

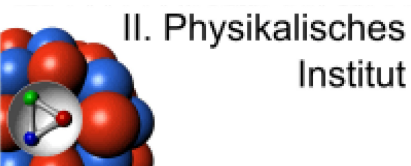
Radiation Damage Calculations and Thoughts about Stave Grounding



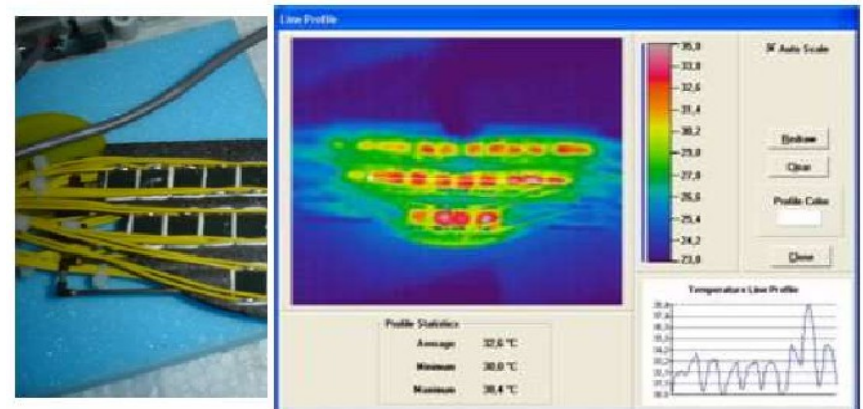
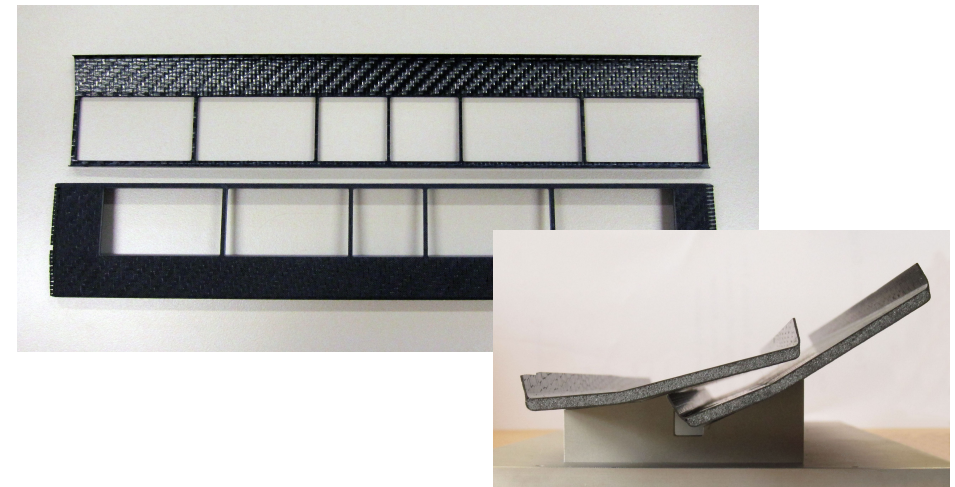
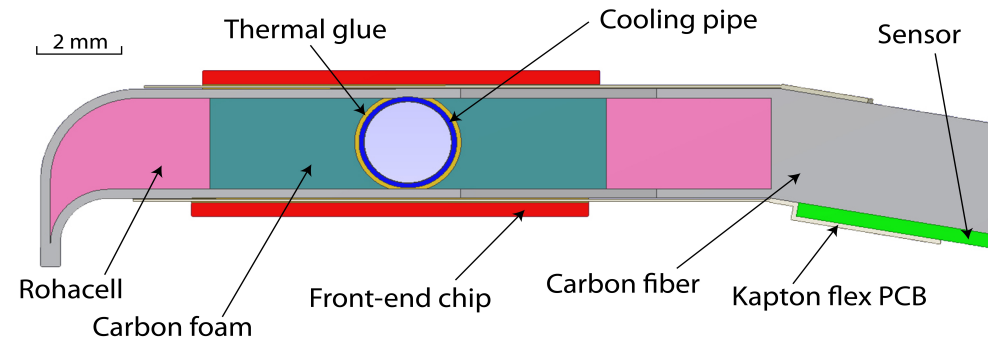
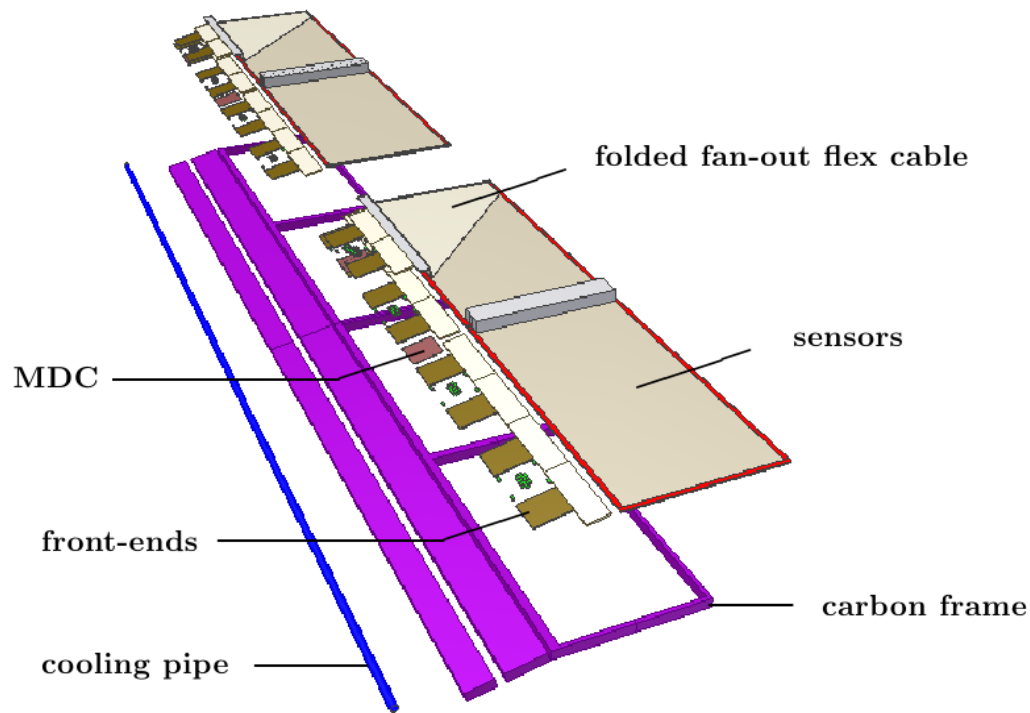
Hans-Georg Zaunick



PANDA Coll. Meeting
June 24th, 2013



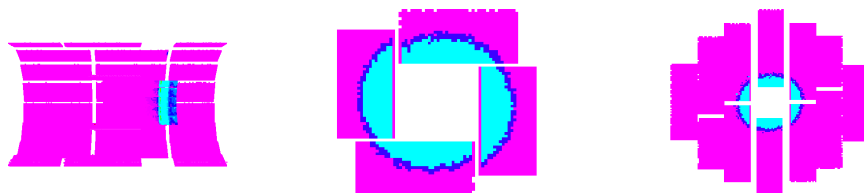
Strip Sensor Staves



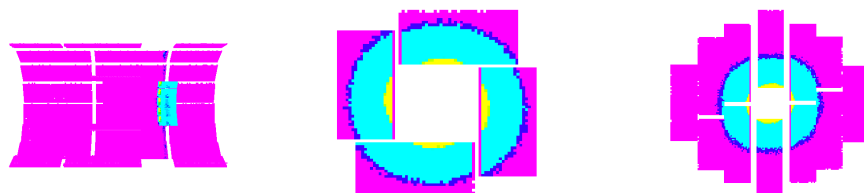
Radiation Damage

Pixel barrels/disks

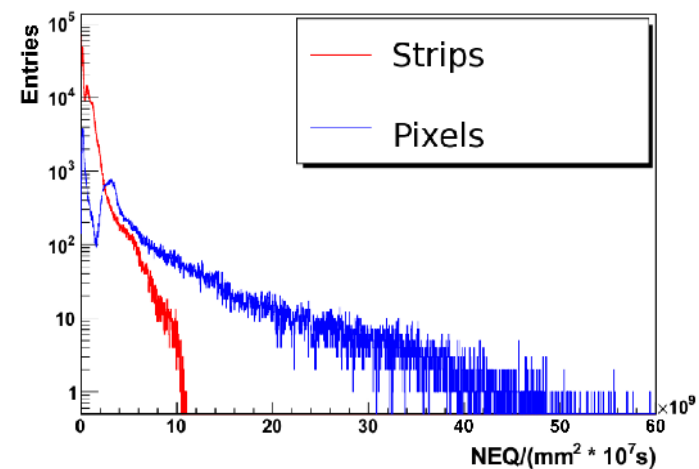
2GeV



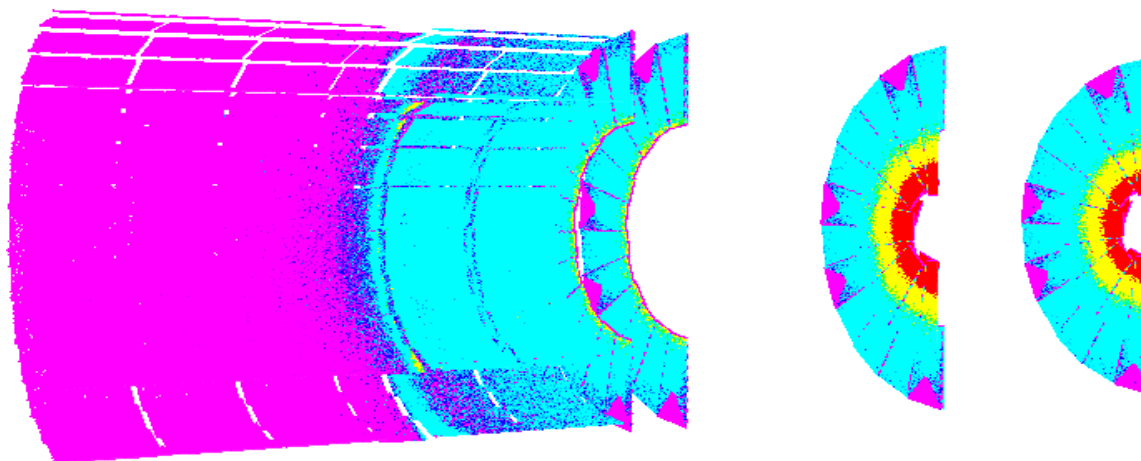
15GeV



pp DPM calculations
(Tobias)



Strip barrels/disks @ 15GeV



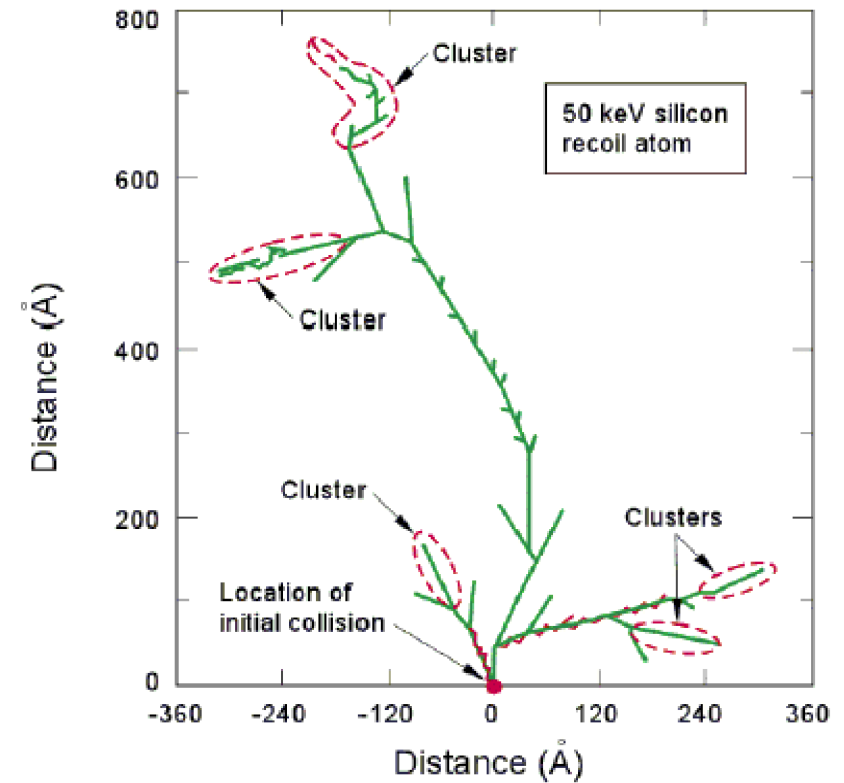
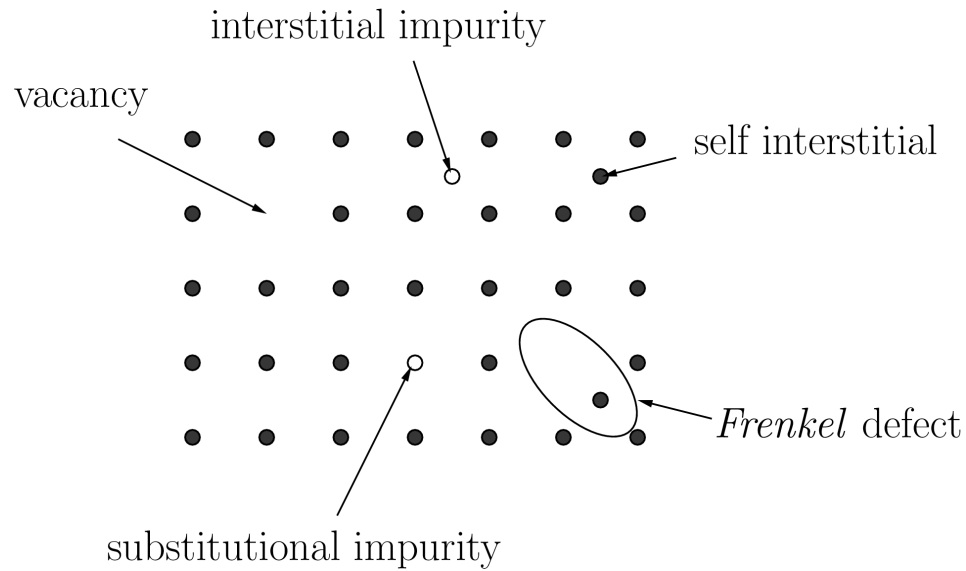
Radiation Damage

For Sensors and passive materials relevant:

Non-ionizing effects

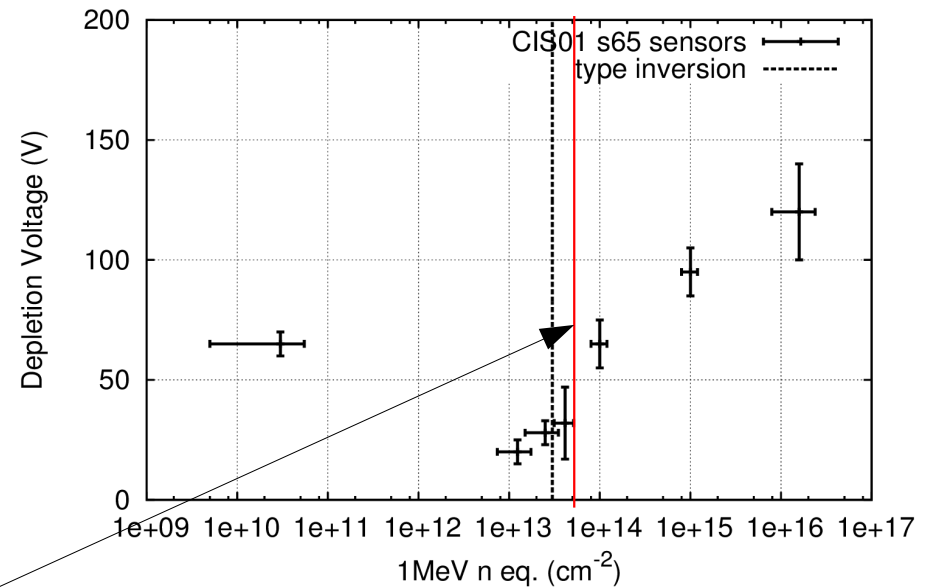
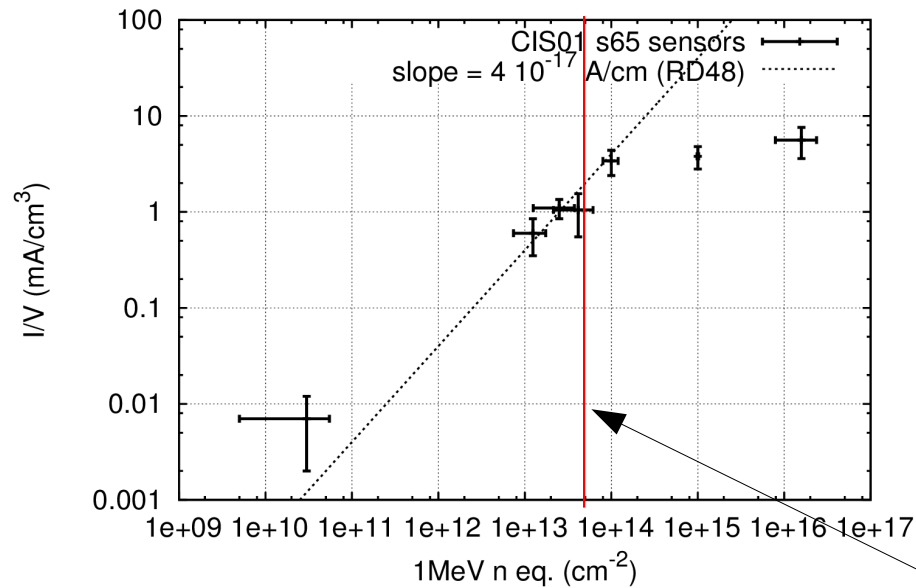
- Atomic displacements
- Change of lattice-order in crystals
- Point-defects, cluster defects, amorphous
- Quantity of Interest: NIEL, KERMA, dpa ...

Radiation Damage



Sensor Irradiation

Proton irradiation at Bonn isochrone cyclotron, T=14 MeV

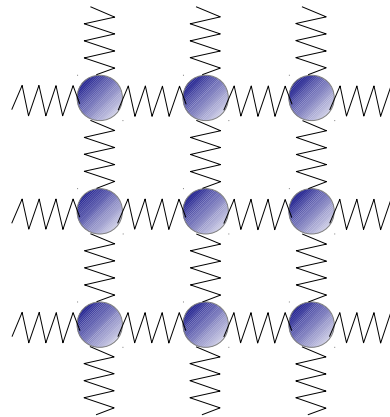


PANDA end-of-lifetime dose

Change of doping concentration
= change of full depletion voltage

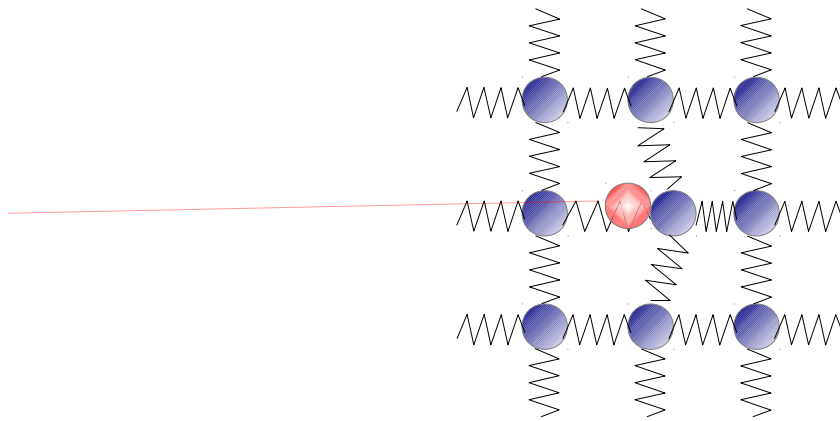
Displacement Damage

neutron (T)

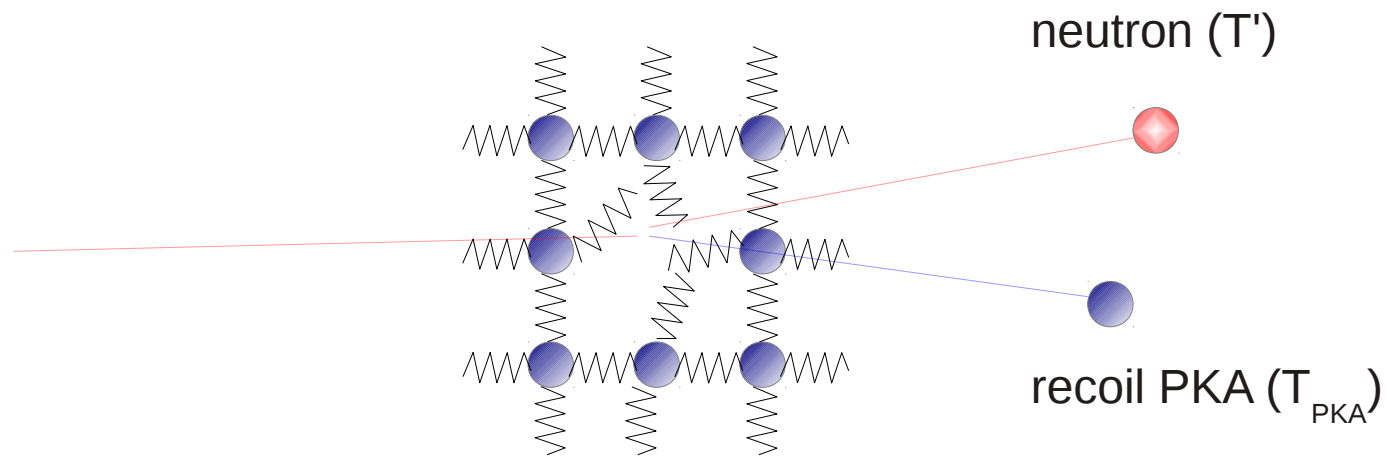


Lattice binding ($\sim 20\text{eV}$)

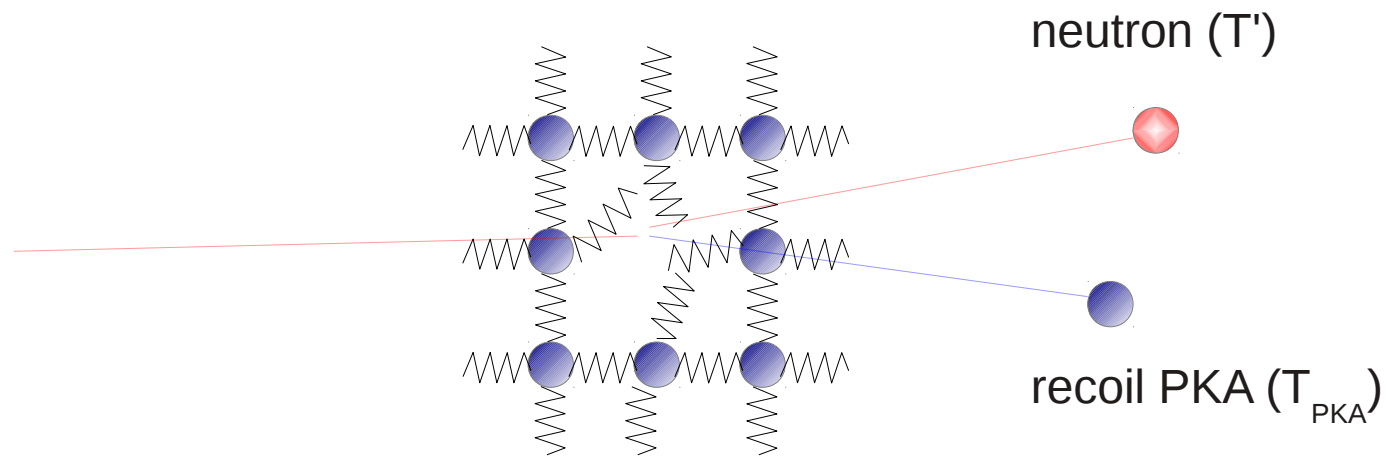
Displacement Damage



Displacement Damage

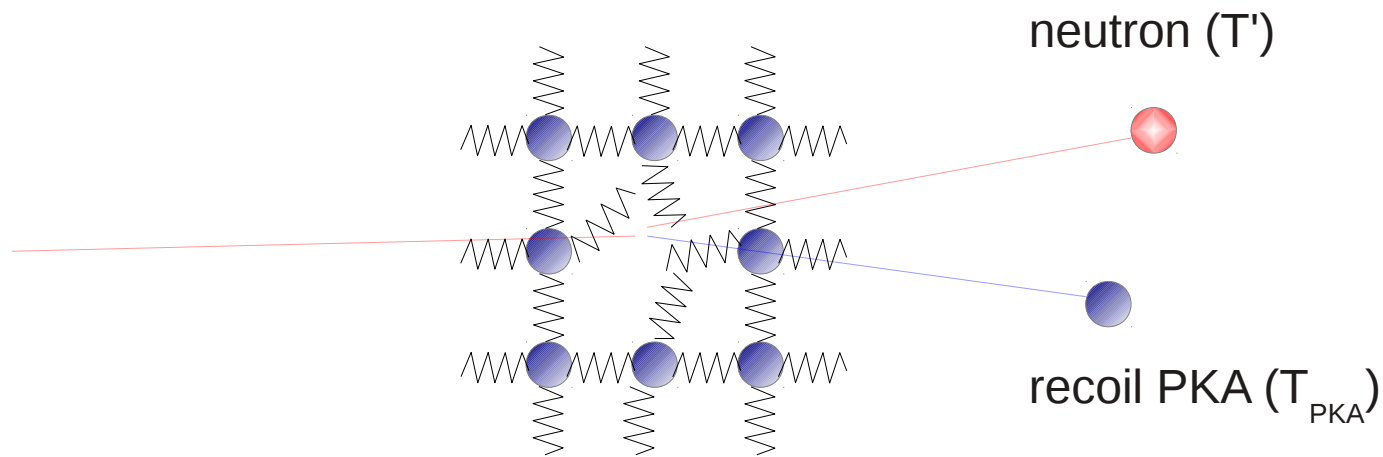


Displacement Damage



$$T = T' + T_{\text{PKA}} + E_{\text{lattice}}$$

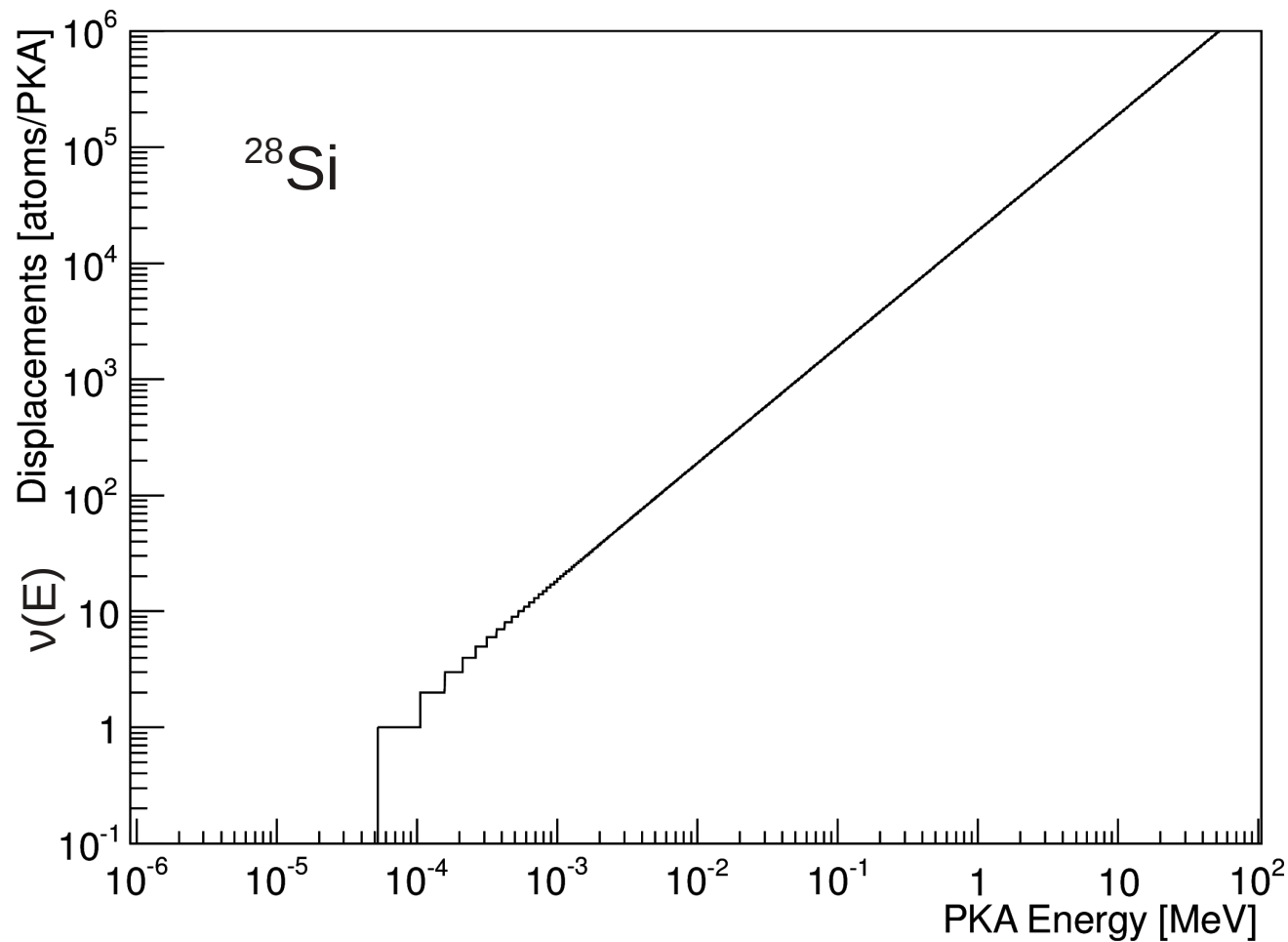
Displacement Damage



at higher energies **ionization**
comes into play

$$T = T' + T_{\text{PKA}} + E_{\text{lattice}} + E_{\text{ionization}}$$

Collision Cascade Model

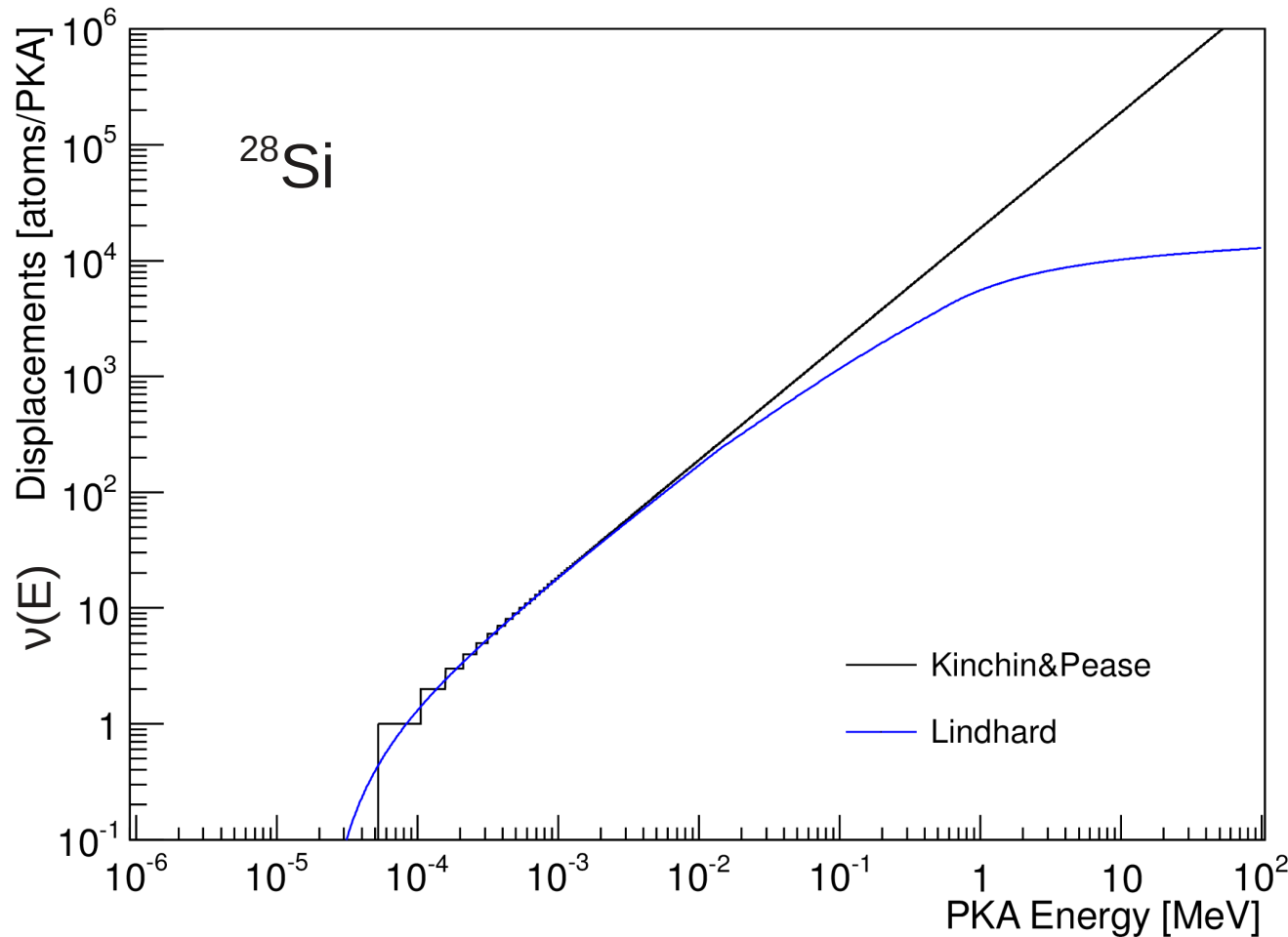


Kinchin and Pease: Nr. of displacements:
$$\nu = 0.8 \frac{T}{2E_{\text{thr}}}$$

[Rep. Prog. Phys. 18 (1955) 1]

Collision Cascade Model

Lindhard et al.: Consideration of ionization at higher energies



Numerical calculation of damage functions through solving coupled integro-diff. conservation equations in v

[Phys. Rev. 124 (1961) 128]

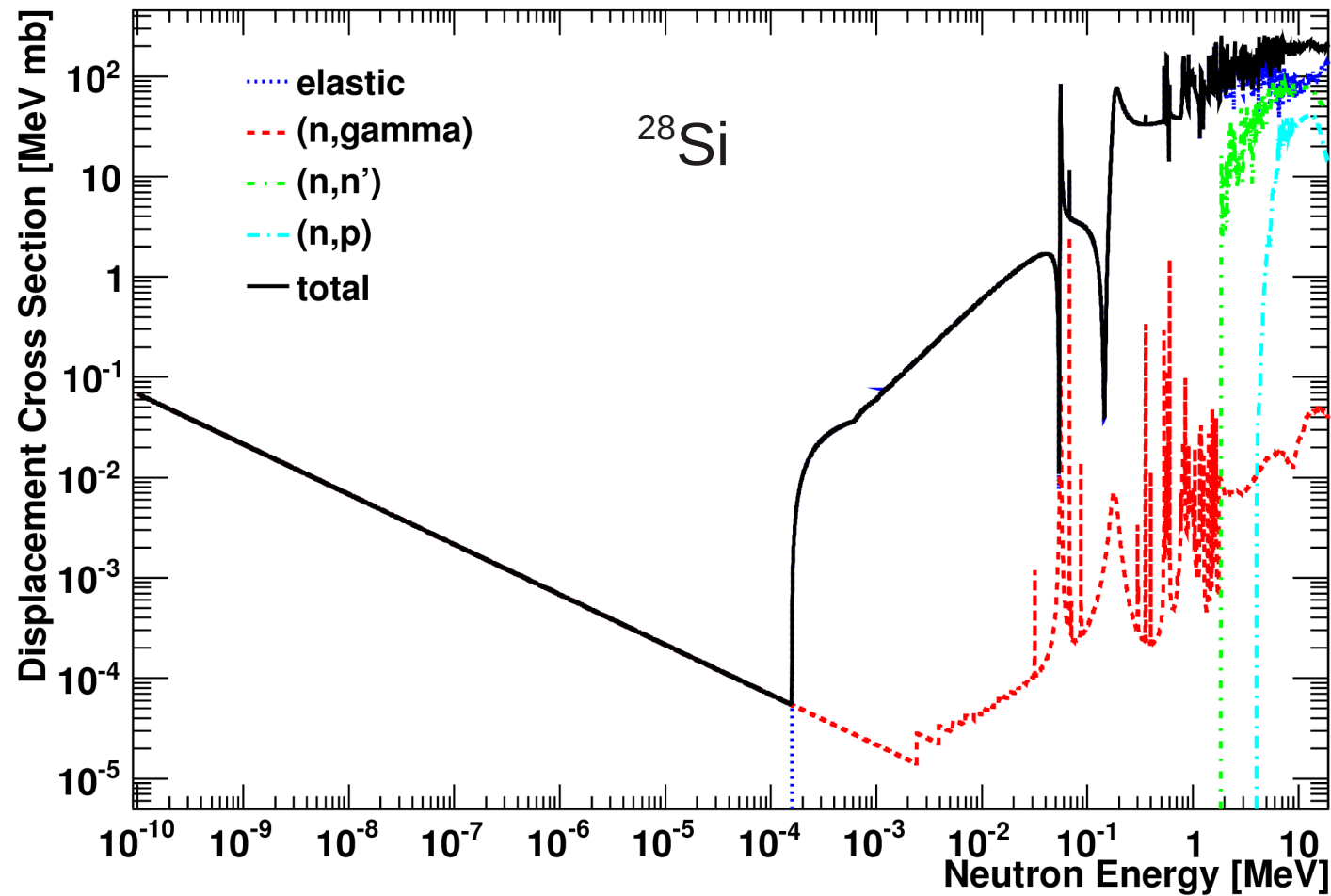
[Mat. Fys. Medd. Dan. Vid. Selsk. 37 (1970) 1]

[J. Nucl. Mat. 199 (1993) 221]

Collision Cascade Model

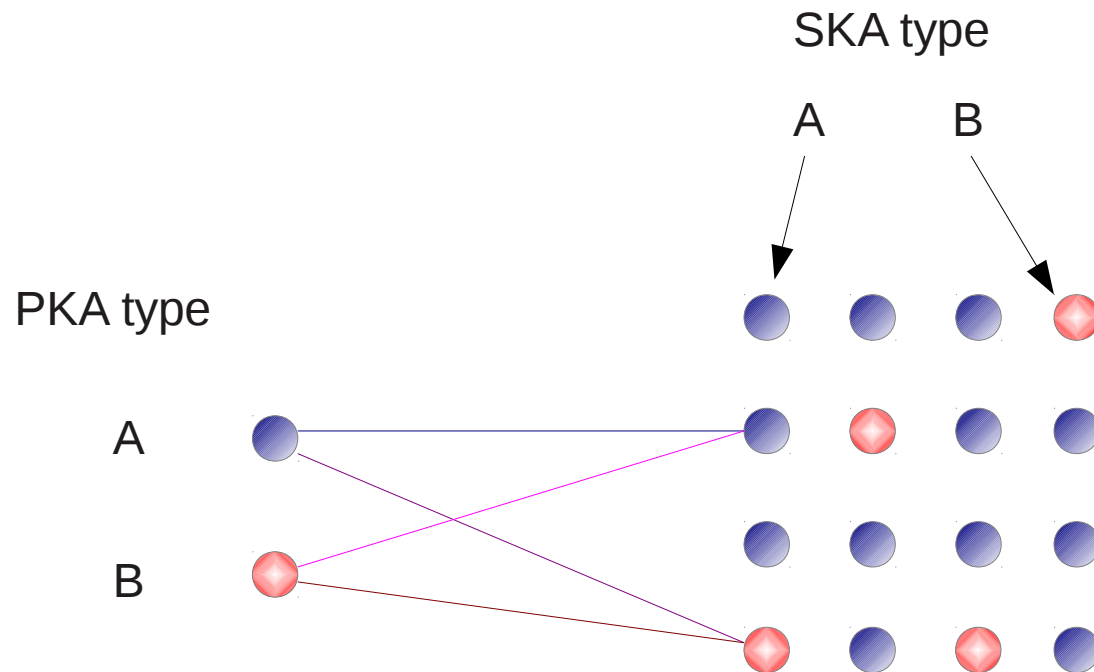
Folding of PKA-displacement spectra with neutron capture cross sections (ENDF library)

[Chadwick,Herman,Oblozhinsky et.al. "ENDF/B-VII.1 Nuclear Data Library (2011)]



Collision Cascade Model

Compound materials more difficult to describe



- Different damage spectra depending on PKA-SKA combination
- Different lattice binding energies
- Different kin. energy transfer efficiencies

$$\Lambda_{12} = \frac{4M_1M_2}{(M_1+M_2)^2}$$

Damage Functions

Example: BaTiO_3 dielectric material for ceramic capacitors

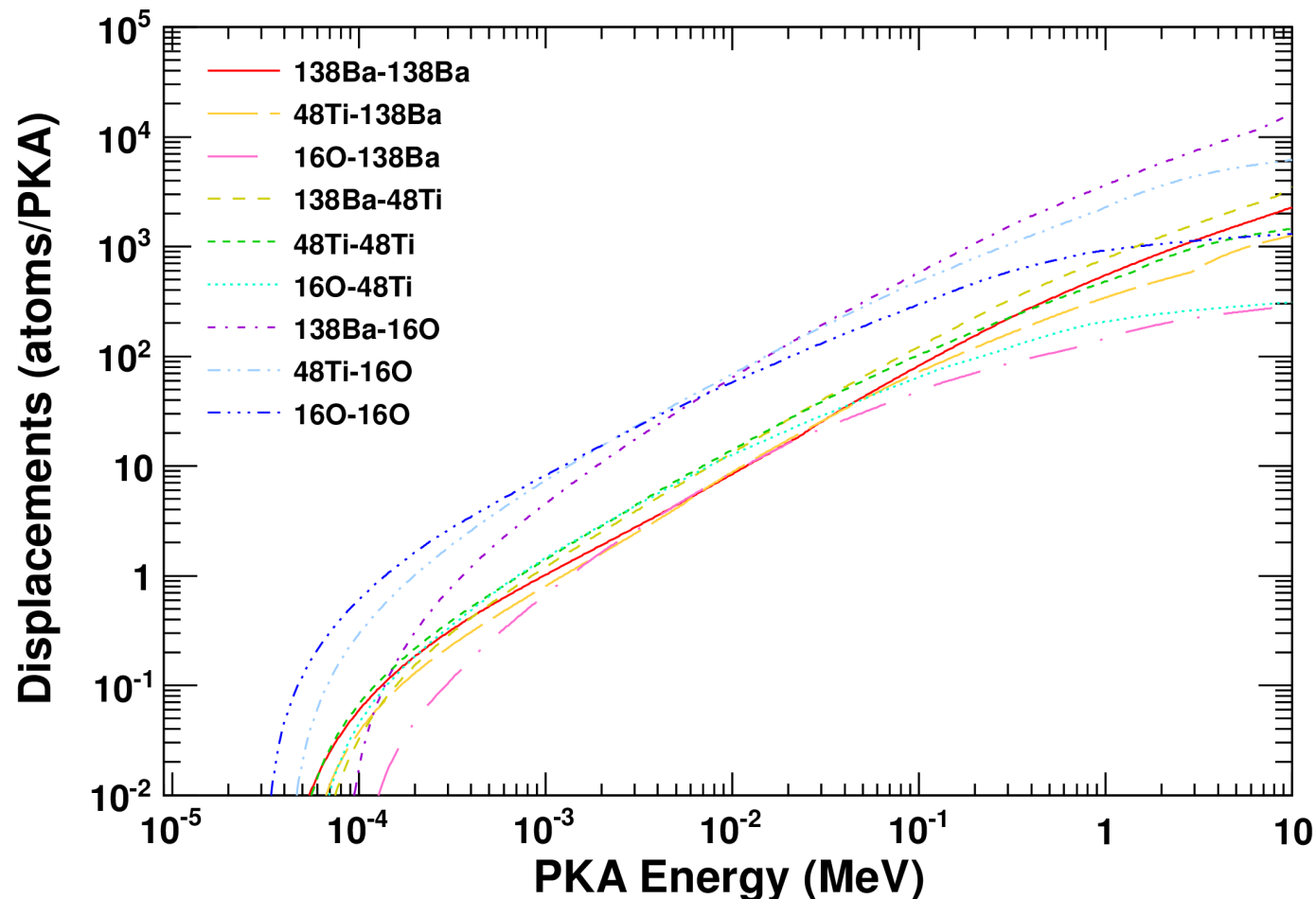


Considered nuclides with elemental abundances

Ba:
 $^{56}_{138}\text{Ba}$ 92.2%
 ^{137}Ba 11.2%
 ^{136}Ba 7.9%
 ^{135}Ba 6.6%
 ^{134}Ba 2.4%

Ti:
 $^{22}_{48}\text{Ti}$ 73.8%
 ^{46}Ti 8.0%
 ^{47}Ti 7.3%
 ^{49}Ti 5.5%
 ^{50}Ti 5.4%

$^{16}_8\text{O}$ ~100%



Damage Functions

Example: BaTiO_3 dielectric material for ceramic capacitors



Considered nuclides with elemental abundances

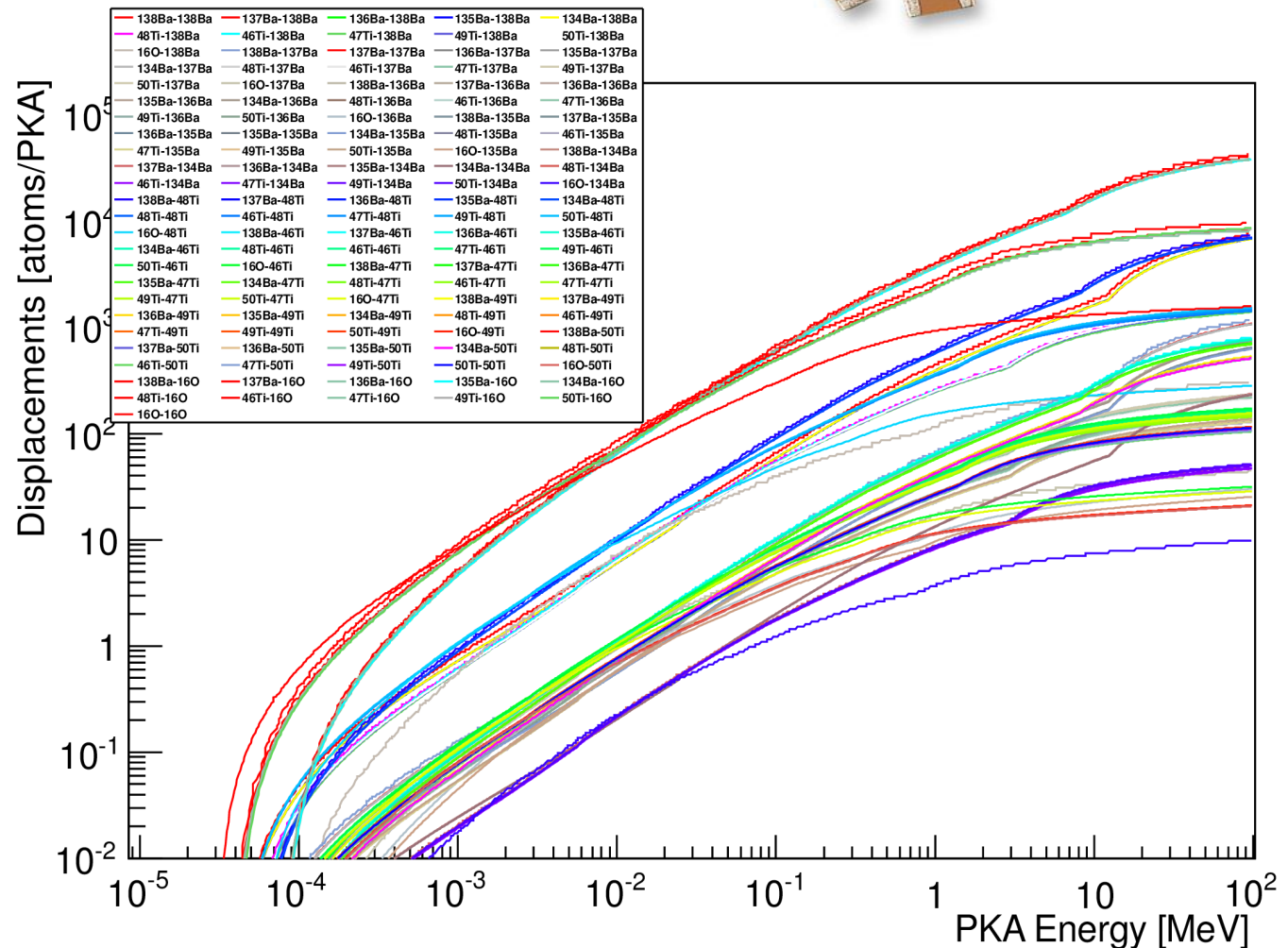
Ba:

⁵⁶Ba 92.2%
¹³⁸Ba 11.2%
¹³⁷Ba 7.9%
¹³⁶Ba 6.6%
¹³⁵Ba 2.4%

Ti:

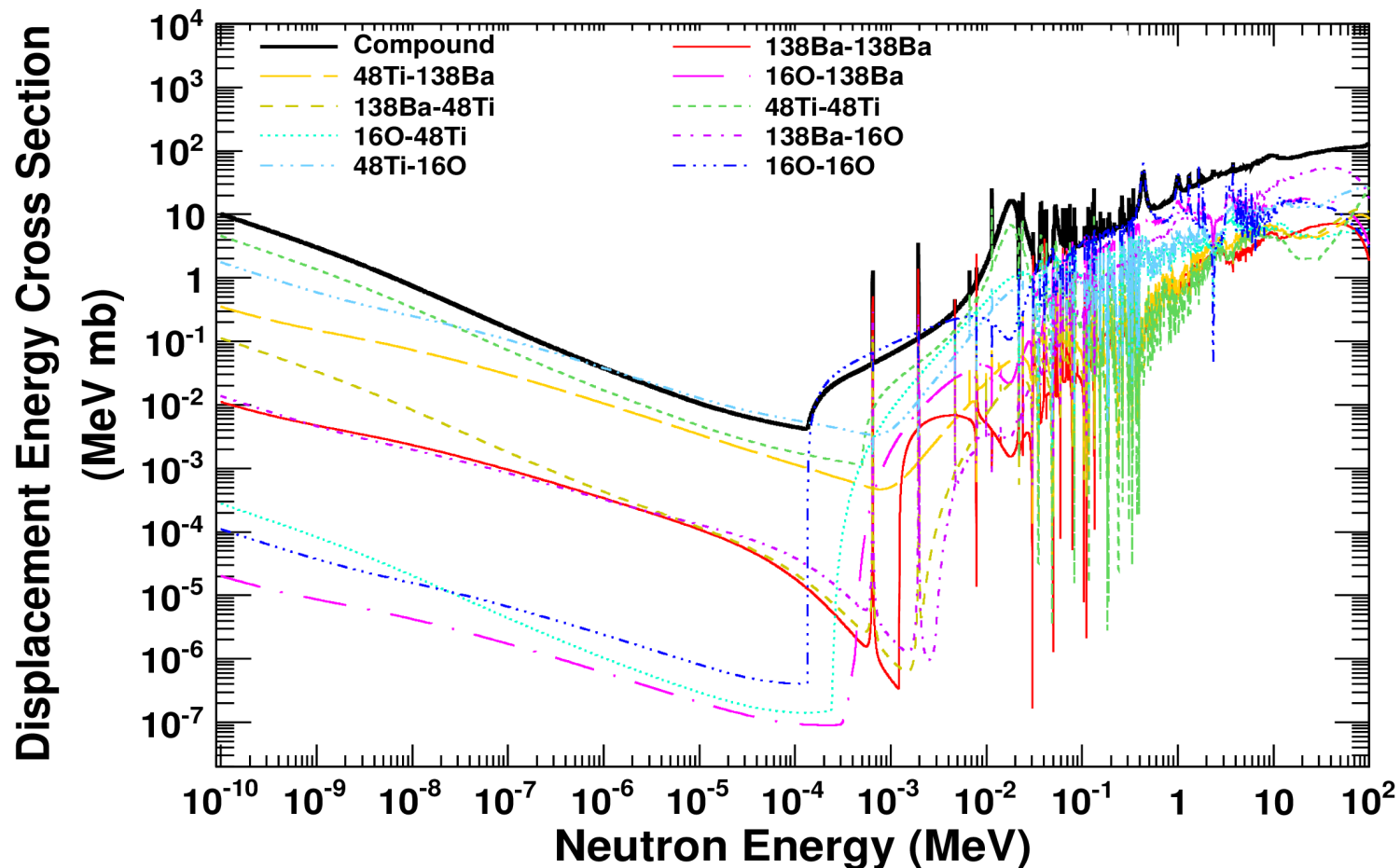
⁴⁸Ti 73.8%
⁴⁶Ti 8.0%
⁴⁷Ti 7.3%
⁴⁹Ti 5.5%
⁵⁰Ti 5.4%

¹⁶₈O ~100%



Damage Cross Section

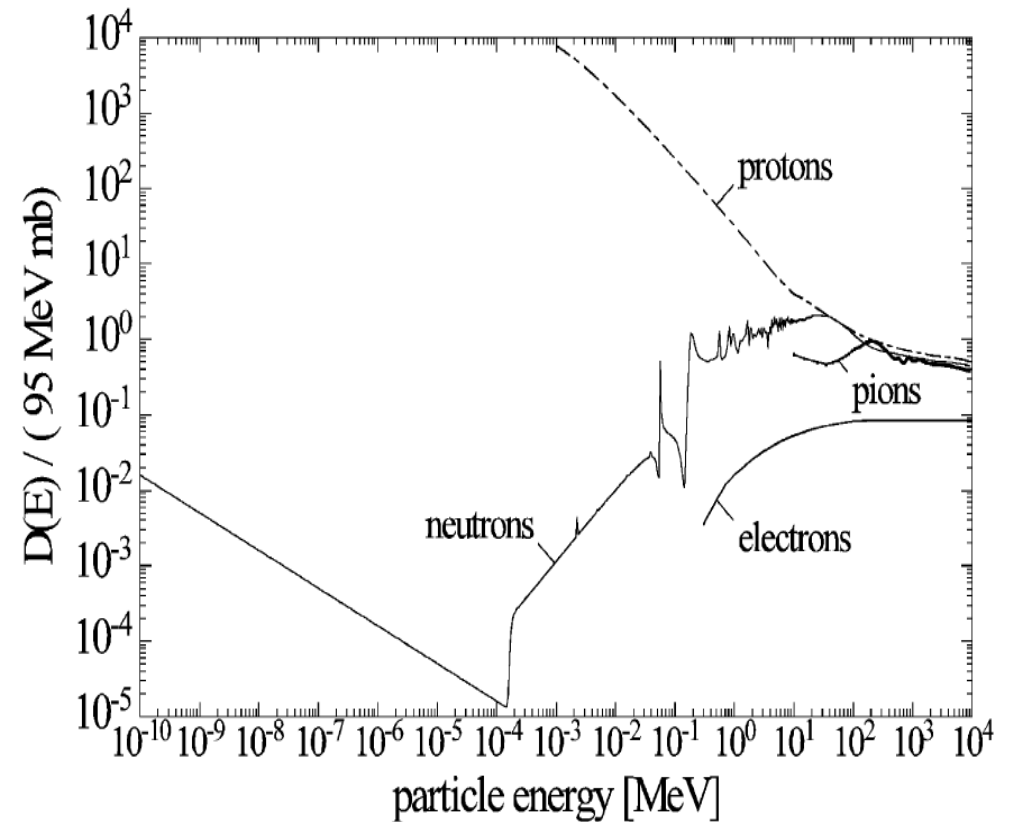
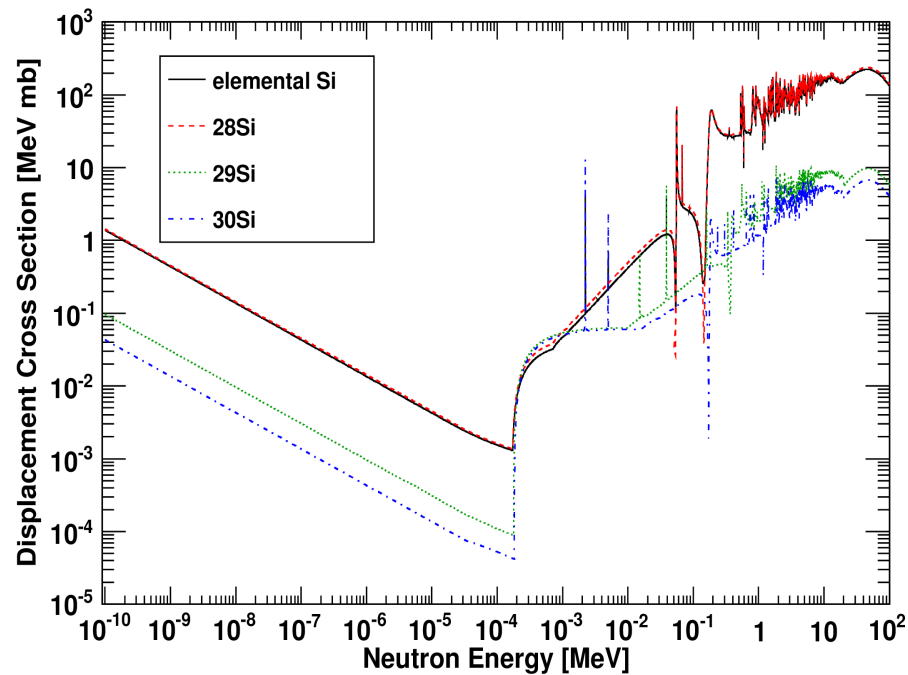
Example: BaTiO_3 dielectric material for ceramic capacitors



- Combine weighted partial cross sections according to atomic density of constituents

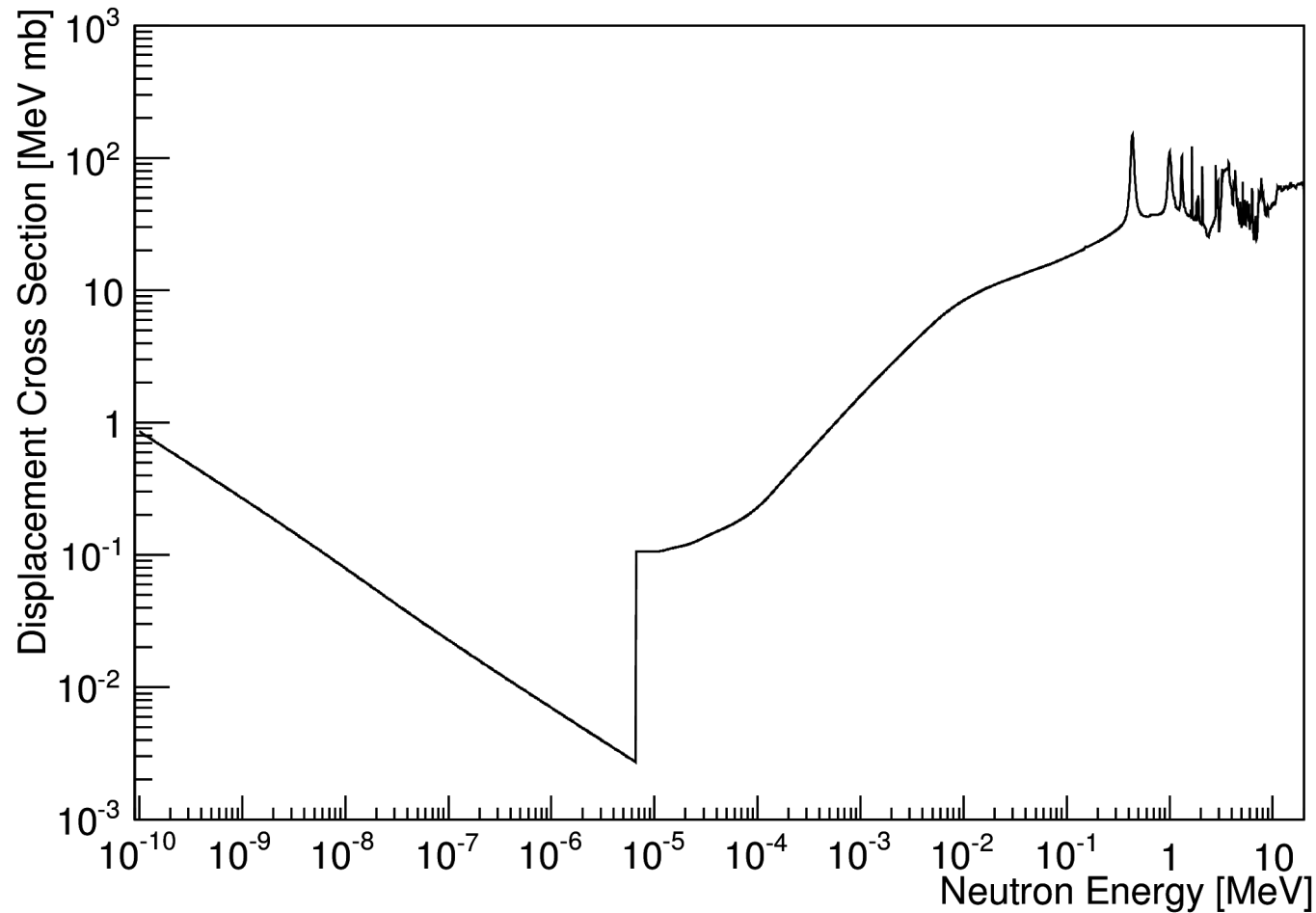
Damage Cross Section

Silicon

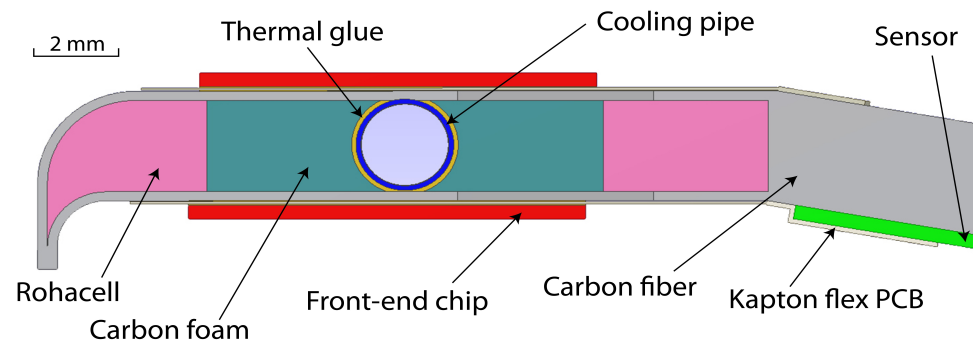
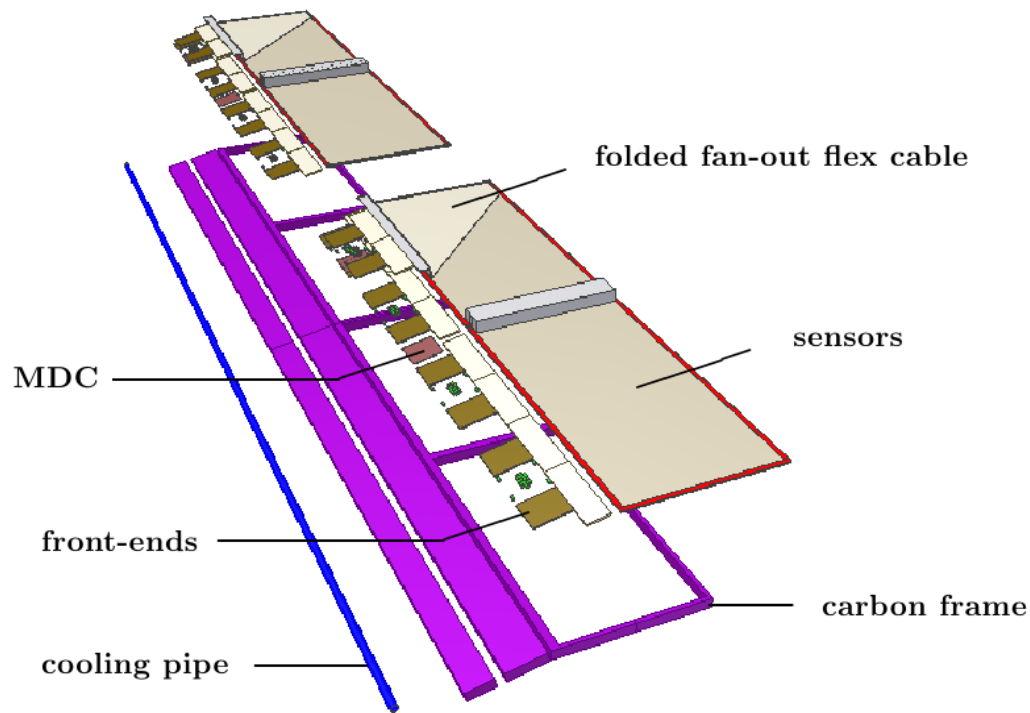


Damage Cross Section

ROHACELL 51A compound, polymethacrylic-imide

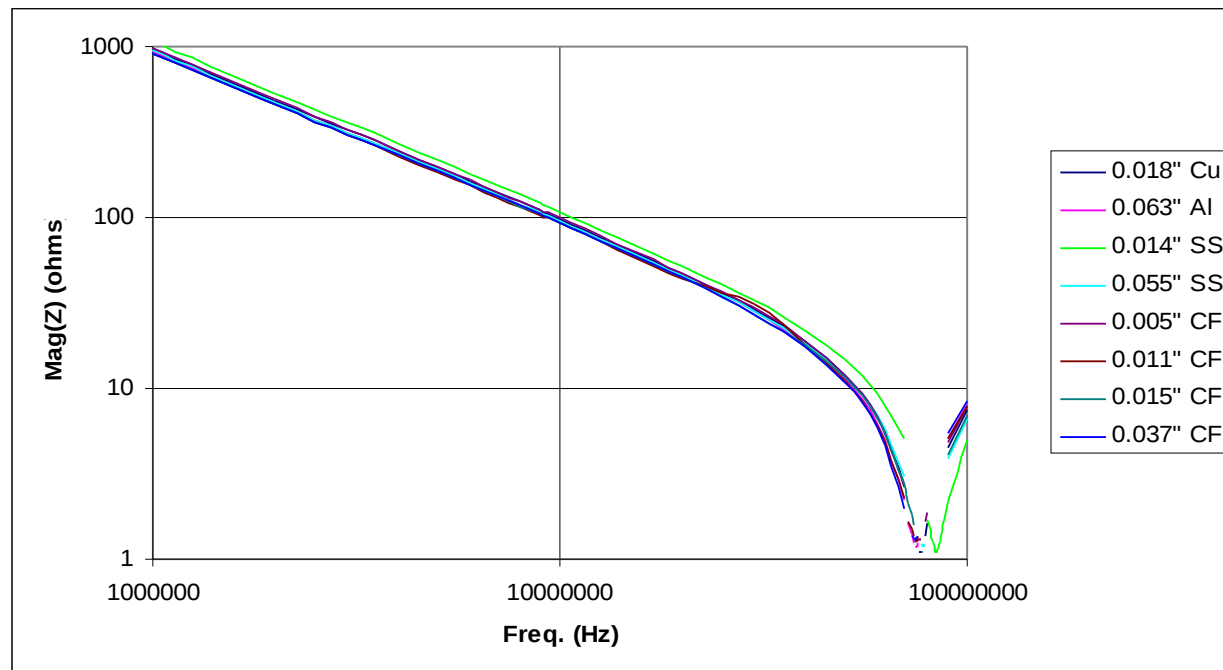


Grounding of Carbon Staves



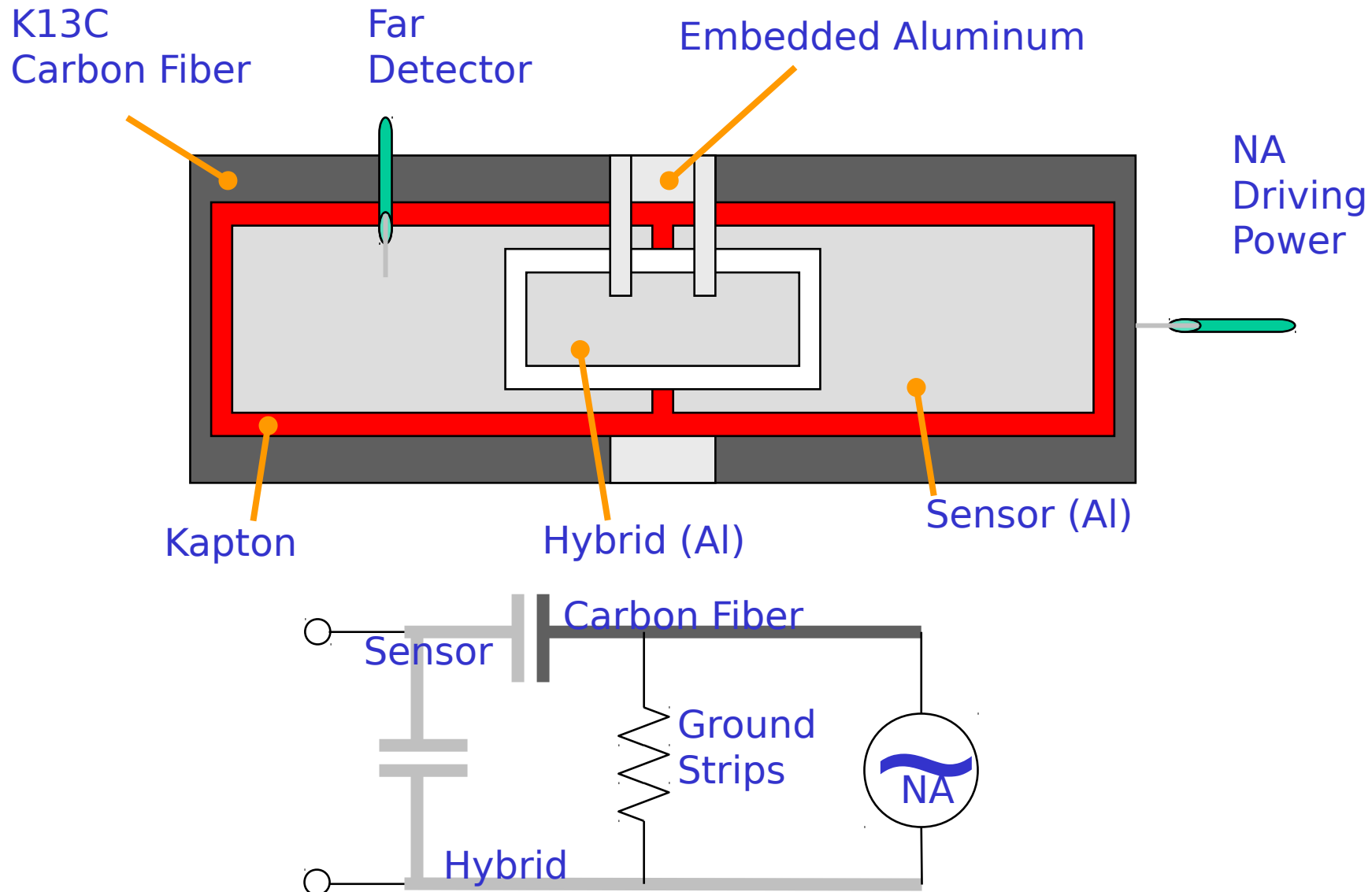
Grounding of Carbon Staves

- Current pitch fabrication techniques that produce carbon fiber with ultra-high modulus (~ 1000 GPa) also yield very low resistivity ($\sim 100 \mu\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$)
- Floating conductors tend to strongly couple to silicon sensors
- Very nasty source of noise, esp. in densely packed structures of high impedance and highly sensitive sensors (lose coupling)



Grounding of Carbon Staves

D0 L0/L1 Mock-up



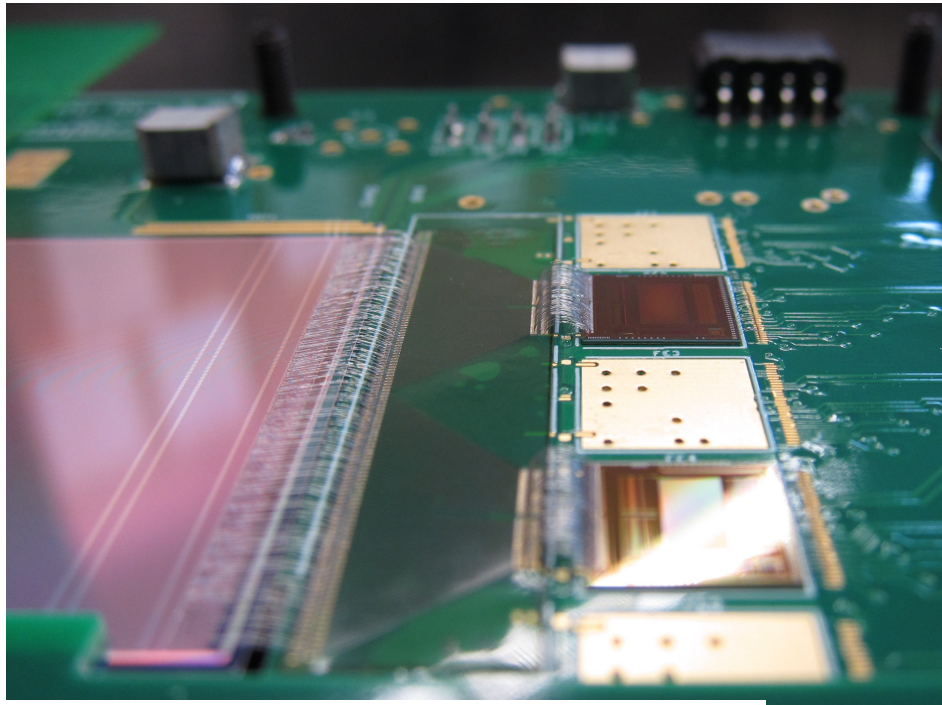
Strip Sensor Staves

D0:

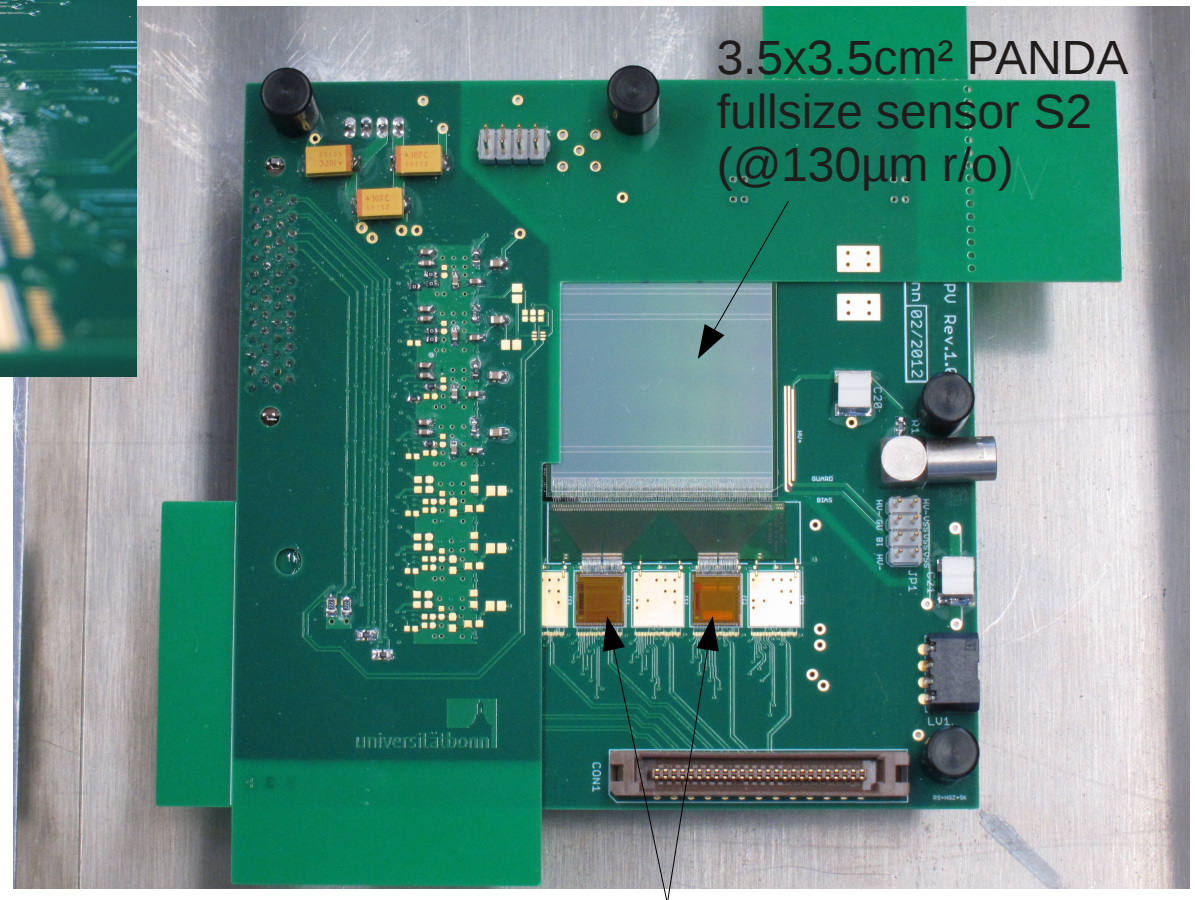
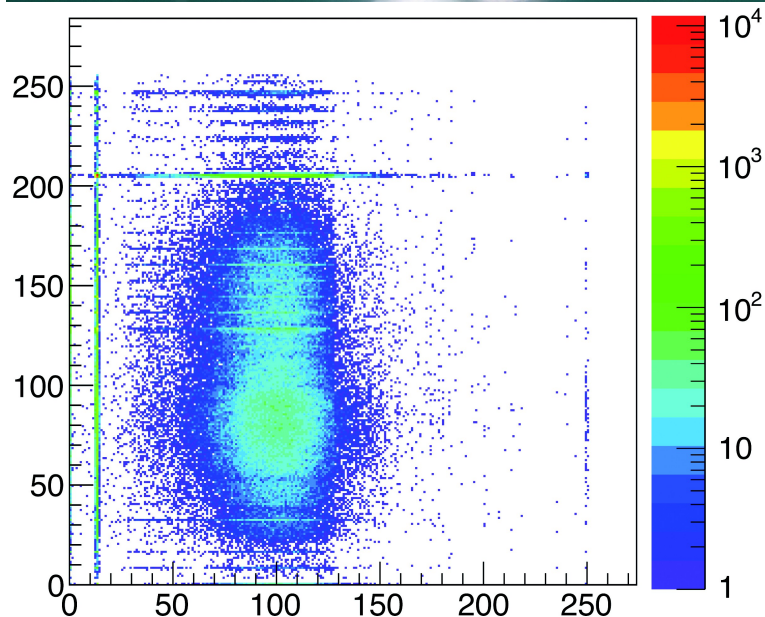
- Electrical coupling of reference ground conductor to carbon stave is **crucial**
- Embed Al foils into carbon structure
- Al foil coverage of 20...25% of the carbon stave
- Oxidation and fragility of Al foil are critical
- Alternative: bond flex and carbon by embedded Cu mesh

Backup Slides

Strip Sensors



Flex-PA and squared sensor
assembled on a test board and
successfully tested at SPS, CERN
(September 2012)

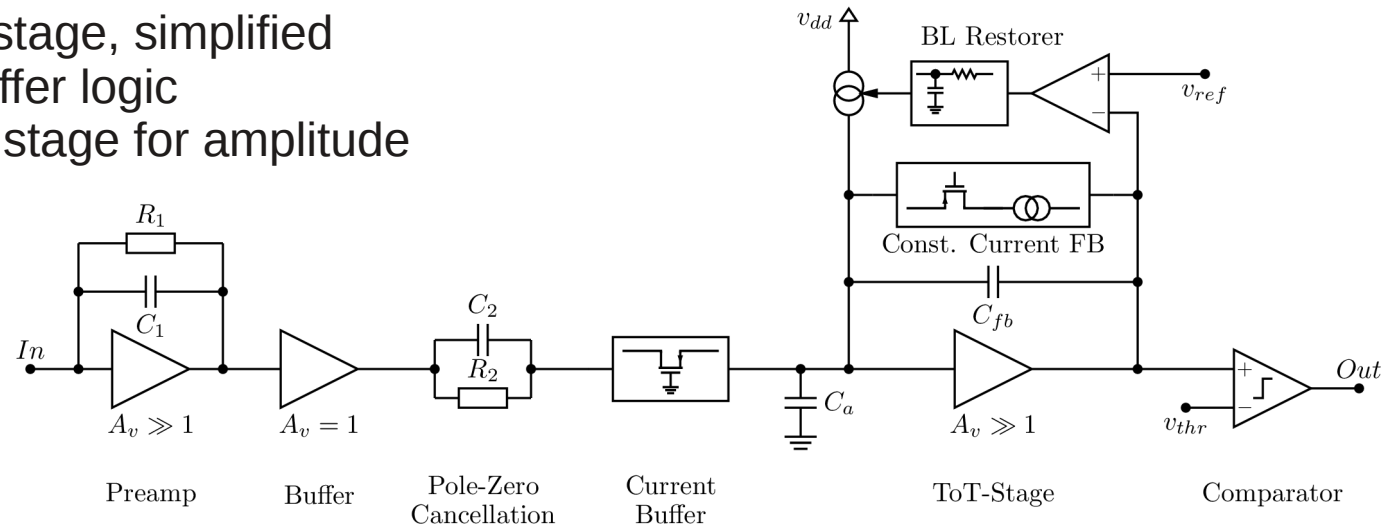


APV25 Front-ends

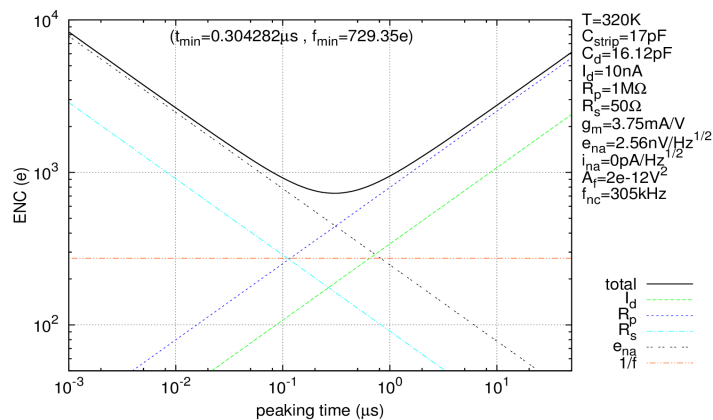
Strip Front-end

- design of new selftriggered FE based on ToPIX pixel FE started in 2012
- modified analog stage, simplified single column buffer logic
- ToT+HiRes TDC stage for amplitude measurement

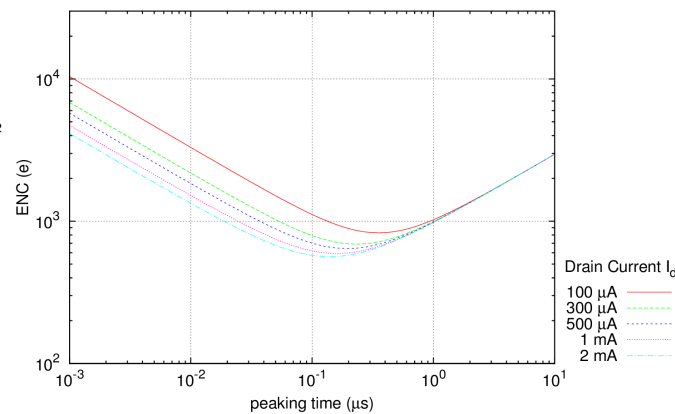
INFN Torino, JLU Giessen, IKP Jülich



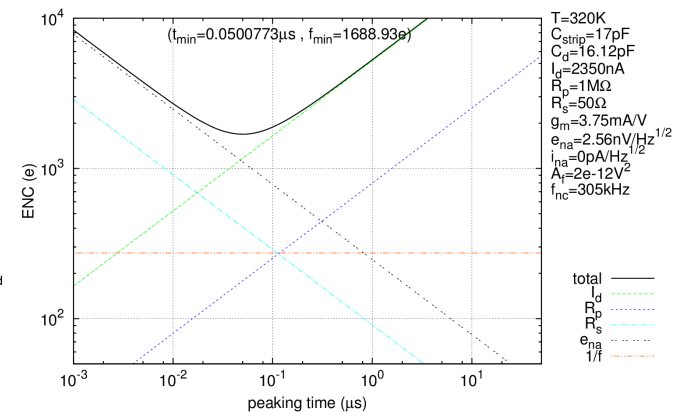
Preamp. Noise:



unirradiated



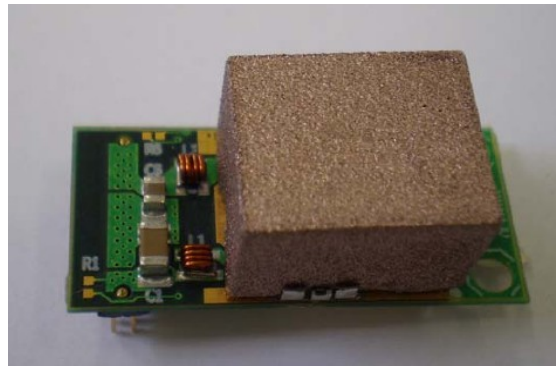
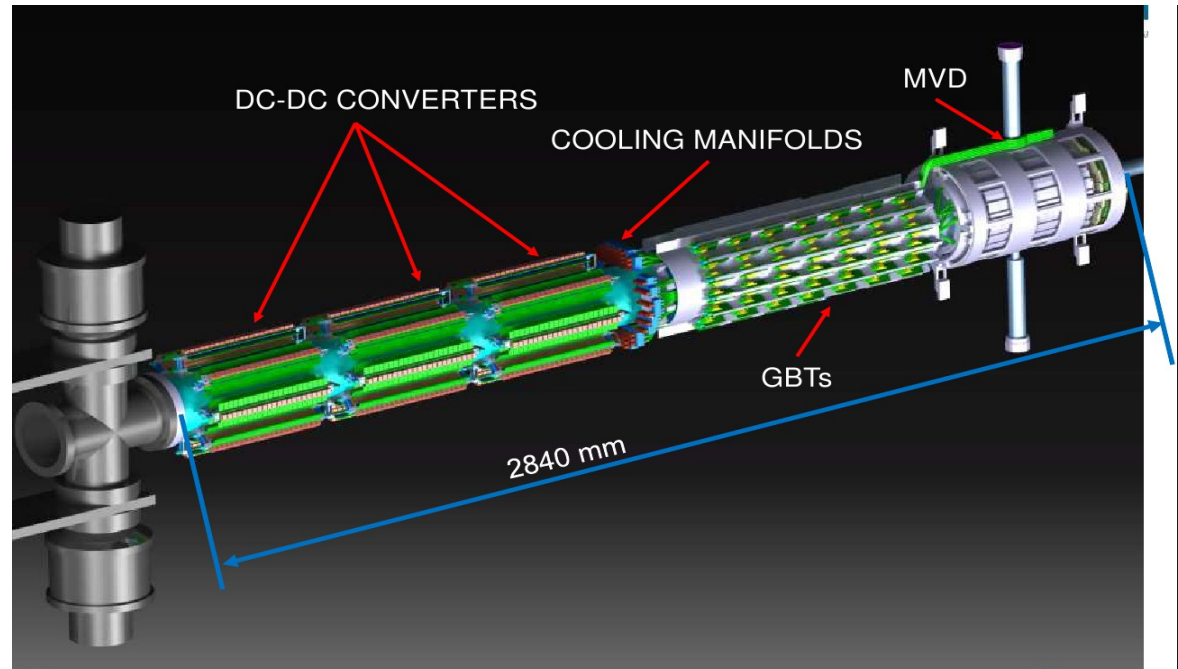
5e13 n. eq.



Powering

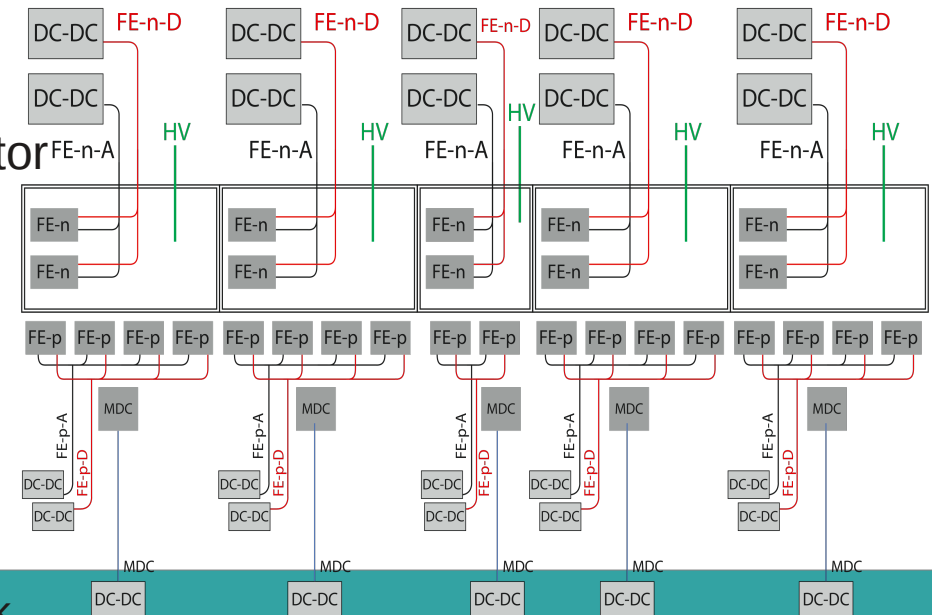
DC-DC powering concept

- Air-coil converters operate inside strong magnetic fields
- 80% efficiency
- Converter developed at CERN for LHC upgrade



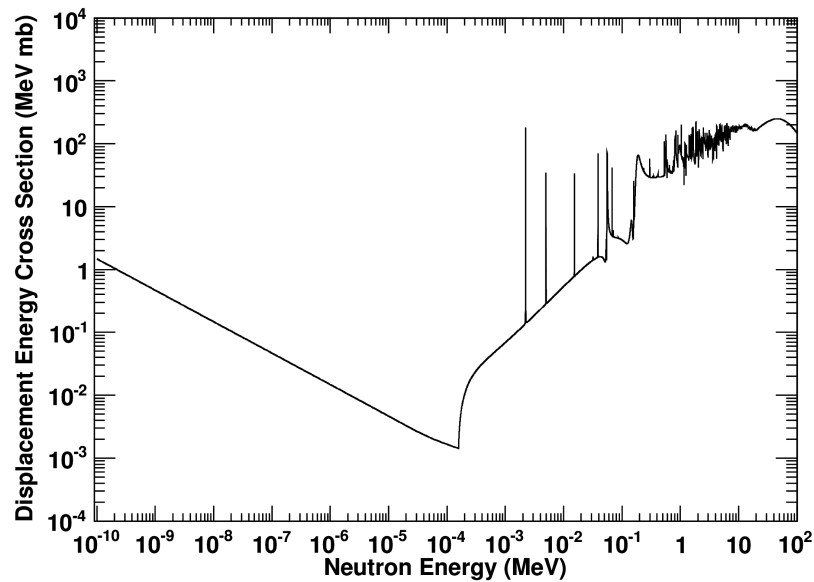
SM01C DC/DC converter

Strip subdetector powering

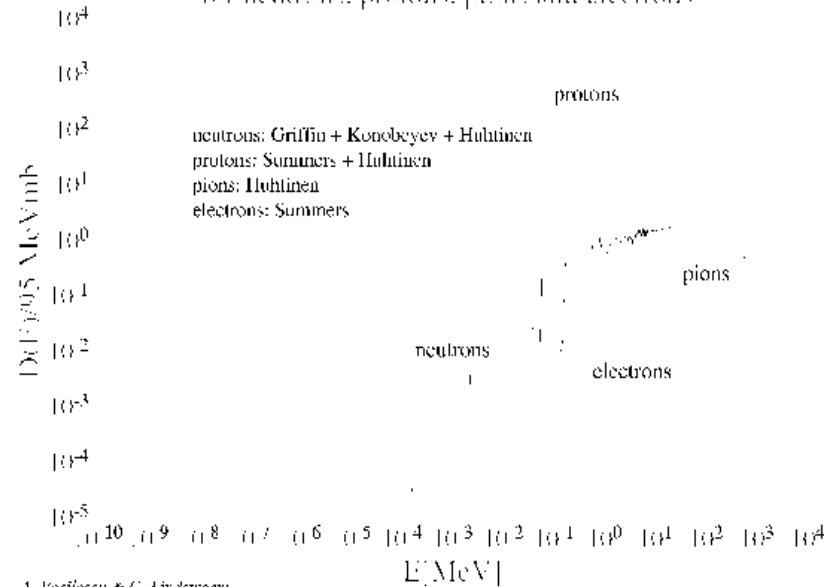


Radiation Damage

Si - compound



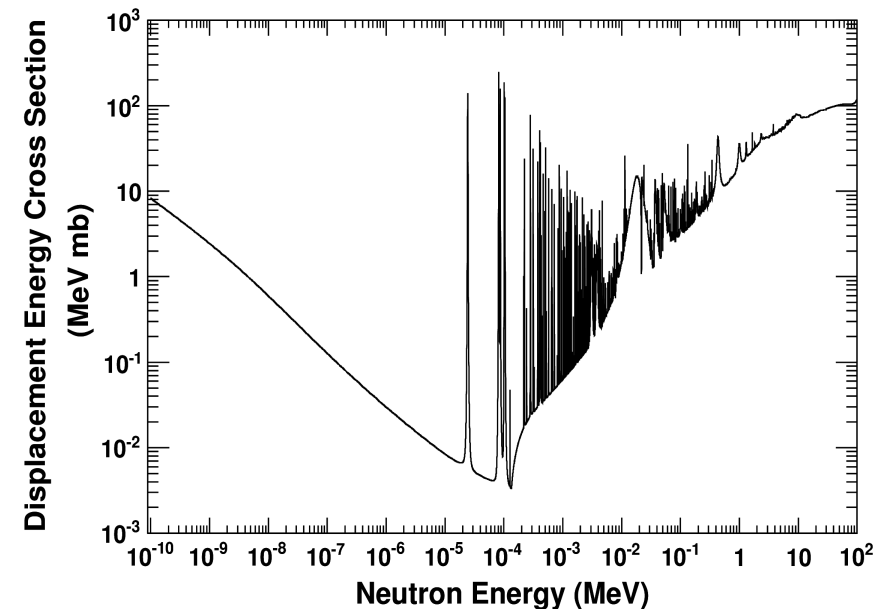
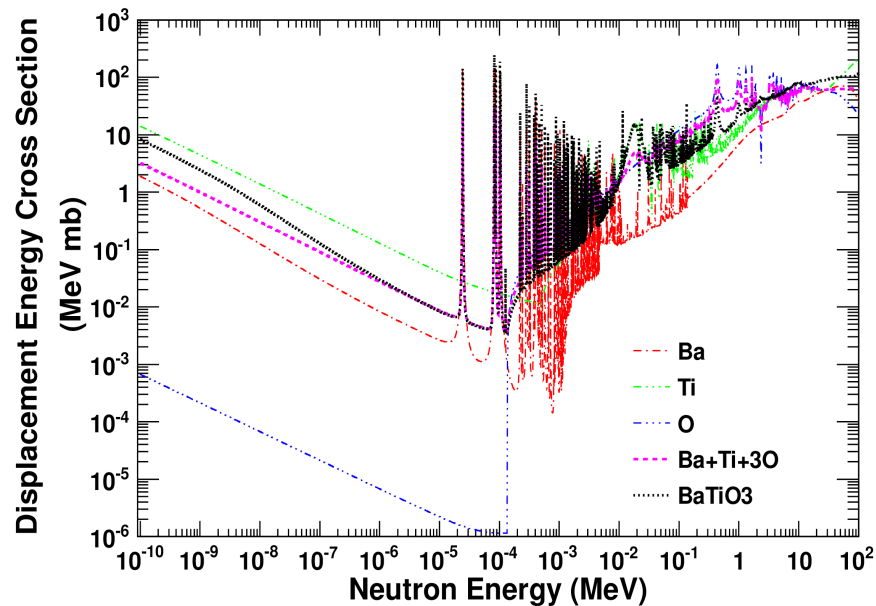
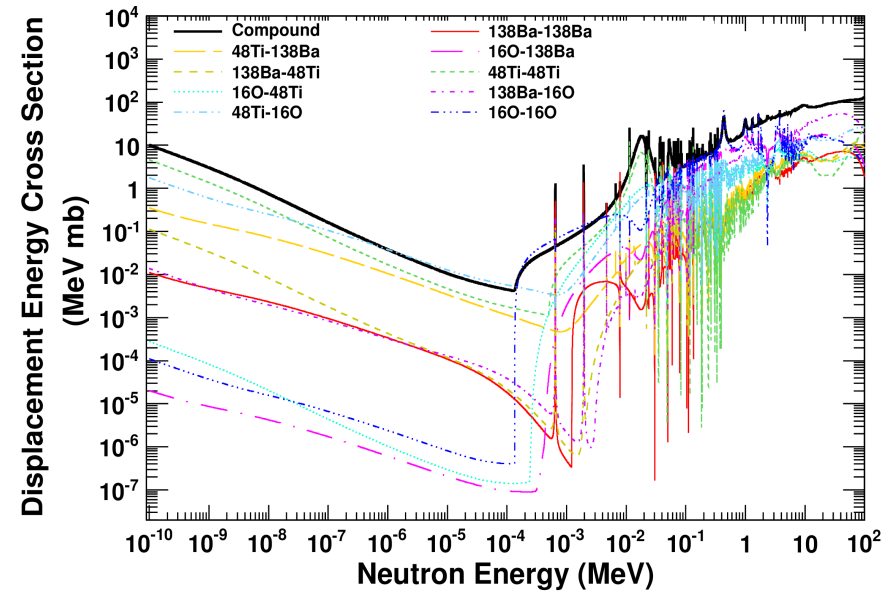
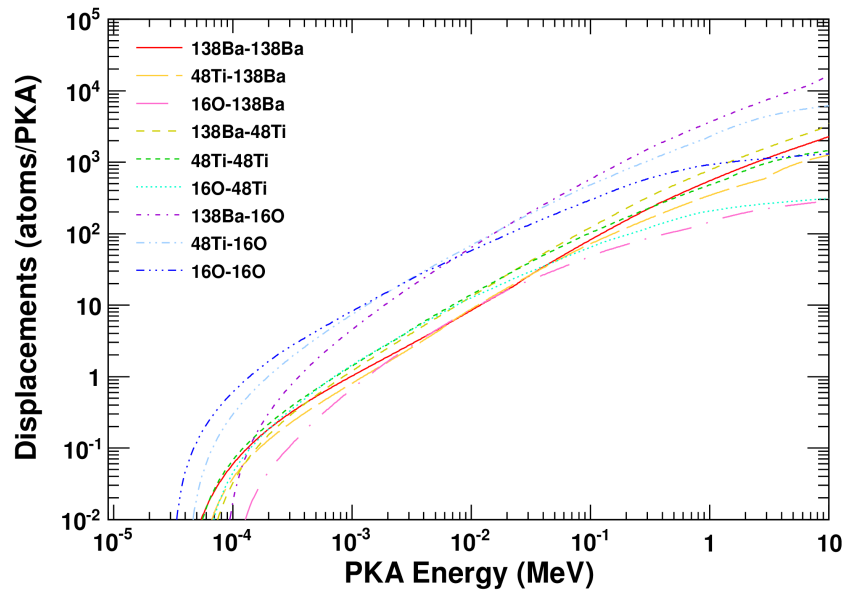
Displacement damage in Silicon
for neutrons, protons, pions and electrons



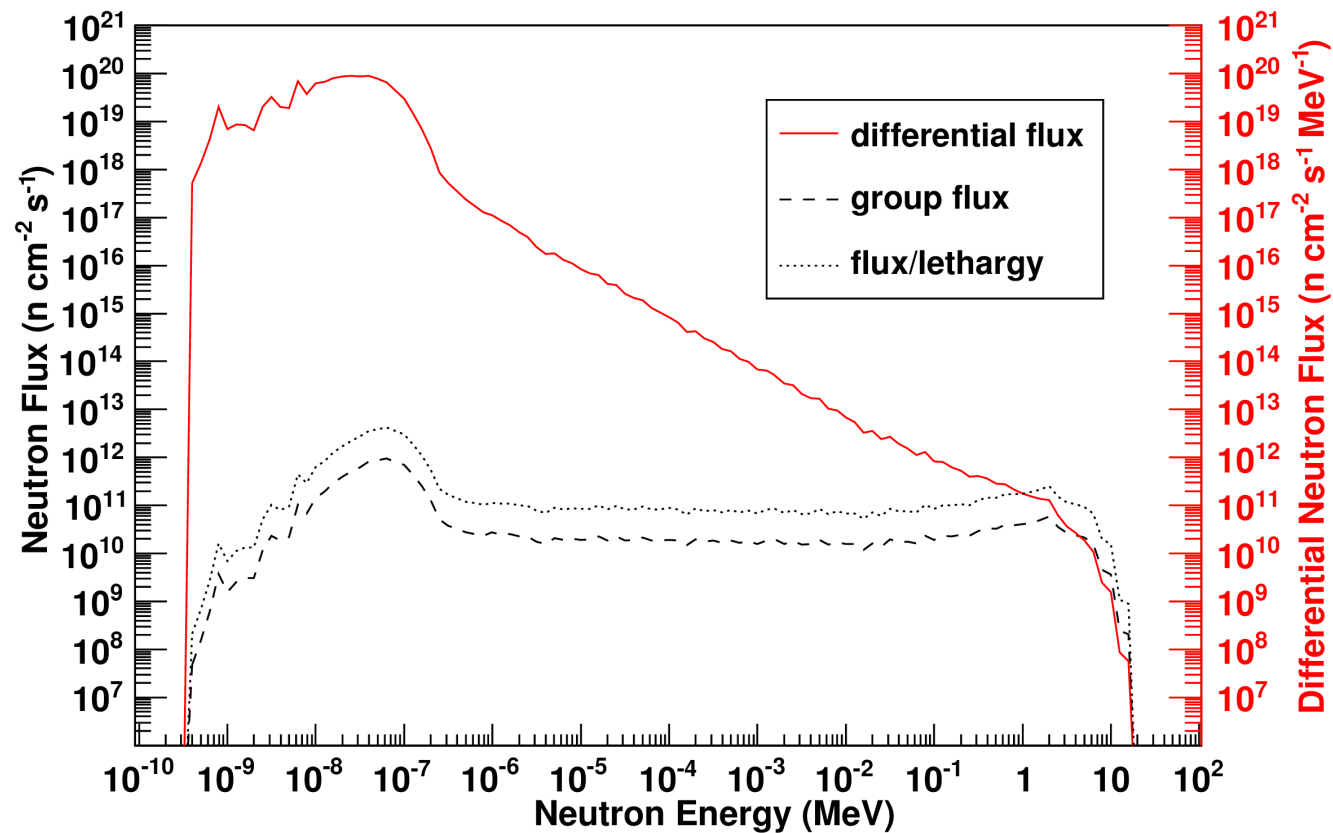
A. Vorstiusen & G. Lindgren

Radiation Damage

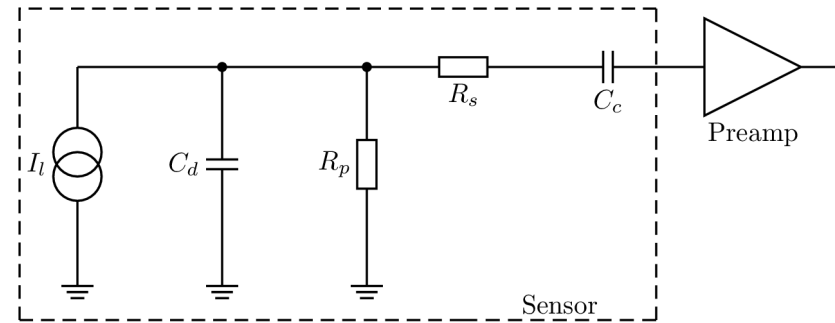
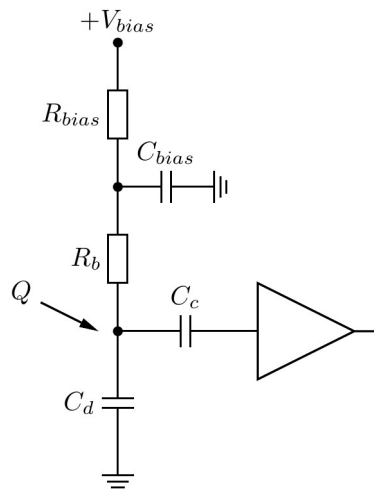
BaTiO₃ - compound



Radiation Damage



Strip Subdetector



Strip Sensors

