NCAL tests at ÚJV Řež

Lecroy Oscilloscope Analysis

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Prague Cyclotron Experiment – Setup Summary

Objective:

Measure neutron detection efficiency and signal response of a plastic scintillator-based detector (NCAL) using a quasimonoenergetic neutron beam.

Detector: NCAL (7-module plastic scintillator array with PMTs)

Neutron Source:

Reaction: 7Li(p,n)

Target: Solid lithium (Li) foil Proton Beam Energy: 32.5 MeV

Beam Structure: Gaussian bunches (FWHM 2-3 ns),

25 MHz → ~40 ns period

Intensity Range: 0.1–5.0 µA (adjustable in seconds)

Detector Positioning:

Detector Face Distance from Target: 3.376 ± 0.02 m

Detector Aperture: 8 × 8 cm²

Shielding Wall Location: Starts at 2.179 m, ends at 3.26 m

Expected Neutron Flux (QM Peak):

At 3.38 m and 5 μ A beam current: interpolated between tabulated values

 $(\sim 10^3 - 10^4 \text{ n/cm}^2/\text{s})$

Measurement System:

Oscilloscope

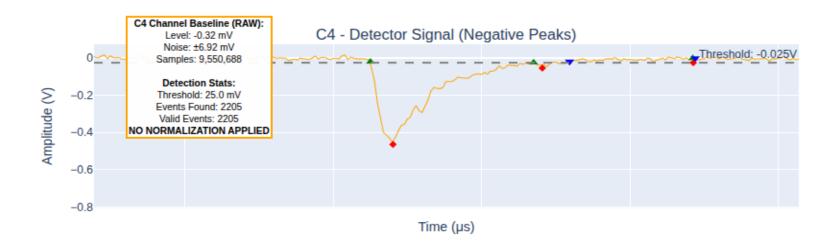
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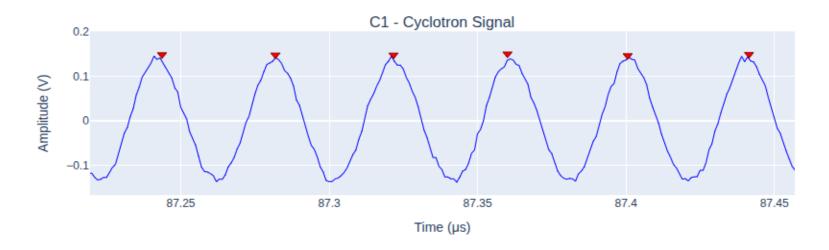
Digitizer: CAEN 8-channel waveform digitizer (1 kHz sampling)
Triggering: Reference RF signal from cyclotron (25 MHz, ~300 mV)

Polyethylene and lithium-loaded shielding available on site Gamma background present but manageable via pulse shape discrimination

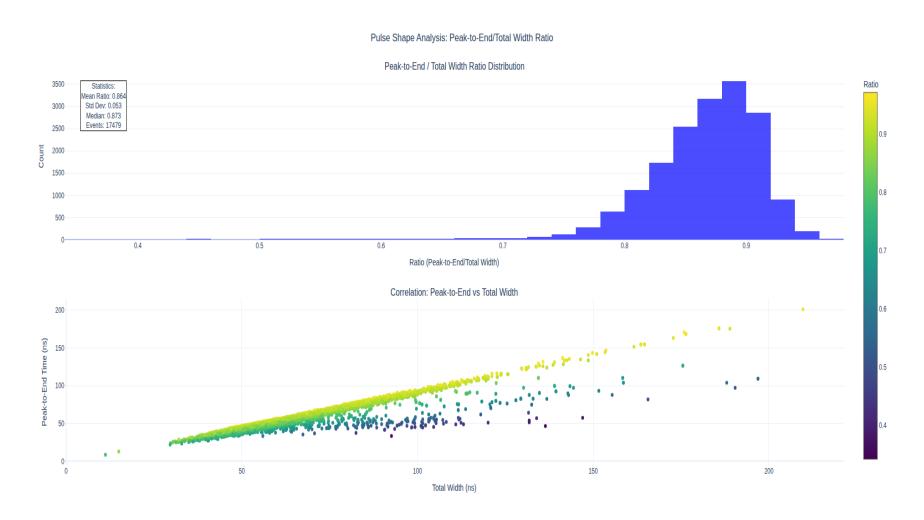


Waveforms

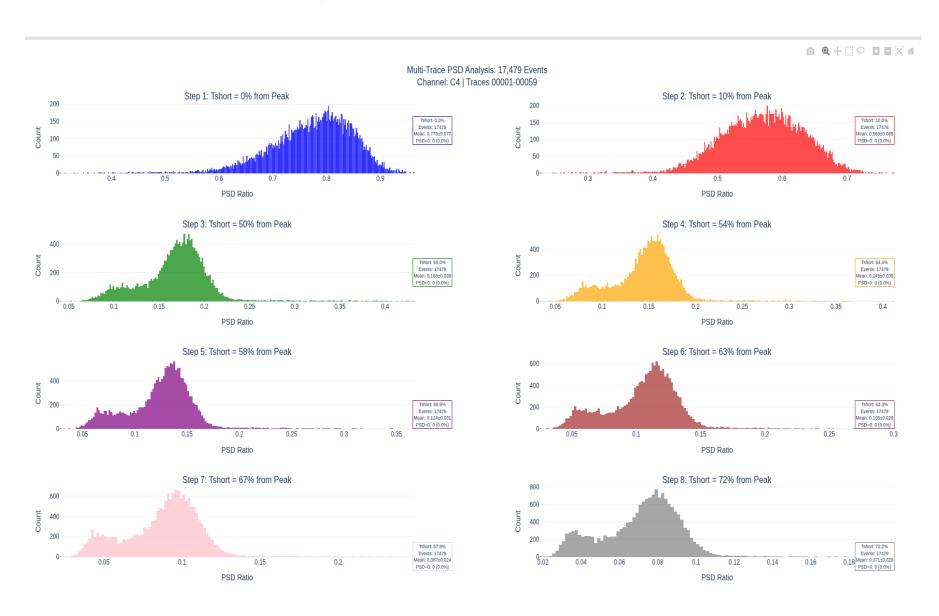




Rough Pulse Shape Discrimination

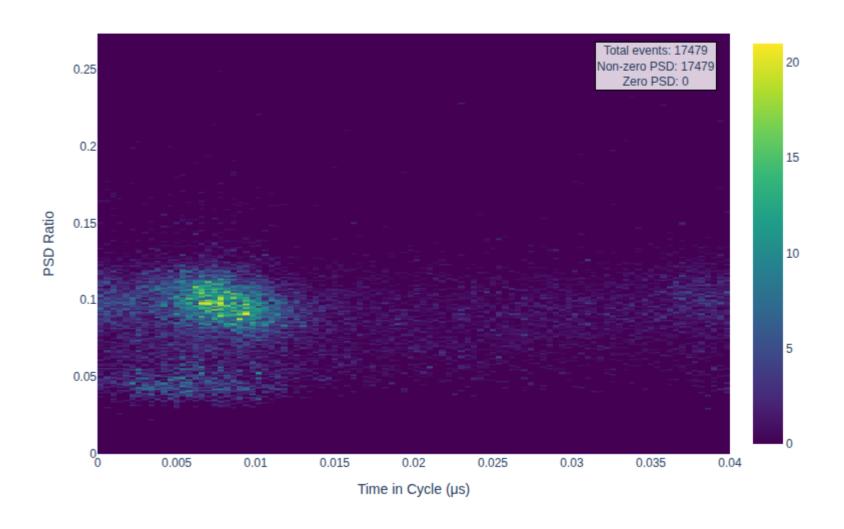


Pulse Shape Discrimination – Tshort by Width



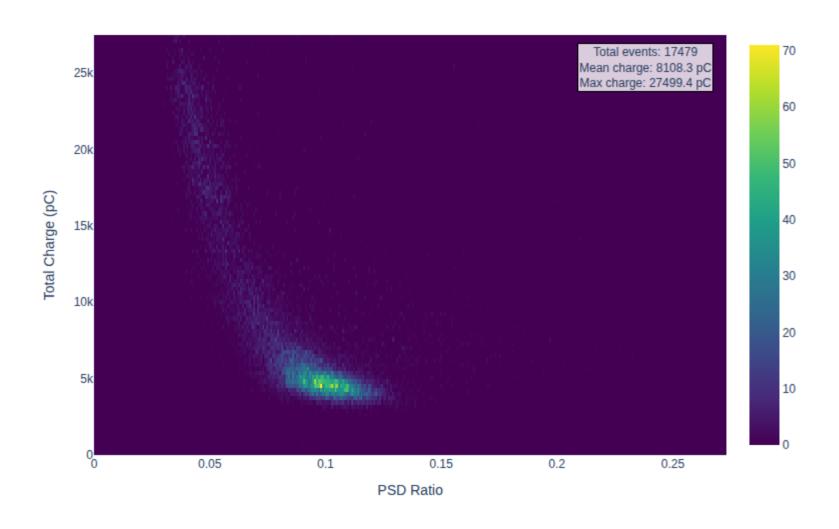
Pulse Shape Discrimination vs Cycle Time

PSD vs Cyclotron Phase Distribution (Tshort at Peak) - C4



Pulse Shape Discrimination vs Cycle Time

PSD vs Total Charge Distribution (Tshort at Peak) - C4



Thank you for your attention!

Questions and discussions