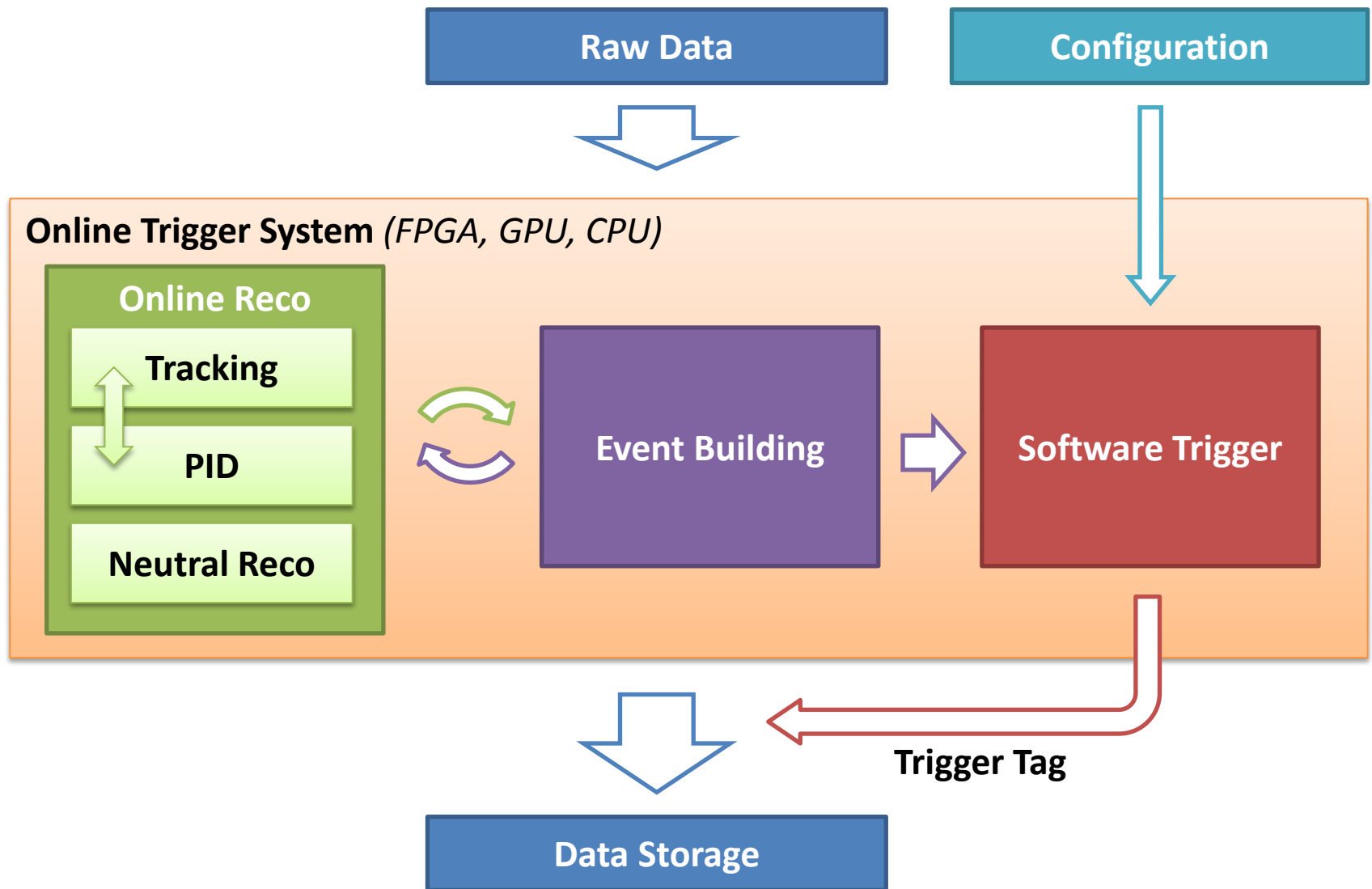


# PANDA Software Trigger Status/Plans

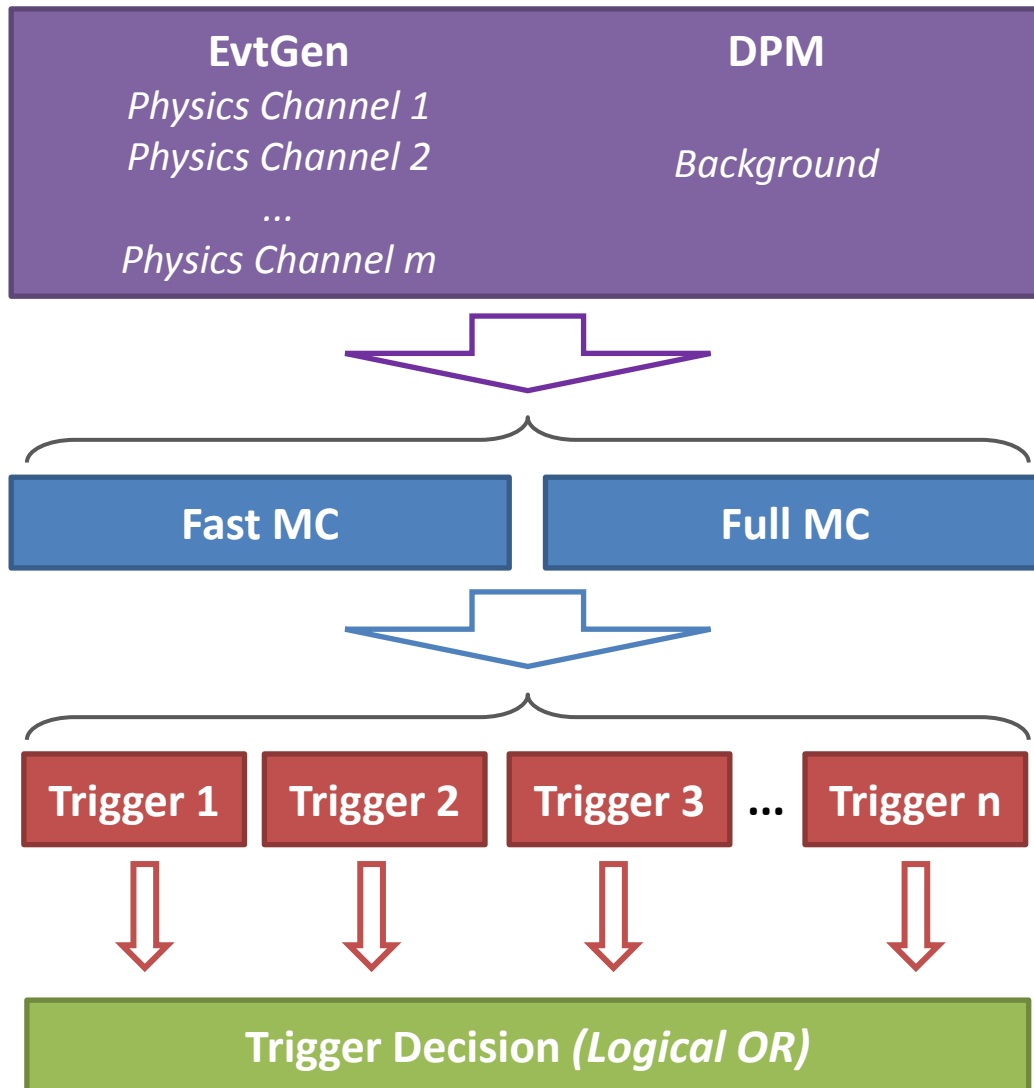
*PANDA Collaboration Meeting  
Giessen, Mar. 2015*

**K. Götzen, D. Kang, R. Kliemt, F. Nerling**  
GSI Darmstadt/HI Mainz

# Software Trigger within Trigger System



# Strategy for Investigation



## Event Generation

- *Signal*
- *Background*

## Simulation & Reconstruction

## Event Filtering

- *Combinatorics*
- *Mass Window Selection*
- *Trigger Specific Selection*  
→ *Event Tagging*

## Global Trigger Tag

# Extended Trigger Scheme

- Status report 2014
  - $n = 10$  trigger lines
  - $m = 10$  signal event types
  - 4 energies:
    - $E_{\text{cm}} = 2.4, 3.77, 4.5, 5.5$  GeV
- Extended scheme 2015
  - $n = 57$  trigger lines *(added subdecays and new modes)*
    - Trigger of 17 different particle/reaction types
  - $m = 791$  signal event types *(considering different recoils)*
    - 10 Recoils: - /  $\gamma$  /  $\pi^0$  /  $\eta$  /  $\pi^0 \pi^0$  /  $\pi^+ \pi^-$  /  $K^+ K^-$  /  $K^0 \underline{K}^0$  /  $\eta \eta$  /  $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
  - 7 energies:
    - $E_{\text{cm}} = 2.4, 3.0, 3.5, 3.8, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5$  GeV

# 'Complete' List of Triggers

Tr#	Res.	Channels (BR[%])	N	Code	$\Sigma$ BR[%]
1	$\eta_c$	$K^+K^-\pi^0$ (1.2), $K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$ (2.4), $\gamma\gamma$ , $K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ (3.5), $K_S K^\pm \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\mp$ (1.8)	5	22x	8.3
2	$J/\psi$	$e^+e^-$ (5.9), $\mu^+\mu^-$ (5.9)	2	20x	11.9
3	$\chi_{c0}$	$\pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-$ (1.8), $K^\pm\pi^\mp K_S\pi^0$ (0.8)	2	24x	2.6
4	$D^0$	$K^-\pi^+$ (3.9), $K^-\pi^+\pi^0$ (13.9), $K^-2\pi^+\pi^-$ (8.1), $K_S\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ (3.7), $K_S\pi^+\pi^-$ (2.0)	5	10x	31.6
5	$D^+$	$K^-2\pi^+$ (9.4), $K^-2\pi^+\pi^0$ (6.1), $K_S2\pi^+\pi^-$ (2.1), $K_S\pi^+\pi^0$ (4.8)	4	12x	22.4
6	$D_S^+$	$K^+K^-\pi^\pm$ (5.5), $K^+K^-\pi^\pm\pi^0$ (5.6)	2	14x	11.1
7	$D^{*0}$	$D^0\pi^0$ (61.9), $D^0\gamma$ (38.1)	10	11x	31.6
8	$D^{*+}$	$D^0\pi^+$ (67.7), $D^+\pi^0$ (30.7)	9	13x	28.7
9	$D_S^{*+}$	$D_S^+\gamma$ (94.2)	2	15x	10.5
10	$\Lambda$	$p\pi^-$ (63.9)	1	400	63.9
11	$\Lambda_c^+$	$pK^\mp\pi^\pm$ (5.0), $pK^\mp\pi^\pm\pi^0$ (3.4), $pK_S\pi^0$ (1.2)	3	42x	9.6
12	$\Sigma^+$	$p\pi^0$ (51.6)	1	410	51.6
13	$\phi$	$K^+K^-$ (48.9)	1	500	48.9
14	$e^+e^-X$	NR; X = none / $\gamma$ / $\pi^0$	3	60x	
15	$\mu^+\mu^-X$	NR; X = none / $\gamma$ / $\pi^0$	3	62x	
16	$\gamma\gamma X$	NR; X = none / $\gamma$ / $\pi^0$	3	64x	
17	$\gamma\pi^0$	NR	1	660	

Triggers/modes from report

All  $K_S$  mode include  $BR(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Sigma=57$

# Charmonia

Reaction	Trigger #	via decay	Taggable
$\eta_c + X$	1		8.3%
$J/\psi + X$	2		11.9%
$\chi_{c0}(1P) + X$	3		2.6%
$\chi_{c1}(1P) + X$	2	$J/\psi \gamma$ (34,4%)	4.1%
$\chi_{c2}(1P) + X$	2	$J/\psi \gamma$ (19,5%)	2.3%
$h_c + X$	1	$\eta_c \gamma$ (54,3%)	4.5%
$\eta_c(2S) + X$	--		0.0%
$\psi(2S) + X$	2	$J/\psi X$ (59,6%)	7.1%
$\psi(3770) + X$	4,5	$D^0 \bar{D}^0$ (52%), $D^+ D^-$ (41%)	44,0%
$X(3823) + X$	2	$\chi_{c1} \gamma$ (?)	< 4.1%
$X(3872) + X$	2	$J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ (>2,6%), $D^0 \bar{D}^0 \pi^0$ (>32%)	> 17.4%
$Z_c^+(3900) + X$	2,4,5,7,8	$J/\psi \pi^+$ (?), $(DD^*)^+$ (?)	< 11.9%
$Z_c^0(3900) + X$	2	$J/\psi \pi^0$ (?)	< 11.9%
$\chi_{c0}(2P) + X$	4,7	$D^{0*} \bar{D}^0$ (>71%)	32.0%
$\chi_{c2}(2P) + X$	4,5	$D \bar{D}$ (?)	< 39%
$X(3940) + X$	4,5,7,8	$D \bar{D}^*$ (>45% @ 90CL)	> 20%
$Z^+(4020) + X$	7,8	$D^* \bar{D}^*$ (?)	< 49%
$\psi(4040) + X$	4,5	$D \bar{D}$ (?)	< 40%
$Z^+(4050) + X$	2	$\chi_{c1} \pi^+$ (?)	< 4.1%
$\psi(4160) + X$	4,5,7,8	$D \bar{D}, D \bar{D}^*, D^* \bar{D}^*$ (?)	< 40%
$X(4160) + X$	7,8	$D^* \bar{D}^*$ (?)	< 49%
$X(4250) + X$	2	$\chi_{c1} \pi^+$ (?)	< 4.1%
$X(4260) + X$	2	$J/\psi X$ (?)	< 11.9%
$X(4350) + X$	2,13	$J/\psi \phi$ (?)	< 54.9%
$X(4360) + X$	2	$\psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$ (?)	< 7.1%
$\psi(4415) + X$	4,5,6,7,8,9	$D \bar{D}, D_s^+ D_s^-$ (?)	< 20%
$Z^+(4430) + X$	2	$\psi(2S) \pi^+$ (?)	< 7.1%
$X(4660) + X$	2	$\psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$ (?)	< 7.1%

# Open Charm

Reaction	Trigger #	via decay	Taggable
$D^0 \underline{D}^0 + X$	4		53.3%
$D^0 \underline{D}^{0*} + X$	4,7		45.0%
$D^{0*} \underline{D}^{0*} + X$	7		35.3%
$D^+ D^- + X$	5		39.8%
$D^+ D^{-*} + X$	5,8		44.3%
$D^{+*} D^{-*} + X$	8		48.6%
$D_s^+ D_s^- + X$	6		21.0%
$D_s^+ D_s^{-*} + X$	6,9		20.4%
$D_s^{+*} D_s^{-*} + X$	9		19.8%
$D_s^+ D_{s0}^{*-}(2317)^-$	6	$D_s^+ \pi^0 (?)$	>11.1%
$D_s^{+*} D_{s0}^{*-}(2317)^-$	6,9	$D_s^+ \pi^0 (?)$	>10.5%
$D_s^+ D_{s1}(2460)^-$	6,9	$D_s^{+*} \pi^0 (48\%), D_s^+ \gamma (18\%)$	17.3%
$D_s^{+*} D_{s1}(2460)^-$	6,9	$D_s^{+*} \pi^0 (48\%), D_s^+ \gamma (18\%)$	16.7%
$D_s^+ D_{s1}(2536)^-$	6,8	$D^{*+} K^0 (85\%)$	32.5%
$D_s^{+*} D_{s1}(2536)^-$	8,9	$D^{*+} K^0 (85\%)$	32.0%
$D_s^+ D_{s2}^{*-}(2573)^-$	4,6	$D^0 K (?)$	>11.1%
$D_s^{+*} D_{s2}^{*-}(2573)^-$	4,9	$D^0 K (?)$	>10.5%

# Baryons & Light Hadrons

Reaction	Trigger #	via decay	Taggable
$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda} + X$	10		87.0%
$\Sigma^+ \bar{\Sigma}^- + X$	12		76.5%
$\Sigma^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0 + X$	10	$\Lambda \gamma$ (100%)	87.0%
$\Sigma^- \bar{\Sigma}^+ + X$	--		0.0%
$\Xi^0 \bar{\Xi}^0 + X$	10	$\Lambda \pi^0$ (99,5%)	86.7%
$\Xi^- \bar{\Xi}^+ + X$	10	$\Lambda \pi^-$ (99,9%)	86.9%
$\Omega^- \bar{\Omega}^+ + X$	10	$\Lambda K$ (67,8%), $\Xi^0 \pi^-$ (23,6%)	82.6%
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^- + X$	11		18.2%
$\Lambda_c^+(\cdot), \Sigma_c^+(\cdot), \Xi_c(\cdot)$	4,11	$\Lambda_c X$ (?), $p D^0$ (?)	?

Reaction	Trigger #	via decay	Taggable
$\phi + X$	13		48.9%
$e^+ e^-$	14		100.0%
$e^+ e^- X$	14		100.0%
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	15		100.0%
$\mu^+ \mu^- X$	15		100.0%
$\gamma \gamma$	16		100.0%
$\gamma \gamma X$	16		100.0%
other light hadrons	min bias		100.0%

→ Looks quite complete (at least for spectroscopy & EMP)!



# Data Types

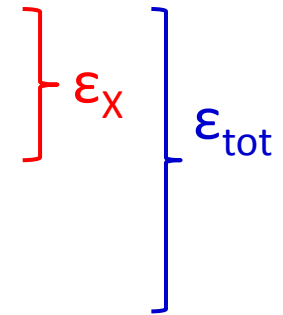
Target data modes for individual trigger lines are defined as:

- E.-M. modes (10 in total)
  - excl.:  $e^+e^- / \mu^+\mu^- / \gamma\gamma + (\text{none}, \gamma, \pi^0)$
  - excl.:  $\gamma\pi^0$
- Charmonium /  $\phi$  (up to 10 each)
  - $c\bar{c} / \phi + X$
- Baryons (up to 10 each)
  - $B \bar{B} + X$  (and c.c.)
- Open-Charm (up to 20 each)
  - $D \bar{D} + X / D \bar{D}^* + X$  (and c.c.) for D decays
  - $D^* \bar{D}^* + X / D^* \bar{D} + X$  (and c.c.) for D\* decays
- In total: up to **791 data types** (depending on  $E_{cm}$ )  
*32 · 20 open charm + 15 · 10  $c\bar{c}/\phi$ /baryons + 10 excl. – 9 (too high  $E_{cm}$ )*

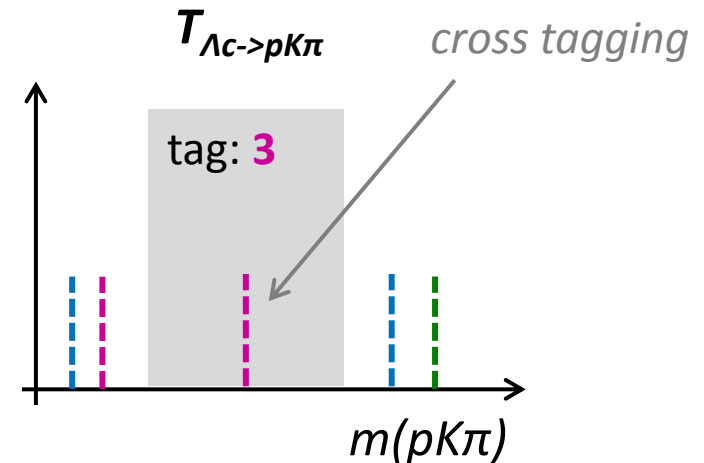
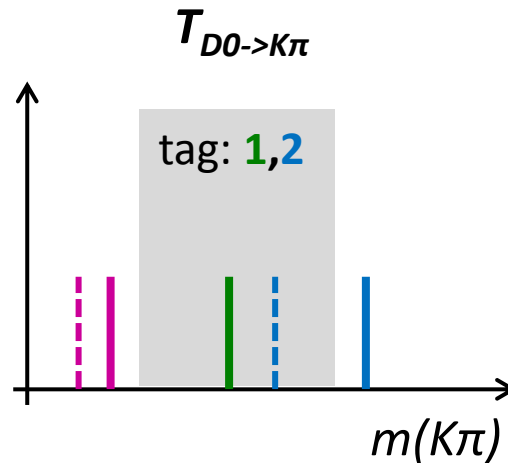
# Event Based Efficiency

Only interested in **event efficiencies**

1. Event with signal X (e.g.  $D^0 \rightarrow K \pi$ ) is tagged by corresponding trigger line due to **true/random** candidate
2. Event with signal X is tagged by another trigger line due to **random** candidate (*cross tagging*)



Events with X:	1, 2, 3
True Cand:	—
Rand. Cand:	- - -
Accept region:	■



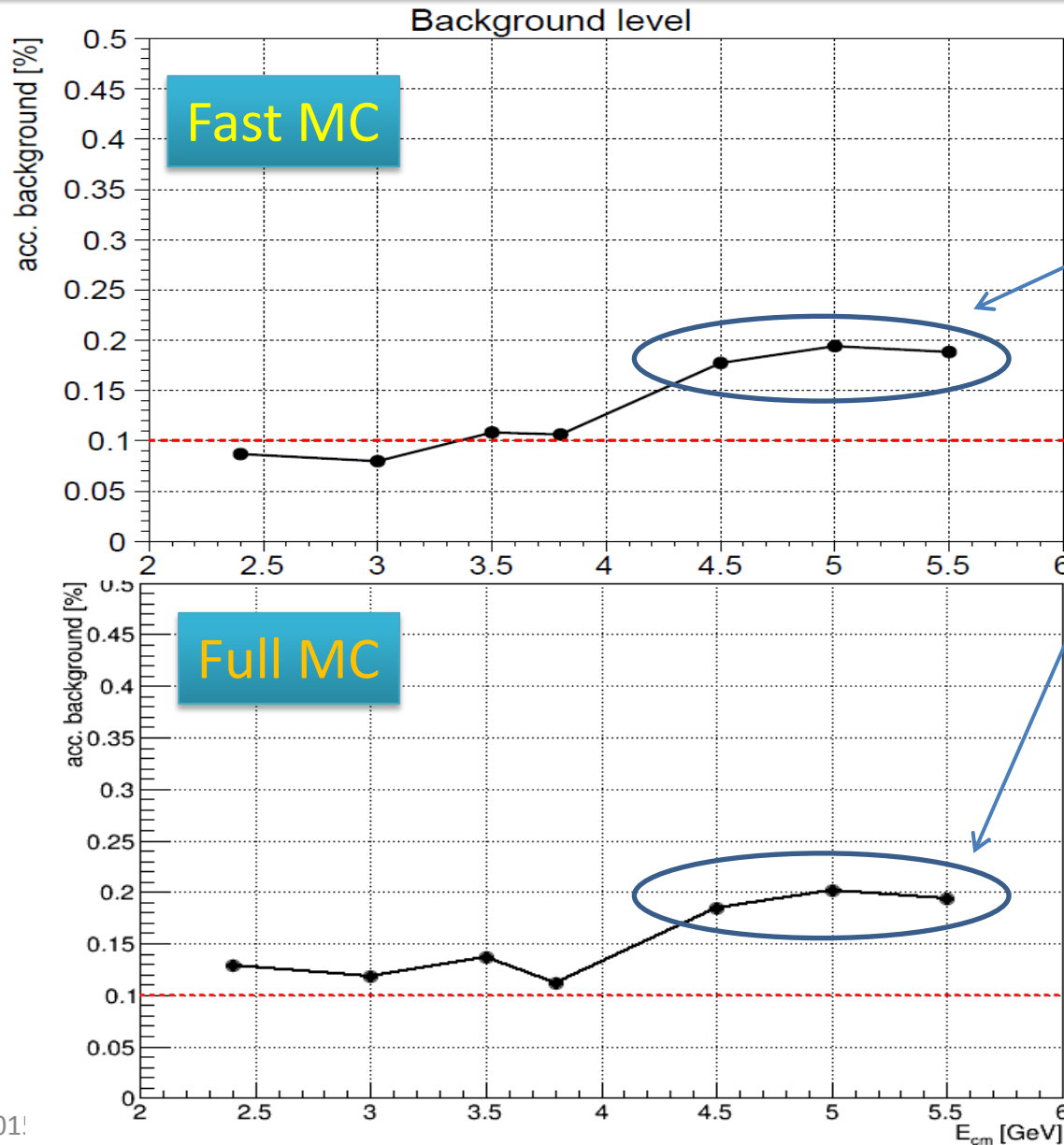
# Automatized Selection Optimisation

For each trigger line (TL) @ each energy, apply procedure:

- **Reconstruct signal candidates** based on full event information
- **Perform preselection**: cut on inv. mass (+  $D^*$  mass diff. cut)
- **Define variables** for further selection:
  - Event shape variables ( $\sim 40$ )
  - Candidate specific variables ( $\sim 50$ , depending on decay)
- **While background fraction for TL  $> 0.1\text{‰}$  ( $0.05\text{‰}$  for  $E_{cm} > 3.5$ )**
  1. Inspect **all available variables**
  2. Find variable+cut with **max bkg reduction @  $\epsilon_{\text{signal}} = 95\%$**  relative to previous efficiency (*MC truth matched* signals)
  3. Apply cut on this variable  **$\rightarrow$  re-iterate**

Applied for **Fast MC** and **Full MC**

# Total Background Level vs. $E_{cm}$ (Fast & Full)



As expected:

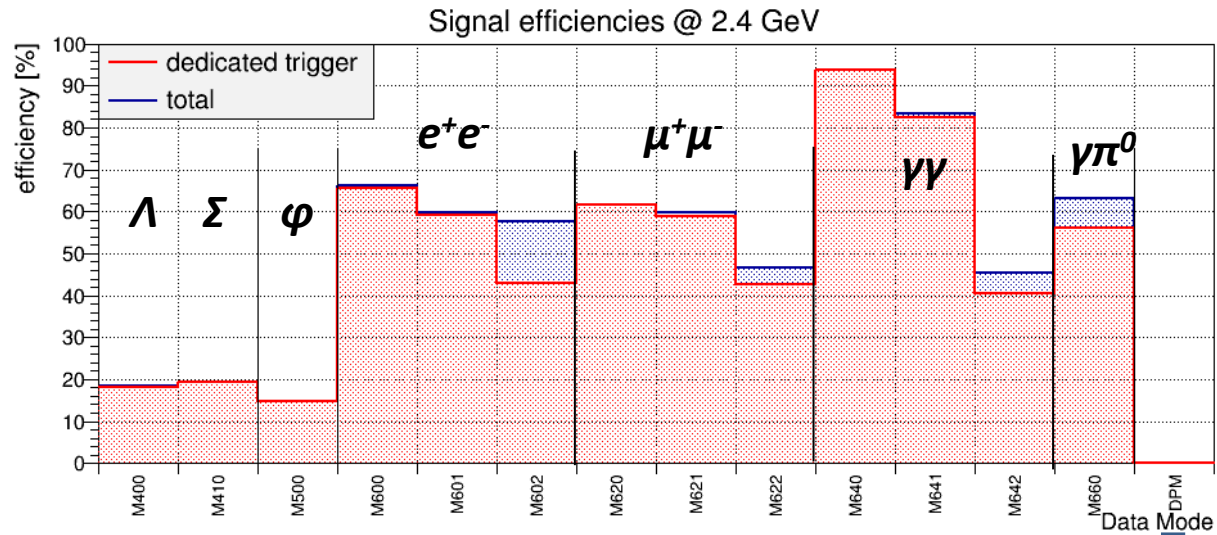
4x more trigger lines

2x harder suppress./TL

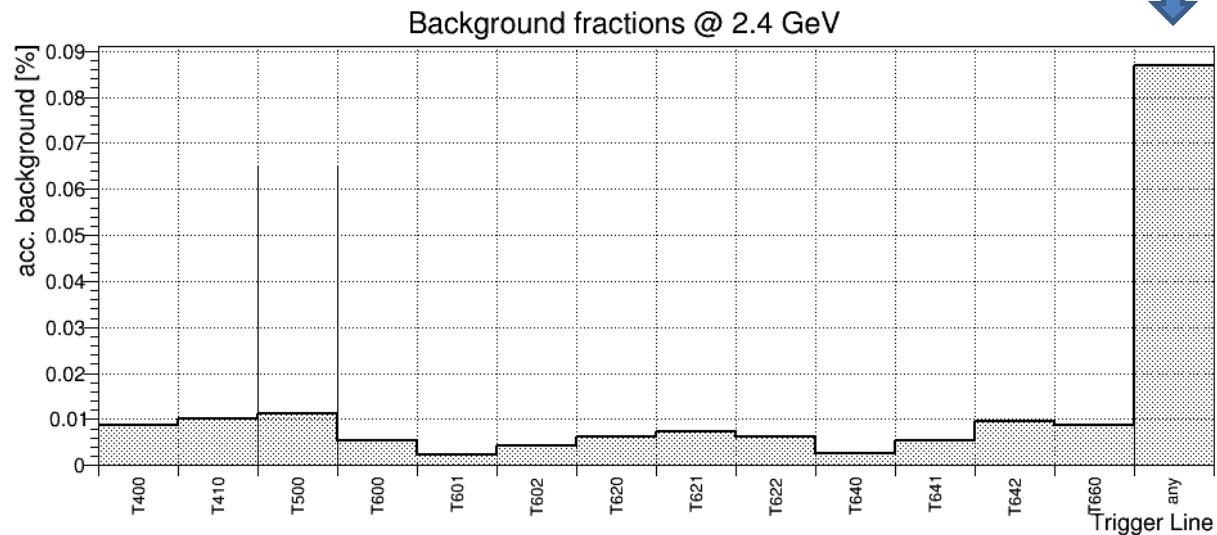
→ 2x total background lvl

# Total Efficiencies & Bgk Levels @ 2.4 GeV (Fast MC)

$\epsilon_{\text{tot}}$   
 $\epsilon_X$



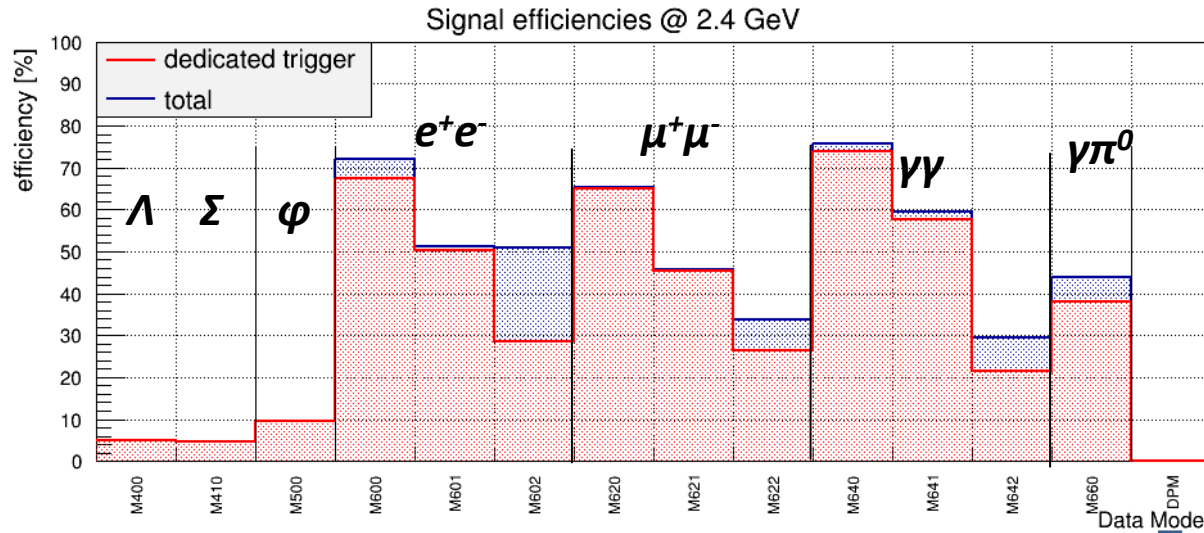
Efficiencies for different data modes



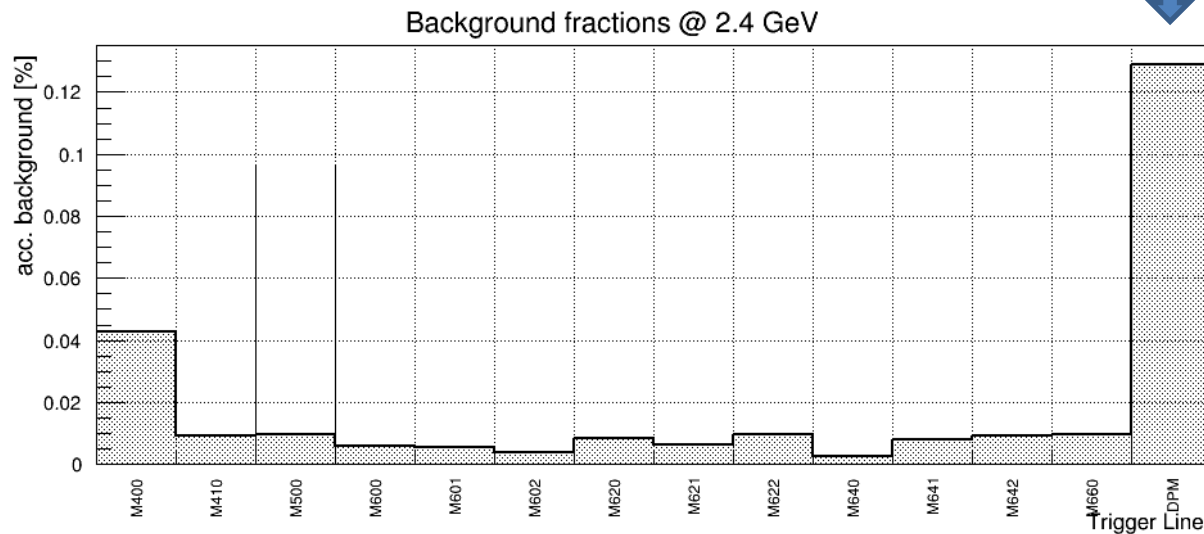
Acceptance of different trigger lines on DPM data

# Total Efficiencies & Bgk Levels @ 2.4 GeV (Full MC)

$\epsilon_{\text{tot}}$   
 $\epsilon_{\text{X}}$



Efficiencies for different data modes

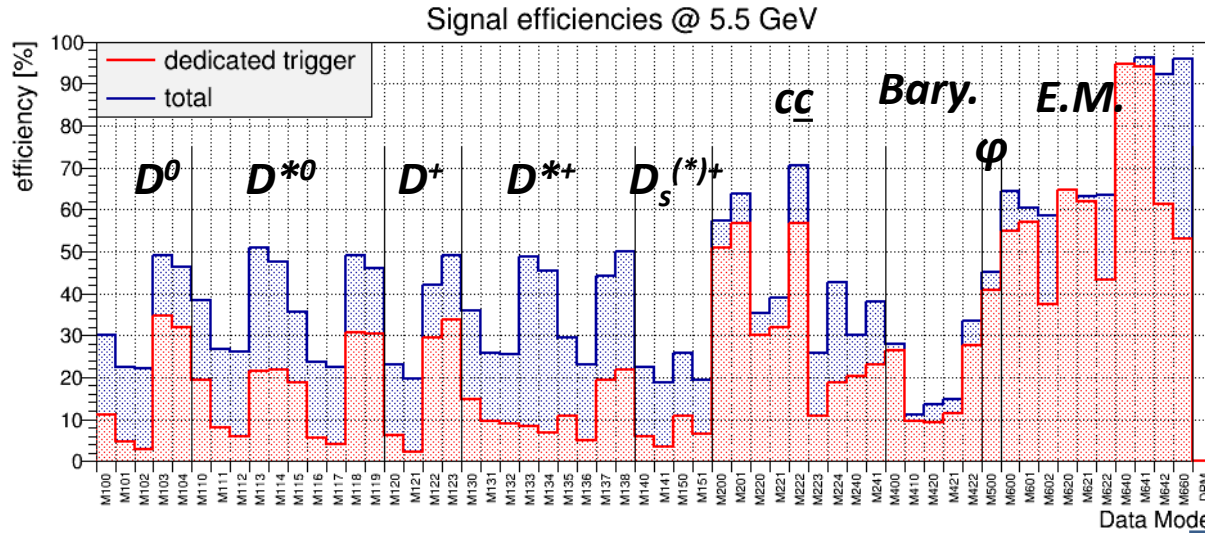


Acceptance of different trigger lines on DPM data

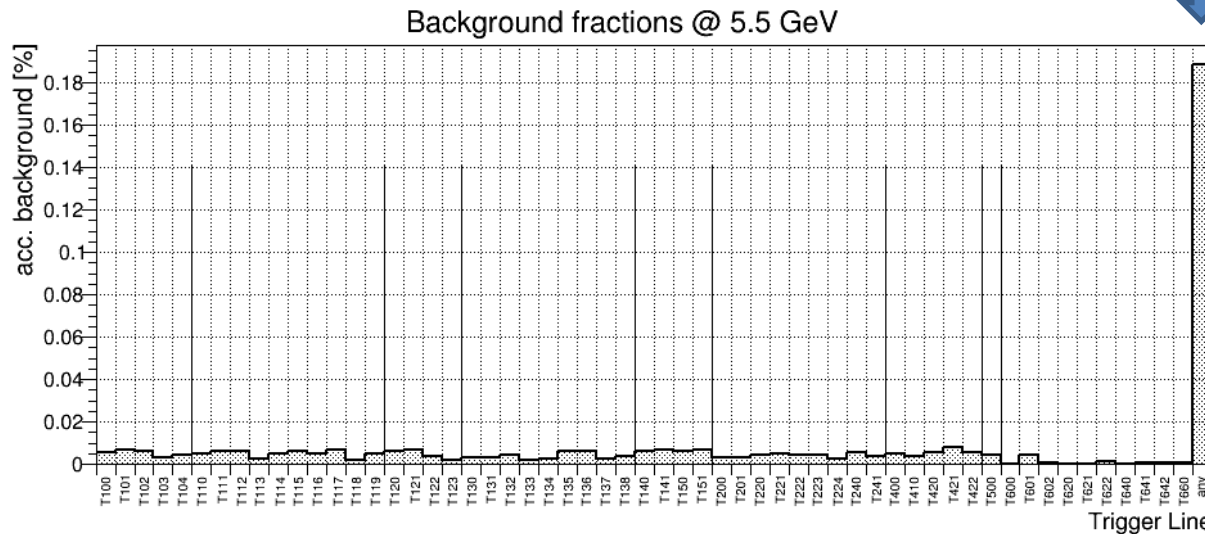
# Total Efficiencies & Bgk Levels @ 5.5 GeV (Fast MC)

For D modes  
cross tagging  
is strong effect

$\epsilon_{tot}$   
 $\epsilon_x$



Efficiencies  
for different  
data modes

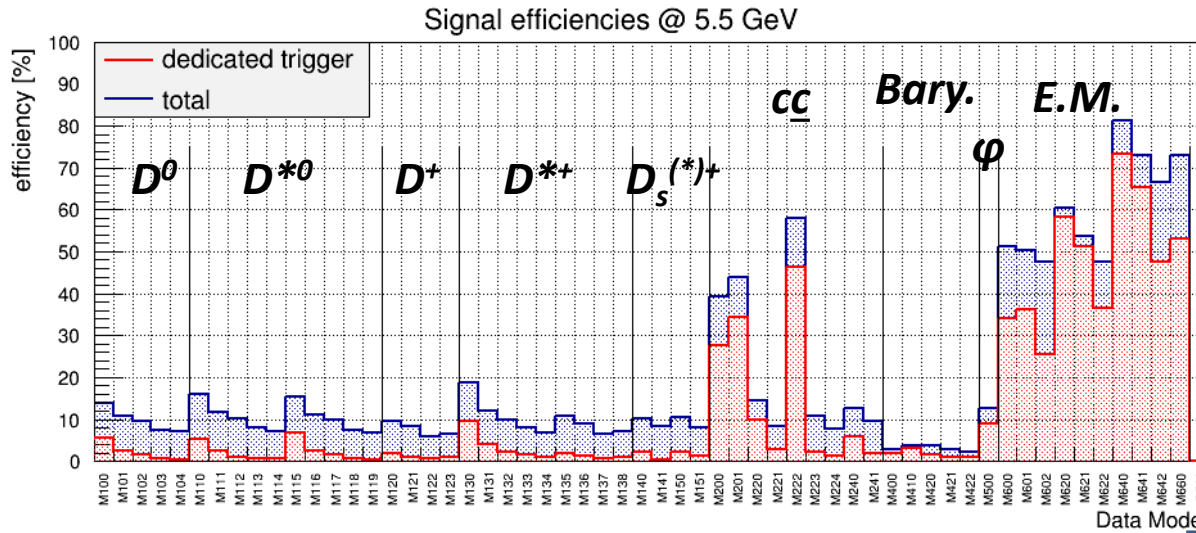


Acceptance  
of different  
trigger lines  
on DPM data

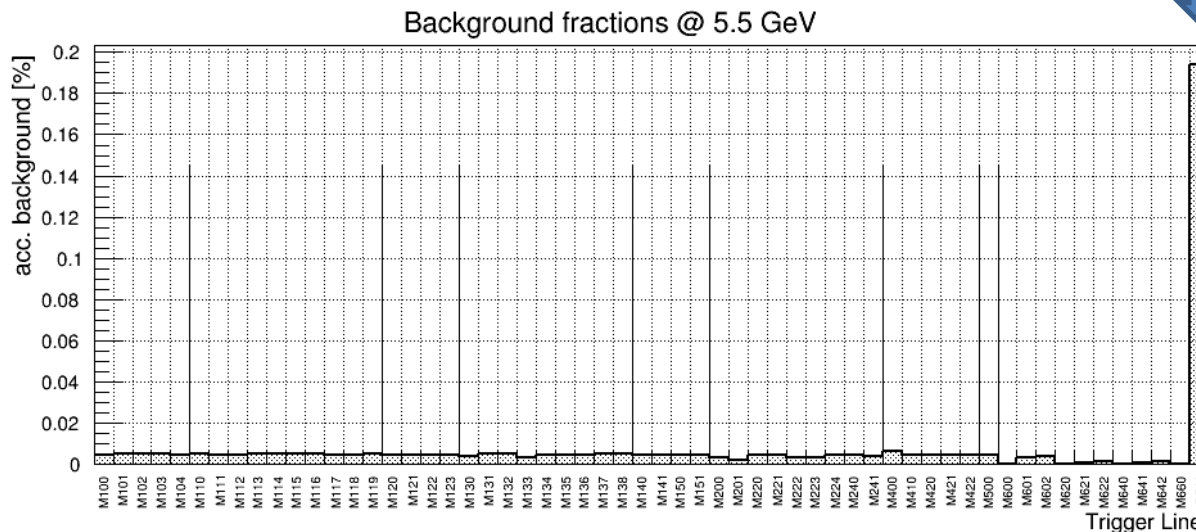
# Total Efficiencies & Bgk Levels @ 5.5 GeV (Full MC)

$\epsilon_{tot}$   
 $\epsilon_x$

Full Sim looks much worse



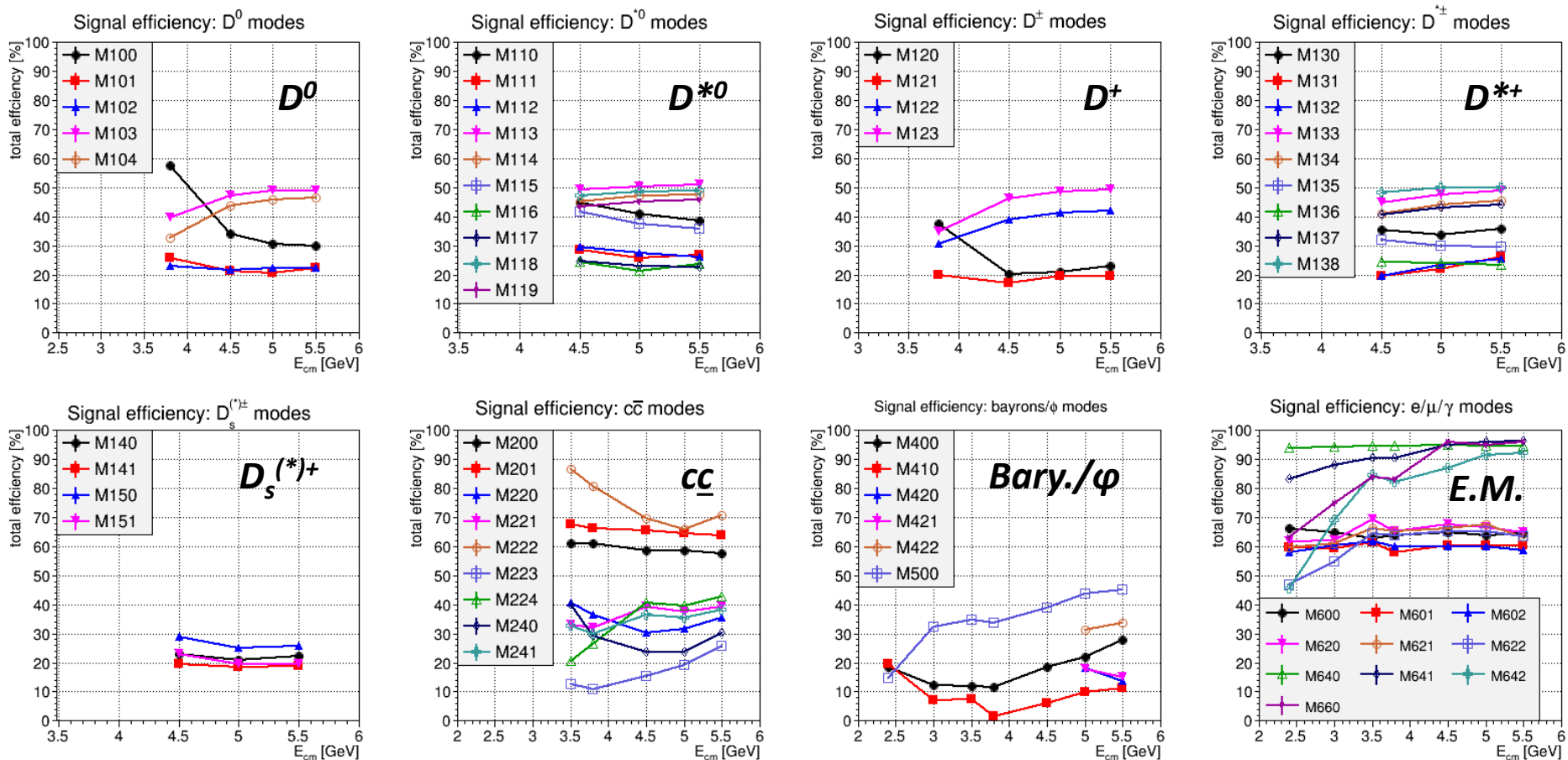
Efficiencies for different data modes



Acceptance of different trigger lines on DPM data

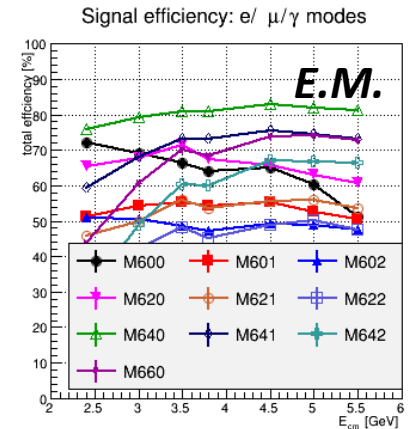
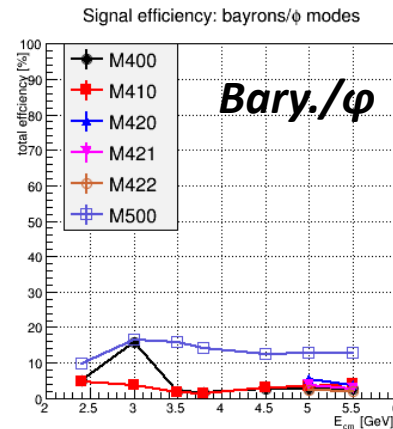
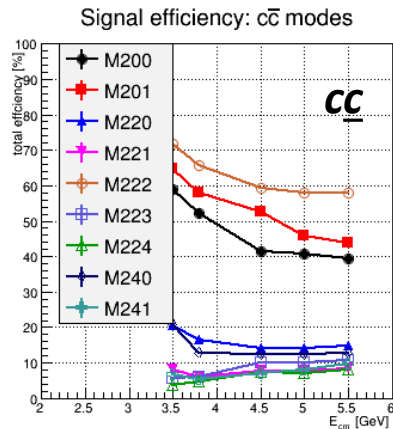
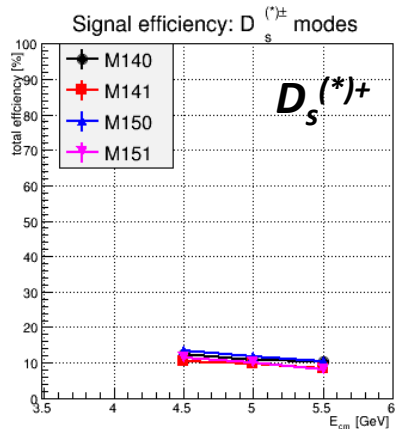
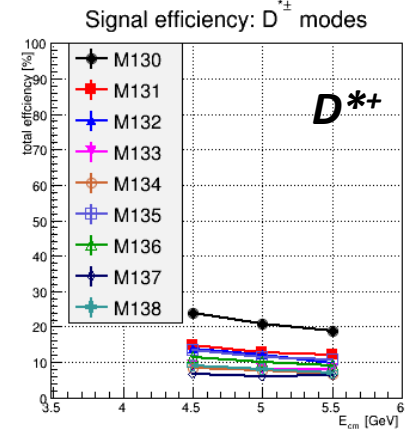
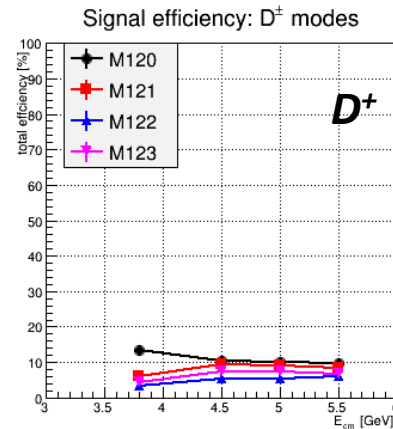
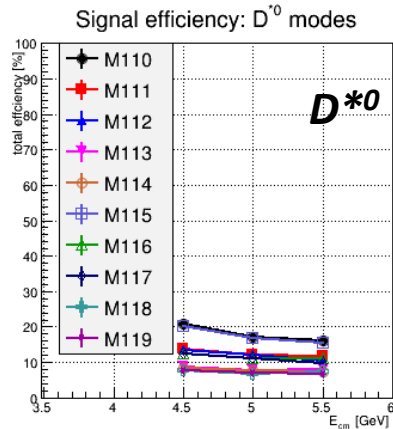
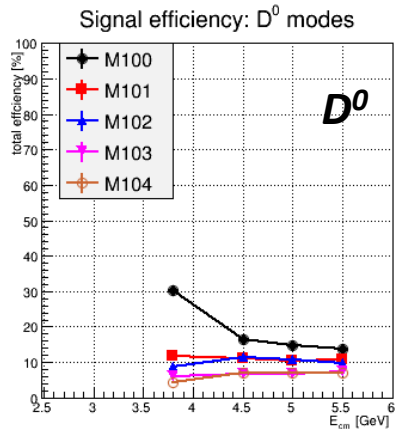


# Total Signal Efficiencies ( $\epsilon_{\text{tot}}$ ) vs. $E_{\text{cm}}$ (Fast MC)



(Each point  $\rightarrow$  selection optimization for a TL @ energy, N=247 in total)

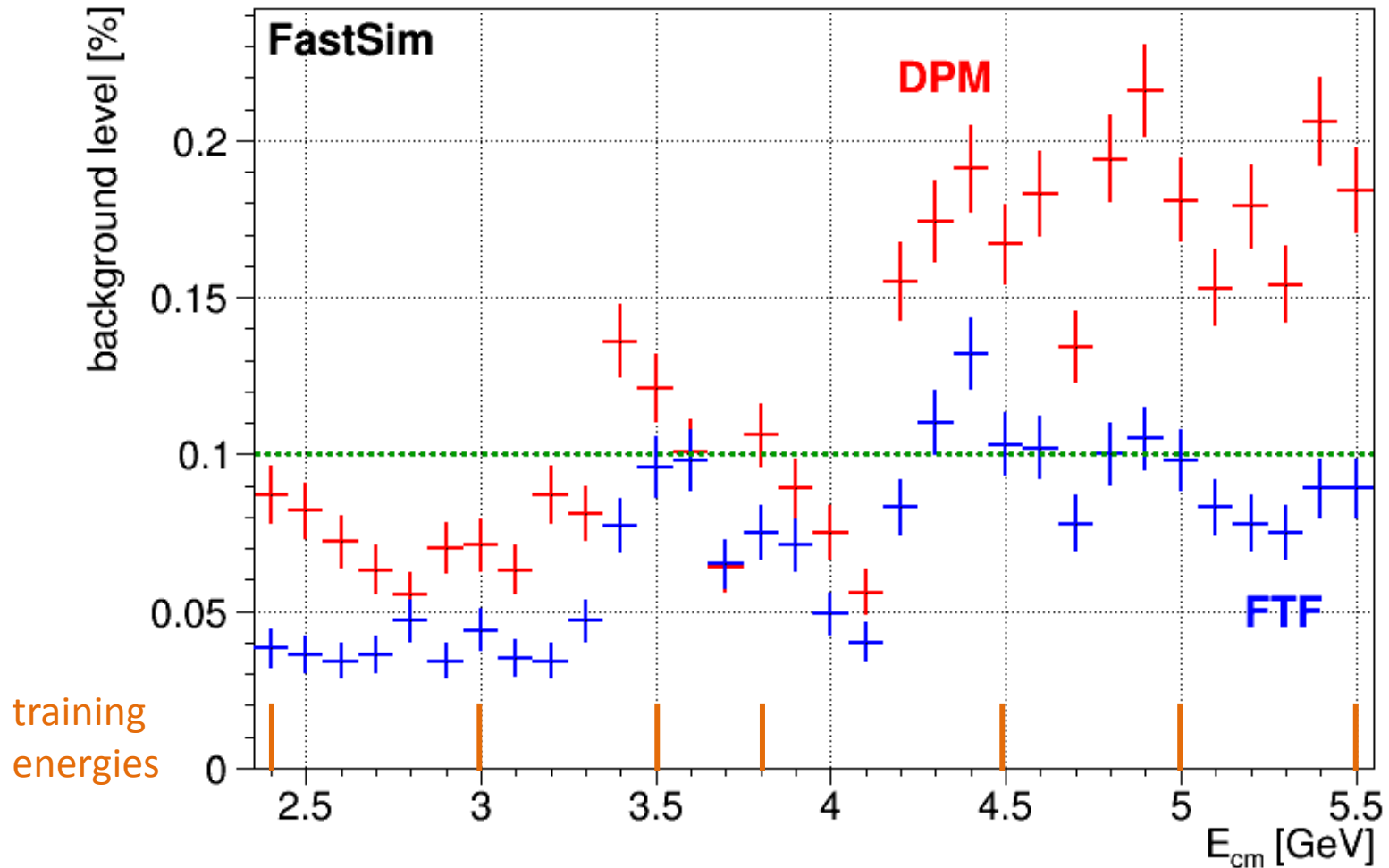
# Total Signal Efficiencies ( $\epsilon_{\text{tot}}$ ) vs. $E_{\text{cm}}$ (Full MC)



(Each point  $\rightarrow$  selection optimization for a TL @ energy, N=247 in total)

# Robustness of Background Level (Fast MC)

- Training with **DPM** → apply to events from **FTF** generator



# Prerequisites for "reliable" prediction

#	Subject	Idealized	Realistic	Requires
1	Simulation detail	Fast Sim	Full Sim	
2	Simulation stream	event based	event building (timebased)	
3	Reco quality	offline	online	8
4	Selection observables	unlimited	online available	2,3,8
5	Trigger signatures	ad-hoc	requested/agreed on	
6	Reliability of bkg shape	single generator	various generators	
7	Pre-reco BG veto	not needed	needed (i.e. online reco impossible for all events)	2,3
8	Implementation	standard PC	dedicated hardware	

*Available*

*Partly available*

*Not available*

**Performance expected to drop even more with more realistic simulation.**

# Computing Effort for Scenario Analysis

$E_{\text{cm}}$ [GeV]	2.4	3.0	3.5	3.8	4.5	5.0	5.5	Sum
Data modes	26	45	85	118	550	741	792	<b>2357</b>
Events [M]*	2.25	3.20	5.20	6.85	28.5	38.0	40.6	<b>124.5</b>
Optimisations	13	13	22	31	54	57	57	<b>247</b>

\*per  $E_{\text{cm}}$ : 1M bkg events + N x 50k events/signal mode

## Full Simulation

- **300,000 jobs** on Prometheus@GSI (1000 events/job)
  - 1 week for simulation (2000 cores in parallel)
- ca. **20 TB of data** consisting of
  - Simulation data (8.5 TB)
  - SoftTrigger specific output (11.5 TB)
- **247 automated optimisations** on n-tuples & re-application
  - 10 days additional run time

# Plans

- Impact on signal **phase space** distributions (e.g. Dalitz plots)
- Further test of **robustness** of efficiencies/bkg suppression
- Investigate **interpolation of selection algorithms** w.r.t.  $E_{\text{cm}}$
- **Systematic** study of **TMVA** application
  - Choice of variables, TMVA types, parameter settings
- *When according ingredients available*
  - Impact of realistic **event building & event mixing**
  - Impact of **online reco quality**
  - Investigate **pre-reco background rejection**
  - Investigate **performance** issues (e.g. CPU demand)
  - Extend for: **hypernuclei, hadrons in matter**

# Conclusion

- Studies of extended triggering scheme
- Developed tools for efficient scenario analysis
  - Simple configuration of trigger lines/data modes
  - Automated selection algorithms
  - Evaluation tools
- Results of Fast and Full MC differ significantly
  - Background level  $< 0.2\%$  over full energy range
  - Fast MC: Typically  $\epsilon_{\text{sig}} > 20\%$ , up to 50% ... 90%
  - Full MC: Typically  $\epsilon_{\text{sig}} \approx 10\%$  (better for J/ $\psi$  and E.M.)
- Reliable predictions of performance depend on many more prerequisites not under our control/responsibility
  - Performance will drop even more
  - **Do we need a plan B?**

**BACKUP**

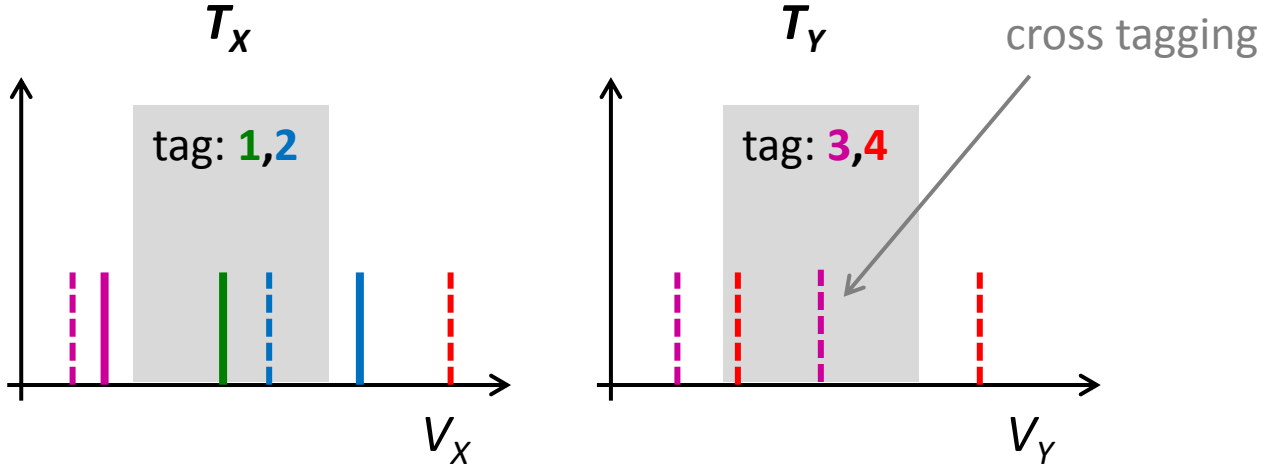


# Why a Software Trigger at all?

- Low signal cross sections  $\sigma_{\text{signal}} \approx \text{pb} \dots \text{nb}$  scale
    - Need high luminosity to achieve enough signal statistics
  - High lumi  $L = 2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  + large  $\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 50 \dots 100 \text{ mb}$ 
    - Reaction rate up to  $10 \dots 20 \text{ MHz}$
    - Signal fraction  $\leq O(10^{-4})$
  - Data rate with 10 kB/event:  $200 \text{ GB/s}$
  - Data amount with 50% duty cycle: **3000 PB/year**
    - Completely unaffordable to store and keep all!
    - Required reduction factor  $\approx 1/1000$
  - Signal and background events look very similar
- ➡ Sophisticated event filter on high level information needed!

# Event Based Efficiency

Events with X:	1, 2, 3
Background:	4
True Cand:	—
Rand. Cand:	- - -
Accept region:	■



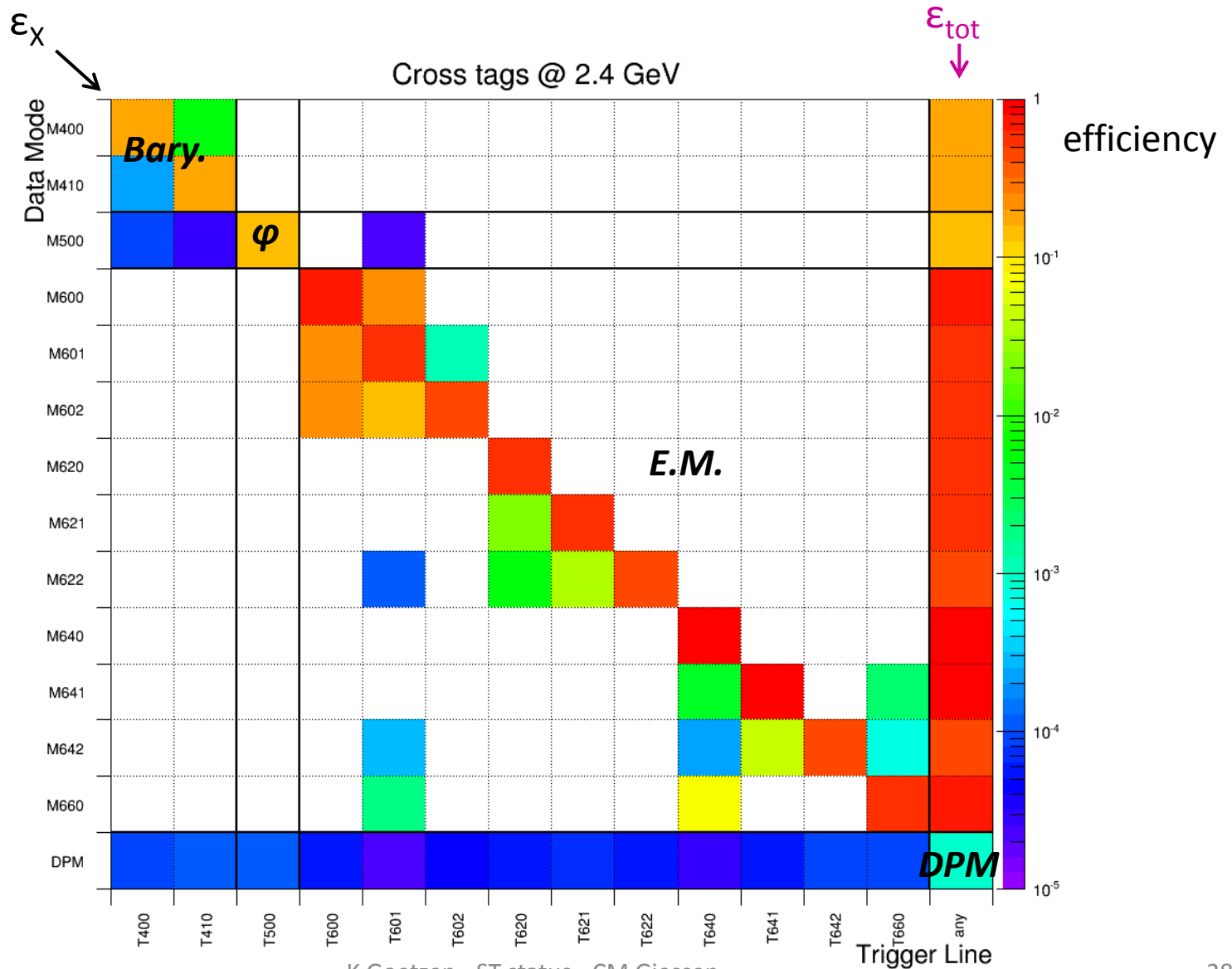
- Different cases for **positive tag** on **signal/background**
    1. *Trigger*  $T_x$  tags due to *correctly* reconstructed candidate  $X$
    2.  $T_x$  tags due to *random* cand. from event containing *signal*  $X$
    3.  $T_y$  tags due to *random* cand. from event containing *signal*  $X$
    4.  $T_i$  tags due to *random* cand. from *background*
- $\left. \begin{array}{l} \epsilon_X \\ \epsilon_{\text{tot}} \end{array} \right\}$

# Recoils X under study

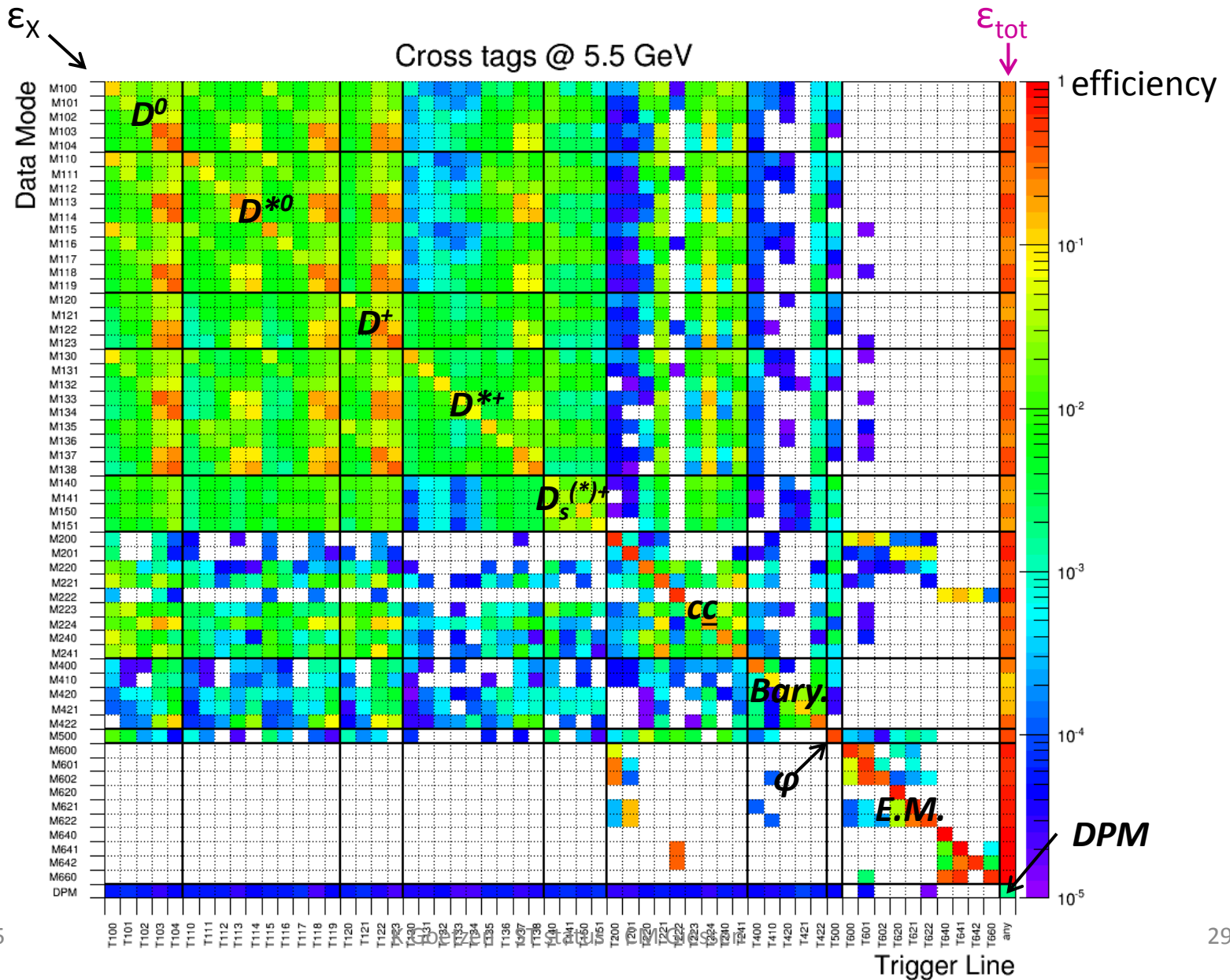
- 10 different recoils under consideration
- Not necessarily all recoils are accessible at the same time for a certain  $E_{\text{cm}}$
- Data sets of one signal mode with different recoils are merged  
→ Here: Efficiencies are averaged over recoils (→ possible bias)

Number	Mode
00	<i>no recoil</i>
01	$\gamma$
02	$\pi^0$
03	$\eta$
04	$\pi^0 \pi^0$
05	$\pi^+ \pi^-$
06	$K^+ K^-$
07	$K^0 \underline{K}^0$
08	$\eta\eta$
09	$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

# Tagging @ 2.4 GeV (Fast MC)



# Tagging @ 5.5 GeV (Fast MC)



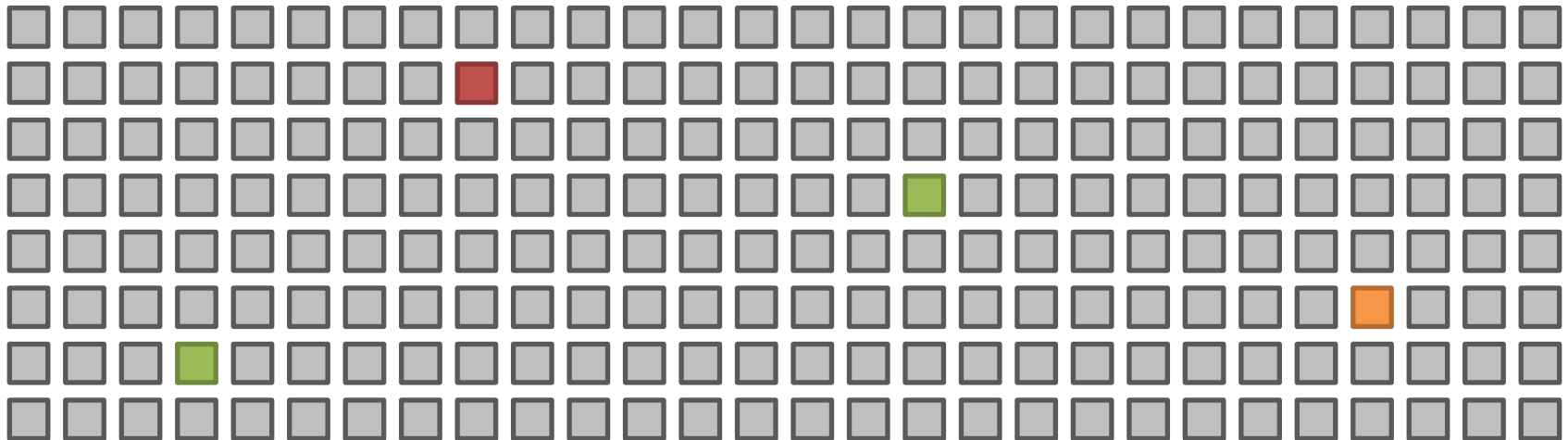
# Trigger Line Decay Modes

100 : D0 -> K- pi+ cc  
101 : D0 -> K- pi+ pi0 cc  
102 : D0 -> K- pi+ pi+ pi- cc  
103 : D0 -> K\_S0 pi+ pi- cc  
104 : D0 -> K\_S0 pi+ pi- pi0 cc  
  
110 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+] pi0 cc  
111 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+ pi0] pi0 cc  
112 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+ pi+ pi-] pi0 cc  
113 : D\*0 -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi-] pi0 cc  
114 : D\*0 -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi- pi0] pi0 cc  
  
115 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+] gam cc  
116 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+ pi0] gam cc  
117 : D\*0 -> D0 [K- pi+ pi+ pi-] gam cc  
118 : D\*0 -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi-] gam cc  
119 : D\*0 -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi- pi0] gam cc  
  
120 : D+ -> K- pi+ pi+ cc  
121 : D+ -> K- pi+ pi+ pi0 cc  
122 : D+ -> K\_S0 pi+ pi0 cc  
123 : D+ -> K\_S0 pi+ pi+ pi- cc  
  
130 : D\*+ -> D0 [K- pi+] pi+ cc  
131 : D\*+ -> D0 [K- pi+ pi0] pi+ cc  
132 : D\*+ -> D0 [K- pi+ pi+ pi-] pi+ cc  
  
133 : D\*+ -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi-] pi+ cc  
134 : D\*+ -> D0 [K\_S0 pi+ pi- pi0] pi+ cc  
  
135 : D\*+ -> D+ [K- pi+ pi+] pi0 cc  
136 : D\*+ -> D+ [K- pi+ pi+ pi0] pi0 cc  
137 : D\*+ -> D+ [K\_S0 pi+ pi0] pi0 cc  
138 : D\*+ -> D+ [K\_S0 pi+ pi+ pi-] pi0 cc  
  
140 : D\_s+ -> K+ K- pi+ cc  
141 : D\_s+ -> K+ K- pi+ pi0 cc  
  
150 : D\*\_s+ -> D\_s+ [K+ K- pi+] gam cc  
151 : D\*\_s+ -> D\_s+ [K+ K- pi+ pi0] gam cc  
  
200 : J/psi -> e+ e-  
201 : J/psi -> mu+ mu-  
  
220 : eta\_c -> K+ K- pi0  
221 : eta\_c -> K\_S0 K- pi+ cc  
222 : eta\_c -> gam gam  
223 : eta\_c -> K+ K- pi+ pi- pi0  
224 : eta\_c -> K\_S0 K- pi+ pi- pi+ cc  
  
240 : chi\_0c -> pi+ pi- K+ K-  
241 : chi\_0c -> K+ pi- K\_S0 pi0 cc  
  
400 : Lambda0 -> proton pi- cc  
  
410 : Sigma+ -> proton pi0 cc  
  
420 : Lambda\_c+ -> proton K- pi+ cc  
421 : Lambda\_c+ -> proton K- pi+ pi0 cc  
422 : Lambda\_c+ -> proton K\_S0 pi0 cc  
  
500 : phi -> K+ K-  
  
600 : pbb0 -> e+ e-  
601 : pbb0 -> e+ e- gam  
602 : pbb0 -> e+ e- pi0  
  
620 : pbb0 -> mu+ mu-  
621 : pbb0 -> mu+ mu- gam  
622 : pbb0 -> mu+ mu- pi0  
  
640 : pbb0 -> gam gam  
641 : pbb0 -> gam gam gam  
642 : pbb0 -> gam gam pi0  
  
660 : pbb0 -> pi0 gam

# Partial tagging w/o reco + event building?

Tag part of the signal channels **before** reco/event building?

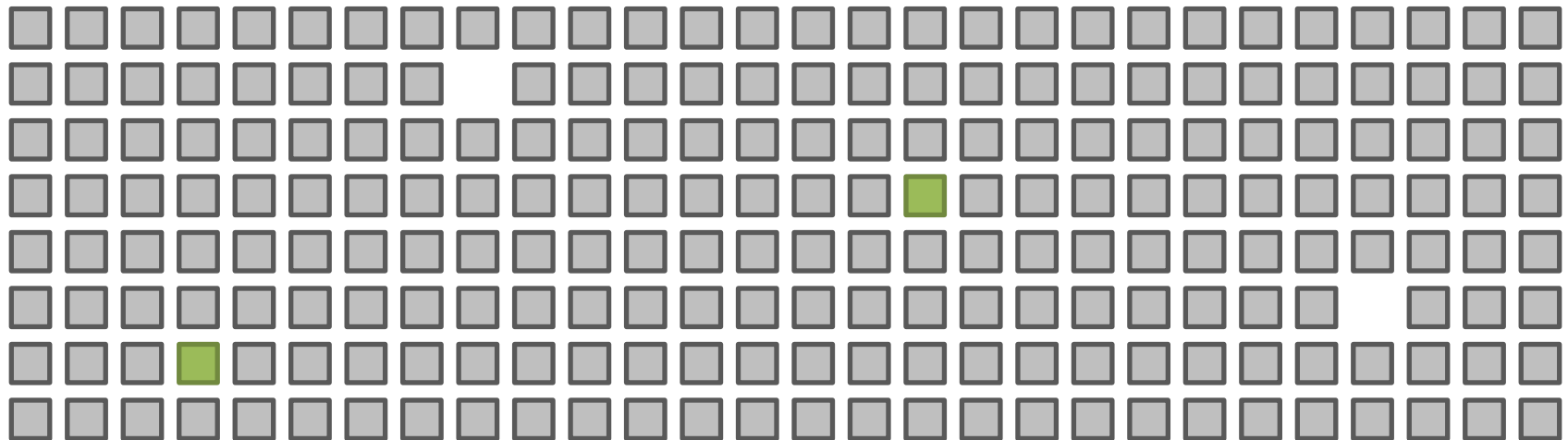
Events:  Bkg  Sig 1  Sig 2  Sig 3, 4, ...



# Partial tagging w/o reco + event building?

Tag part of the signal channels **before reco/event building?**

Events:  Bkg  Sig 1  Sig 2  Sig 3, 4, ...



## Problems

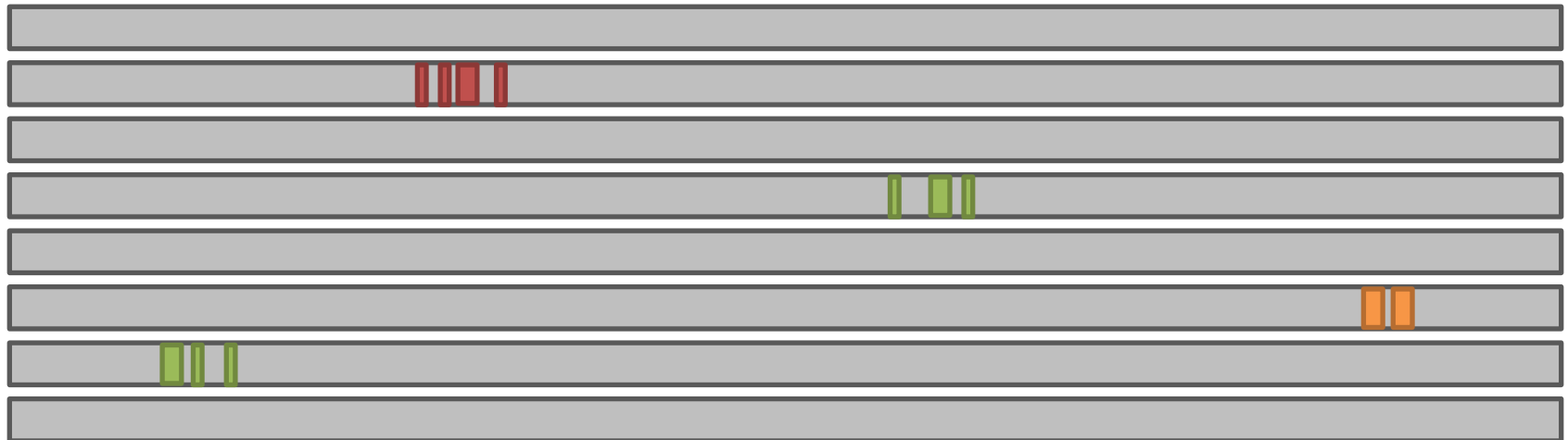
- Even with pre reco tags for **Sig 1 ( $\approx 0.01\%$ )** and **Sig 2 ( $\approx 0.01\%$ )**  
→ **Full reco** needed for **99.98%** of events for **Sig 3, 4, ...**



# Partial tagging w/o reco + event building?

Tag part of the signal channels **before reco/event building?**

Events:  Bkg  Sig 1  Sig 2  Sig 3,...



## Problems

- Even with pre reco tags for **Sig 1** ( $\approx 0.01\%$ ) and **Sig 2** ( $\approx 0.01\%$ )  
→ **Full reco** needed for **99.98%** of events for **Sig 3,...**
- Without event building: **What data packages** to be stored?
- **Pre-reco tagging only useful as common bkg veto for all signals**