

Experimental studies of low-spin states with SONIC@HORUS

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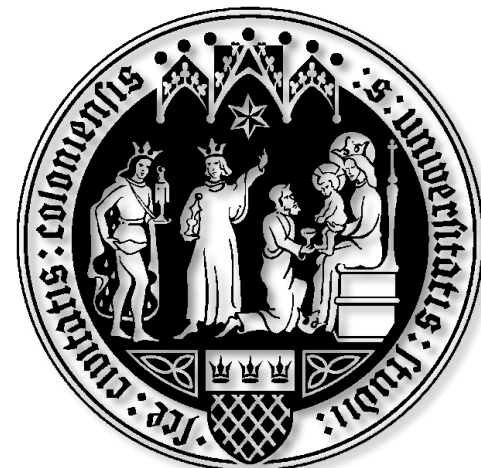
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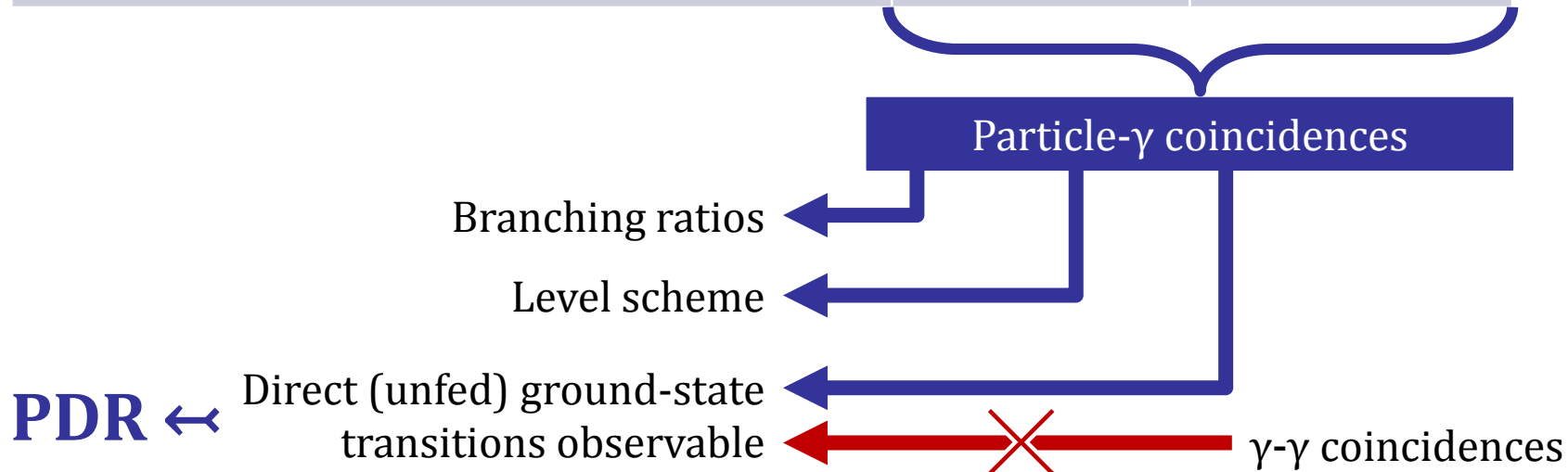
EGAN Workshop 2014, GSI

Outline

- Experimental technique
 - Particle- γ coincidences
 - SONIC@HORUS
- $^{92}\text{Mo}(p,p'\gamma)$
 - Physics: Decay of Pygmy Dipole Resonance (PDR)
 - Determination of branching ratios
- $^{96}\text{Ru}(p,p'\gamma)$
 - Physics: mixed-symmetry states
 - Determination of lifetimes with DSAM
- $^{119}\text{Sn}(d,p\gamma)^{120}\text{Sn}$
 - Physics: Excitation of the PDR
 - One-neutron transfer

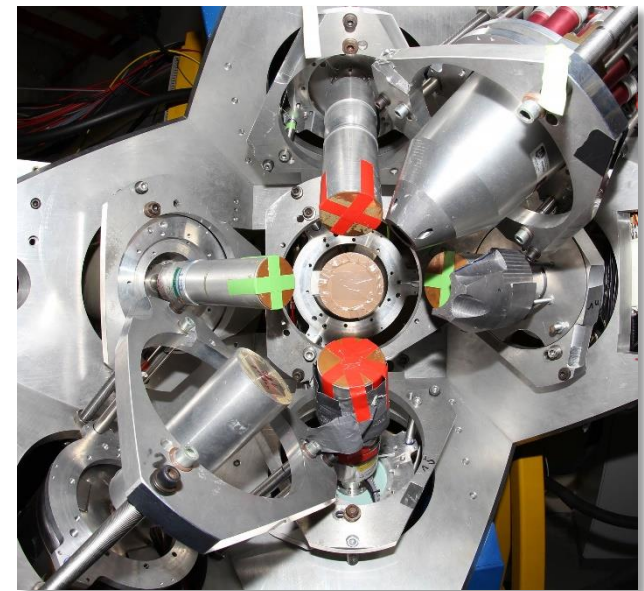
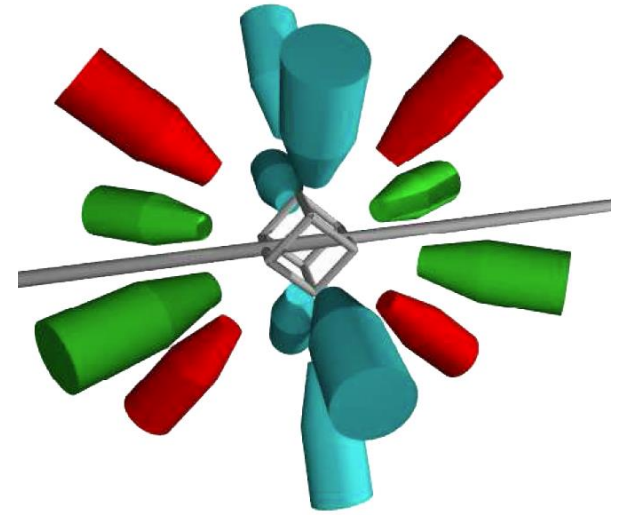
Particle- γ coincidences

Spectroscopy Detector	γ HPGe	Particle (Ion) Silicon
Excitation	×	✓
Deexcitation	✓	×
Energy resolution of detector	++ (2 keV @ 1.3 MeV)	+ (15 keV @ 5.5 MeV)
Energy resolution in-beam	++	0
Information	spectra	gate



γ -spectrometer: HORUS

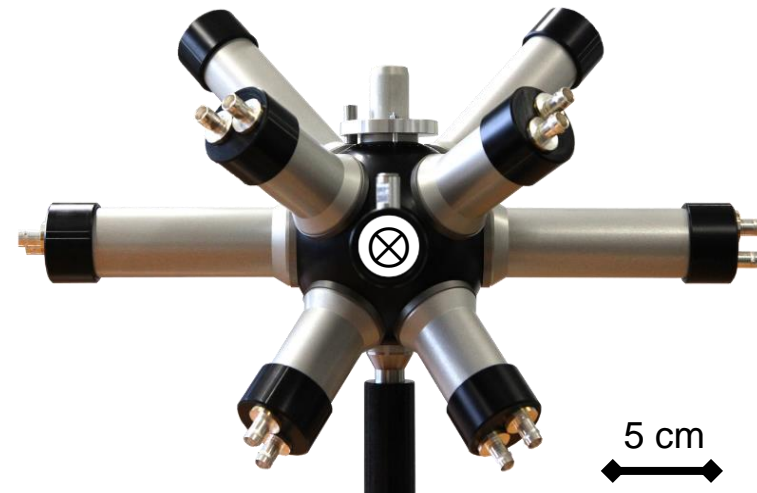
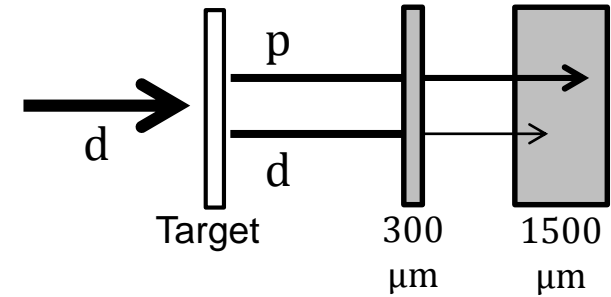
- 14 HPGe detectors
 - 6 BGO shields
 - 2 Clover detectors optional
- 5 angles relative to beam axis
- Photopeak efficiency
 - $\sim 2\%$ @ 1332 keV
- Energy resolution
 - Digital Signal Processing (XIA):
 ≤ 2.5 keV @ 1332 keV, 6 kcps



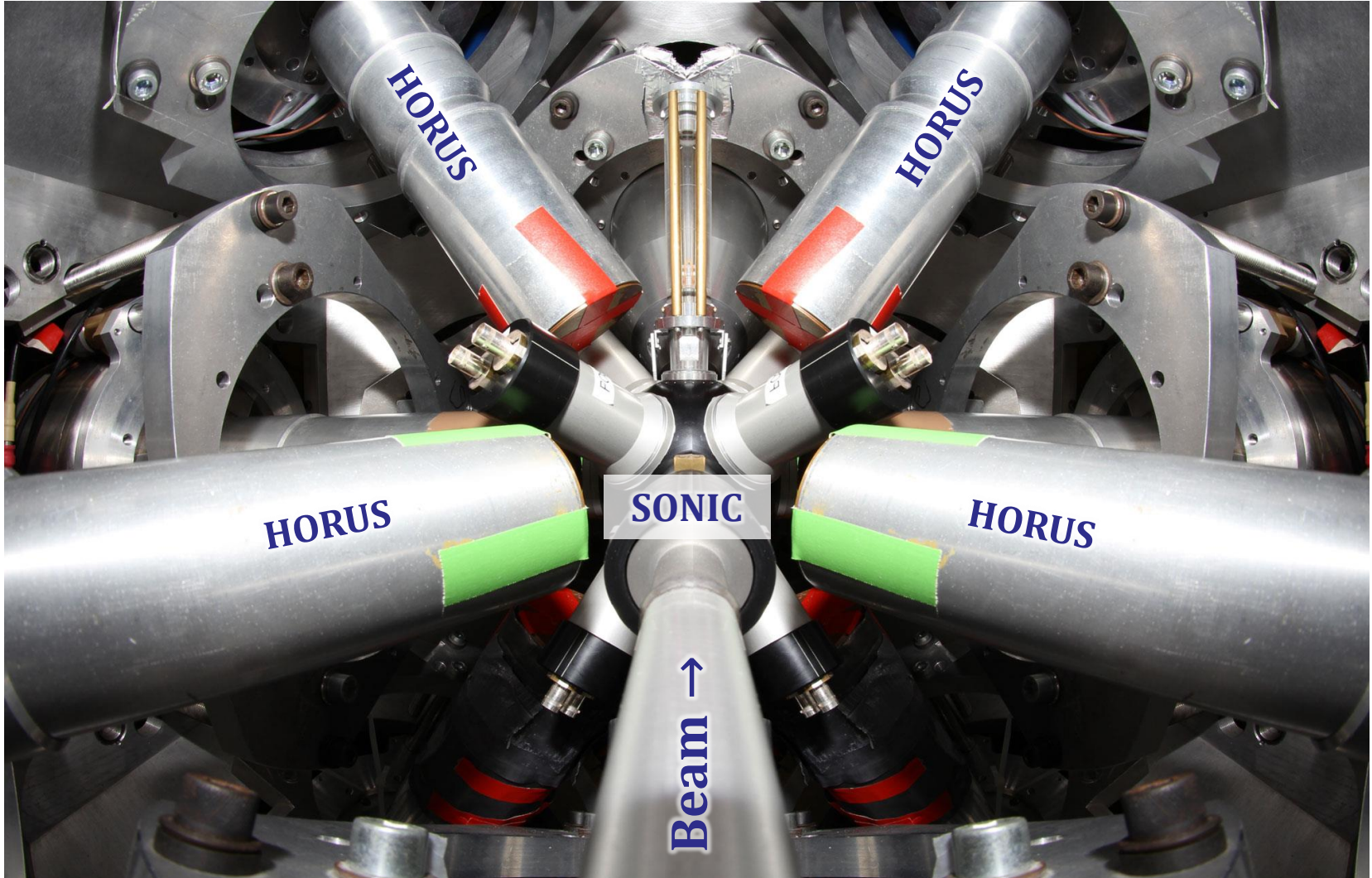
Particle Spectrometer: SONIC

Silicon Identification Chamber

- Reaction channel from particle identification by ΔE -E
 - Excitation energy from ejectile energy measurement
- 8 detector tubes
 - In gaps between HPGe detectors
 - Variable detector-target distance to customise count rate
 - Solid angle coverage
 - $\sim 4\%$ in total
 - Positions
 - $\theta = 60^\circ, 90^\circ, 120^\circ, 130^\circ (\times 2)$



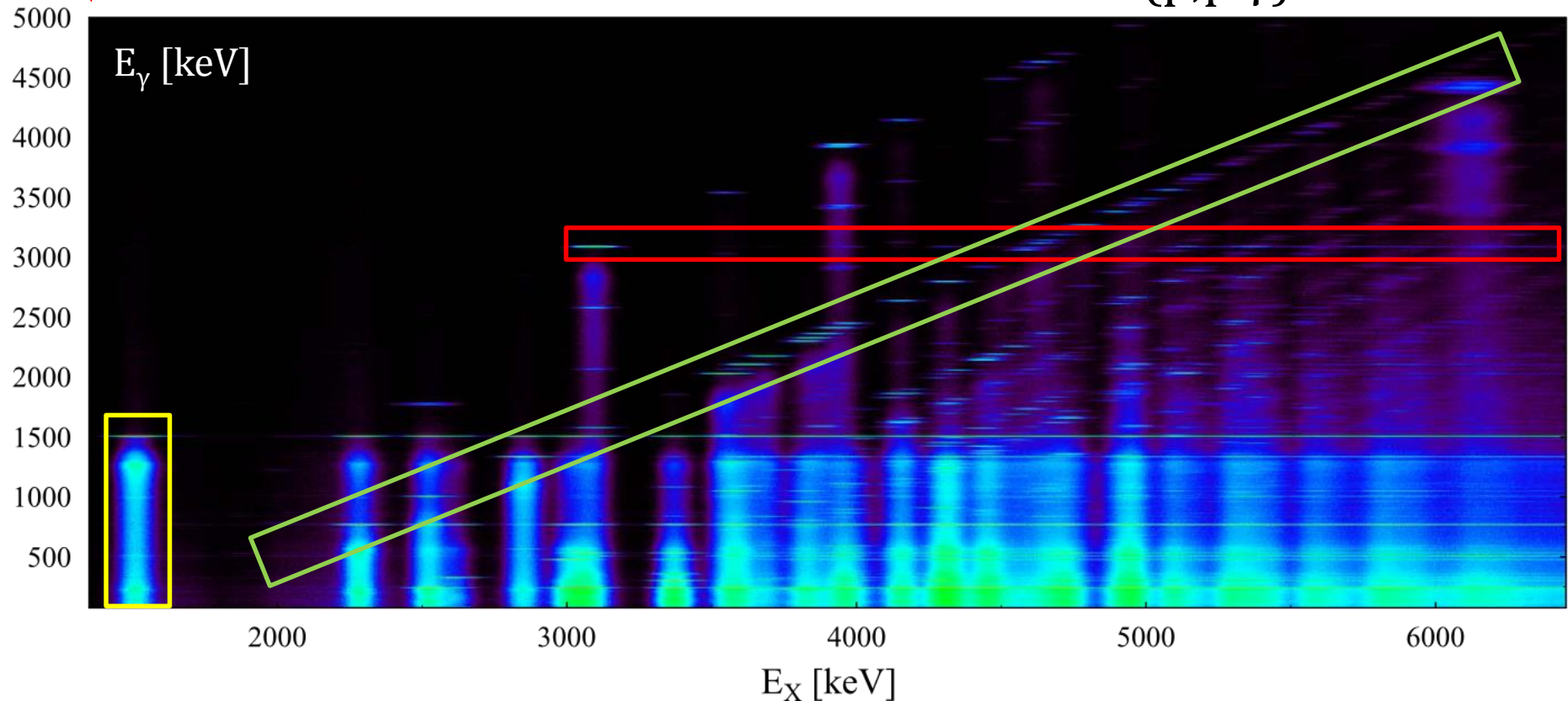
Combined Setup



Coincidence Matrix: (E_X, E_Y)

$^{92}\text{Mo}(p,p'\gamma)$ @10.5 MeV

← γ -ray spectrum



Row (E_Y):

De-excitation *via* specific level

$$E_Y = 3091 \text{ keV}$$

Column (E_X):

Excitation *of* specific level

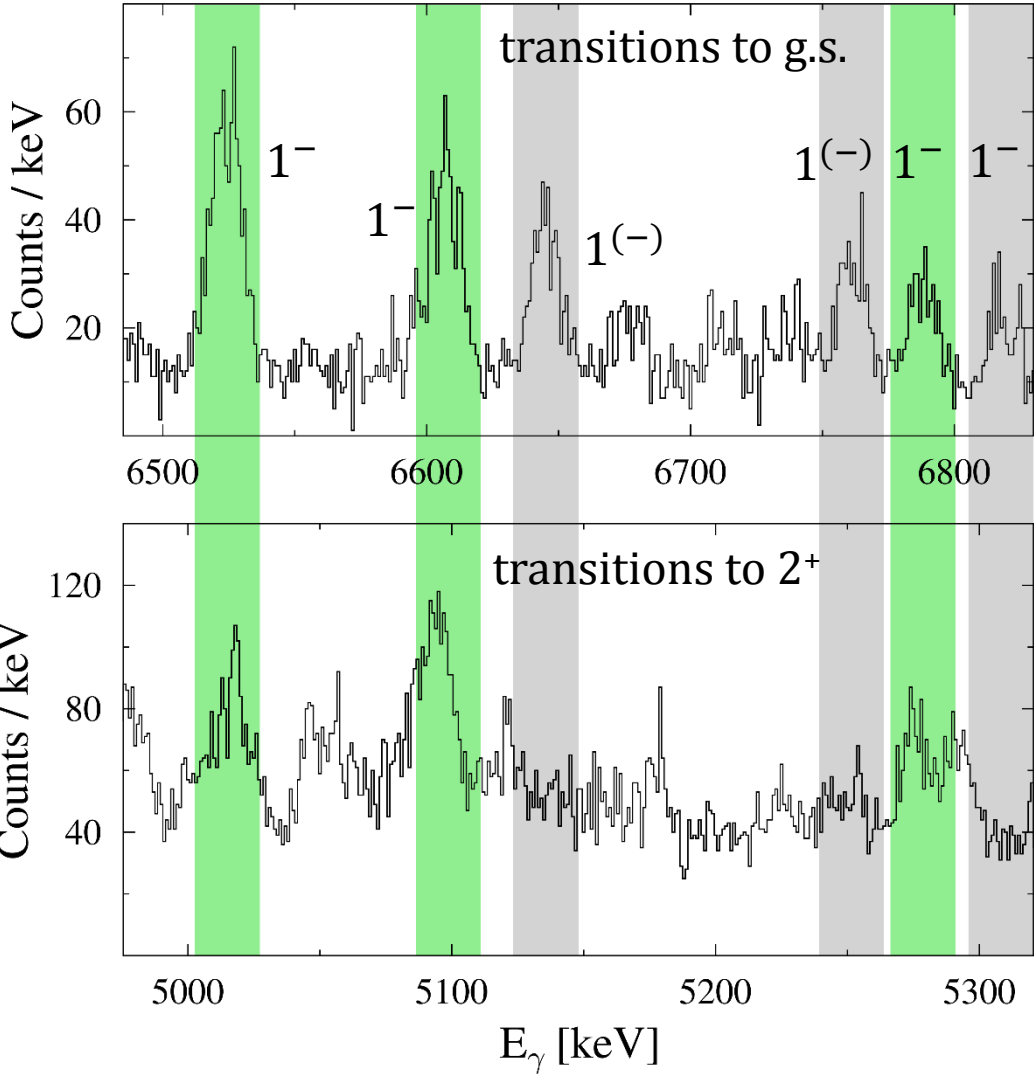
$$E_X = 1510 \text{ keV}$$

Diagonal:

De-excitation *to* specific level

$$E_Y - E_X = 1510 \text{ keV}$$

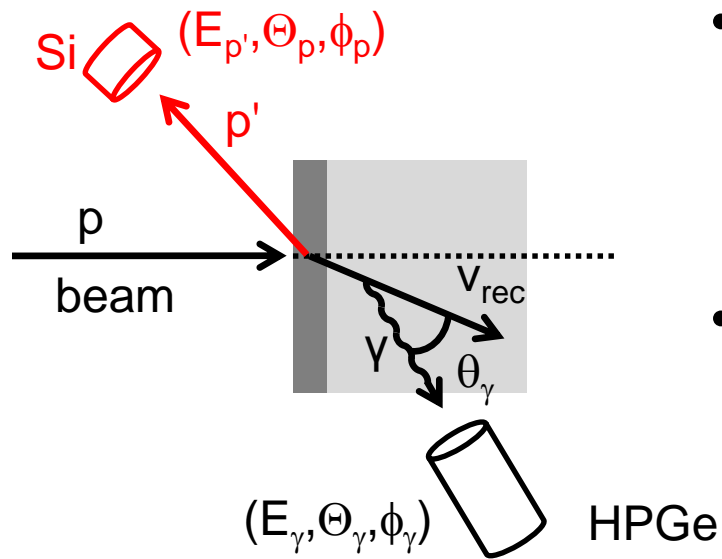
Decay properties of PDR states in ^{92}Mo



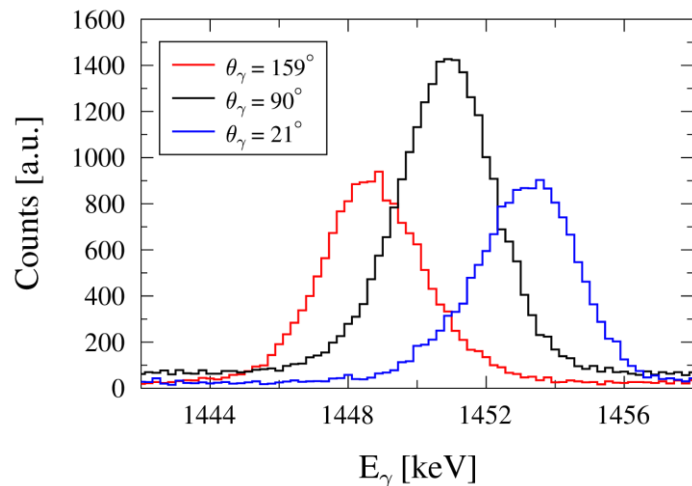
E_x [keV]	$\gamma \rightarrow 0_1^+$	$\gamma \rightarrow 2_1^+$	$\gamma \rightarrow 2_2^+$	$\gamma \rightarrow 0_2^+$
5401	✓	✓		
5533	✓	✓	✓	
5555	✓	✓	✓	✓
5703	✓			✓
5789	✓	✓		✓
5842	✓			✓
5981	✓			
6126	✓		✓	
6139	✓	✓		
6192	✓	✓		
6300	✓			
6378	✓	✓	✓	
6525	✓	✓		
6606	✓	✓	✓	
6645	✓		(✓)	
6761	✓		✓	
6787	✓	✓		
6818	✓			
6883	✓	✓	✓	
6996	✓			
7031	✓			
7070	✓			
7077	✓			

Theoretical branching ratios calculated by N. Tsoneva - Tue, 10¹⁵

Advantages of p- γ -coincidence DSAM

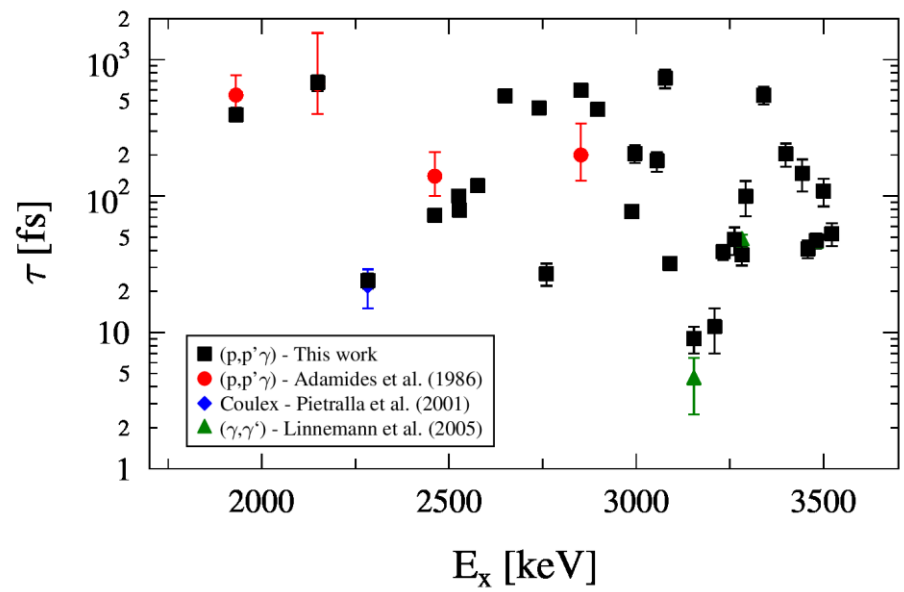
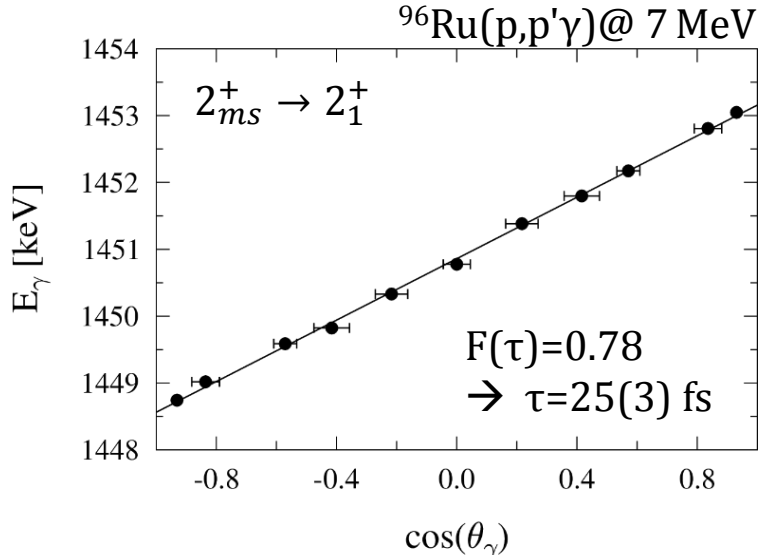


- Complete Kinematics:
 - Knowledge of \vec{v}_{rec} , thus θ_γ
 - No averaging over different θ_γ
- Centroid shift from **gated** spectra
 - Analysis of weak transitions
 - No feeding
 - “Real” instead of effective lifetimes



- Particle detectors at backward angles
 - Larger momentum transfer
 - Larger shifts
 - Higher sensitivity

DSAM Results



- Lifetime extracted from shift:

$$\Delta E(\theta_\gamma) = F(\tau) E_0 \frac{v_0}{c} \cos \theta_\gamma$$
- Slowing-down process has to be simulated for lifetime extraction (Monte Carlo)
- 8 lifetimes confirmed
 - Excellent agreement with (γ,γ') and Coulex data
- **22 determined for first time**

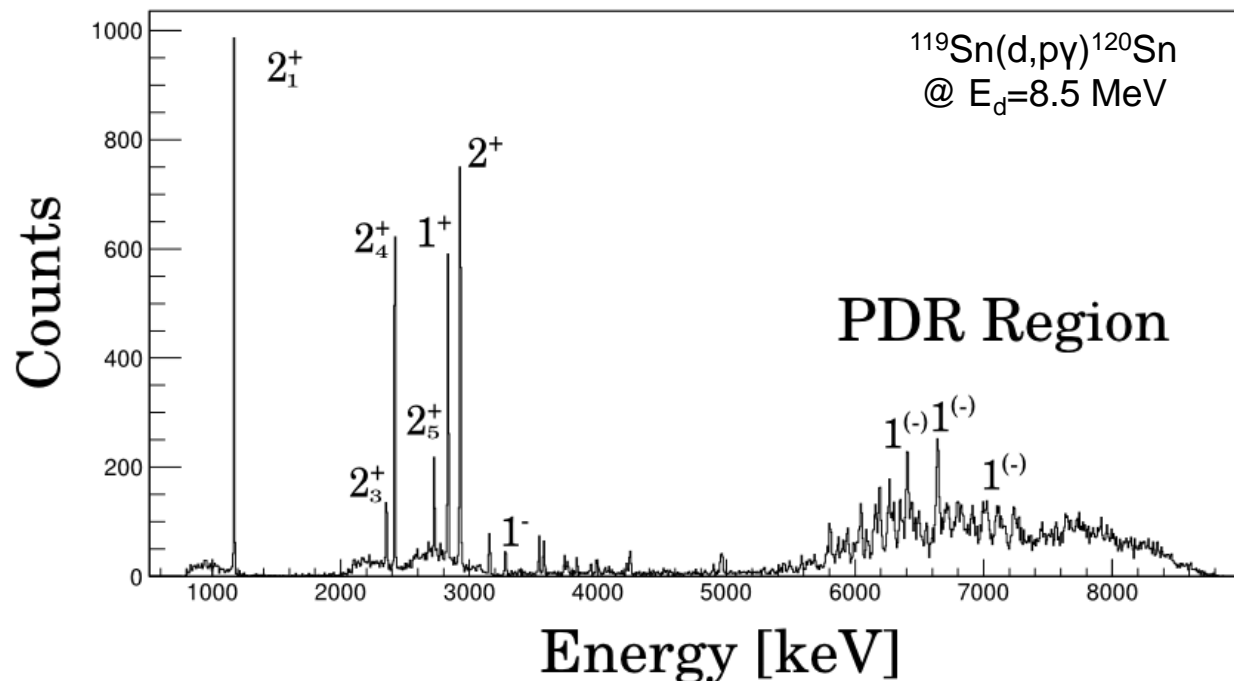
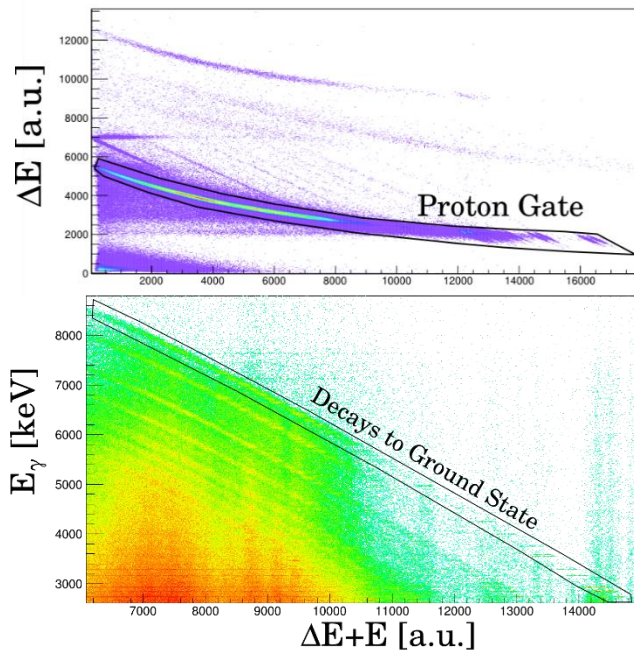
$^{119}\text{Sn}(d,p\gamma)^{120}\text{Sn}$ to test PDR

(d,p): neutron transfer tests neutron particle-hole character

Pioneering experiment: $^{119}\text{Sn}(d,p\gamma)^{120}\text{Sn}$

➤ PDR strongly excited: Branching ratios can be determined

Next experiment: $^{137}\text{Ba}(d,p\gamma)^{138}\text{Ba}$



Summary & Outlook

- Complete analysis of $^{92}\text{Mo}(p,p'\gamma)$, $^{96}\text{Ru}(p,p'\gamma)$, $^{94}\text{Zr}(p,p'\gamma)$, $^{119}\text{Sn}(d,p\gamma)$ ^{120}Sn
- SONIC@HORUS established for:
 - $(p,p'\gamma)$ decay studies of the PDR
 - $(p,p'\gamma)$ DSAM measurements
 - $(d,p\gamma)$ measurements to excite the PDR
- Future experiments:
 - e.g. $^{120}\text{Sn}(p,p'\gamma)$ for investigation of PDR
 - e.g. $^{96}\text{Mo}(p,p'\gamma)$ for DSAM and mixed-symmetry
 - e.g. $^{137}\text{Ba}(d,p\gamma)$ ^{138}Ba for investigation of PDR