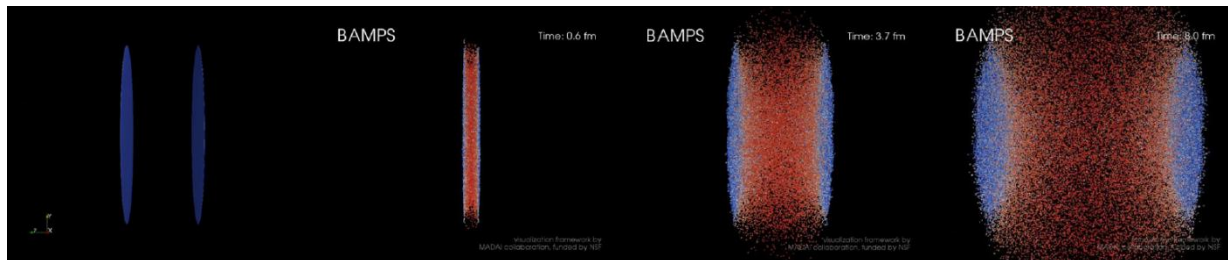


# Open heavy flavor with BAMPS

**Jan Uphoff**

with Z. Xu and C. Greiner

Based on Phys. Lett. B 717, 430 (2012)  
and Phys. Rev. D88 (2013)



# Motivation

Large heavy quark mass

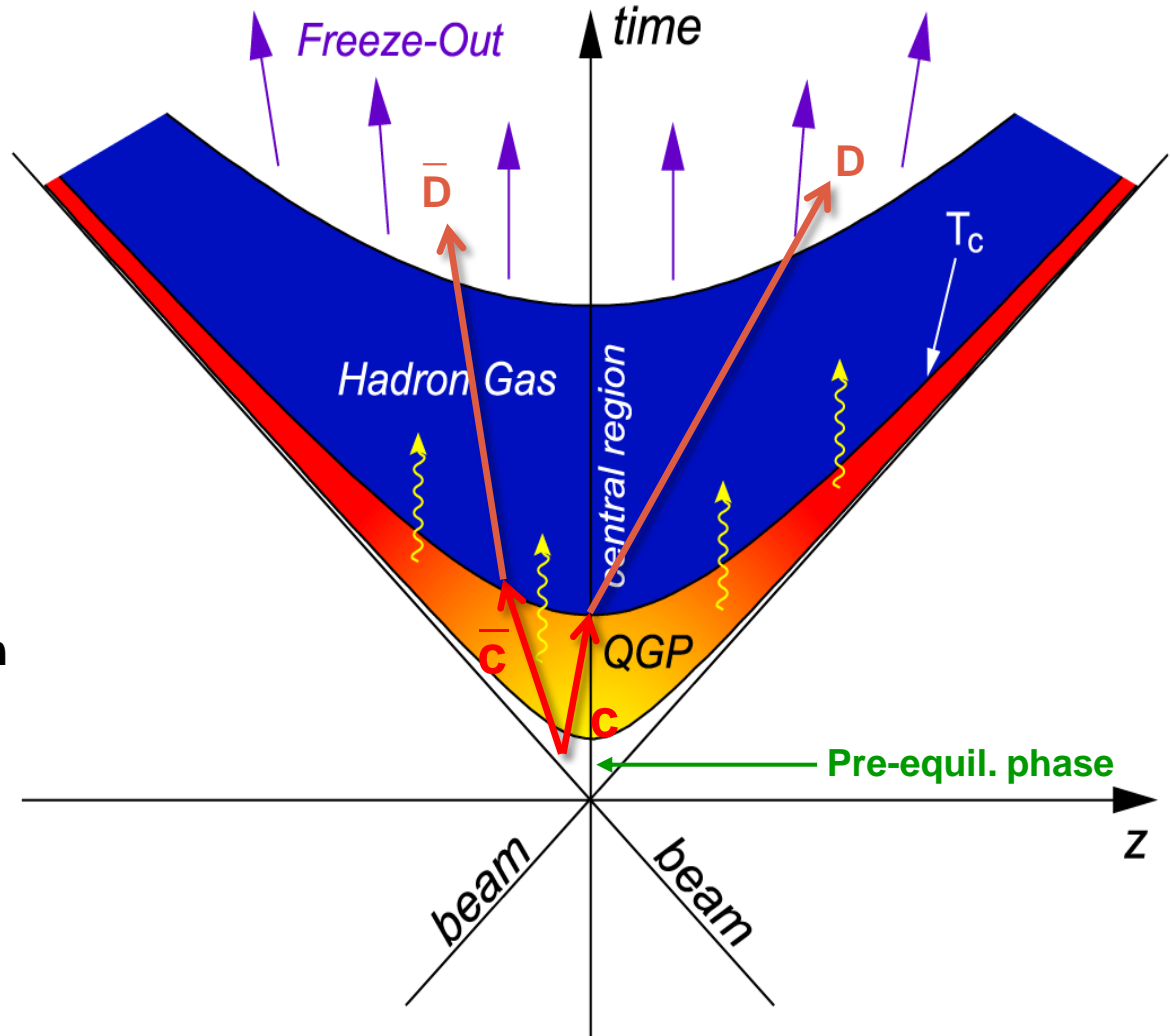
$$\gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$$

Charm:  $M_c \approx 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

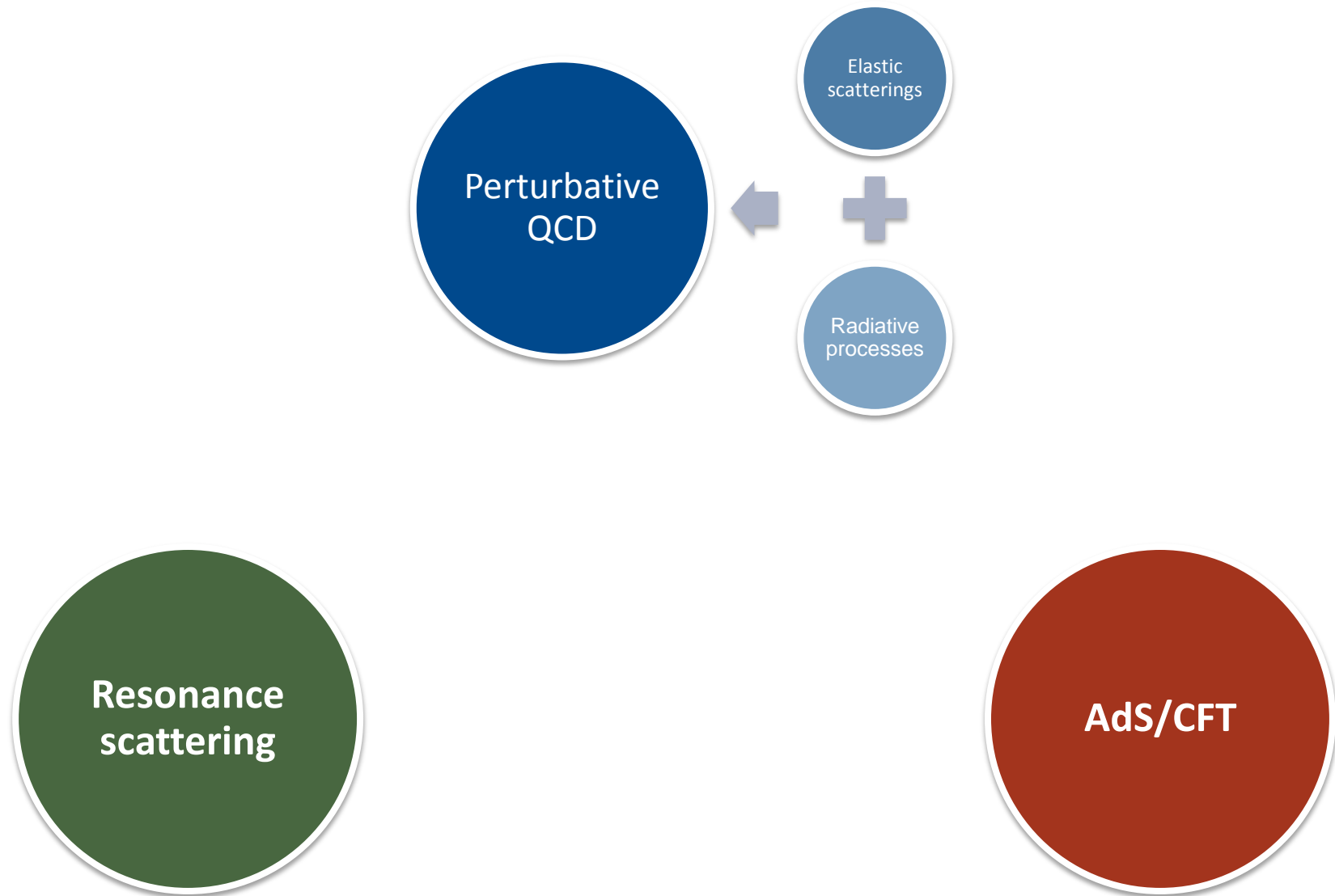
Bottom:  $M_b \approx 4.75 \text{ GeV}$

➔ charm production at  
early stage of collision

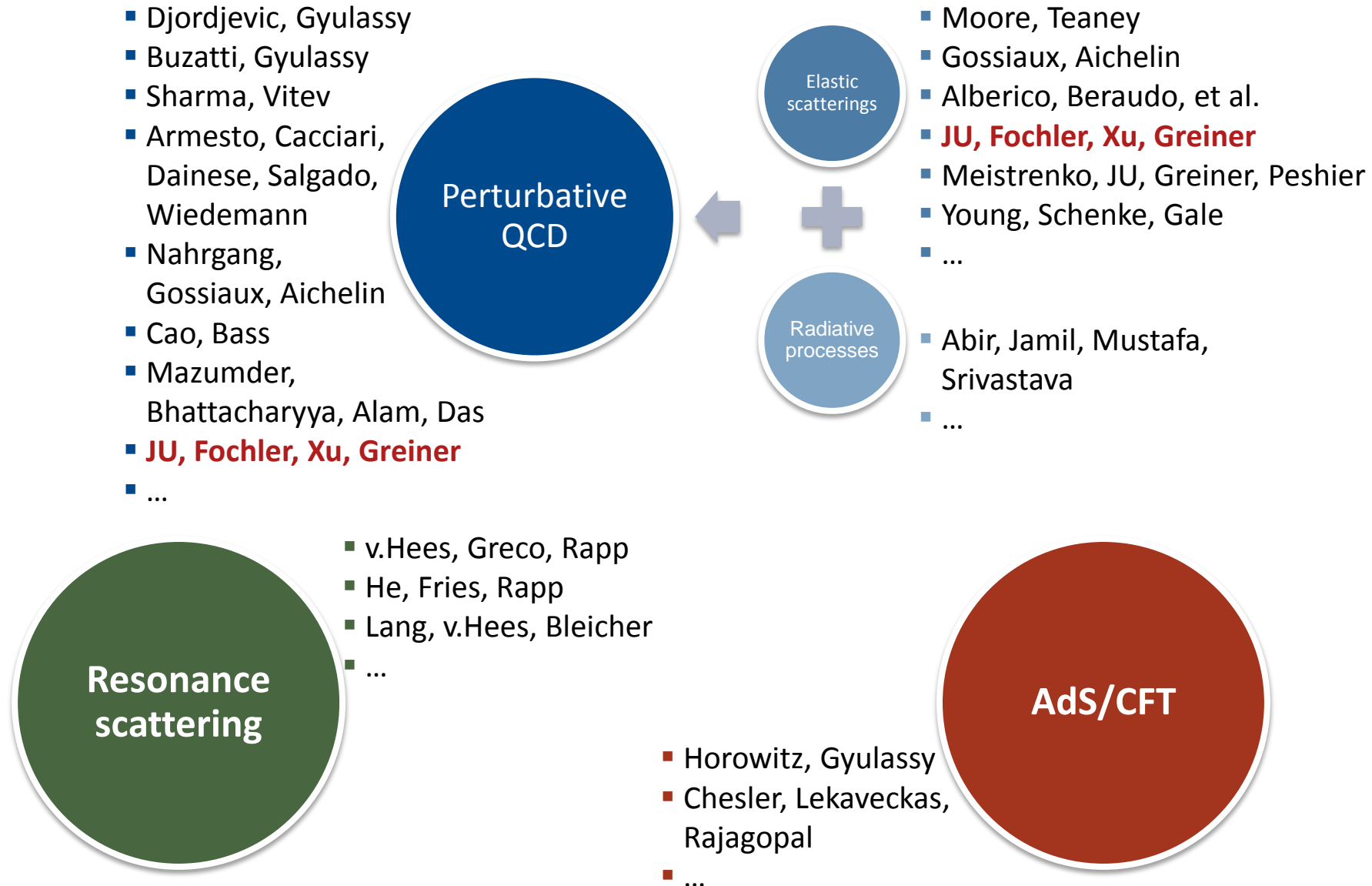
➔ ideal probe for this  
stage



# Heavy quark energy loss mechanism



# Heavy quark energy loss mechanism



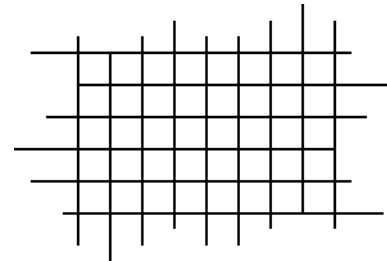
## BAMPS: Boltzmann Approach to MultiParton Scatterings

- 3+1 dimensional, fully dynamic parton transport model
- solves the Boltzmann equations for on-shell partons with pQCD interactions

$$\left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\mathbf{p}_i}{E_i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{r}} \right) f_i(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{p}_i, t) = \mathcal{C}_i^{2 \rightarrow 2} + \mathcal{C}_i^{2 \leftrightarrow 3} + \dots$$

Z. Xu & C. Greiner,  
Phys. Rev. C71 (2005)  
Phys. Rev. C76 (2007)

- Divide collision zone into cells

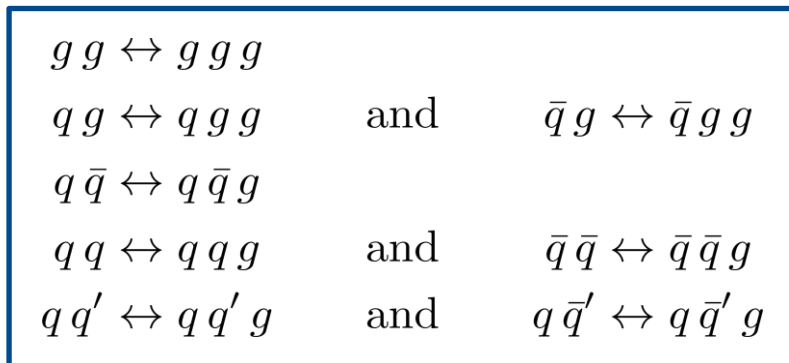
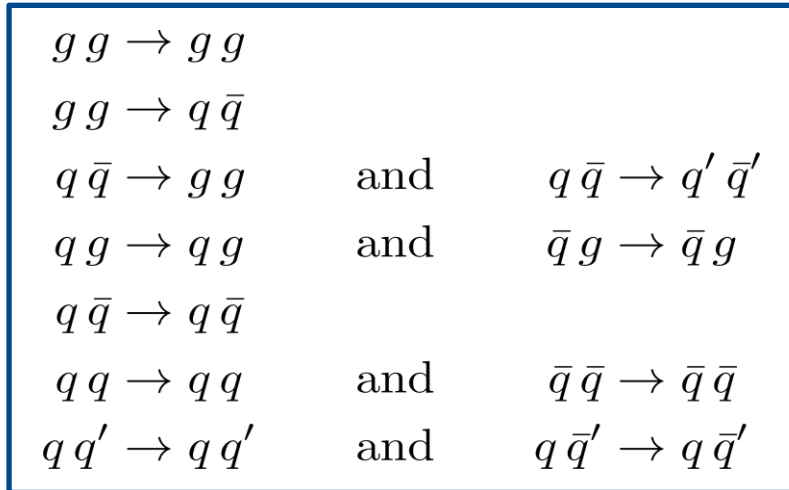


- Using stochastic method

$$P_{2 \rightarrow 2} = v_{\text{rel}} \frac{\sigma_{2 \rightarrow 2}}{N_{\text{test}}} \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta^3 x}$$

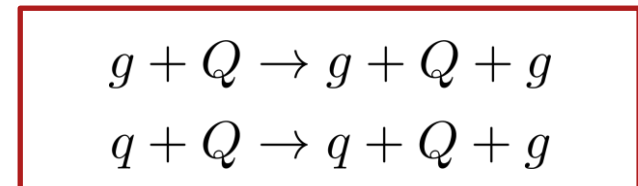
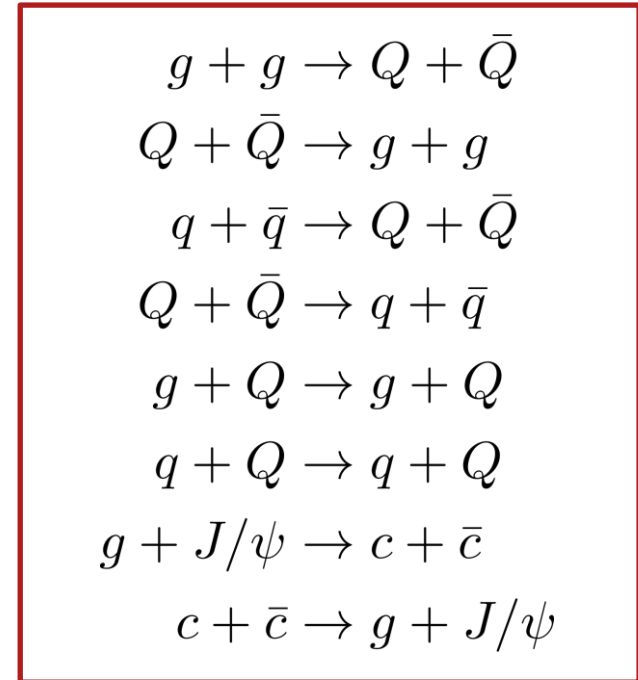
# Interactions in BAMPS with $N_{\text{flavor}} = 3+2$

## Light flavors



**binary**

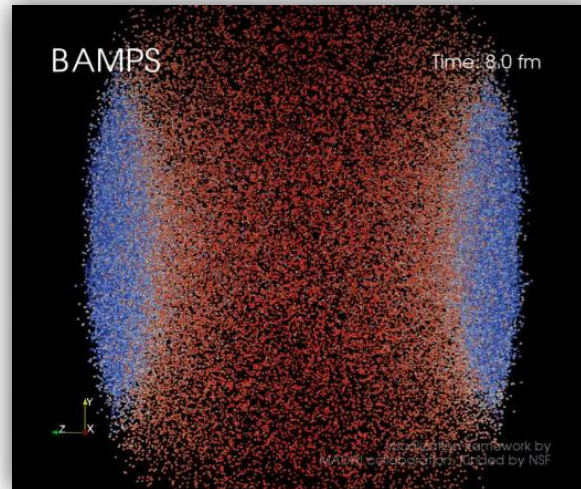
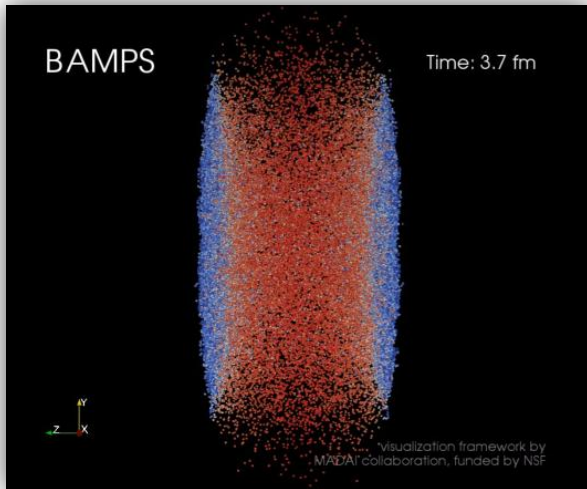
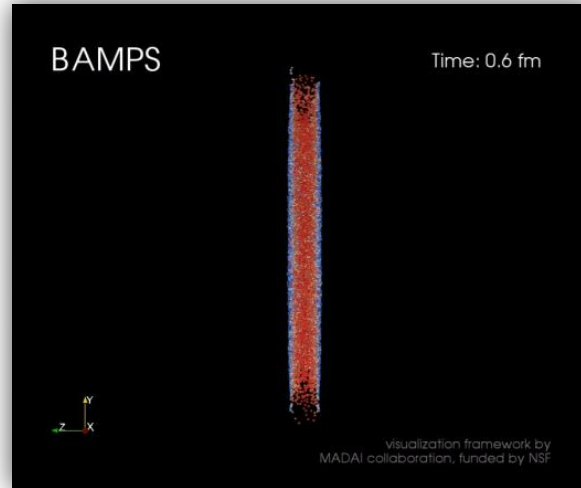
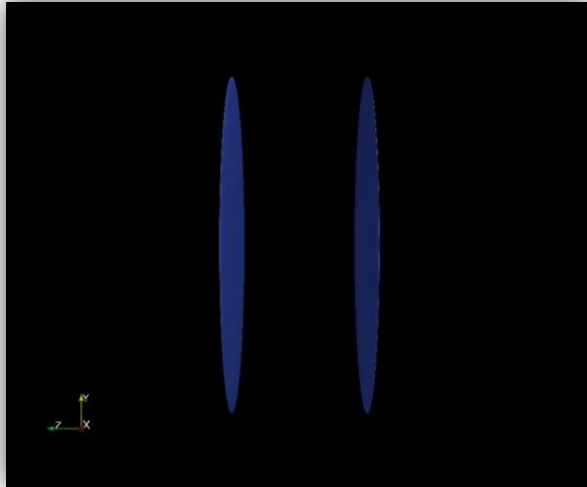
## Heavy flavors



**inelastic**

# Heavy-ion collision at LHC

BAMPS simulation of QGP phase at LHC at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV



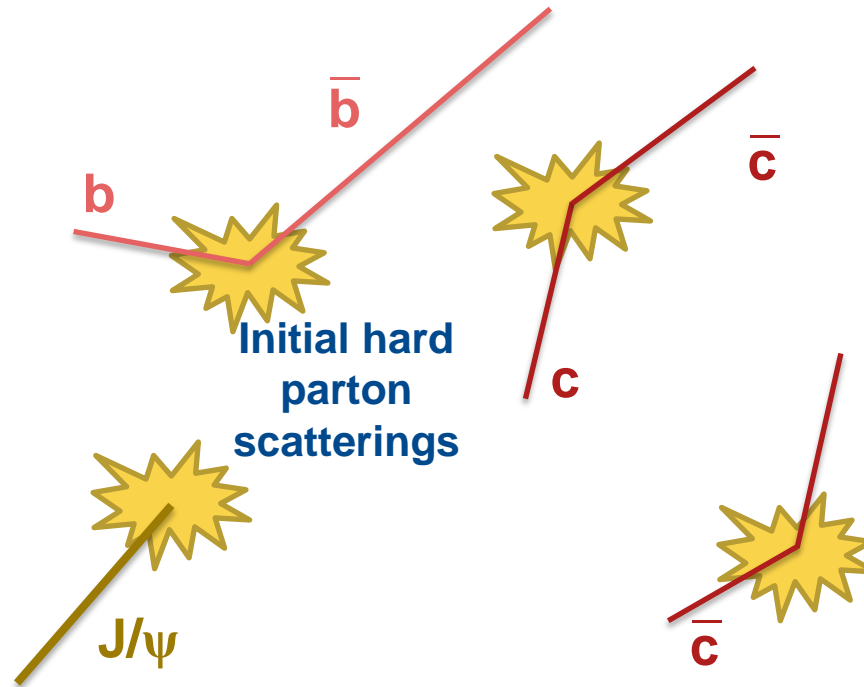
Visualization framework  
courtesy MADAI  
collaboration, funded by  
the NSF under grant# NSF-  
PHY-09-41373

# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC

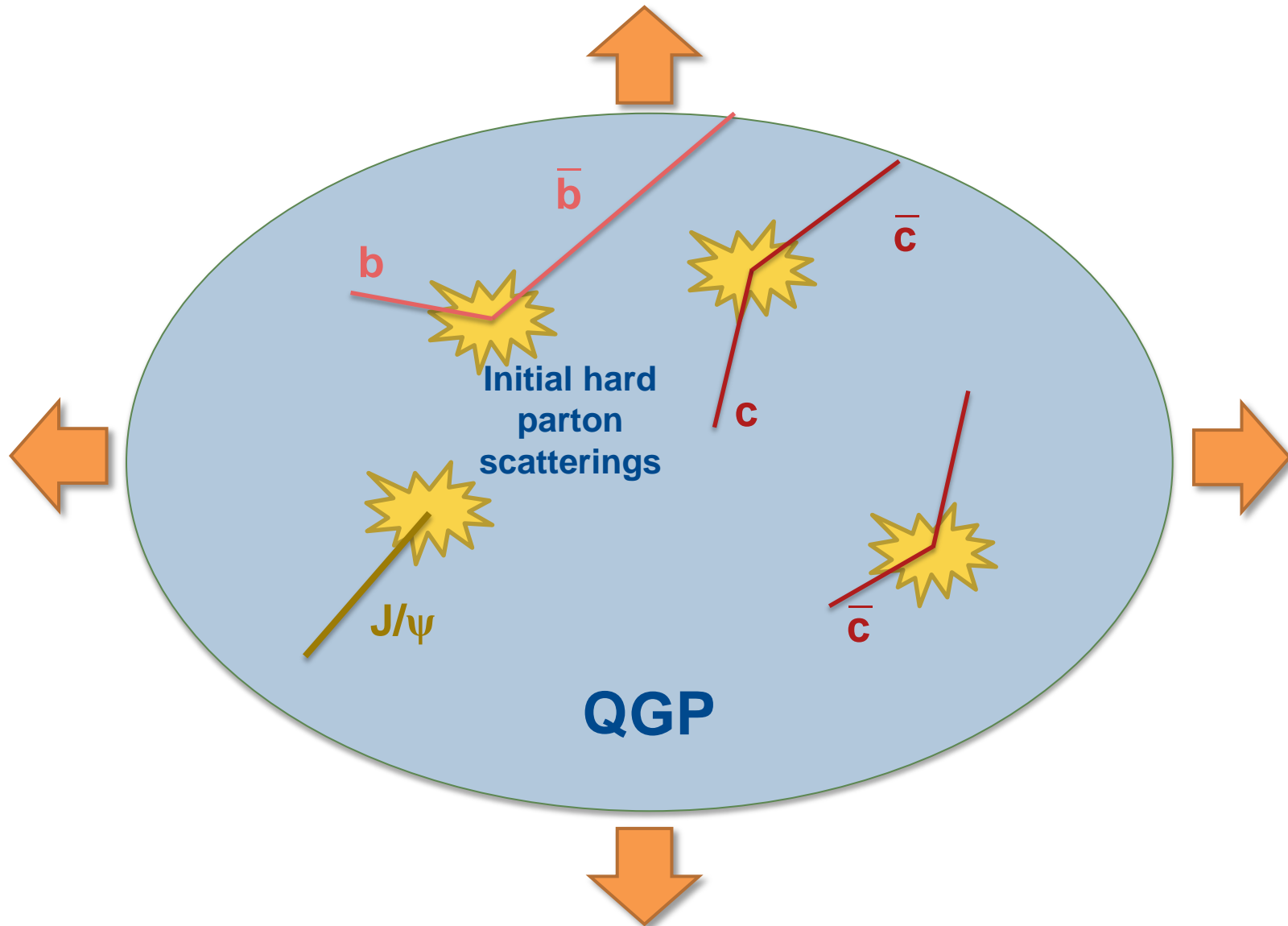




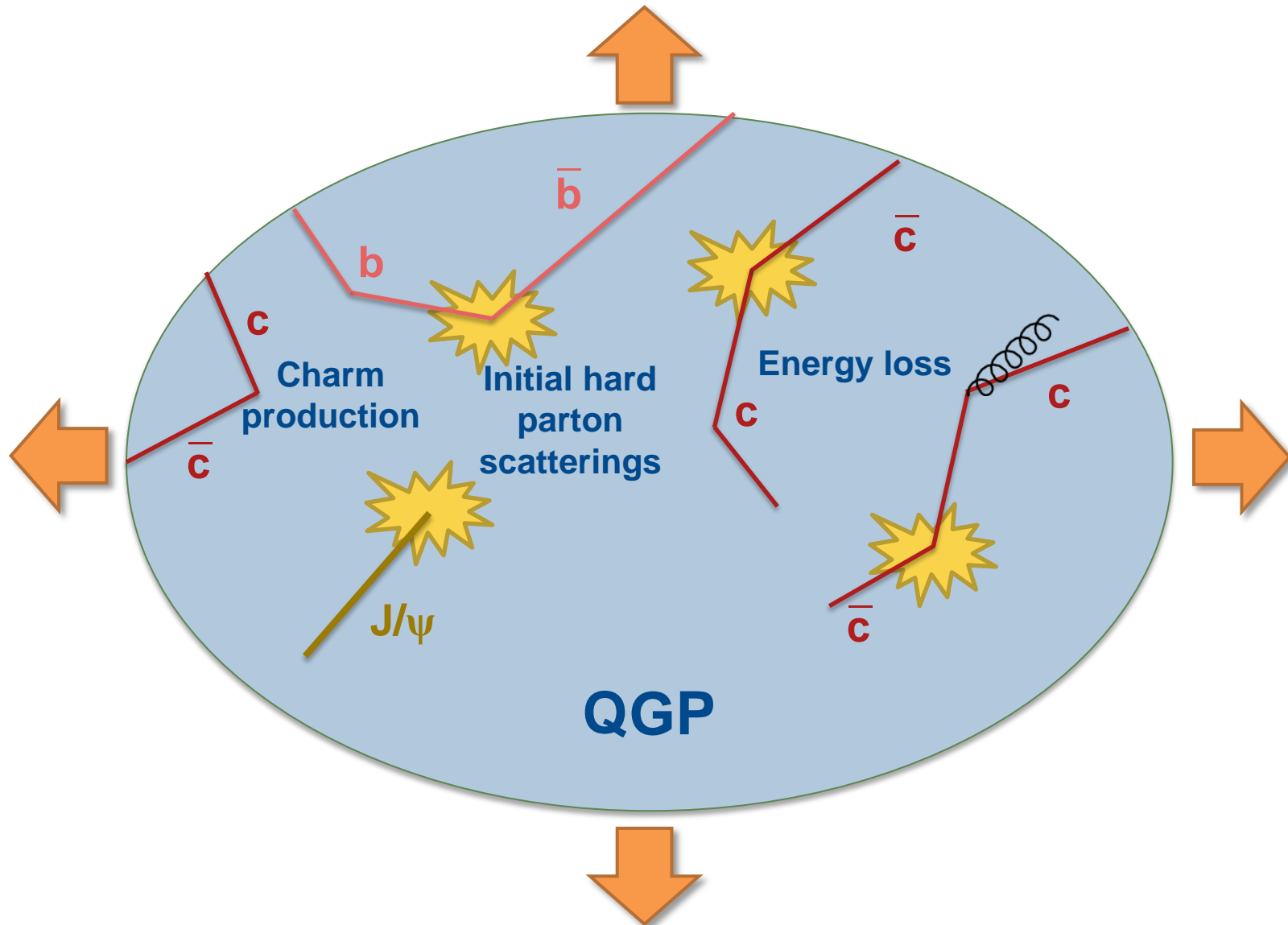
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



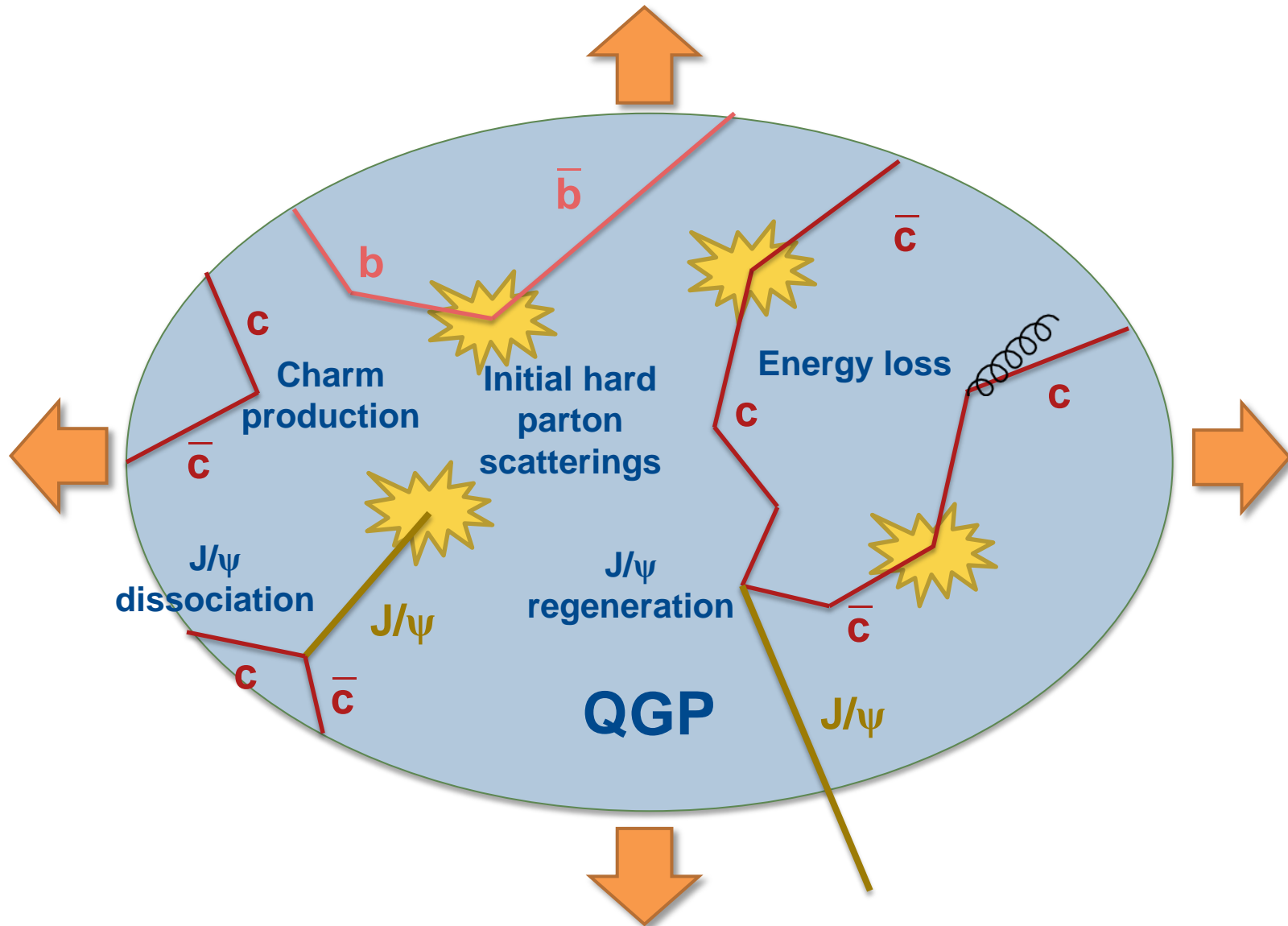
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



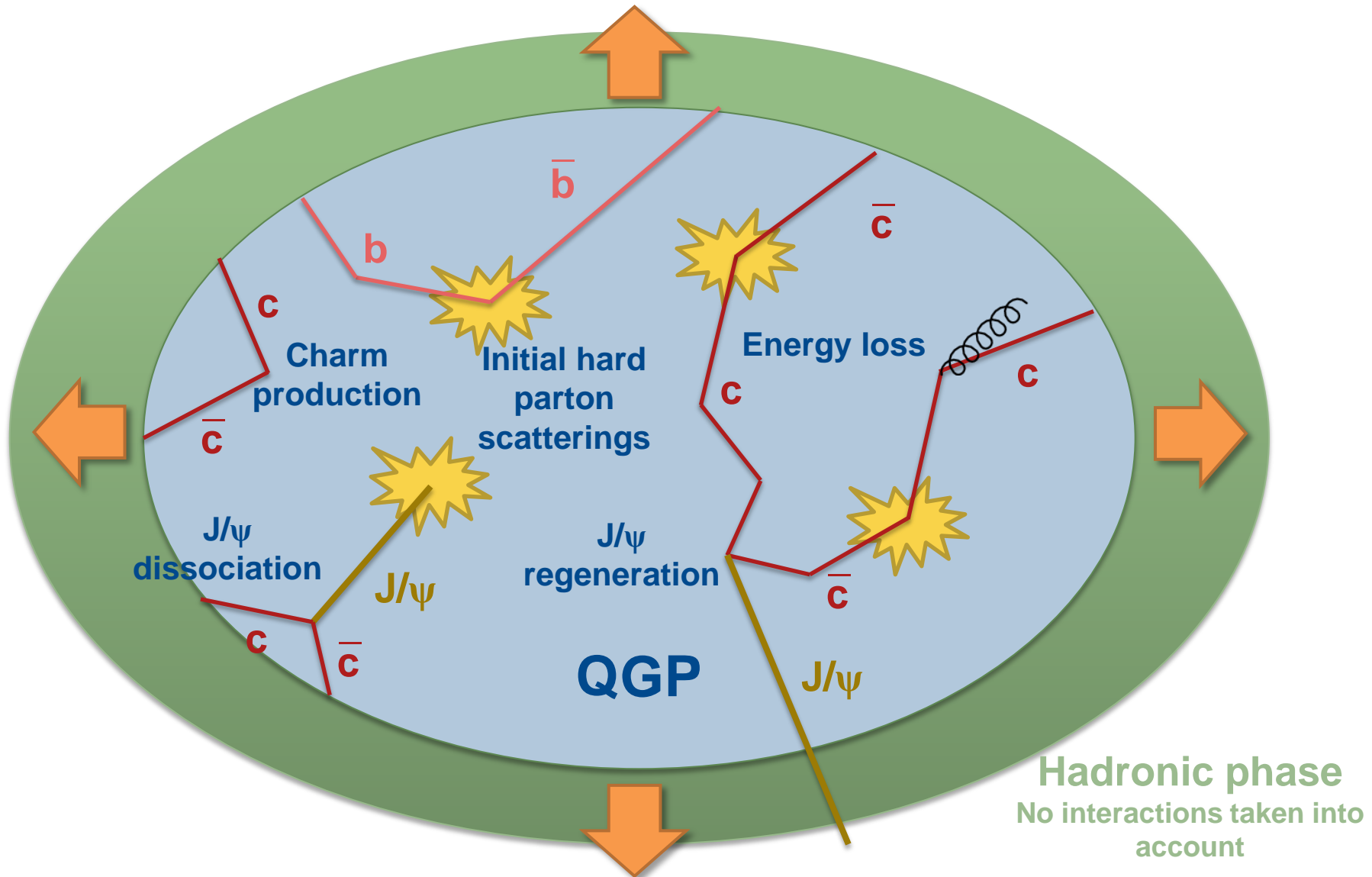
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



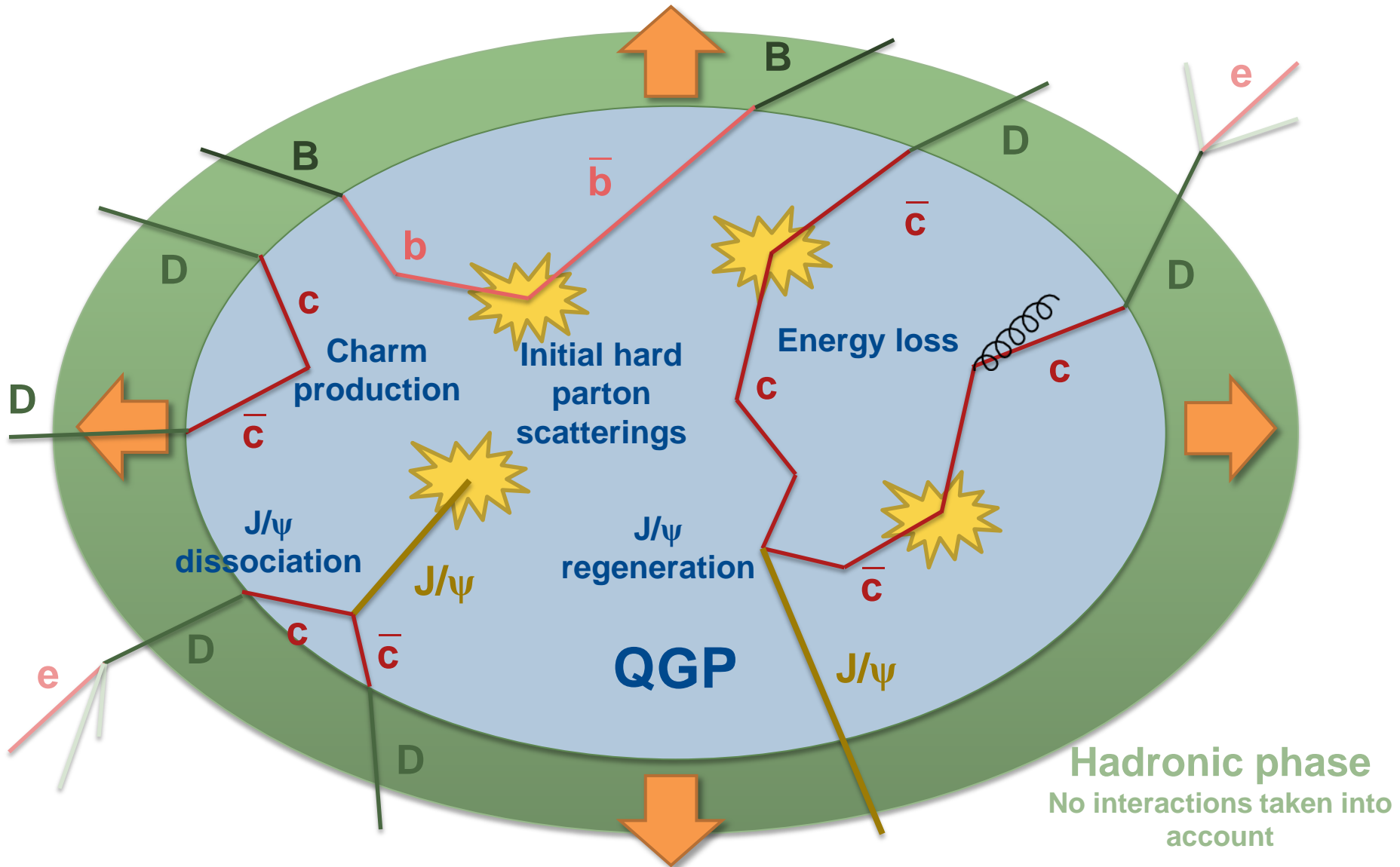
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC

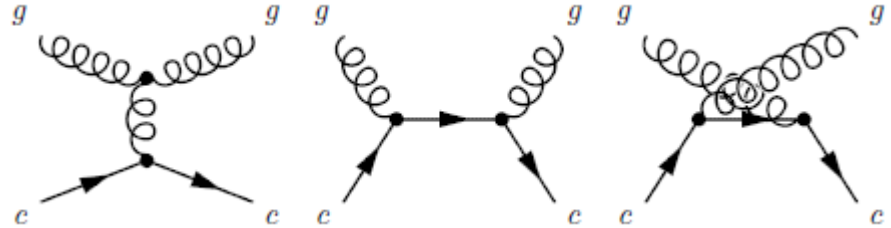


# Heavy quark scattering

Leading order perturbative QCD:

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q$$



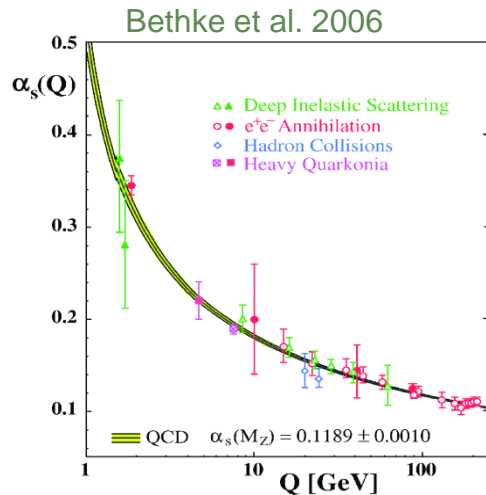
Improved Debye screening  
by comparing to HTL

$$\frac{1}{t} \rightarrow \frac{1}{t - \kappa m_D^2}$$

$$\kappa = \frac{1}{2e} \approx 0.2$$

A. Peshier,  
Nucl.Phys. A888 (2012)

P.B. Gossiaux,  
J. Aichelin,  
Phys.Rev.C78 (2008)



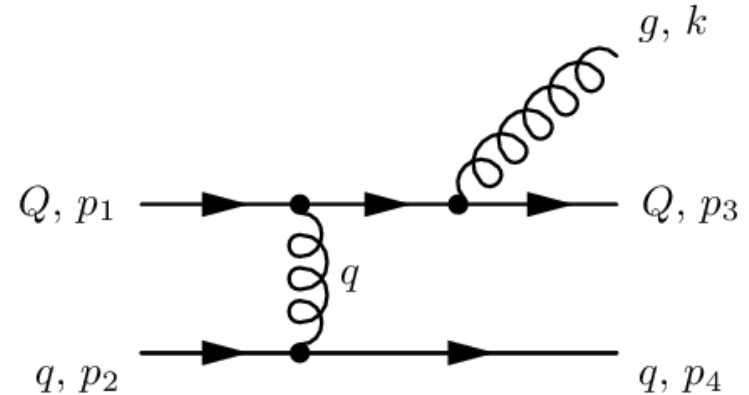
Running coupling

Details: JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner  
Phys. Rev. C 84 (2011)

# Radiative processes: Improved Gunion-Bertsch matrix element

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q + g$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q + g$$



Improved Gunion-Bertsch matrix element generalized to heavy quarks:

$$|\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{qQ \rightarrow qQg}|^2 = 12g^2(1 - \bar{x})^2 |\overline{\mathcal{M}}_0^{qQ}|^2 \left[ \frac{\mathbf{k}_\perp}{k_\perp^2 + x^2 M^2} + \frac{\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp}{(\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp)^2 + x^2 M^2} \right]^2$$

Fochler, JU, Xu, Greiner, Phys. Rev. D88 (2013)

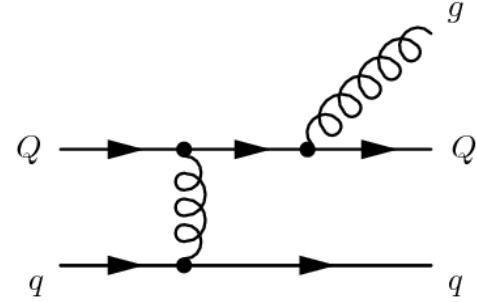
In accordance to scalar QCD result at mid- and forward rapidity from  
Gossiaux, Aichelin, Gousset, Guiho, J.Phys.G37 (2010)



# Radiative pQCD processes

## Exact matrix element

Kunszt, Pietarinen, Reya, Phys.Rev. D21 (1980)



$$|\overline{\mathcal{M}}|^2 = -16 \sum_{i,j=1}^5 C_{ij} \frac{N_{ij}}{D_{ij}}$$

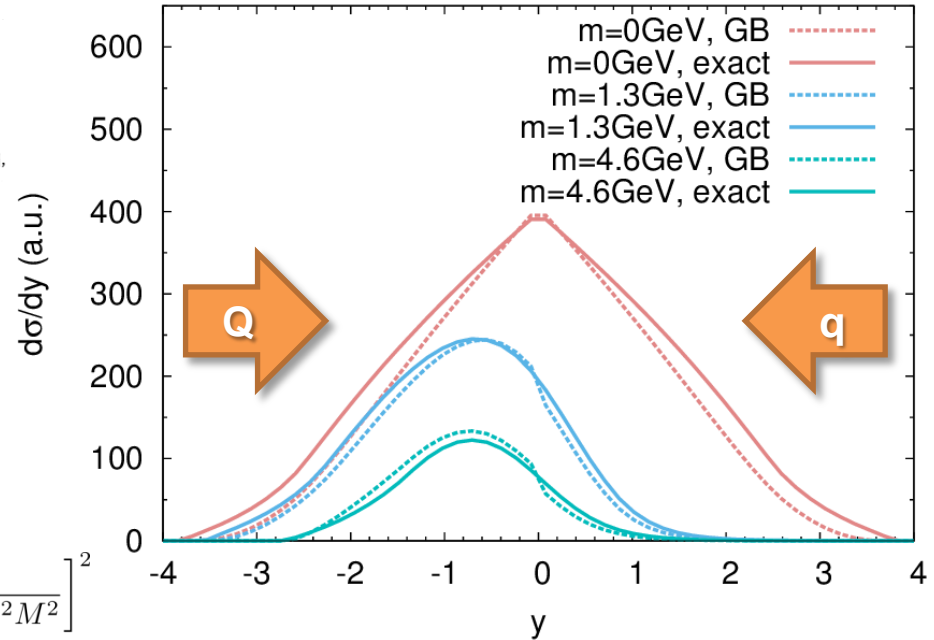
$$C = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 1 & 9 & -2 & -7 \\ 8 & 9 & -7 & -2 & \\ & 18 & -9 & -9 & \\ & & 8 & 1 & \\ & & & & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} x_{31}^2 x_{54}^2 & 2x_{23} x_{51} x_{54}^2 & 4s_{22} x_{51} x_{54}^2 & 2s_{12} x_{51} x_{43} x_{54} & 2s_{12} x_{51} x_{53} x_{54} \\ & x_{22}^2 x_{54}^2 & 4s_{12} x_{23} x_{54}^2 & 2s_{12} x_{23} x_{43} x_{54} & 2s_{12} x_{23} x_{53} x_{54} \\ & & 4s_{12}^2 x_{54}^2 & 4s_{12}^2 x_{43} x_{54} & 4s_{12}^2 x_{53} x_{54} \\ & & & s_{12}^2 x_{43}^2 & 2s_{12}^2 x_{43} x_{53} \\ & & & & s_{12}^2 x_{53}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} N_{11} &= x_{51}(-x_{43}x_{53} - x_{43}x_{52} + 2m_0^2 x_{54}) + 2m_0^2(x_{43}x_{52} + x_{43}x_{51} + x_{43}x_{53} + x_{43}x_{52} + 2m_0^2 x_{54}), \\ N_{12} &= x_{11}[x_{41}(2x_{32} + x_{33}) + x_{43}(2x_{51} + x_{53}) + x_{43}(x_{51} + x_{52}) + 4m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[x_{41}(-2x_{51} + x_{52}) + x_{43}x_{51} + 2m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{52} + x_{43}(x_{51} - 2x_{52}) + 2m_0^2 x_{54}] - 4m_0^2 x_{43}x_{53}, \\ N_{13} &= x_{11}[-2x_{23}x_{54} + x_{41}(4x_{52} + 3x_{53}) + x_{43}(4x_{51} + 3x_{52}) + x_{43}(3x_{51} + 3x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 8m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[x_{41}(-6x_{51} + x_{52}) + (x_{43} - x_{43})x_{51} + 4m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{52} + x_{43}(x_{51} - 2x_{52} - 3x_{53}) - 3x_{43}x_{52}] \\ &\quad + 2m_0^2[x_{41}(2x_{51} + 4x_{52} + 3x_{53}) + x_{43}(4x_{51} - 2x_{52} + 5x_{53}) + x_{43}(3x_{51} + 5x_{52}) + 8m_0^2 x_{54}], \\ N_{14} &= x_{51}(-x_{12}x_{43} + x_{23}x_{41} + x_{43}x_{43}) + x_{51}[2x_{41}x_{52} + x_{43}(x_{51} - x_{54}) + 2x_{43}x_{52} + 2m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[2(x_{41} + x_{43})x_{52} + x_{43}(2x_{51} + x_{53}) + 2m_0^2(x_{52} + 2x_{54})] + 2m_0^2 x_{43}(x_{53} + x_{54} - x_{51} - x_{52}), \\ N_{15} &= N_{14}(4 \leftrightarrow 5), \quad N_{22} = N_{11}(1 \leftrightarrow 2), \quad N_{23} = N_{13}(1 \leftrightarrow 2), \quad N_{24} = N_{14}(1 \leftrightarrow 2), \quad N_{25} = N_{15}(4 \leftrightarrow 5), \\ N_{33} &= x_{11}[2x_{54}(x_{11} - x_{23} - x_{51}) + x_{41}(-2x_{51} + 6x_{23} + 5x_{52}) + x_{41}(-2x_{52} + 6x_{51} + 5x_{53}) \\ &\quad + x_{43}(5x_{51} + 5x_{52} + 4x_{53}) + 28m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[-2x_{51}x_{54} + x_{41}(-6x_{51} + x_{52} - 3x_{53}) + (x_{43} - 3x_{43})x_{51}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{52} + x_{43}(x_{51} - 6x_{52} - 3x_{53}) - 3x_{43}x_{52}] \\ &\quad + 2m_0^2[x_{41}(-4x_{51} + 4x_{52} + 7x_{53}) + x_{43}(4x_{51} - 4x_{52} + 7x_{53}) + x_{43}(7x_{51} + 7x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 24m_0^2 x_{54}], \\ N_{44} &= x_{12}[x_{41}(x_{23} + x_{31} + x_{43} + x_{41}) - 2x_{43}(x_{51} + x_{52})] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[2x_{31}x_{54} + x_{41}(x_{52} - x_{53} - x_{54}) + 3x_{51}(x_{42} + x_{43}) + 8m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}(x_{51} - x_{53} - x_{54}) + 3x_{52}(x_{41} + x_{43}) + 8m_0^2 x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[3(x_{41} + x_{43})x_{52} + x_{43}(x_{51} + x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 2m_0^2(x_{52} + 5x_{54})] \\ &\quad + x_{43}[3(x_{41} + x_{43})x_{51} + 2m_0^2(x_{53} + 5x_{54})] + 2m_0^2 x_{43}(2x_{53} + 2x_{54} - 5x_{51} - 5x_{52}), \\ N_{44} &= x_{43}(-x_{23}x_{51} - x_{51}x_{52} - 2m_0^2 x_{54}), \\ N_{45} &= x_{24}[x_{23}(x_{41} + x_{51}) + x_{31}(x_{42} + x_{52}) + 4m_0^2(x_{52} + x_{54} + x_{43})] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[x_{52}(x_{43} + 2x_{54}) + x_{53}(x_{52} - 2x_{54})] + x_{51}[-2x_{43}x_{52} + x_{41}(x_{53} + 2x_{54} + x_{43})], \\ N_{55} &= N_{44}(4 \leftrightarrow 5), \quad N_{55} = N_{44}(4 \leftrightarrow 5). \end{aligned}$$

## Gunion Bertsch (GB) approximation

$$|\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{qQ \rightarrow qQg}|^2 = 12g^2(1 - \bar{x})^2 \left| \overline{\mathcal{M}}_0^{qQ} \right|^2 \left[ \frac{\mathbf{k}_\perp}{k_\perp^2 + x^2 M^2} + \frac{\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp}{(\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp)^2 + x^2 M^2} \right]^2$$



Fochler, JU, Xu, Greiner, Phys. Rev. D88 (2013)

# Dead cone effect can be seen in BAMPS

Heavy quark suppression factor

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{M^2}{\theta^2 E^2}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{\theta_D^2}{\theta^2}\right)^2}$$

Dokshitzer, Kharzeev,  
Phys.Lett. B519 (2001)

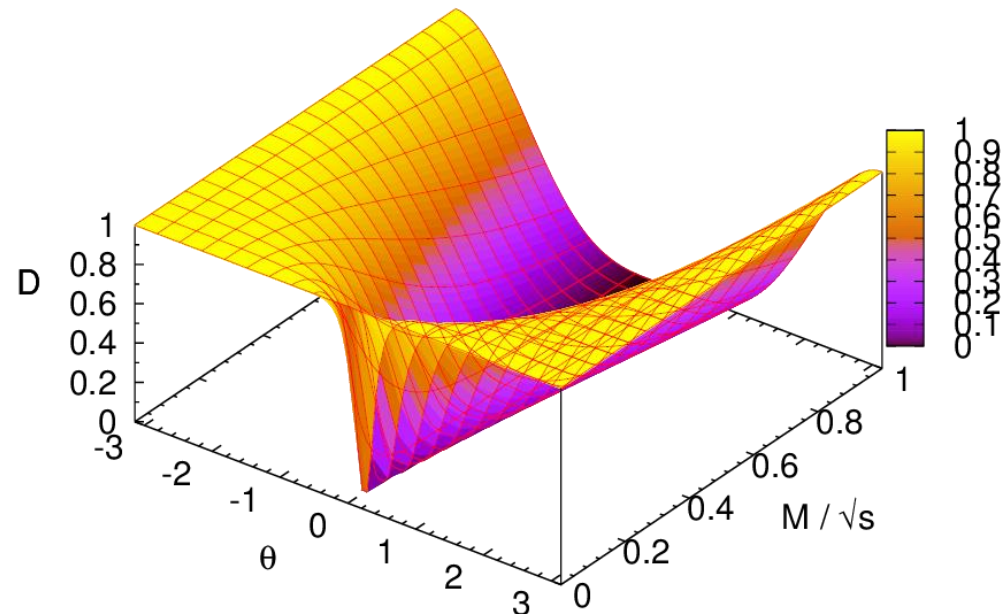
$$\theta_D = \frac{M}{E}$$



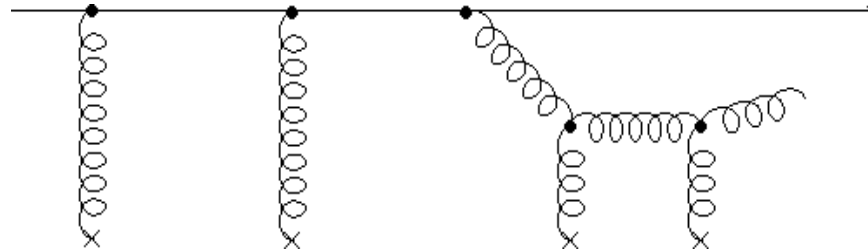
More accurate: valid for all order of  
mass M and also for large angles

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{M^2}{s \tan^2(\frac{\theta}{2})}}$$

Abir, Greiner, Martinez, Mustafa, JU,  
Phys.Rev. D85 (2012)



# LPM cut-off



**Mean free path**

$$\lambda > X \tau$$

**Formation time**

2  $\rightarrow$  3 process only allowed if mean free path of jet larger than formation time of radiated gluon

$$X = 0$$

**No LPM effect**

$$X = 1$$

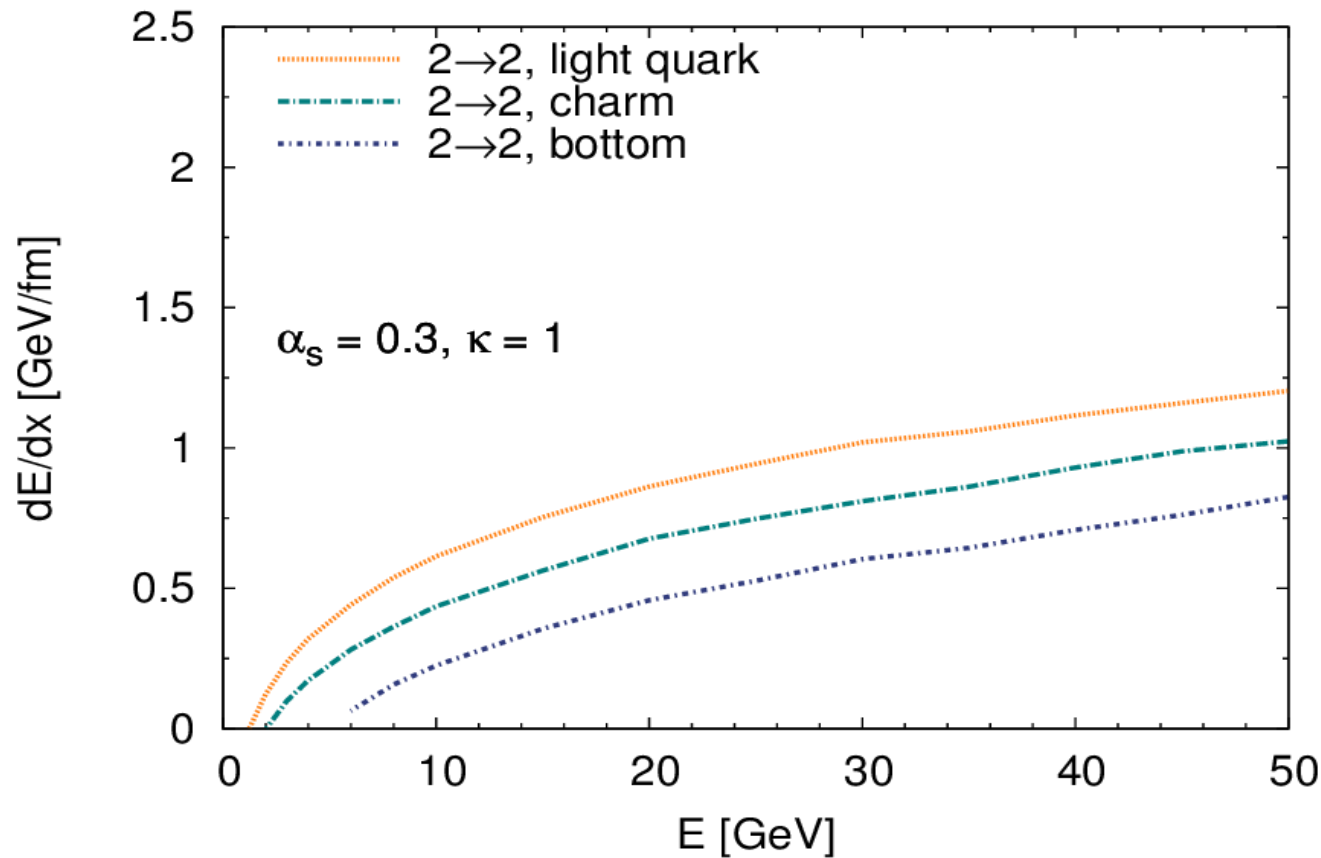
**Only completely independent scatterings  
(forbids too many interactions)**

$$0 < X < 1$$

**Allows effectively some interference effects**

# Radiative energy loss

$$\left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{light quark}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{charm}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{bottom}}$$

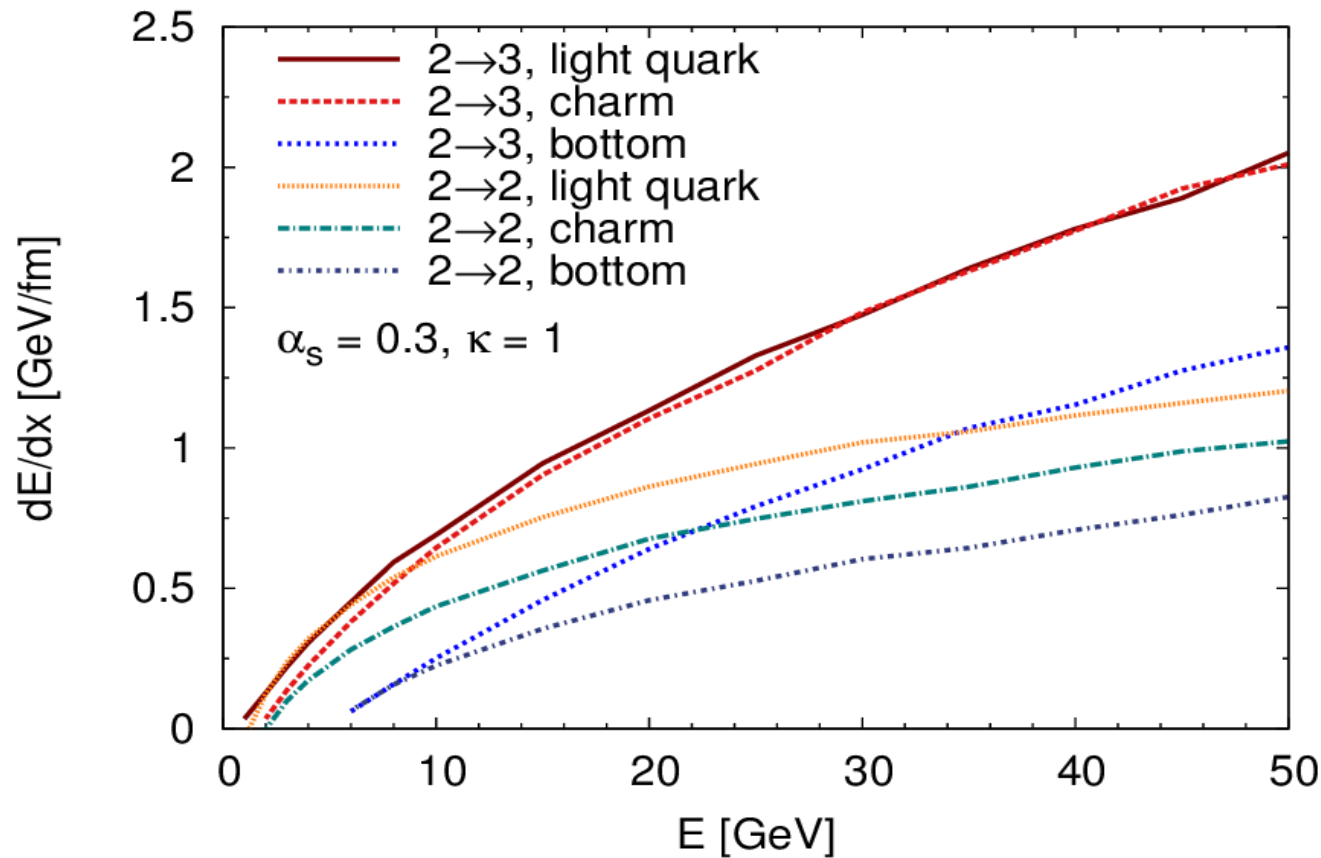


$$\alpha_s = 0.3$$

$$X_{LPM} = 1$$

# Radiative energy loss

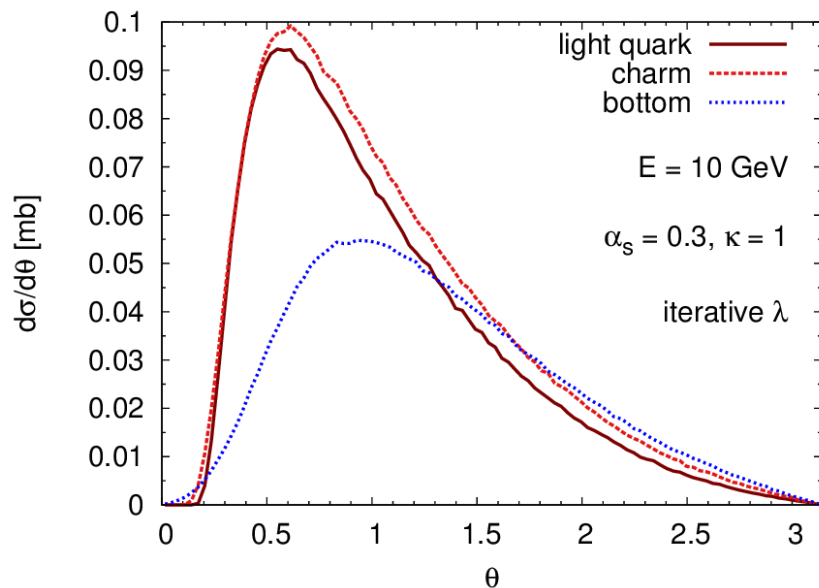
$$\left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{light quark}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{charm}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{bottom}}$$



$$\alpha_s = 0.3$$

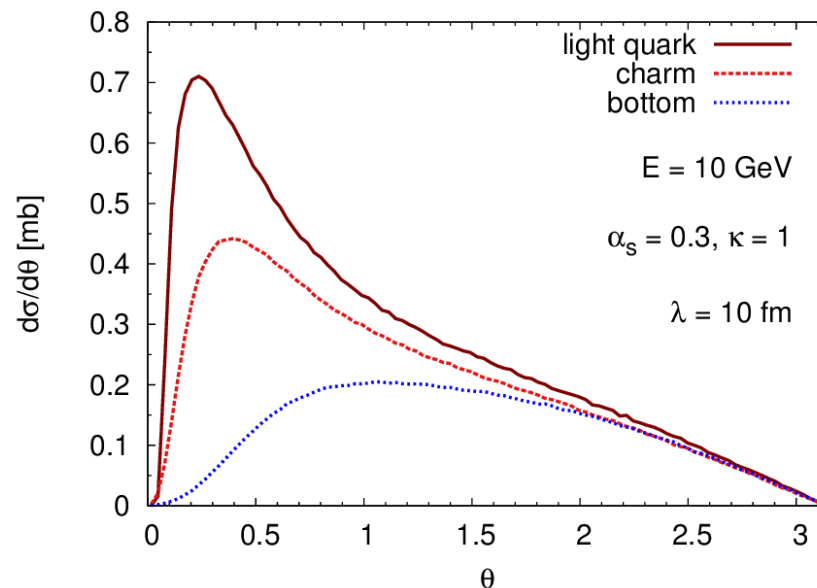
$$X_{LPM} = 1$$

# Angle distribution in lab frame



**With LPM**

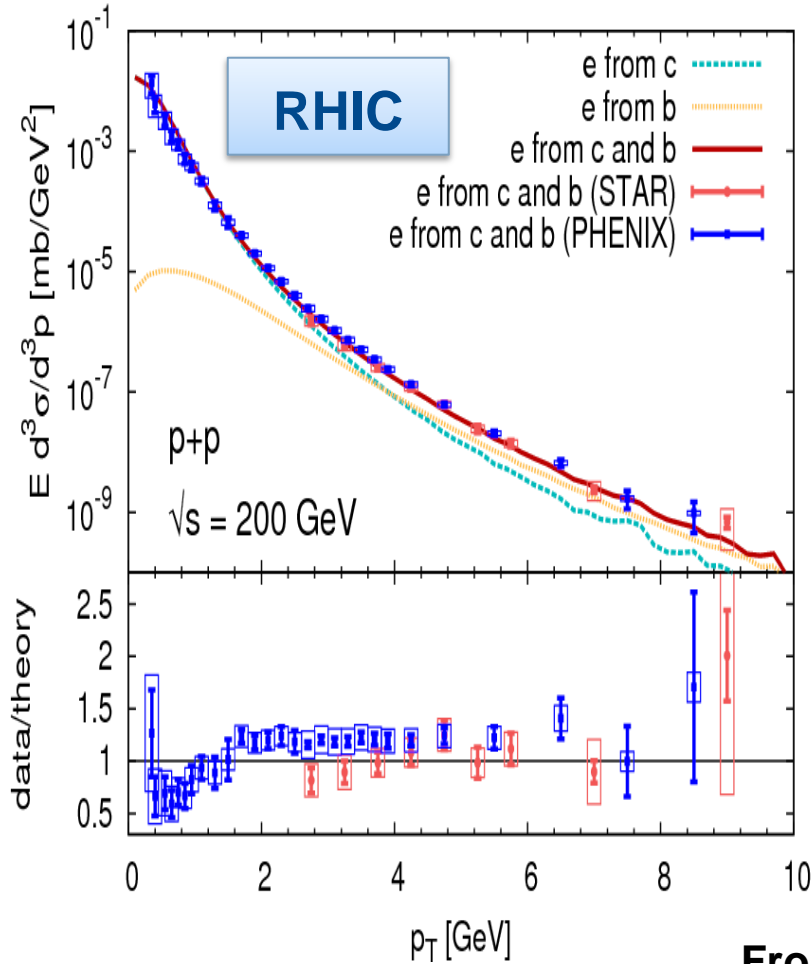
Dead cone due to mass is overlaid  
by second dead cone from LPM cut-off



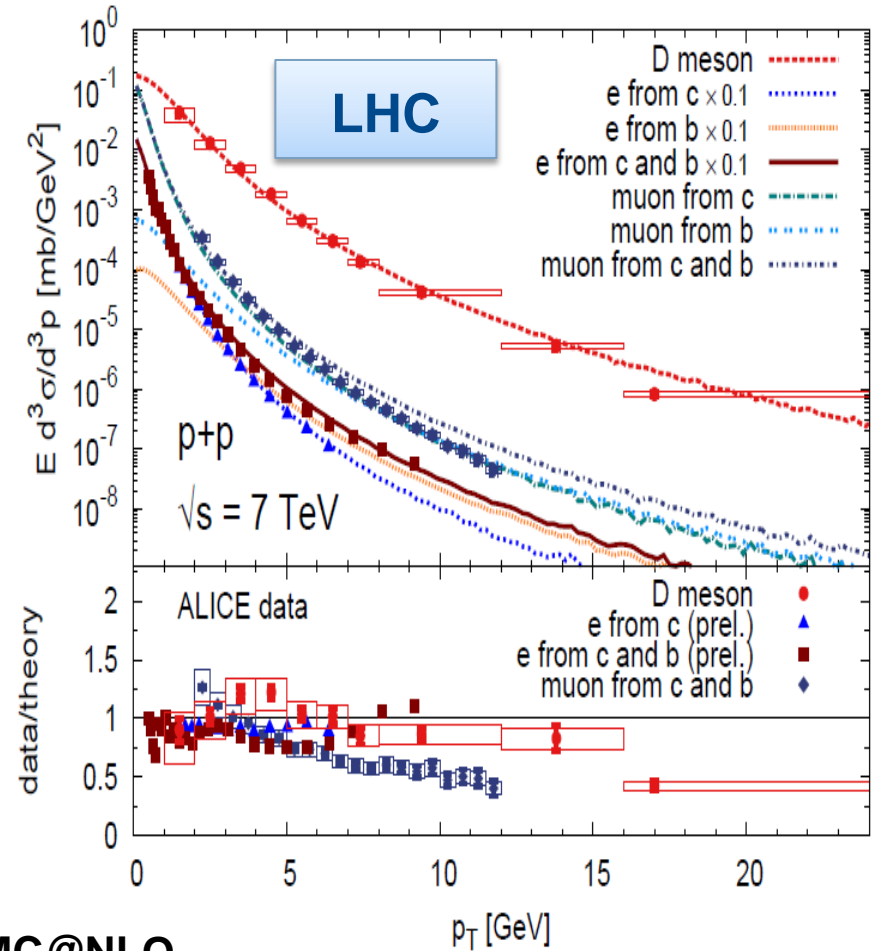
**Without LPM**

Dead cone due to mass is visible

# Initial heavy flavor spectrum

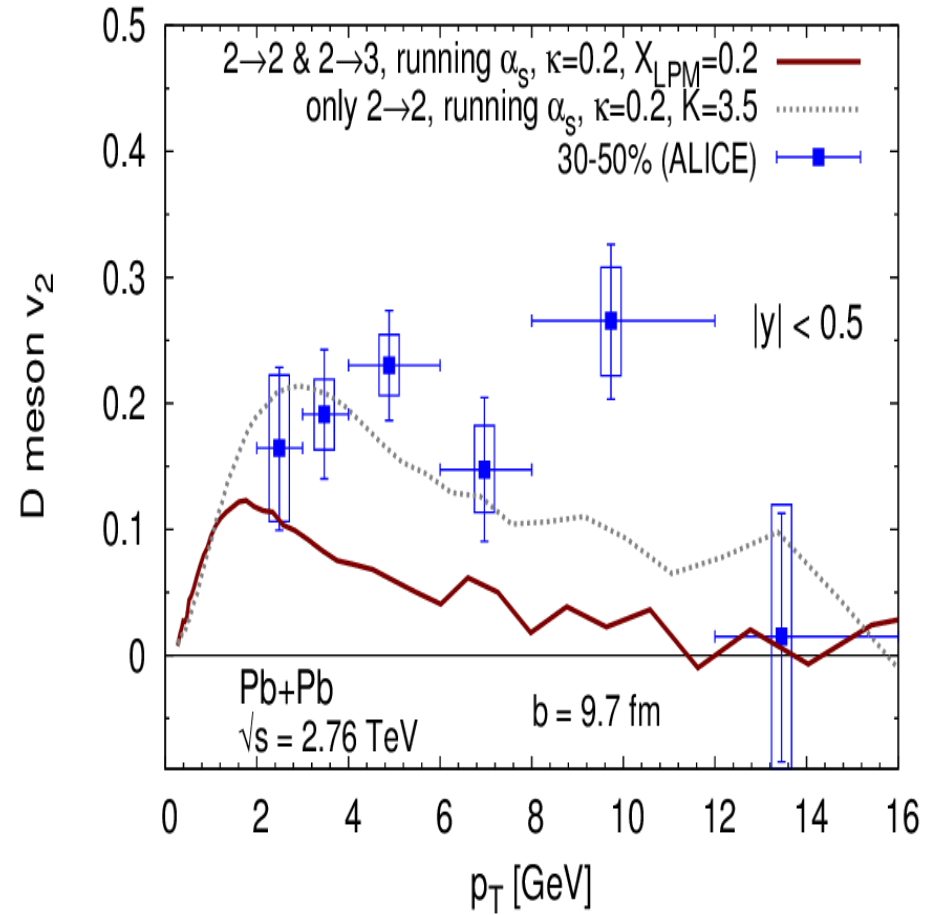
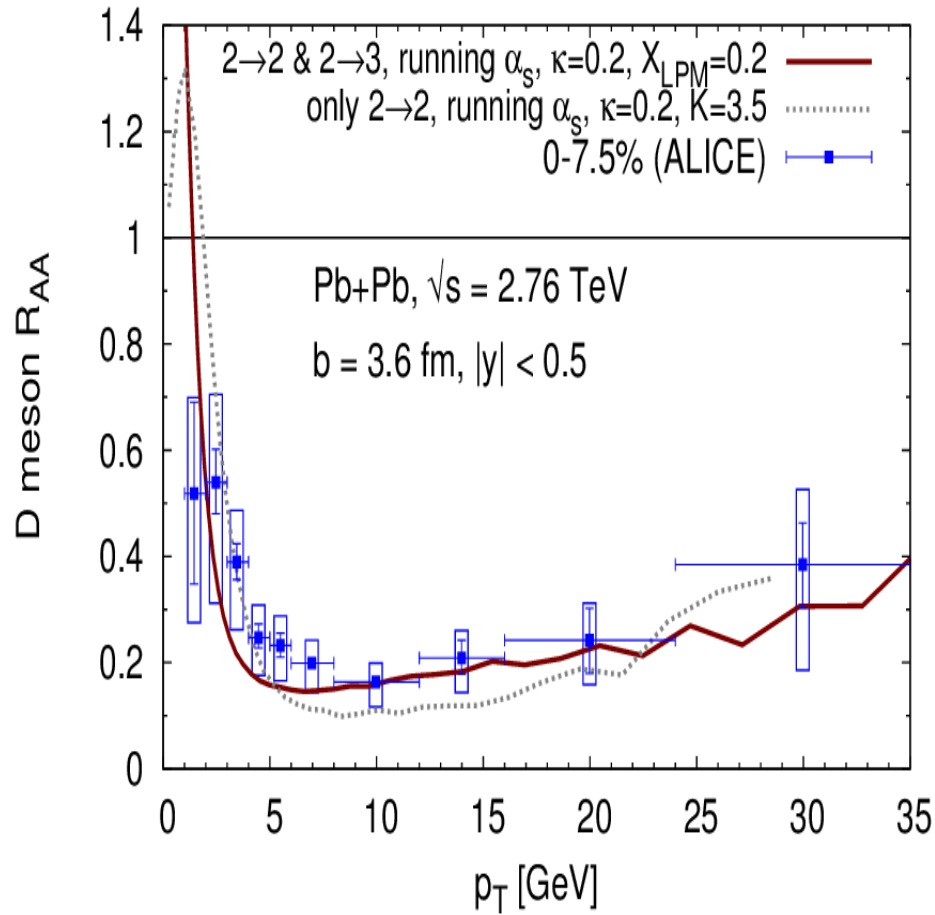


JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner  
Phys. Rev. C84 (2011)



JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner  
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

# D meson $R_{AA}$ and $v_2$ at LHC



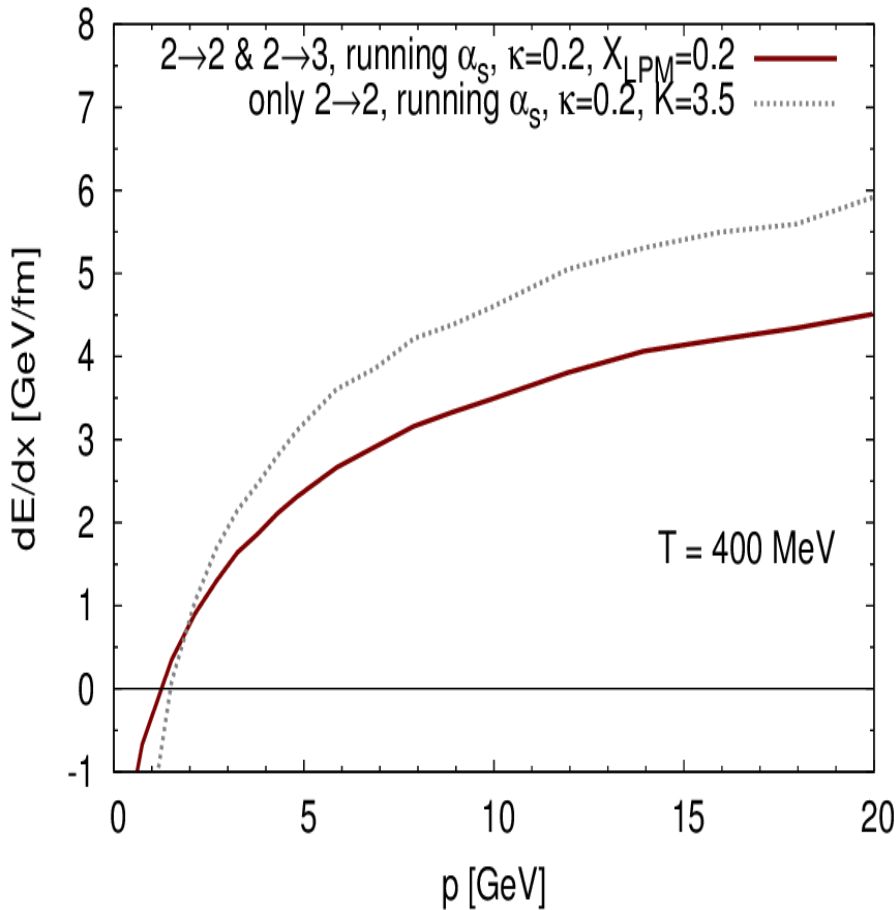
LHC

ALICE data, QM12

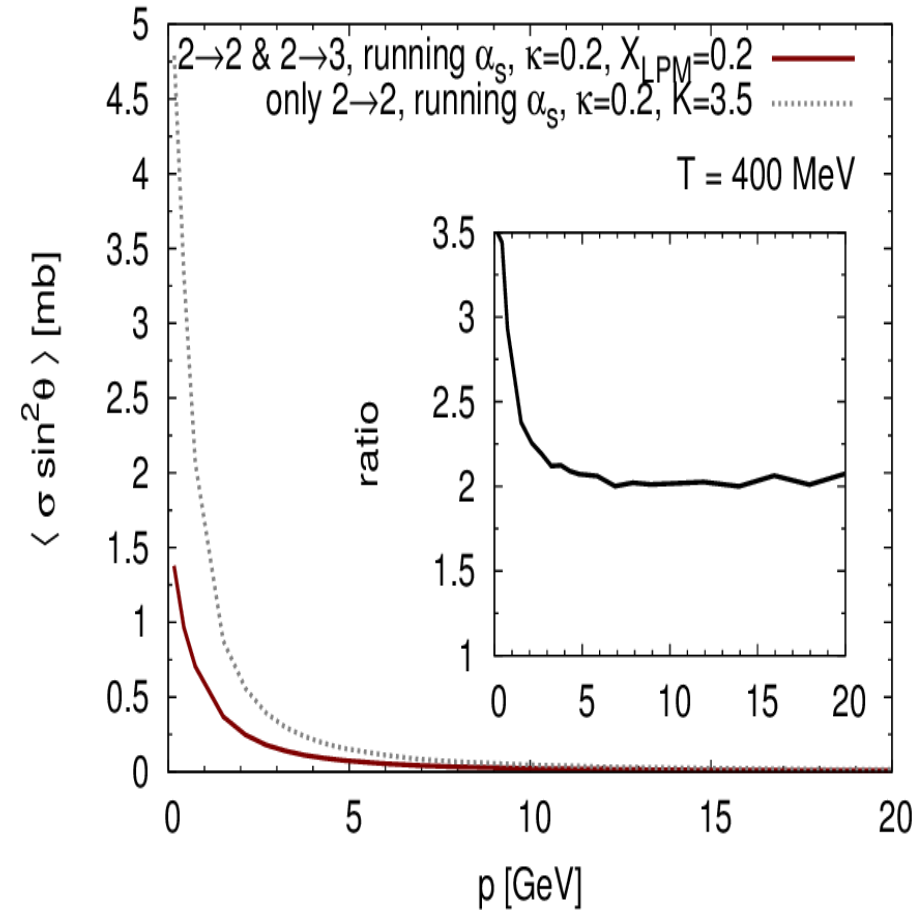


# Energy loss and transport cross section

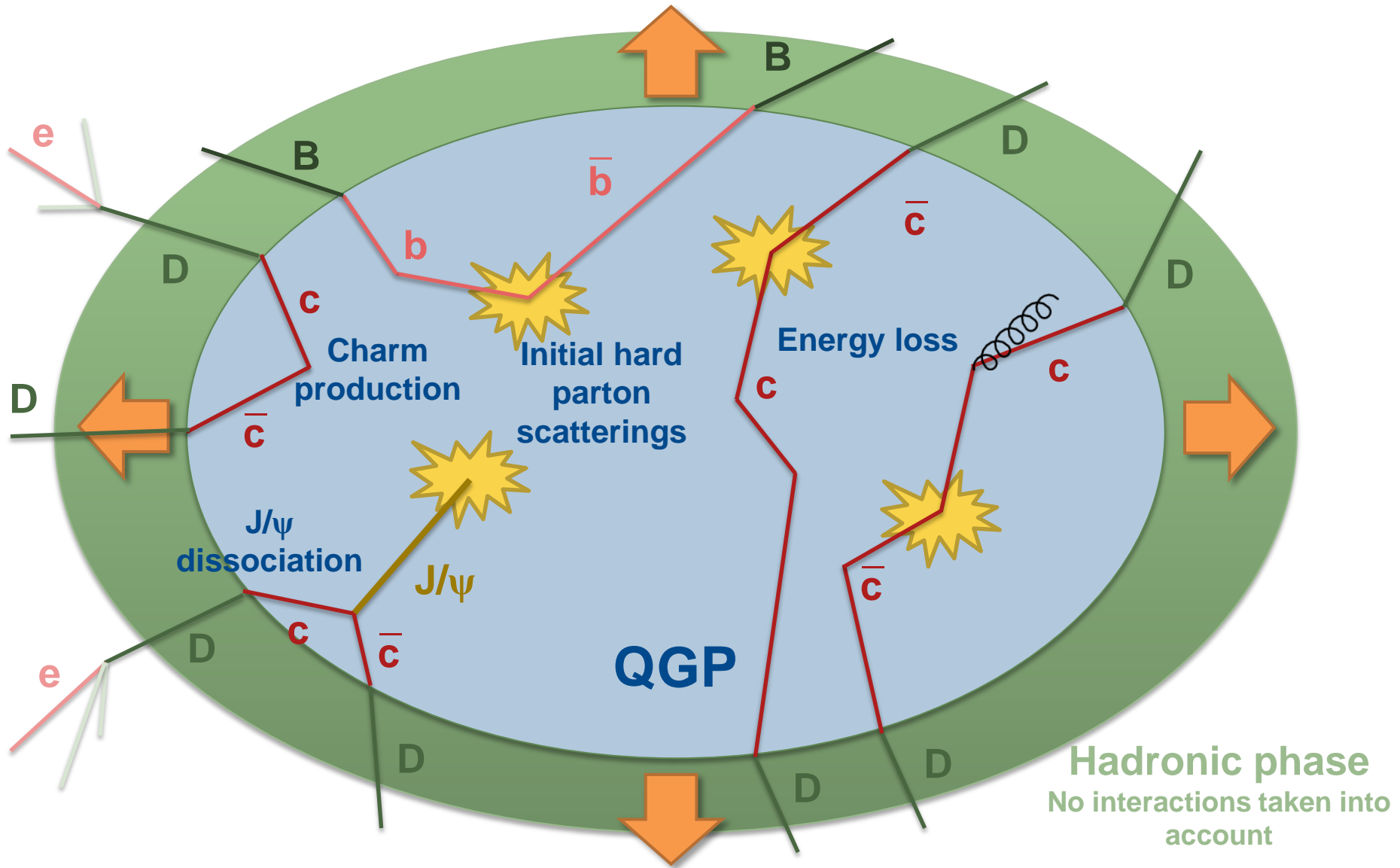
## Energy loss in static medium



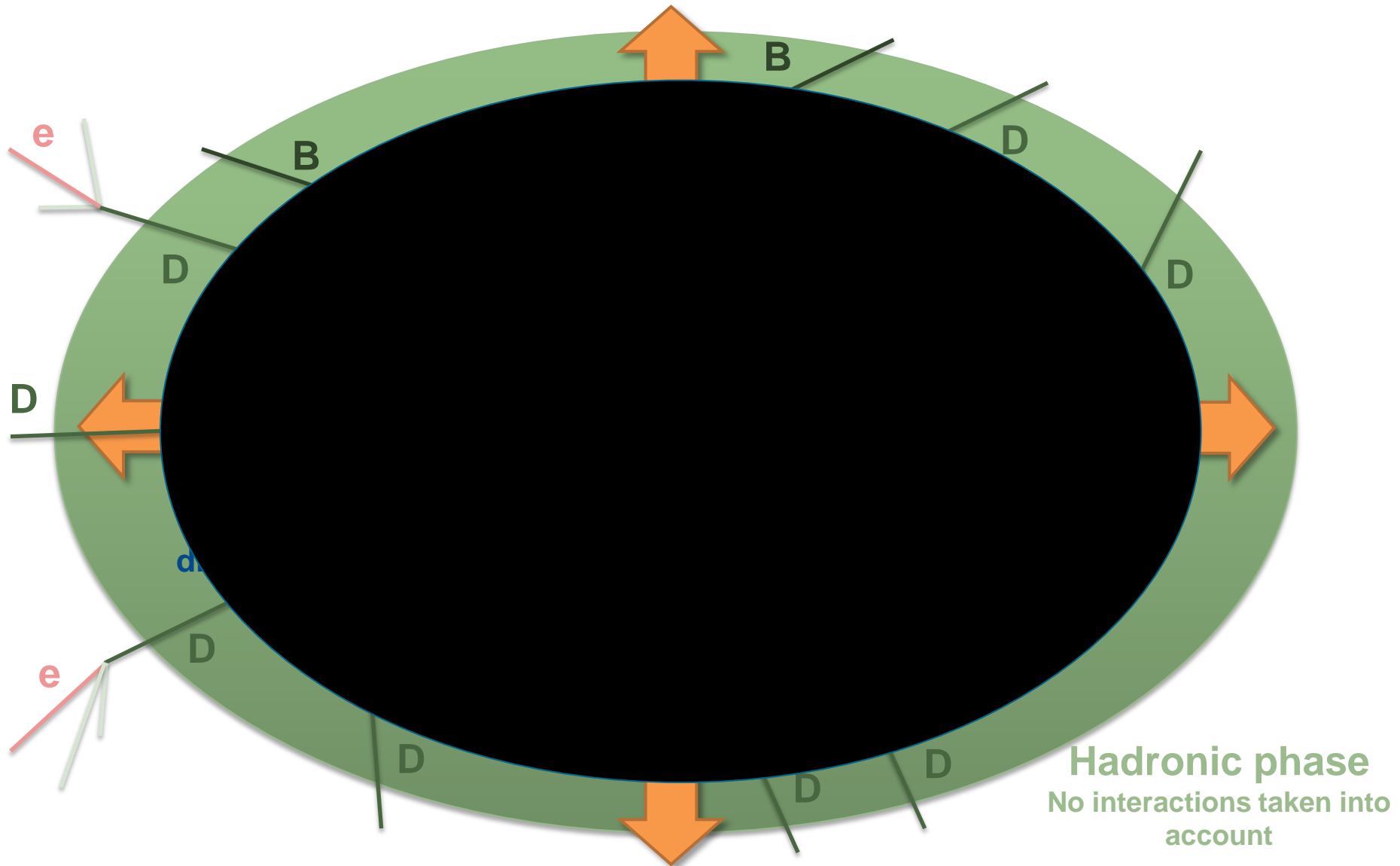
## Transport cross section in static medium



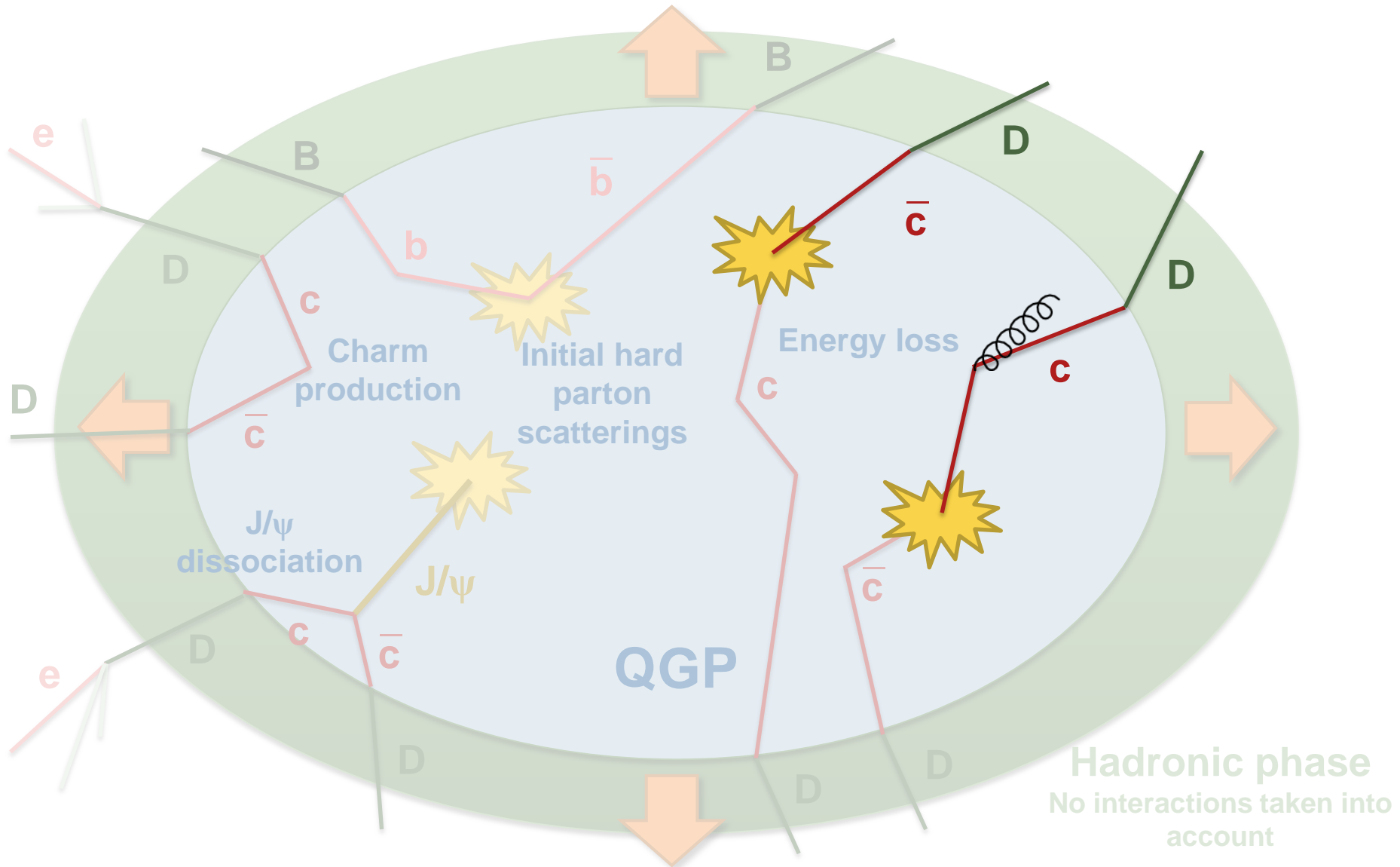
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



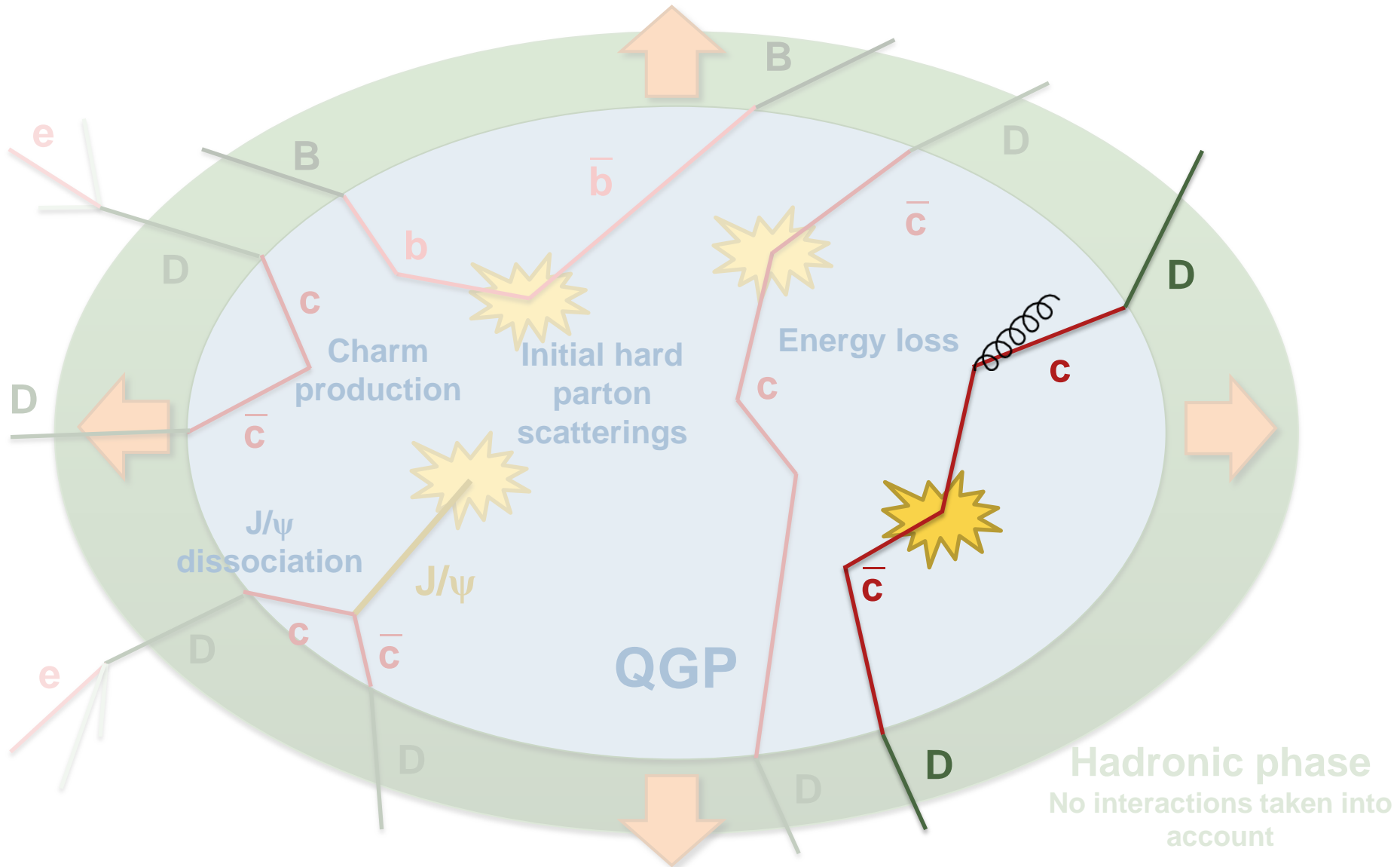
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



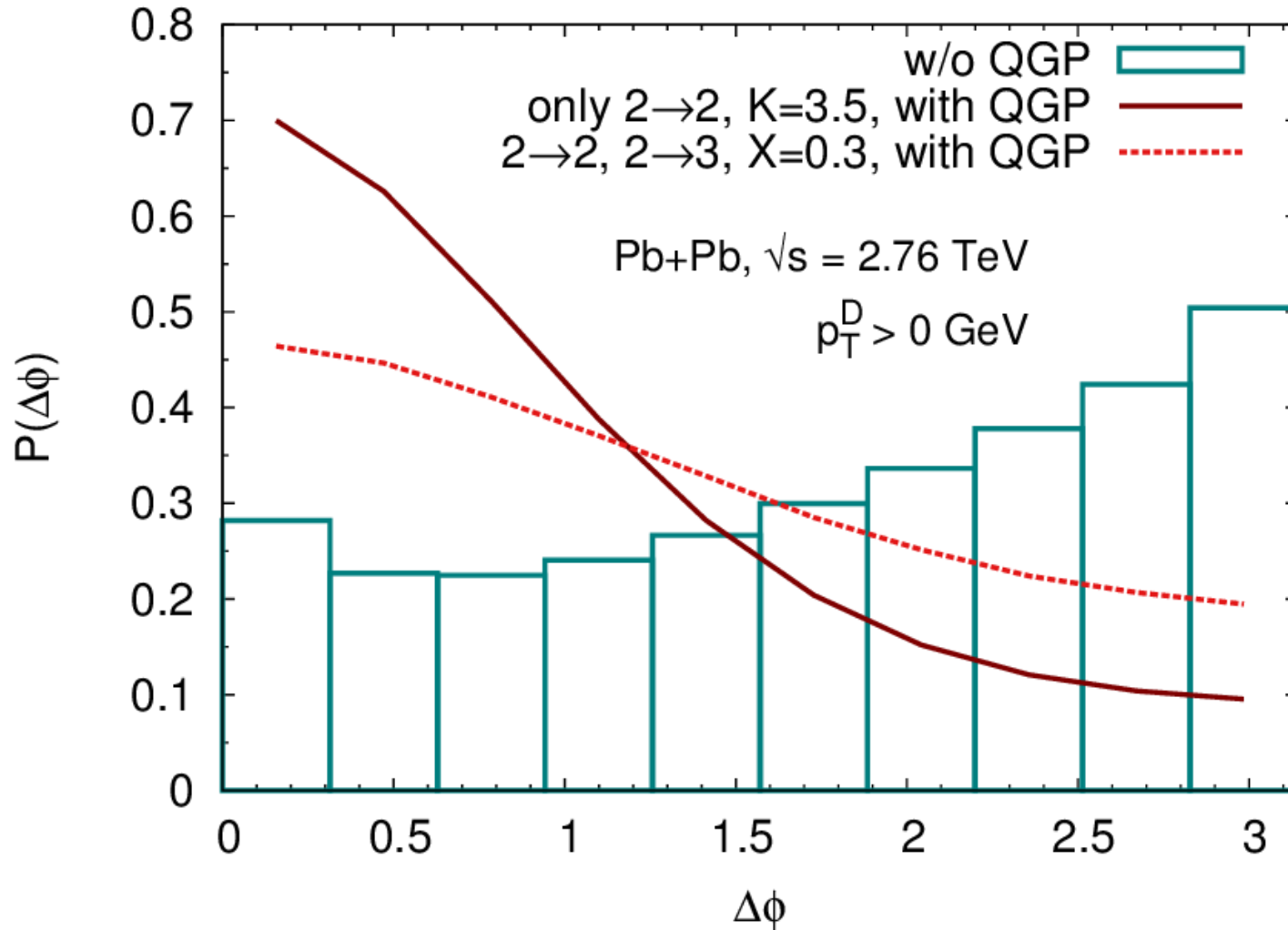
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



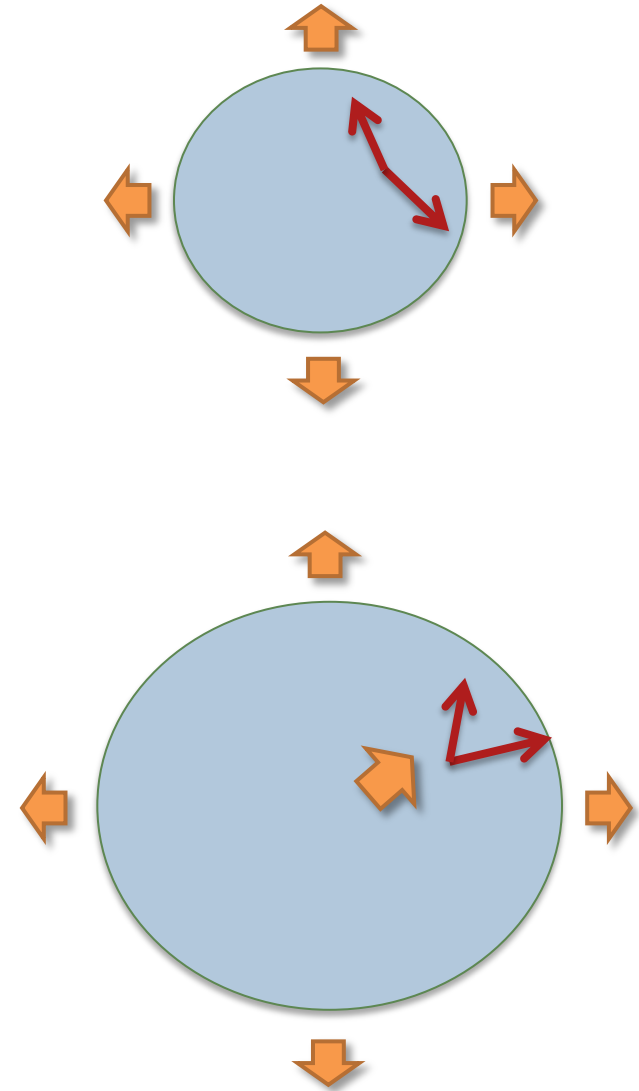
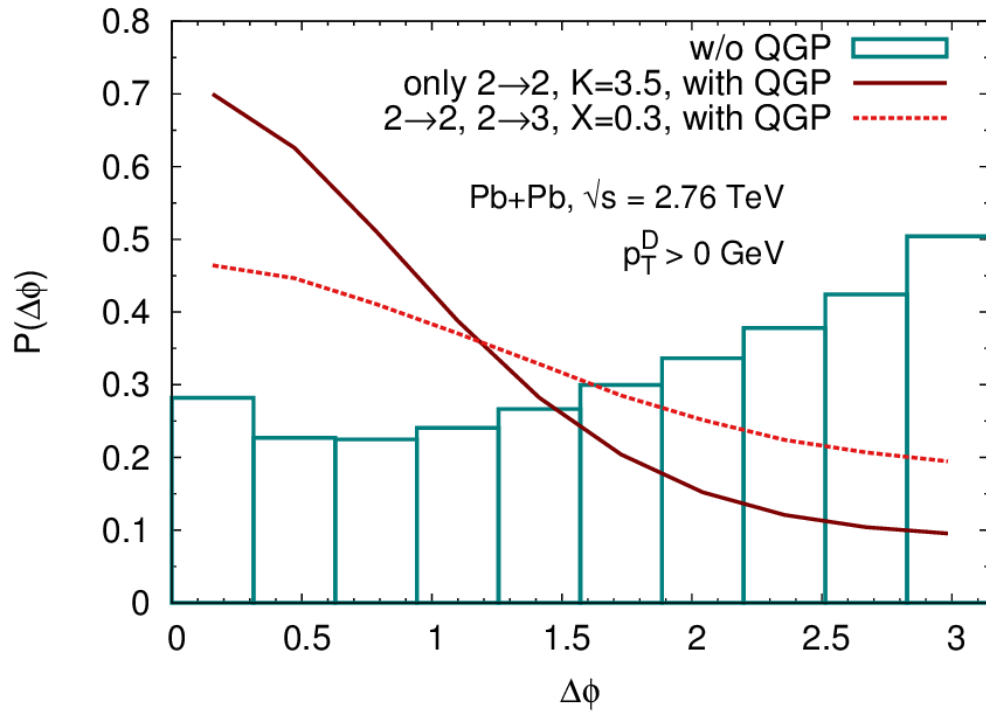
# Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



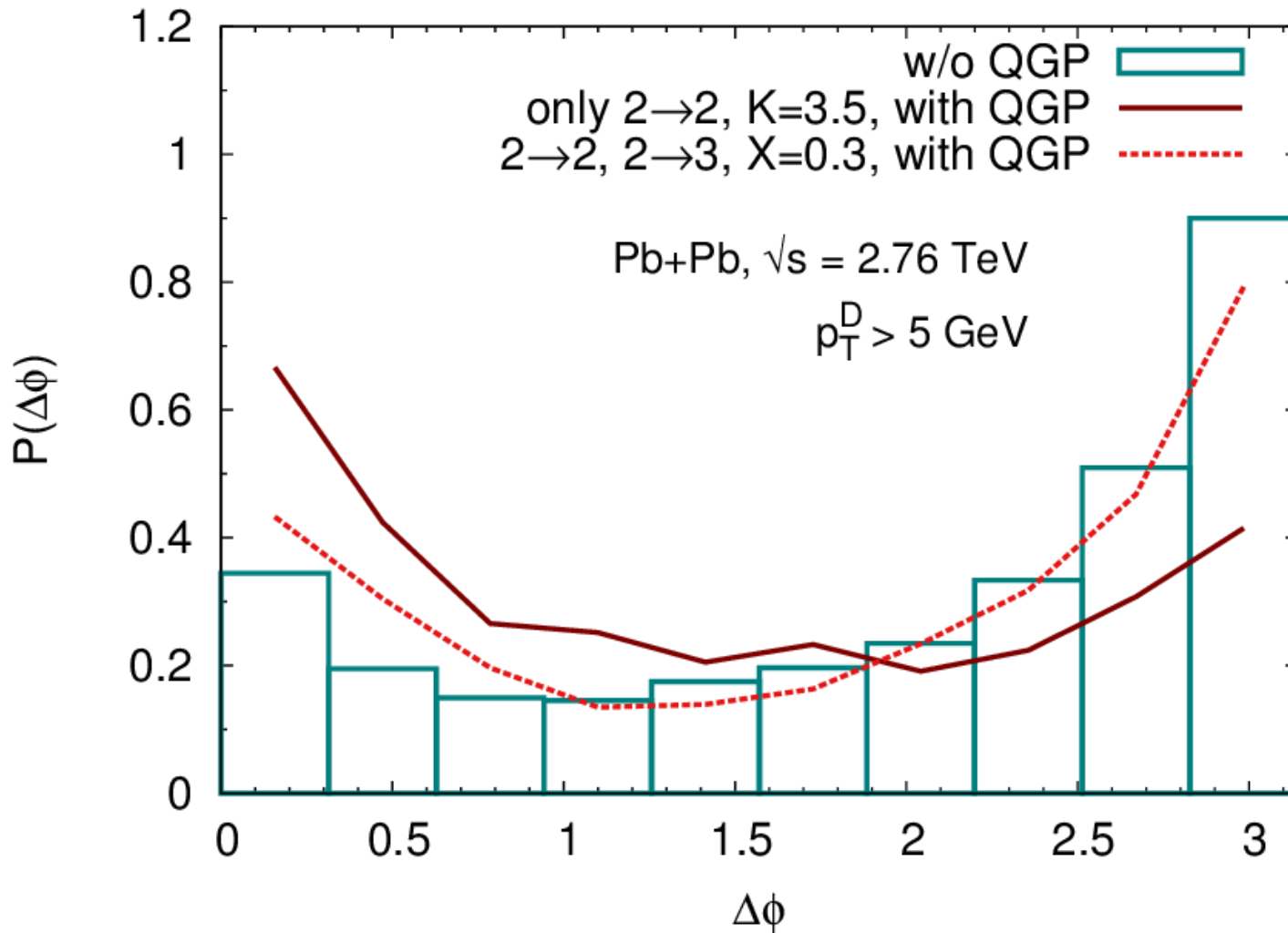
# D meson angle correlations



# D meson angle correlations



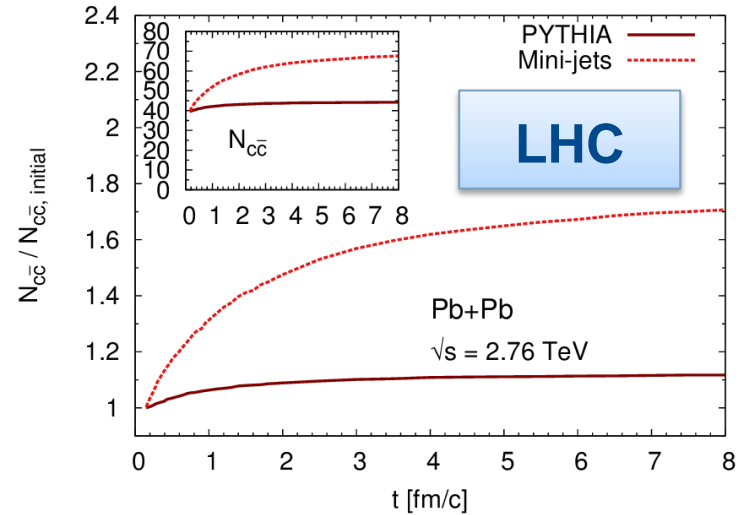
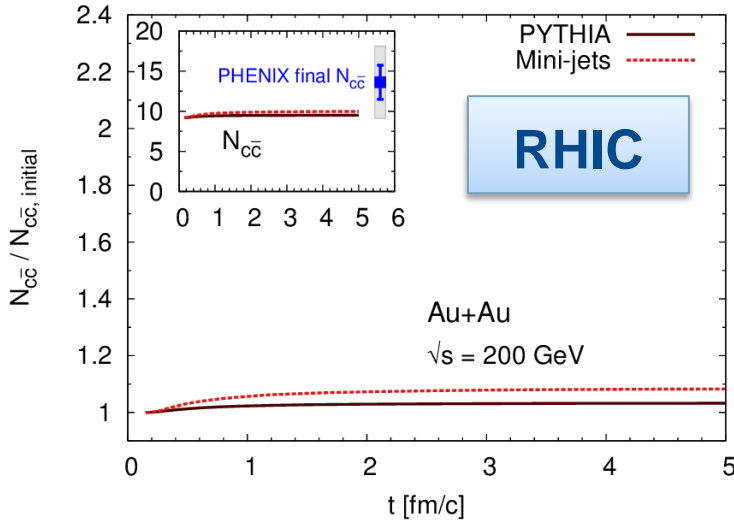
# D meson angle correlations





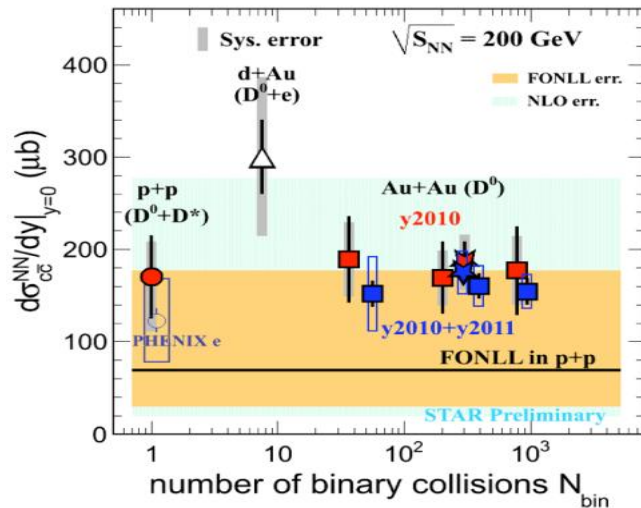
# Total charm production

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner, Phys. Rev. C 82 (2010)



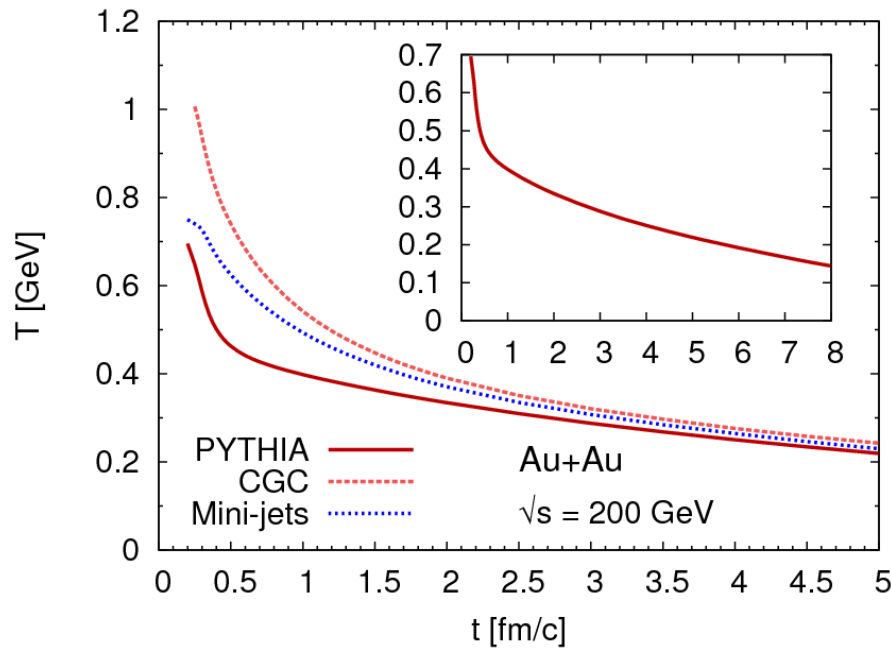
Sizeable charm production in QGP at LHC

Experiment ?

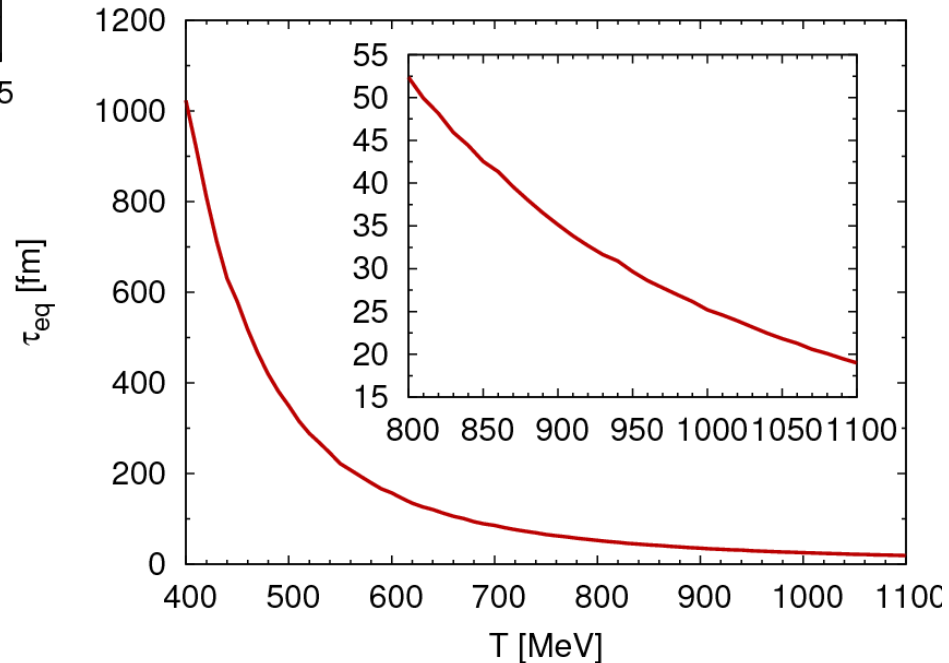


STAR, QM12

# Charm production in the QGP at RHIC

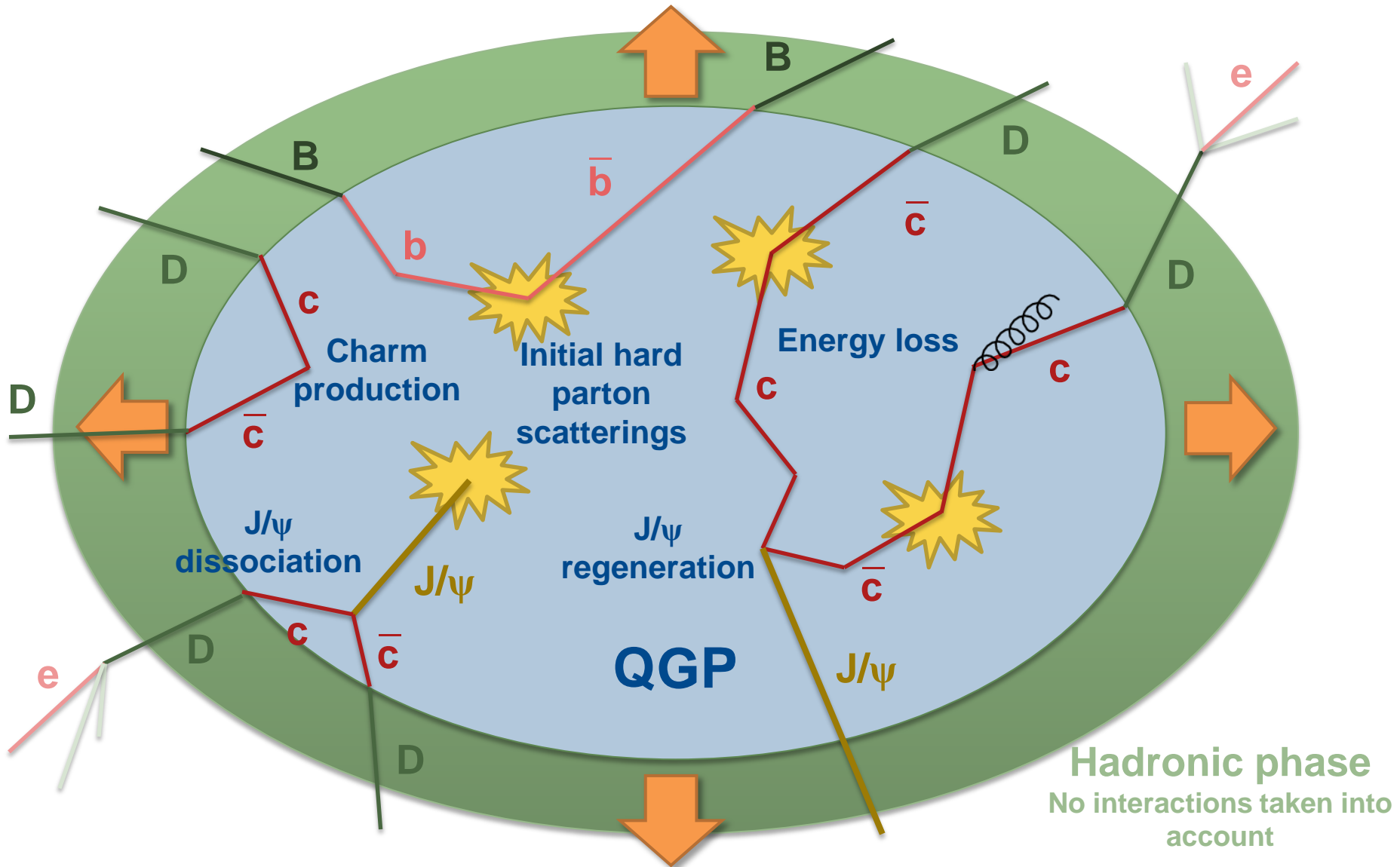


200 GeV

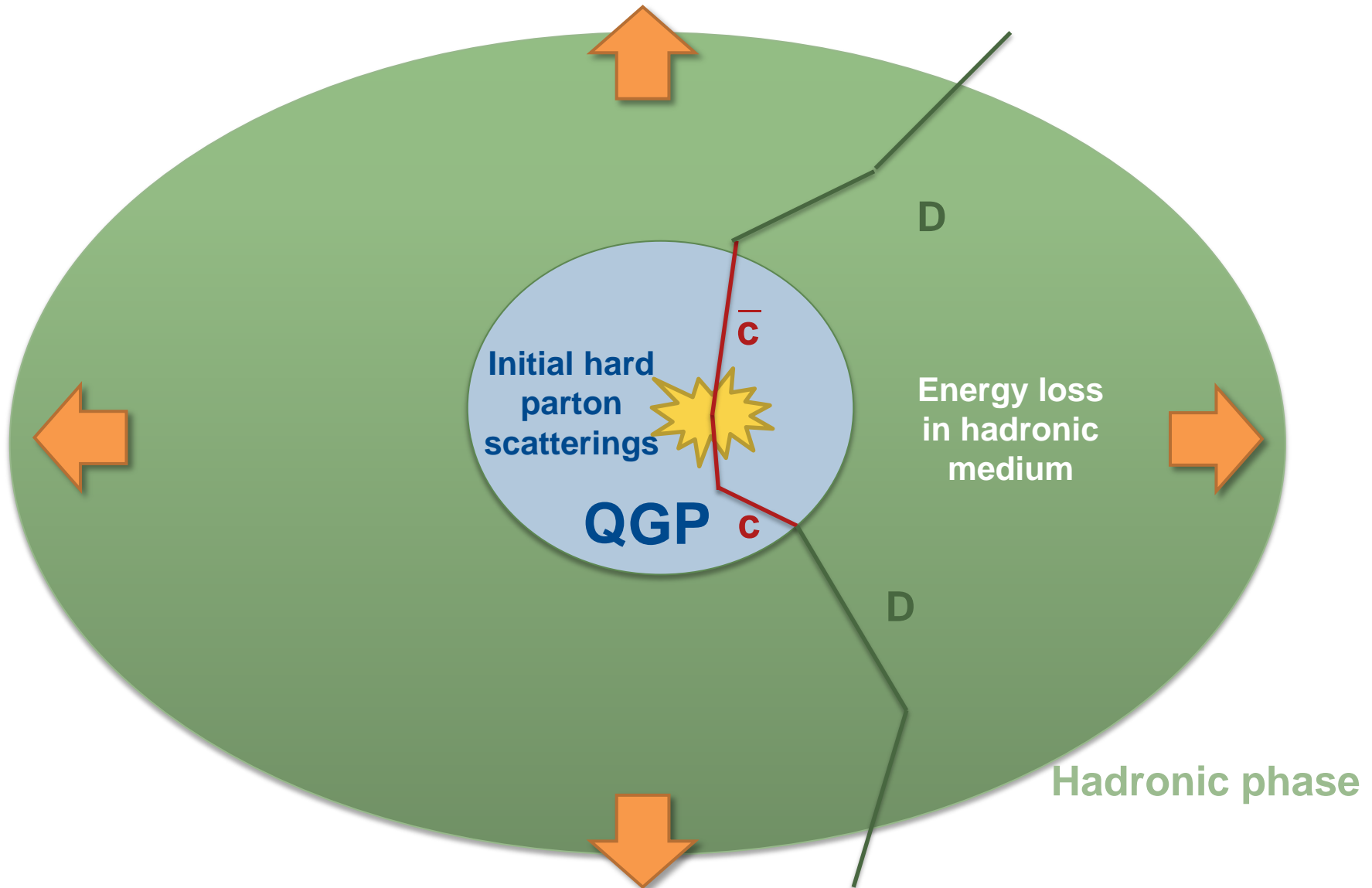


# Application to FAIR physics

# Sketch of heavy flavor at RHIC/LHC



# Sketch of heavy flavor at FAIR



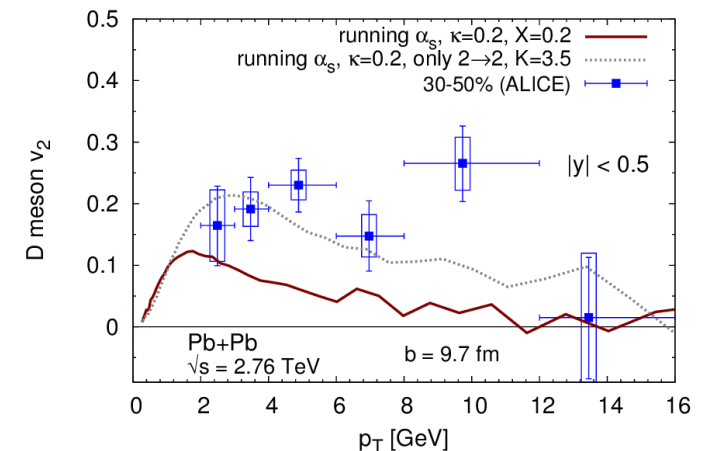
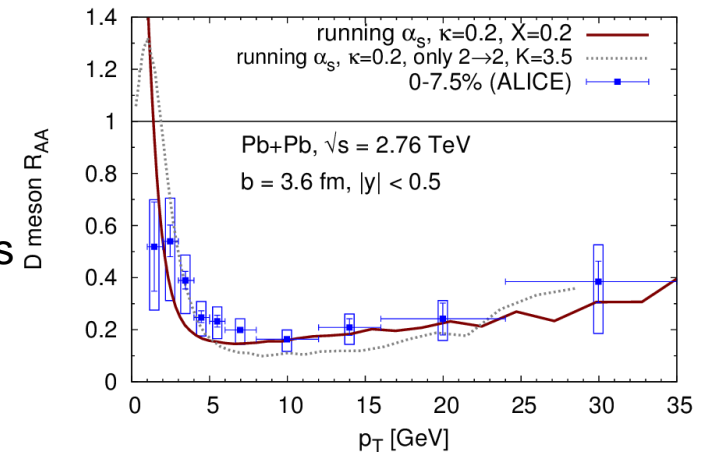
# Some questions

- **What are the initial conditions?** Scaled p+p? CNM?
  - All partons → PYTHIA?
  - Charm quarks → MC@NLO? PYTHIA?
- **Is BAMPS applicable?**
  - Is there a QGP?
  - Does the major contribution comes from energy loss in QGP?
  - Are radiative or elastic processes more important? Or even other processes?
- **Is there secondary charm production?** → no
- **What about correlations?** → very promising (~ one pair, mostly back-to-back)

## Full space-time evolution of QGP with charm and bottom quarks

- **Radiative and binary collisions:**
  - Sensitivity on LPM implementation
  - $R_{AA}$  and  $v_2$  simultaneously seems difficult
  - Correlations can shed light on radiative processes
  
- **Heavy flavor at FAIR:**
  - BAMPS difficult to apply
  - p+p reference important
  - Heavy flavor correlations promising

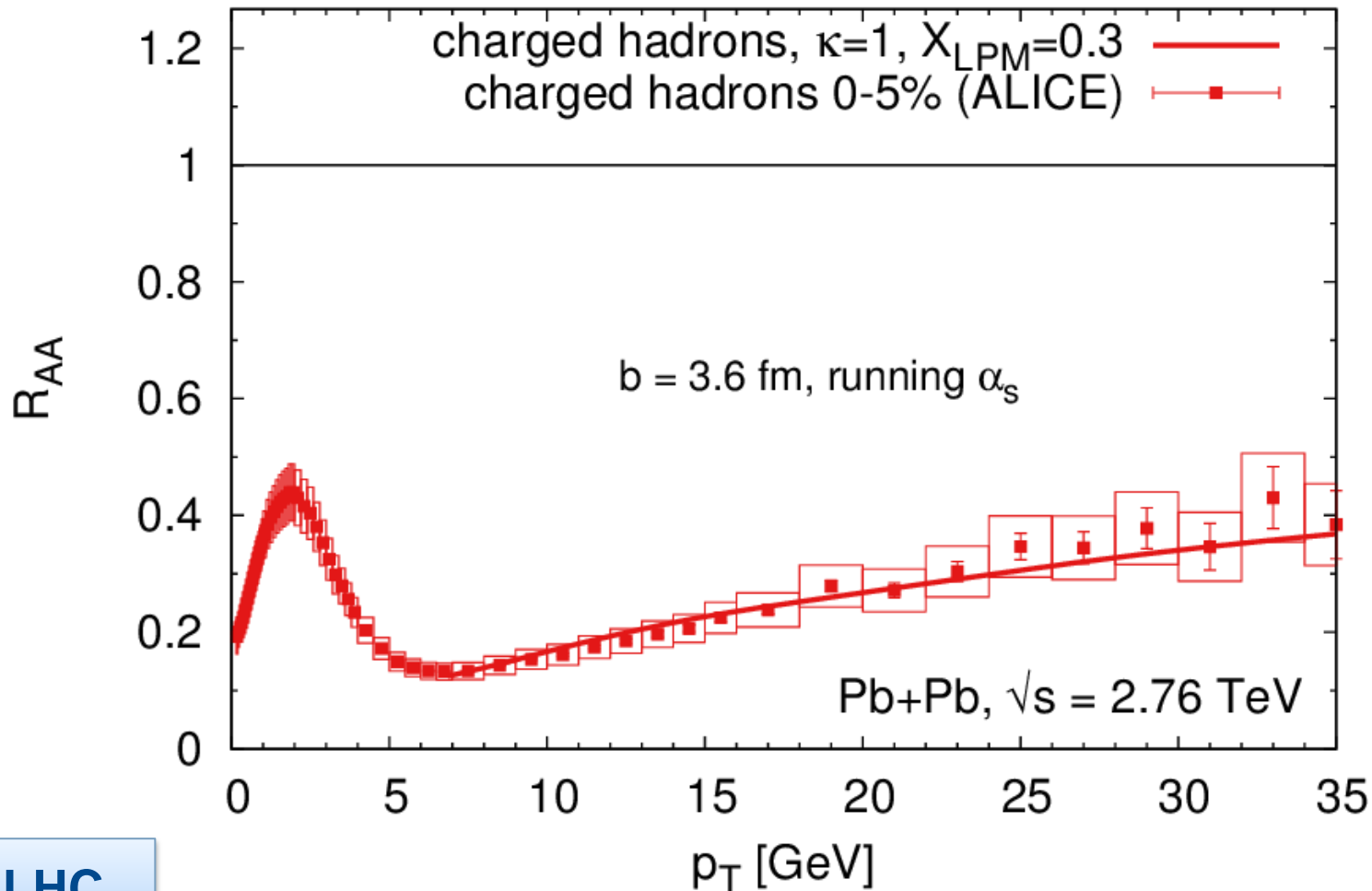
Further details in Phys. Lett. B 717, 430 (2012)  
and Phys. Rev. D88 (2013)



**Thank you for your attention.**

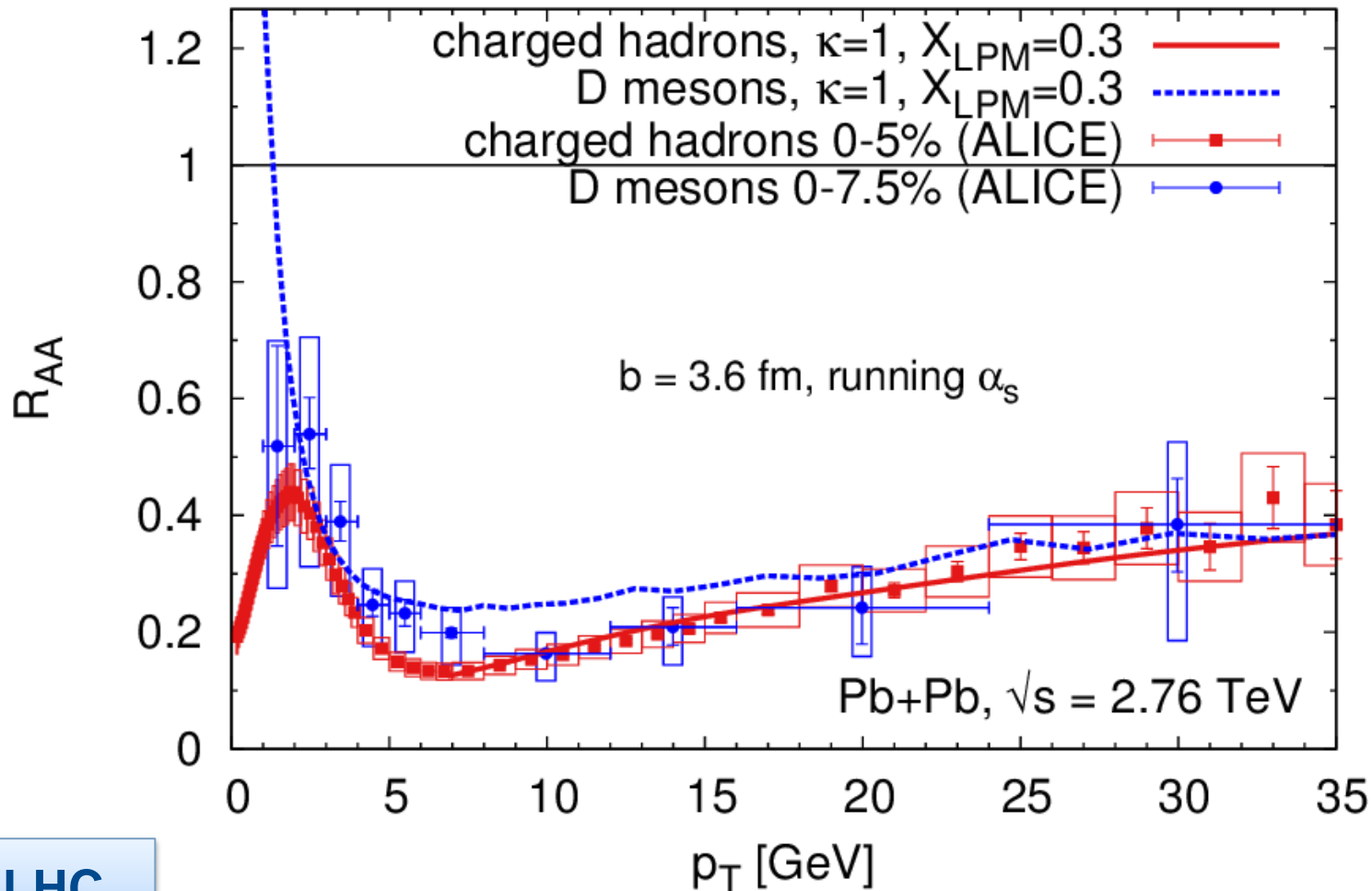


# Heavy flavor and charged hadron $R_{AA}$ at LHC



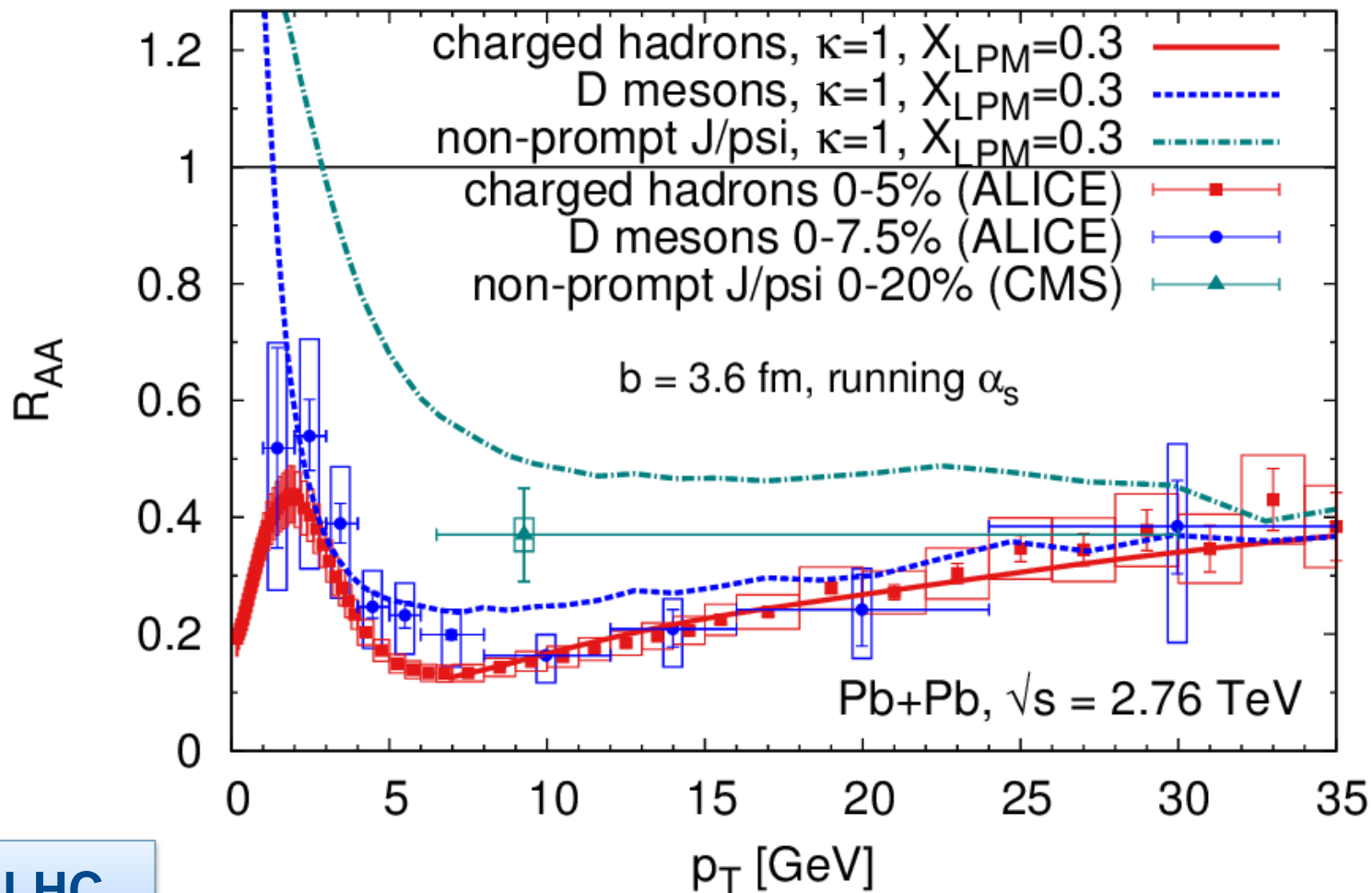
for more BAMPS results on light particles  
see talk by **Florian Senzel, Monday 5:30 pm, europium**

# Heavy flavor and charged hadron $R_{AA}$ at LHC



for more BAMPS results on light particles  
see talk by **Florian Senzel, Monday 5:30 pm, europium**

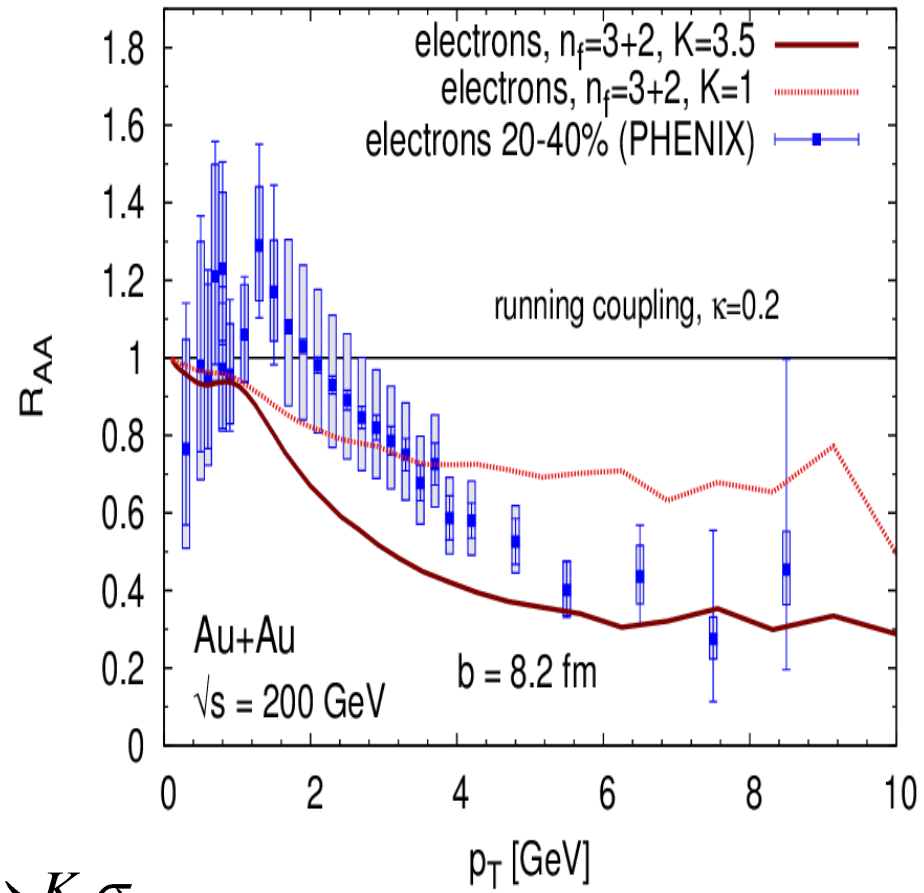
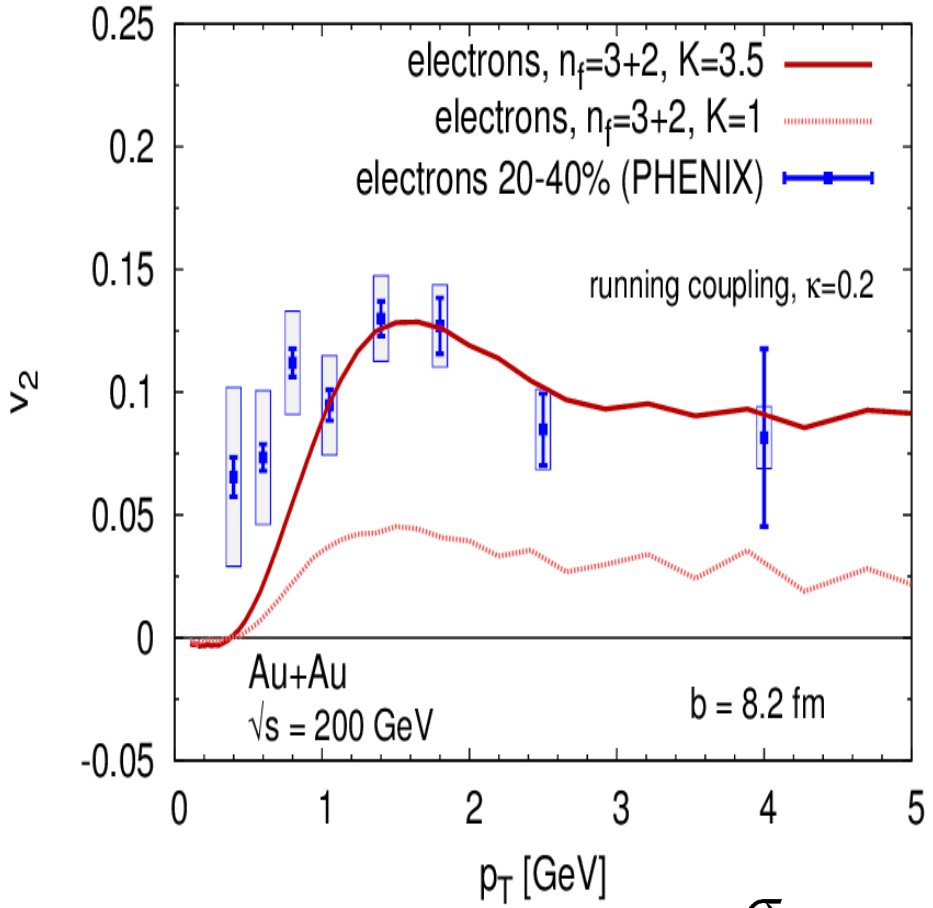
# Heavy flavor and charged hadron $R_{AA}$ at LHC



LHC

for more BAMPS results on light particles  
see talk by **Florian Senzel, Monday 5:30 pm, europium**

# Heavy quark $v_2$ and $R_{AA}$ at RHIC



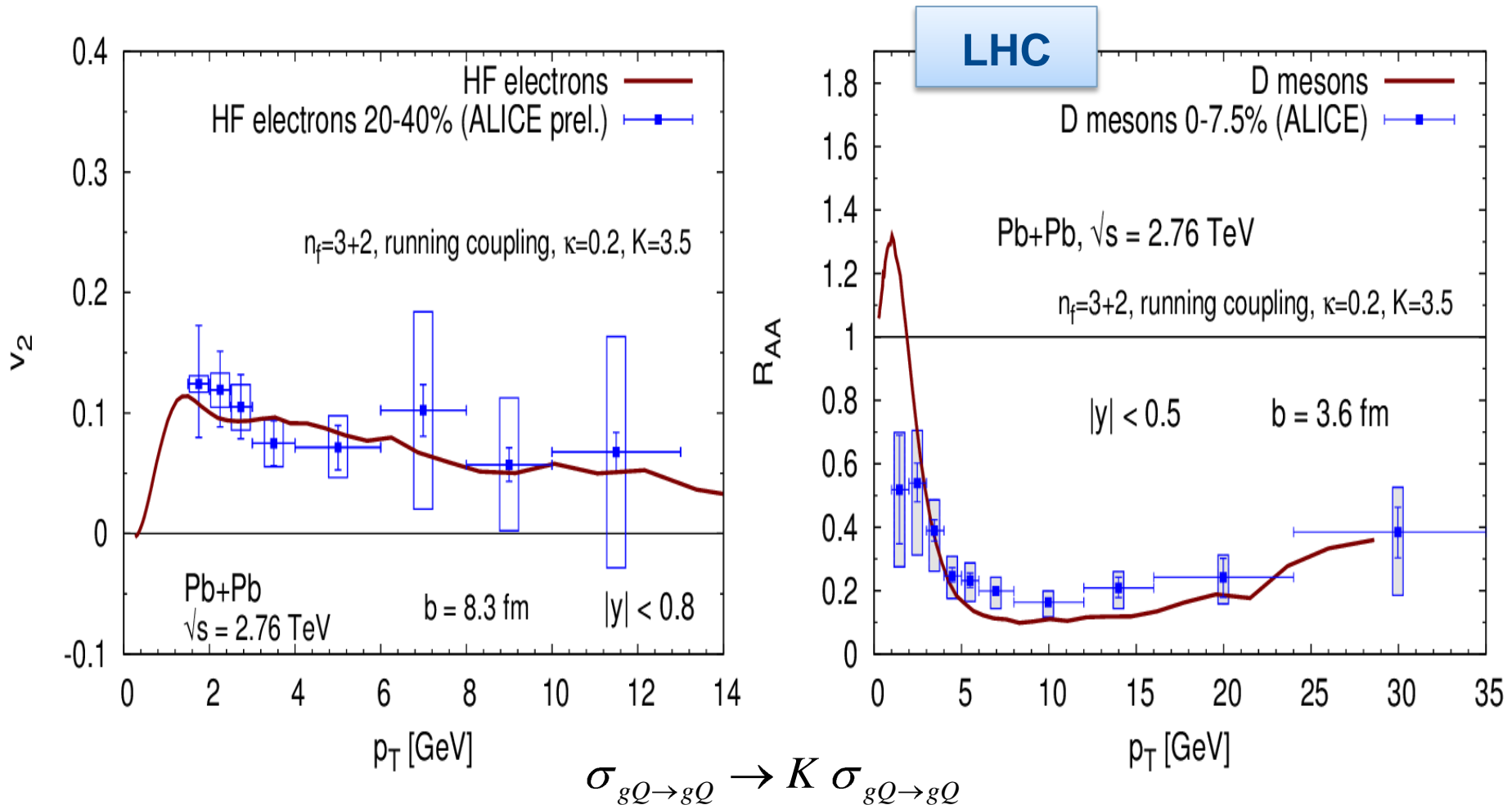
$$\sigma_{gQ \rightarrow gQ} \rightarrow K \sigma_{gQ \rightarrow gQ}$$

only elastic heavy quark processes

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner  
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

PHENIX data,  
Phys.Rev. C84 (2011)

# D meson $R_{AA}$ and electron $v_2$ at LHC

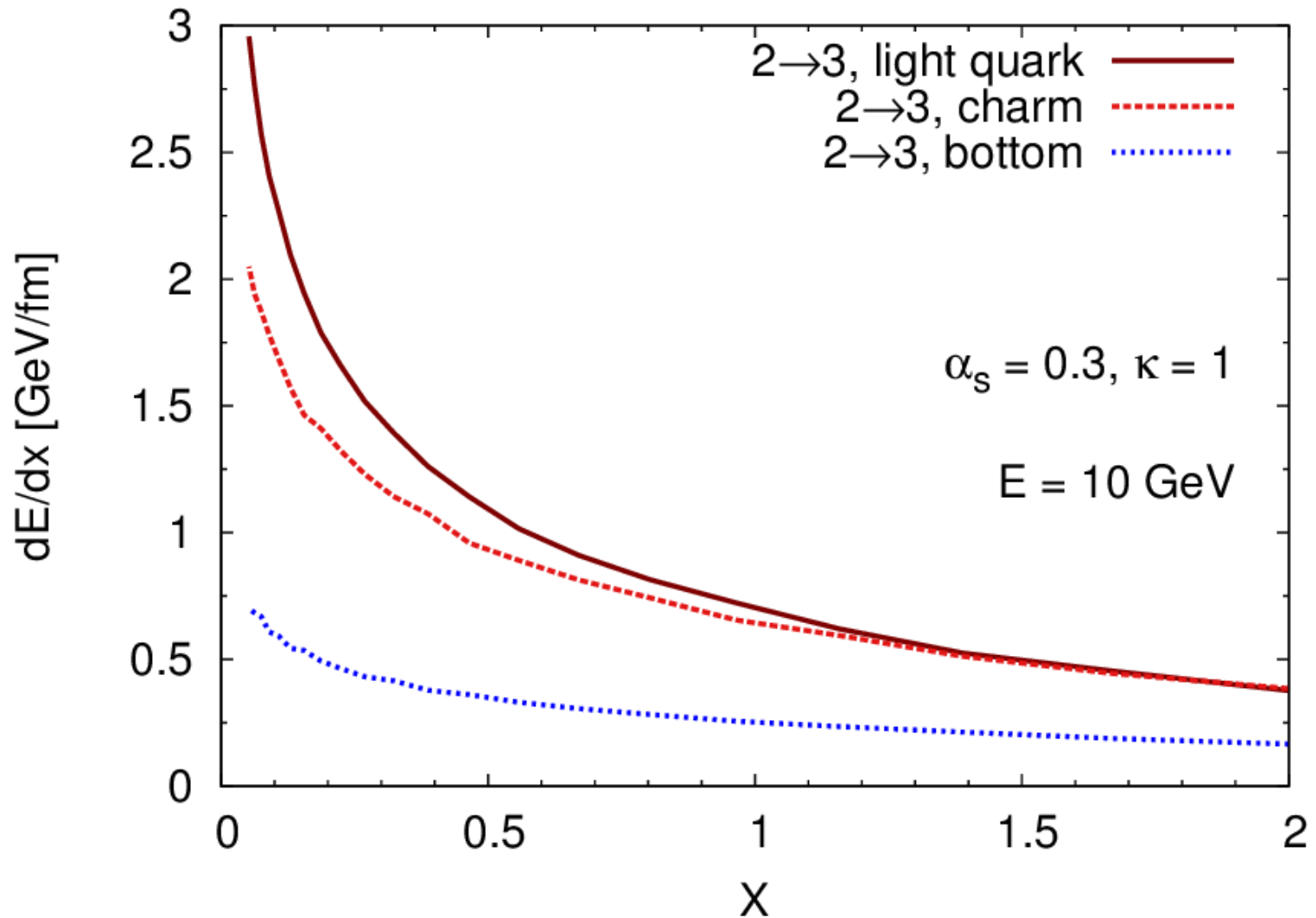


only elastic heavy quark processes

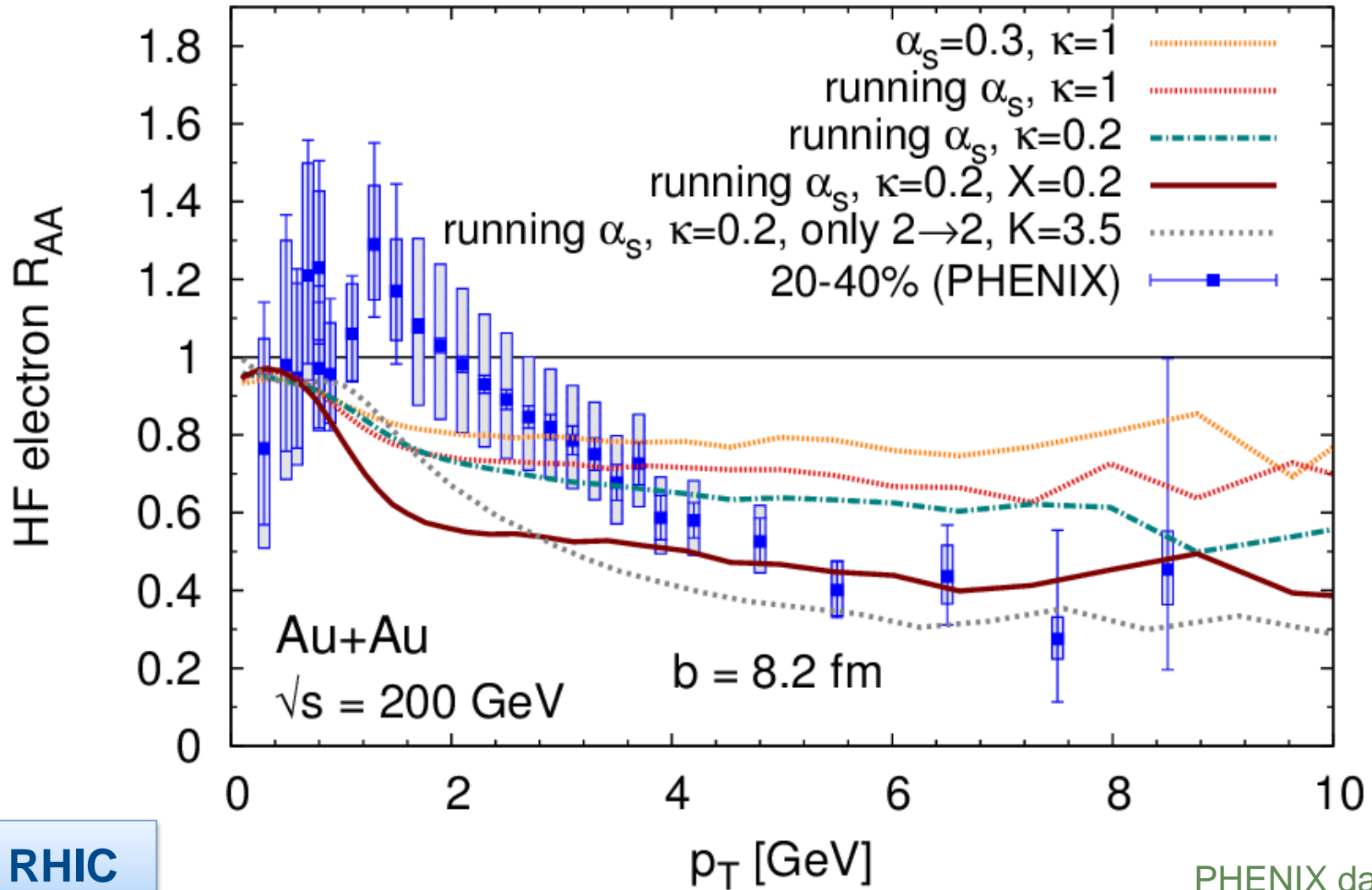
JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner  
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

ALICE data, QM12

# LPM: X dependence



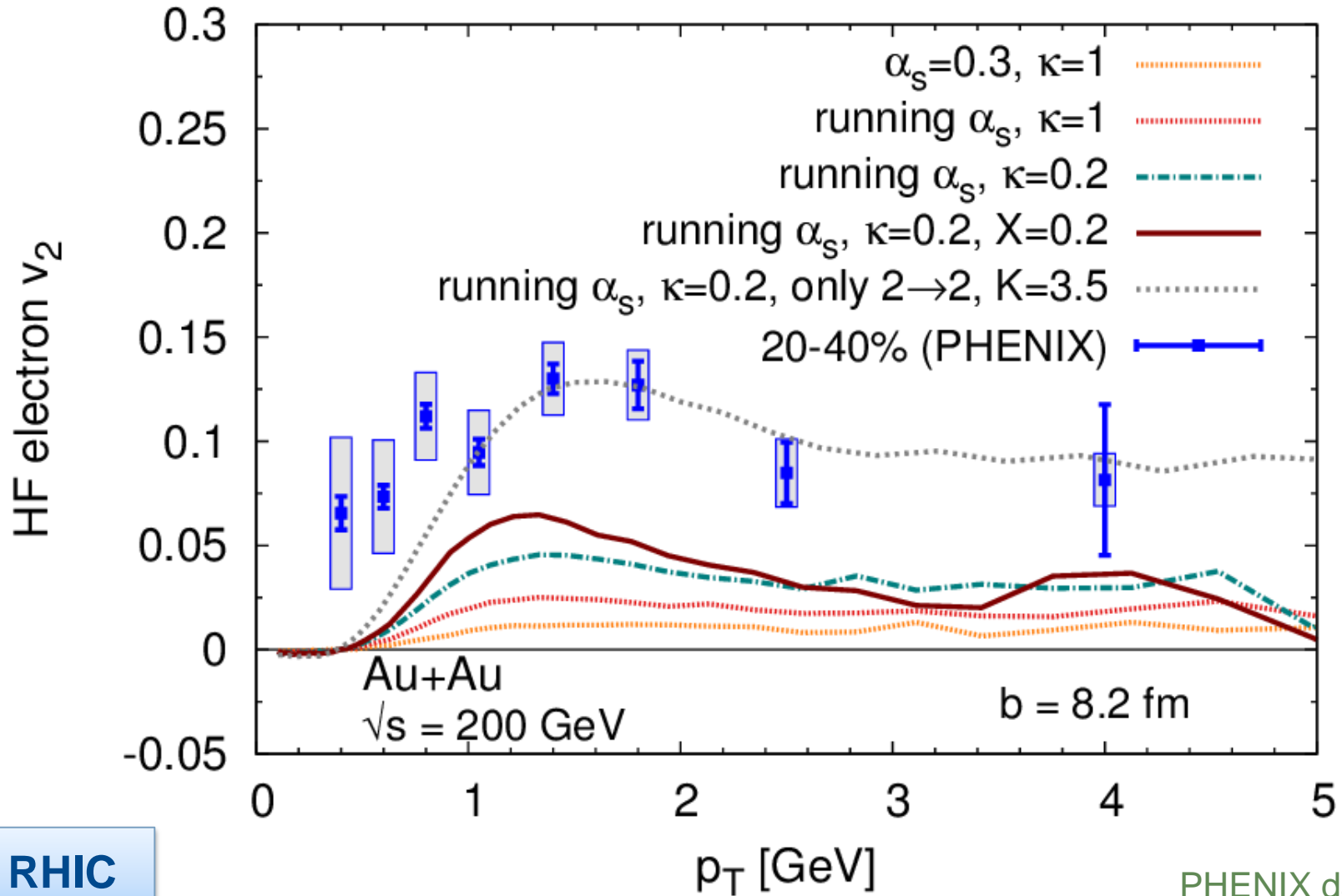
# Heavy quark $R_{AA}$ at RHIC



PHENIX data,  
Phys.Rev. C84 (2011)

RHIC

# Heavy quark $v_2$ at RHIC

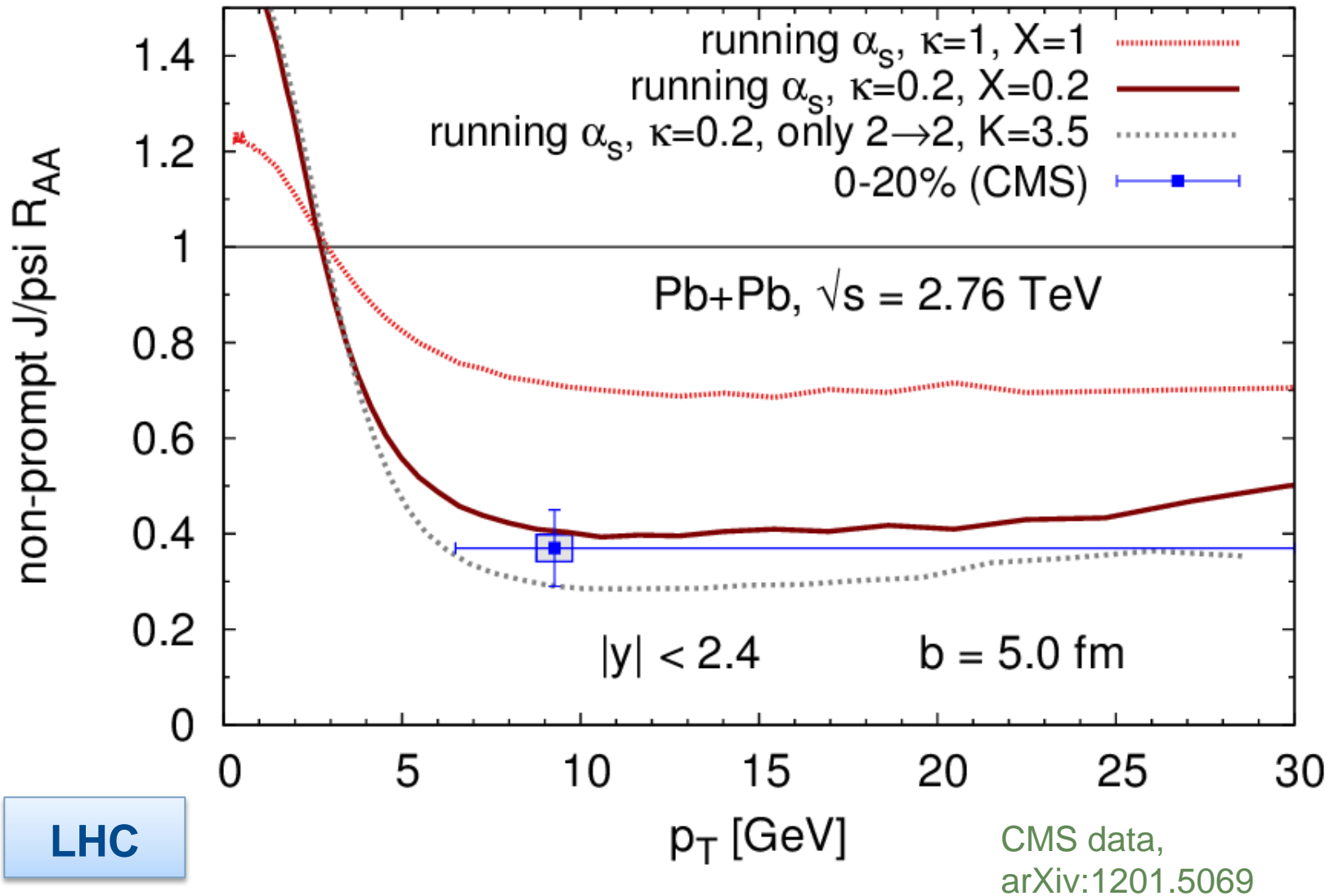


RHIC

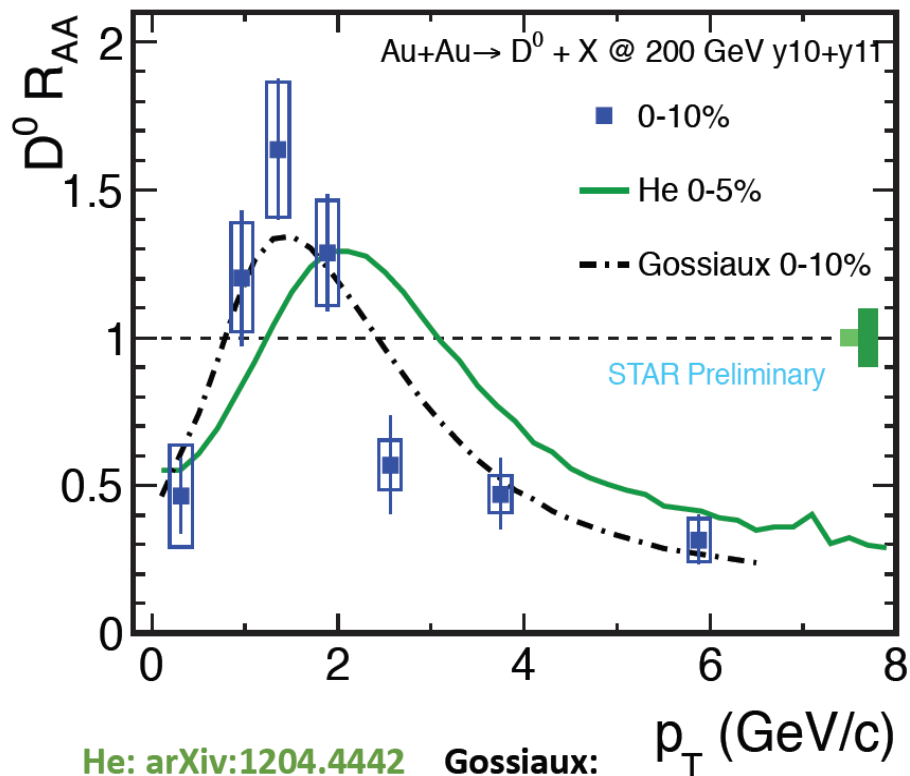
PHENIX data,  
Phys.Rev. C84 (2011)



# Non-prompt J/psi $R_{AA}$ at LHC



# D meson $R_{AA}$ from STAR



He: [arXiv:1204.4442](https://arxiv.org/abs/1204.4442)

Gossiaux:

[arXiv:1207.5445](https://arxiv.org/abs/1207.5445)

Boltzmann

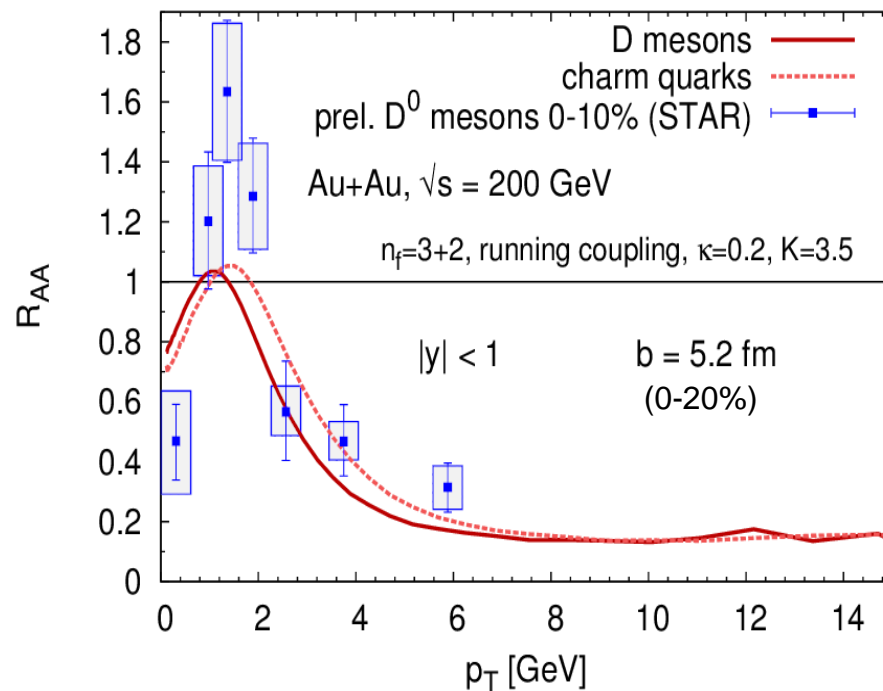
pQCD with running coupling

Focker-Planck

Resonance

recombination

RHIC



JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner

STAR data, QM 2012

# Fragmentation and Decay

- Peterson fragmentation

Peterson et al., Phys. Rev. D27 (1983)

$$D_{H/Q}(z) = \frac{N}{z \left(1 - \frac{1}{z} - \frac{\epsilon_Q}{1-z}\right)^2}$$

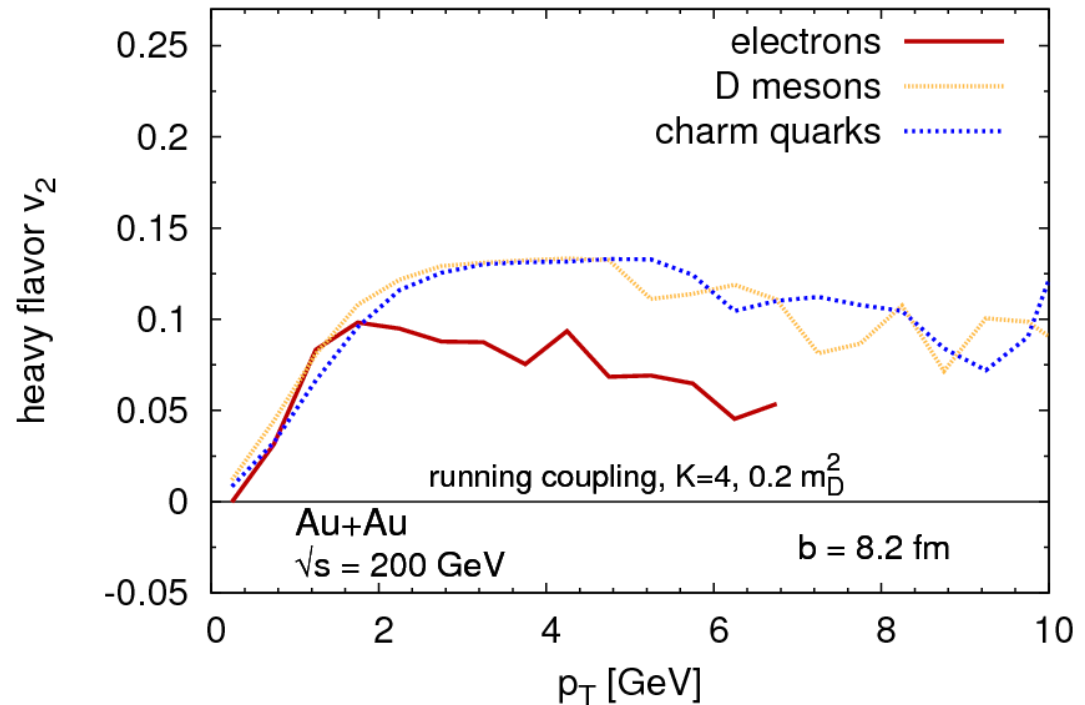
$$z = \frac{|\vec{p}_H|}{|\vec{p}_Q|}$$

$$\epsilon_c = 0.05$$

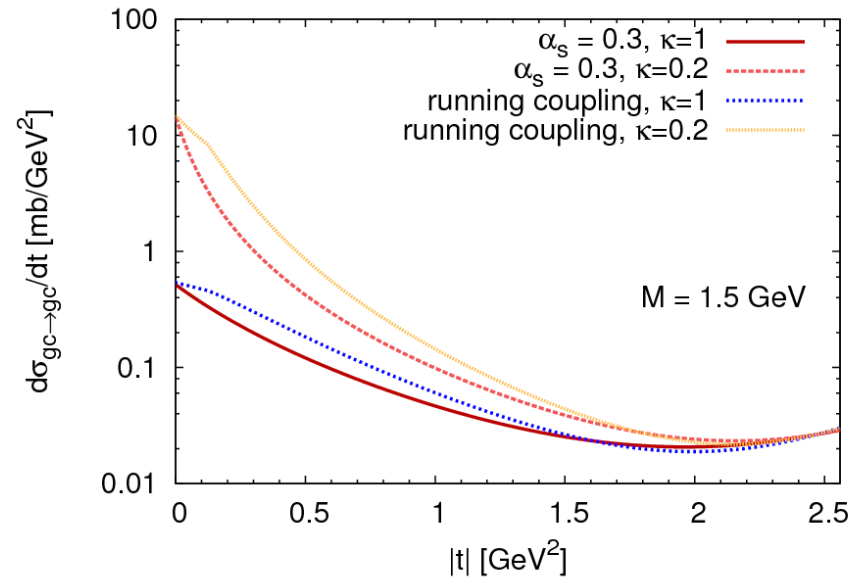
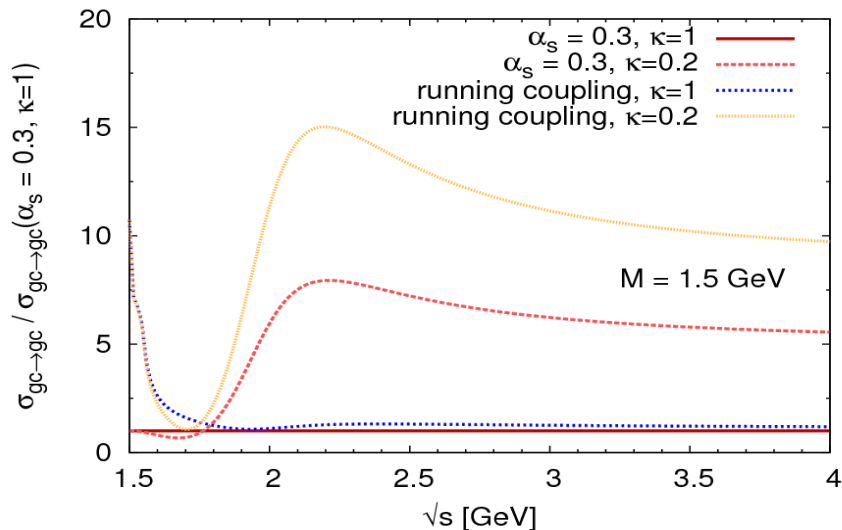
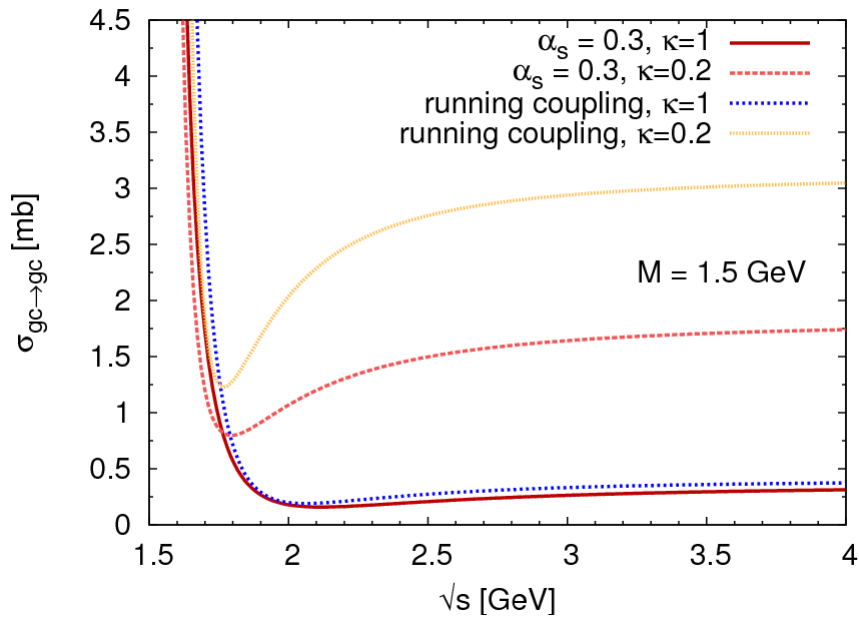
$$\epsilon_b = 0.005$$

- Decay to electrons with PYTHIA

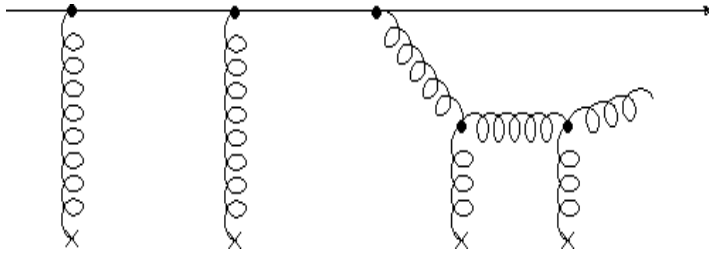
Impact of hadronization and decay small



# Heavy quark scattering cross section



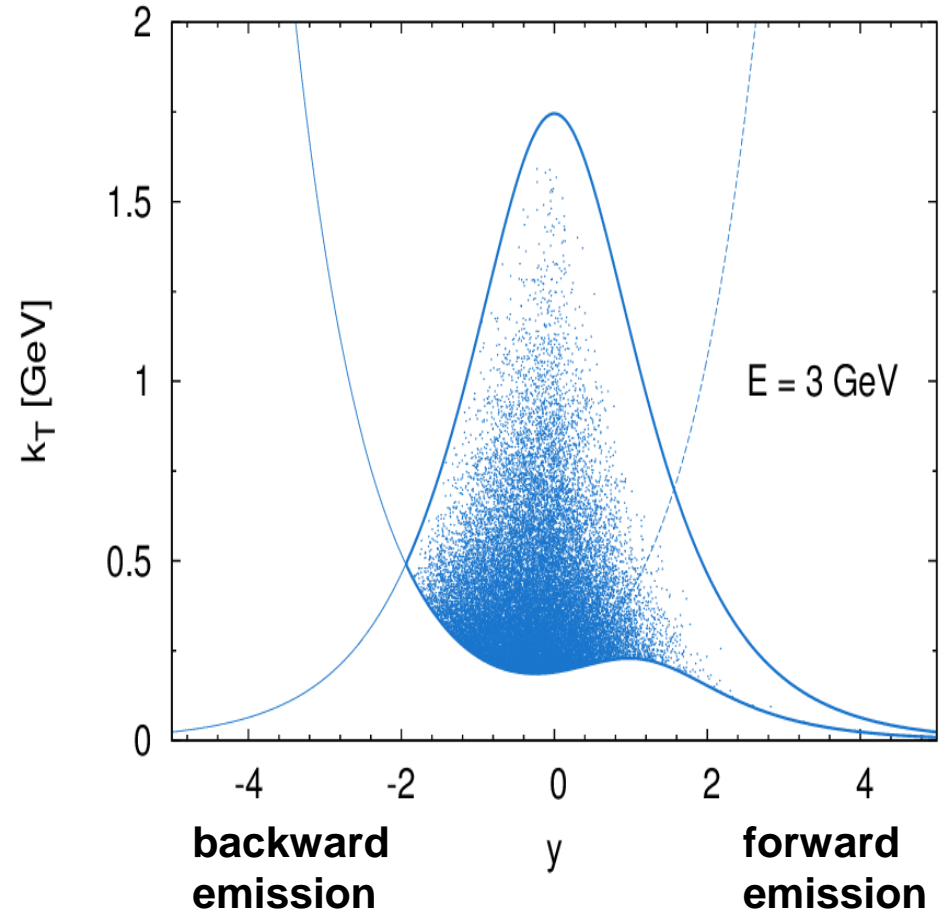
# LPM effect vs. dead cone effect



$$\lambda > \tau$$

2  $\rightarrow$  3 process only allowed if mean free path of jet larger than formation time of radiated gluon

 Independent scatterings



# Momentum imbalance $A_D$

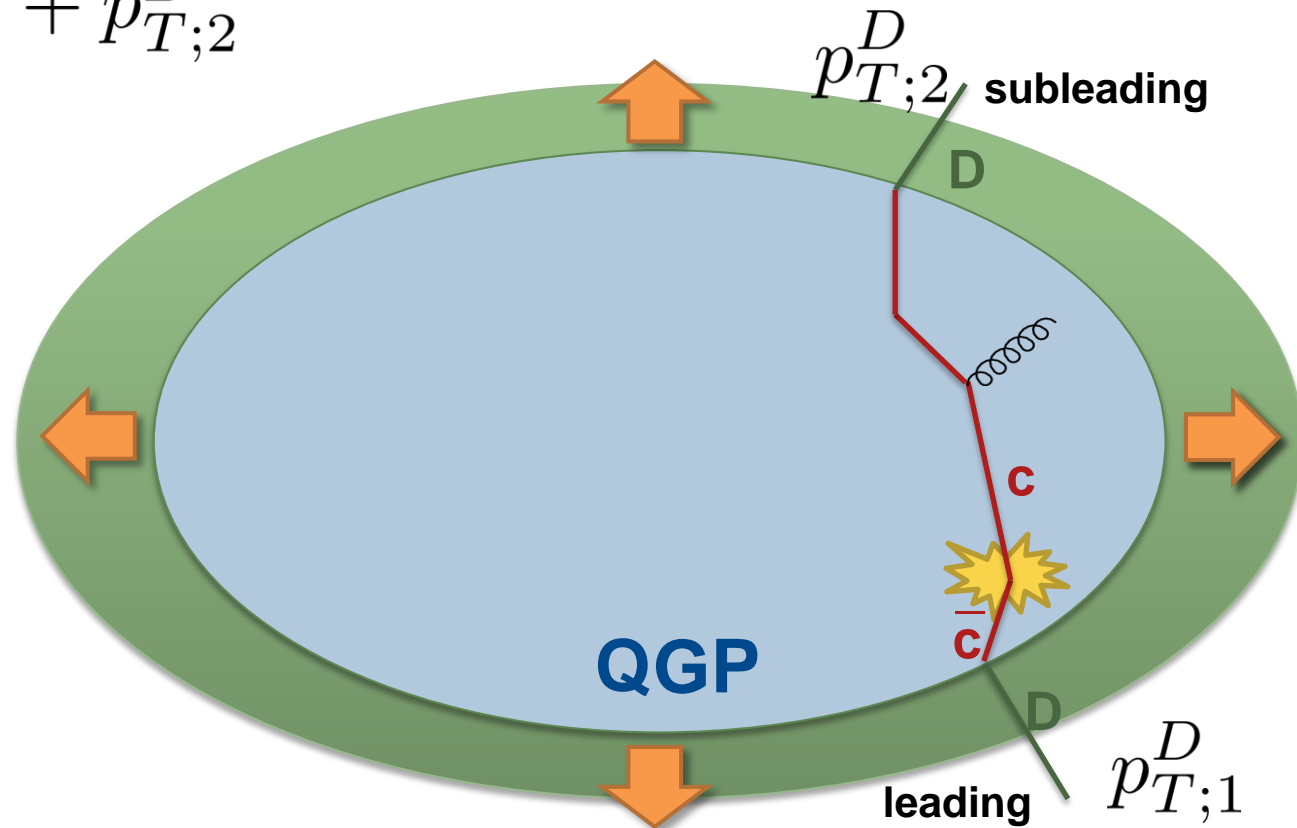
## D meson momentum imbalance

$$A_D = \frac{p_{T;1}^D - p_{T;2}^D}{p_{T;1}^D + p_{T;2}^D}$$

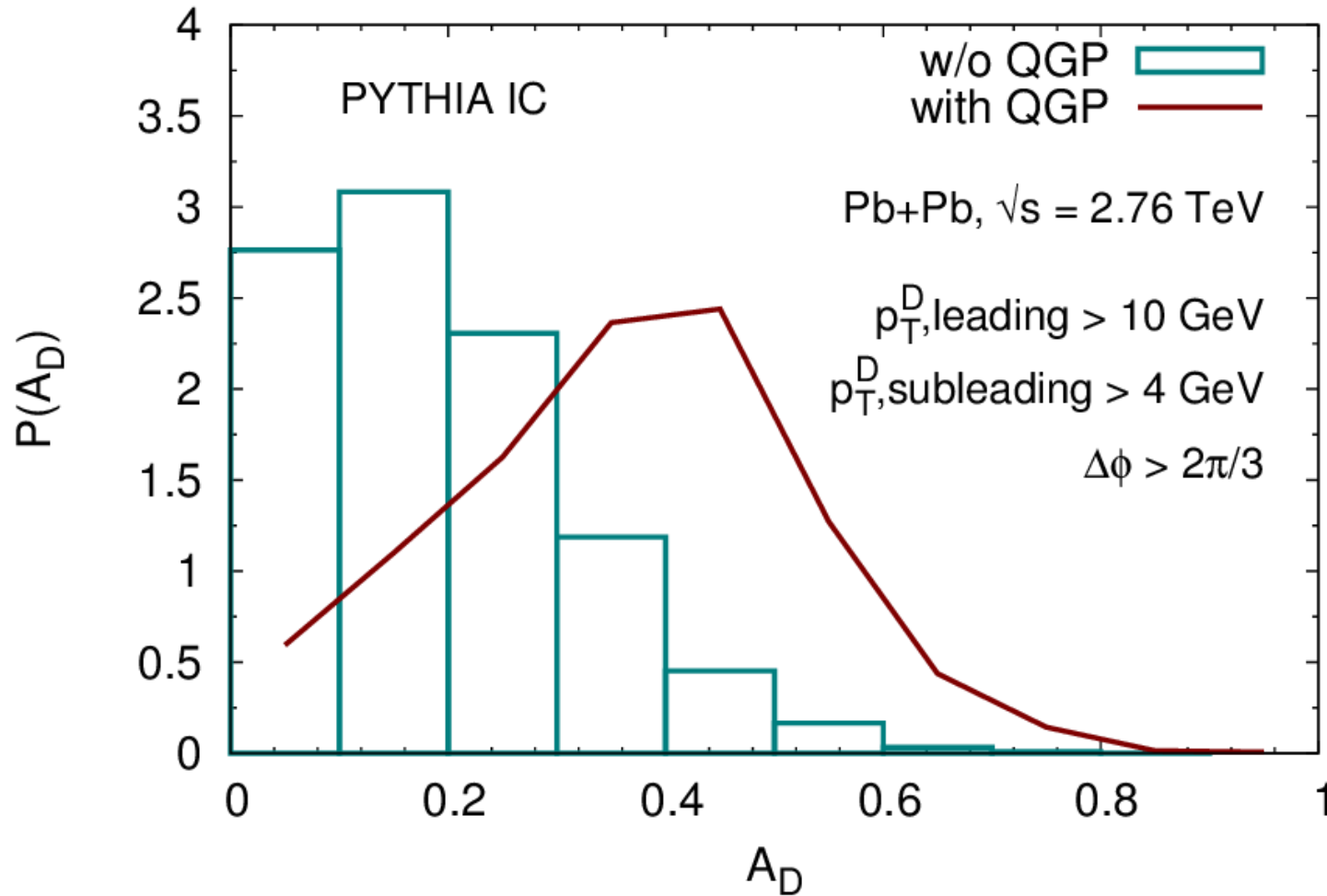
No jet  
reconstruction  
necessary

Analogous to

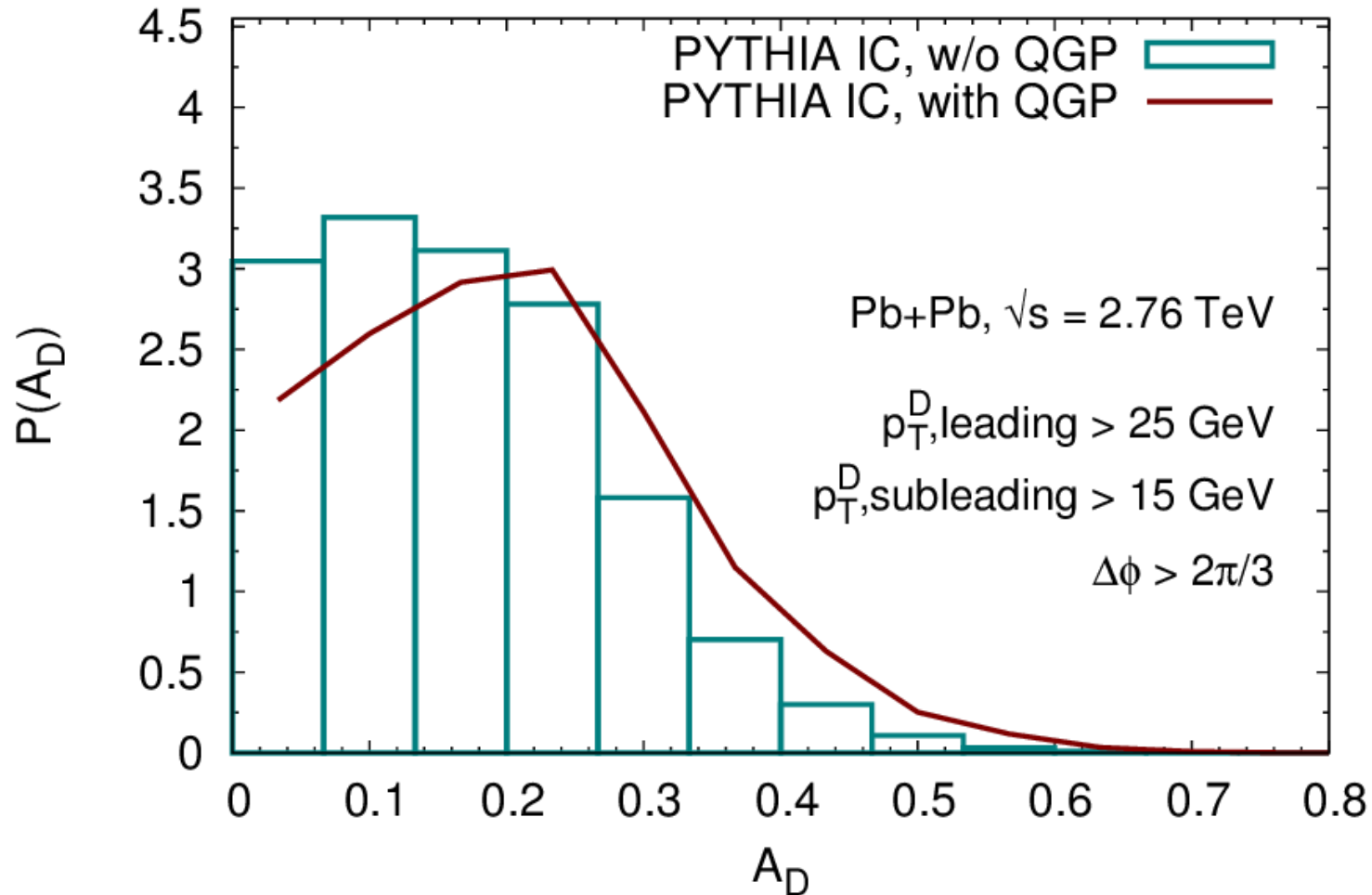
$$A_J = \frac{p_{T;1}^J - p_{T;2}^J}{p_{T;1}^J + p_{T;2}^J}$$



# Momentum imbalance $A_D$ for low triggers

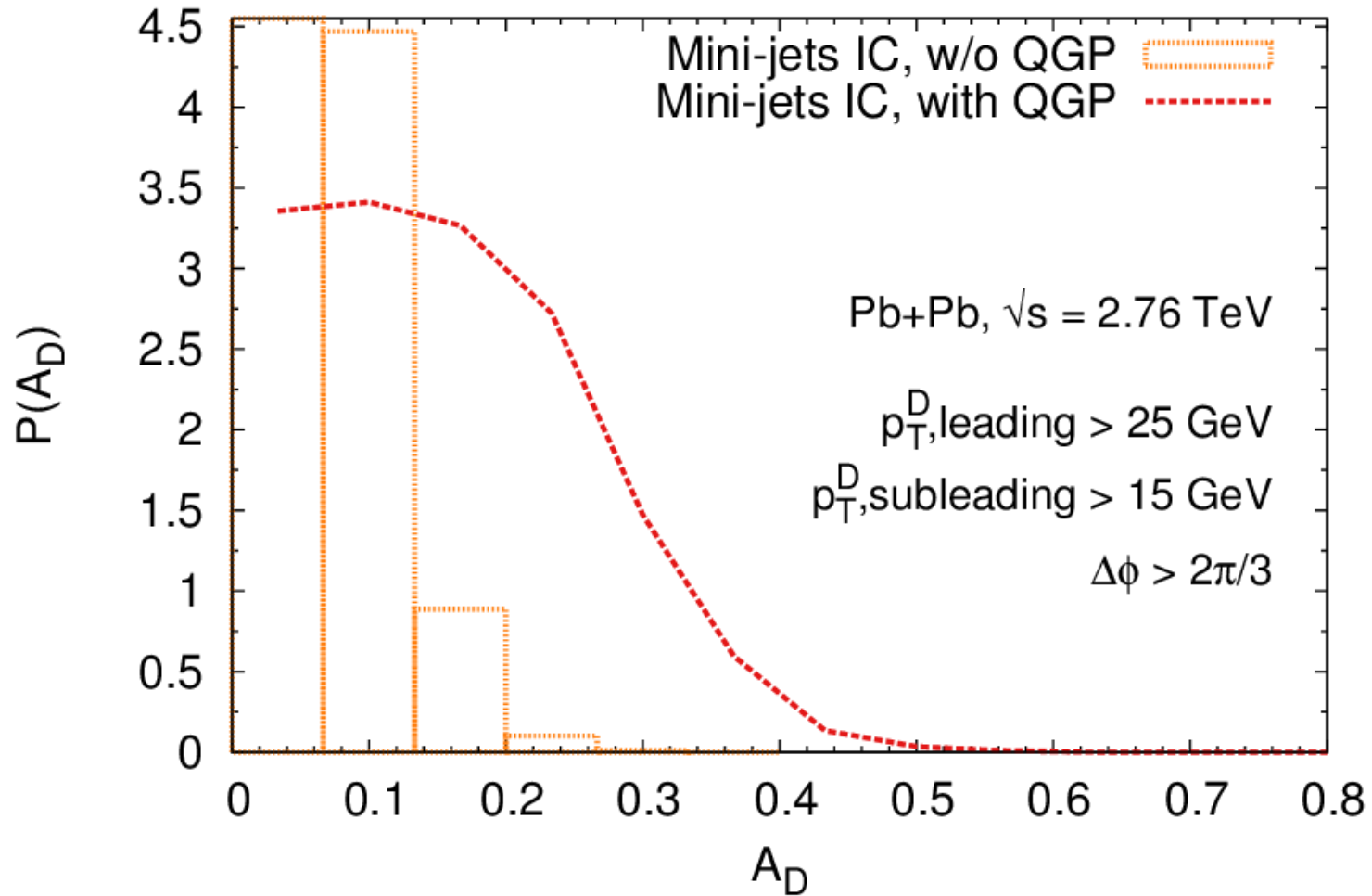


# $A_D$ for high triggers – PYTHIA





# $A_D$ for high triggers – Mini-jets



# Length imbalance

