

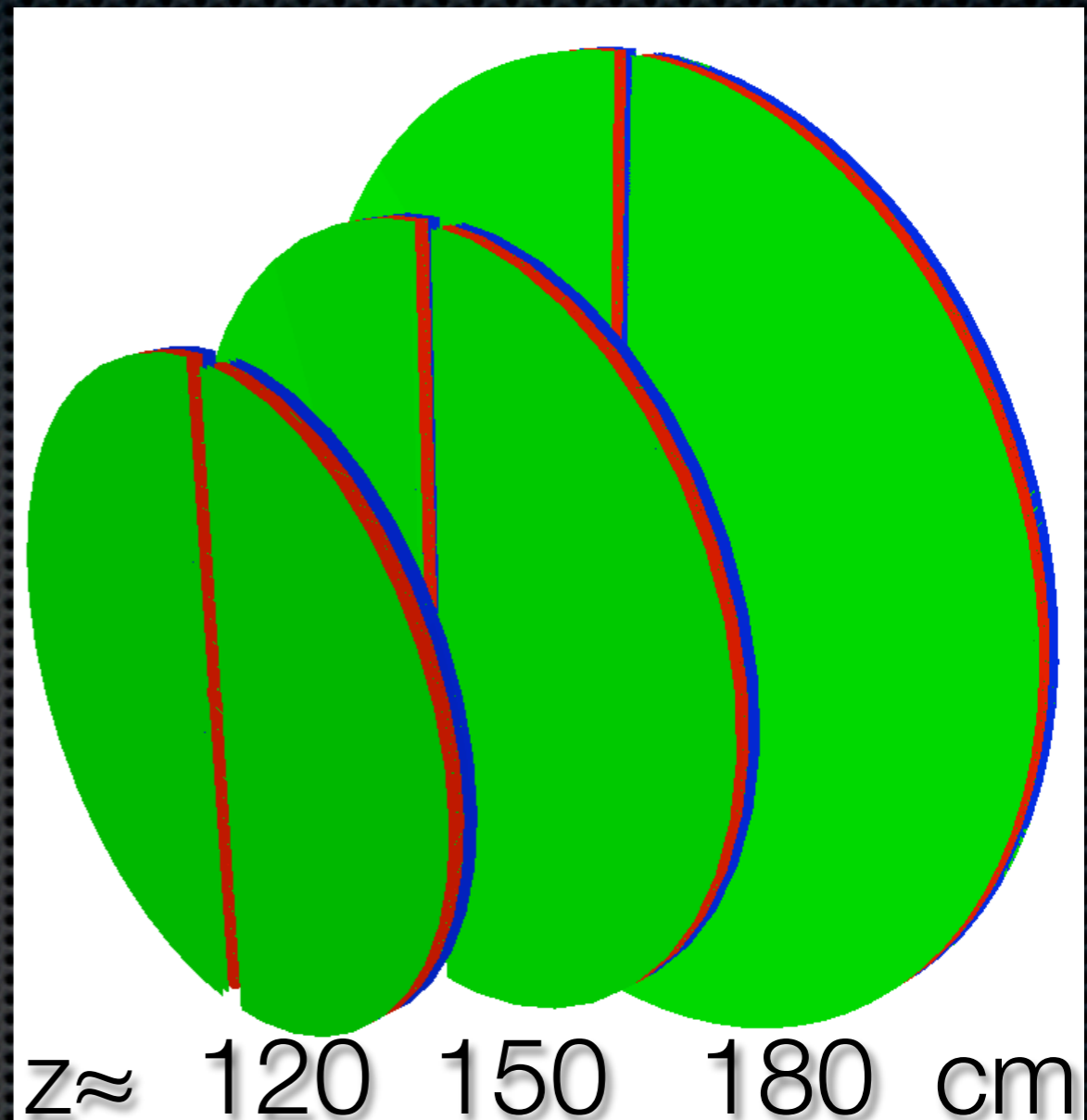
# GEM Tracker Status

Radoslaw Karabowicz

GSI

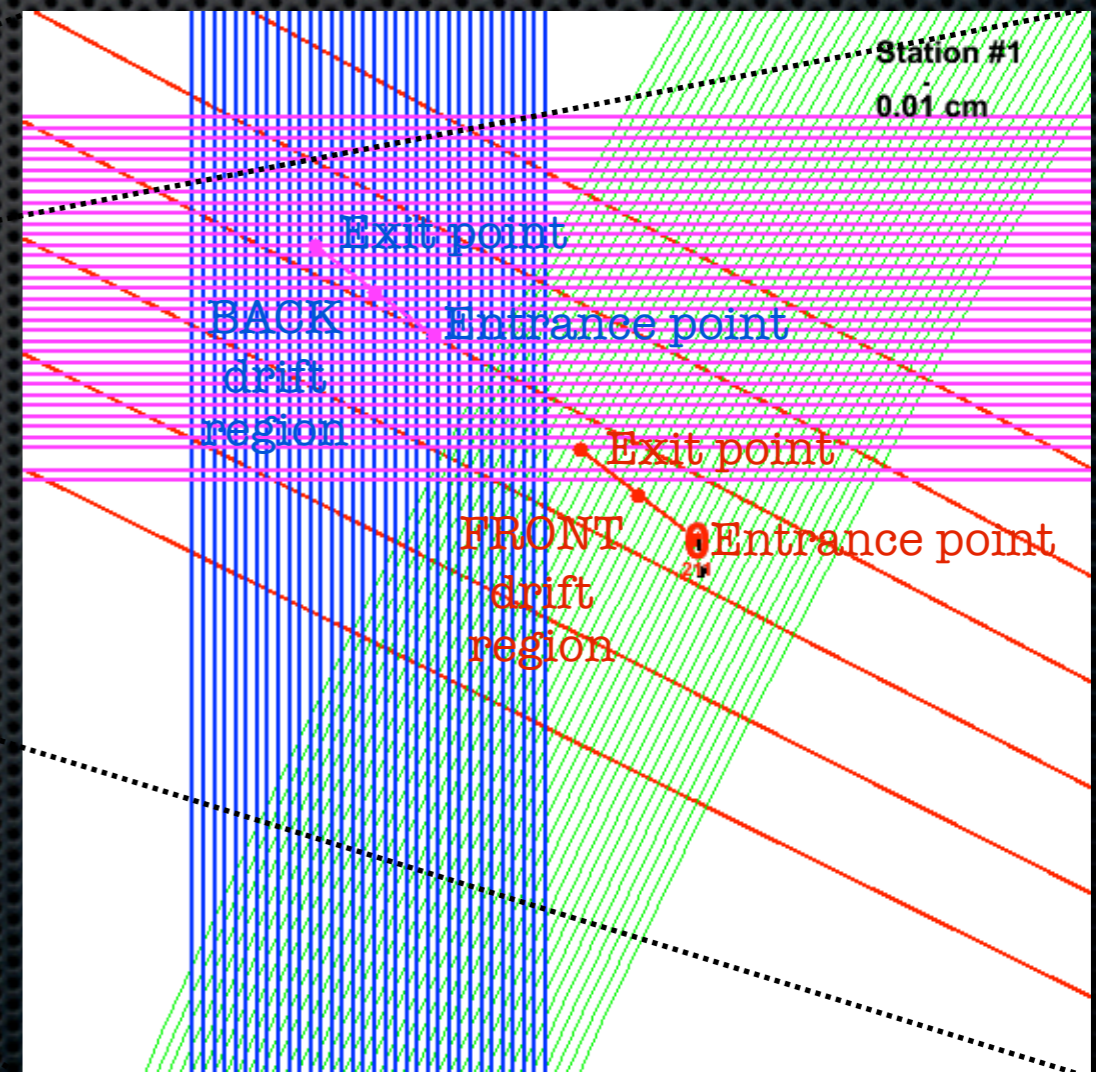
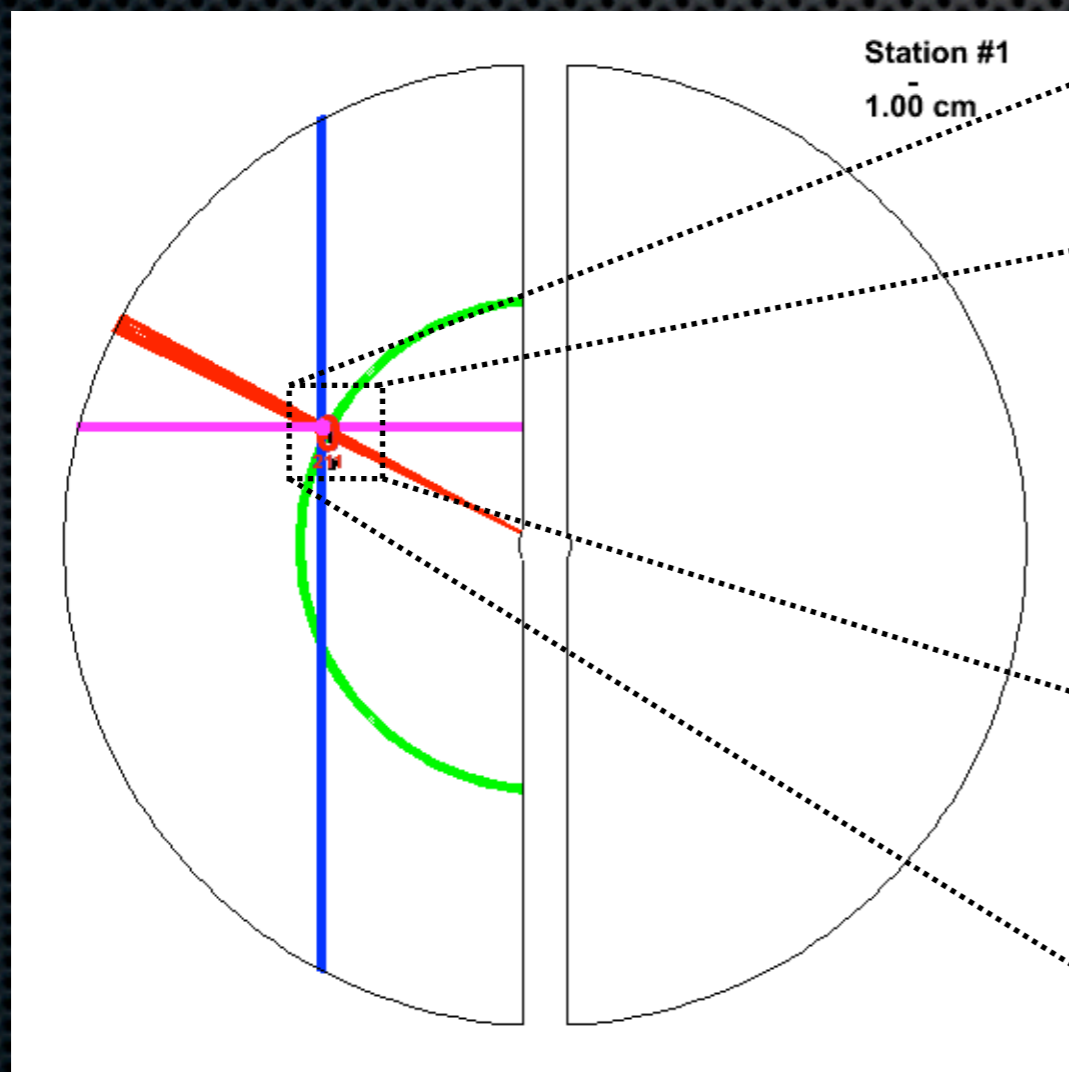
# Geometry

- ✦ GEM - Gas Electron Multiplier
- ✦ readout plane divided into strips of  $200\mu\text{m}$  width
- ✦ record track position at 3 stations
- ✦ two different perpendicular strip orientations per readout plane implemented
- ✦ each station has two drift volumes (separated by  $\sim 2\text{cm}$ ) and two sensitive planes: front and back (and therefore 4 different strip orientations)



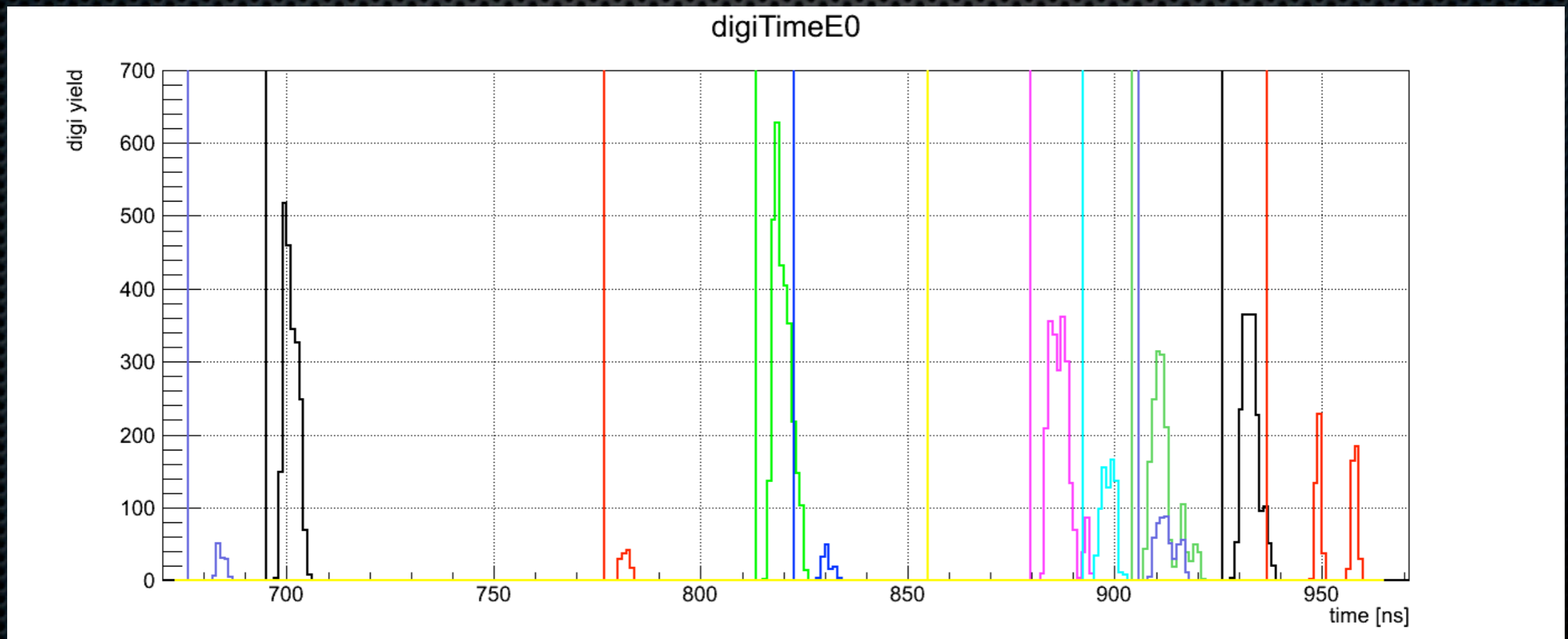
# Realistic digitization

- ✦ activate strips along the particle trajectory in the drift volume
- ✦ combined with charge diffusion

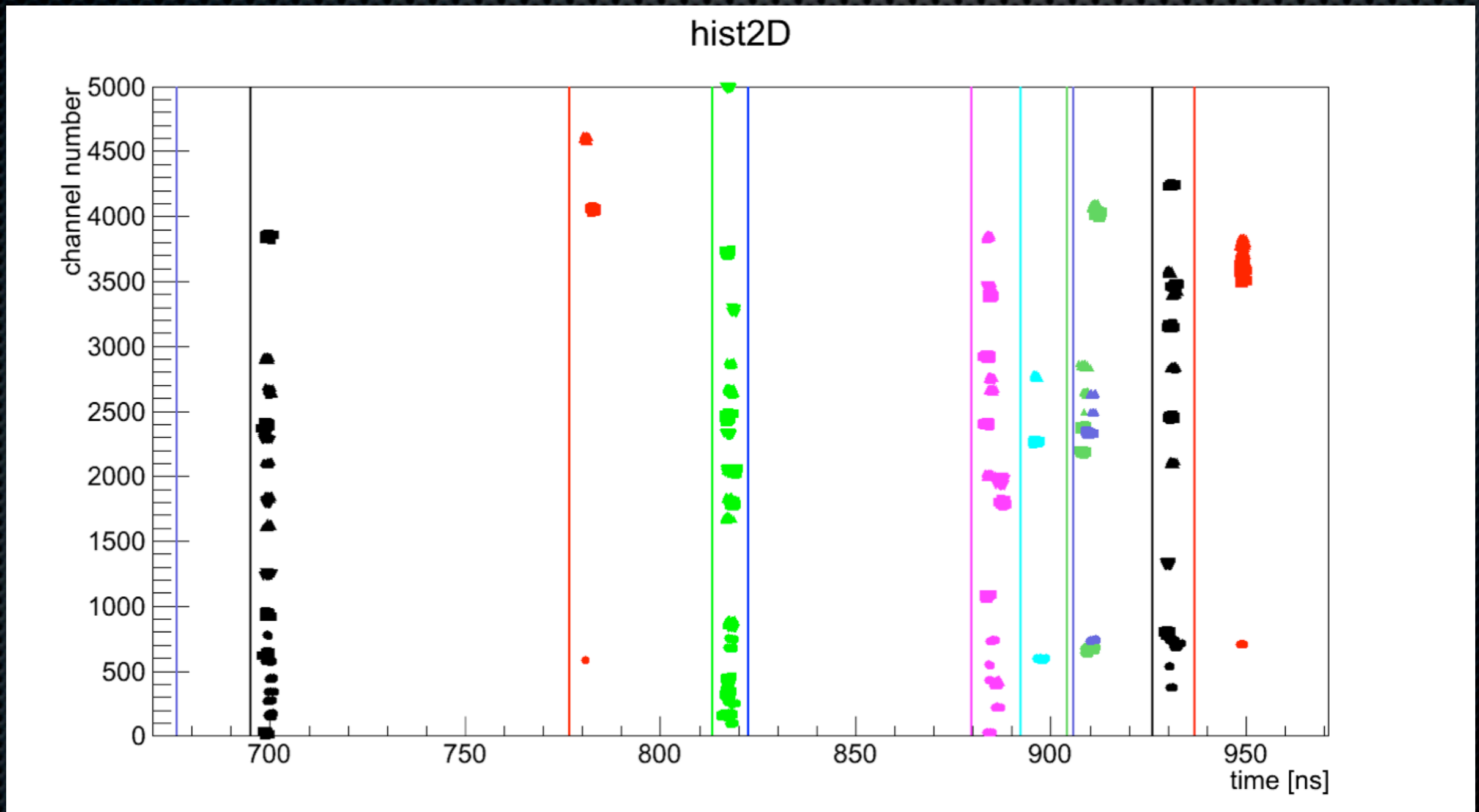


# Time-based digitization

- ✦  $\text{digi time} = \text{event time} + \text{MCpoint time} + \text{random}$
- ✦ GEM expected time resolution  $\sim 10\text{ns}$  (not implemented)
- ✦ dead time of 100 ns implemented



# Active channels vs time



# Event-based reconstruction

- ✦ Scheme:
  - ✦ find clusters of digis in every view
  - ✦ find hits on front (radial&concentric strips) and back (horizontal&vertical strips) pad planes (drift volumes ~2 cm away)
  - ✦ tracking: combine close hits on front/back pad plane to select 'real' hits. Use only these hits for tracking
- ✦ Such approach showed unsatisfactory results with time-based digitization

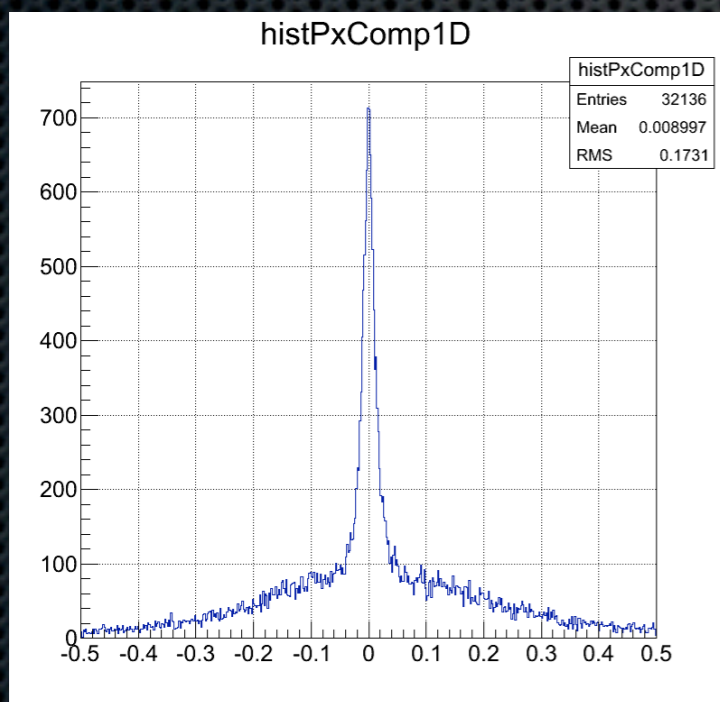
# Event-based reco results

- ✦ It's not trivial anymore to compare reconstructed tracks with the simulated MC tracks...
- ✦ As a temporary solution, I have created two macros to check the quality of the reconstruction:
  - ✦ `checkTrackOnlineReconstruction.C` (loop over primary MC tracks, check if similar track exists in reconstruction tree)
  - ✦ `checkEventOnlineReconstruction.C` (loop over MC events, check if reconstructed track exists that had creation time corresponding to event MC time)

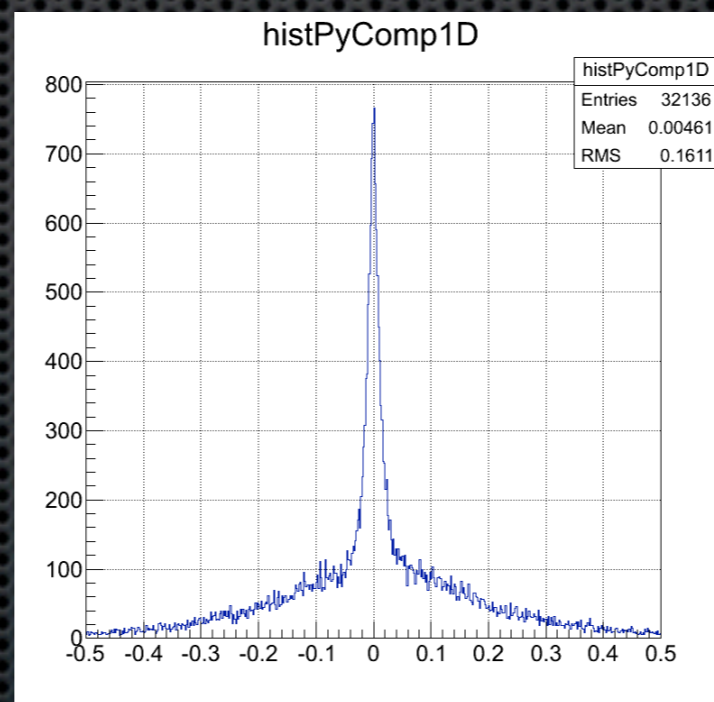
# Event-based: track results

- ✦ Comparison between reconstructed momentum and MC momentum:

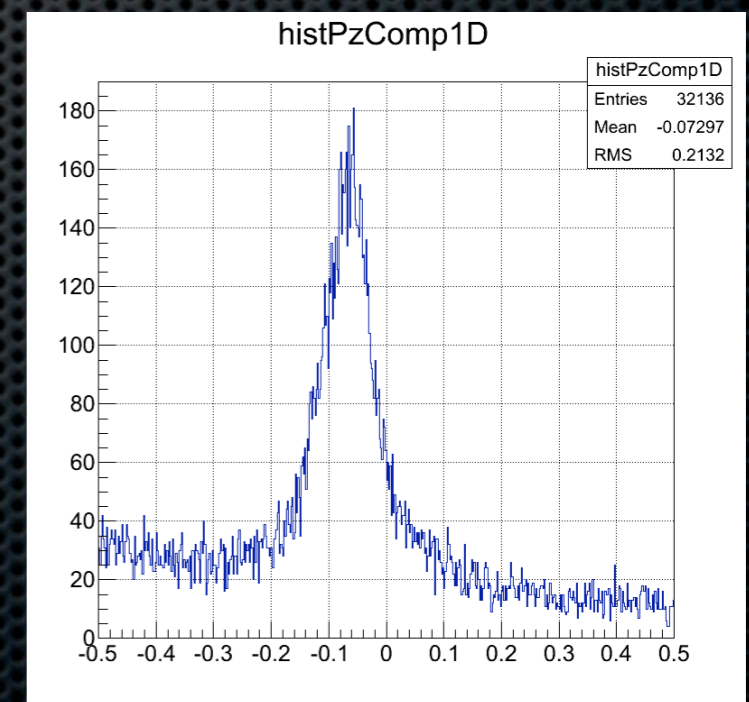
$(\text{reco\_px} - \text{mc\_px}) / \text{mc\_mag}$



$(\text{reco\_py} - \text{mc\_py}) / \text{mc\_mag}$



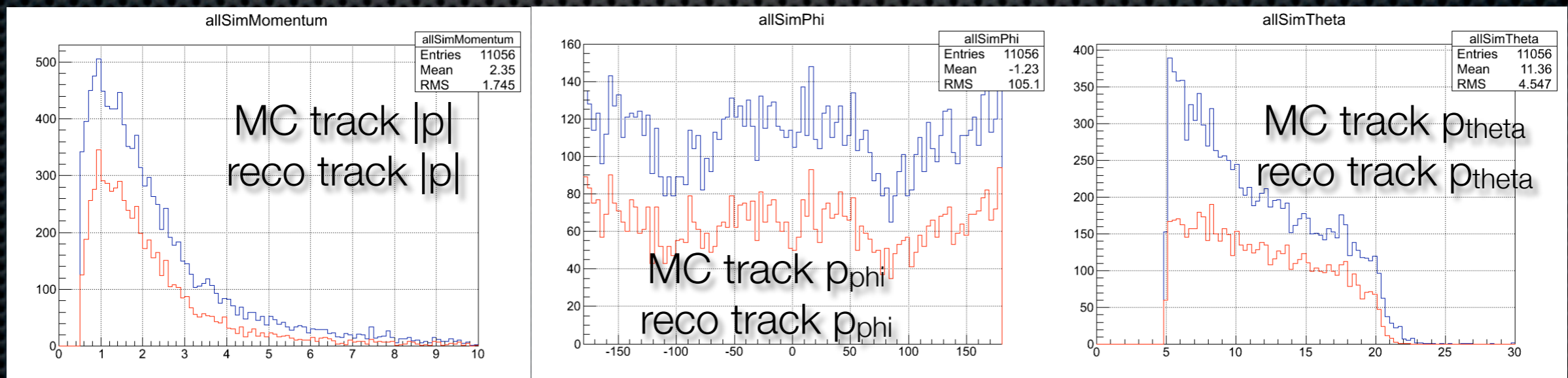
$(\text{reco\_pz} - \text{mc\_pz}) / \text{mc\_mag}$





# Event-based: track results

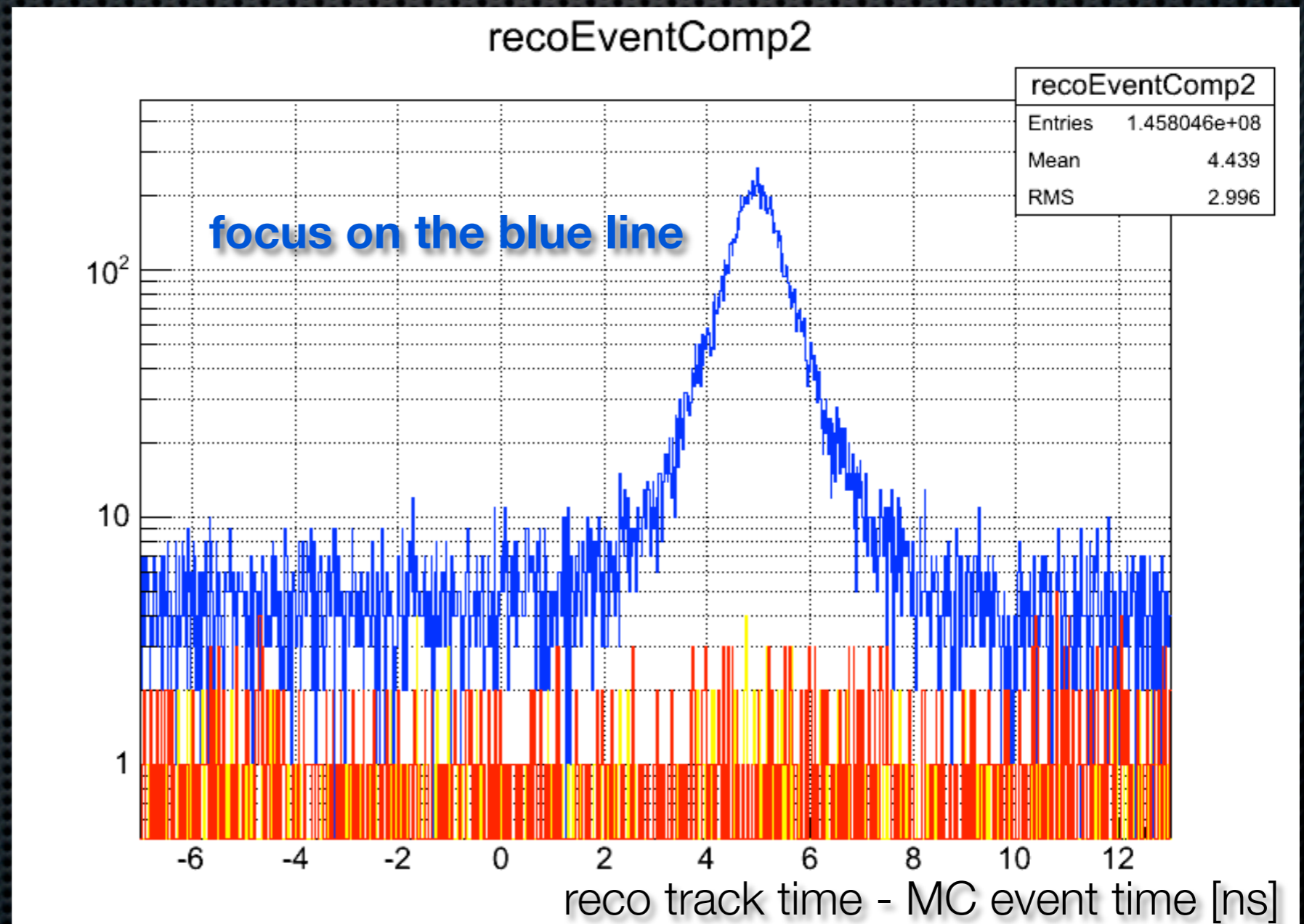
- ✦ ‘*Efficiency*’ (counting the tracks under the peak):
- ✦ reconstructed 6390 out of 11056 (57.79%)



# Event-based: event results

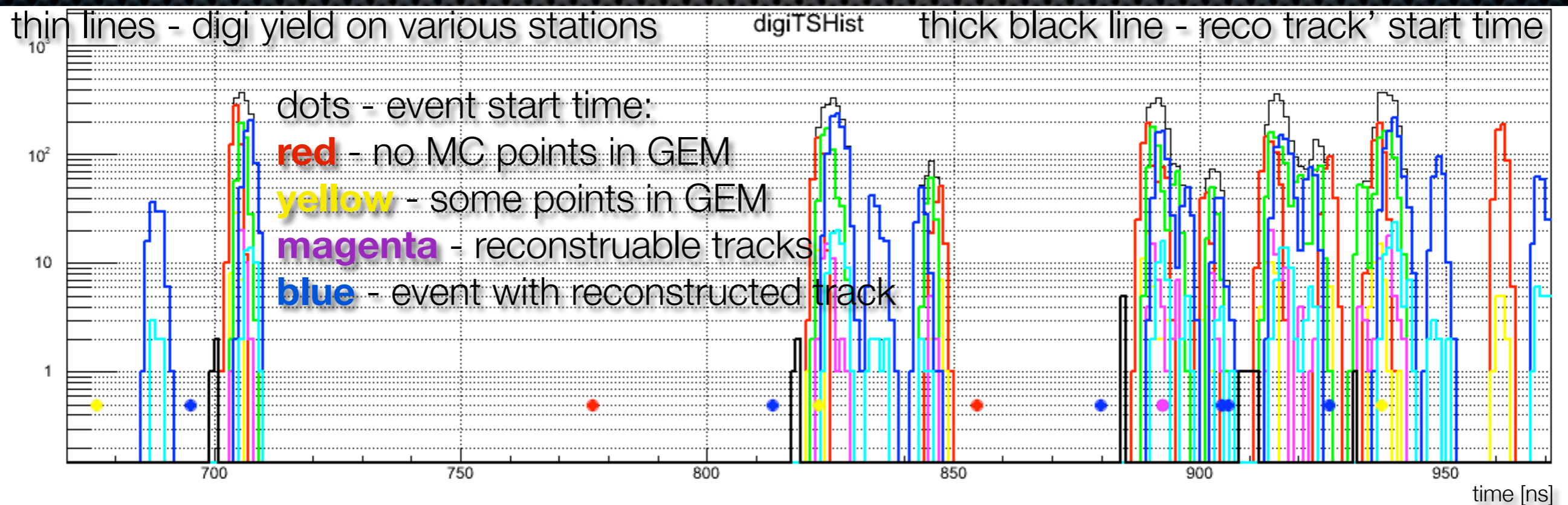
- compare the reconstructed tracks' start time with MC event times

10000 DPM events, MVD,STT,GEM

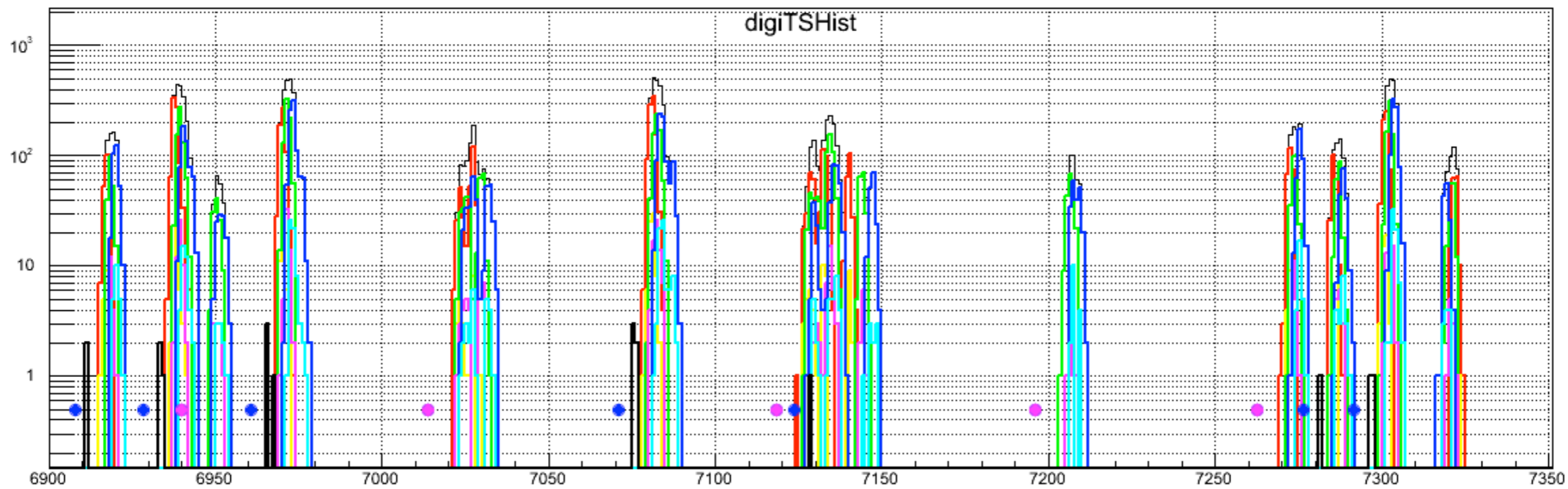
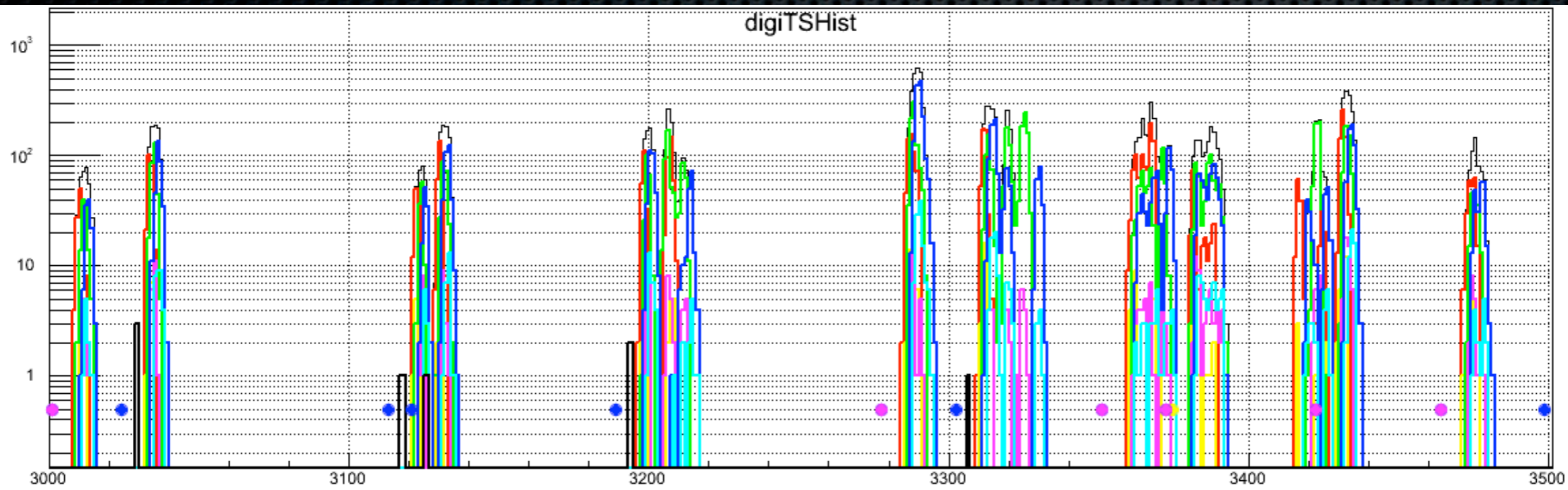


# Event-based: event results

- ✦ ‘Efficiency’ (counting the events under the peak):
- ✦ reconstructed 6577 out of 8165 reconstruable events (80.5511%)



same time range as on plots in pages 4 & 5

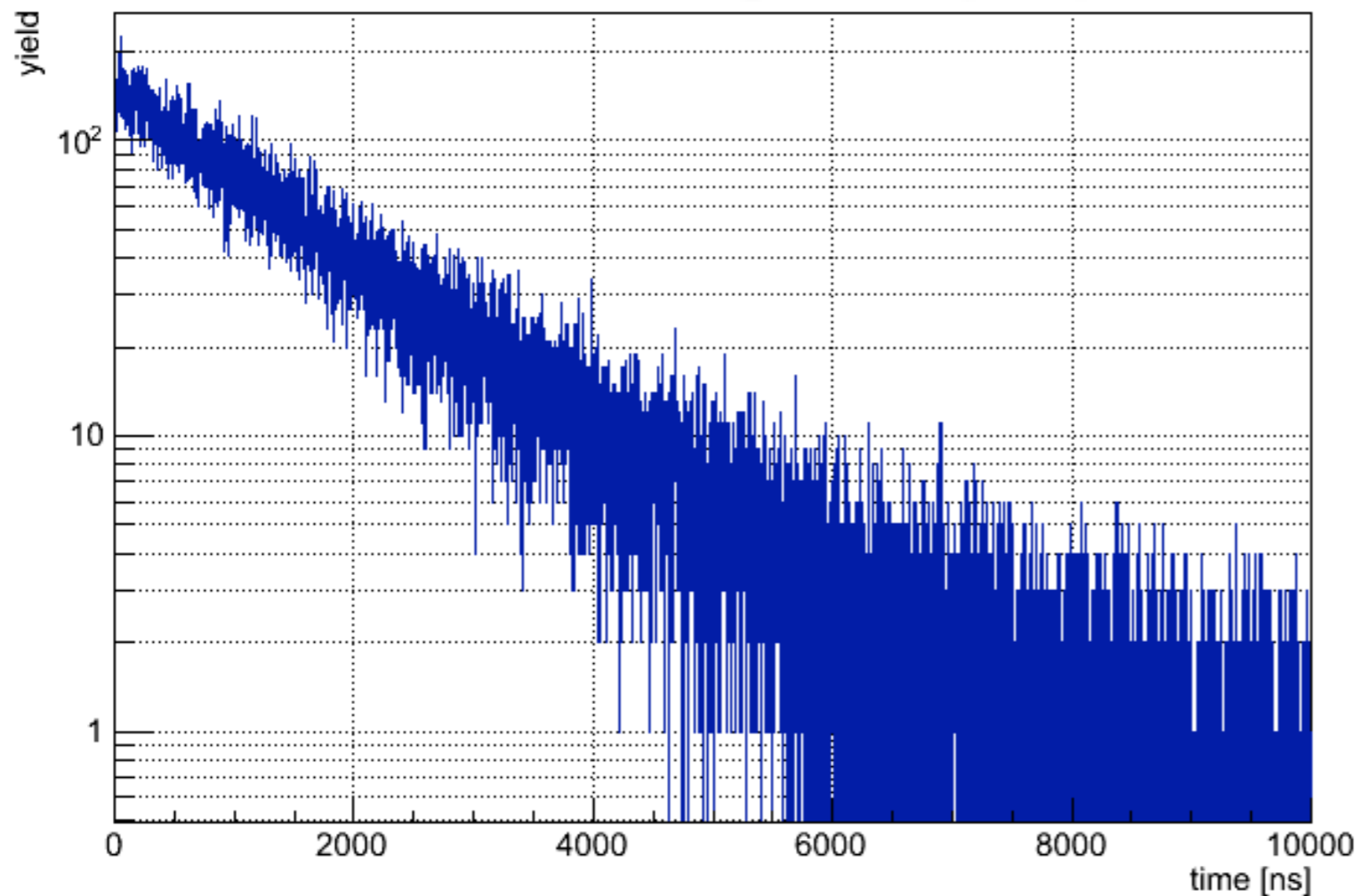


# Low performance reasons

- Event-based reconstruction scheme, again:
  - find clusters of digis in every view
  - find hits on front (radial&concentric strips) and back (horizontal&vertical strips) pad planes (drift volumes ~2 cm away)
  - tracking: combine close hits on front/back pad plane to select 'real' hits. Use only these hits for tracking
- In the tracking, there's only 3 'real' hits (3 stations). To find track, all the 'real' hits have to be found, and therefore all the 6 hits on all pad planes, which fails with even small cluster finding inefficiency
- For 1% clustering inefficiency, ~11% chance of not finding track
- In GEM time-based reconstruction, there's a 3÷4% cluster finding inefficiency

# Time between strip activation

Time between digis on any strip



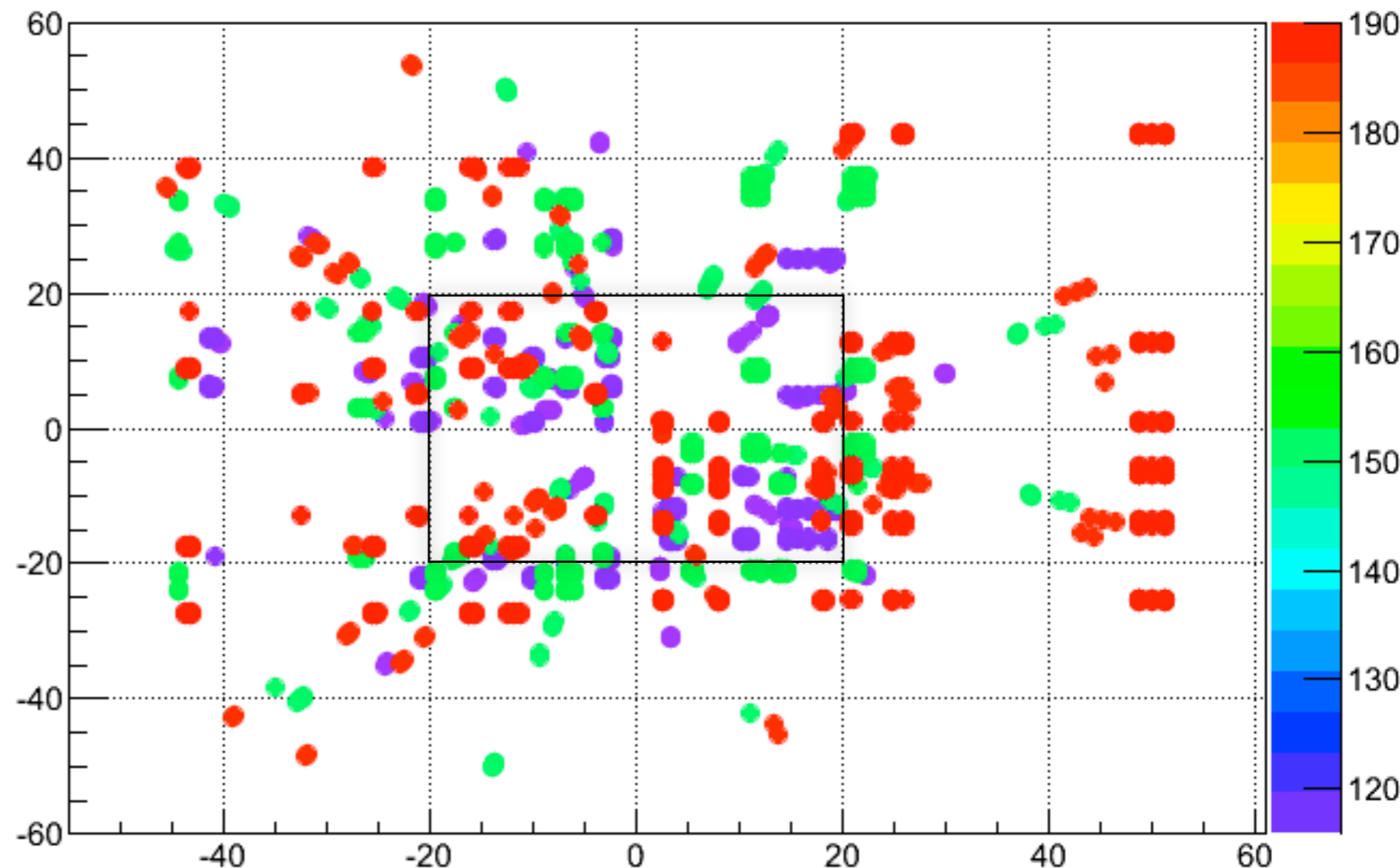
- Exponential dependence
- The strips will often (3÷7%) be activated again during the strips' dead time

# Time-based reconstruction

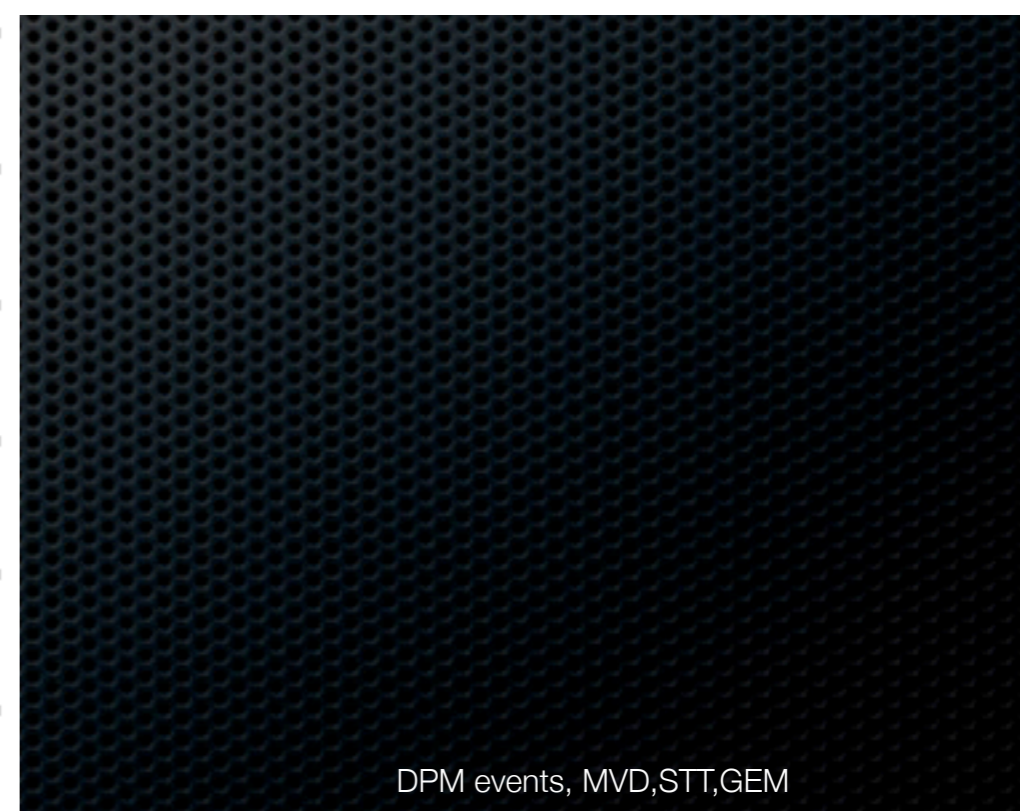
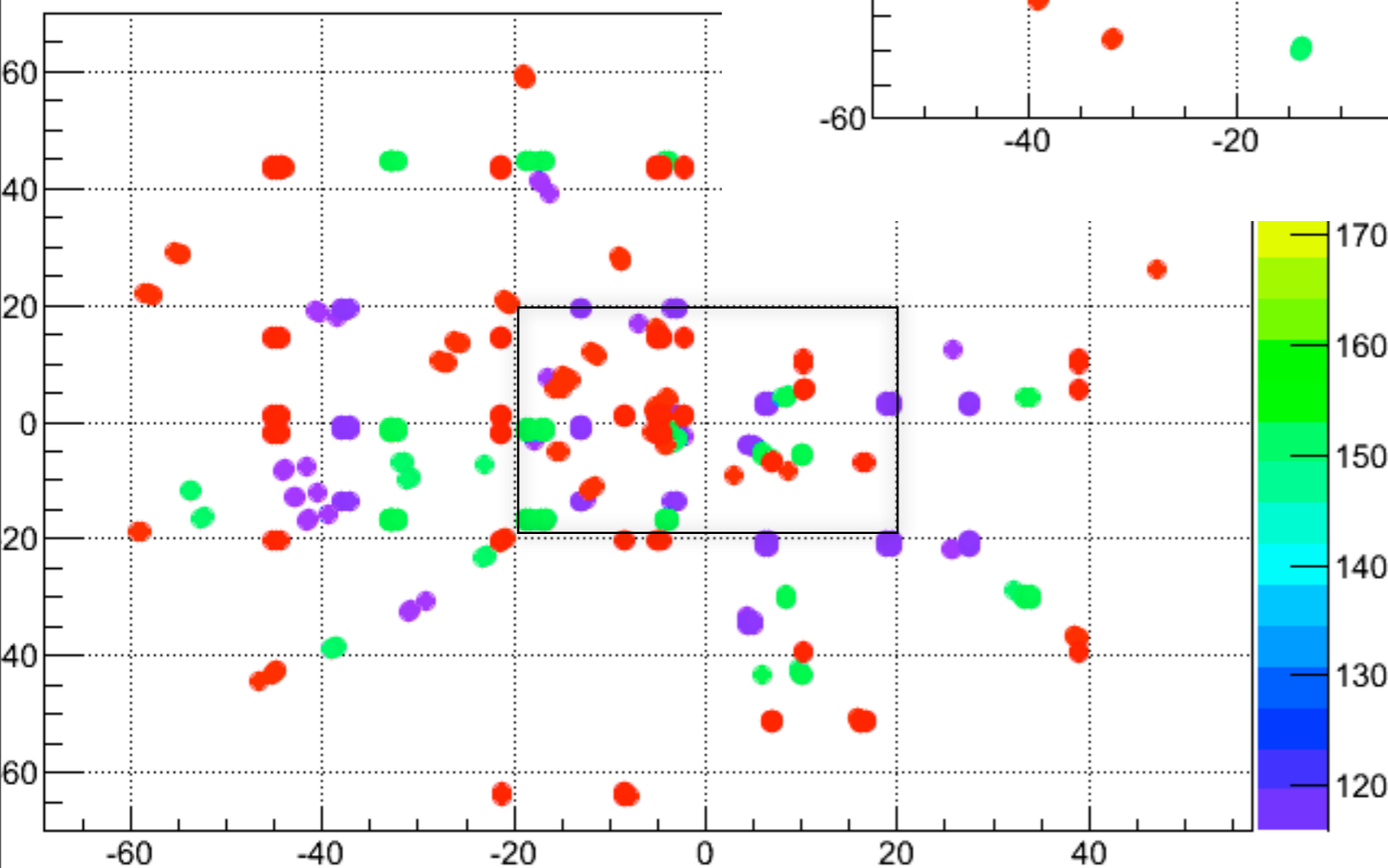
- ✦ Changes:
  - ✦ very few changes to cluster finder
  - ✦ hit finding: find hits on front/back pad plane as before, require confirmation on back/front pad plane (if relevant strips activated in the previous 100 ns - it requires storing information from last events, achieved by introduction of PndGemMonitoring)
  - ✦ track finder: use these confirmed hits, and now that the tracks may consist of up to 6 hits, 2 missing hits (on various stations) are allowed.

Event-based:  
hits used for  
tracking

GEMHit.fY:GEMHit.fX:GEMHit.fZ {abs(GEMHit.fTimeStamp-1415.000000)<10}



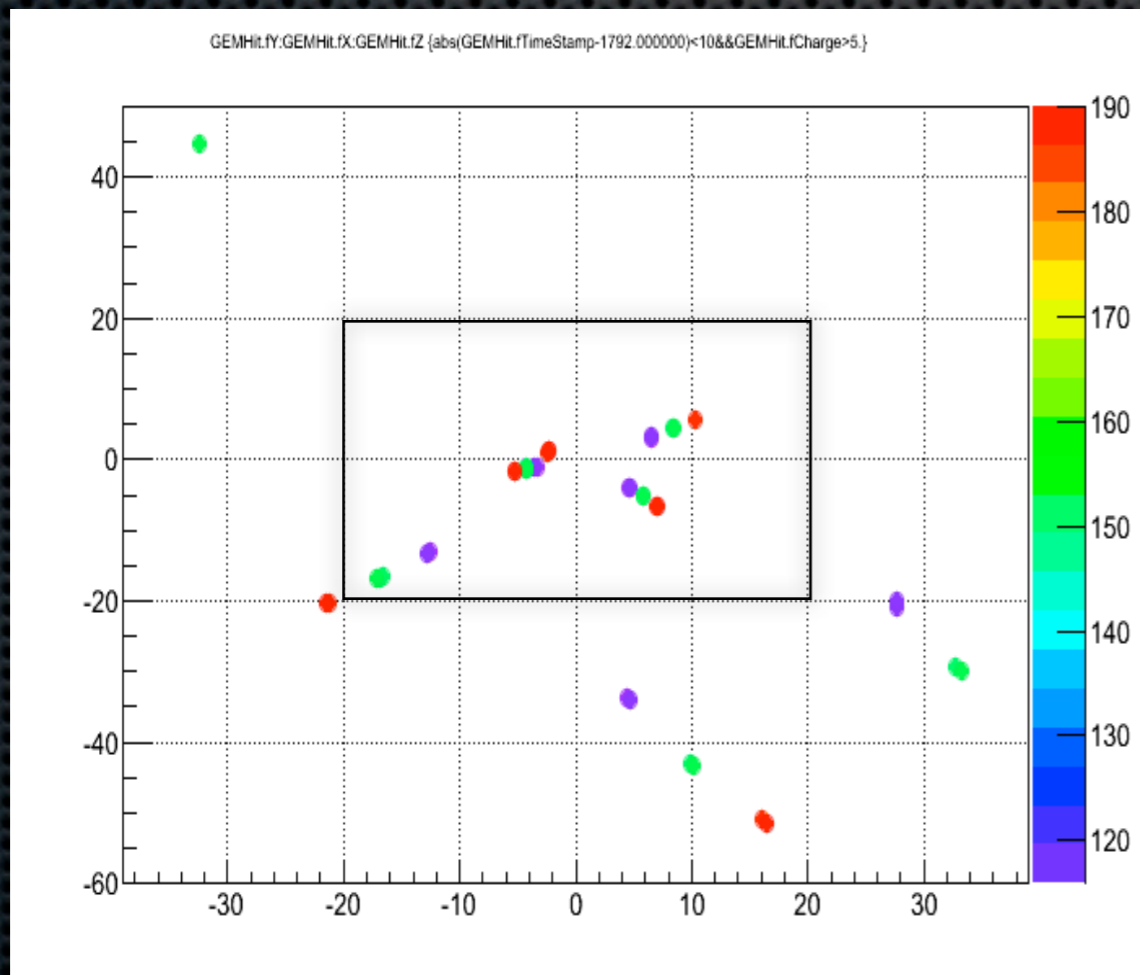
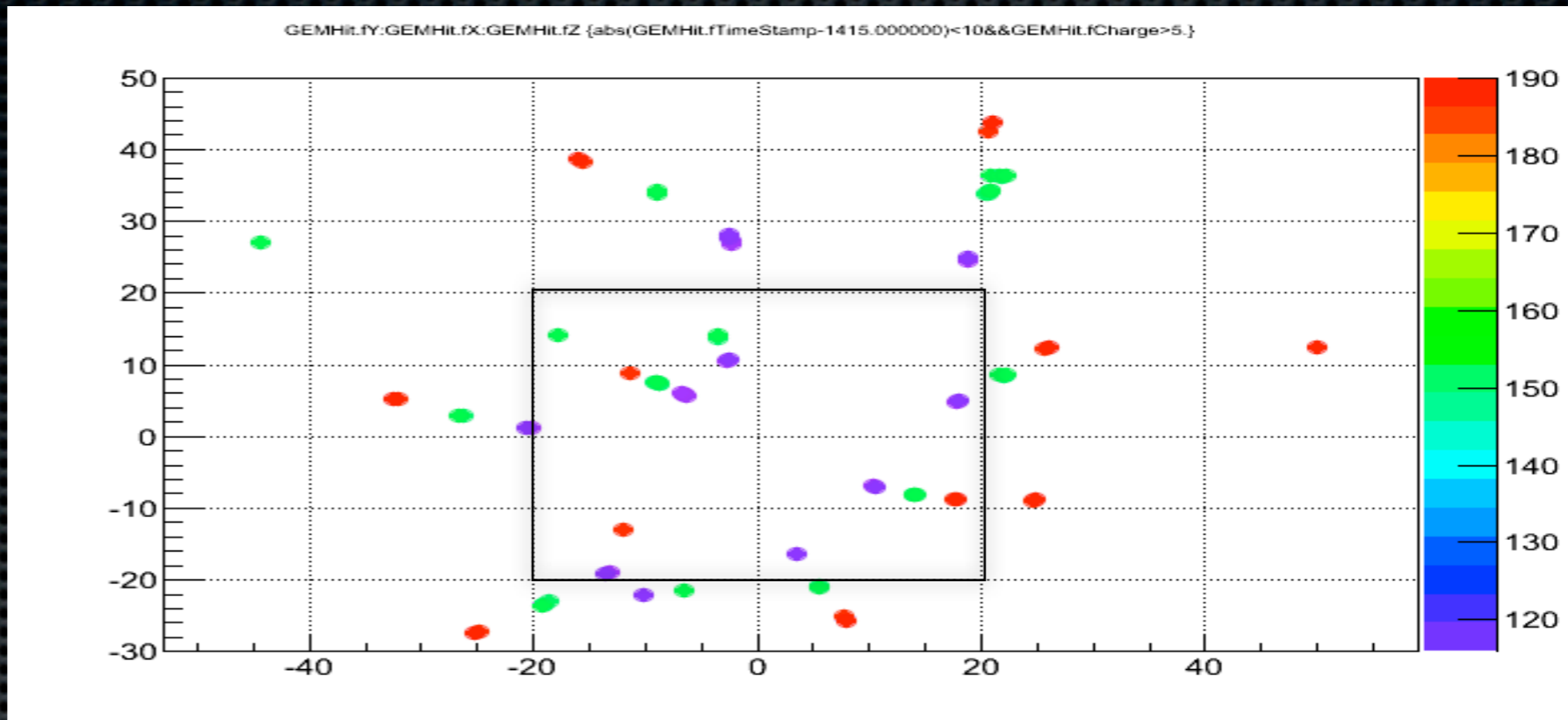
GEMHit.fY:GEMHit.fX:GEMHit.fZ {abs(GEMHit.fT



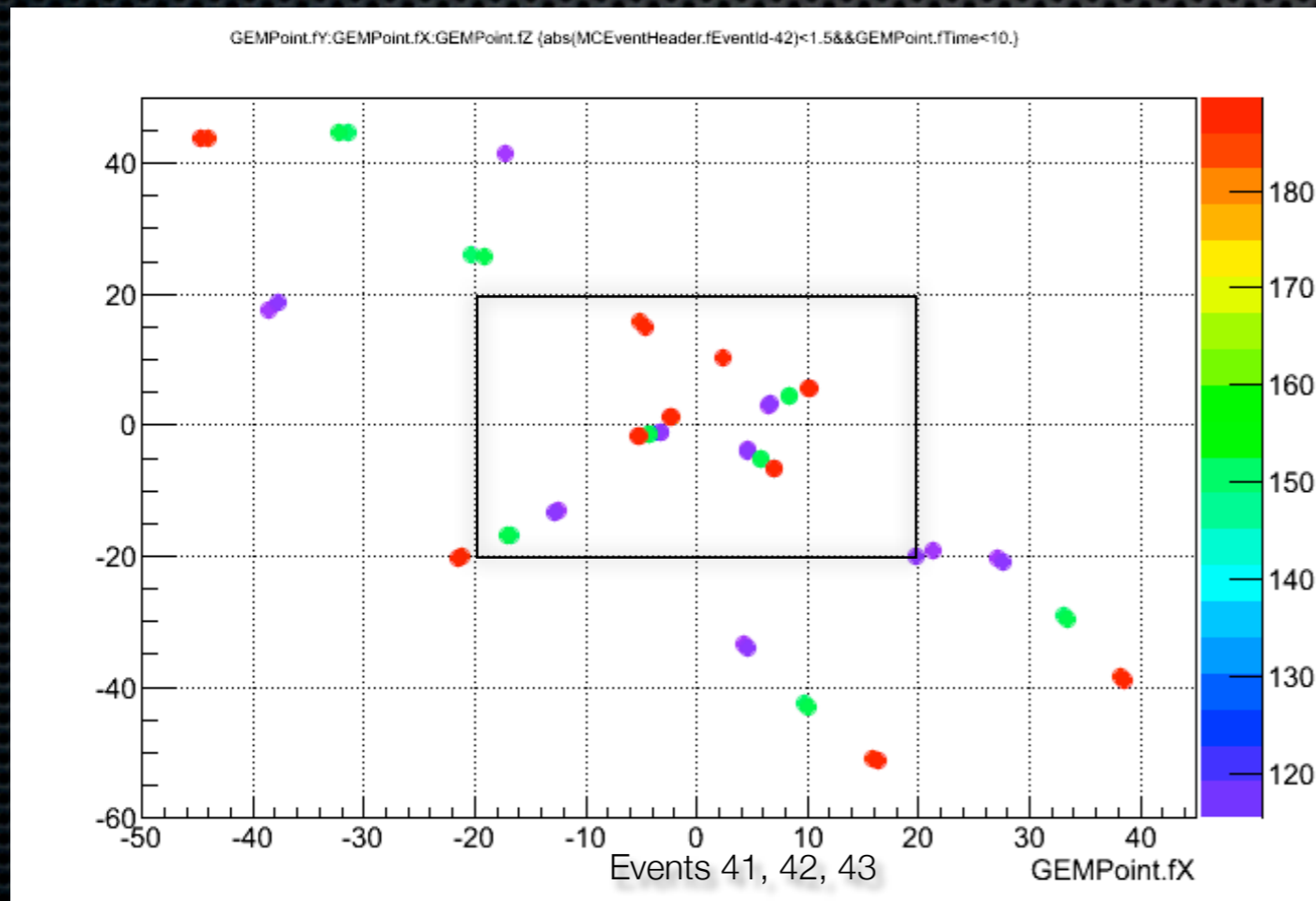
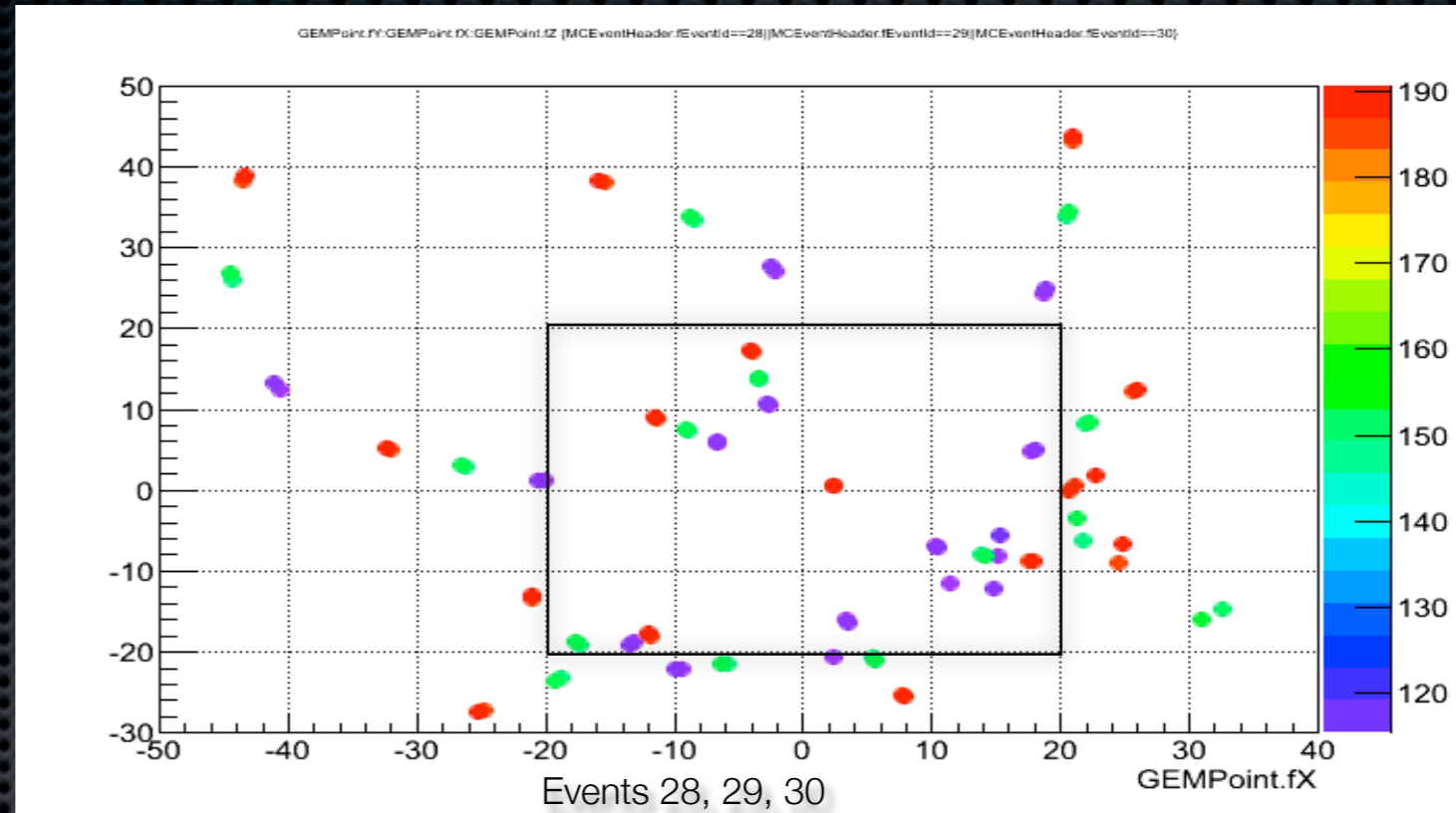
DPM events, MVD,STT,GEM



# Time-based: hits used for tracking

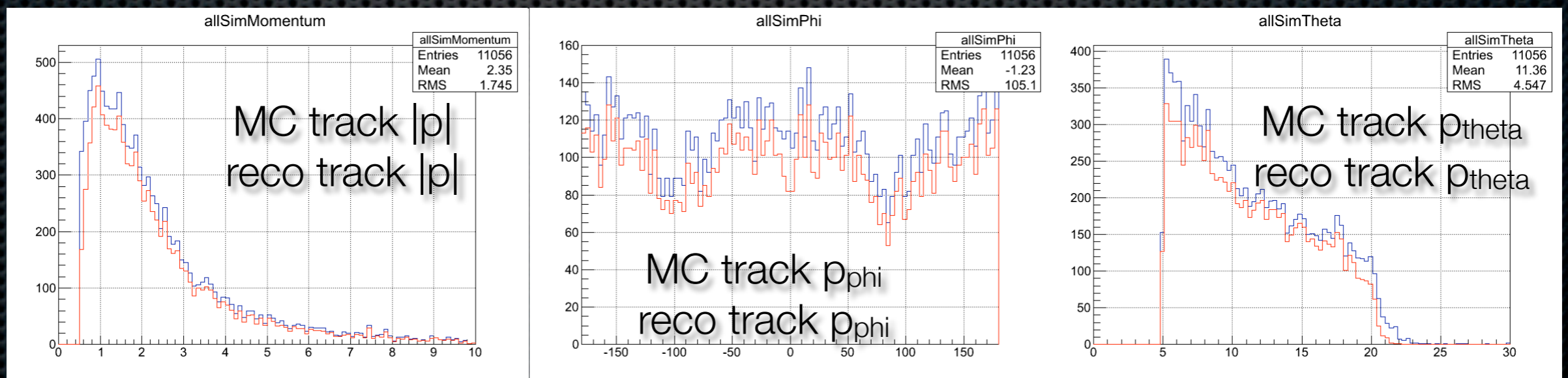


For comparison:  
MC points from  
'corresponding'  
MC events



# Time-based: track results

- ✦ ‘*Efficiency*’ (counting the tracks under the peak):
- ✦ reconstructed 9653 out of 11056 (87.31%)



10000 DPM events, MVD,STT,GEM

# Time-based: track results

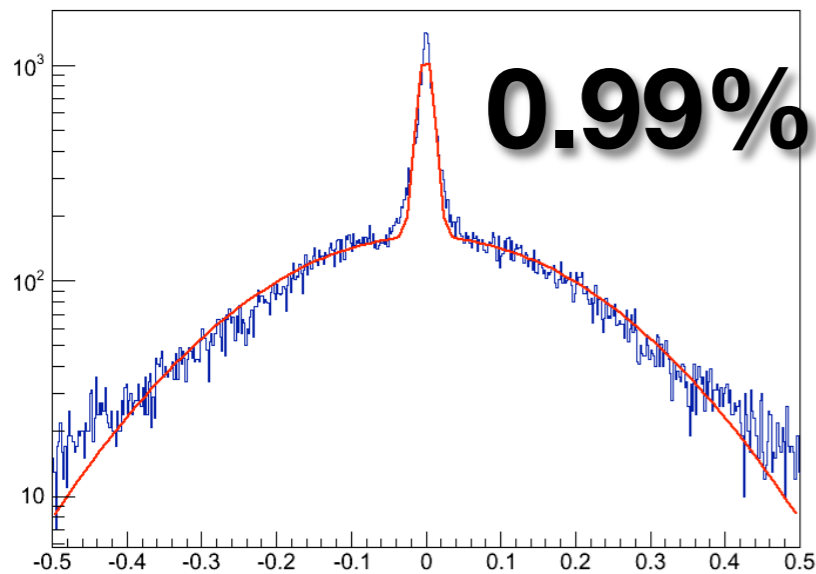
- ✦ fitted function: sum of two gaussians
- ✦ resolutions: sigma of the thin gaussian

$(\text{reco\_px} - \text{mc\_px}) / \text{mc\_mag}$

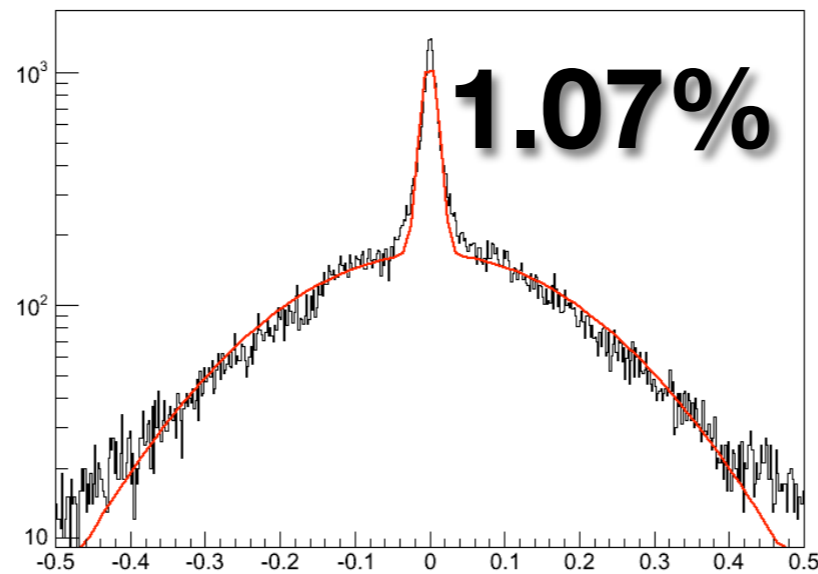
$(\text{reco\_py} - \text{mc\_py}) / \text{mc\_mag}$

$(\text{reco\_pz} - \text{mc\_pz}) / \text{mc\_mag}$

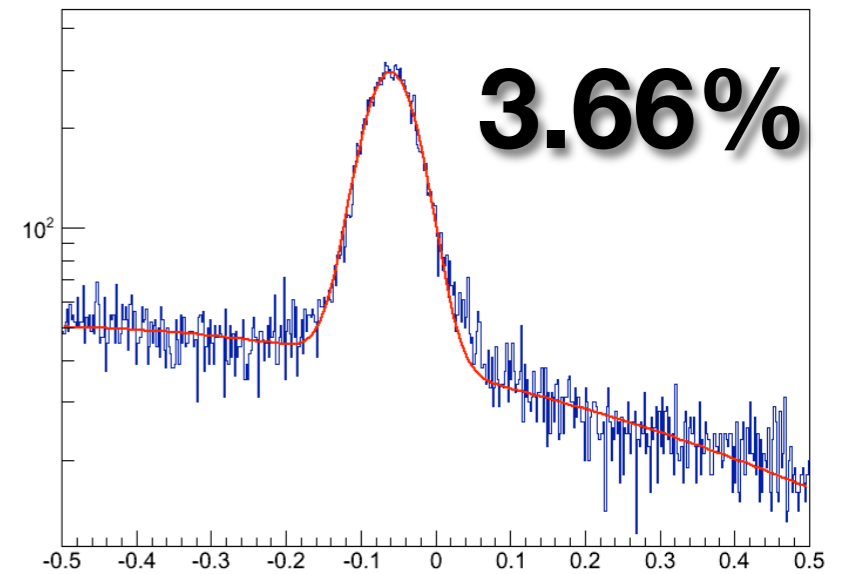
histPxComp1D



histPyComp1D

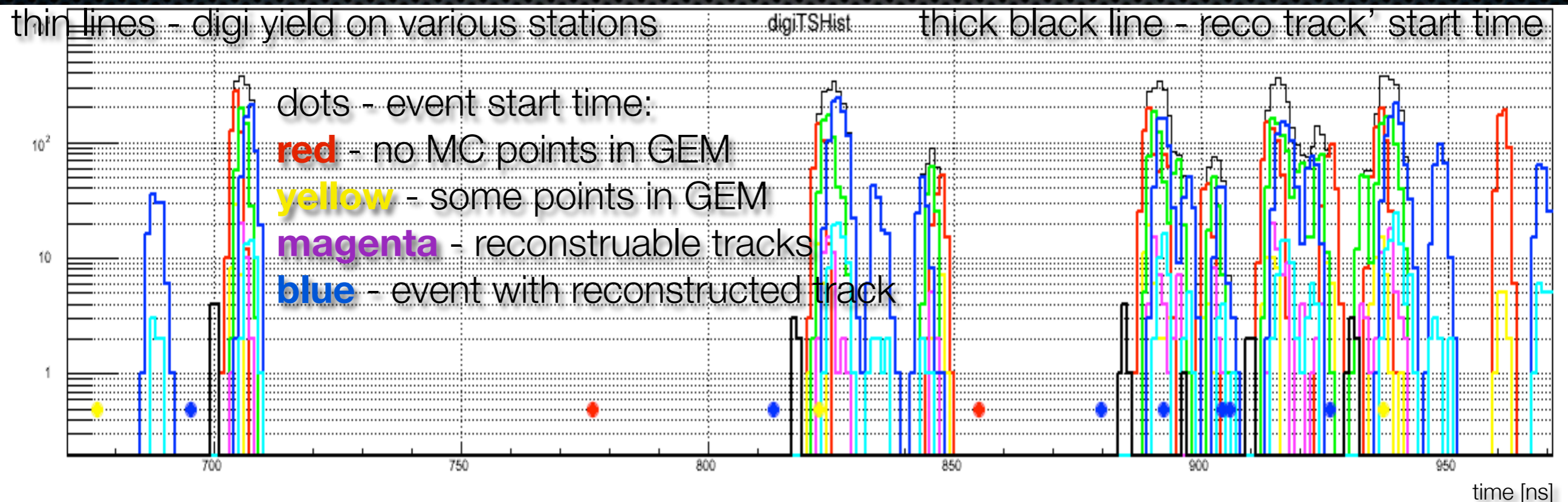


histPzComp1D

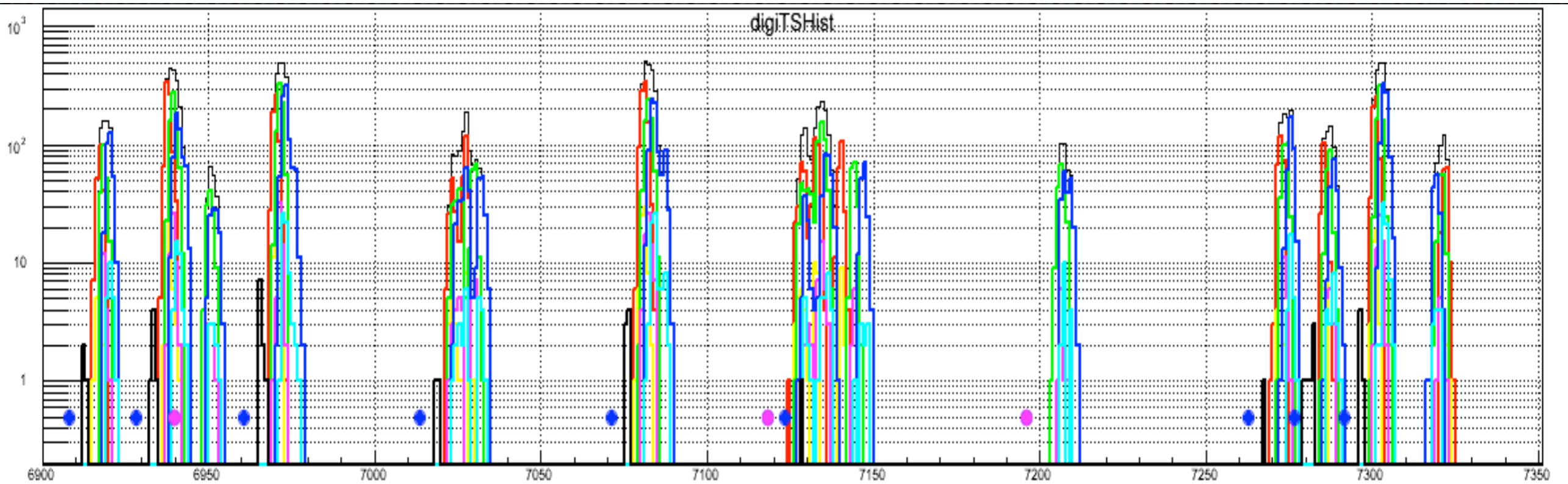
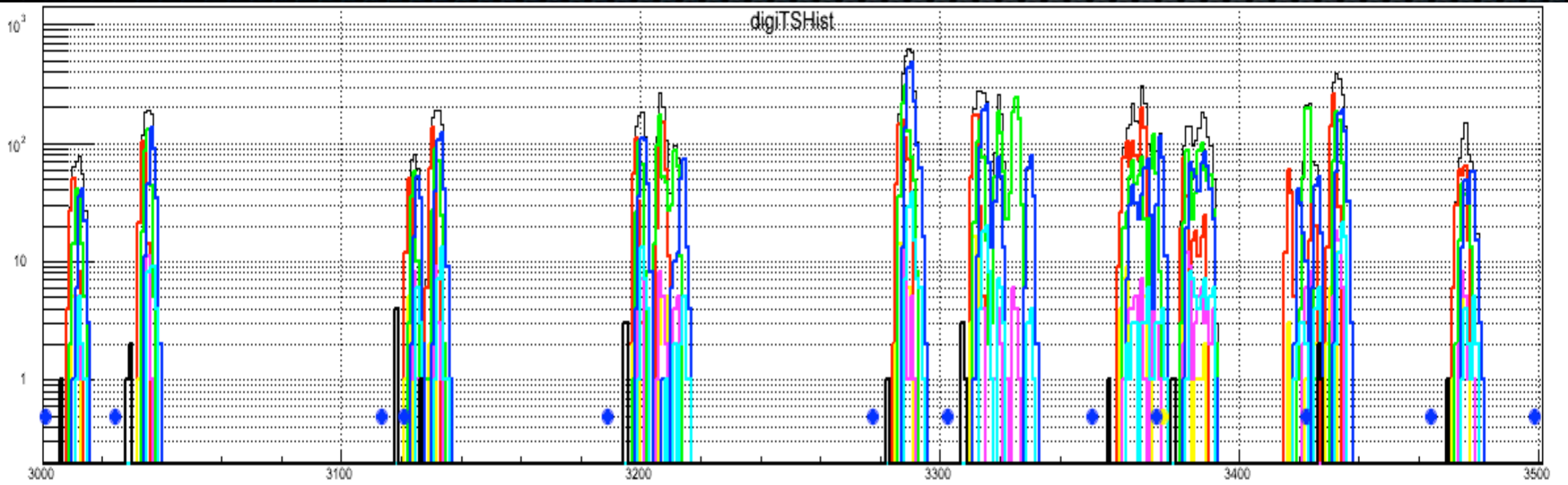


# Event-based: event results

- ✦ ‘Efficiency’ (counting the events under the peak):
- ✦ reconstructed 7773 out of 8165 reconstruable events (95.199%)



same time range as on plots in pages 4 & 5



# Conclusions

- ✦ Event-based reconstruction not enough in the time-based reality
- ✦ Some changes applied to the reconstruction chain
- ✦ Improved results:
  - ✦ track finding '*efficiency*': 57.79% increased to 87.31%
  - ✦ event reco '*efficiency*': 80.55% increased to 95.20%
- ✦ Further improvements still necessary