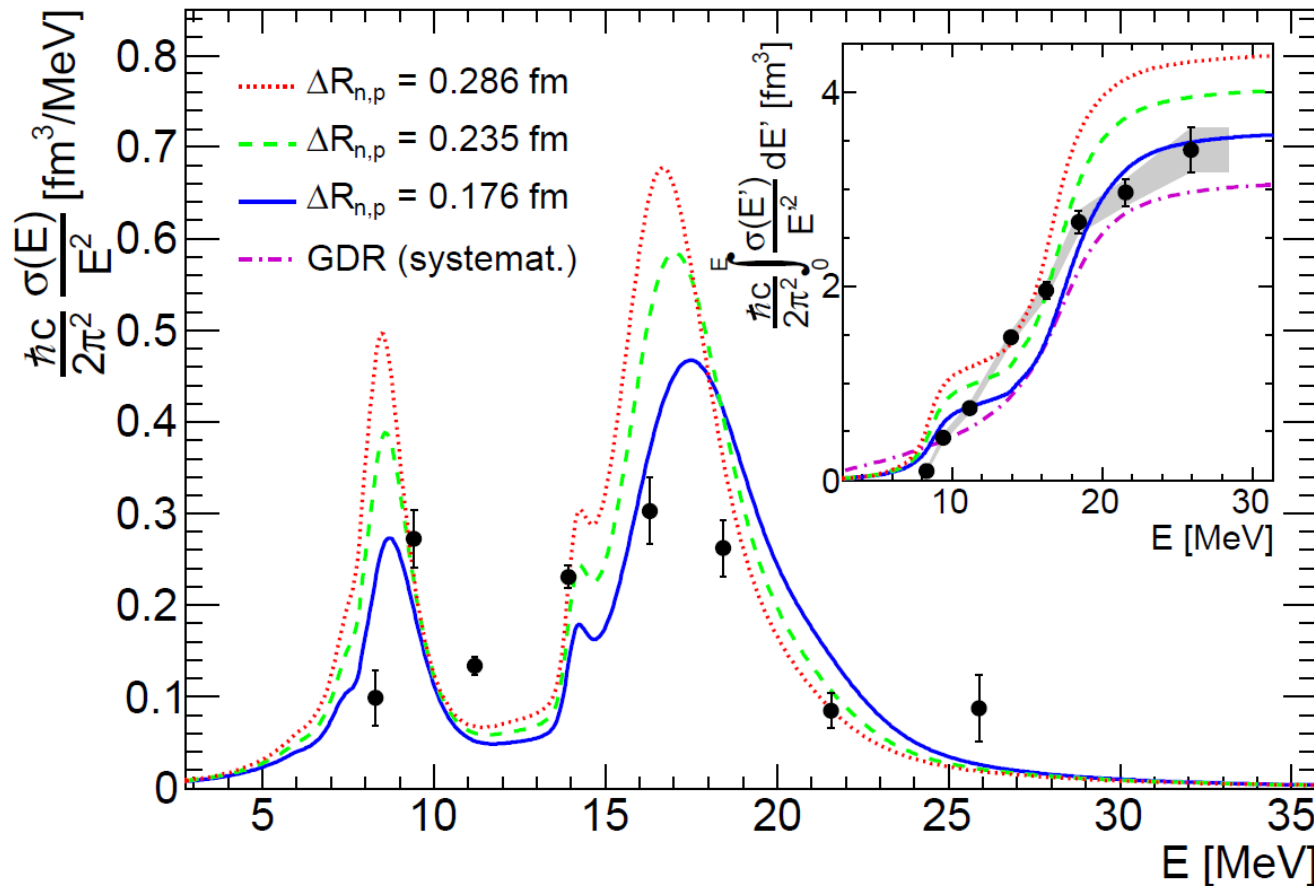
$$r_{\text{skin}} = 0.156^{+0.025}_{-0.021} \text{ fm}$$

Polarized Proton Scattering

A. Tamii et al., PRL **107** 062502 (2011)



Reminder: Dipole Polarizability in ^{68}Ni



FSU Gold:
J. Piekarewicz, Phys. Rev. C 83, 034319 (2011)

$$\alpha_D^{\text{exp}} = 3.40(23) \text{ fm}^3$$

D. Rossi et al. ,
PRL 111, 242503 (2013)
→ neutron skin
thickness

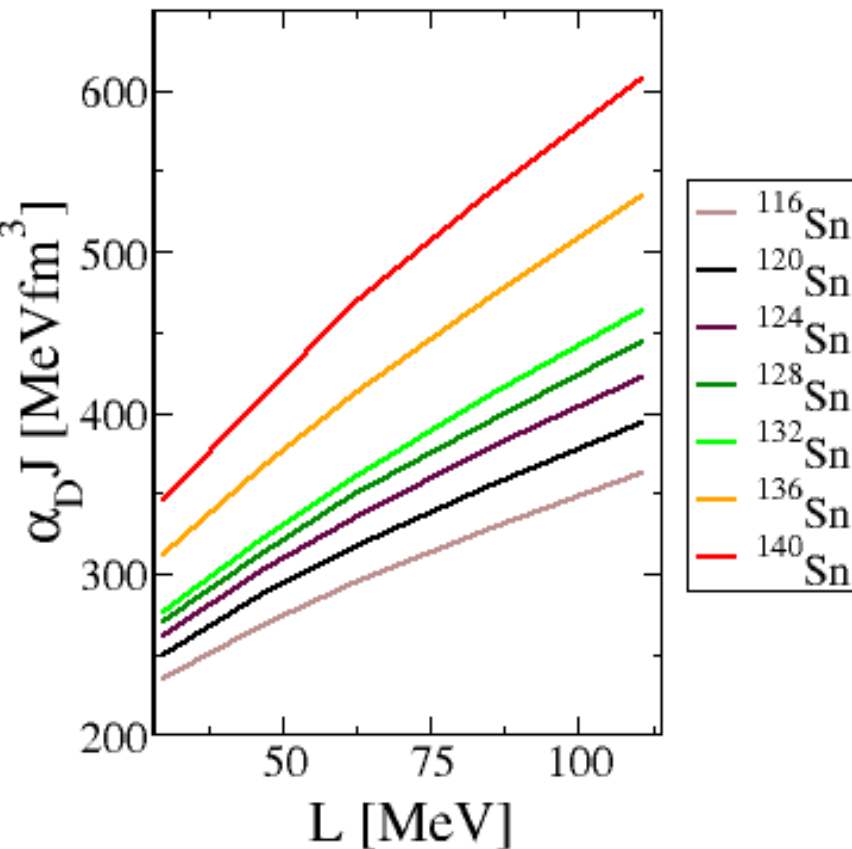
Agrees with

- (p,p') measurement on ^{208}Pb (Tamii *et al.* PRL 107 062502 (2011))
- coherent pion production measurement (Tarbert et al. PRL 112, 242502 (2014))

Dipole Response: Experimental Future

Relativistic Mean Field Calculation
by Andrea Horvat

→ Higher sensitivity for n-rich nuclei



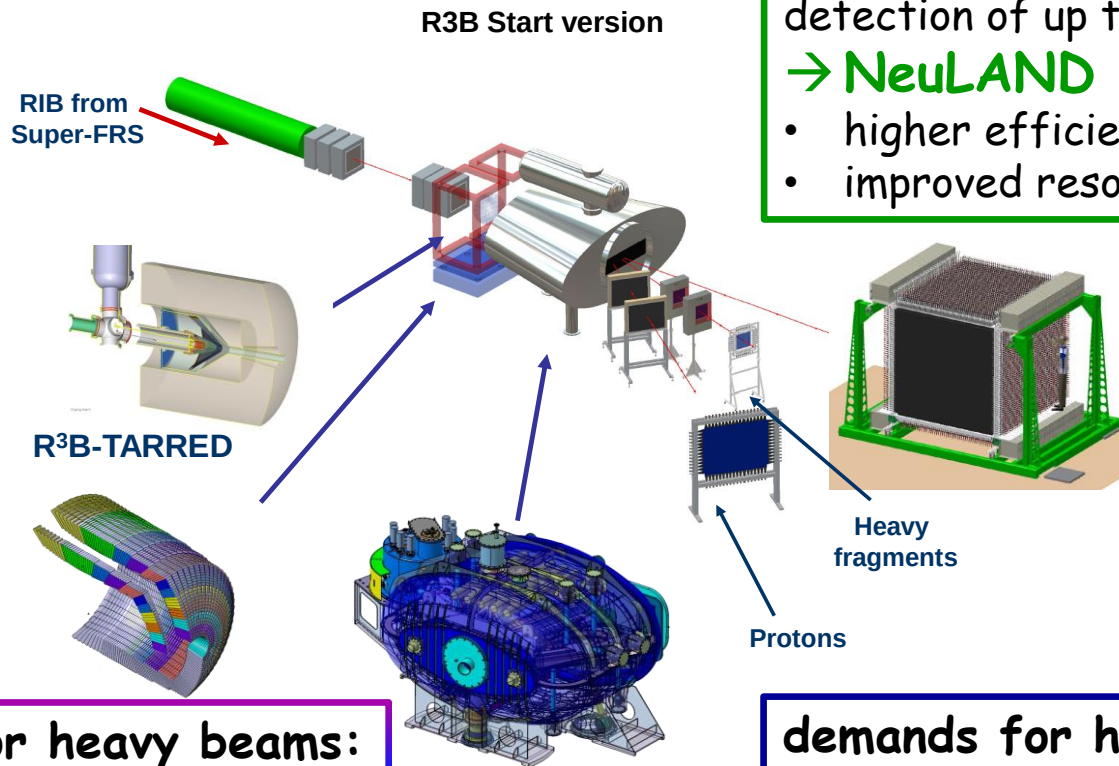
R³B@FAIR
program includes

Dipole response including pygmy,
GDR, polarizability of

- very neutron-rich Sn isotopes in the r-process path: $^{134-140}\text{Sn}$
design intensity:
200/spill ^{138}Sn , 2/spill ^{140}Sn
- heavy neutron-rich beams
 $^{208-224}\text{Pb}$, design intensity:
100/spill ^{222}Pb , 5/spill ^{224}Pb)

with aimed for accuracy of 5% in α_D

„Dipole“ Demands for R³B



demands for very exotic beams:
detection of up to 5 neutrons

→ NeuLAND

- higher efficiency ($\approx 60\%$ for 4n)
- improved resolution

demands for heavy beams:

$E_{\text{beam}} \approx 1000 \text{ AMeV}$

→ CALIFA

- higher granularity
(suppression of atomic bg)
- improved resolution

demands for heavy beams:

$E_{\text{beam}} \approx 1000 \text{ AMeV}$

→ GLAD + tracking det.

- $\sigma(Bp)/Bp \approx 10^{-3} \rightarrow \text{mass res.}$

NeuLAND in „Full Acceptance Mode“: Response for Coulomb Excitation of ^{136}Sn

PDR

$E_m = 8 \text{ MeV}$

$\sigma = 1 \text{ MeV}$

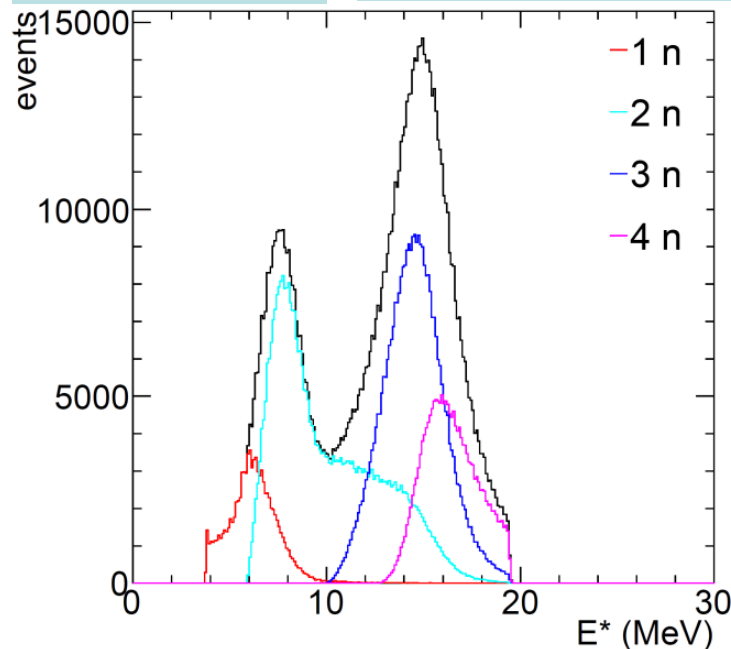
5% TRK SR

GDR

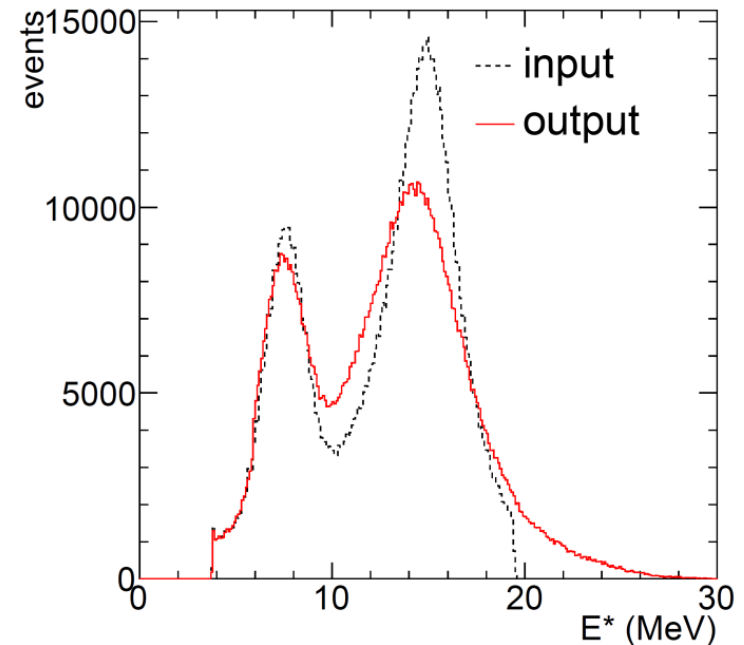
$E_m = 15.5 \text{ MeV}$,

$\Gamma = 4 \text{ MeV}$

100% TRK SR



		1000 MeV generated					
		%	1n	2n	3n	4n	5n
detected	1n	89	12	1	0	0	
	2n	7	78	23	3	0	
	3n	0	8	63	26	5	
	4n	0	0	12	63	40	
	5n	0	0	0	7	46	
	6n	0	0	0	0	0	8



Status NeuLAND 2016 → 2018 at GSI

NeuLAND@RIKEN (2015-2017):

Demonstrator (4dp) fully functional - Tacquila electronics, CAEN HV

NeuLAND@GSI:

7 dp fully equipped - 1 with new Tamex3 electronics, HVDS system
additional 2 dp close to finished
funding in 2017 allows to build one more!

→ 12 dp (40% of full detector) ready for beam in 2018 at GSI

NeuLAND@RIKEN

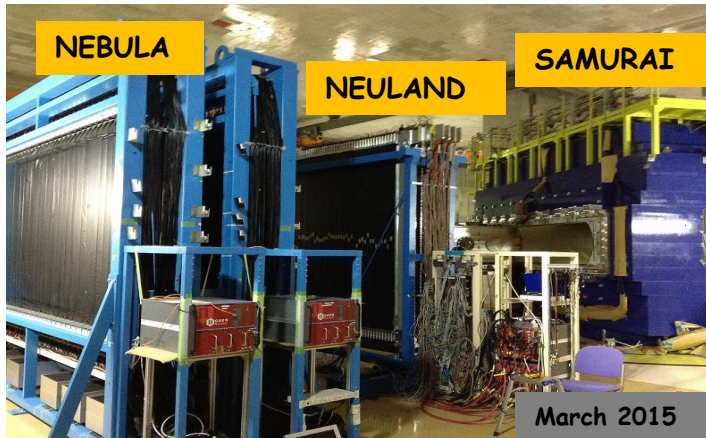


Performed beam times:

- IMPACT campaign - Oct. 15
- calibration beam time - Nov. 15
1n efficiency at 110, 250 MeV, $^7\text{Li}(p,n)$
- ^{28}O experiment - Nov. 15
- $S\pi\text{rit}$ TPC - EOS experiment - Apr./May 16
 $^{108}\text{Sn} \rightarrow ^{112}\text{Sn}$ target,
 $^{112}\text{Sn} \rightarrow ^{124}\text{Sn}$ target,
 $^{132}\text{Sn} \rightarrow ^{124}\text{Sn}$ target



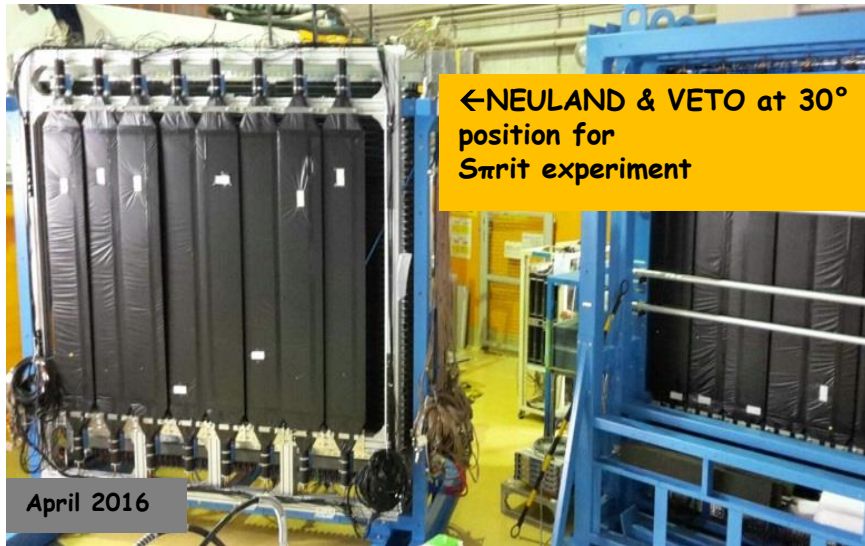
Some Pictures...2015



preliminary!



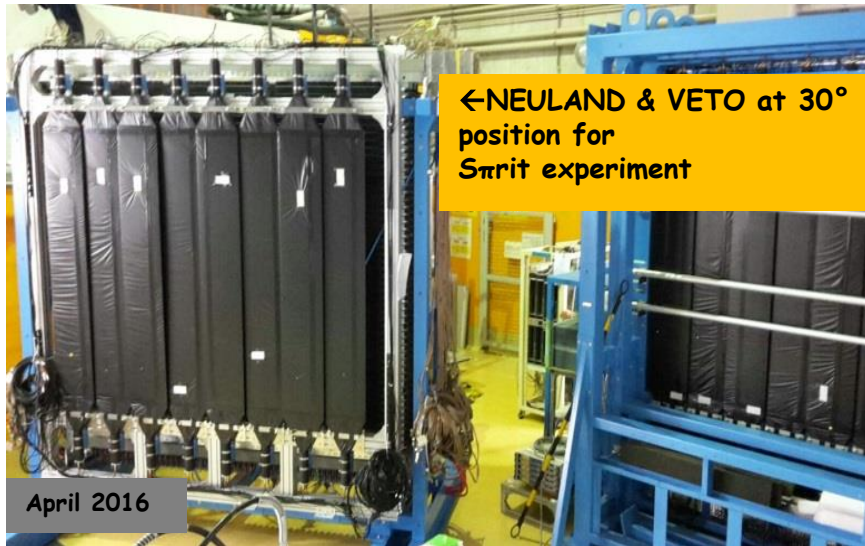
Some Pictures...2016



preliminary!



Some Pictures...2016



preliminary!



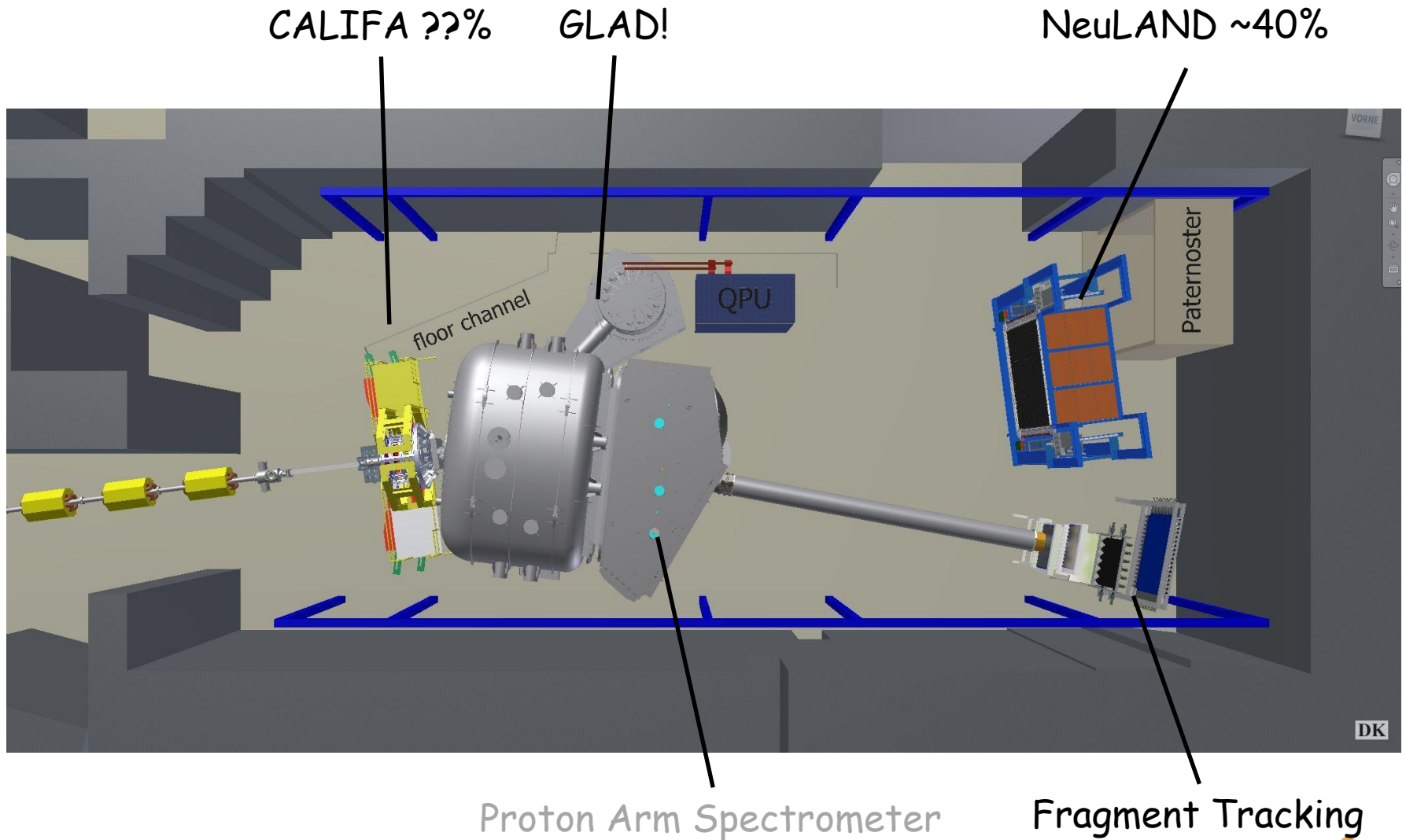
Scheduled Experiments (Nov/Dec 2016):

- Coulomb breakup and knockout reactions to investigate ^{31}Ne
- Removal reactions to investigate structure around N=16 shell closure
- Lifetime measurement of the ^{26}O ground-state (C. Caesar)

Approved Experiments:

- Dipole response of dripline nuclei (T.Aumann & T.Nakamura):
 $^6,^8\text{He}$, ^{24}O , ^{29}F
- Tetra-neutron system:
 - $^8\text{He}(p,pa)4n$ (S.Paschalis, D.Rossi & S.Shimoura)
 - $^8\text{He}(p,2p)^7\text{H}$ (K.Kisamori & F.M.Marqués)
- Electric dipole response of neutron-rich Ca isotopes (T. Kobayashi & Y. Togano)
- + ...

2018 - R³B in Cave C



Physics Programm for R³B in Cave C 2018ff

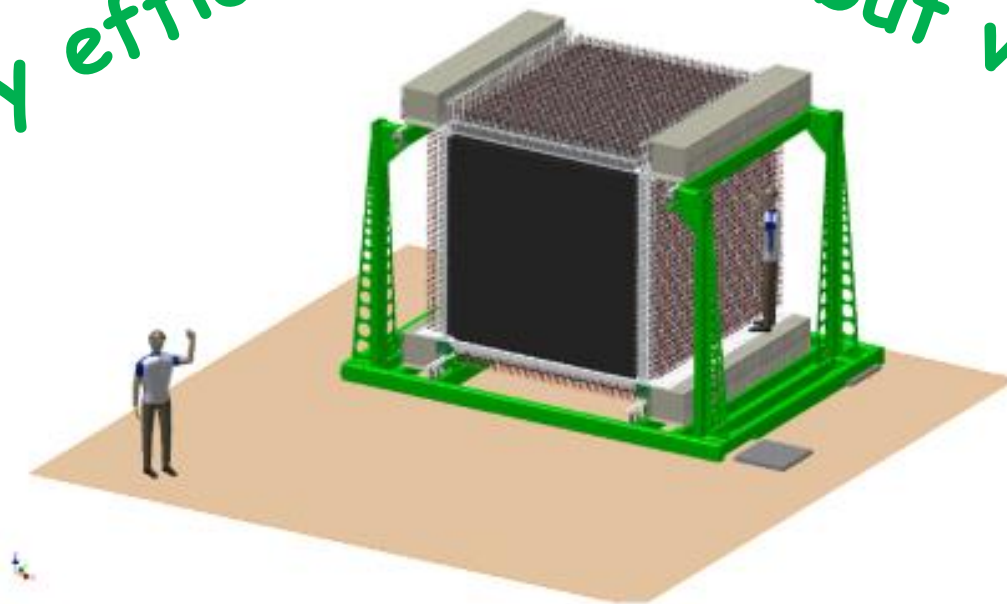
was discussed actively in R³B Meeting last week at PNPI



NeuLAND is...

bulky
but highly efficient

boring
but very versatile



active

fully - in many respects ;-)