# A quantitative picture of low-energy nuclear reactions derived from back-scattering measurements

#### **ALEXIS DIAZ-TORRES**





#### In collaboration with:



V.V. Sargsyan

G.G. Adamian

N.V. Antonenko

P.R.S. Gomes



Universidade
Federal
Fluminense

H. Lenske



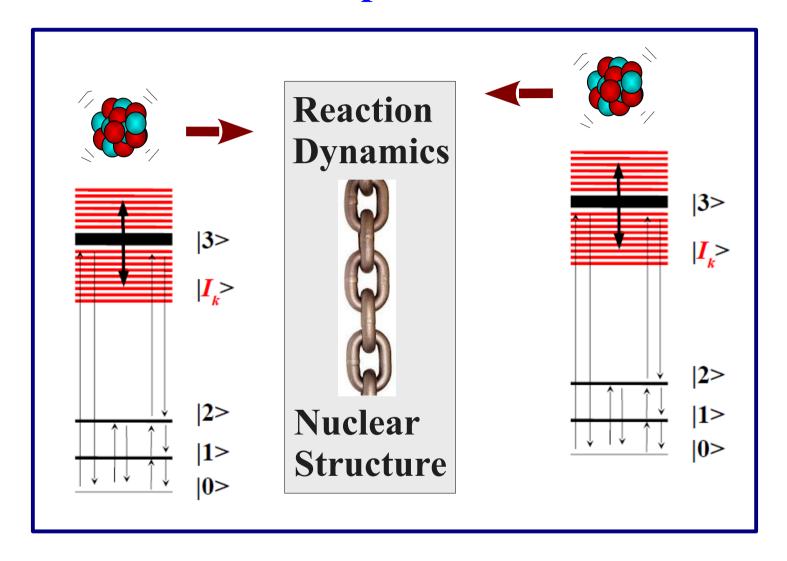


# **Outline**

- \* Motivation & Some Important Concepts
- \* Deriving reaction observables from back-scattering measurements of elastic & quasi-elastic excitation functions
  - Energy-shifting formulae for probabilities
  - Formulae for some cross sections

\* Summary & Outlook

# Reactions between Complex Nuclei at Low Energy



The interplay between nuclear structure & reaction dynamics determines the reaction observables (cross sections)

# **Capture and Reaction Cross Sections**

$$\sigma_{cap} = \frac{\pi}{k^2} \sum_{J} (2J+1) P_{cap}(E,J)$$

$$\sigma_{reac} = rac{\pi}{k^2} \sum_{J} \left(2J+1\right) P_{reac}(E,J)$$

#### Some available coupled channels codes:

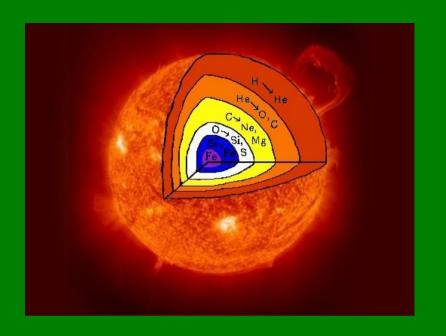
Thompson, Comp. Phys. Rep. 7 (1988) 167

**FRESCO** 

Hagino, Rowley & Kruppa, CPC 123 (1999) 143

**CCFULL** 

Alternative: Simplified method for predicting a number of cross sections using (as input) experimental information on elastic and quasi-elastic excitation functions at 180 degrees.

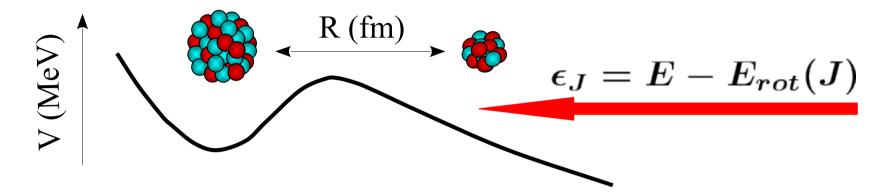


# Energy-shifting formulae yield reliable capture and reaction probabilities

A.D-T, Adamian, Sargsyan & Antonenko, PLB 739 (2014) 348

# **Energy-Shifting Formulae**

$$P_i(E,J)pprox P_i(\epsilon_J,J=0)$$



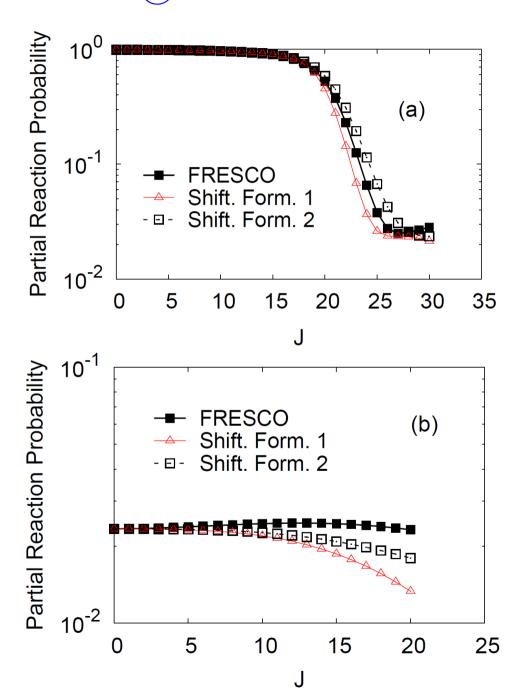
#### \* Shifting Formula 1

$$E_{rot}(J) = \frac{\hbar^2 \Lambda}{2\mu R_B^2} + \frac{\hbar^4 \Lambda^2}{2\mu^3 \omega_B^2 R_B^6} \qquad \Lambda = J(J+1)$$

### \* Shifting Formula 2

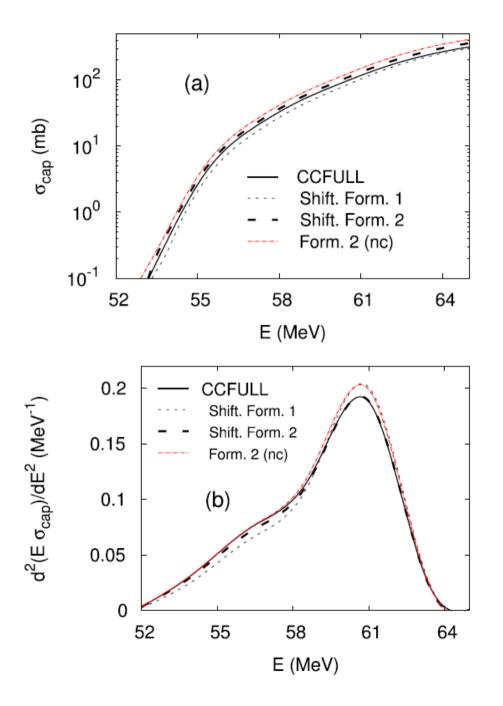
$$E_{rot}(J) = E \frac{(\eta'^2 + J^2)^{1/2} - \eta'}{(\eta'^2 + J^2)^{1/2} + \eta'} \qquad J = \eta' \cot(\theta/2)$$

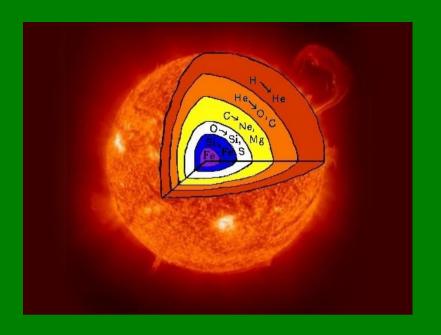
# <sup>16</sup>O + <sup>120</sup>Sn @ Ecm above and below the Coulomb barrier



$$P(E,J) = 1 - |S(E,J)|^{2}$$
Elastic
S-matrix

# **Capture excitation function for** <sup>16</sup>**O +** <sup>154</sup>**Sm**





# Simplified formulae for integrated and differential cross sections

Feeding formulae with information from back-scattering measurements for making reliable predictions of x-sections

Sargsyan, Adamian, Antonenko, A.D-T, Gomes & Lenske, PRC **90** (2014) 064601; EPJA **50** (2014) 168; PRC **92** (2015) 054620; PRC **93** (2016) 054613

# Simplified formulae for reaction and capture cross sections

#### Using the parameters of the J=0 Coulomb barrier and

## \* the Energy-Shifting Formula 1

$$\sigma_R(E) = \frac{\pi R_b^2}{E} \int_0^E d\epsilon \ P_R(\epsilon, 0) \left[ 1 - \frac{4(E - \epsilon)}{\mu \omega_b^2 R_b^2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_{cap}(E) = \frac{\pi R_b^2}{E} \int_{\epsilon_{cr}}^E d\epsilon \ P_{cap}(\epsilon, 0) \left[ 1 - \frac{4(E - \epsilon)}{\mu \omega_b^2 R_b^2} \right]$$

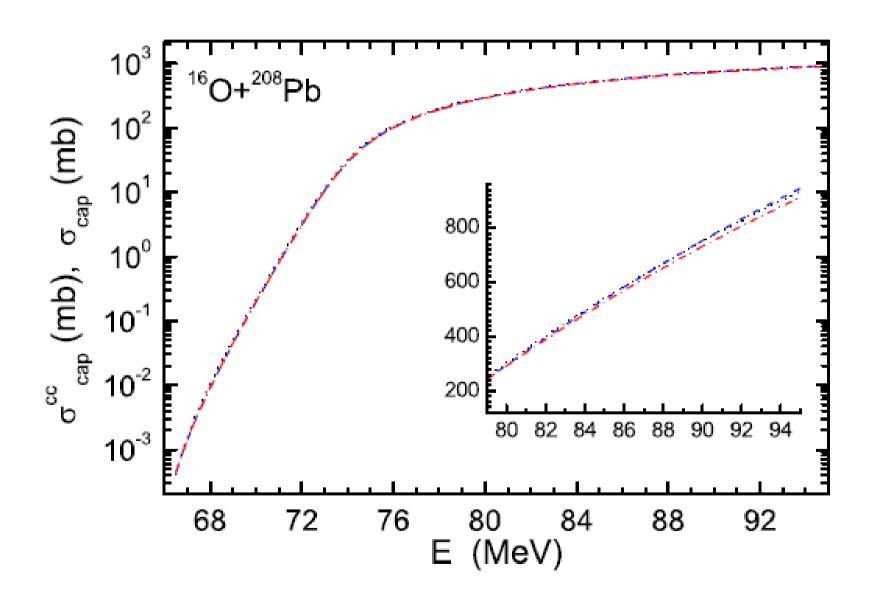
## \* the Energy-Shifting Formula 2

$$\sigma_R(E) = \frac{\pi Z^{\prime 2}}{E} \int_0^E d\epsilon \frac{2E - \epsilon}{\epsilon^3} P_{\bar{R}} (\epsilon, 0)$$

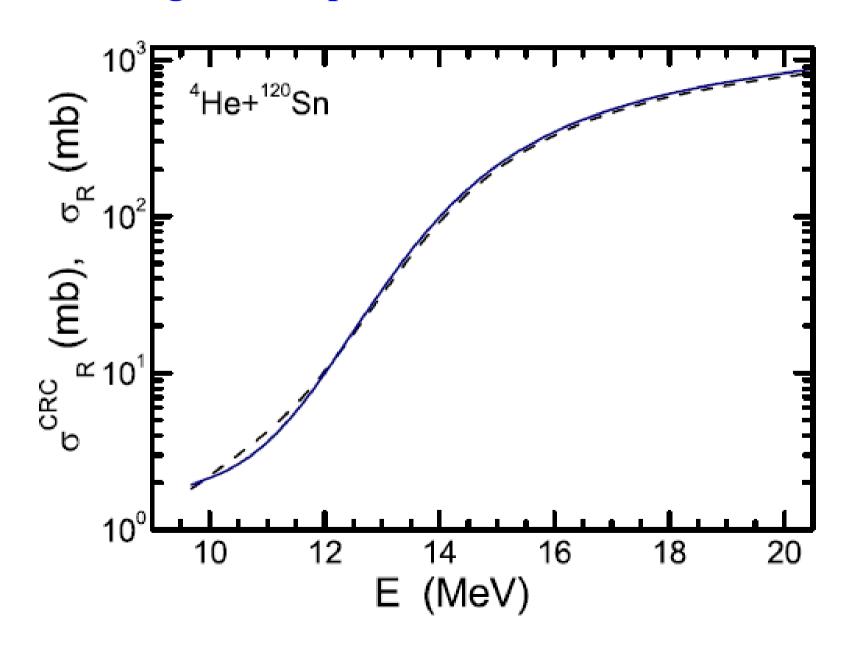
$$\sigma_{cap}(E) = \frac{\pi Z^{'2}}{E} \int_{\epsilon_{I}}^{E} d\epsilon \frac{2E - \epsilon}{\epsilon^{3}} P_{cap}(\epsilon, 0).$$

$$Z' = Z_1 Z_2 e^2 \left( 1 - \frac{a_0}{R_b} \right)$$

# Testing the simplified formula of the capture cross section against coupled channels calculations



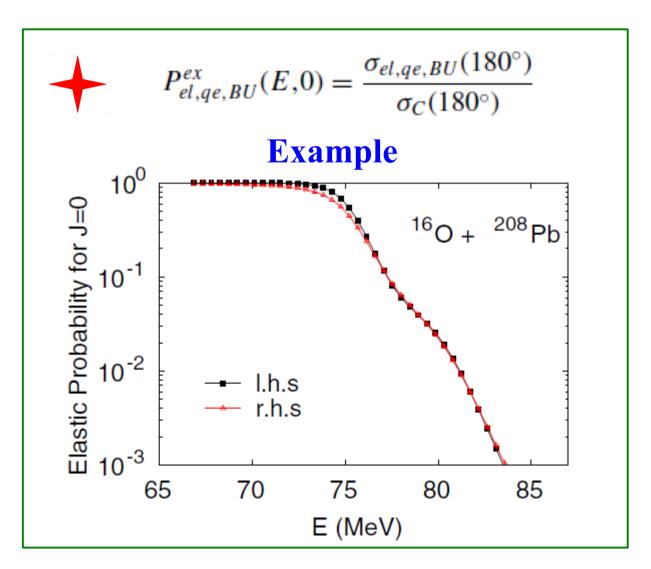
# Testing the simplified formula of the reaction cross section against coupled channels calculations



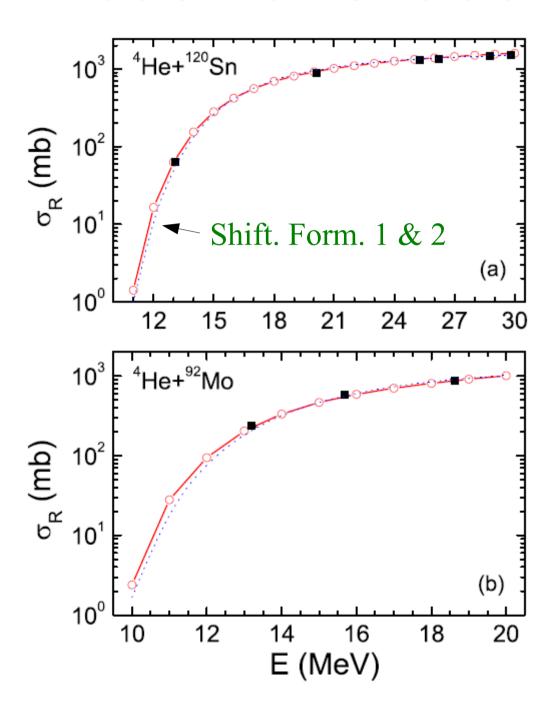
#### Linking formulae with back-scattering measurements

$$P_R^{ex}(E,0) = 1 - P_{el}^{ex}(E,0)$$

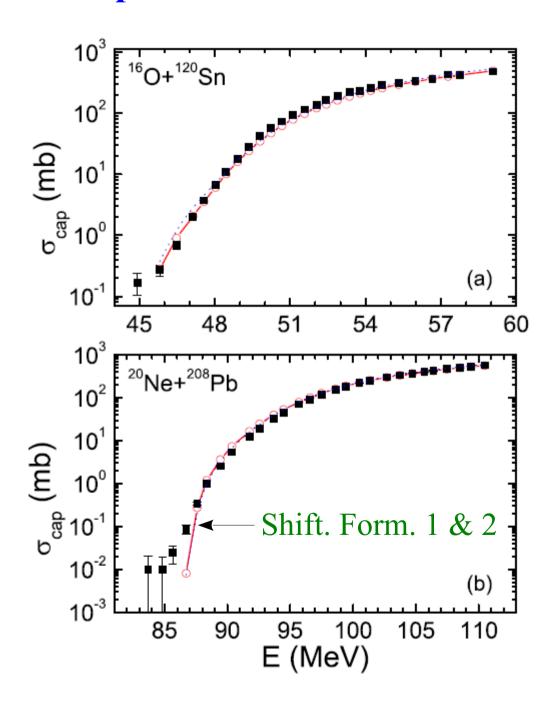
$$P_{cap}^{ex}(E,0) = 1 - \left[ P_{qe}^{ex}(E,0) + P_{BU}^{ex}(E,0) + P_{DIC}^{ex}(E,0) \right]$$



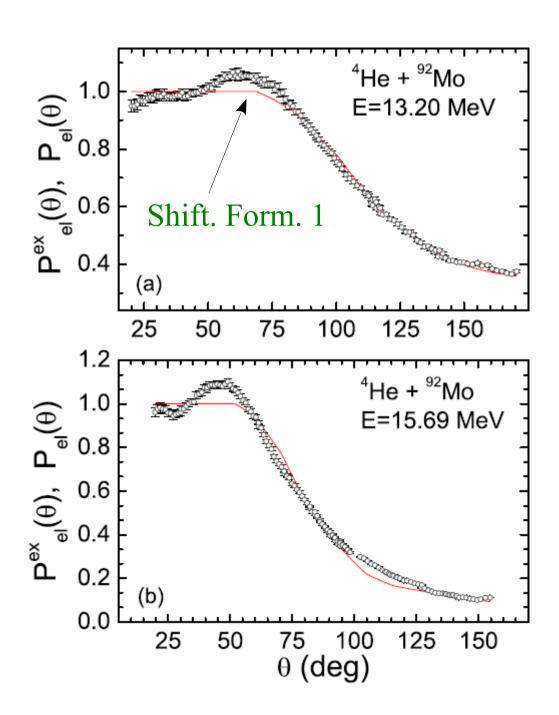
#### **Reaction Excitation Function**



## **Capture Excitation Function**



#### Elastic-scattering differential cross sections

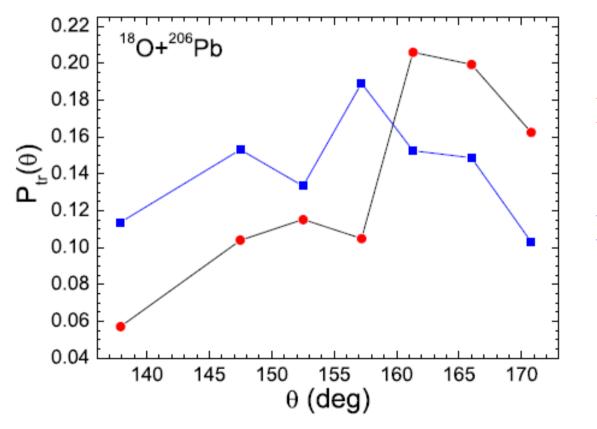


$$J=\eta'\cot\left[\frac{\theta}{2}\right],$$
 
$$P_{el}(\theta)\approx P_{el}(J)\approx P_{el}(\epsilon_J,J=0).$$

## **Transfer probabilities**

Sargsyan et al., PRC 93 (2016) 054613

$$P_{\text{tr}}(\theta) = 1 - \frac{P_{\text{el,qe}}(\theta)[^{18}\text{O} + ^{A-2}\text{X}]}{P_{\text{el,qe}}(\theta)[^{16}\text{O} + ^{A}\text{X}]}.$$



**Formula** 

**Experiment** 

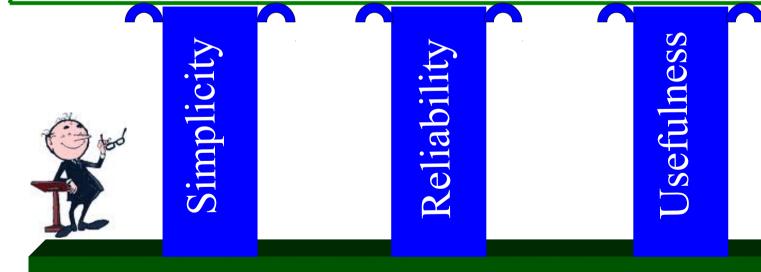
# **Summary & Outlook**

 Energy-shifting formulae for reaction & capture probabilities

PLB 739 (2014) 348

• Formulae for cross sections using experimental elastic & quasi-elastic excitation functions at 180 deg.

PRC 90 (2014) 064601; PRC 93 (2016) 054613



Reaction Theory