

# Status of chemical investigation of Nh at IMP

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On behalf of the Nh collaboration



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PSI



Joint Institute for Nuclear  
Research

SCIENCE BRINGS NATIONS TOGETHER



中国科学院近代物理研究所  
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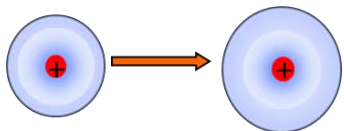
# Background

## Chemistry of SHEs

Periodic Table of Elements

1 IA																	18 VIIIA	
1 H	2 IIA											13 IIIA	14 IVA	15 VA	16 VIA	17 VIIA	2 He	
3 Li	4 Be											5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne	
11 Na	12 Mg	3 IIIB	4 IVB	5 VB	6 VIB	7 VIIB	8 VIII B		9	10	11 IB	12 IIB	13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr	
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe	
55 Cs	56 Ba	57-71 La-Lu	72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 Tl	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn	
87 Fr	88 Ra	89-103 Ac-Lr	104 Rf	105 Db	106 Sg	107 Bh	108 Hs					112 Cn						
									109 Mt			110 Ds	111 Rg					
												113 Nh	114 Fl	115 Mc	116 Lv	117 Ts	118 Og	

$$m = m_0 \left[ (1 - (v/c)^2) \right]^{-1/2}$$

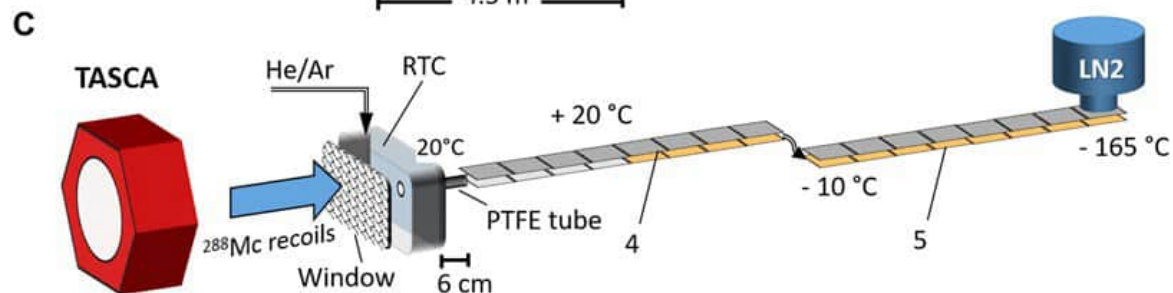
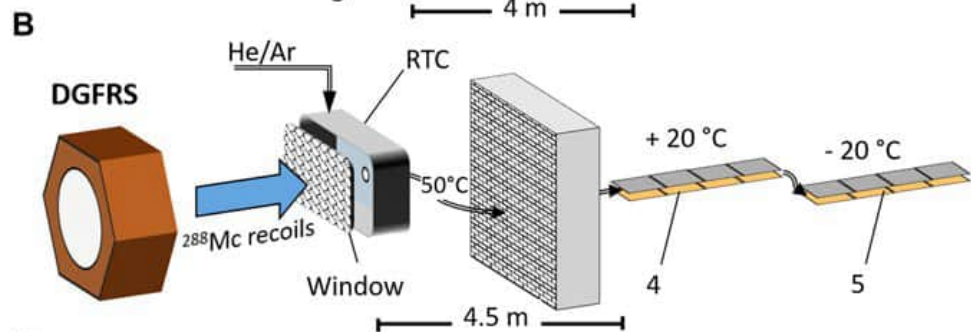
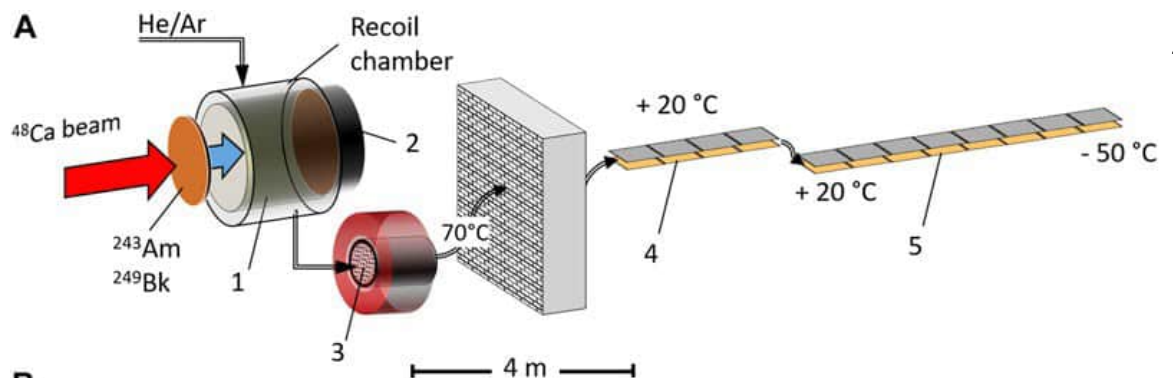


*Relativistic effects on SHEs?*



## Previous chemical study with Nh

(I): Dubna & GSI, 2014~2017



### A. Dubna (*Mendeleev Commun.* **24**, 2014)

- $^{48}\text{Ca}+^{243}\text{Am}$ , U-400+RTC, **5 events**
- Confirmed the synthesis of E115 and E113 by  $^{48}\text{Ca}+^{243}\text{Am}$
- **No physical pre-separation, high background**
- **$-\Delta H > 60$  kJ/mol**

### B. Dubna (*Eur. Phys. J. A.* **53**, 2017)

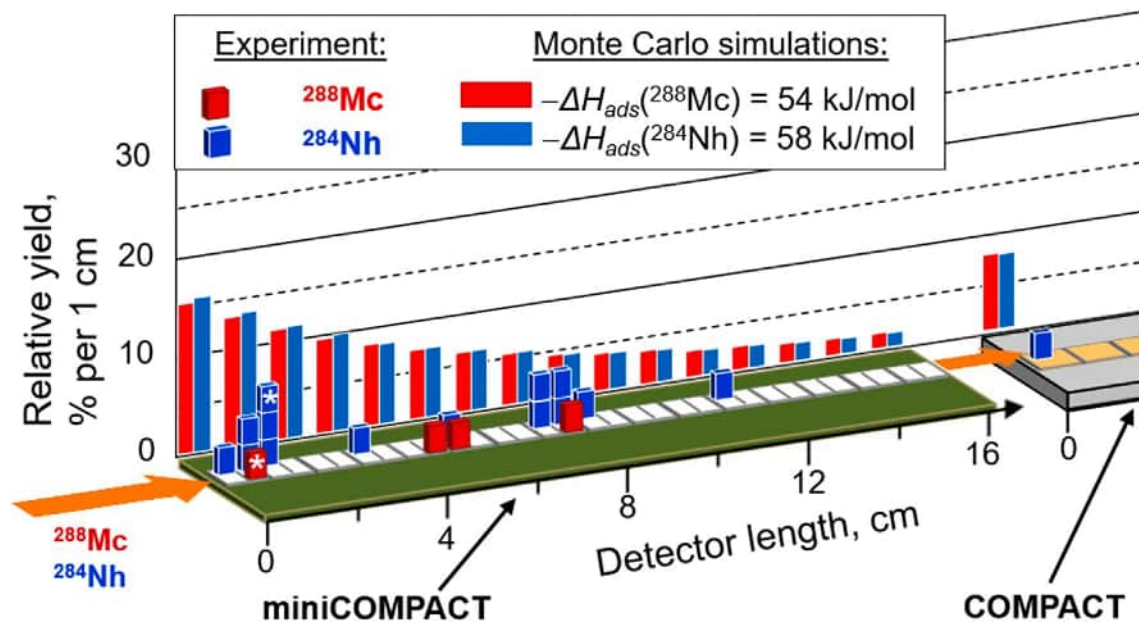
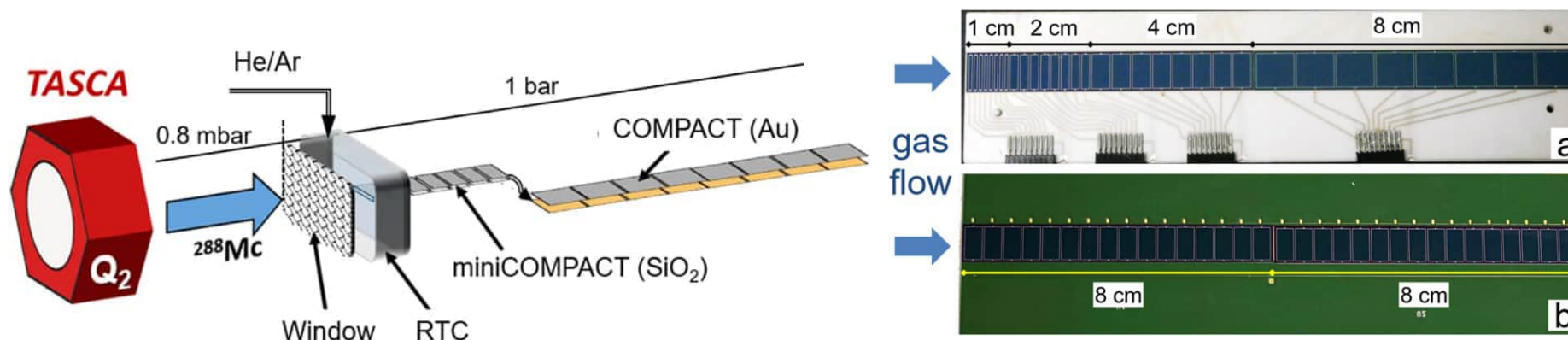
- $^{48}\text{Ca}+^{243}\text{Am}$ , U-400 + **DGFRS** + RTC, **0 events**
- **PTFE capillary (4.5 m)**
- **$-\Delta H > 45$  kJ/mol**

### C. GSI (*Frontiers in Chemistry* **9**, 2021)

- $^{48}\text{Ca}+^{243}\text{Am}$ , **TASCA** + RTC, 20 days, **0 events**
- **PTFE capillary (6 cm)**
- **$-\Delta H > 50$  kJ/mol**

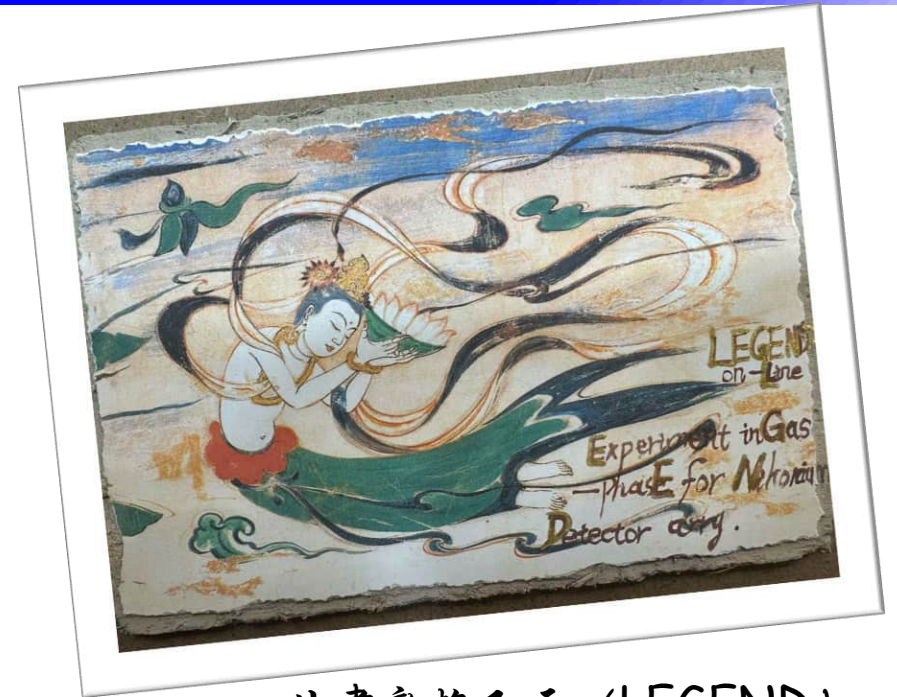
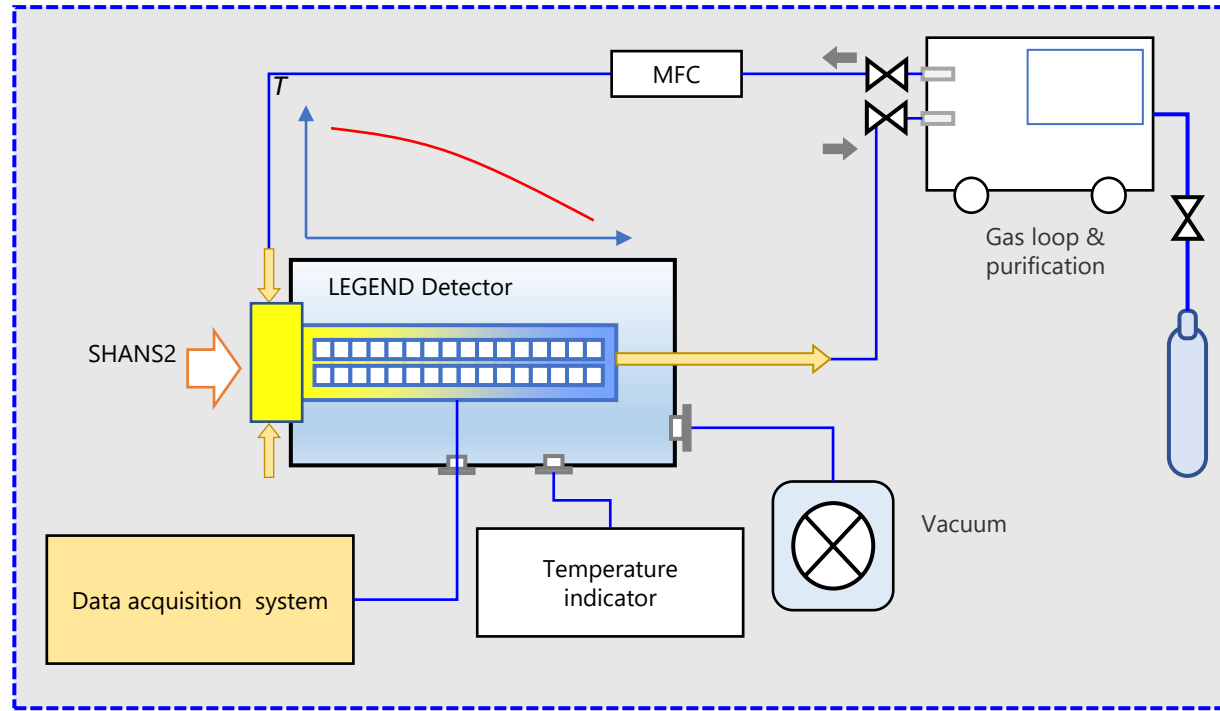
## Previous chemical study with Nh

(II): GSI, 2020~2024 (*Frontiers in Chemistry* **12**, 2024)



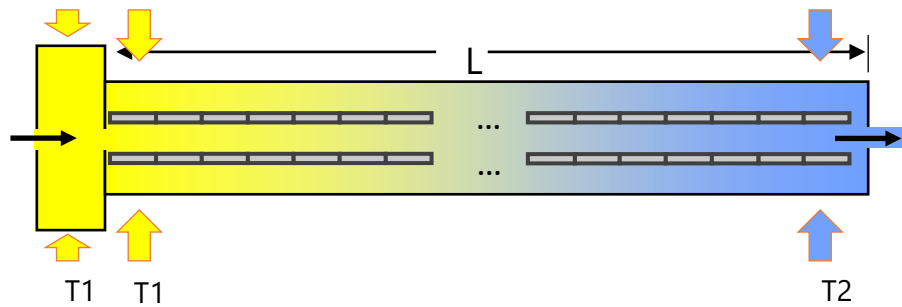
No Teflon capillary! 18 long decay chains of Nh within 6 weeks  $\approx$  40%

## LEGEND: on-Line Experiment in Gas-phase for Nihonium Detector array

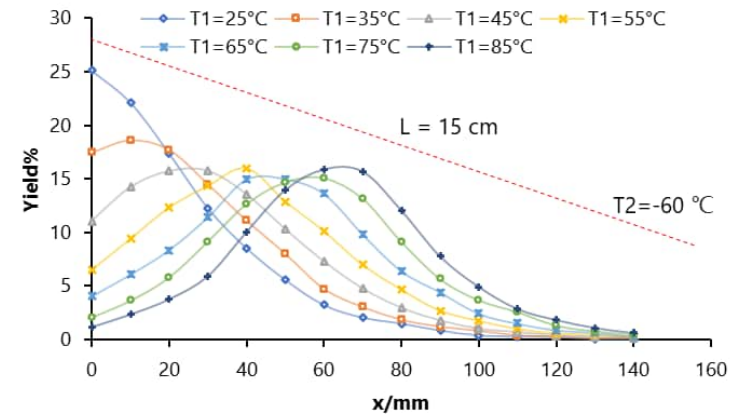


甘肃敦煌飞天 (LEGEND)

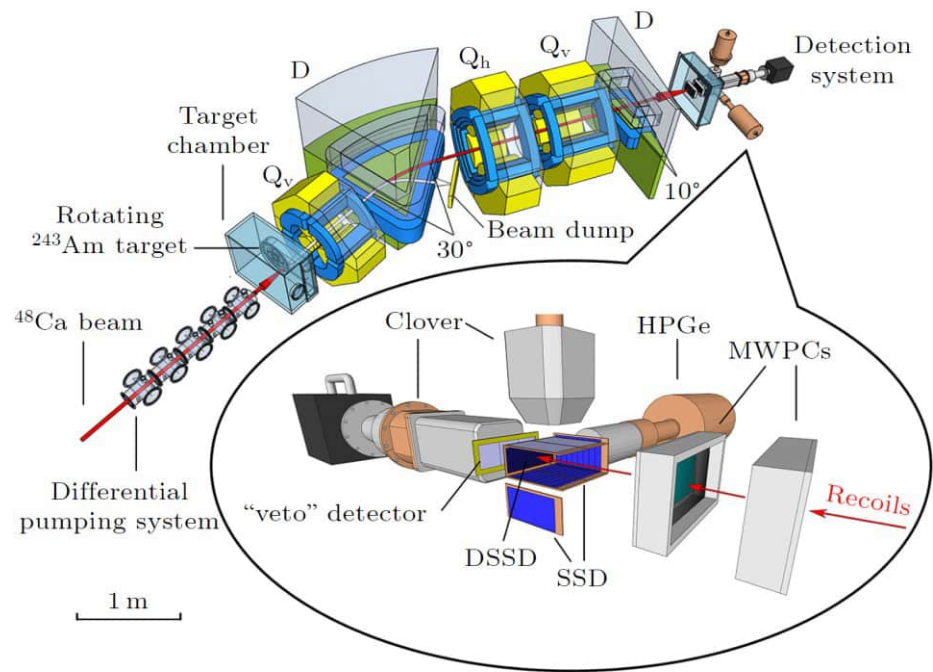
### Legend with temperature gradient



### Monte Carlo simulation [ $-\Delta H_{ads}(Nh) = 58 \text{ kJ/mol}$ ]



## Superheavy elements research facility @ IMP

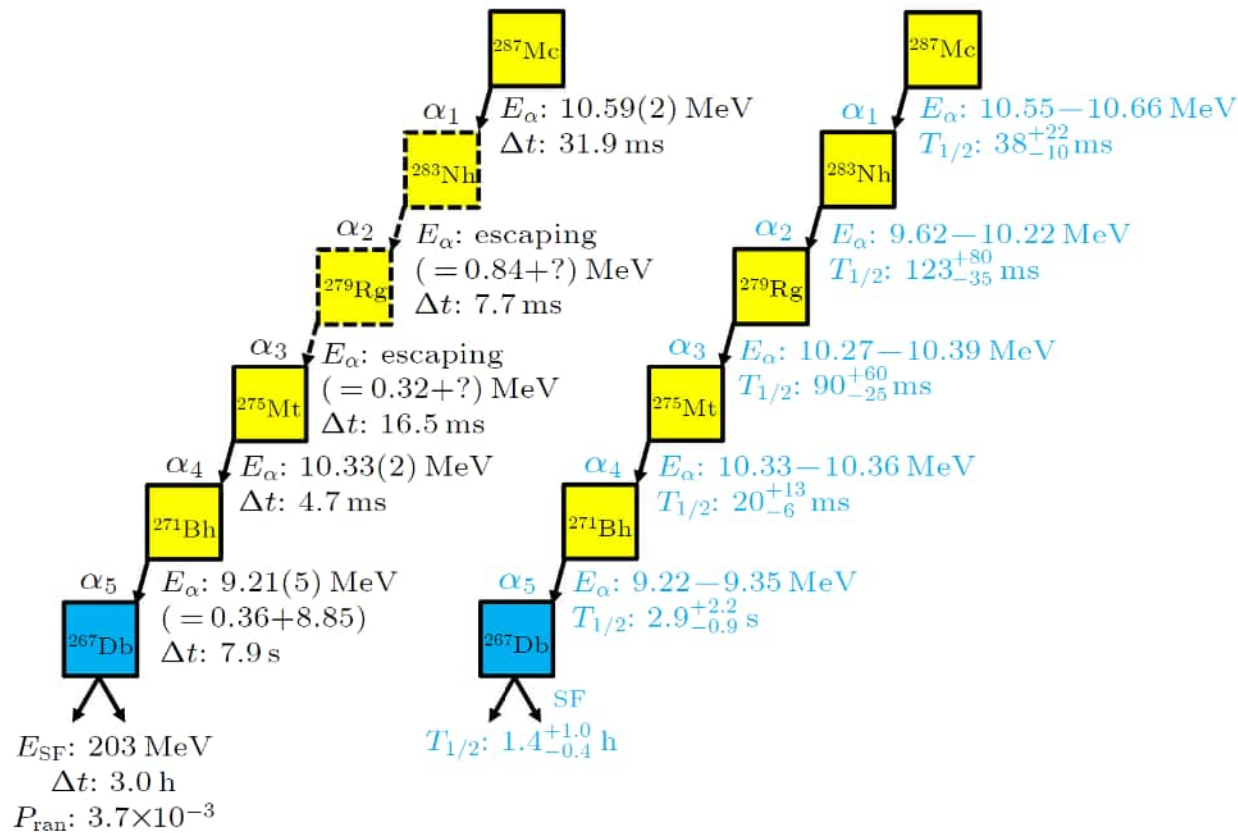


**Table 1.** The year of run, number of used targets ( $N_{\text{target}}$ ), target thickness, energy (laboratory-frame) of  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  in the middle of the target layer, resulting excitation energy intervals (with use of mass table<sup>[32,33]</sup>), magnetic rigidity of the dipole magnets, total beam doses, number of chains assigned to  $^{288}\text{Mc}$  (3n) and  $^{287}\text{Mc}$  (4n), and the corresponding cross sections.

Year of run	$N_{\text{target}}$	Target thickness (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	$E_{\text{lab}}$ (MeV) <sup>a</sup>	$E^*$ (MeV) <sup>b</sup>	$B\rho$ (Tm)	Beam dose $\times 10^{17}$	No. of chains 3n/4n	$\sigma_{3n}$ (pb)	$\sigma_{4n}$ (pb)
2023	4	0.57(6) <sup>c</sup>	241.6	33.1–36.4	2.102/2.091	8.8	5/0	$6.1_{-3.0}^{+4.1}$	
2024	10	0.48(5) <sup>c</sup>	240.2	32.2–34.9	2.100/2.096	3.9	4/0	$13.0_{-7.1}^{+10.2}$	
			242.7	34.2–37.0	2.093	7.8	3/1	$4.9_{-3.0}^{+4.6}$	$1.6_{-1.4}^{+3.8}$
			235.0	27.7–30.6	2.095	4.8	0/0	<4.7	
2025	10	0.50(5) <sup>c</sup>	238.1	30.2–33.2	2.095	6.0	3/0	$6.1_{-3.7}^{+5.7}$	
			240.2	32.0–34.9	2.095	7.3	3/0	$5.0_{-3.1}^{+4.7}$	
			244.3	35.3–38.3	2.095	8.8	2/0	$2.8_{-1.9}^{+3.7}$	
			248.4	38.9–41.7	2.095	8.2	0/0	<2.7	

Chain #1 (run 242.7 MeV)  
 $E_{\text{imp}}$ : 9.83 MeV  
 StripX: 62, StripY: 13  
 2024-10-15

Known data reported by FLNR



“Recent results of SHANS2”  
 Zaiguo Gan, 19<sup>th</sup> May 2026

# Contents

01 Background

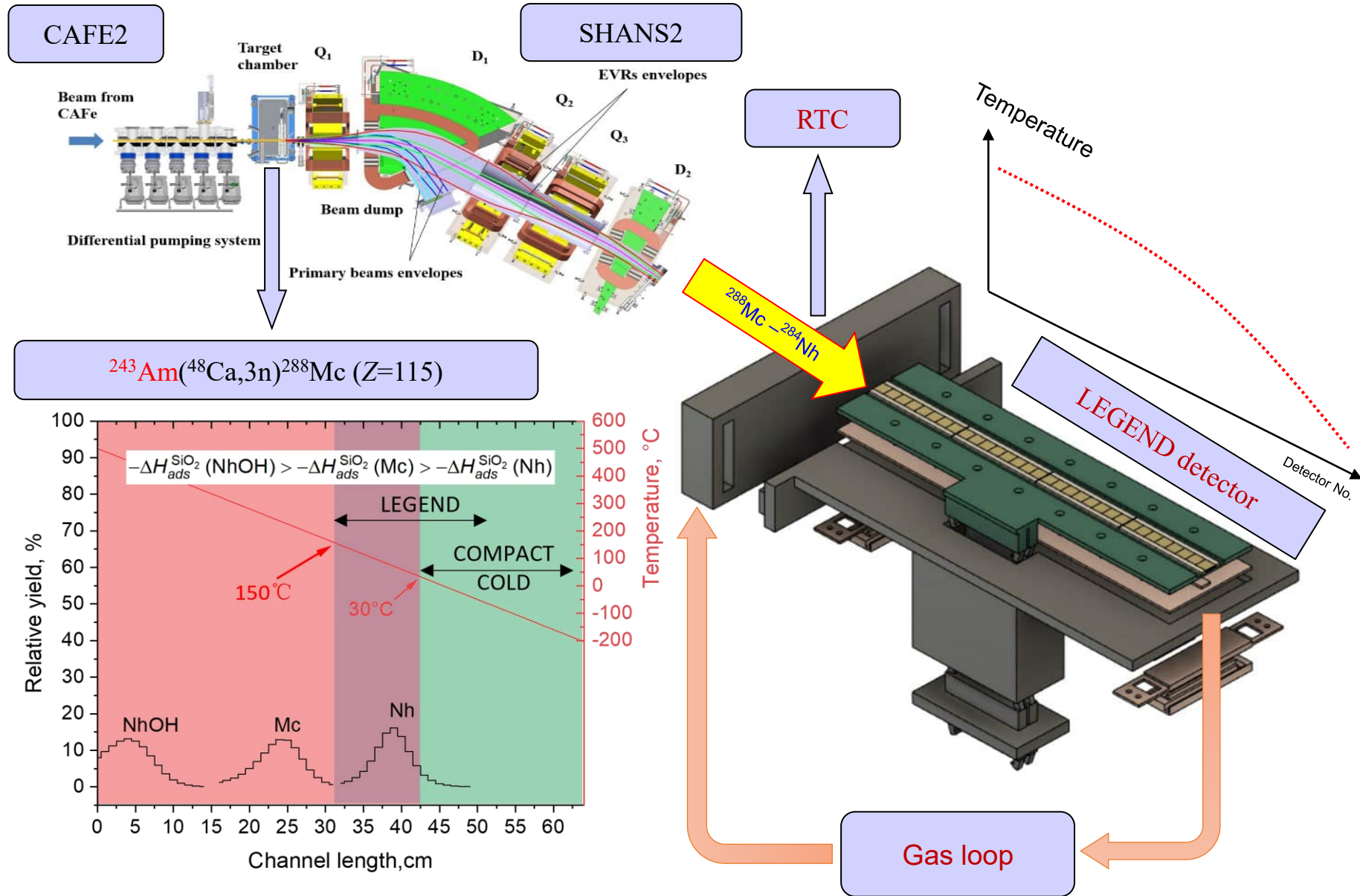
02 **Development of the LEGEND system**

03 First experiment of Nh at IMP

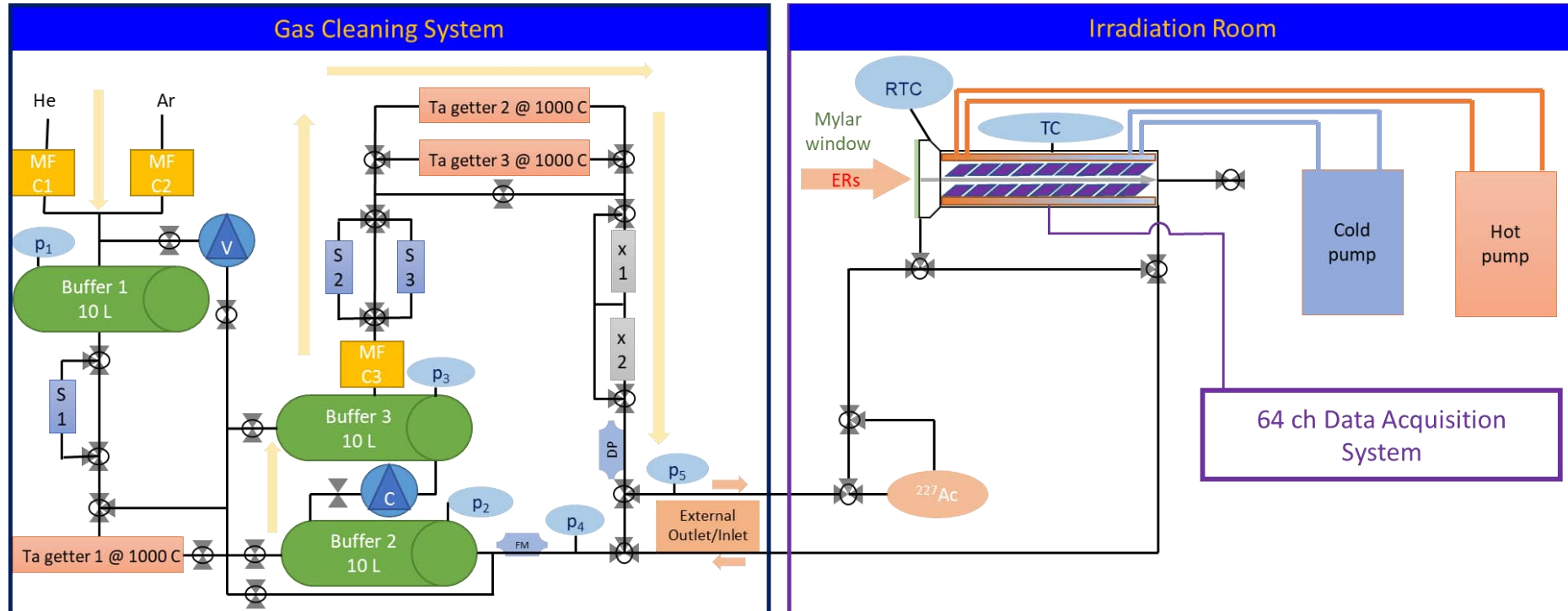
04 Upgrading of the LEGEND system

05 Summary

## Production and identification of Nh



## LEGEND system



### 1. Gas Cleaning system

Gas purification and circulation loop (remove  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,.....)

### 2. Vacuum Window

Mylar foils, honeycomb-hole grids (high transparency)

### 3. RTC

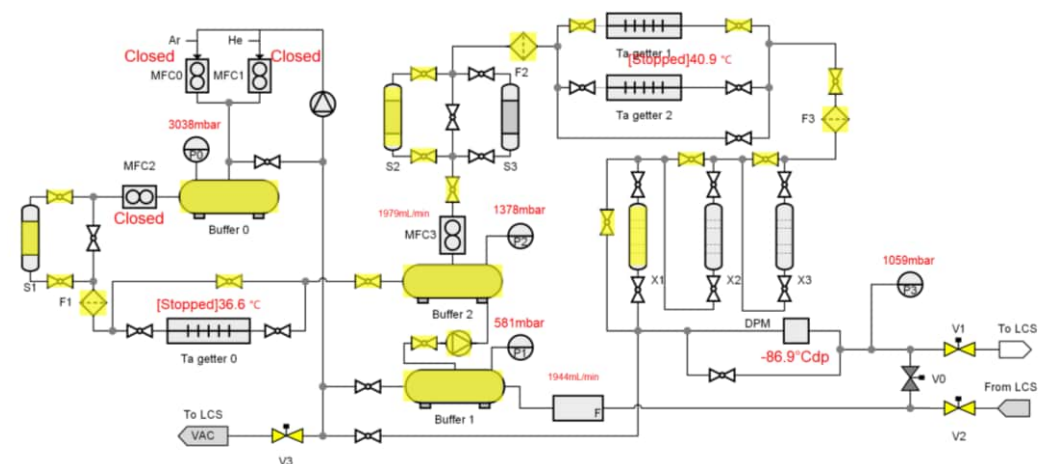
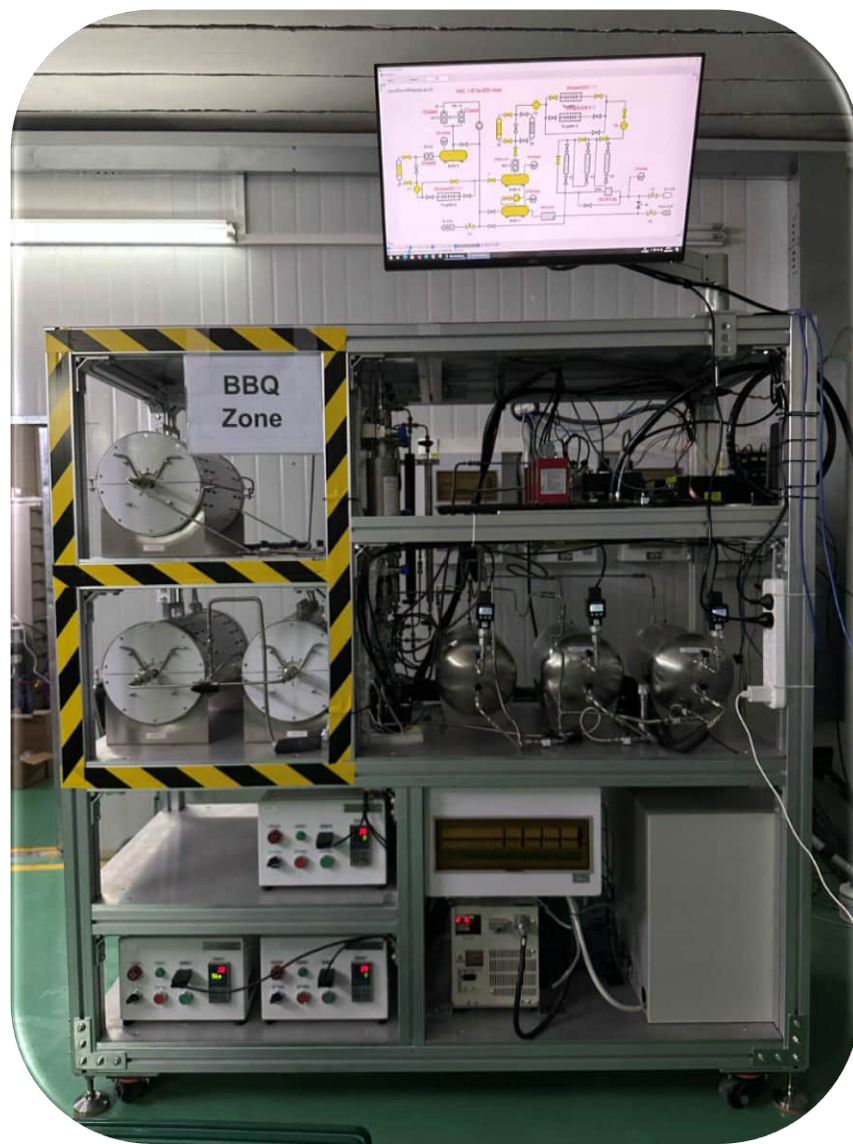
Small volume with high efficacy (short transport time)

### 4. TC

Direct connected with RTC (Si-detectors array with negative temperature gradient)

## GCS (gas cleaning system)

20 L; 0.5~3 L/min (Ar/He); 0.5~2 bar



**Buffer 1~3:** 10 L tank (SUS316,EP-level clean)

**S 1~3:** Drying column ( $P_2O_5$ )

**Ta getter 1~3:** Ta metal @ 1000°C

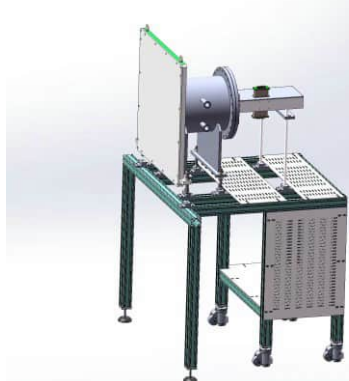
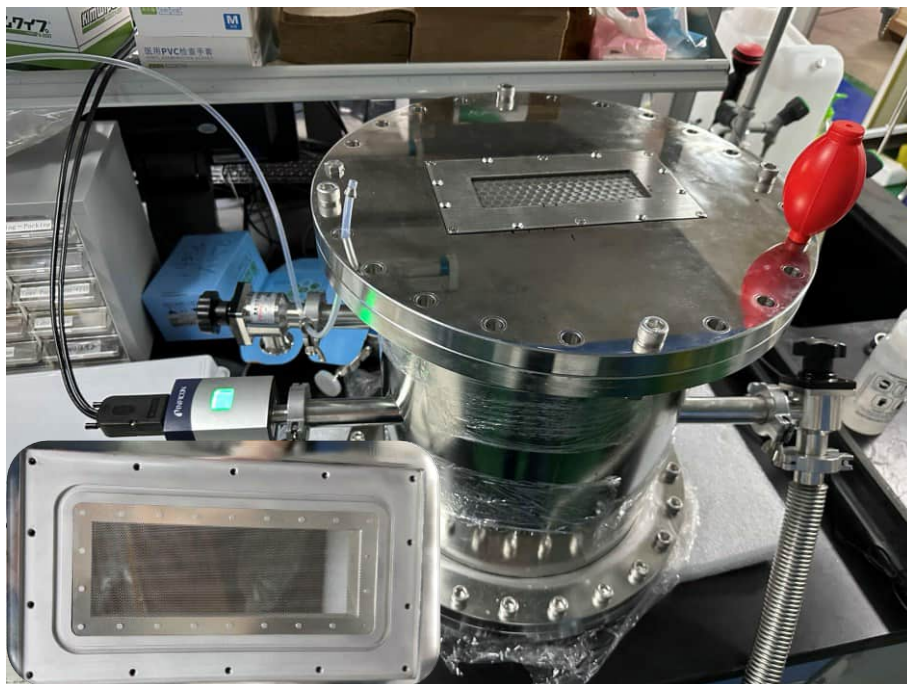
**X 1~3:** GateKeeper<sup>®</sup> gas purifiers  
( $H_2O$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $CO$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $H_2 < 100$  pptV; 1.5 nm filter)

**DPM:** -109°C, 3 ppbV

**On-line operation and auto-control !**

## Vacuum window

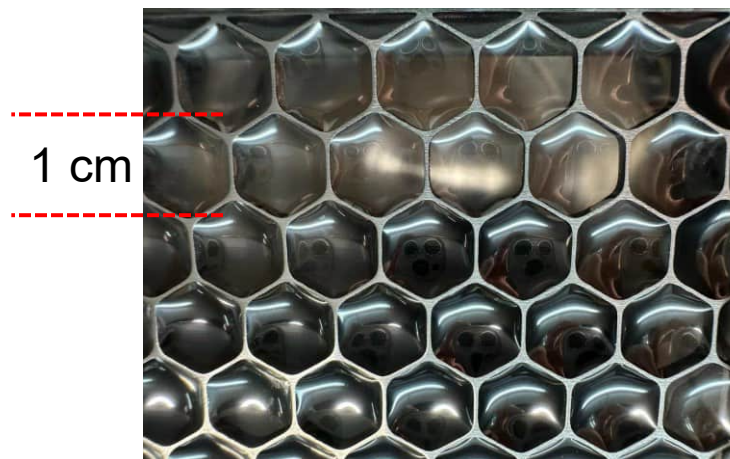
Adapter with vacuum window (15×5 cm<sup>2</sup>)



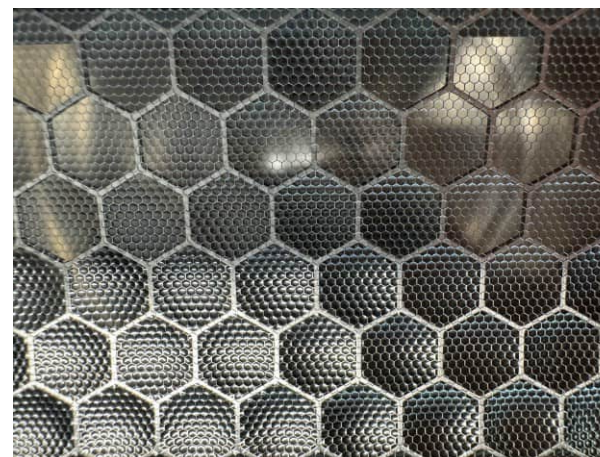
The adapter connects SHANS2 and RTC.

The window is located in the focal plane of SHANS2.

Honeycomb grids: 2+0.1 mm-thick SUS



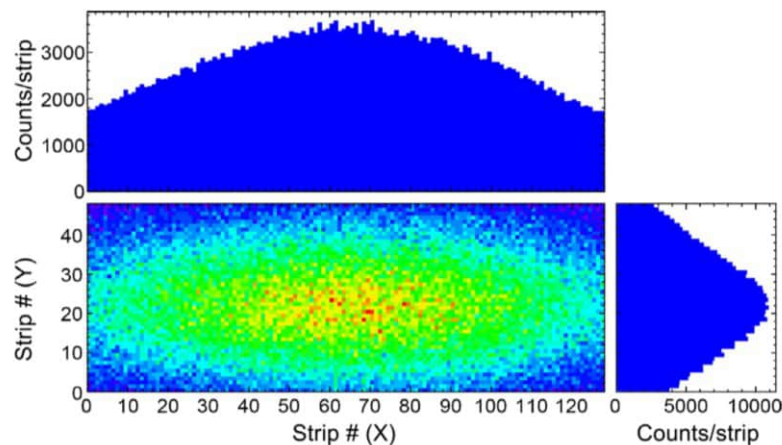
**Grid1:** 88.7% (2.5~6 μm Mylar foils)



**Grid1+2:** 74.1% (0.7~2.5 μm Mylar foils)

## RTC (recoil transfer chamber)

### Position distribution of ERs on the focal plane of SHANS2



**Fig. 5.** Position distribution of  $^{205}\text{Fr}$  produced in the  $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{169}\text{Tm}$  reaction with an incident energy of 178.5 MeV in the focal plane of SHANS2 and corresponding projections in the horizontal (X) and vertical (Y) directions, respectively on the top and right of the position distribution. The magnetic rigidity was set as 1.595 T m for both dipole magnets.

The standard deviations in the horizontal ( $\sigma_x$ ) and vertical ( $\sigma_y$ ) directions are 50.7 mm and 15.0 mm respectively.

*Nucl. Instrum. Methods A.* **1050** (2023) 168113

### Design of the RTC

**RTC #1: 91%** ( $2\sigma_x \times 2\sigma_y$ )

X=101.4 mm; Y=30 mm; D=20 mm V=60.84 mL

Time=1.8 s (2 L/min Ar)

**RTC #2: 75%** ( $1.5\sigma_x \times 1.5\sigma_y$ )

X=76.0 mm; Y=22.5 mm; D=20 mm V=34.2 mL

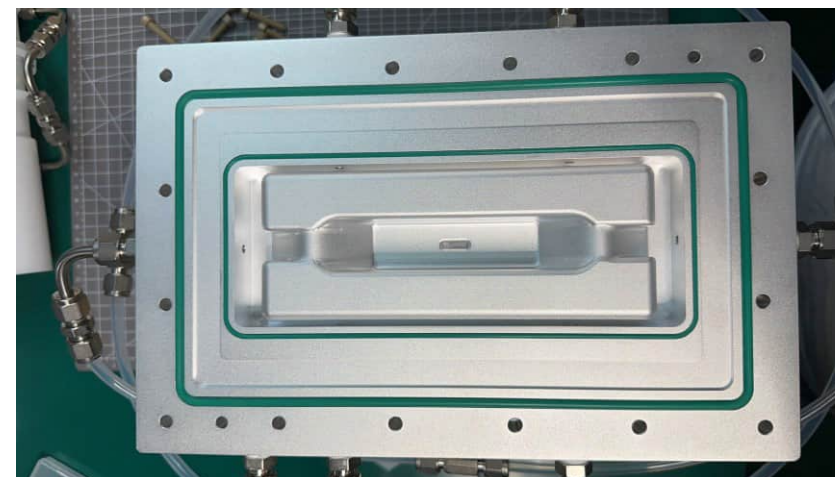
Time=1.0 s (2 L/min Ar)

**RTC #3: 75%** ( $1.5\sigma_x \times 1.5\sigma_y$ )

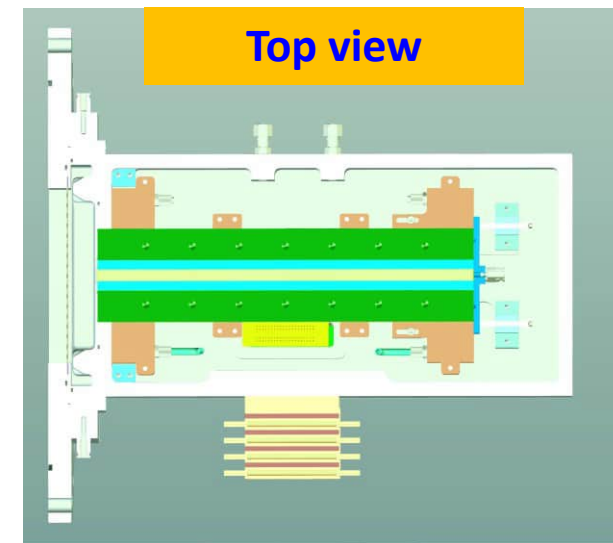
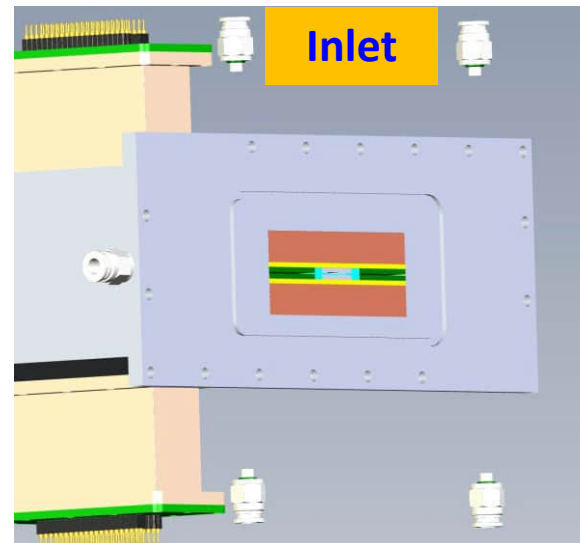
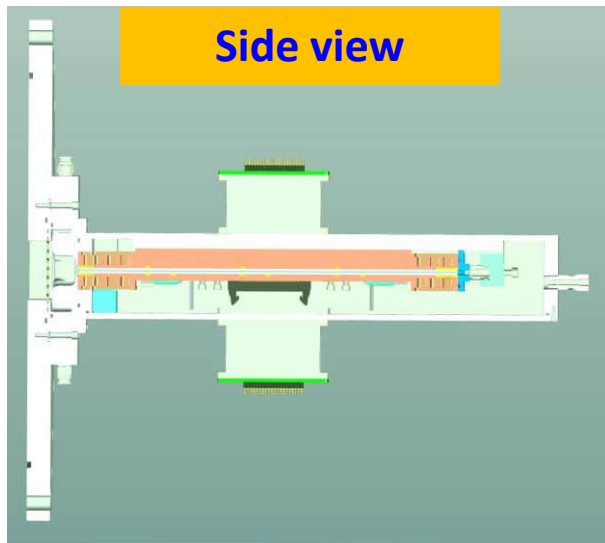
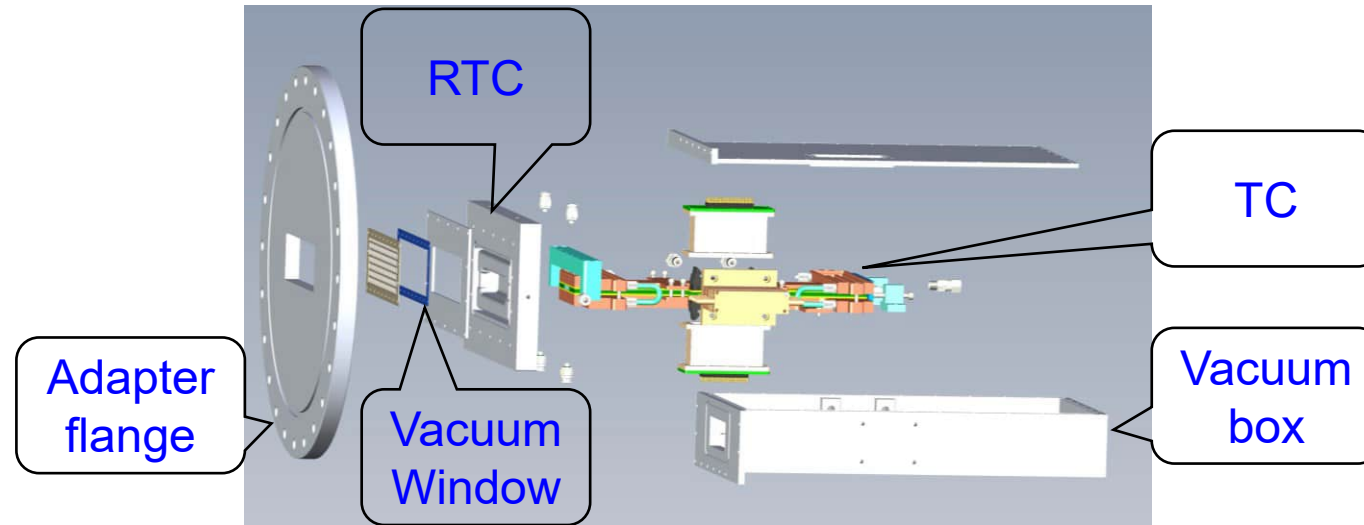
X=76.0 mm; Y=22.5 mm; D=15 mm V=25.6 mL

Time=0.8 s (2 L/min Ar)

$^{284}\text{Nh}$   $T_{1/2} = 0.77\text{s}$

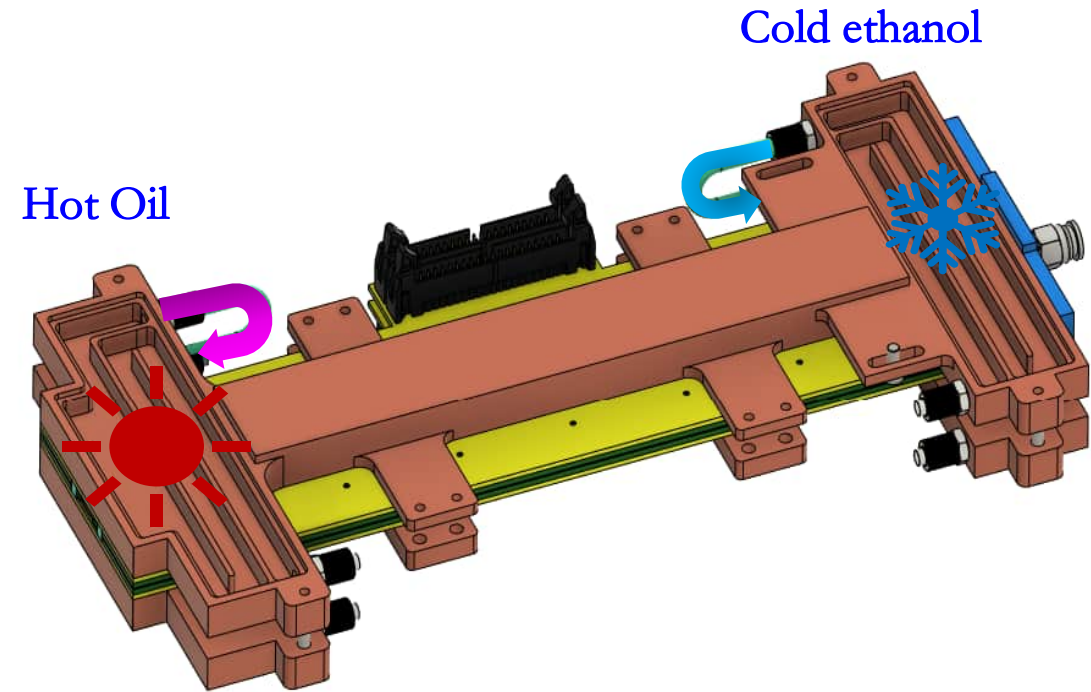
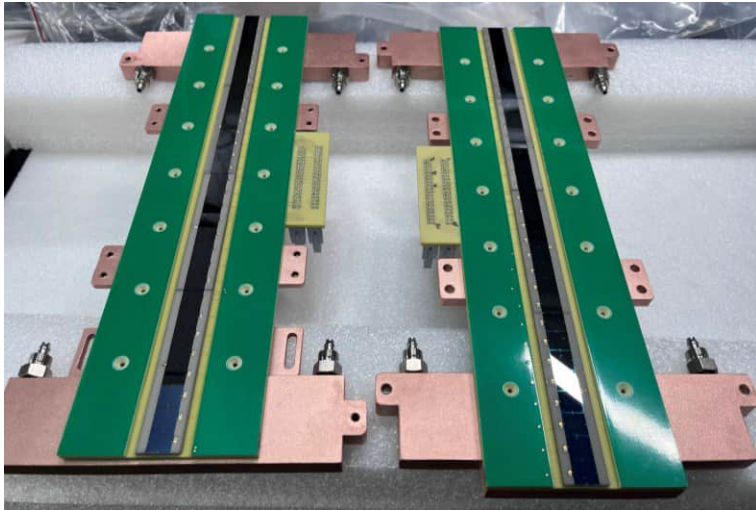


## TC (Thermochromatography)



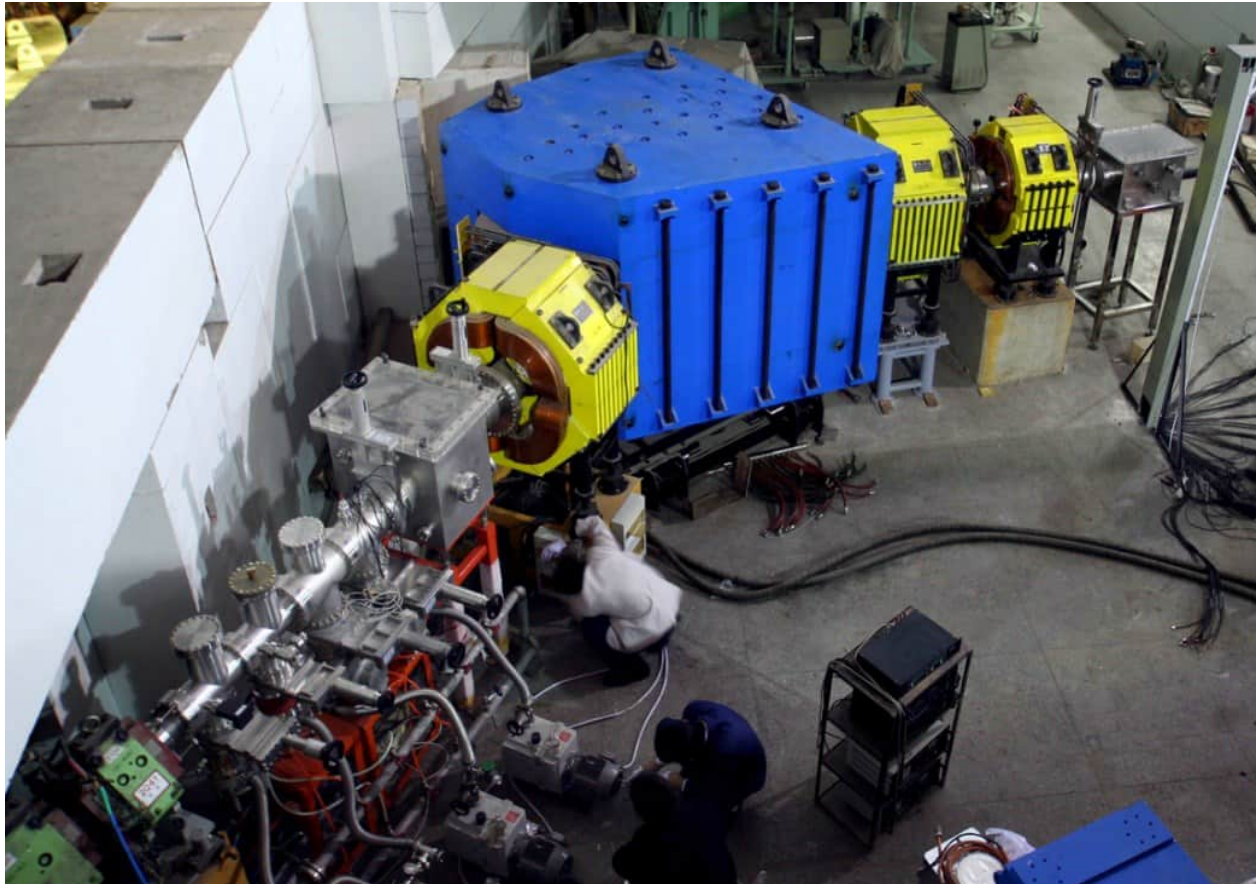
## TC (Si-detector array)

32 (4 × 8) pairs of Si-detectors—64 ch

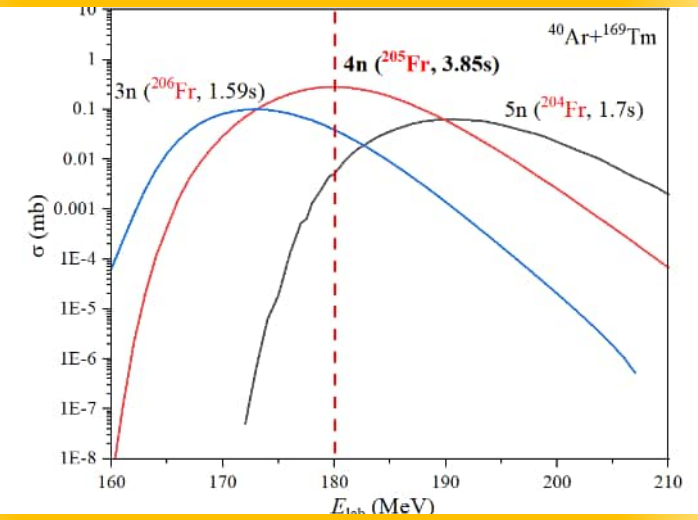


Length mm	Width mm	Height mm	Efficiency - $\alpha$	Efficiency -SF
321.28	10.04	0.80	89.10%	78.20%

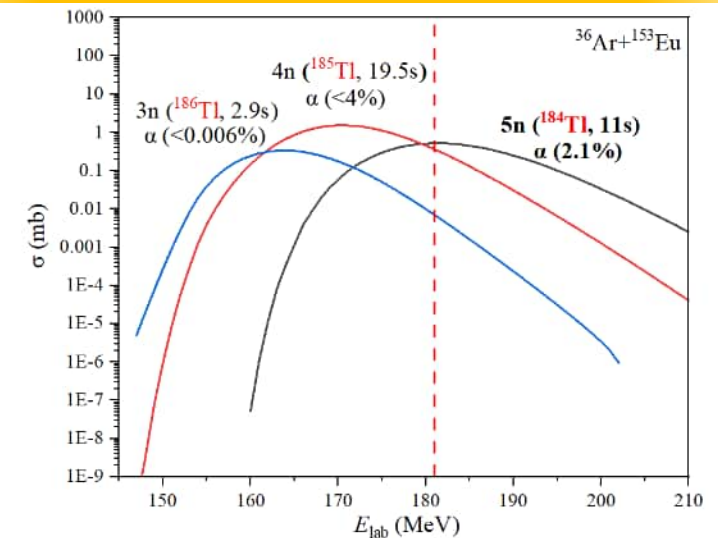
## Test of LEGEND system with Fr and Tl at SHANS, IMP (15th – 30th July 2023)



$^{169}\text{Tm}(^{40}\text{Ar},4n)^{205}\text{Fr}$  @ 180 MeV & 0.7  $\mu\text{A}$

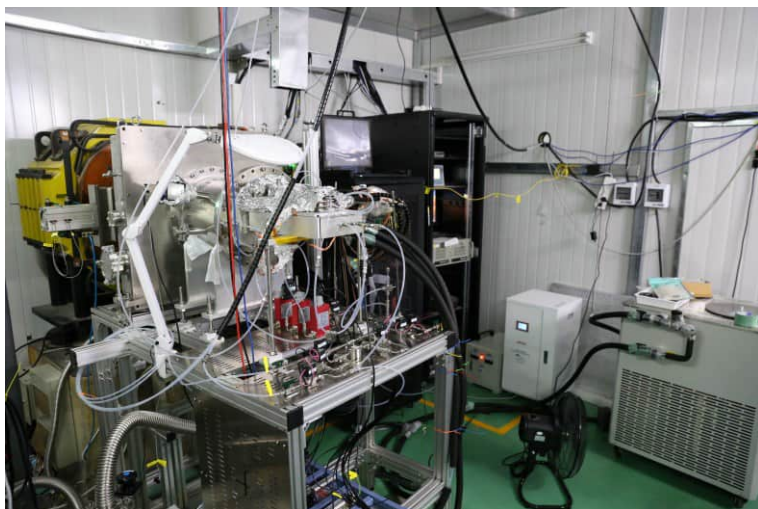


$^{153}\text{Eu}(^{36}\text{Ar},5n)^{184}\text{Tl}$  @ 181 MeV & 0.8  $\mu\text{A}$



## Test of LEGEND system with Fr and Tl at SHANS, IMP

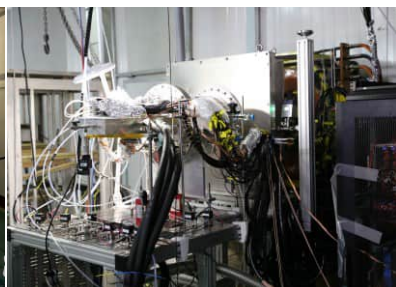
### LEGEND @ SHANS



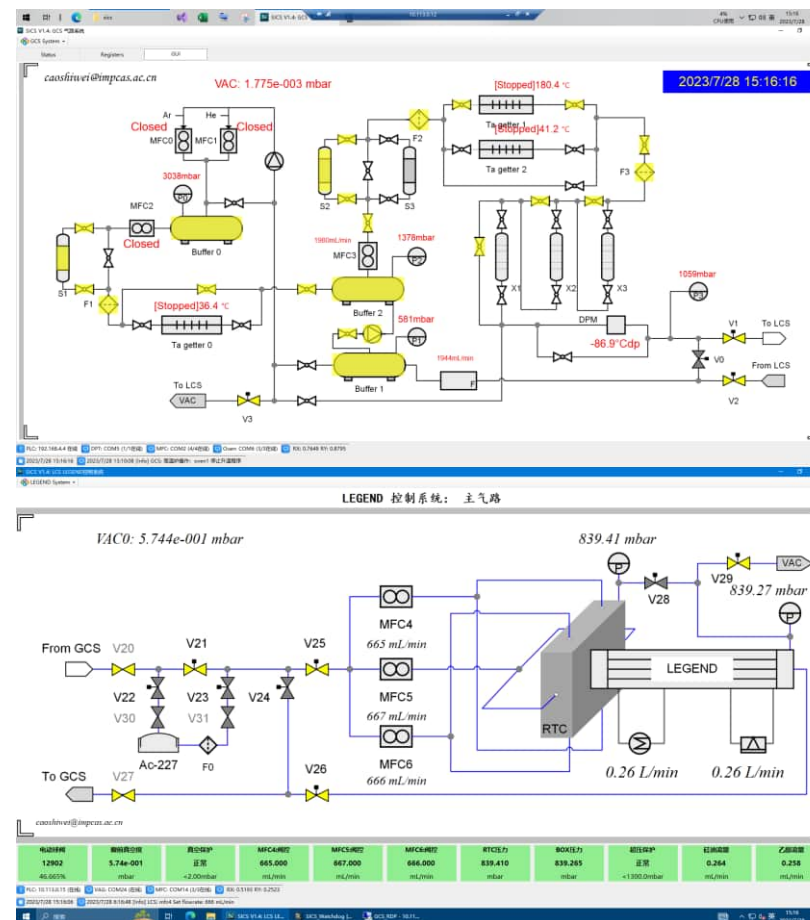
GCS



LCS



### LEGEND Control System

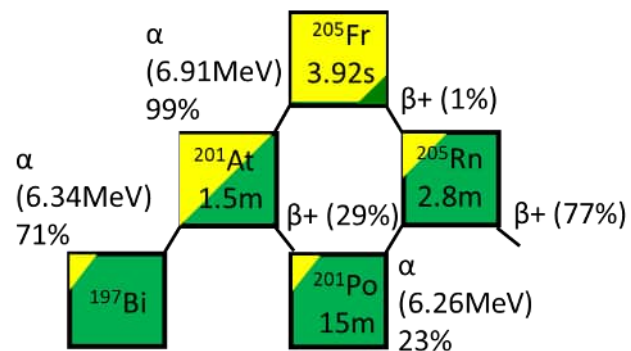


The LEGEND system is very stable with good performance!

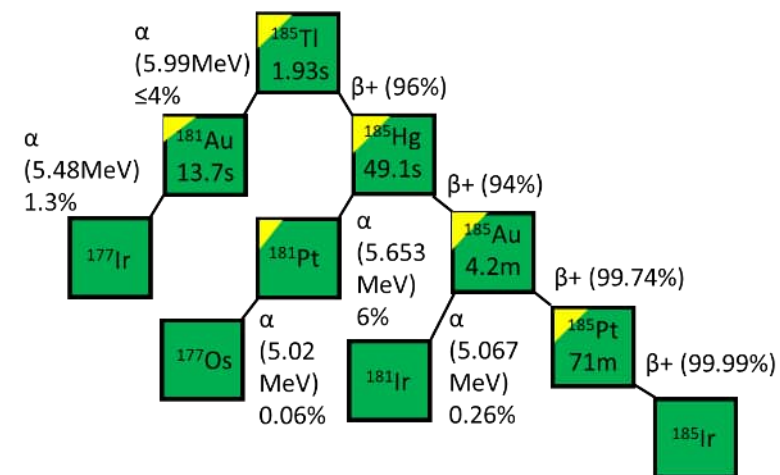
Suitable for Nh experiments with long beam time!

## Test of LEGEND system with Fr and Tl at SHANS, IMP

### Distribution of Fr on SiO<sub>2</sub>



### Distribution of Tl on SiO<sub>2</sub>

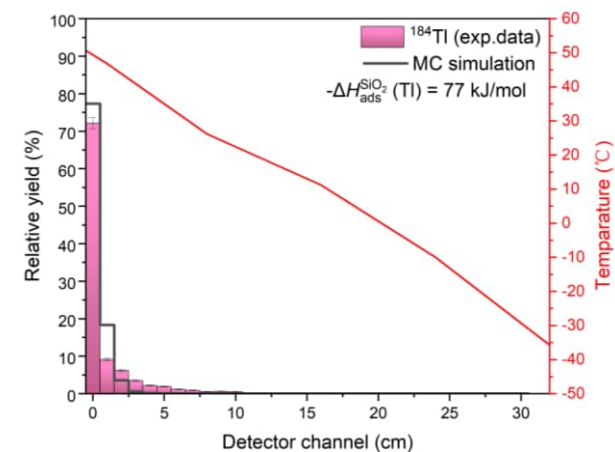
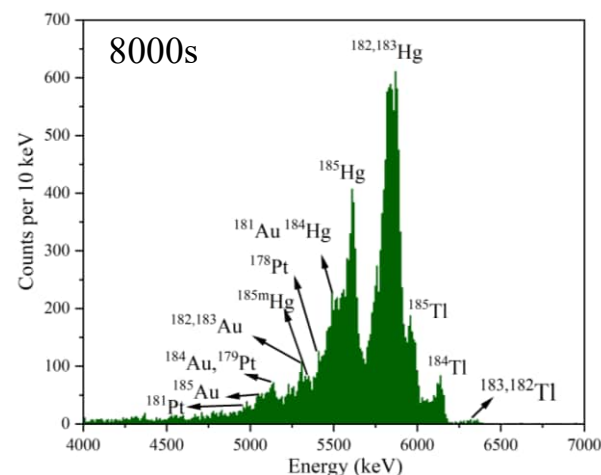
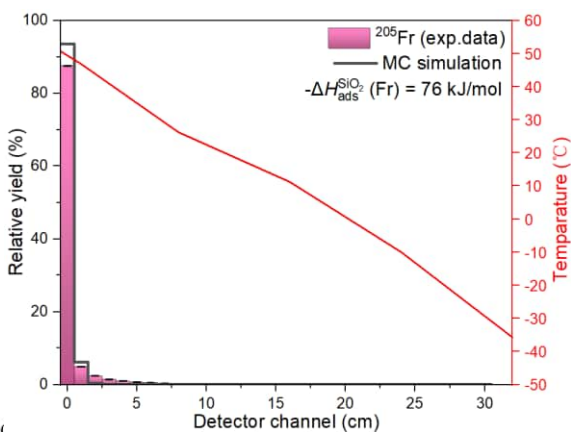
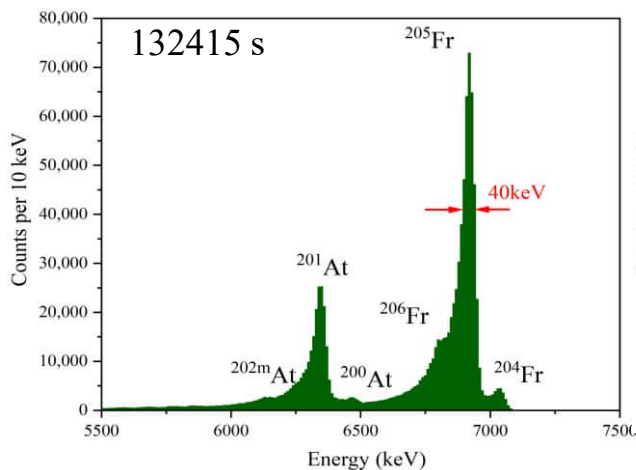


Bottom #1

Upper limit:  $\Delta H_{\text{ads}}(\text{Fr}) > -76 \text{ kJ/mol}$

Bottom #1

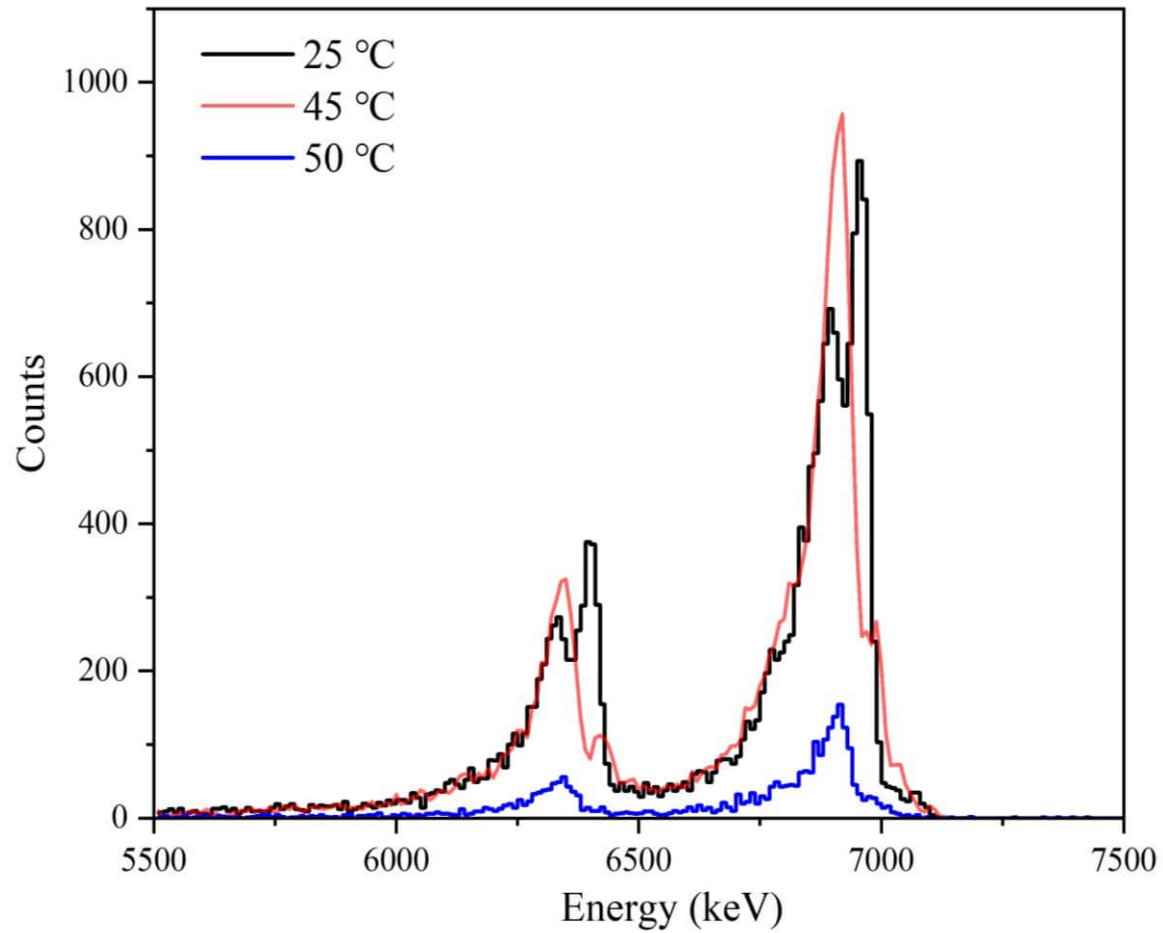
$\Delta H_{\text{ads}}(\text{Tl}) > -77 \text{ kJ/mol}$



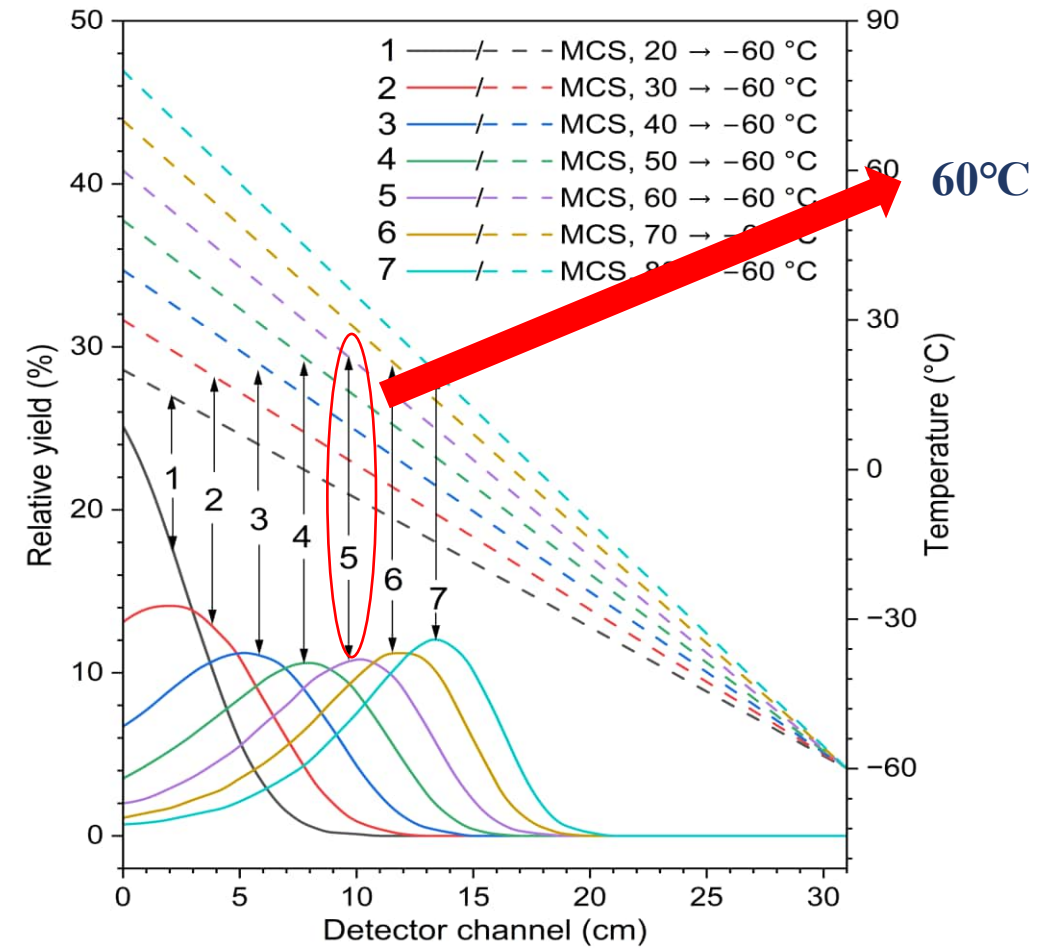
The LEGEND system is fast enough to obtain short-lived isotopes!

## Test of LEGEND system with Fr and Tl at SHANS, IMP

### Spectrum obtained with Si detector



### Distribution of Nh on SiO<sub>2</sub> by MCS



High performance 4H-SiC detectors are needed!

# Contents

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02 Development of the LEGEND system

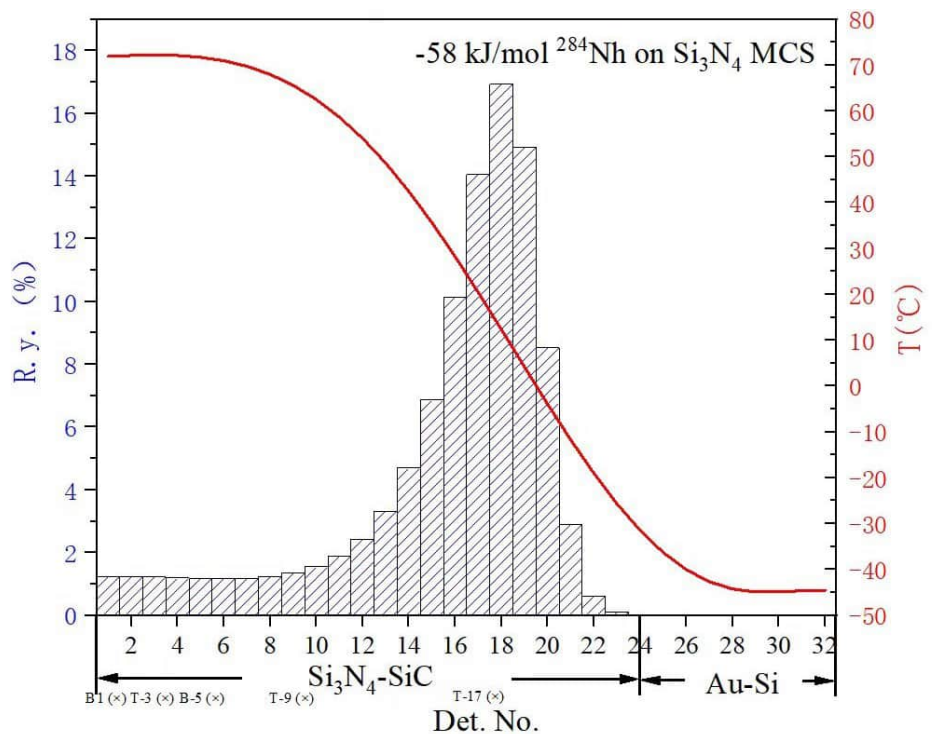
03 **First experiment of Nh at IMP**

04 Upgrading of the LEGEND system

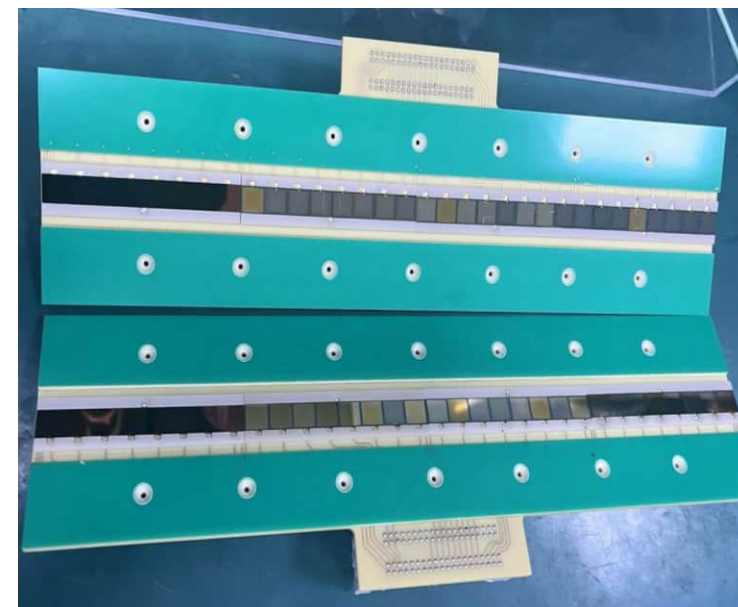
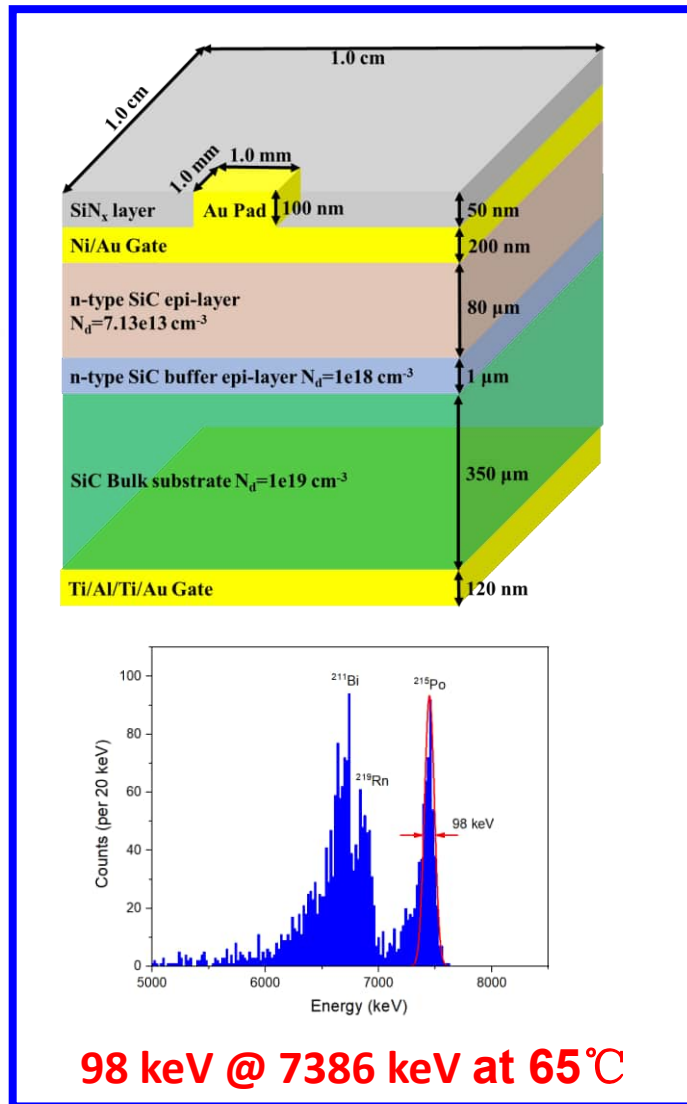
05 Summary

## Improvement of LEGEND

### Development of SiC detectors



Distribution of  $^{284}\text{Nh}$  on  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$  surface with the temperature gradient: +65 ~ -45 °C (MCS: -58 kJ/mol for Nh)



**First 24 pairs**  
**4H-SiC Detectors**  
 (+65~-20 °C)  
 Covered with  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$   
 75 nm or 50 nm

**Last 8 pairs**  
**Si detectors**  
 (-20~-45 °C)  
 covered with Au  
 50 nm

<sup>243</sup>Am targets were prepared by molecular electrodeposition method

## <sup>243</sup>Am targets



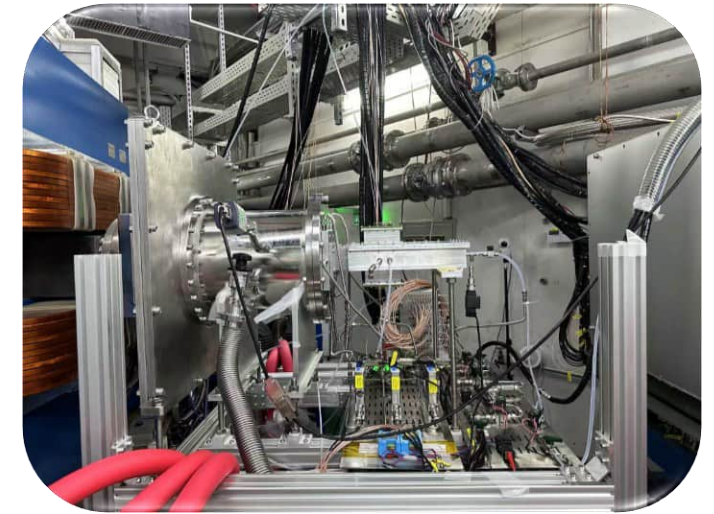
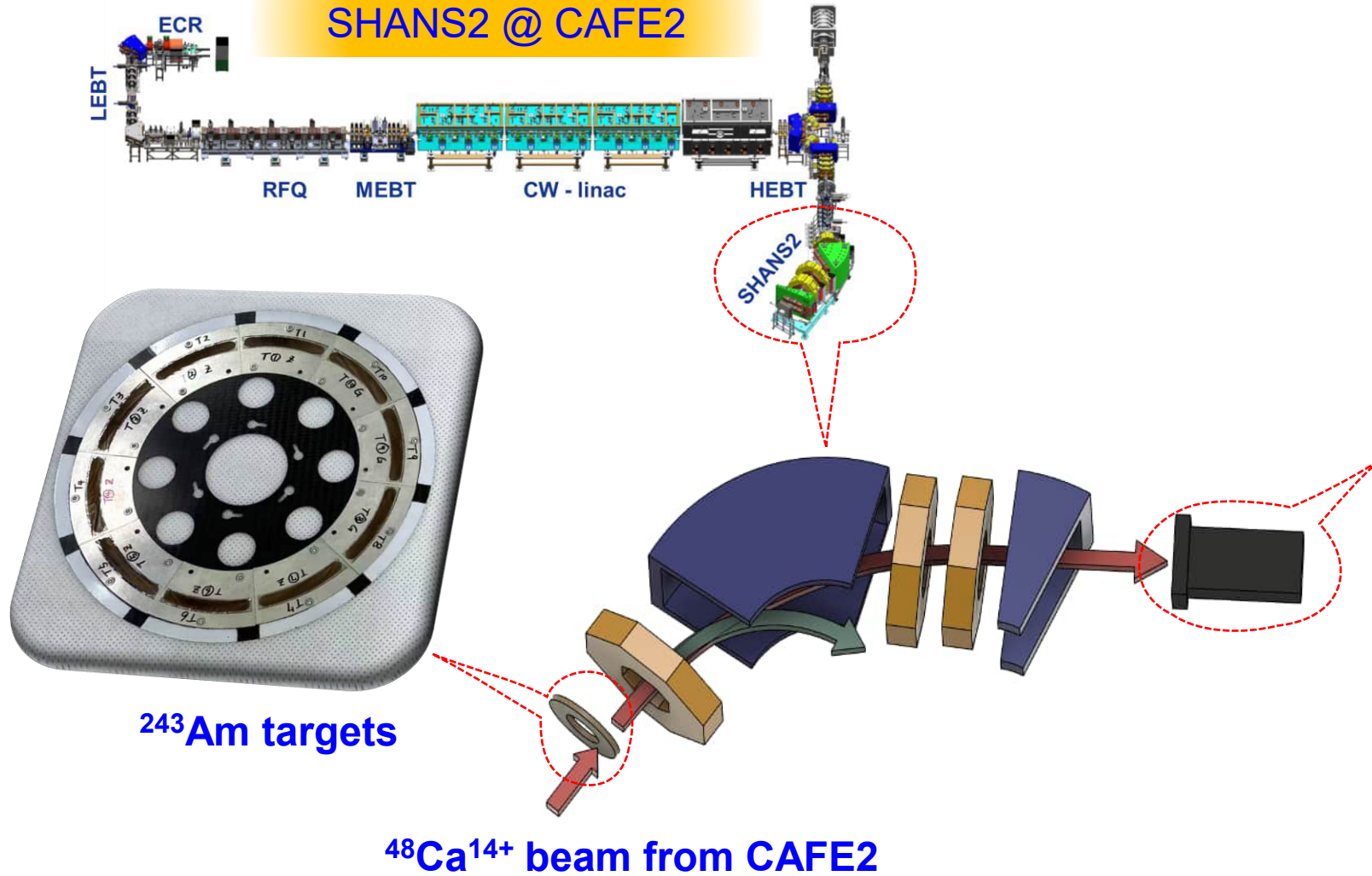
	ug/cm <sup>2</sup>	err
target 1	501.19	17.54
target 2	486.13	17.03
target 3	499.49	17.48
target 4	465.85	16.31
target 5	453.64	15.88
target 6	458.24	16.06
target 7	467.28	16.39
target 8	471.90	16.51
target 9	473.95	16.58
target 10	472.62	16.54
	<b>475.03</b>	<b>15.19</b>



10 sectors on a 20 cm wheel  
<sup>243</sup>Am: 475 μg/cm<sup>2</sup>  
 Ti foil: 2.28 μm

First Nh experiment at SHANS2, IMP, (23<sup>th</sup> Sep. -- 14<sup>th</sup> Oct. 2024)

SHANS2 @ CAFE2

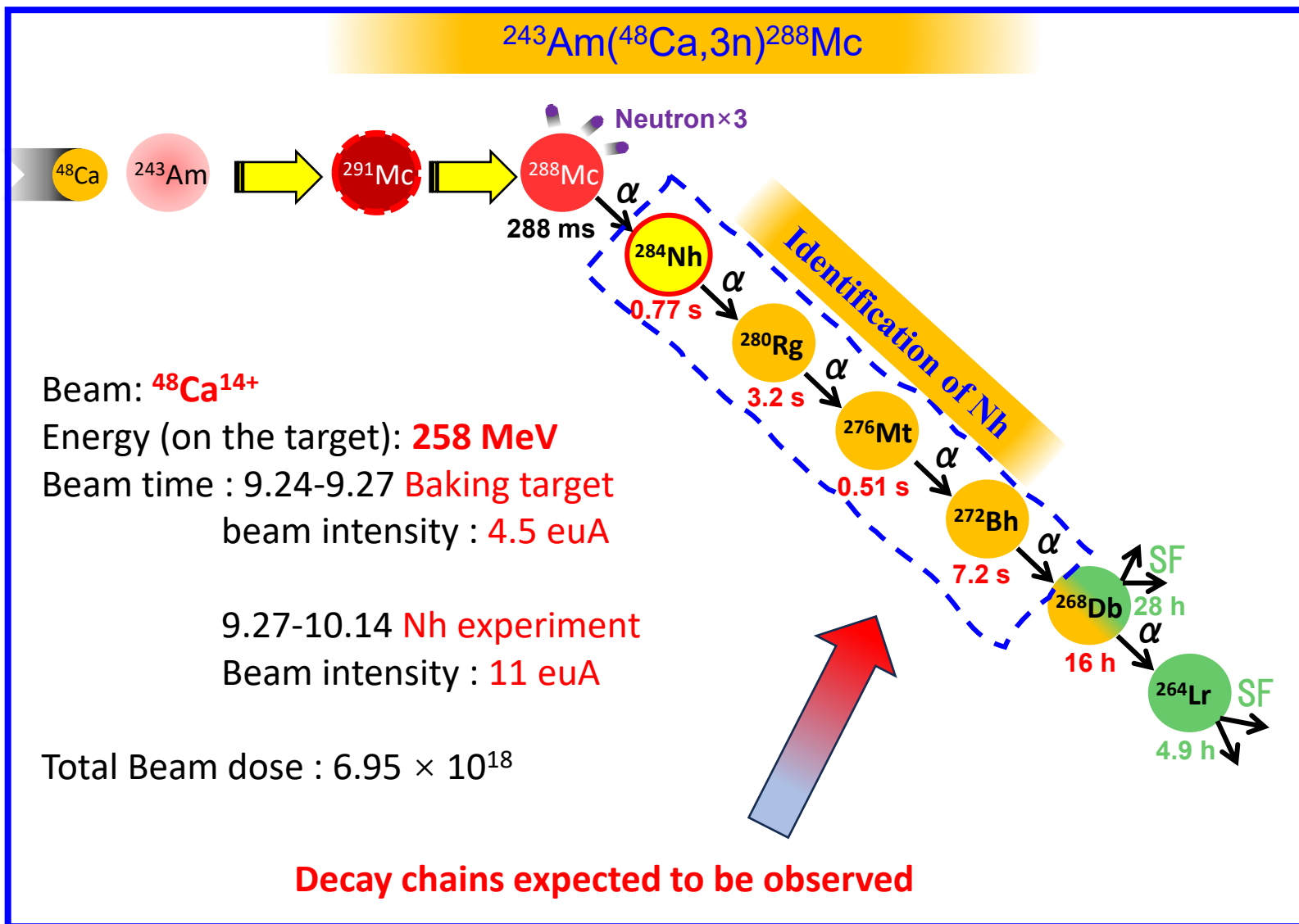


Improved LEGEND system



$$E_{\text{cot}} = 241.3 \text{ MeV} \sigma (^{288}\text{Mc}) \approx 10 \text{ pb}$$

## Online experiment with $^{48}\text{Ca}$ beam and $^{243}\text{Am}$ targets



## Nh Collaboration



**中国科学院近代物理研究所**

Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Z. Qin, Y. Wang, S. Cao, X. Yin, Z. Jia, Y. Cui, Z. Gan, Z. Zhang, J. Wang, L. Ma



**Joint Institute for Nuclear Research**

SCIENCE BRINGS NATIONS TOGETHER

N. Aksenov, A. Madumarov, A. Bodrov, A. Goltsman, I. Chuprakov, G. Bozhikov, A. Astakhov

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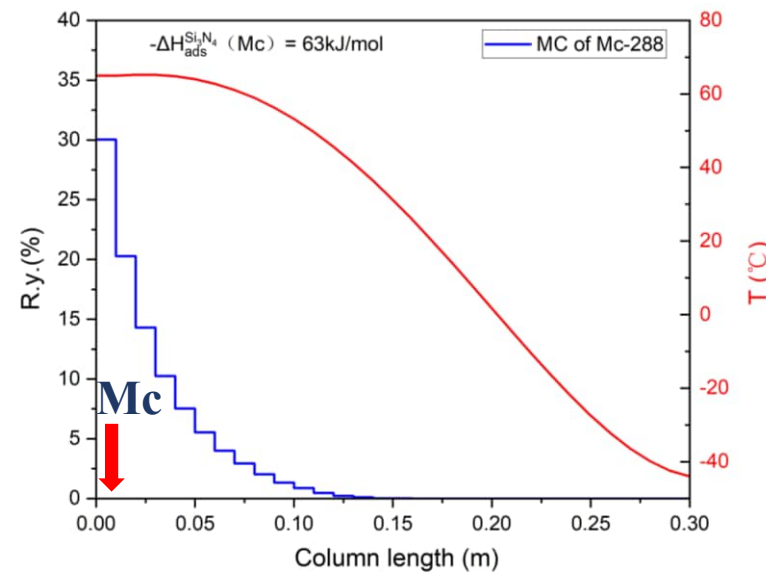
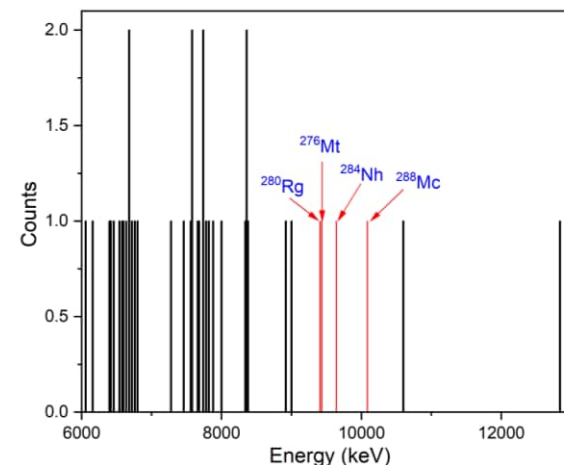
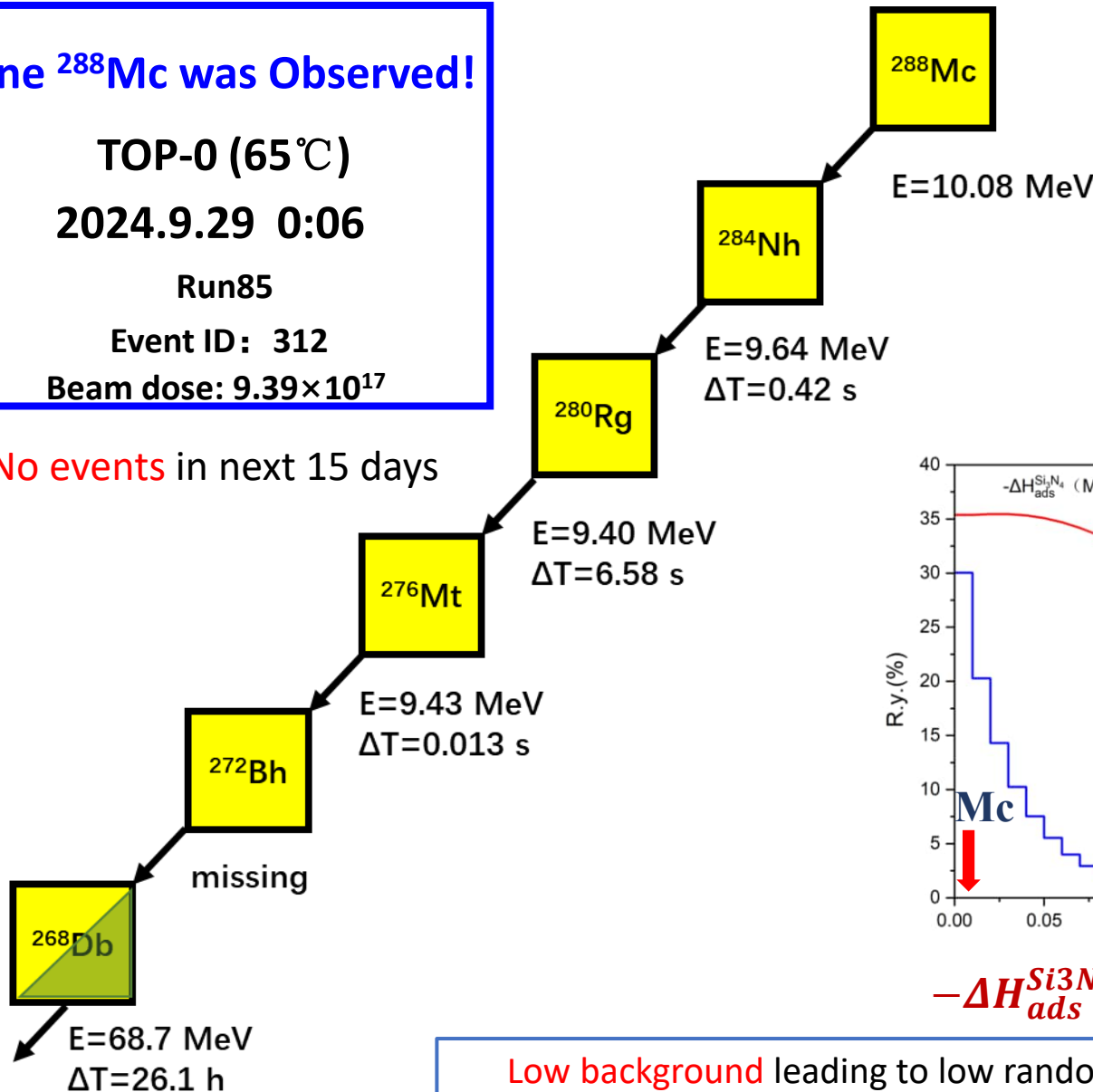
R. Eichler, P. Steinegger, G. Tiebel, J. Wilson

## First observation of SHES on 4H-SiC detectors

**One  $^{288}\text{Mc}$  was Observed!**

**TOP-0 (65°C)**  
**2024.9.29 0:06**  
 Run85  
 Event ID: 312  
 Beam dose:  $9.39 \times 10^{17}$

No events in next 15 days



$-\Delta H_{ads}^{Si_3N_4}(\text{Mc}) > 63 \text{ kJ/mol}$

Low background leading to low random probabilities of  $4.9 \times 10^{-7}$

# Contents

01 Background

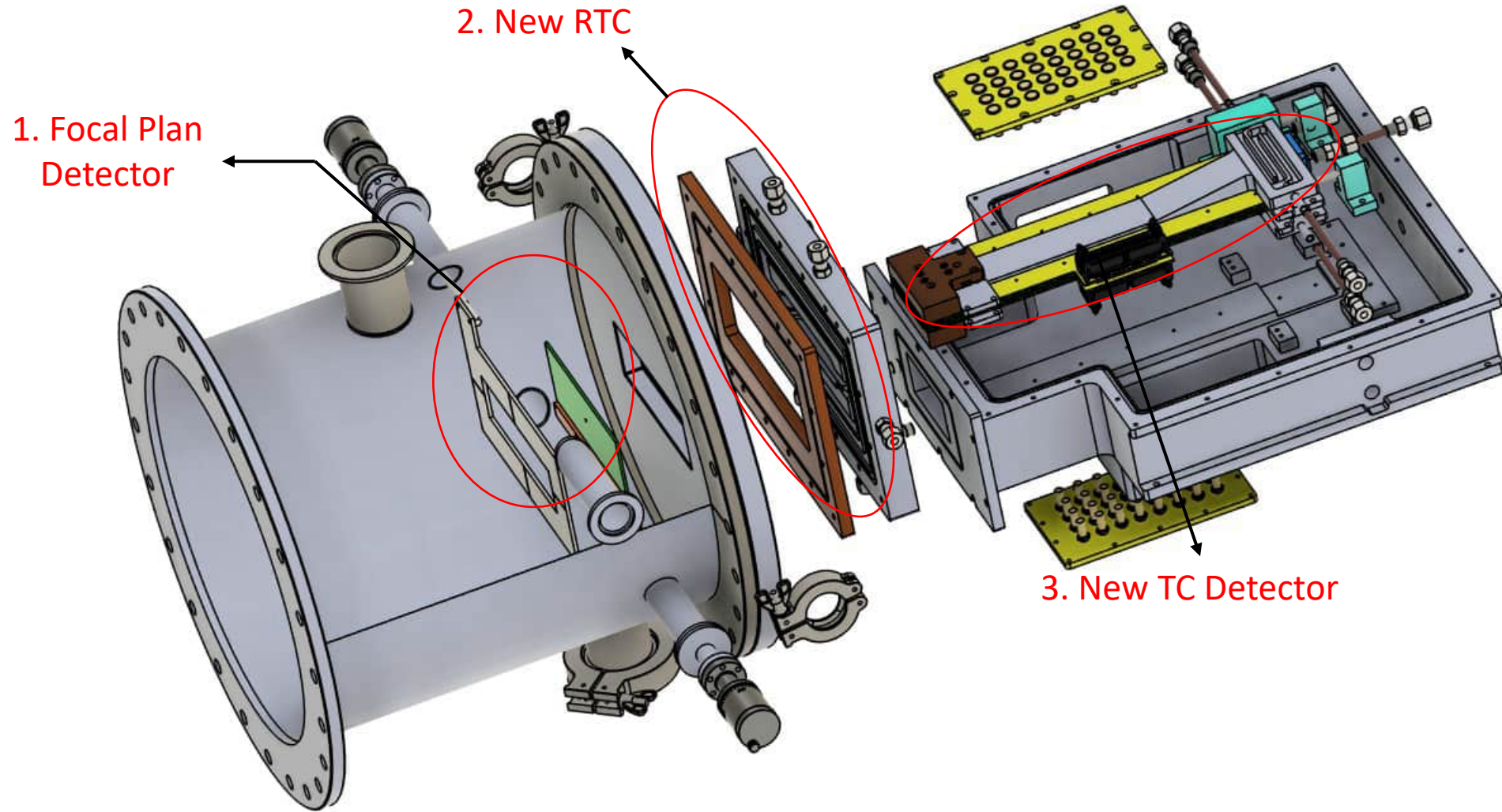
02 Development of the LEGEND system

03 First experiment of Nh at IMP

**04 Upgrading of the LEGEND system**

05 Summary

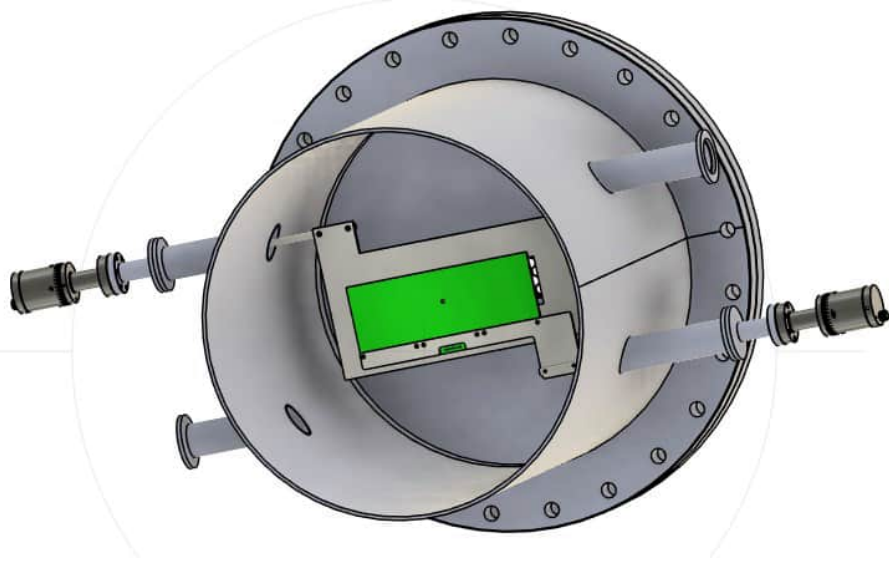
## Overview



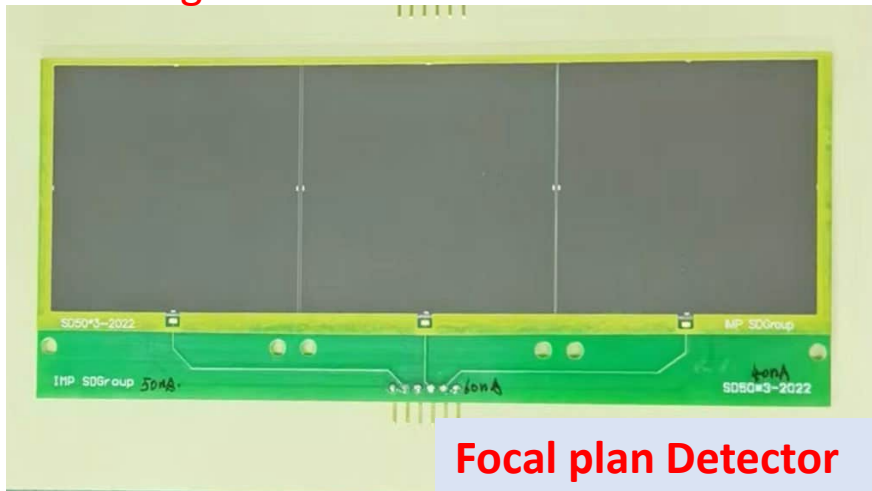
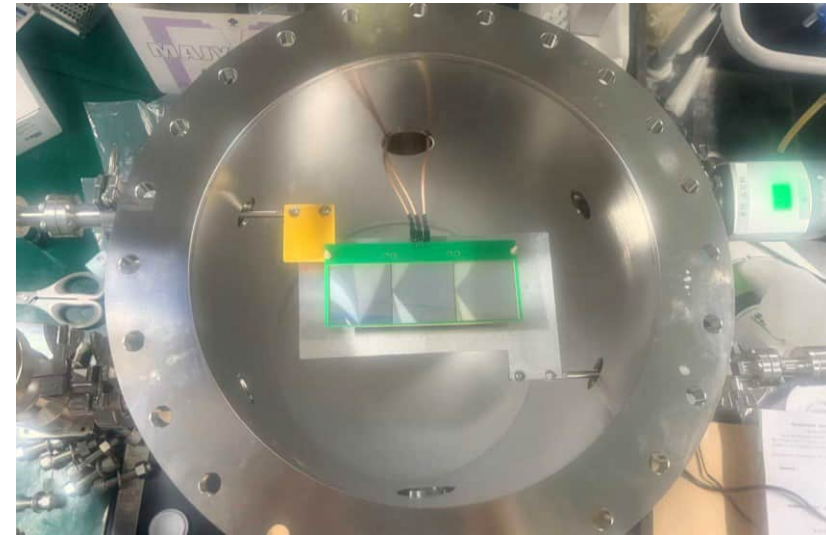
4. Improvement of MCS

5. Improvement of Am-243 target

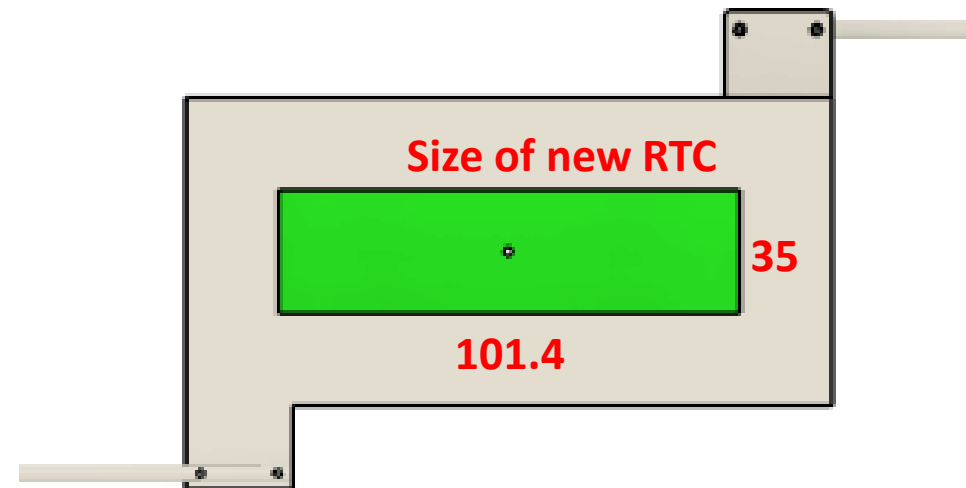
## Focal Plane Detector



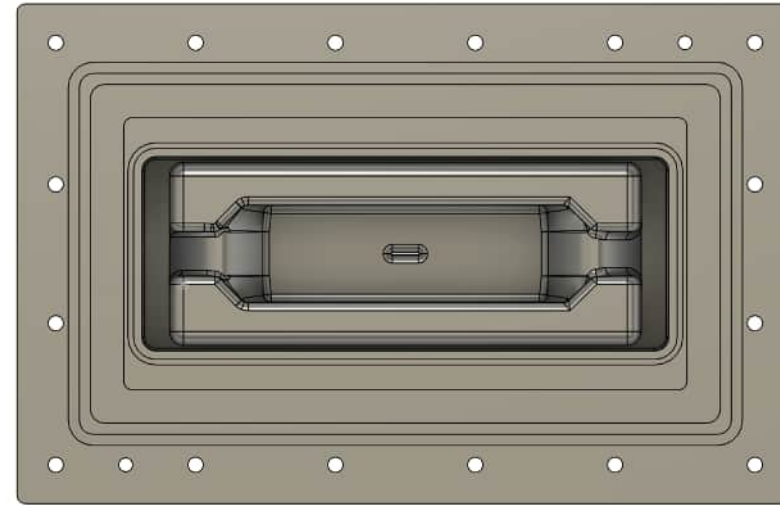
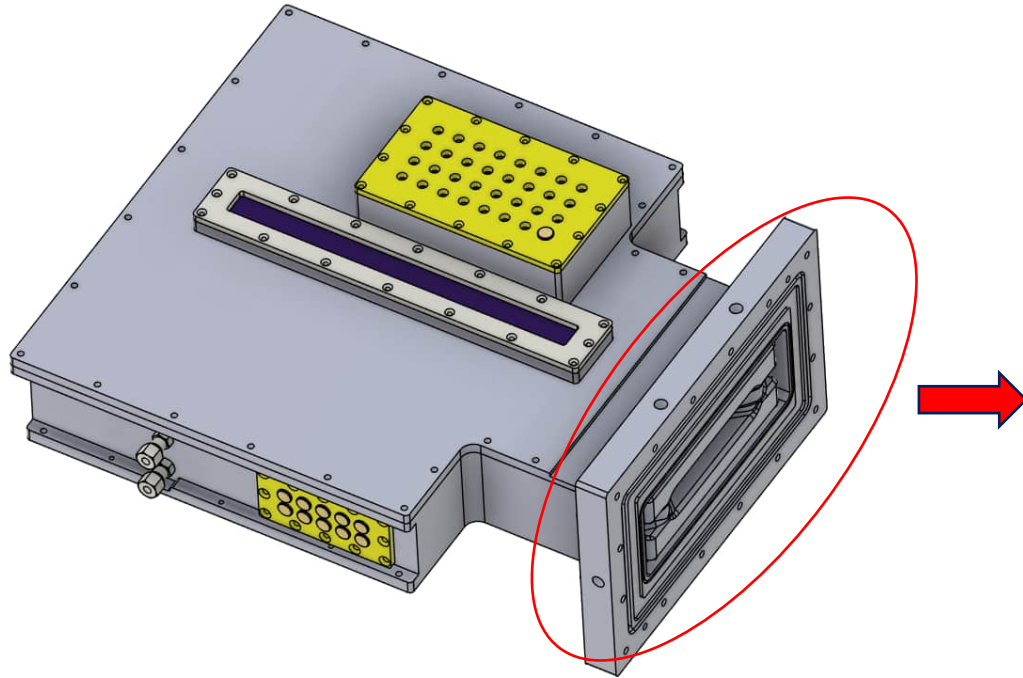
Length: 157 mm Width: 69 mm



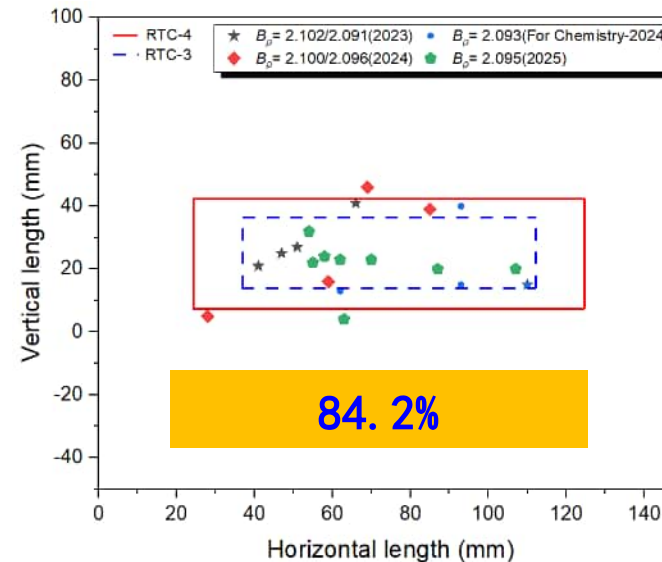
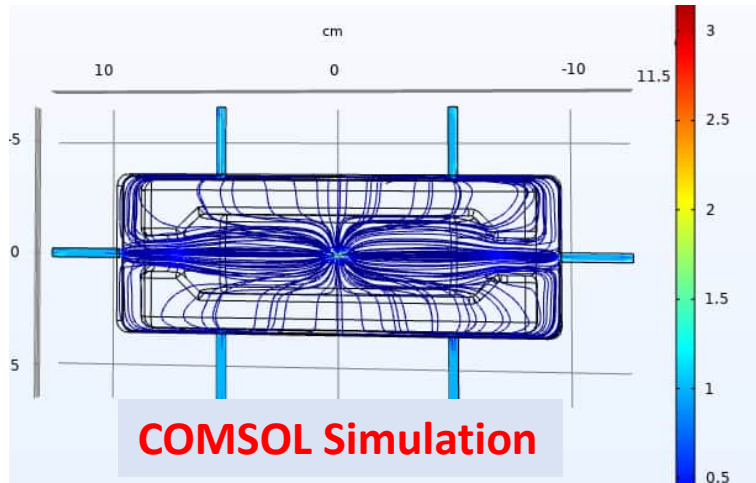
Detector unit: 50×50 mm



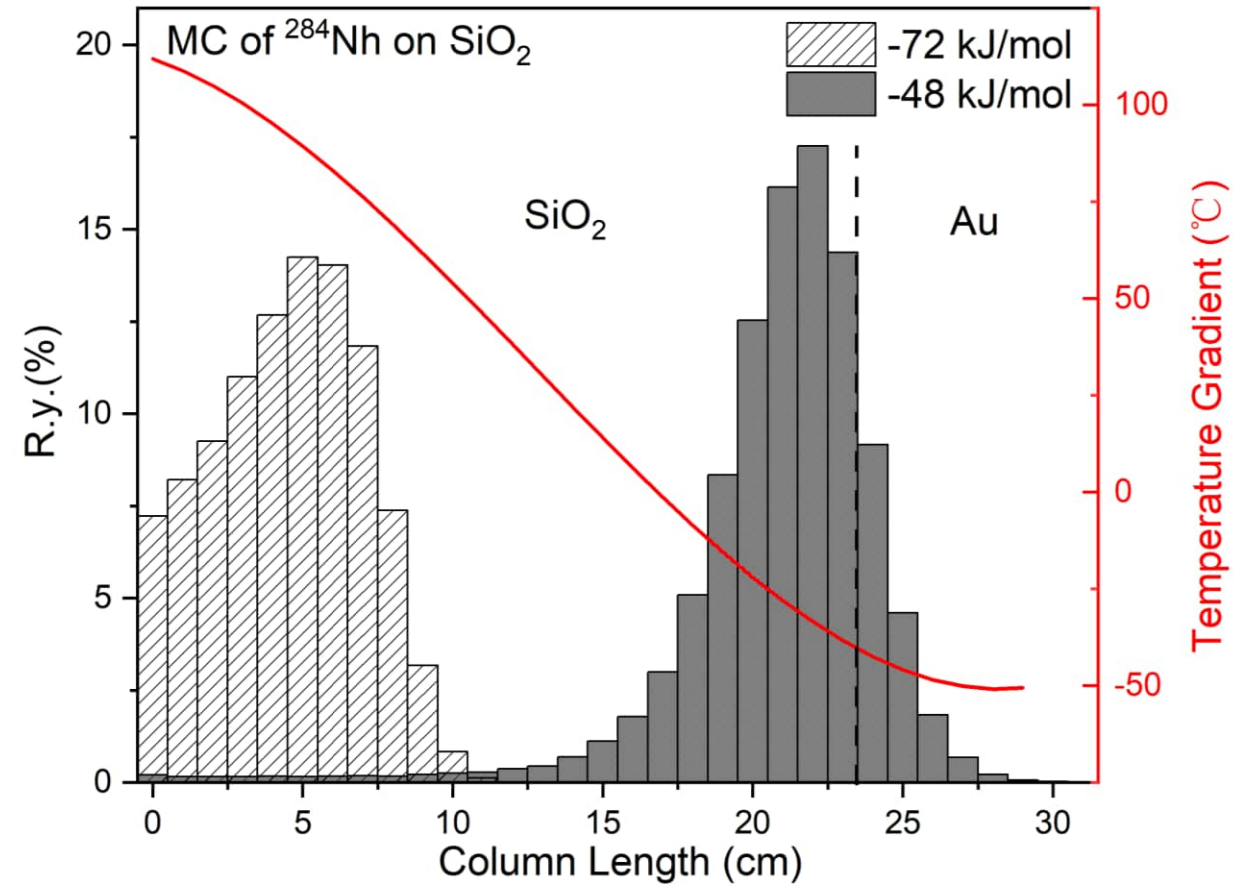
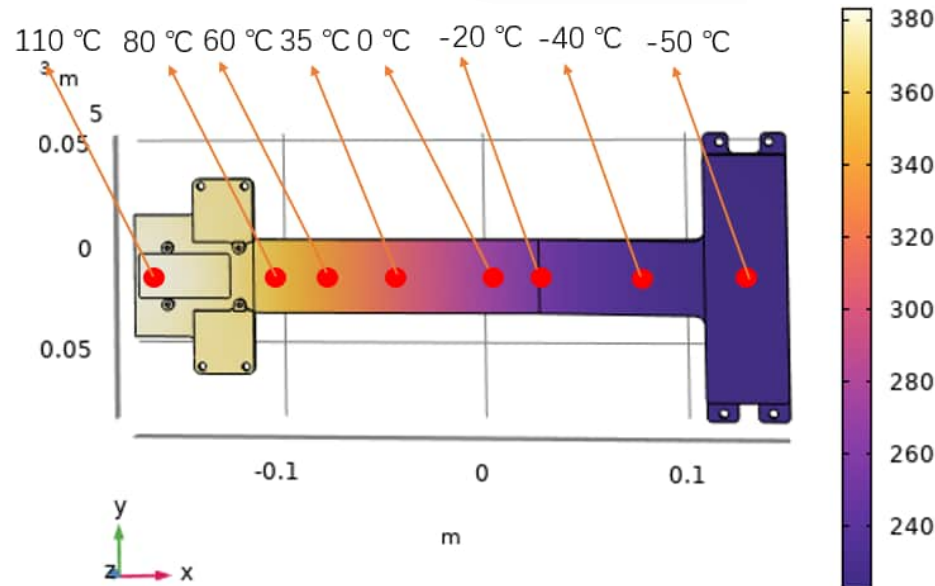
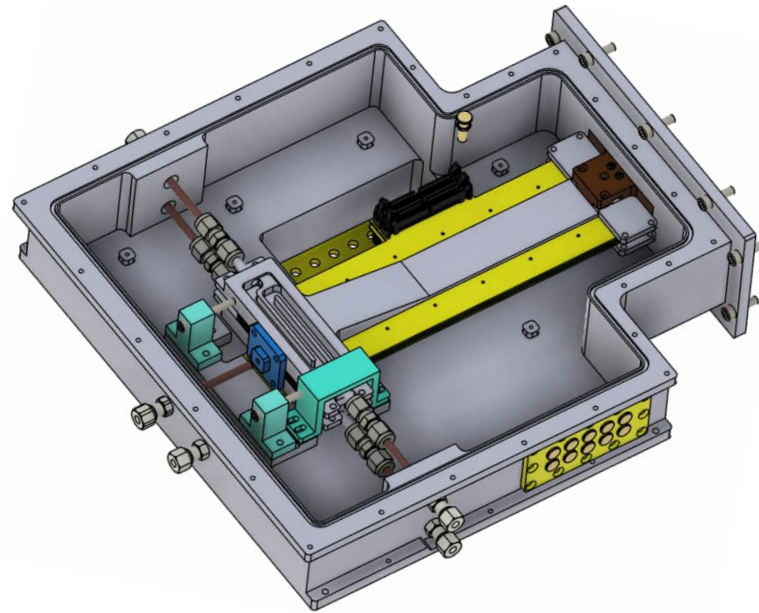
## New RTC



➤ IMP RTC 4  
X = 101.4 mm Y = 35 mm  
D = 20 mm  
V = 70.98 mL



## From Sg to Bh



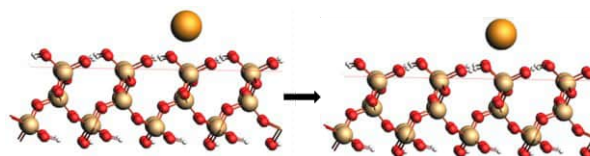
$$-72 \text{ kJ/mol} \leq \Delta H_{ads}^{\text{SiO}_2}(\text{Nh}) \leq -48 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

## Identification of the detector surface

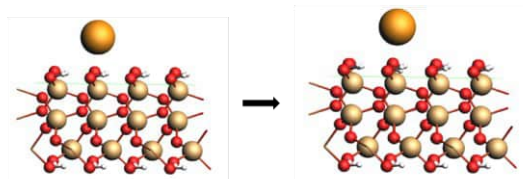
### 4H-SiC detector (made @ IMP)

Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> 50nm
Au protective layer 100nm
Ni Schottky contact 100nm
4H-SiC buffer layer 1*E18 cm <sup>-3</sup> 0.5 μm
4H-SiC buffer layer 1*E18 cm <sup>-3</sup> 0.5 μm
4H-SiC bulk 0.014~0.028 Ω.cm 350 μm
Ni Schottky contact 100nm
Au protective layer 100nm

### Physical adsorption ✓

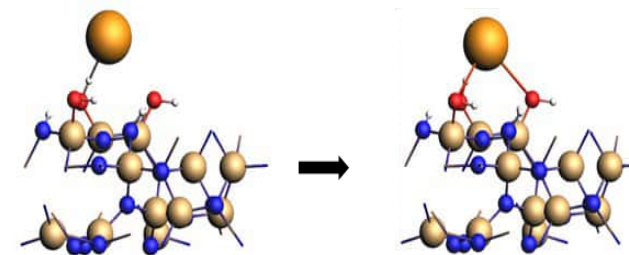


Optimized Structure of Adsorption Model (view 1)



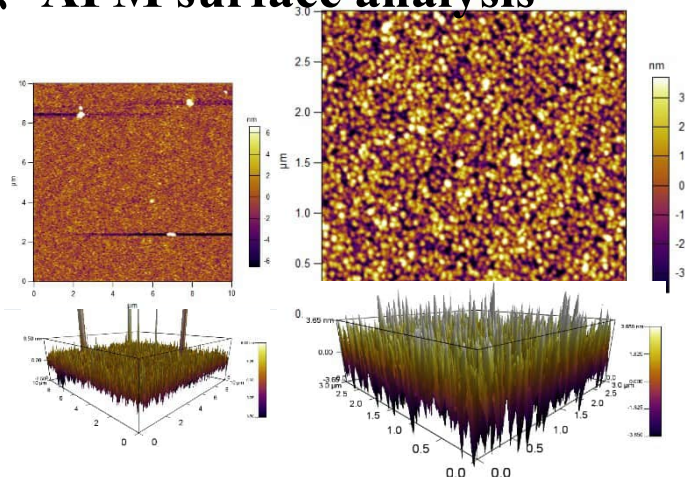
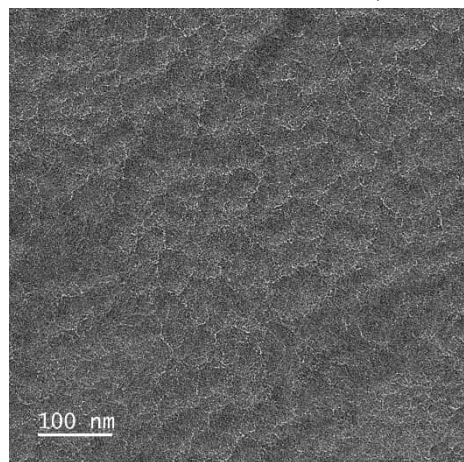
Optimized Structure of Adsorption Model (view 2)

### Chemical adsorption ✗

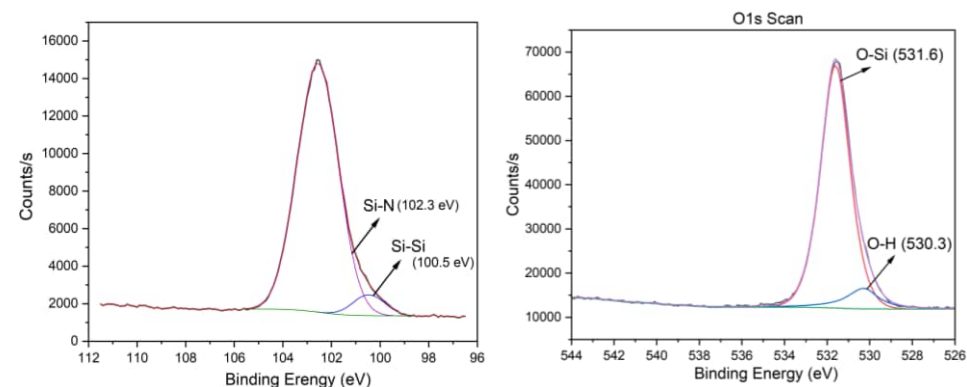


Optimized Structure of Adsorption Model (Along Y-axis)

### SEM, TEM, AFM surface analysis



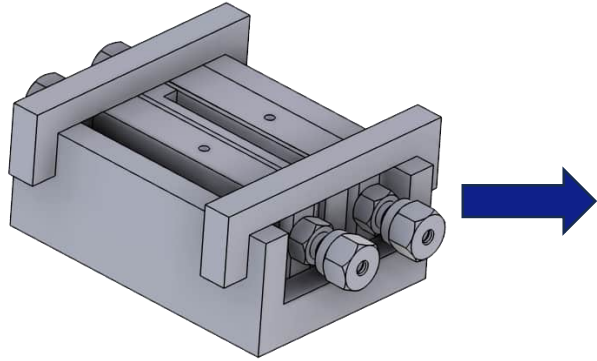
### XPS chemical speciation analysis



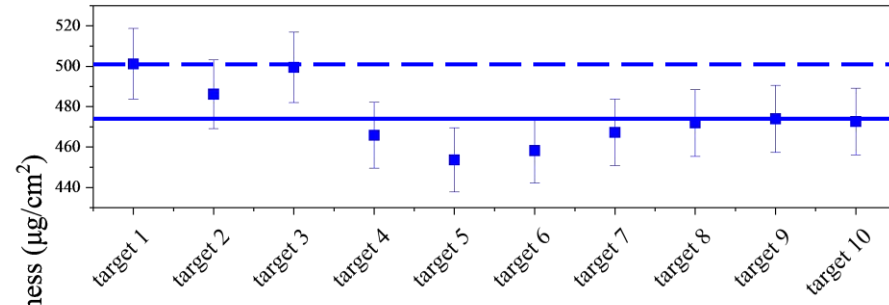


## Improvement of Am-243 target

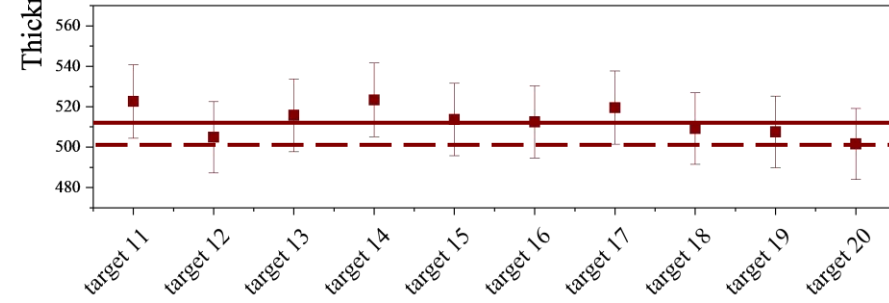
Manual apparatus



Target 1-10

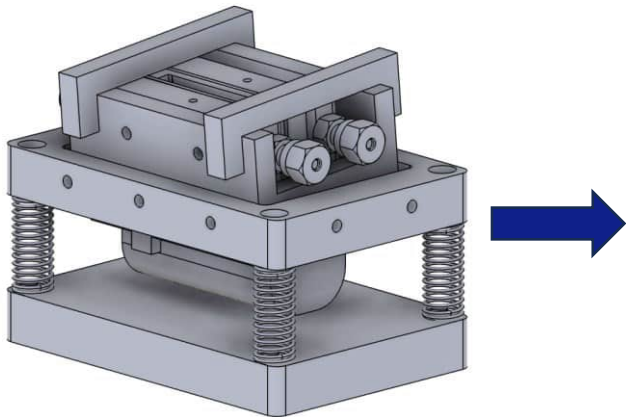


Thickness  
(475 ± 15 µg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

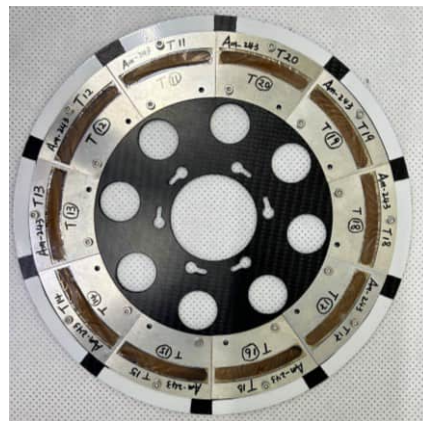


Thickness  
(513 ± 7 µg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

Automated apparatus



Target 11-20



Target No.	Thickness (µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Beam current (pµA)	Irradiation time (d)	Beam dose
1 - 10	475 ± 15	0 ~ 1 pµA	81	2.3 × 10 <sup>19</sup>
11 - 20	513 ± 7	0 ~ 1 pµA	138	4.65 × 10 <sup>19</sup>

# Contents

- 01 Background
- 02 Development of the LEGEND system
- 03 First experiment of Nh at IMP
- 04 Upgrading of the LEGEND system
- 05 Summary



# Summary



## Gas-phase chemistry for Nh & Mc

1. IMP is available for chemistry study for SHEs .
2. Experimental apparatus for Nh chemistry is established.
3. High performance 4H-SiC detectors is developed.
4. Next experiment on Nh chemistry will be performed in 2026 @ IMP.

# Thank you for your attention!



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J. Wang, L. Ma



Joint Institute for Nuclear  
Research

SCIENCE BRINGS NATIONS TOGETHER

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Bodrov, A. Goltsman, I.  
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