

SFRS magnet testing: progress

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Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Collaboration
- 3 Test facility planning
- 4 Current Status: Interface definition
- 5 Test Facility: further use
- 6 Conclusions

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Testing Sc. Magnets for FAIR



- sc. accelerator projects → testing series @ LAB
(e.g. Tevatron, SSC, RHIC, Nuclotron, LHC)
- assigned to different labs → “collaboration nature” of FAIR

GSI

- SIS100 dipoles
- SIS100 quadrupole doublet modules
(integrity tests)
- SIS100 string test
- retests for all FAIR accelerator magnets
(operation period)

JINR

- build up of test facility for NICA magnets
- → collaboration on testing
SIS100 quadrupole units

CERN

- **testing all SuperFRS magnets**

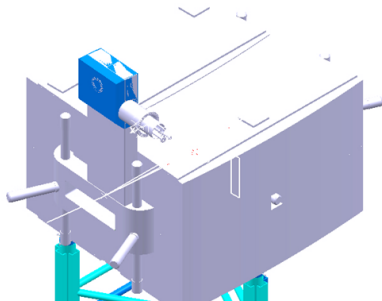
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Testing SuperFRS Magnets

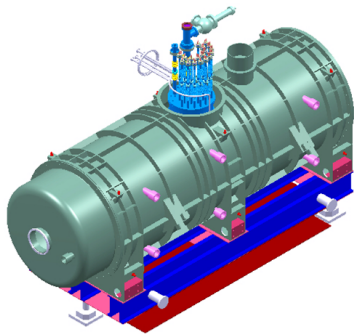
- Collaboration between GSI ↔ CERN
- Established february 2013
- prepared and formed within the collaboration

SuperFRS Magnets



SuperFRS Dipole

superferric, cold coil, warm iron, 1.6 T, 2 t cold mass, 60 t total



SuperFRS Multiplett
superferric, cold coil, cold iron, quadrupole triplet, correctors up to 9 magnets, 65 t, 4.5 m high

Testing SuperFRS: CERN WP Leaders

Package	Group	
Technical Coordinator	TE/CRG	Luigi Serio
Test Facility	TE/MS	Marta Bajko
Magnetic measurements	TE/MS	Stephan Russenschuck
Survey	EN/MEF	Dominique Missiaen
Cryogenics	TE/CRG	Antonio Perrin
Power converters	TE/EPC	Hugues Thiesen
Quench protection	TE/MPE	Reiner Denz
Energy extraction	TE/EE	Knud Dahlerup-Petersen
Platforms & Structure	EN/MEF	Mats Wilhelmsson
Electrical power	EN/EL	Rene Necca
Cooling and ventilation	EN/CV	Michele Battistin
Handling & transport	EN/HE	Ingo Ruehl
ICE	EN/ICE	Phillipe Gayet
Integration	EN/MEF	Yvon Muttoni

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Magnets Delivery

Nr.	Vorgangsname	2015				2016				2017				2018				2019				2020			
		Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
1	Dipoles																								
2	preseries									◆ 01.09.															
3	series start									◆ 13.04.															
4	series end																								◆ 26.09.
5	Multiplets																								
6	preseries short multiplett									◆ 22.09.															
7	preseries long multiplett									◆ 12.01.															
8	start of series																								
9	end of series																								◆ 11.03.

Module	pcs.	start	end	month	average
dipole	21	03/2017	09/2019	26	≈1
multipletts	31	09/2017	03/2020	31	≈1

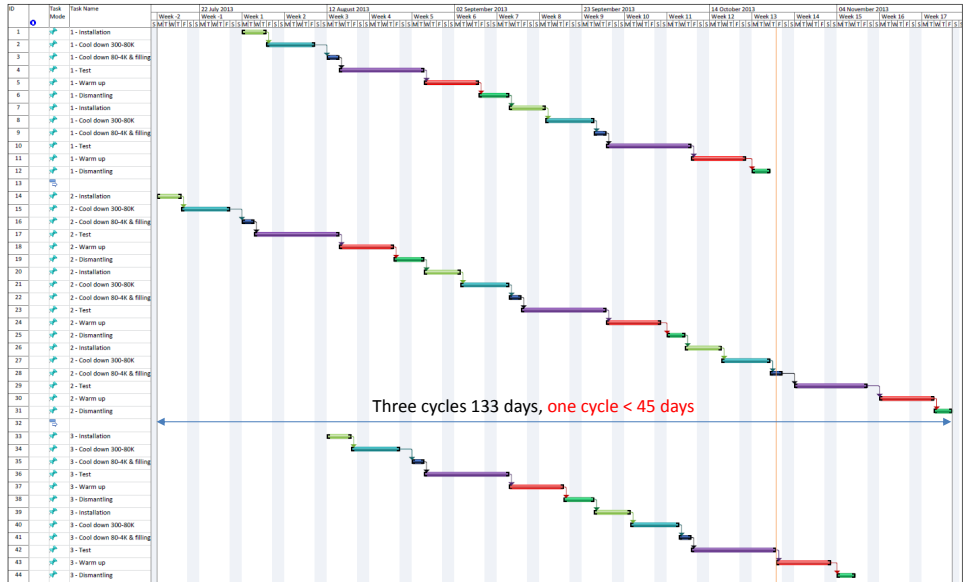
- 2 modules per month
- estimation of testing time
- based on today's knowledge
 - cool-down, warm-up
 - equipment reliability
 - available equipment
 - basis of further evaluations
- based on long multipletts (most complex module)
- CERN's evaluation on following slides (courtesy of V. Benda, J. Bremer, O. Pirotte)



Updated assumption



- Testing speed
 - The same as magnet production 2magnet /month
 - For 53 magnet to be tested 2.4 year in total
 - Working weeks per year 46
 - Number of magnets 53
- Cooling speed
 - Cooling speed from 300 K - 80 K 1 K/h
 - Cooling speed from 80 K - 5 K no limitation
 - Warming speed from 5 K - 80 K no limitation
 - Warming speed from 80 K - 300 K 1 K/h
 - Maximum dT on a magnet 50 K
 - Weight of magnets tested in parallel 45 t
- Phases
 - Magnet installation 4 days (working), *update from 3 days*
 - Cool down from 300 K - 80 K 8 days
 - Cool down from 80 K - 5 K & filling 2 days
 - Testing 10 days (working)
 - Warm up from 5 K to 300 K 9 days
 - Dismantling 3 days (working)
- Operation
 - Number of shifts for magnetic measurement: 1
 - Automatic modes: Cool down, filling, warm up
 - Manual modes: Installation, test, dismantling
 - Work during weekends: No; only automatic modes
 - **Magnetic test only on one bench** Only one set of power supplies



Three cycles 133 days, one cycle < 45 days

- 2 modules / month
- cycle 45 days → 3 test benches
- check on:
 - space in building 180
 - available cold box / precooler
 - number of power converters
 - required measurement systems

3 Benches: Impact on equipment



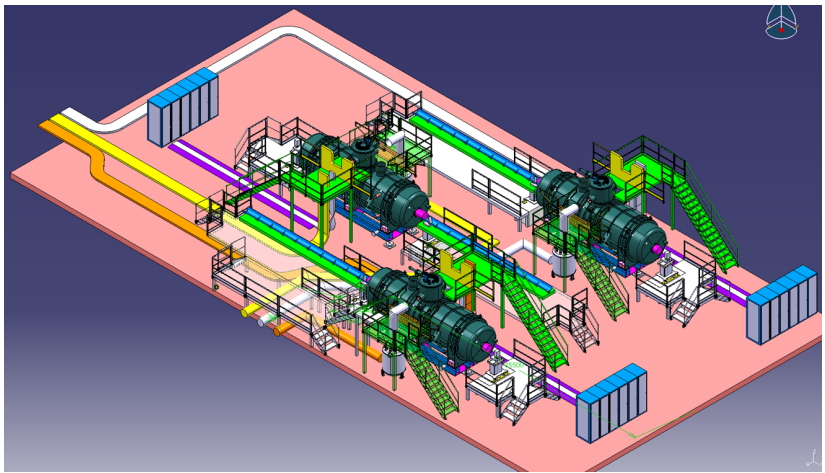
- planning:
 - 1 cool down
 - 1 testing @ cold
 - 1 at warm up
- infrastructure
 - cold box: sufficient for 1 cool down / 1 being tested
 - new precooler required (warm up with gas)
 - power converters: 1 set (9 power converters)
 - magnetic measurement equipment: 1 set
 - matching electrical power / cooling water



Space 180: Boundary conditions

- Space required for
 - measurement benches:
 - the magnet module (multiplet, dipole)
 - measurement device area (e.g. long shaft for rotating coil probe)
 - fixed installations (feed boxes, power converters, cabling and piping)
 - service area (e.g. scaffolds)
 - storage / loading / unloading (only place at CERN)
- one of three users in building 180

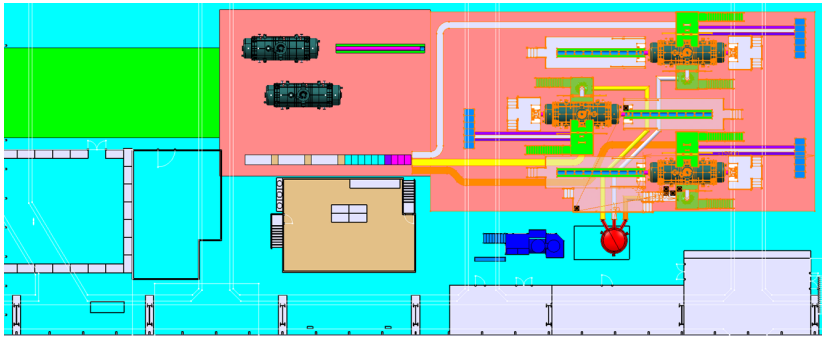
SuperFRS: Layout of Benches



Courtesy of CERN

Location of the multipliants, scaffolds, power converters, supply infrastructure, electronics cabinet

SuperFRS: Layout of Benches



Courtesy of CERN

multiplerts on the bench, storage space (for 1), intermediate storage (for 1)

3 benches built up

- 3 operation modes \leftrightarrow 3 benches
- current planning: per month, 2 modules tested, 2 modules produced \leftarrow adjustment of dipole production made
- margin (retests, planning inaccuracy, shut down period)
 - cool down speed 1K/h \rightarrow from magnets \rightarrow cooling power allows 2 K/h
 - testing time \rightarrow defined by MM \rightarrow estimation based on multiplet with 9 magnets
 - no cross links \rightarrow longer real world measurement time \rightarrow linear scale in project time
 - limited mitigation: increase of shifts (currently 1 shift)

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main dipoles

main field component	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	
field quality $\Delta B/B$	$5 \cdot 10^{-5}$	
horiz. spatial resolution	30	mm

main quadrupoles

main field component	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	
other harmonics	$5 \cdot 10^{-5}$	
axis	0.2	mm
angle	0.5	mrad

other magnets

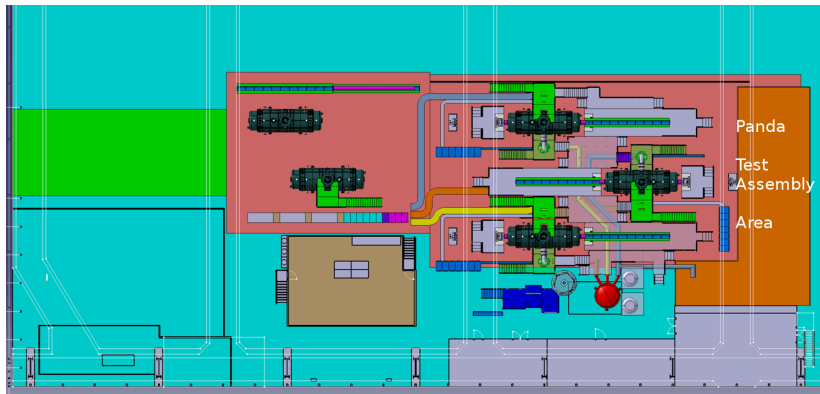
main field component	$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	
other harmonics	$2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	(up to order 10)
axis	0.2	mm except steerer
angle	0.5	mrad

measurement systems:

- series
 - dipoles → flux meters
 - multiplets → rotating coil probes
- pre-series
 - dipoles → flux meters
 - multiplets → rotating coil probes

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Assembly and test area, adjacent to SuperFRS test area;
cryosupply shared for 2 month, (check on stray field effects
[electronics in cabinets, MM])

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