

Status of the Common PWA-Framework for PANDA

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Panda CM, GSI

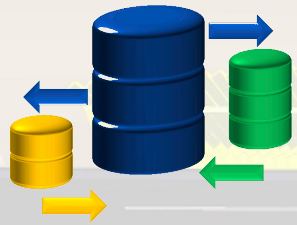
26.06.2013



Overview

- Recap Framework Idea
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$ Sandbox
- FunctionTree & Dictionary
- Geneva (Grid ENabled EVolutionary Algorithms)
- Outlook

PWA Framework



Data/MC

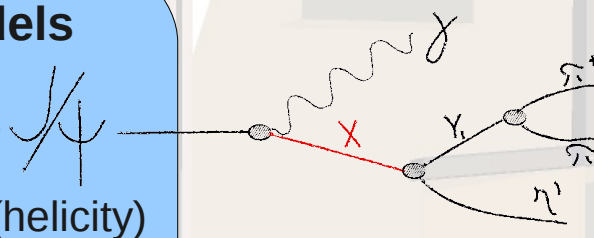
represents measurements

- local and global values
- multiple experiments (at once)
- caching

Physics & Models

calculates amplitudes \mathcal{M}

- various formalisms (helicity)
- various models (isobar)
- simple ways to add new modules (wrapper)



event
weight

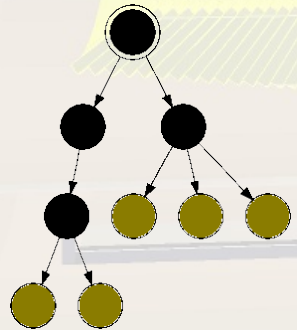
amplitude

likelihood

Estimators

calculates discrepancy from model to data

- function tree
- combined fits and re-fits
- documentation of procedure



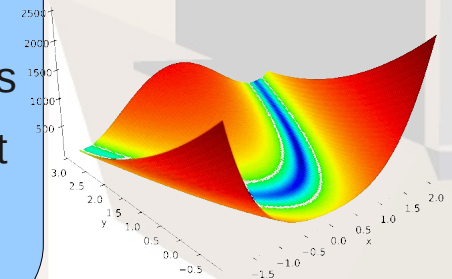
Optimizer

varies model parameter

- interface to external libraries
- various algorithms (gradient decent, genetic, swarm)
- flexible strategies

Controls

user interface & run manager



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0 \pi^0$ Model



$$I = \left| \sum_n T_n r_n e^{i\varphi_n} D_n \right|^2$$

T = Breit-Wigner Function

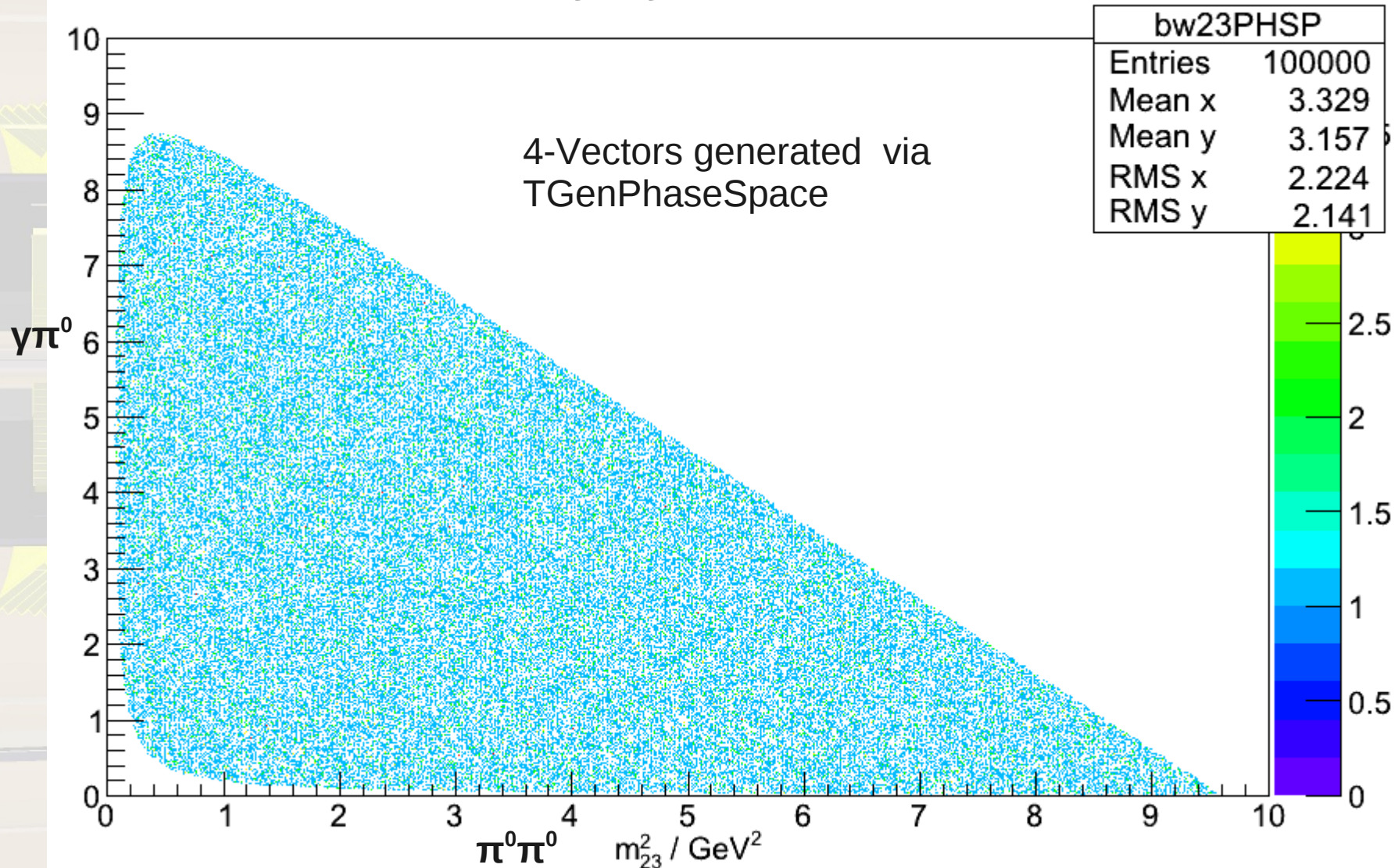
D = D-Wigner Function

r = Strength of Resonance

φ = Phase of Resonance

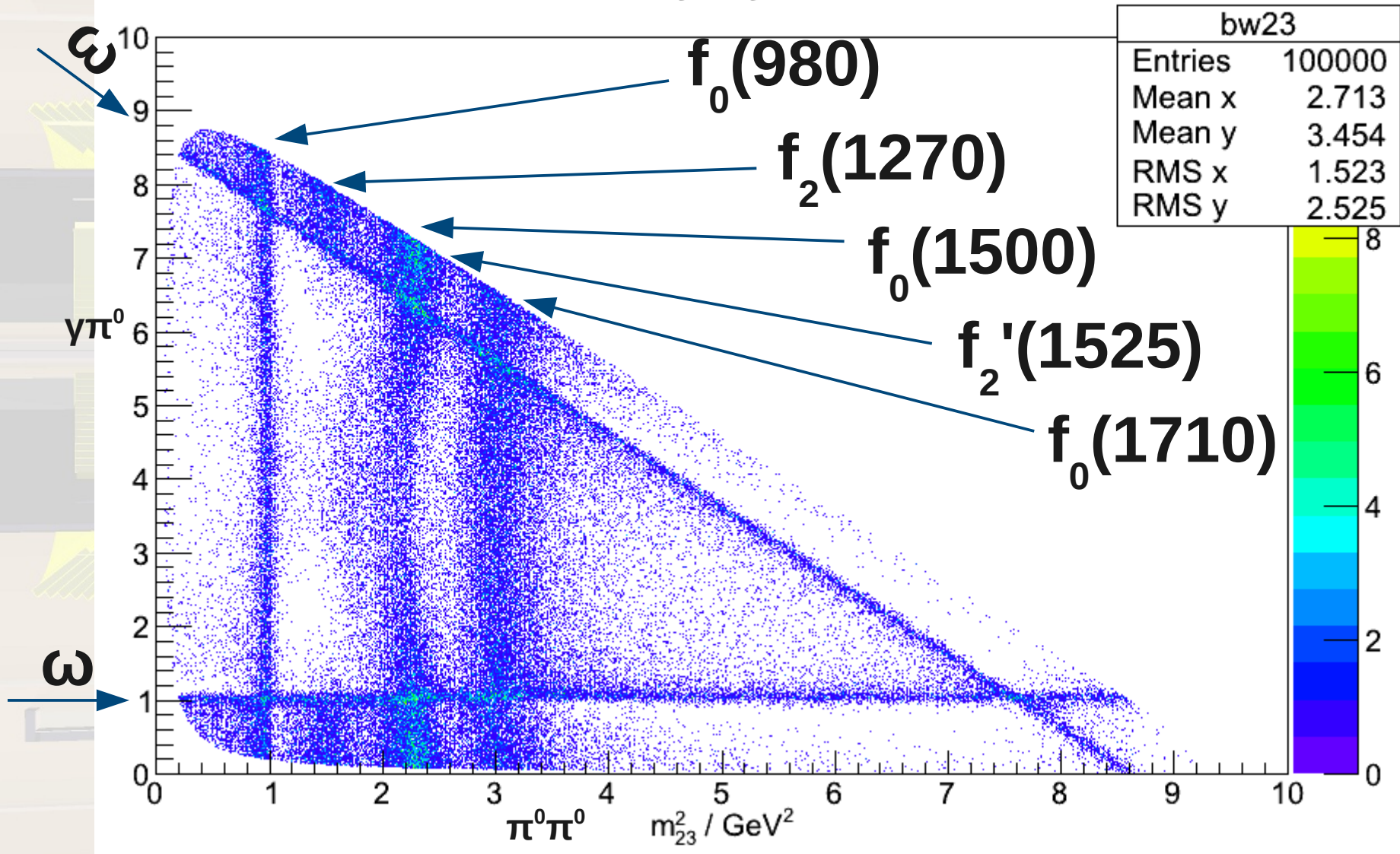
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0 \pi^0$ Phasespace

inv. mass-sq of particles 2&3 PHSP



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0 \pi^0$ Hit&Miss MC

inv. mass-sq of particles 2&3



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$ First Fit

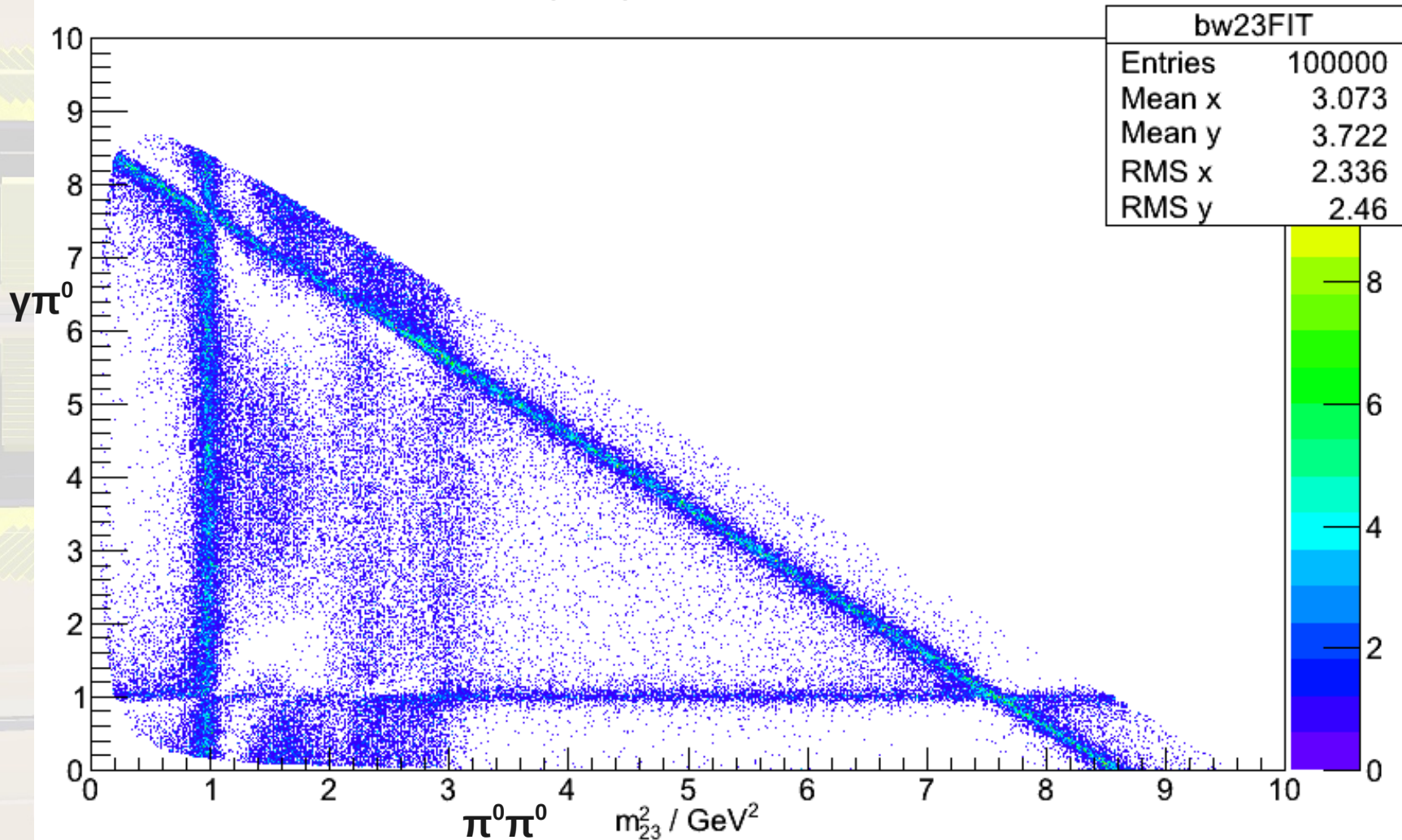
Free Parameter: Intensities of Resonances

$$I = \left| \sum_n T_n r_n e^{i\varphi_n} D_n \right|^2$$

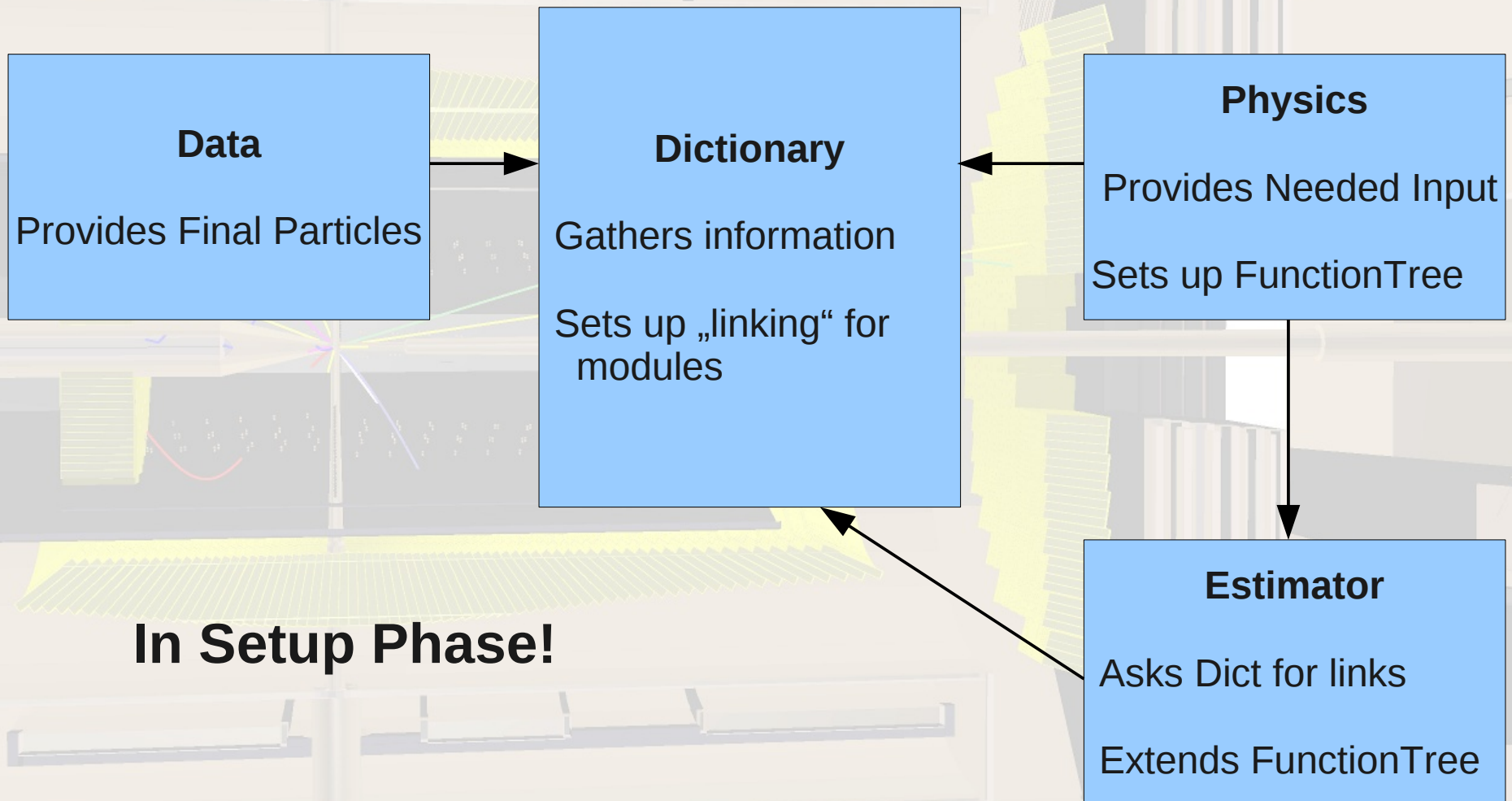
Resonance	f0 980	f0 1500	f0 1710	f2 1270	f2' 1525	Omega	Omega
Generator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Starting Value	300	150	100	75	60	50	42.86
Fitted Value	3.08	0.97	-0.84	2.28	-0.28	-1.79	-3.78

$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$ First Fit

inv. mass-sq of particles 2&3 FitResult



Dictionary & FunctionTree



FunctionTree during Fit

Why store a function in a tree?

Fitting Procedure:

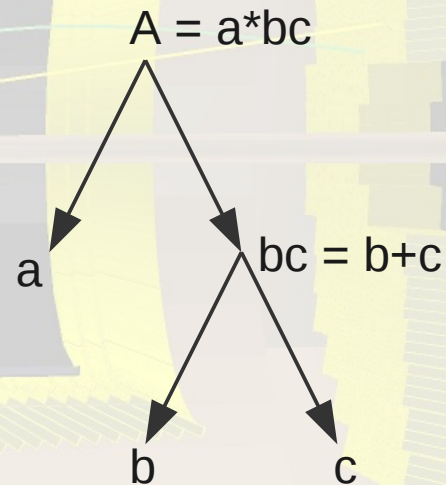
Optimizer changes e.g. one parameter (gradient descent: each step)

LH (and amplitude) need to be recalculated, but only part of amplitude changed, why recalculate everything?

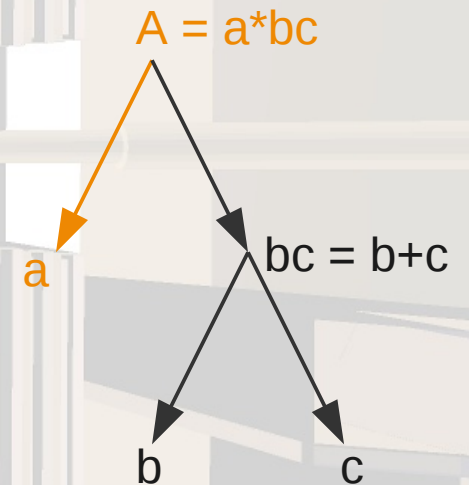
Solution:

Store LH in a tree which saves parts of the calculation and recalculates only changed parts

$$A = a * (b+c)$$



Optimizer changes a:
Only A is recalculated



```

struct TreeNode{
    TreeNode(double inValue, std::string inName, std::shared_ptr<Strategy> strat, std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> parent)
        :value(inValue),name(inName),myStrat(strat){
        if(parent){
            parents.push_back(parent);
            //parent->children.push_back(shared_from_this());
        }
    };

    void inline changeVal(double newVal){
        value=newVal;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<parents.size(); i++){
            parents[i]->update();
        }
    };

    void update(){ //darf nur von kindern aufgerufen werden!
        std::vector<double> newVals;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<children.size(); i++){
            newVals.push_back(children[i]->value);
        } //end children-loop
        changeVal(myStrat->execute(newVals));
    }; //end update()

    std::string to_str(std::string beginning = ""){
        std::stringstream oss;
        oss << beginning << name << " = " << value ;
        if(children.size())
            oss << " with " << children.size() << " children" << std::endl;
        else
            oss << std::endl;

        for(unsigned int i=0; i<children.size(); i++){
            //oss << " -> ";
            oss << beginning << children[i]->to_str(" -> ");
        }
        return oss.str();
    };

    friend std::ostream & operator<<( std::ostream &os, std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> p);

    std::vector<std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> > parents;
    std::vector<std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> > children;

    double value;
    std::string name;

```

Geneva

- New Interface (Go2): “Housekeeping” of parallelization methods
- Direct access of algorithms now via factories
- Individuals (problem description) mainly the same
- Modes: Single-Threaded, Multi-Threaded (shared memory), Networked (multi process)

```

const double GenevaIF::exec(ParameterList& par) {
    Go2::init();
    //Go2 go(argc, argv, configFile);
    Go2 go( clientMode, serMode, ip, port,
           (configFileDir+"Go2.json"), parallelizationMode, GO2_DEF_DEFAULTVERBOSE);

    //-----
    // Initialize a client, if requested

    if(go.clientMode()) {
        std::cout << "Geneva Client waiting for action!" << std::endl;
        return go.clientRun();
    }

    //-----
    // Add individuals and algorithms and perform the actual optimization cycle

    //Provide Parameter in Geneva-Style
    unsigned int NPar = par.GetNDouble(); //just doubles up to now, TODO
    double val[NPar], min[NPar], max[NPar], err[NPar];
    for(unsigned int i=0; i<NPar; i++){
        val[i] = par.GetDoubleParameter(i).GetValue();
        min[i] = par.GetDoubleParameter(i).GetMinValue();
        max[i] = par.GetDoubleParameter(i).GetMaxValue();
        err[i] = par.GetDoubleParameter(i).GetError();
    }

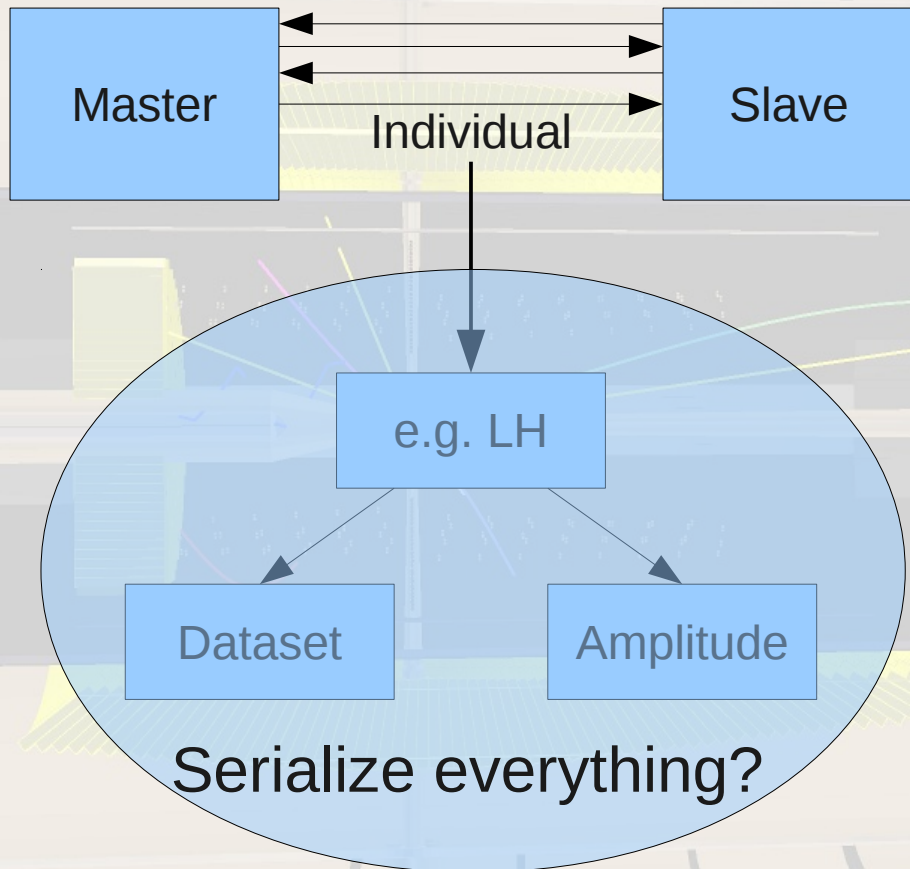
    // Make an individual known to the optimizer
    boost::shared_ptr<GStartIndividual> p(new GStartIndividual(_myData, NPar, val, min, max, err));
    go.push_back(p);

    // Add an evolutionary algorithm to the Go2 class.
    GEvolutionaryAlgorithmFactory ea((configFileDir+"GEvolutionaryAlgorithm.json"), parallelizationMode
    go & ea);

    // Perform the actual optimization
    boost::shared_ptr<GStartIndividual>
    bestIndividual_ptr = go.optimize<GStartIndividual>();
}

```

Geneva Individual in Networked Mode



- Master sets up Individual **as usual**
- Master sends Individual to slaves (serialized)
- Slaves send best Individual back
- Repeat

=> Provide control Parameter (LH) constantly in each process, new Individuals get LH not from static object (instead serializing LH)

Summary & Outlook

First Test Enviroments moved to Framwork:

- New Physics Module introduced

- Estimators modified (Workaround until Dict ready)

- Technically working, needs testing

Dictionary and FunctionTree:

- First tests and design started

- BoostGraph tested, interface issues

Geneva Optimization library:

- Single, Multi-Threaded and Networked mode working

- Needs testing

ToDo:

- Documentation of fit

- Decay graphs and function tree setup

- Control-Module, configuration

- License

- ...

The image is a complex architectural rendering of a building's interior. It features a central vertical axis and a horizontal axis. The space is filled with various architectural elements, including walls, floors, and ceiling structures. Several areas are highlighted in a bright yellow color, including a large horizontal band across the middle and a vertical strip on the right side. There are also several blue and purple lines and arrows scattered throughout the scene, suggesting a technical or analytical drawing. The overall style is clean and modern, with a focus on geometric forms and light-colored materials.

Thank you!

<name>f0_980</name>
<mass>0.99</mass>
<width>0.05</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>0</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>2</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

<name>f0_1500</name>
<mass>1.505</mass>
<width>0.109</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>0</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>2</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

<name>f0_1710</name>
<mass>1.72</mass>
<width>0.135</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>0</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>2</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

<name>f2_1270</name>
<mass>1.274</mass>
<width>0.185</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>2</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>2</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

<name>f2_1525</name>
<mass>1.525</mass>
<width>0.073</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>2</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>2</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

<name>omega</name>
<mass>1.</mass>
<width>0.05</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>0</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>1</daughterA>
<daughterB>2</daughterB>

<name>omega</name>
<mass>1.</mass>
<width>0.05</width>
<strength>1.</strength>
<phase>0.</phase>
<spin>0</spin>
<m>0</m>
<n>0</n>
<daughterA>1</daughterA>
<daughterB>3</daughterB>

Dalitz-Fit

Load Modules

completed setup

LH mit optimalen intensitäten: 2.42839

LH mit folgenden intensitäten: 6288.42

Parameter 0 = 300

Parameter 1 = 150

Parameter 2 = 100

Parameter 3 = 75

Parameter 4 = 60

Parameter 5 = 50

Parameter 6 = 42.8571

Start Fit

start migrad

current minimized value: 6288.42

current minimized value: 6297.51

current minimized value: 6279.35

current minimized value: 6292.26

current minimized value: 6284.59

current minimized value: 6303.8

.

.

· 25.10.2012

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

current minimized value: 1.63311

Final LH = 1.63311

Optimierte intensitäten: 1.63311

Parameter 0 = 3.0838

Parameter 1 = 0.986076

Parameter 2 = -0.839206

Parameter 3 = 2.28031

Parameter 4 = -0.279455

Parameter 5 = -1.78778

Parameter 6 = -3.77931

```

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    bool iamserver=false;
    if( argc>1 ){
        iamserver=true;
        std::cout << "I am the Geneva Server:" << std::endl;
    }else{
        std::cout << "I am a Geneva Client:" << std::endl;
    }
    double p0=-10., p1=10., p2=1., p3=-0.01, sigma_smea=3;
    // Generate data distribution
    std::shared_ptr<ControlParameter> myFit = PolyFit::createInstance(p0, p1, p2, p3, sigma_smea);

    //-----Minimizer IF -----
    std::shared_ptr<GenevaIF> myMinimizer(std::shared_ptr<GenevaIF> (new GenevaIF(myFit)));
    if(iamserver)
        myMinimizer->setServerMode();
    else
        myMinimizer->setClientMode();

    ParameterList par;
    par.AddParameter(DoubleParameter("p0", -50, -100, -5, 50));
    par.AddParameter(DoubleParameter("p1", 50, 0, 100, 50));
    par.AddParameter(DoubleParameter("p2", 10, -20, 20, 10));
    par.AddParameter(DoubleParameter("p3", -0.1, -0.2, 0, 0.05));

    if(iamserver){
        std::cout << "Starting Parameters:" << std::endl;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<par.GetNDouble(); i++)
            std::cout << "Parameter " << i << ":\t" << par.GetParameterValue(i) << std::endl;
        std::cout << std::endl << std::endl << std::endl;
    }

    double genResult = myMinimizer->exec(par);

    if(iamserver){
        std::cout << "Geneva final par :\t" << genResult << std::endl;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<par.GetNDouble(); i++)
            std::cout << "final par " << i << ":\t" << par.GetParameterValue(i) << std::endl;
    }
    std::cout << "Done ..." << std::endl << std::endl;
}

```

Geneva Algorithms

- Evolutionary Algorithms
- Swarm Algorithms
- Gradient Descent
- Simulated Annealing
- Error estimation with gradient descent?

Geneva User Interface

- Configuration: json files
- Go2 (connection settings)
- Algorithm (e.g. EA: genetic modification setup)

```
//-----  
// This configuration file was automatically created by GParserBuilder  
// File creation date: 2011-Oct-08 20:06:11  
//-----  
  
{  
  "nEvaluationThreads":  
  {  
    "comment": "Determines the number of threads simultaneously running",  
    "comment": "evaluations in multi-threaded mode. 0 means \"automatic\"",  
    "default": "0",  
    "value": "2"  
  },  
  "firstTimeOut":  
  {  
    "comment": "The timeout for the retrieval of an",  
    "comment": "iteration's first timeout",  
    "default": "00:00:00",  
    "value": "00:00:00"  
  },  
  "boundlessWait":  
  {  
    "comment": "Indicates that the broker connector should wait endlessly",  
    "comment": "for further arrivals of individuals in an iteration",  
    "default": "false".  
  }  
}
```

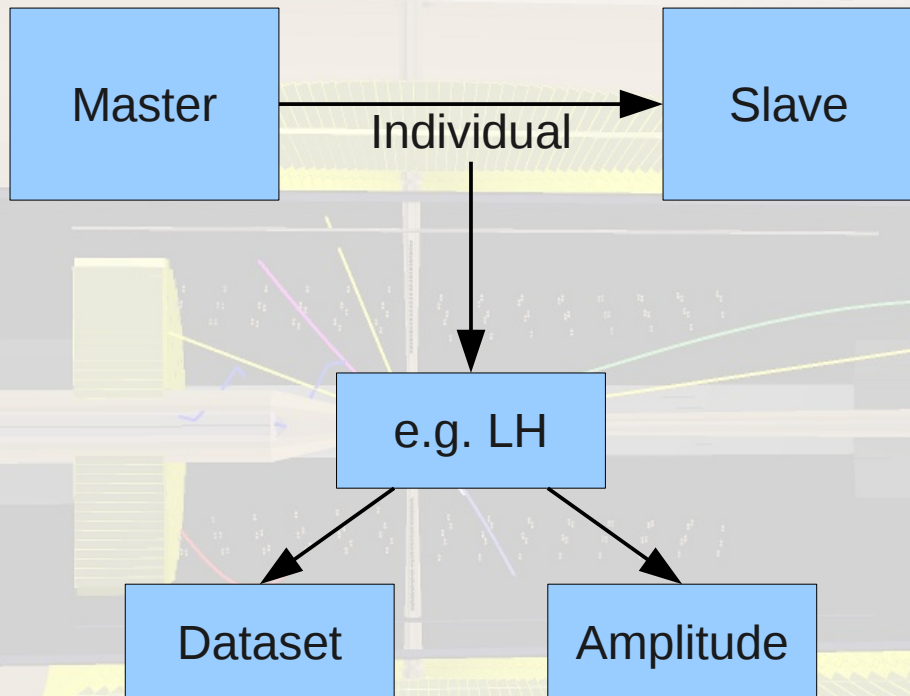
Geneva Networked

- Two kind of binaries: master and slave
 1. Master sets problem up, waits for slaves
 2. Slave ask master for problem-set, is registered
 3. Slave performs optimization, sends result back
 4. Master gathers results, sends new problems
 5. Repeat point 3-4 until master solved problem
- Slaves need ip & port of master for communication and established tcp/ip connection

Geneva Individual

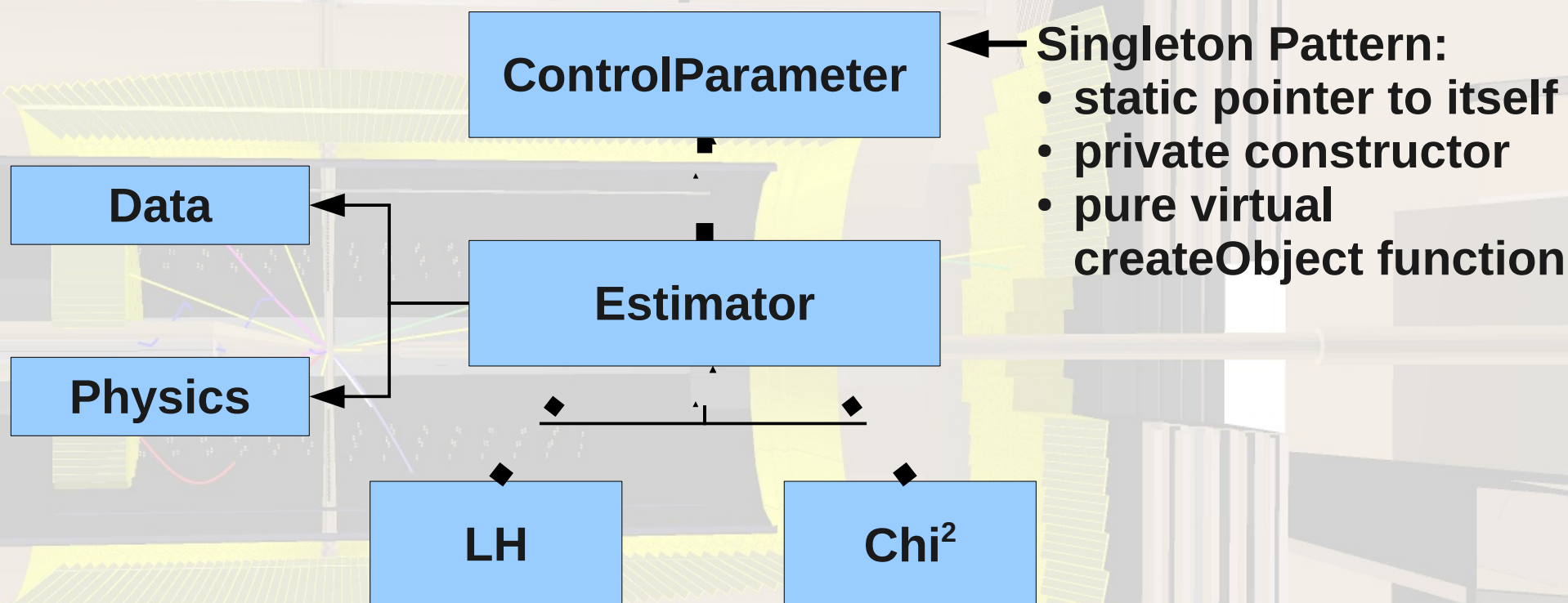
- Problem description interface
- Used in GenevaIF
- Minuit2: MinuitFCN equals
Geneva's `GIndividual::controlParameter()`
- Calls e.g. LH-Estimator

Geneva Individual Networked Mode



- Master sets up Individual as usual
- Master sends Individual to Slaves (serialized)

Impact on ComPWA



Effects:

- **ControlParameter instances (e.g. LH) statically accessible from fit**
- **Only one ControlParameter of whatever kind existing per fit**
(More than one needed: replace singleton with factory)

```
std::string file="test/2Part-4vecs.root";  
std::cout << "Load Modules" << std::endl;  
std::shared_ptr<Data> myReader(new RootReader(file, false, "data"));  
std::shared_ptr<Amplitude> testBW(new BreitWigner(0.,5.));  
std::shared_ptr<ControlParameter> testEsti = MinLogLH::createInstance(testBW, myReader);  
std::shared_ptr<Optimizer> opti(new MinuitIF(testEsti));
```

```

//-----Setup some operations for Amp = a * ( b + c)-----
std::shared_ptr<Strategy> add = std::shared_ptr<Strategy>(new AddAll());
std::shared_ptr<Strategy> mult = std::shared_ptr<Strategy>(new MultAll());

//-----Setup some nodes for Amp = a * ( b + c)-----
std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> Amplitude =
    std::shared_ptr<TreeNode>(new TreeNode(0, "Amplitude", mult, NULL));
std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> A =
    std::shared_ptr<TreeNode>(new TreeNode(5, "a", NULL, Amplitude));
std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> BC =
    std::shared_ptr<TreeNode>(new TreeNode(0, "bc", add, Amplitude));
Amplitude->children.push_back(A);
Amplitude->children.push_back(BC);
std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> B =
    std::shared_ptr<TreeNode>(new TreeNode(2, "b", NULL, BC));
std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> C =
    std::shared_ptr<TreeNode>(new TreeNode(3, "c", NULL, BC));
BC->children.push_back(B);
BC->children.push_back(C);

std::cout << Amplitude << std::endl;

//-----Trigger Calculation-----
C->changeVal(3.);

std::cout << std::endl << Amplitude << std::endl;

std::cout << "Calculated 5*(2+3) = " << Amplitude->value << std::endl;

A->changeVal(1.);

std::cout << "Changed a from 5 to 1 " << std::endl;

std::cout << std::endl << Amplitude << std::endl;

```

Amplitude = 0 with 2 children

-> a = 5

-> bc = 0 with 2 children

-> -> b = 2

-> -> c = 3

Amplitude = 25 with 2 children

-> a = 5

-> bc = 5 with 2 children

-> -> b = 2

-> -> c = 3

Calculated $5 \cdot (2+3) = 25$

Changed a from 5 to 1

Amplitude = 5 with 2 children

-> a = 1

-> bc = 5 with 2 children

-> -> b = 2

-> -> c = 3

```

struct TreeNode{
    TreeNode(double inValue, std::string inName, std::shared_ptr<Strategy> strat, std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> parent)
        :value(inValue),name(inName),myStrat(strat){
        if(parent){
            parents.push_back(parent);
            //parent->children.push_back(shared_from_this());
        }
    };

    void inline changeVal(double newVal){
        value=newVal;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<parents.size(); i++){
            parents[i]->update();
        }
    };

    void update() { //darf nur von kindern aufgerufen werden!
        std::vector<double> newVals;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<children.size(); i++){
            newVals.push_back(children[i]->value);
        } //end children-loop
        changeVal(myStrat->execute(newVals));
    }; //end update()

    std::string to_str(std::string beginning = ""){
        std::stringstream oss;
        oss << beginning << name << " = " << value ;
        if(children.size())
            oss << " with " << children.size() << " children" << std::endl;
        else
            oss << std::endl;

        for(unsigned int i=0; i<children.size(); i++){
            //oss << " -> ";
            oss << beginning << children[i]->to_str(" -> ");
        }
        return oss.str();
    };

    friend std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &os, std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> p);

    std::vector<std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> > parents;
    std::vector<std::shared_ptr<TreeNode> > children;

    double value;
    std::string name;

```

```
class Strategy
{
public:
    Strategy(){
    };

    virtual double execute(const std::vector<double>& paras) = 0;
};

class AddAll : public Strategy
{
public:
    AddAll(){
    };

    virtual double execute(const std::vector<double>& paras){
        double result = 0;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<paras.size(); i++)
            result+=paras[i];
        return result;
    };
};

class MultAll : public Strategy
{
public:
    MultAll(){
    };

    virtual double execute(const std::vector<double>& paras){
        double result = 1.;
        for(unsigned int i=0; i<paras.size(); i++)
```