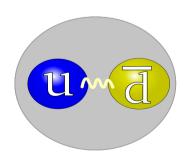




The magnetic polarizabilities of mesons in external magnetic field in SU(3) lattice gauge theory



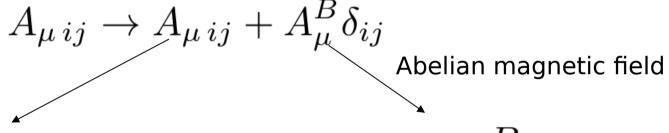
E.V.Luschevskaya, <u>O.E.Solovjeva</u>

27/05/2015 PANDA Russia Workshop



Calculations

$$D\psi_k = i\lambda_k \psi_k, \quad D = \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu - iA_\mu)$$



SU(3) gluon field

$$A_{\mu}^{B}(x) = \frac{B}{2}(x_{1}\delta_{\mu,2} - x_{2}\delta_{\mu,1})$$

$$D^{-1}(x,y) = \sum_{k \le M} \frac{\psi_k(x)\psi_k^{\dagger}(y)}{i\lambda_k + m}$$



Calculations

$$\langle \psi^{\dagger}(x) O_1 \psi(x) \psi^{\dagger}(y) O_2 \psi(y) \rangle_A$$

$$\langle \bar{\psi} O_1 \psi \bar{\psi} O_2 \psi \rangle_A = -\text{Tr} \left[O_1 D^{-1}(x, y) O_2 D^{-1}(y, x) \right]$$

$$\tilde{C}(n_t) = \langle \psi^{\dagger}(\mathbf{0}, n_t) O_1 \psi(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \psi^{\dagger}(\mathbf{0}, 0) O_2 \psi(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle_A =$$

$$\sum_{k} \langle 0|O_1|k\rangle\langle k|O_2^{\dagger}|0\rangle e^{-n_t a E_k}$$

$$\tilde{C}_{fit}(n_t) = A_0 e^{-n_t a E_0} + A_0 e^{-(N_T - n_t)a E_0} =$$

$$2A_0e^{-N_T aE_0/2}\cosh((\frac{N_T}{2} - n_t)aE_0)$$



Correlators

π mesons

$$C^{PSPS} = \langle \bar{\psi}_u(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \gamma_5 \psi_u(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \bar{\psi}_d(\mathbf{0}, 0) \gamma_5 \psi_d(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle$$

p mesons

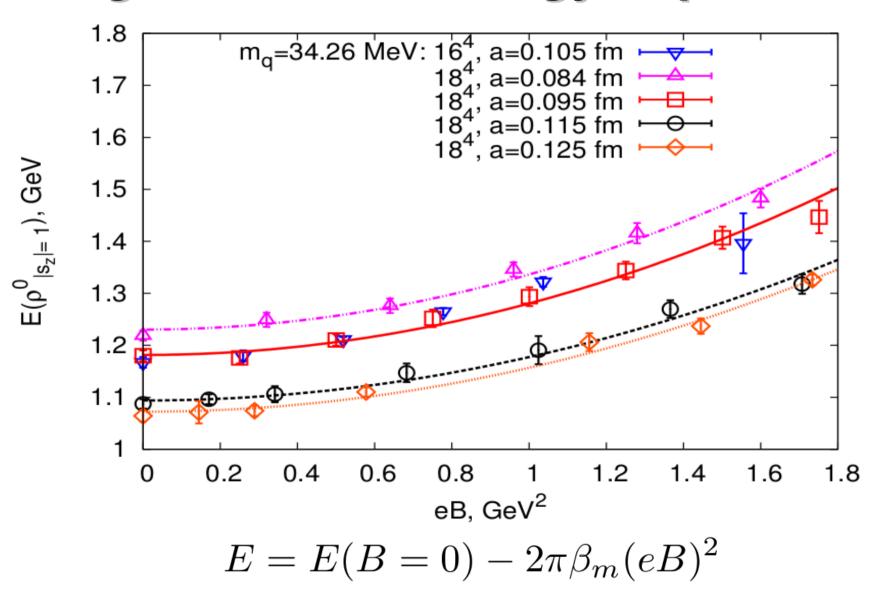
$$C^{VV}(s_z = \pm 1) = C^{VV}_{xx} + C^{VV}_{yy} \pm i(C^{VV}_{xy} - C^{VV}_{yx})$$

$$C^{VV}_{xx} = \langle \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \gamma_1 \psi(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, 0) \gamma_1 \psi(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle$$

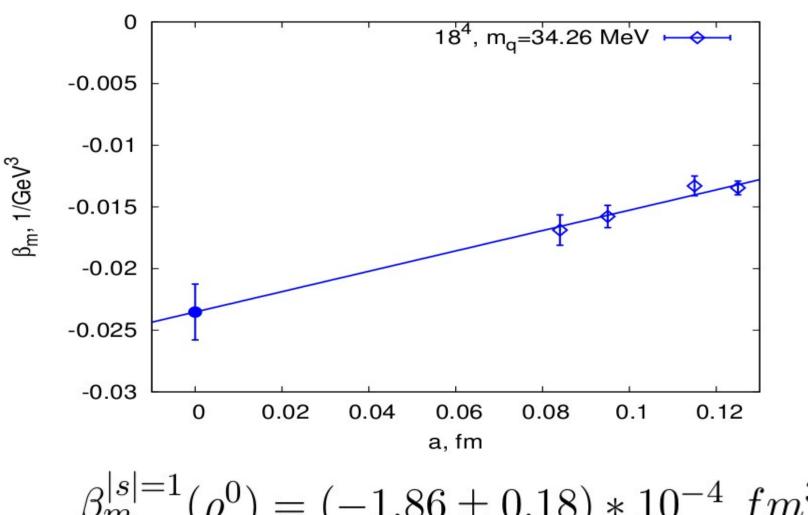
$$C^{VV}_{yy} = \langle \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \gamma_2 \psi(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, 0) \gamma_2 \psi(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle$$

$$C^{VV}_{zz} = \langle \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \gamma_3 \psi(\mathbf{0}, n_t) \bar{\psi}(\mathbf{0}, 0) \gamma_3 \psi(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle$$

The ground state energy of p mesons

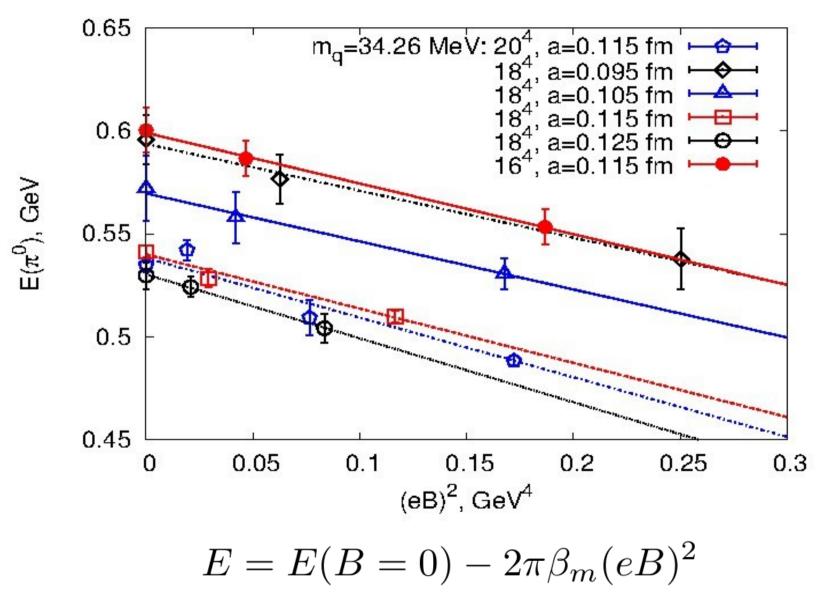


Magnetic polarizability of p mesons

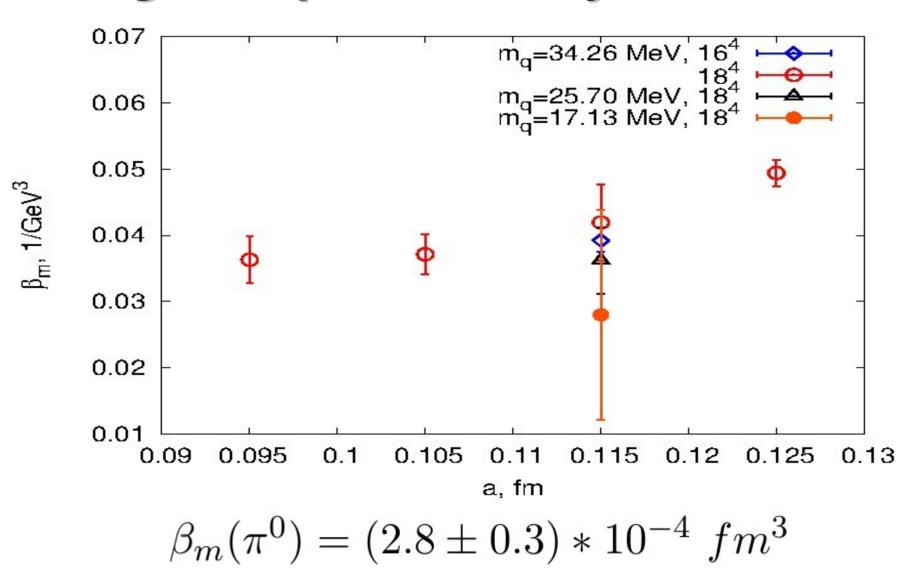


$$\beta_m^{|s|=1}(\rho^0) = (-1.86 \pm 0.18) * 10^{-4} fm^3$$

The ground state energy of π mesons



Magnetic polarizability of π mesons



Magnetic polarizability of π mesons

$$\beta_m(\pi^0) = (2.14 \pm 1.22) * 10^{-4} fm^3 m_q = 17 Mev$$

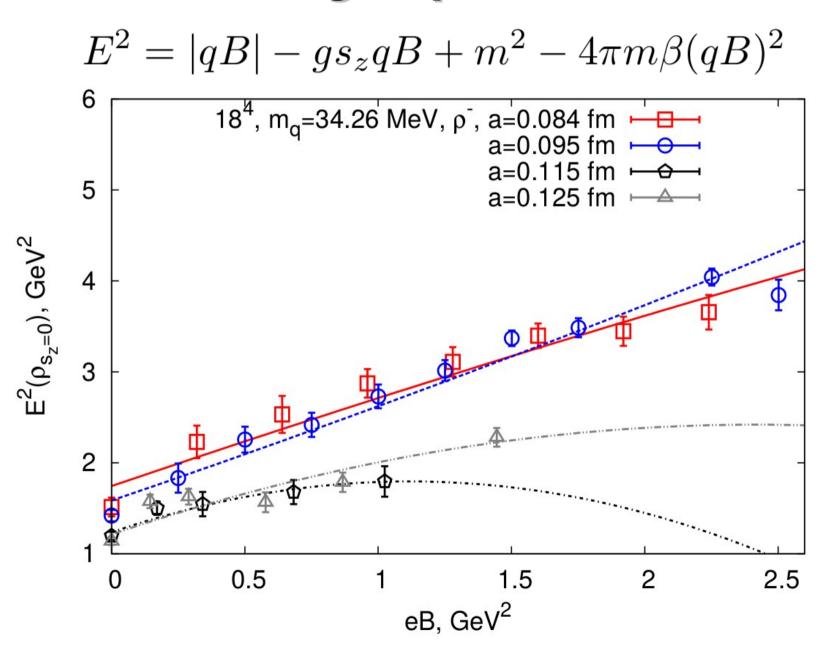
 $\beta_m(\pi^0) = (2.8 \pm 0.3) * 10^{-4} fm^3 m_q = 25 Mev$

Chiral perturbation theory: 2 loops corrections

	ChPT	ChPT
	to one loop	to two-loops
$(\alpha - \beta)_{\pi^0}$	-1.0	-1.9 ± 0.2
$(\alpha + \beta)_{\pi^0}$	0	1.1 ± 0.3



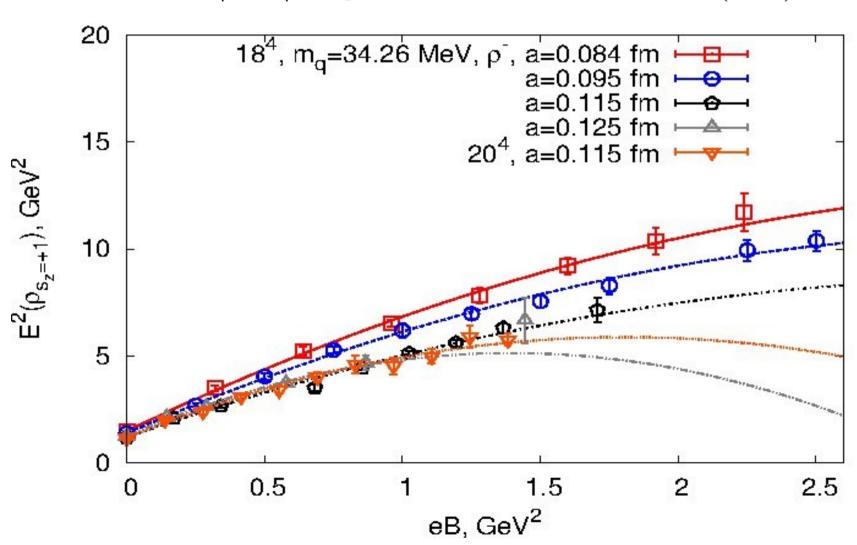
Charged p meson





Charged p meson

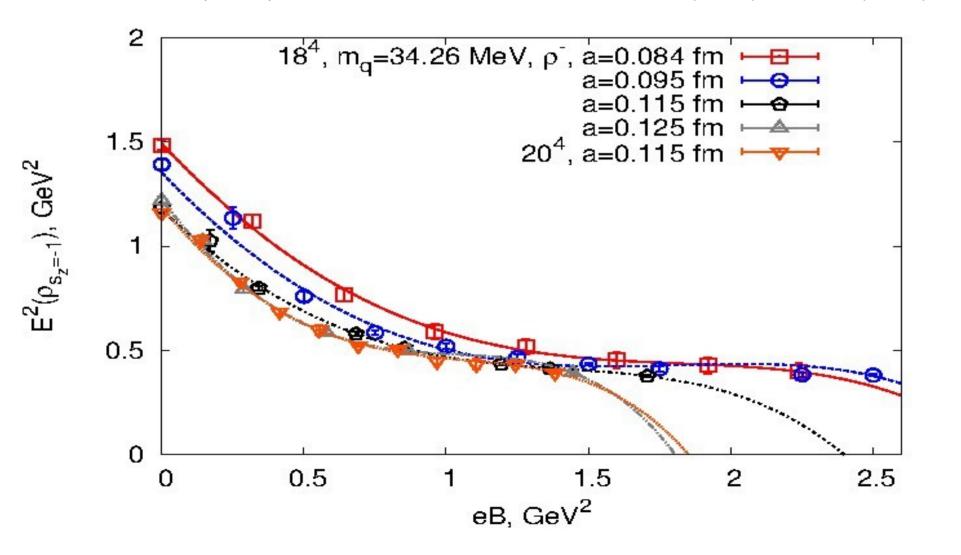
$$E^{2} = |qB| - gs_{z}qB + m^{2} - 4\pi m\beta(qB)^{2}$$





Charged p meson

$$E^{2} = |qB| - gs_{z}qB + m^{2} - 4\pi m\beta(qB)^{2} + k(qB)^{4}$$



The g-factor of p mesons

$$m_q \longrightarrow 0 \qquad g = \frac{E^2(s=+1) - E^2(s=-1)}{2(eB)}$$

 $g = 2.4 \pm 0.2$ lattice 18⁴ and a = 0.115 fm

 $g_{exp} = 2.1 \pm 0.5$

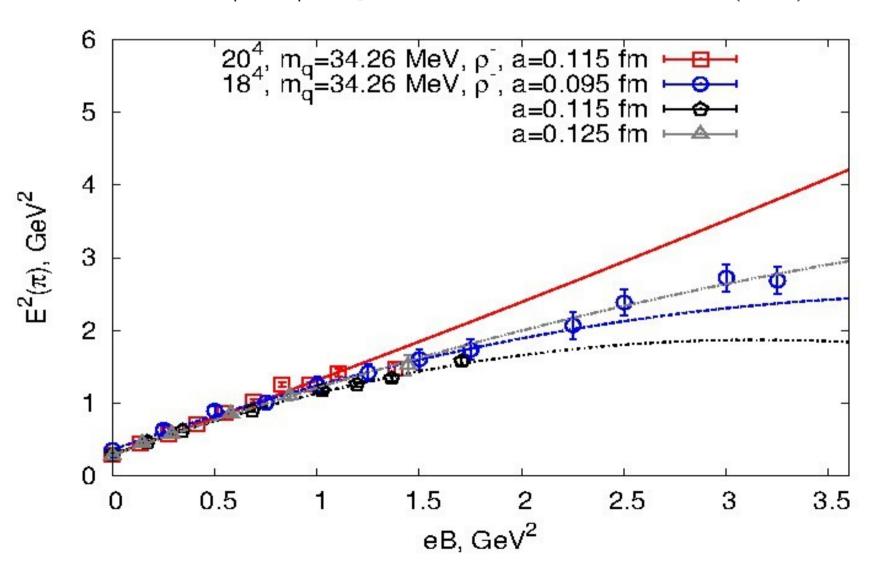
D. G. Gudino and G. T.Sanchez, (2013), arXiv: 1305.6345 [hep-ph]

 $g \approx 2.37$ Relativistic quark model $g \approx 2.4$ F. X. Lee et.al., Phys. Rev. D 78, 094502(2008)



Charged π meson

$$E^{2} = |qB| - gs_{z}qB + m^{2} - 4\pi m\beta(qB)^{2}$$



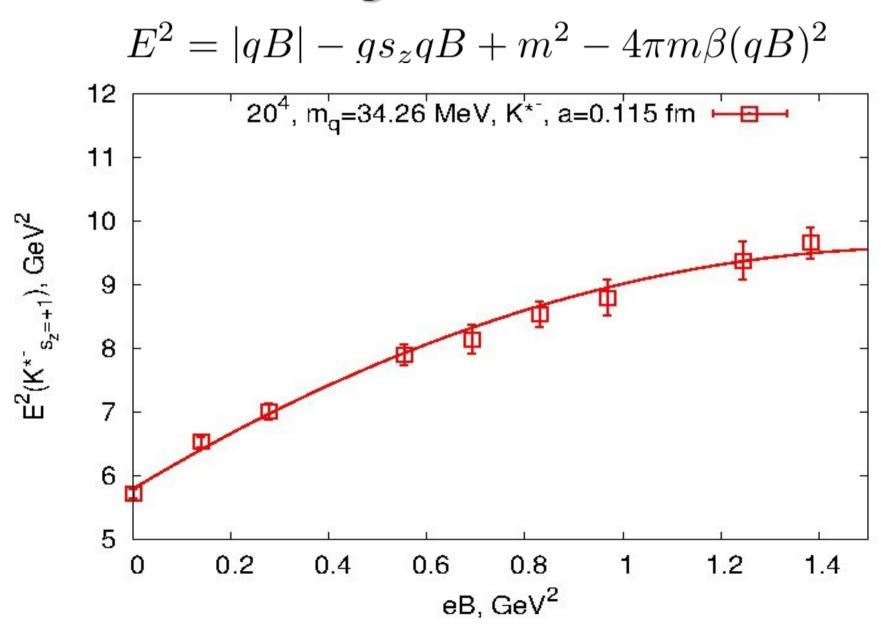


Charged $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ meson

V_{latt}	a (fm)	χ^2/dof	$\beta_m, (10^{-4} fm^3)$
18^{4}	0.095	0.22	1.2 ± 0.2
18^{4}	0.115	0.28	1.8 ± 0.1
18^{4}	0.125	0.04	0.8 ± 0.4

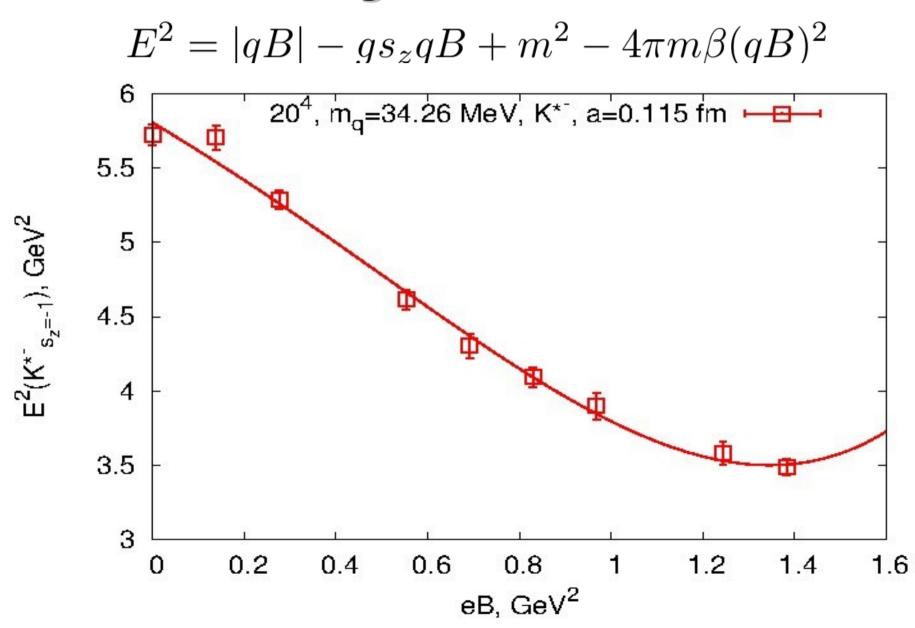


Charged K* meson



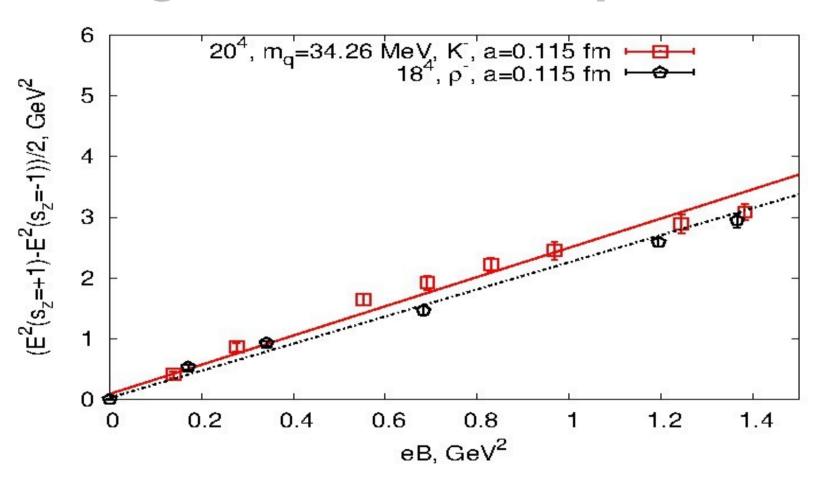


Charged K* meson





The g-factor of K* and ρ mesons



$$g = 2.41 \pm 0.13$$

K* meson

$$q = 2.23 \pm 0.12$$

p meson

Conclusions

Magnetic polarizability was found for neutral π and ρ mesons :

$$\beta_m(\pi^0) = (2.14 \pm 1.22) * 10^{-4} fm^3 m_q = 17 Mev$$

$$\beta_m(\pi^0) = (2.8 \pm 0.3) * 10^{-4} fm^3 m_q = 25 Mev$$

$$\beta_m^{|s|=1}(\rho^0) = (-1.86 \pm 0.18) * 10^{-4} fm^3 m_q = 36 Mev$$

Magnetic polarizability depends on spin projections.

g-factor for
$$\,
ho$$
 meson $\,g\,=\,2.4\,\pm\,0.2\,$

Magnetic polarizability was found for charge π mesons

The ground state energy was found for charged, neutral π and ρ and K^* mesons



Future works

Mixing between π and ρ mesons

Magnetic polarizability for charged π and ρ mesons(large lattices and increasing statistics)

Increase in accuracy of g-factor determination

Magnetic polarizability , g-factor, ground state energy for K mesons

Electric polarizability for mesons

Magnetic moments and polarizabilities of heavy quarkonia

Thank you for your attention!

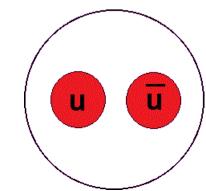
For more information welcome to arXiv: 1411.4284[hep-lat]

For gauge confiuractions: Symanzik action

$$S = \beta_{imp} \sum_{\text{pl}} S_{\text{pl}} - \frac{\beta_{imp}}{20u_0^2} \sum_{\text{rt}} S_{\text{rt}}$$

$$S_{\text{pl,rt}} = \frac{1}{3} \text{Tr} \left(1 - U_{\text{pl,rt}}\right)$$

$$u_0 = (W_{1\times 1})^{1/4} = \langle (1/3) \text{Tr} U_{\text{pl}} \rangle^{1/4}$$



$$qB = \frac{2\pi k}{(aL)^2}, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\sqrt{eB_{min}} = 380 \text{ MeV}$$