

Identification of deformed intruder states in semi-magic $^{70,72}\text{Ni}$

Tuesday, 9 June 2015 09:30 (20 minutes)

The structures of semi-magic ^{70}Ni and ^{72}Ni were investigated following complementary multinucleon-transfer and secondary fragmentation reactions. Changes to the higher-spin, presumed negative-parity states based on observed γ -ray coincidence relationships improve the agreement with shell-model calculations using effective interactions in the neutron $f_{5/2}$ - $p_{9/2}$ model space. The second 2^+ and (4^+) states in ^{70}Ni can only be successfully described when proton excitations across the $Z = 28$ shell gap are included. Monte-Carlo shell-model calculations suggest that the latter two states are part of a prolate-deformed intruder sequence, establishing an instance of shape coexistence at excitation energies lower than those observed recently in neighboring ^{68}Ni .

Including U. of Maryland ANL - MSU - U. of Tokyo - U. of Padua - LBNL - U. of Edinburgh - U. of Aizu Orsay - JAEA - Central Michigan U collaboration

Based on work supported in part by the USDOE (DE-FG02-94ER40834, DE-AC02-06CH11357, DE-AC02-05CH11231), NSF (PHY-1102511), and NNSA (DE-NA0000979).

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Session Classification: Nuclear structure far from stability 2

Track Classification: Nuclear structure far from stability