

# Production of Vector Mesons in $\bar{p}p$ -Reactions

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**bmb+f**  
Großgeräte  
der physikalischen  
Grundlagenforschung

# Outline

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- Introduction
  - PWA Software
  - Crystal Barrel LEAR
- PWA of CB-LEAR data with relevance for PANDA
  - $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$
  - $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0$
  - $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta$
- Summary

# Motivations

With regard to the upcoming PANDA experiment, analyses of existing  $\bar{p}p$ -data are valuable

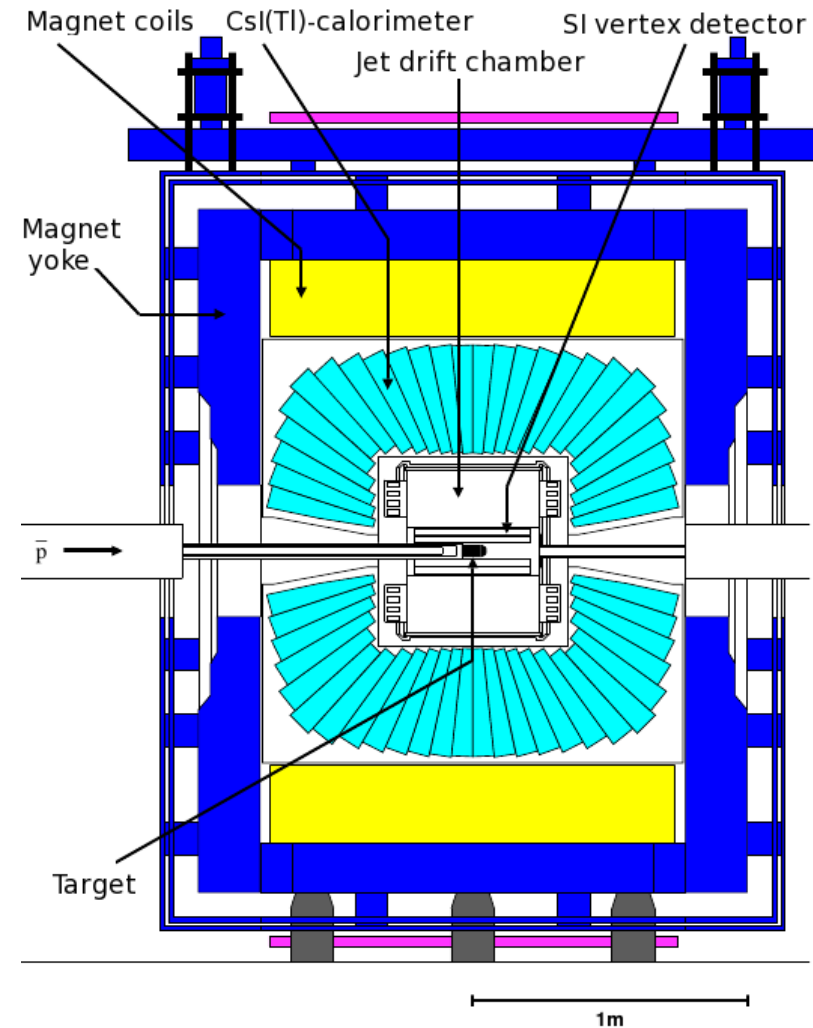
## ➡ Crystal Barrel LEAR

- Development and test of analysis tools for PANDA, such as the partial wave analysis (PWA) software
- Study of the production of vector mesons and the initial  $\bar{p}p$ -states
- Evaluation of the contributing orbital angular  $\bar{p}p$ -momenta
  - $p_{\bar{p},max} = 1.94 \text{ GeV}/c$  @ CB-LEAR ➡  $L_{max} \approx 5$
  - $p_{\bar{p}} = (1.5 - 15) \text{ GeV}/c$  @ PANDA ➡  $L_{max} = ?$
- Evaluation of the spin density matrix for different mesons
- Modern hardware allows more sophisticated analyses of old data

# Crystal Barrel

- Fixed target experiment at LEAR (CERN) data taking 1989 - 1996
- $\bar{p}p$ -annihilation in flight and at rest
- $p_{\bar{p}} = 105 \text{ MeV/c} \dots 2 \text{ GeV/c}$
- $94\% \cdot 4\pi$  detector
- Targets:  $\text{LH}_2$ ,  $\text{LD}_2$ ,  $\text{GH}_2$
- Trigger on 0 or 2 charged particles

Excellent opportunity for the investigation of specific physics aspects for PANDA



# PWA Software Package

PWA activities for PANDA started in Bochum in spring 2010 with the aims:

- To develop a generic PWA software package
- To support all physics cases to be studied with PANDA
- And partly other hadron spectroscopy experiments



Software package PAWIAN (**P**artial **W**ave Interactive **A**nalysis) already in a good shape, and first analyses have been started

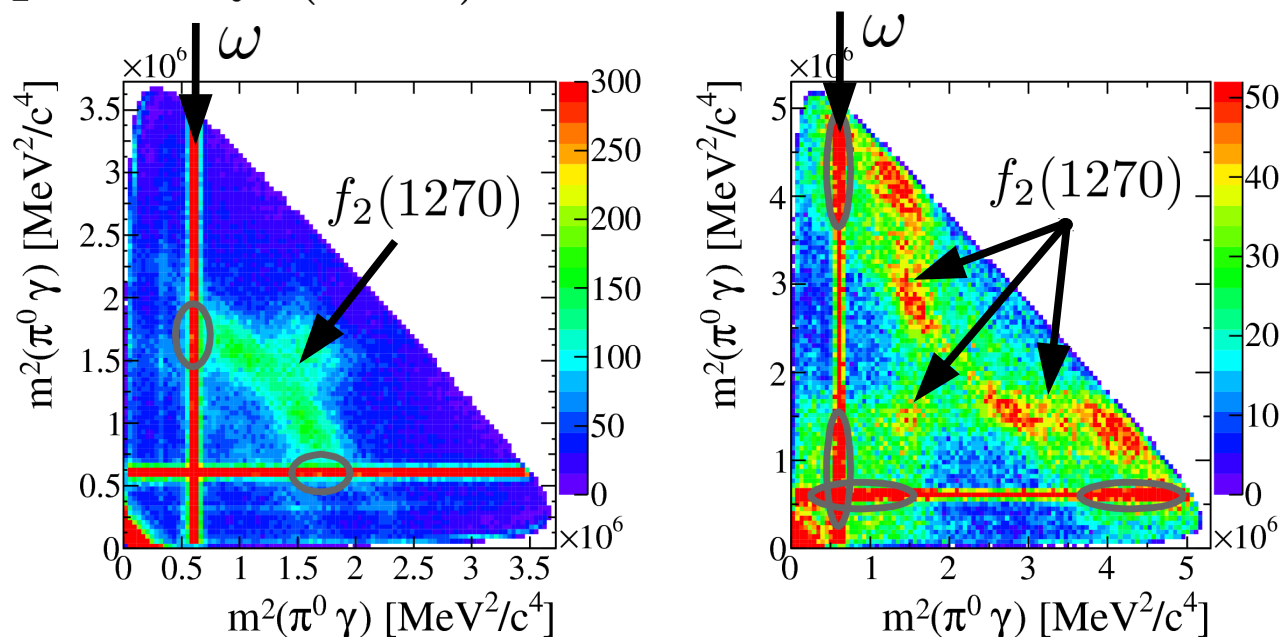
- Full hypothesis and other input settings defined via configuration files
  - Resonances, Decays, ...
  - Formalisms (Canonical, Helicity, Rarita-Schwinger)
  - Dynamics (Breit-Wigner, Flatté, K-Matrix, ...)
- Event based maximum likelihood fit, minimization by MINUIT2
- Multithreading and networking support
- qft++ library for various physical calculations

# $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$ - Data selection

- Relatively simple reaction with easy access to the initial  $\bar{p}p$ -system
- Analyzed channels:  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)\pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-4\gamma$   
 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega(\rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)\pi^0 \rightarrow 5\gamma$
- Various beam momenta between 0.6 and 1.94 GeV/c
- Noticeable background still present after kinematic fit

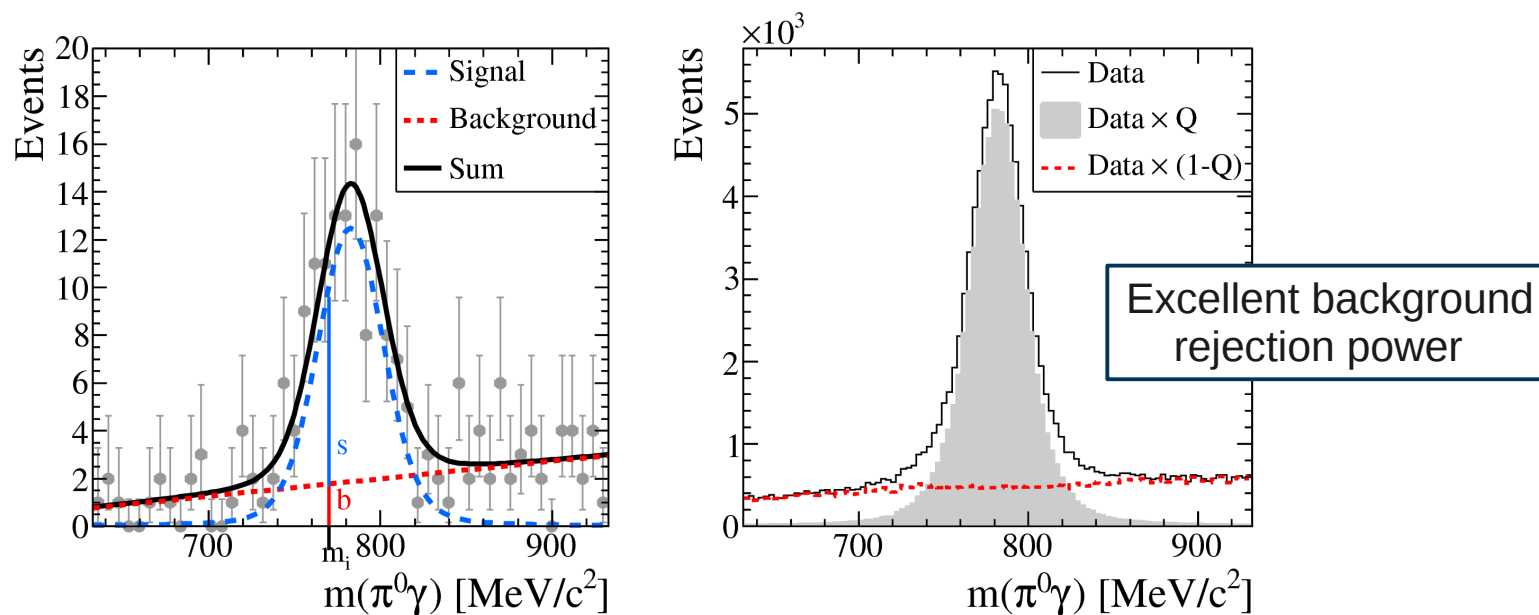
e.g. from  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0 f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$

Background crossing the  $\omega$ -bands!



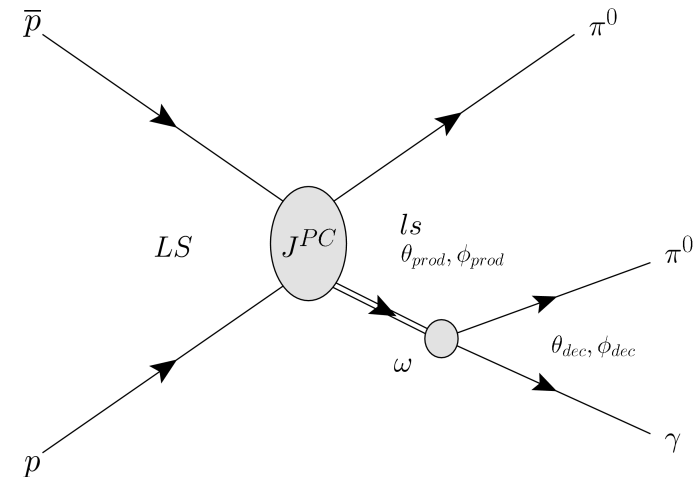
# Background rejection

- New background rejection method based on probabilistic event weights *M. Williams, <http://arxiv.org/abs/0809.2548>*
- Event weight for each event
  - find n nearest neighbors in phasespace and calculate weight out of signal component in the invariant mass spectrum
- Origin of the background sources not necessarily needed to be known



# PWA: $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto \sum_{\lambda_{\bar{p}}, \lambda_p, \lambda_{\pi_r^0}(=0), \lambda_{\pi_d^0}(=0), \lambda_\gamma} \left| \sum_{\lambda_\omega} T_{\lambda_{\bar{p}}\lambda_p\lambda_{\pi_r^0}\lambda_\omega}^{\rightarrow\omega\pi_r^0} \cdot A_{\lambda_\omega\lambda_{\pi_d^0}\lambda_\gamma}^{\omega\rightarrow\pi_d^0\gamma} \right|^2$$



- Maximum contributing orbital momentum  $L_{\max}$  is unknown  
 ➔ perform fits for various  $L_{\max}$  and calculate significance of likelihood improvement

$L_{\max}$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cont. waves	3	7	9	13	15	19	21
Free parameters	4	12	16	24	28	36	40

- Acceptance correction using Monte Carlo events from cbgeant



# Fit results and contributing angular momenta

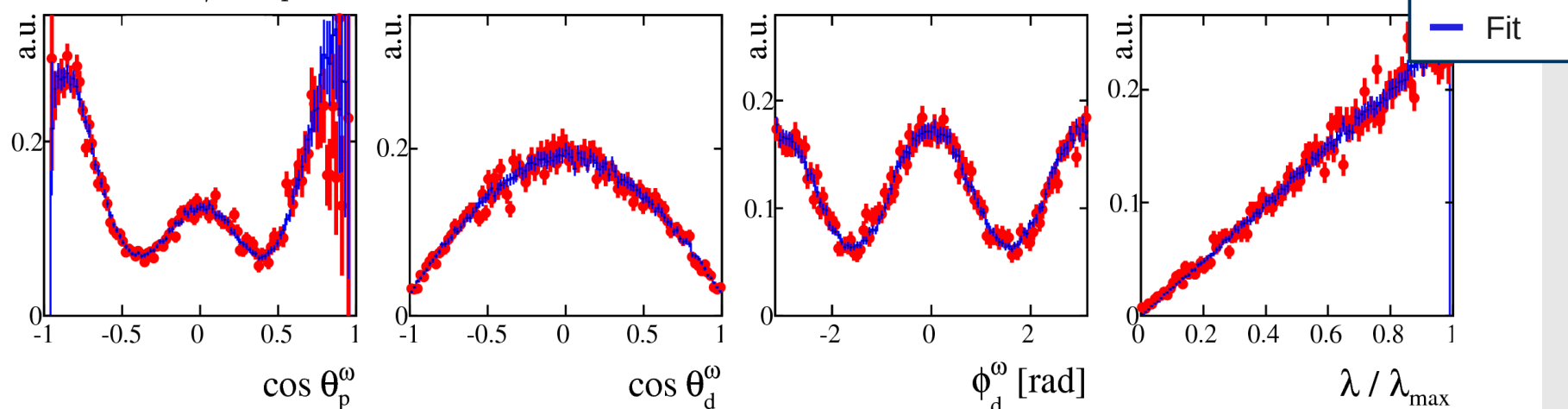
$$\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$$

$p_{\bar{p}p}$ [MeV/c]	$L_{max}$	significance of $\mathcal{L}$ -ratio		$\chi^2/ndf$
		$\frac{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max})}{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max}-1)}$	$\frac{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max}+1)}{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max})}$	
900	4	$4.7 \sigma$	$0.17 \sigma$	1.07
1525	4	$13.2 \sigma$	$0.94 \sigma$	1.08
1642	5	$3.6 \sigma$	$0.14 \sigma$	0.98
1940	5	$13.8 \sigma$	$0.25 \sigma$	1.04

$$\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$$

$p_{\bar{p}p}$ [MeV/c]	$L_{max}$	significance of $\mathcal{L}$ -ratio		$\chi^2/ndf$
		$\frac{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max})}{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max}-1)}$	$\frac{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max}+1)}{\ln \mathcal{L}(L_{max})}$	
600	3	$2.4 \sigma$	$0.11 \sigma$	0.91
900	4	$4.9 \sigma$	$0.01 \sigma$	1.18
1050	4	$15.1 \sigma$	$0.86 \sigma$	0.92
1350	5	$5.8 \sigma$	$0.02 \sigma$	1.01
1525	5	$10.3 \sigma$	$0.1 \sigma$	1.09
1642	5	$5.6 \sigma$	$2 \cdot 10^{-3} \sigma$	1.09
1800	5	$14.2 \sigma$	$1.4 \sigma$	1.14
1940	5	$13.9 \sigma$	$0.6 \sigma$	0.96

$$\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \quad p_{\bar{p}} = 900 \text{ MeV/c}$$



# Spin density matrix of the $\omega$

- Provides full information on the production mechanism
- Spin 1 particle: 3x3 complex elements
- Normalization, hermicity and parity conservation yields to only 4 independent parameters

$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2(1 - \rho_{00}) & \Re\rho_{10} + i\Im\rho_{10} & \rho_{1-1} \\ \Re\rho_{10} - i\Im\rho_{10} & \rho_{00} & -\Re\rho_{10} + i\Im\rho_{10} \\ \rho_{1-1} & -\Re\rho_{10} - i\Im\rho_{10} & 1/2(1 - \rho_{00}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$\rho_{00} \neq \rho_{11}$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Alignment

- Extraction of the elements via PWA

$$\rho_{\lambda_\omega \lambda'_\omega} = \frac{1}{\sum_{\lambda_{\bar{p}}, \lambda_p, \lambda_{\pi^0}, \lambda_\omega} |T_{\lambda_{\bar{p}} \lambda_p \lambda_{\pi^0} \lambda_\omega}|^2} \cdot \sum_{\lambda_{\bar{p}}, \lambda_p, \lambda_{\pi^0}} T_{\lambda_{\bar{p}} \lambda_p \lambda_{\pi^0} \lambda_\omega}^* T_{\lambda_{\bar{p}} \lambda_p \lambda_{\pi^0} \lambda'_\omega}$$

H. Koch,  
 Helicity amplitude for  $pp \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$ ,  
 Internal PANDA Note

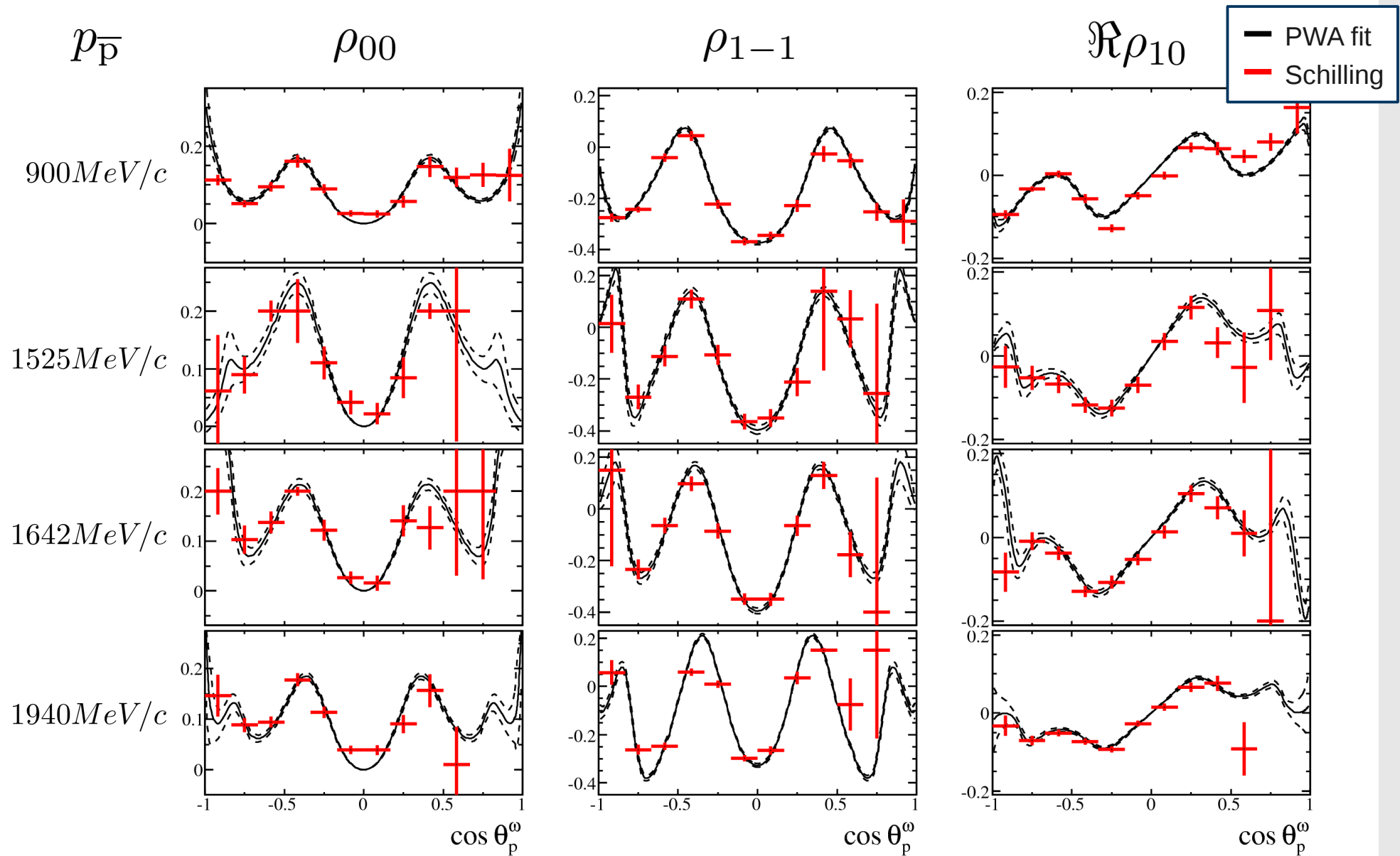
- Or via fit to decay angular distribution

$$W_{\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0}(\cos \theta, \phi) = \frac{3}{4\pi} \left( \frac{1}{2}(1 - \rho_{00}) + \frac{1}{2}(3\rho_{00} - 1) \cos^2 \theta \right. \\ \left. - \sqrt{2} \Re \rho_{10} \sin 2\theta \cos \phi - \rho_{1-1} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \right)$$

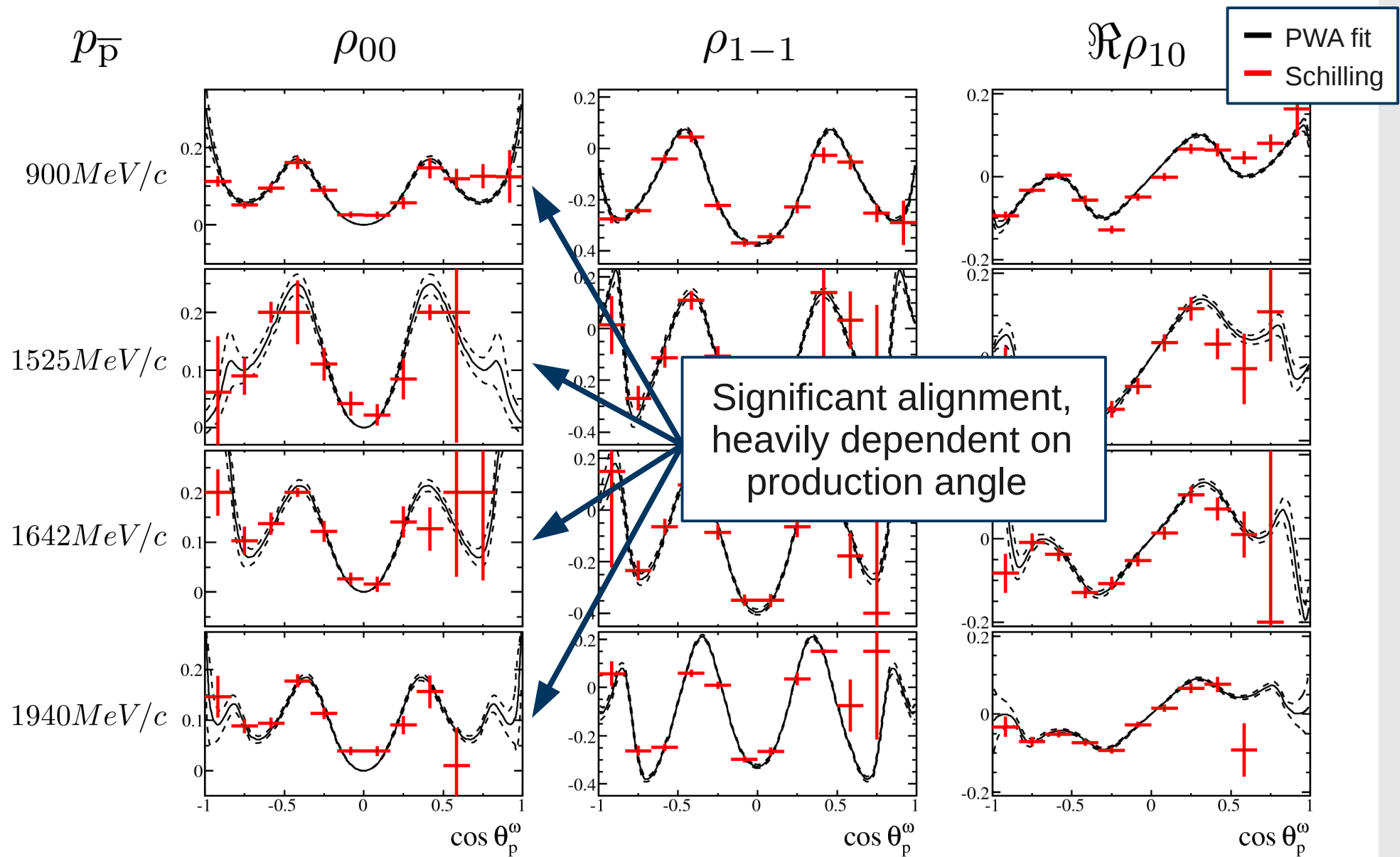
Schilling, Seyboth and Wolf,  
 Nucl.Phys. B15 (1970) 397-412,  
 Erratum-ibid. B18 (1970) 332

“Schilling's method”

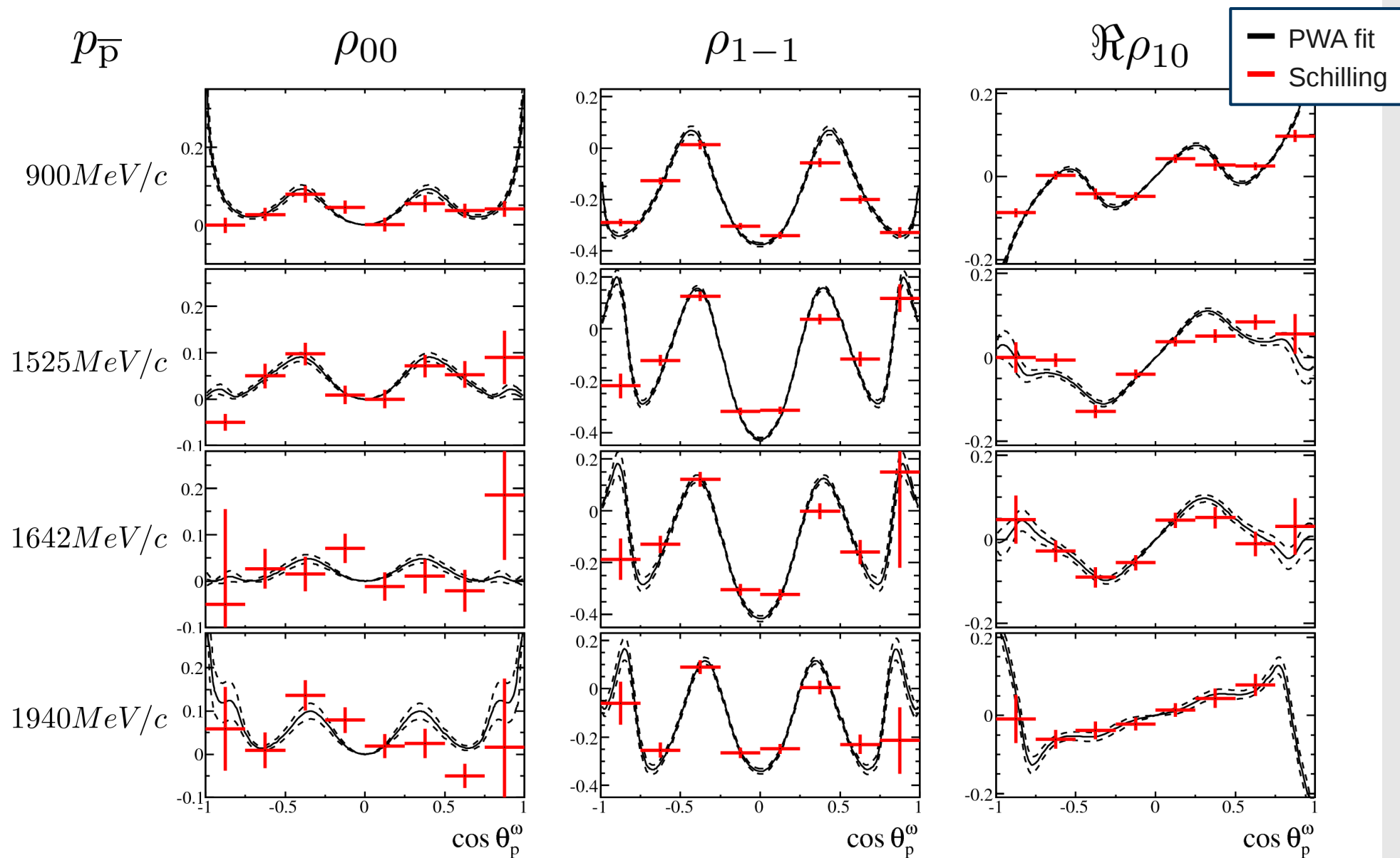
# Spin density matrix ( $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ )



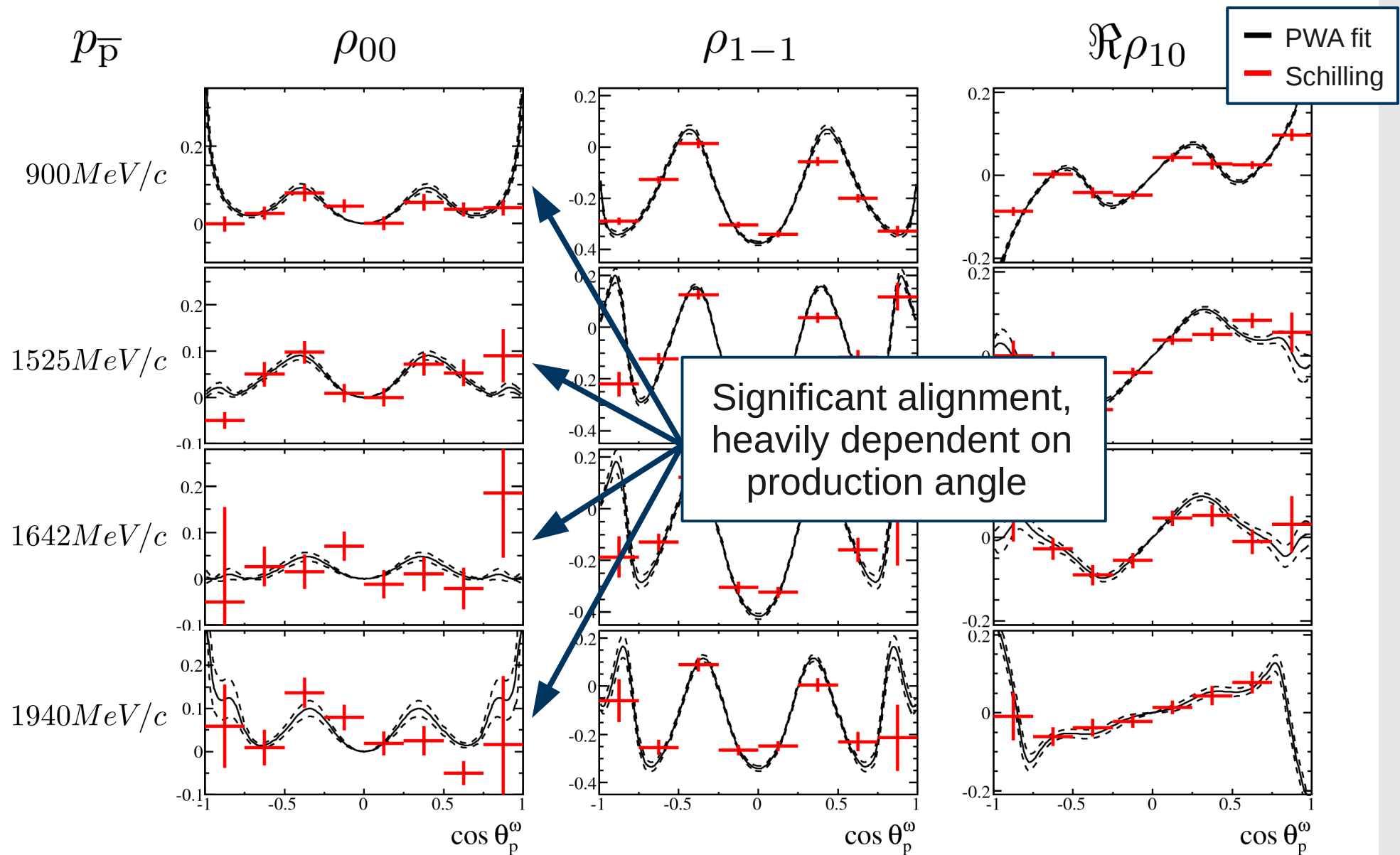
# Spin density matrix ( $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ )



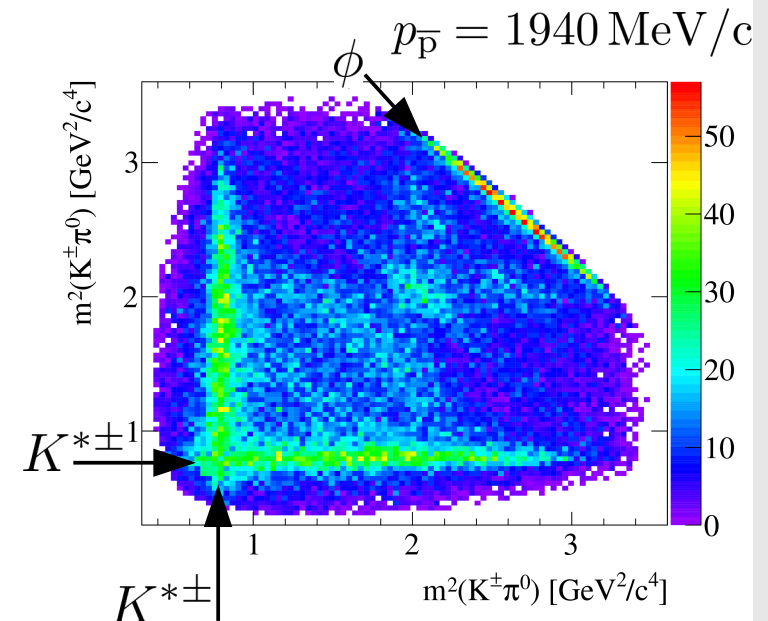
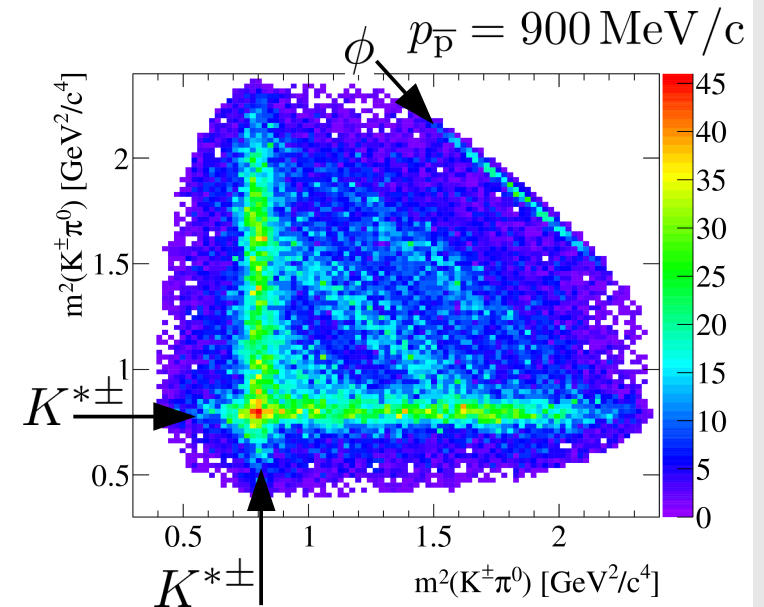
# Spin density matrix ( $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ )



# Spin density matrix ( $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ )



- Contains  $\phi\pi^0$  and  $K^{*\pm}K^\mp$  events
- Production of vector mesons with strangeness
  - different process in comparison to  $\omega$  production
  - rearrangement vs. annihilation
- Interference of resonances requires a PWA of the complete channel
- Spin density matrix via extraction of the fitted  $\phi$  and  $K^{*\pm}$  amplitudes



# PWA : $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

- Full PWA from the initial to the final state
- $L_{\max} = 4$  @ 900 MeV/c and 1940 MeV/c
- Hypotheses based on previous results (Crystal Barrel: Phys. Lett. B639 (2006) 165)
  - $\phi\pi^0$ ,  $\phi(1680)\pi^0$
  - $f_2(1270)\pi^0$ ,  $f_2'(1525)\pi^0$
  - $a_2(1320)\pi^0$
  - $K^{*\pm}K^\mp$ ,  $K^*(1680)^\pm K^\mp$
  - all  $f_0\pi^0$ -channels via  $(KK)_S$ -wave ← K-matrix parametrization by Anisovich and Sarantsev Eur. Phys. J. A16, 229(2003)
  - all  $K_0^{*\pm}K^\mp$ -channels via  $(K\pi)_S(I = 1/2)$ -wave } K-matrix parametrization used by FOCUS Phys. Lett. B653 (2007) 1-11
  - $K(K\pi)_S(I = 3/2)$ -wave
- Many resonances yield in a large number of fit parameters
  - 420 @ 900 MeV
  - 464 @ 1940 MeV

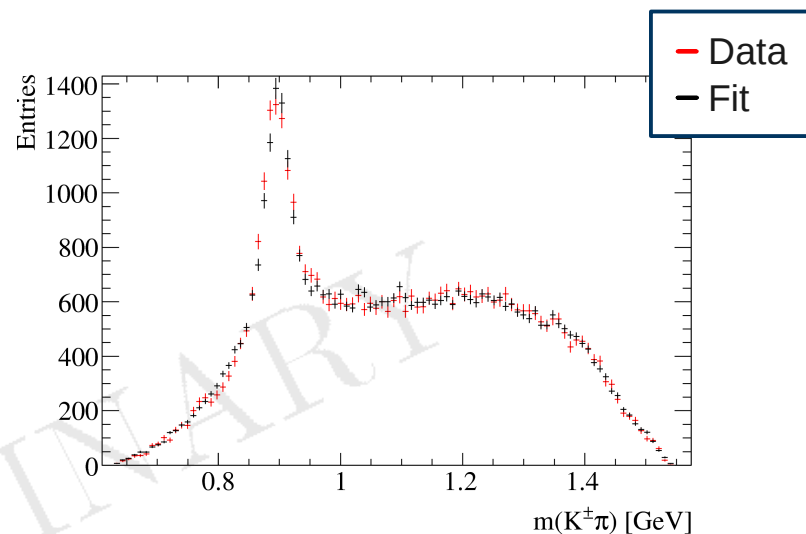
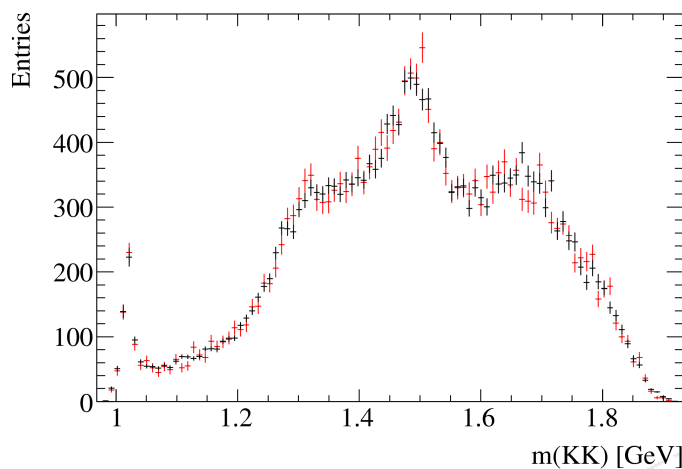
➡

  - Fit becomes time consuming (weeks)
  - Determination of  $L_{\max}$  difficult

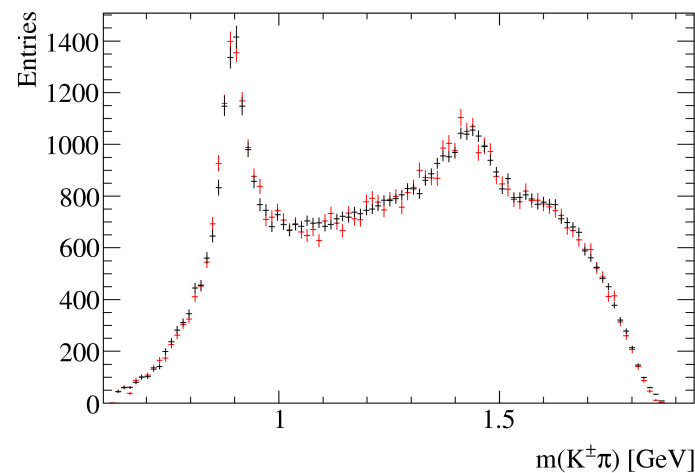
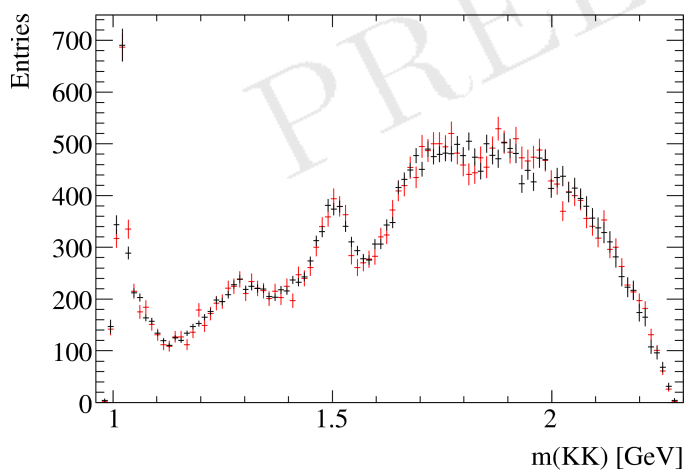


# $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0$ : Fit results

$p_{\bar{p}} = 900 \text{ MeV}/c$



$p_{\bar{p}} = 1940 \text{ MeV}/c$

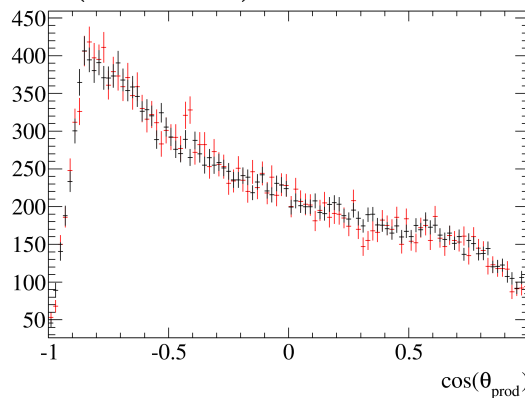


Excellent description of the data

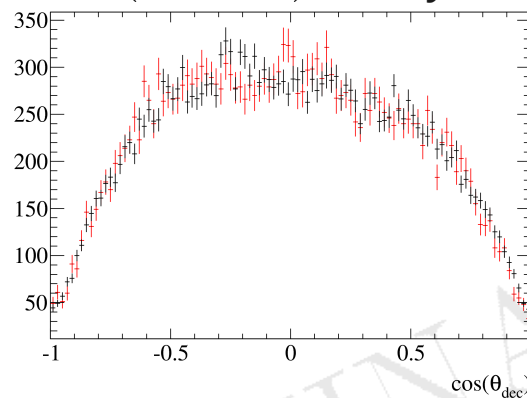
# $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0$ : Fit results

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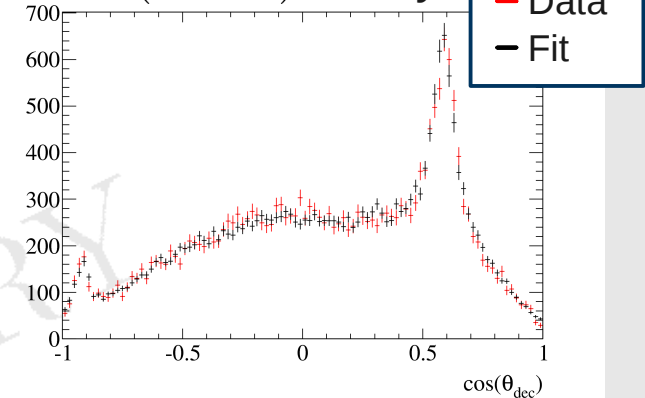
$(K^+K^-)$  Production



$(K^+K^-)$  Decay

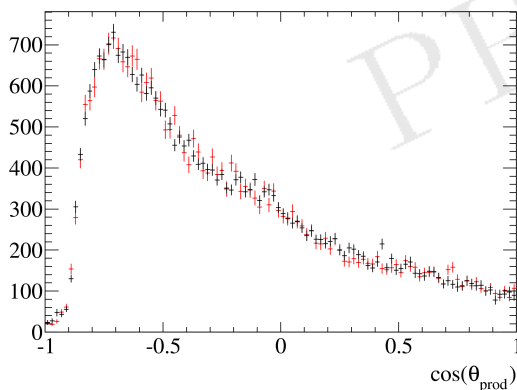


$(K^+\pi^0)$  Decay

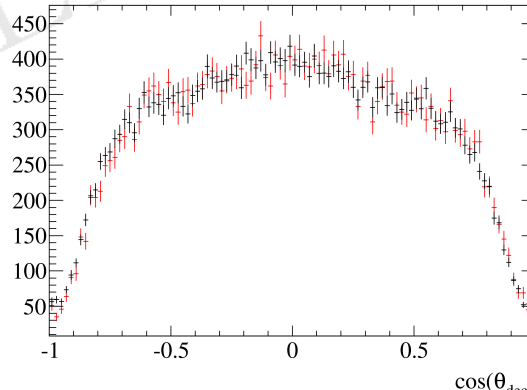


$$p_{\bar{p}} = 1940 \text{ MeV}/c$$

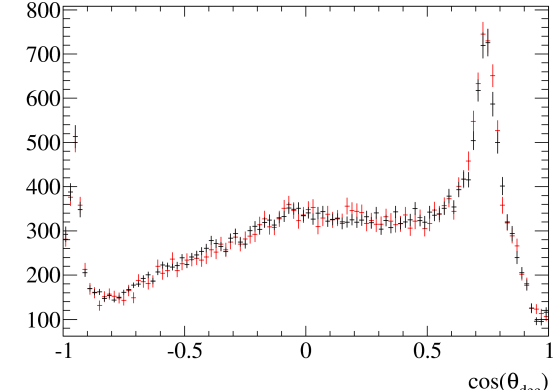
$(K^+K^-)$  Production



$(K^+K^-)$  Decay

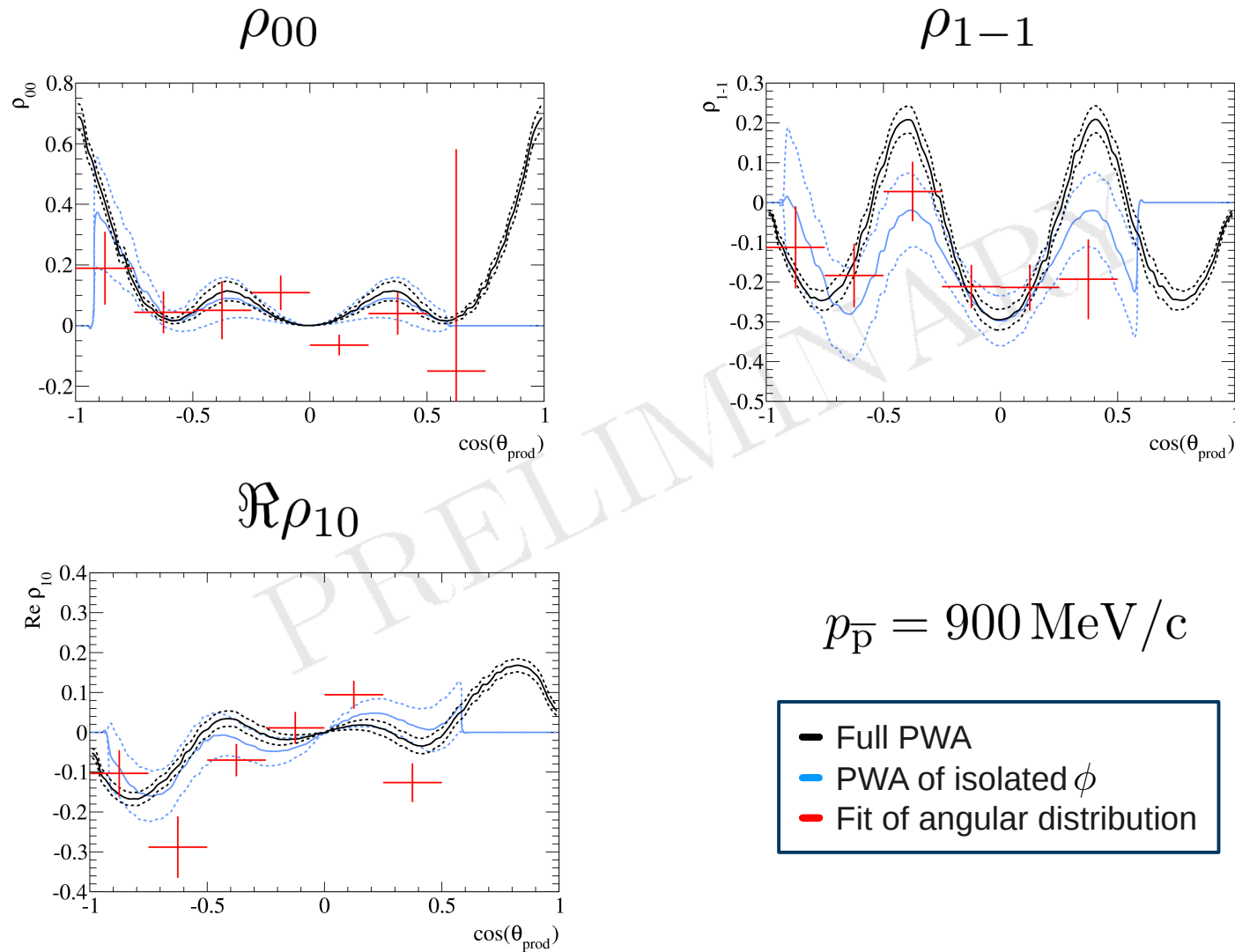


$(K^+\pi^0)$  Decay



Excellent description of the data

# Spin density matrix ( $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ )



# PWA : $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$

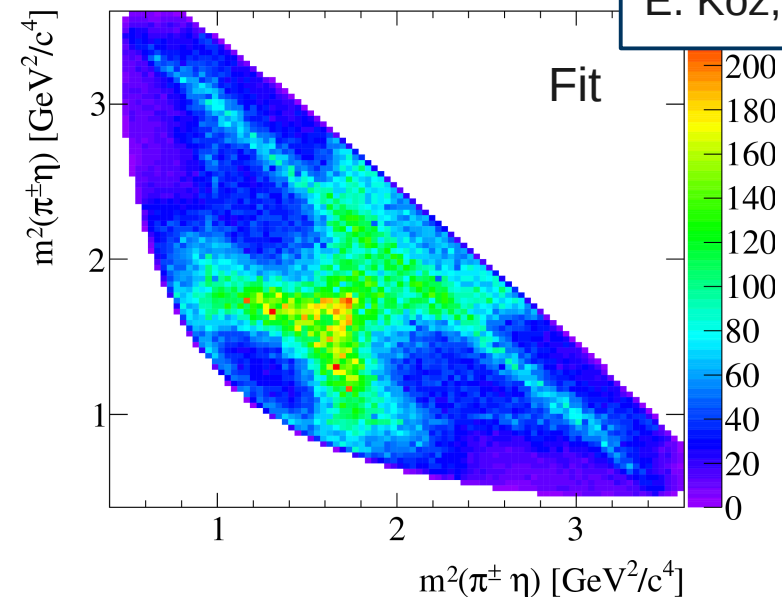
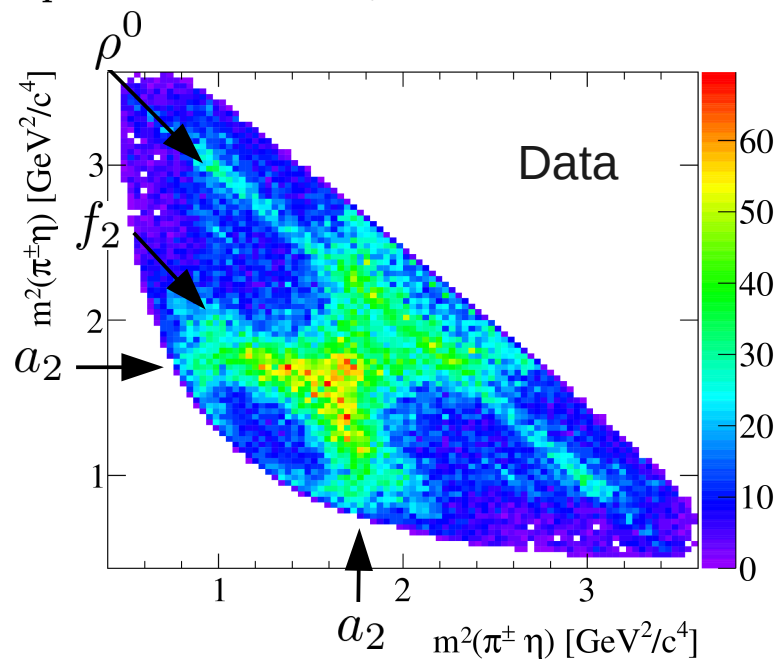
## • Hypotheses

- $\rho^0 \eta$  ,  $\omega \eta$
- $a_2(1320)^\pm \pi^\mp$
- $a_0(980)^\pm \pi^\mp$
- $\rho(1405)^\pm \pi^\mp$
- $f_2(1270) \eta$
- $(\pi\pi)_S \eta$

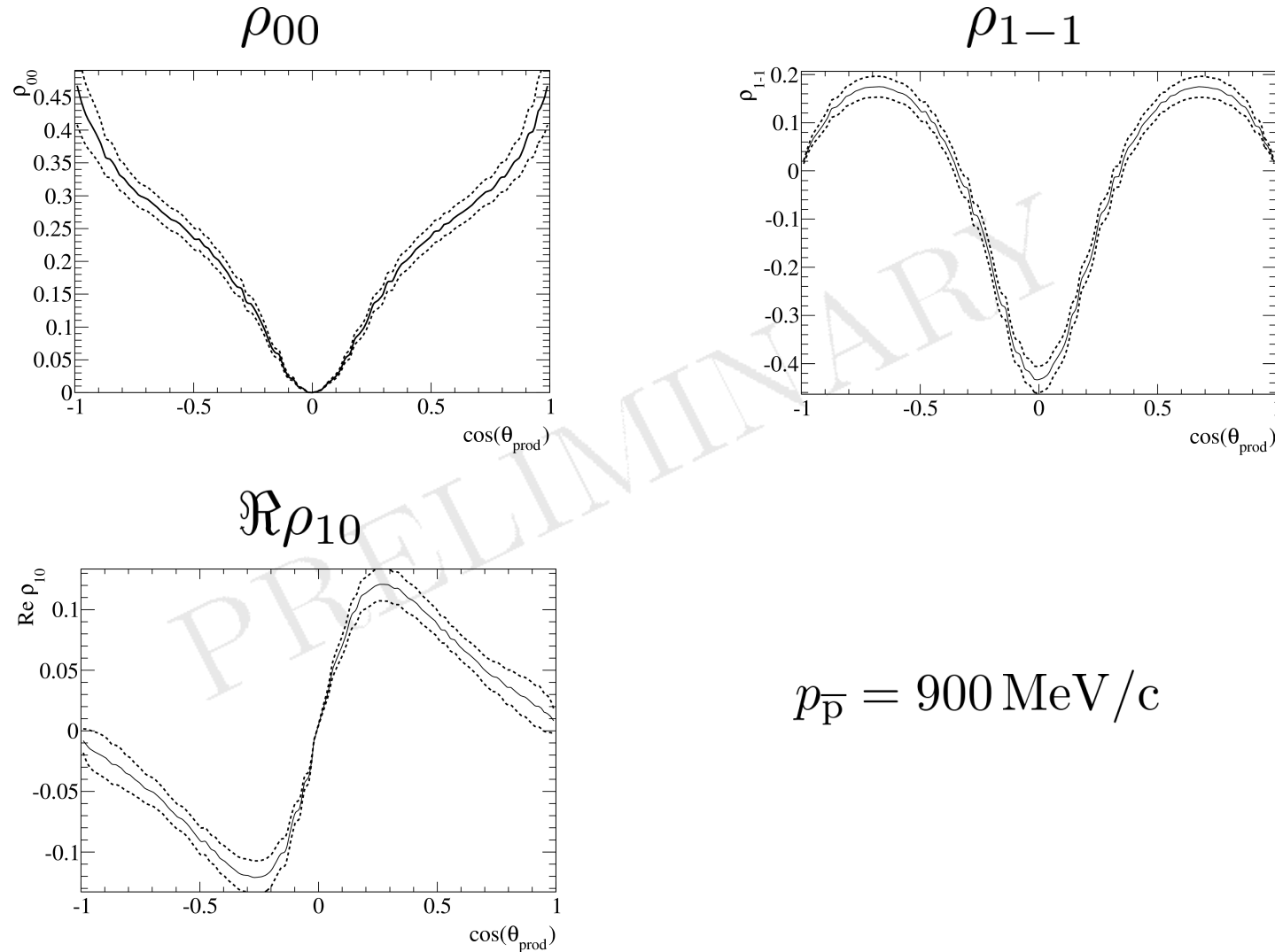
K-matrix parametrization by  
Anisovich and Sarantsev  
Eur. Phys. J. A16, 229(2003)

E. Köz, Bochum

$p_{\bar{p}} = 900 \text{ MeV}/c$



# Spin density matrix ( $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ )



$$p_{\bar{p}} = 900 \text{ MeV}/c$$

# Summary

- Analyses of Crystal Barrel LEAR data with relevance for PANDA
- $\bar{p}p$  initial states and production of vector mesons
- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$ 
  - New background rejection method
  - $L_{\max}$  rises from 3 @ 600 MeV/c to 5 @ 1940 MeV/c
  - Extraction of the  $\omega$ -SDM via full PWA
  - Strong alignment and oscillation of  $\rho_{00}$  along the production angle
- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0$  and  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta$ 
  - Excellent description of the data
  - Extraction of the SDM for  $\phi$ ,  $K^{*\pm}$ ,  $\rho$  and other resonances possible