

Recent results with the backward EMC prototype

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D. Rodríguez, R. Valente

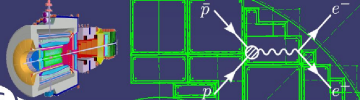
PANDA Meeting September 2015

8. September 2015

- 1 The backward EMC prototype (PROTO16): an update
- 2 Tests of PROTO16 at the Mainz Microtron Facility
- 3 Results

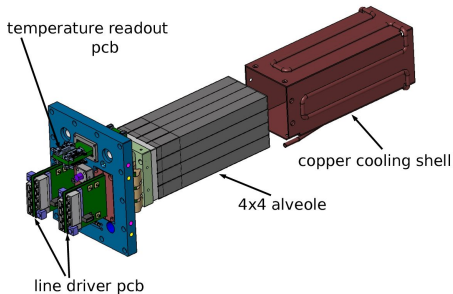
The backward EMC prototype (PROTO16): an update

Backward EMC prototype (PROTO16)

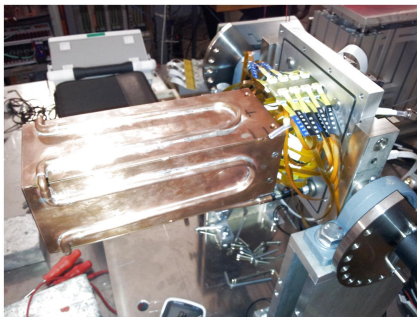
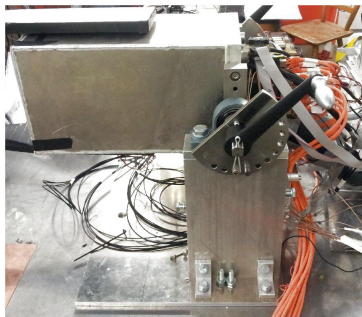
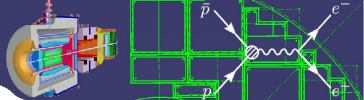


PROTO16

- Mechanics
 - Carbon fibre alveole with 16 $PbWO_4$ crystals
 - Two mounting plates separated with glass fibre feet
 - optical fibre to every crystal
- Cooling
 - Cooling shell
 - Insulated with VIP
 - Nitrogen supply
- Monitoring
 - Flat thermal sensors
 - THMP
- Readout
 - Two APD per crystal
 - APFEL ASIC
 - Line driver



EMC prototype (PROTO16)

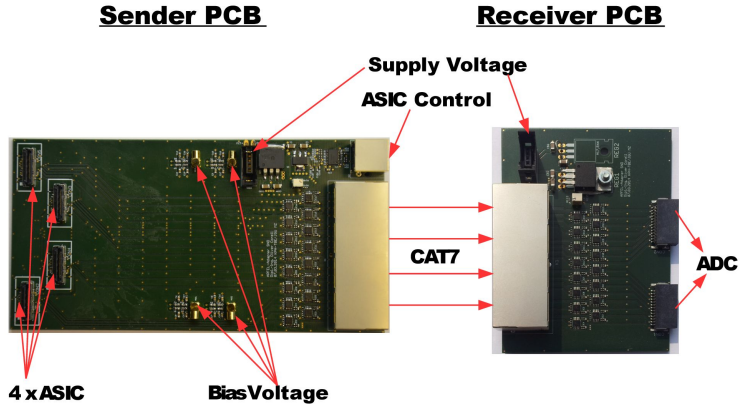


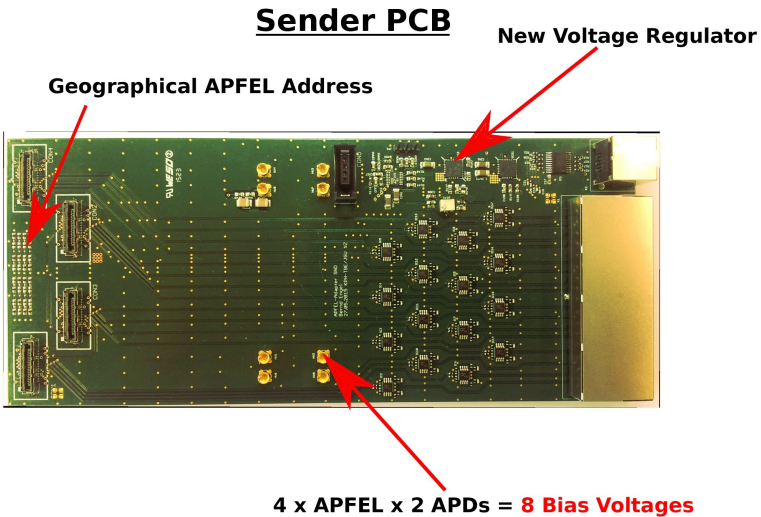
APFEL

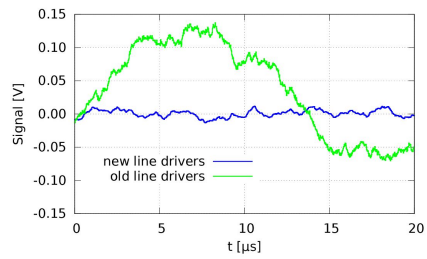
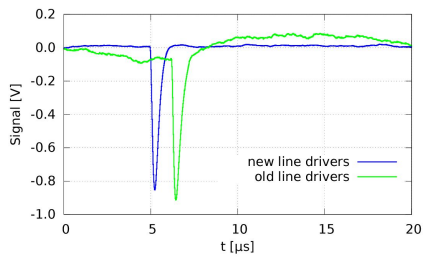
- reads out 2 APDs
- charge sensitive preamplifier
- 2 main amplifiers (2 gains)
- 4 differential output channels
- **HV line for each APD**
- **geographical address**



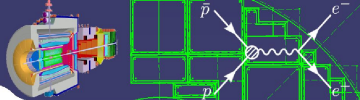
Developer: P. Wieczorek, H. Flemming (GSI)





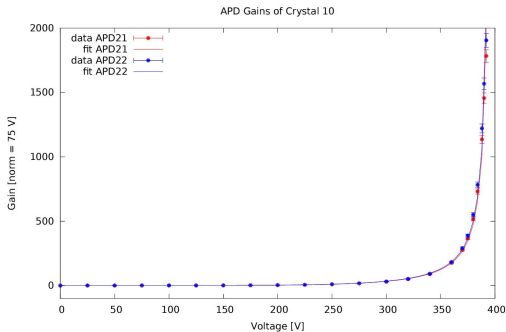


Determination of APD Gain



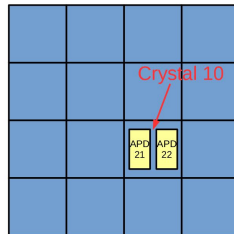
Procedure

- Constant light pulses
- scan voltages



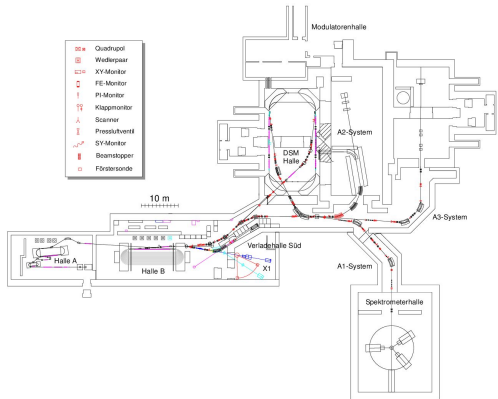
Fitfunction

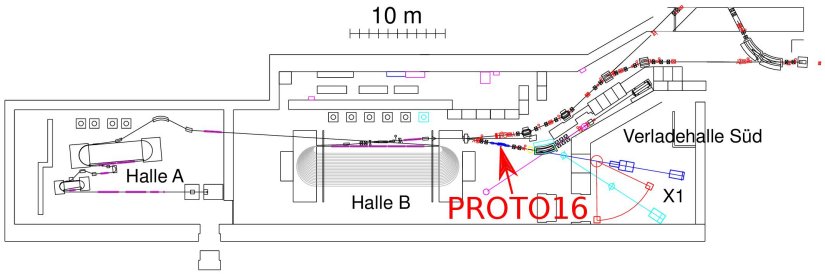
- normalized to 75 V
- $G(U) = \frac{A}{1 - (U/k)^{k_1}} + C$
- k = breakdown voltage
- $k_{APD21} = 396.28 \pm 0.41$ V
- $k_{APD22} = 396.19 \pm 0.43$ V
- $G_{APD21} = 796 \pm 72$
- $G_{APD22} = 845 \pm 81$



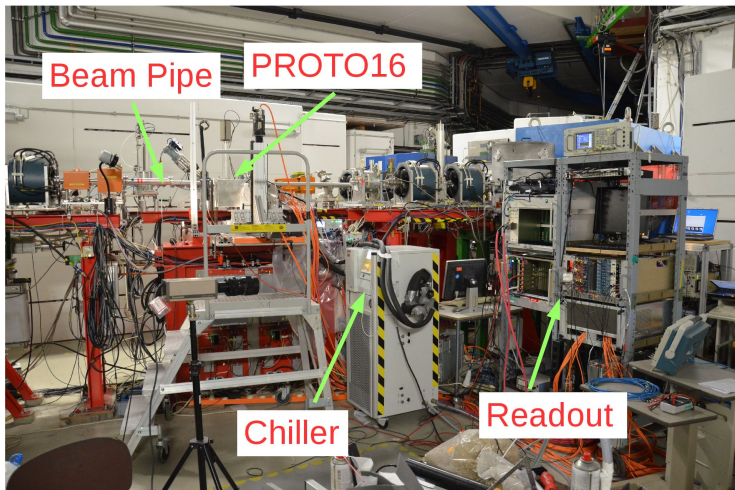
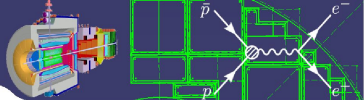
Beam tests of PROTO16 at Mainz (MAMI)

- Two tests in June and July 2015 (48 hours each)
- Using electron beam
- Selectable energies from 195 MeV to 855 MeV
- 15 MeV steps (by changing extraction magnet position of MAMI B)
- used energies:
 - 195 MeV
 - 315 MeV
 - 450 MeV
 - 600 MeV
 - 855 MeV

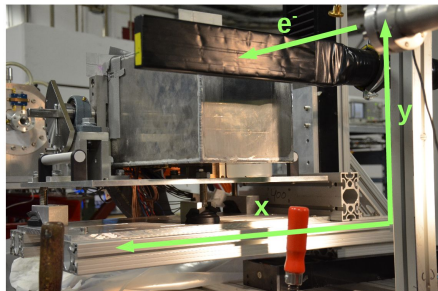
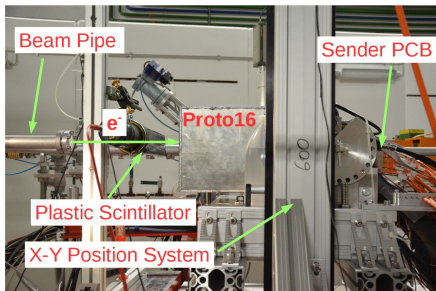
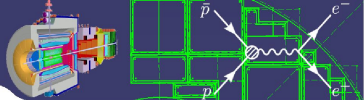


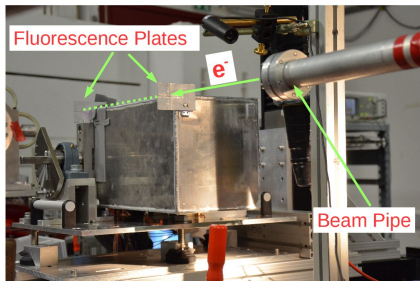
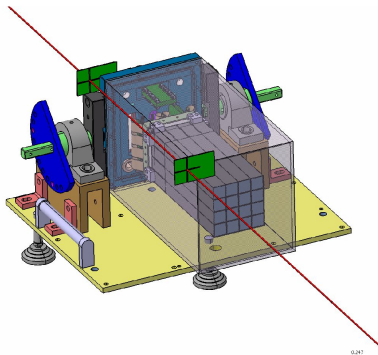
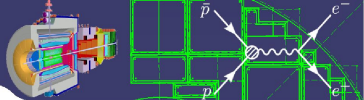


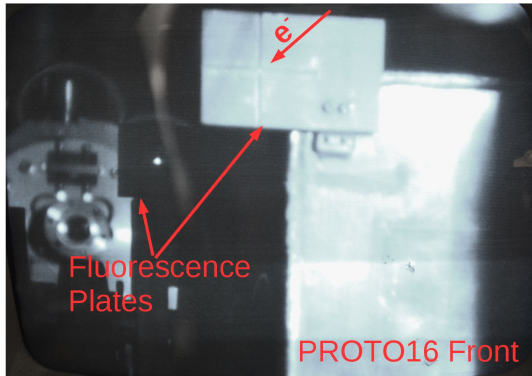
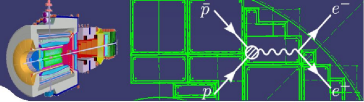
PROTO16 in the MAMI Hall B



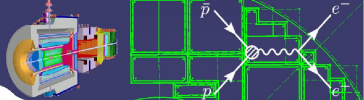
PROTO16 in the MAMI Hall B







Results

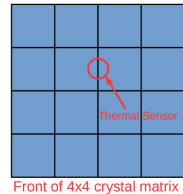
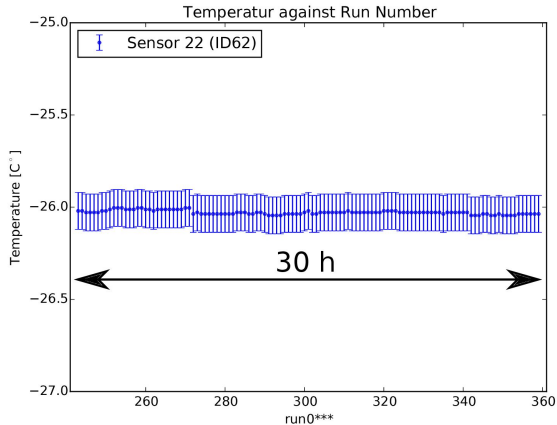


Measurements

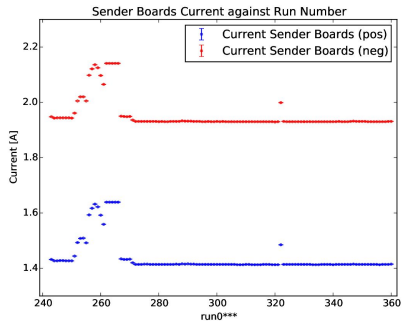
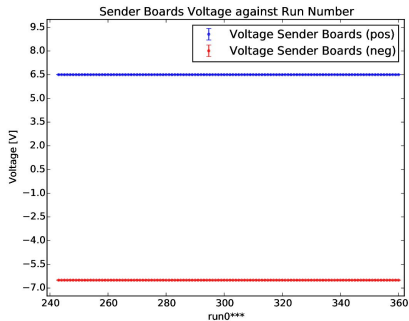
- For each beam event
 - Each crystal centered on beam
 - One run per crystal taken
- For each run
 - All slow control data logged
 - 30000 events
 - Triggered by coincidence between PROTO16 and plastic scintillator
- For each event
 - 64 traces from ASIC saved to disk

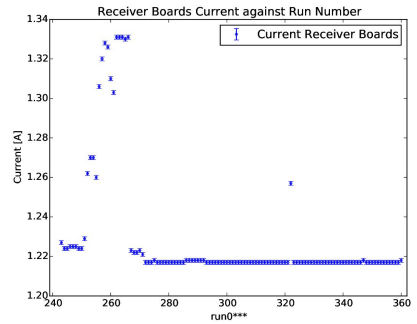
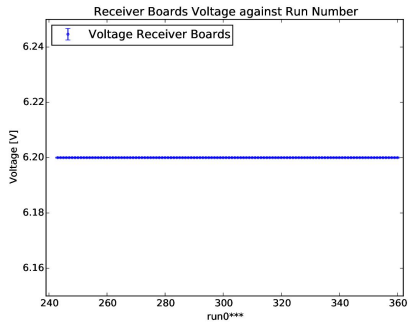
Results

- Slow control parameter stability
 - Detector temperature
 - Line driver power consumption
- Signal baseline stability
- Energy spectra
- Energy resolution

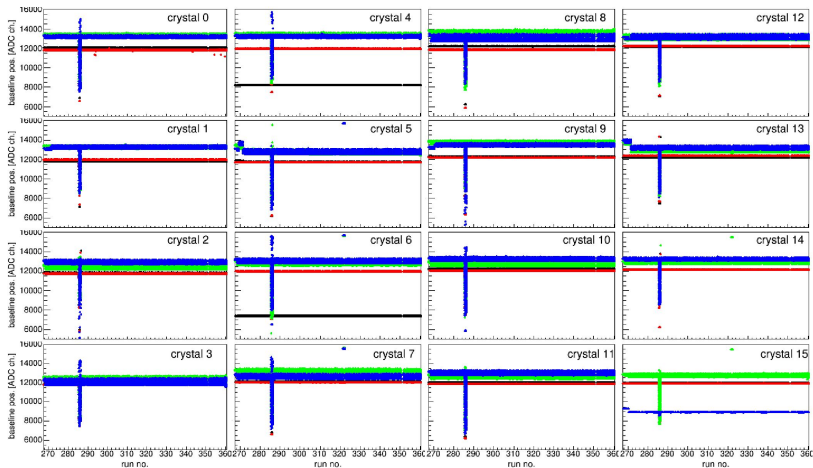
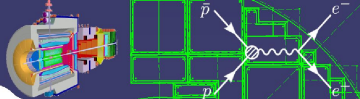


z-position: half crystal length

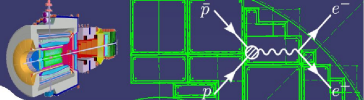




Detector Stability - Baselines



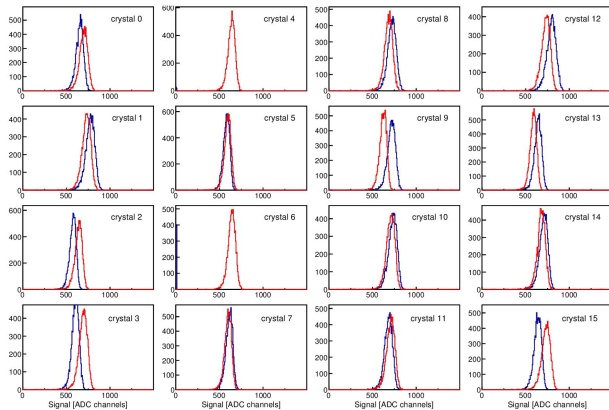
Single APD Spectra



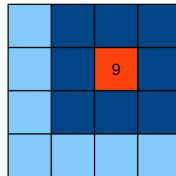
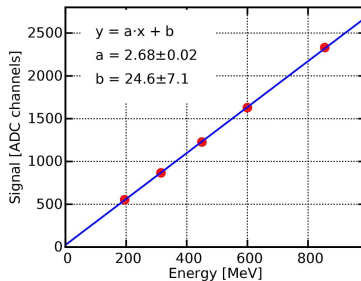
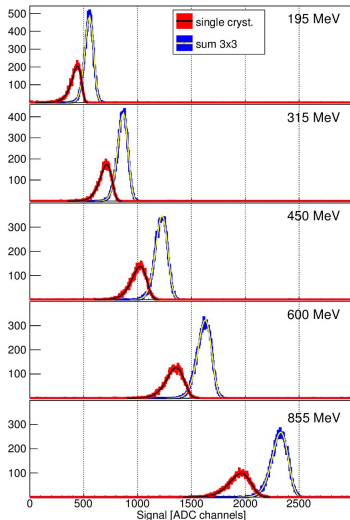
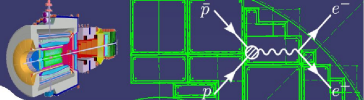
- $E_{e^-} = 600 \text{ MeV}$

- beam centered on each crystal

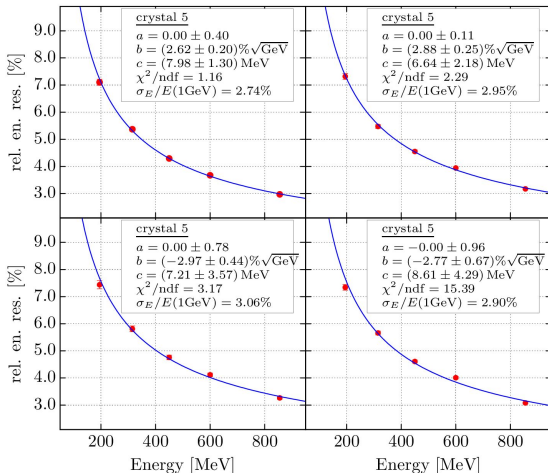
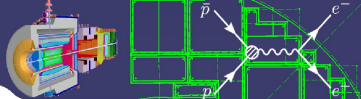
- low gain ASIC output signal only



Single Crystal vs. Sum Spectra



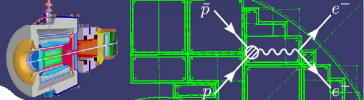
Energy Resolution



Energy Resolution

$$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = a \oplus \frac{b}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus \frac{c}{E}$$

	5	9	
	6	10	



Summary and Outlook

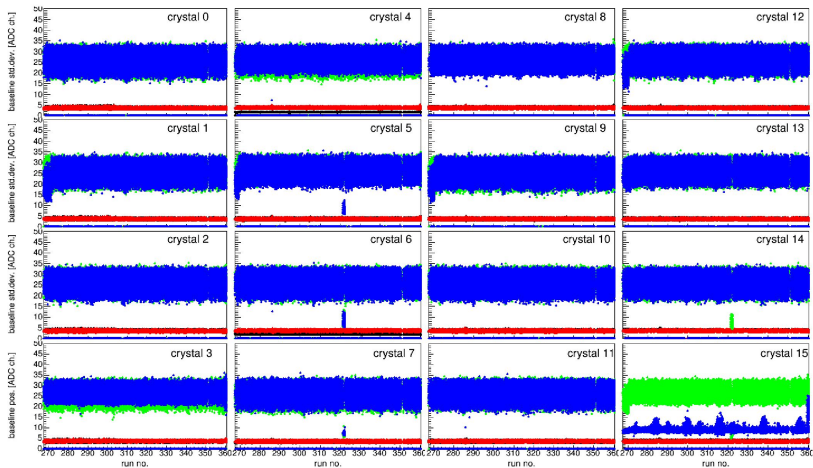
Summary

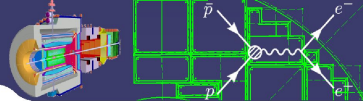
- Update PROTO16
 - New ASIC
 - New line drivers
 - New align system
- Improvements
 - Individual APD biasing
 - Geographical addressing of ASIC
 - Elimination of slow frequency noise from line drivers
 - Convenient alignment of prototype EMC
- New beam test at MAMI
 - With electrons
 - Data taken with five energies between 195 MeV and 855 MeV
- Results
 - Stable system during beamtime
 - Good signal vs. energy linearity
 - energy resolution within the TDR specifications

To do

- Data analysis
 - Alternative extraction of noise term c
 - Extraction of lowest possible single crystal threshold
 - Optimization of pulse height extraction
- Bochum light pulser system
- Uppsala sampling ADC
- PANDA readout system

Thank you!





Appendix - 3x3 energy resolution

