

Discrimination Potential of Event (Shape) Variables

K. Götzen

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Toy MC Setup

All following studies done with Toy MC

- 4-vectors taken from generator level
- Full geometric acceptance of 4π
- Tracks
 - Detection efficiency $\epsilon_{\text{trk}} = 100\%$
 - Momentum smearing $\Delta p/p = 3\%$
 - Angle smearing $\Delta\theta = \Delta\phi = 1 \text{ mrad}$
 - PID efficiency $\epsilon_{\text{PID}} = 95\%$ (all particle species)
 - PID mis-ID $\text{mis}_{\text{PID}} = 5\%$ (all particle species)
- Neutrals
 - Detection efficiency $\epsilon_{\text{neut}} = 100\%$
 - Energy smearing $\Delta E/E = 5\%$
 - Angle smearing $\Delta\theta = \Delta\phi = 3 \text{ mrad}$

Channels under investigation

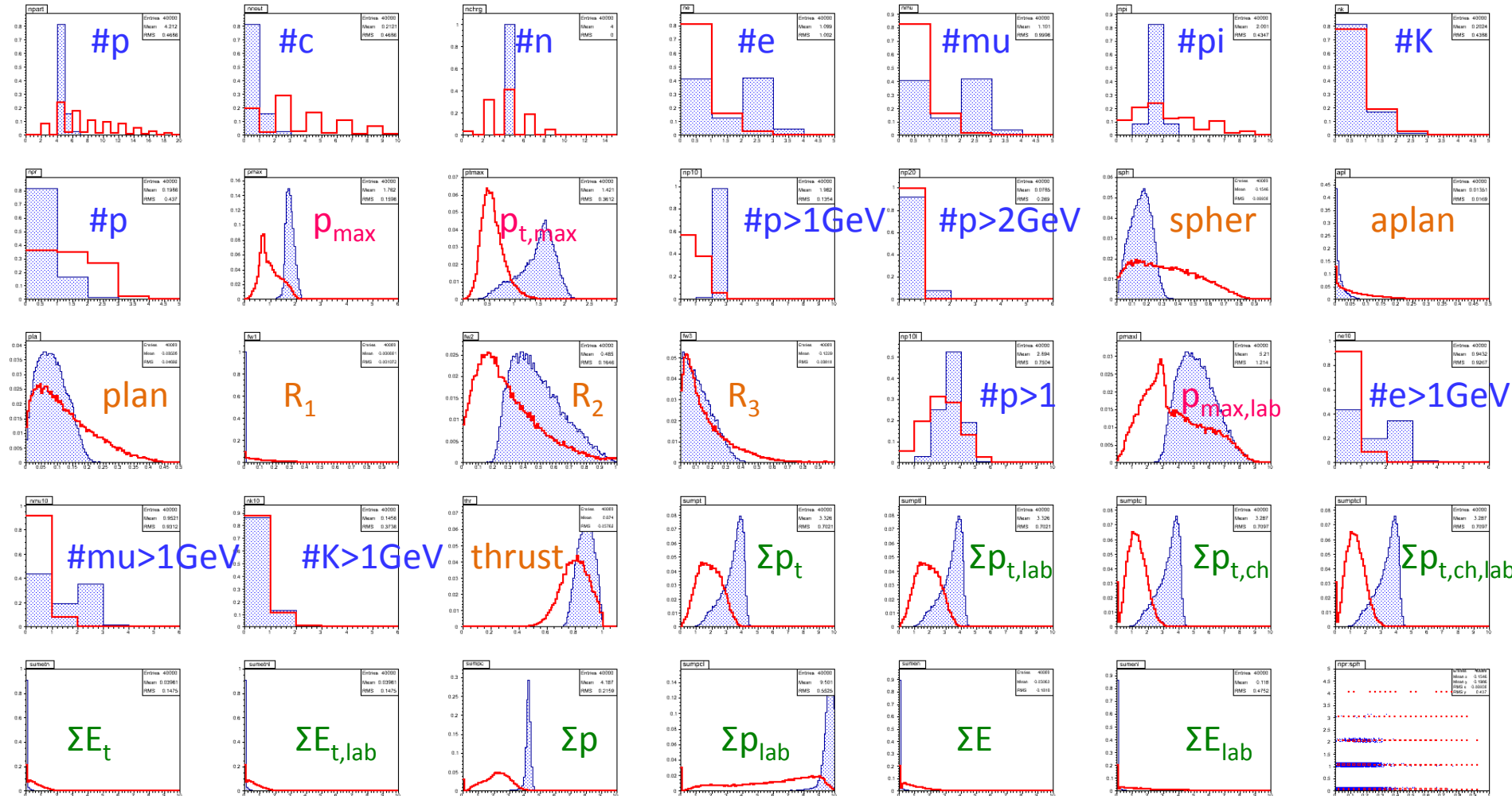
Channel (+c.c.)/sqrt(s) [GeV]	BR[%]	2.4	3.77	4.28	5.0	5.5
$\phi (\rightarrow K^+ K^-) \phi$	49.8	x	x	x	x	x
$\Lambda (\rightarrow p \pi^-) \underline{\Lambda}$	63.9	x	x	x	x	x
$J/\psi (\rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-) \pi^+ \pi^-$	11.9		x	x	x	x
$D^0 (\rightarrow K^- \pi^+) \underline{D}^0$	3.9		x	x	x	x
$D^+ (\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+) D^-$	9.4		x	x	x	x
$D_s^+ (\rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+) D_s^-$	5.5			x	x	x
$\Lambda_c (\rightarrow p K^- \pi^+) \underline{\Lambda}_c$	5.0				x	x
$D^0 (\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) \underline{D}^0$	13.9		x	x	x	x
$D^0 (\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \underline{D}^0$	8.1		x	x	x	x
$D^+ (\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^0) D^-$	6.1		x	x	x	x
$D^+ (\rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^0) D^-$	6.9		x	x	x	x
$D^+ (\rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) D^-$	3.1		x	x	x	x
$D_s^+ (\rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) D_s^-$	5.6			x	x	x

in preparation

Event variables

- Quantities computable **without combinatorics and specific assumption about decay channel**
- **Multiplicities** of all, charged, neutrals, above a certain momentum threshold, with certain PID quality,...
- **Maximum/Minimum** momenta, transverse momenta, cluster energy, transvers energy (*cms and lab system*)
- **Sums** of momenta, transverse momenta, energies, transverse energies (*cms and lab system*)
- **Event shape** variables like sphericity, aplanarity, planarity, thrust, Fox Wolfram moments (*usually cms system*)

Some event variables

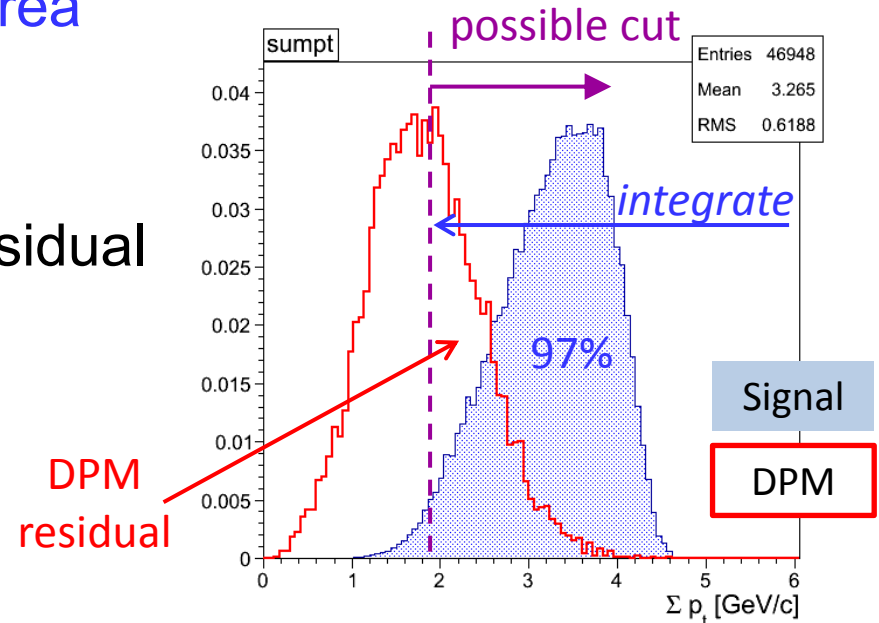


Signal: J/psi -> ll

Background: DPM

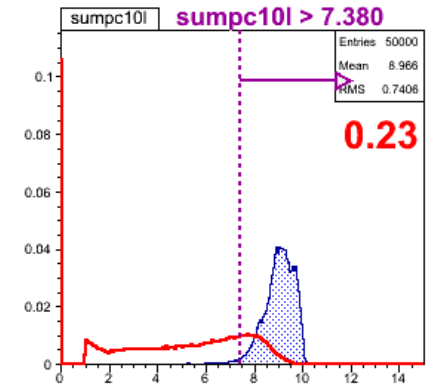
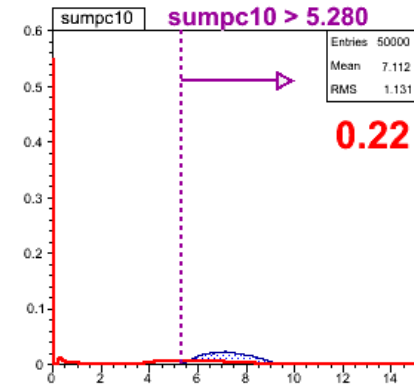
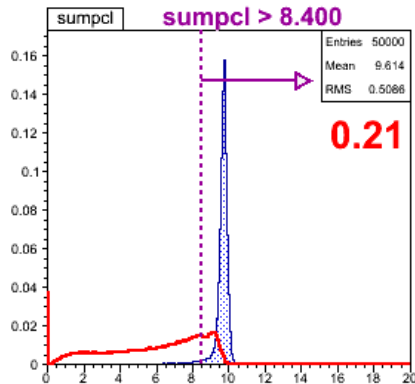
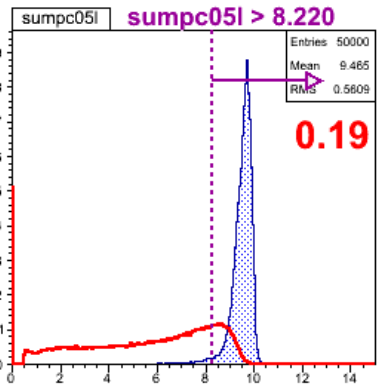
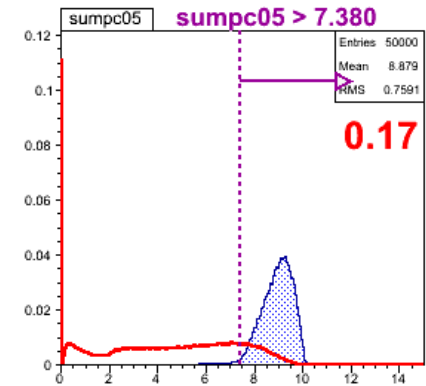
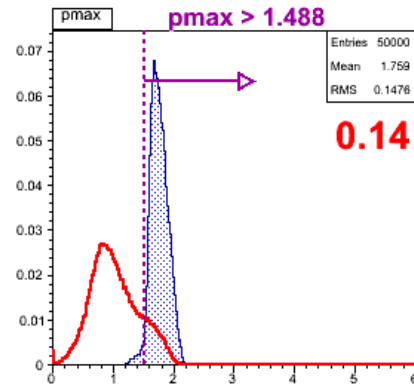
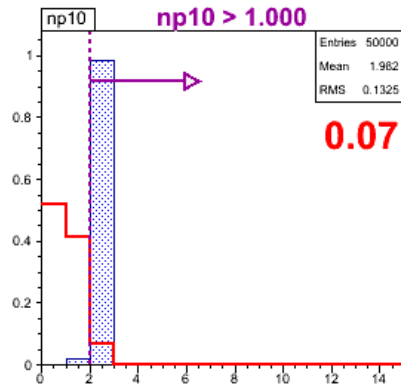
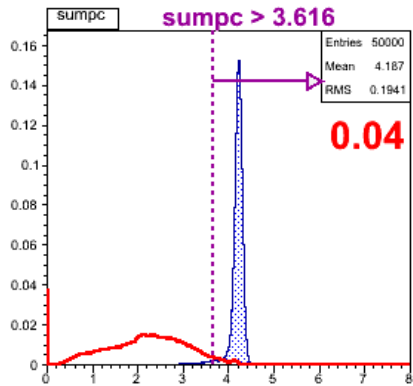
Optimization Approach

- For **every signal channel** and **every variable** do the following:
 - Integrate **up to 97% signal area** (from both sides)
 - Determine **DPM residual**
 - Find cut with **lowest DPM residual**
 - **Apply and find next variable**
 - Do, **until total eff $\approx 90\%$**
- For **total performance** determination
 - **Apply event cuts in addition** to mass window cut
 - Determine **DPM suppression for simultaneous tagging** of all channels



Example J/ ψ

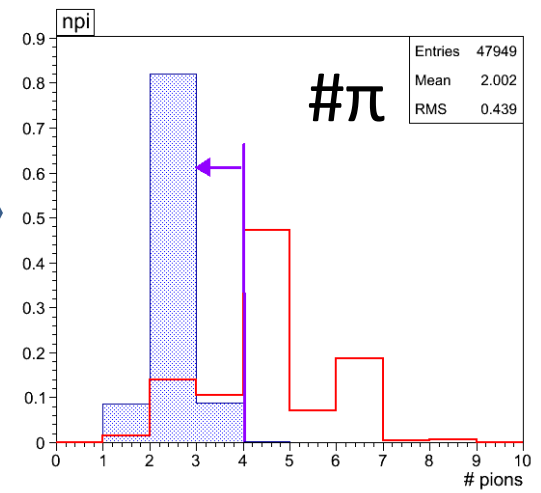
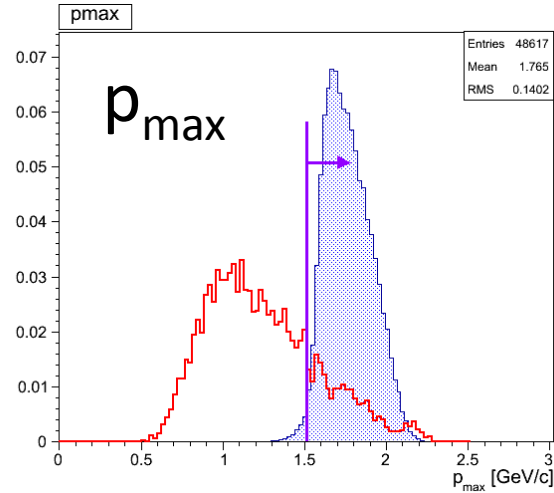
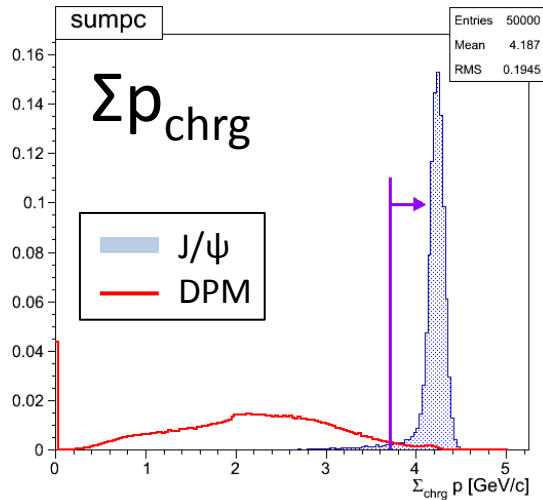
- The best 8 cuts for J/psi selection
- Red numbers = DPM residual



Criteria Examples: J/ψ

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow J/\psi(\rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) \pi^+\pi^- @ 4.28 \text{ GeV}$

$\Sigma p_{\text{chrg}} > 3.6 \text{ GeV}/c$ & $p_{\text{max}} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}/c$ & $\#\pi < 4$



$\epsilon_{J/\psi} = 97.2\%$

$\epsilon_{\text{DPM}} = 3.8\%$

$\epsilon_{J/\psi} = 95.9\%$

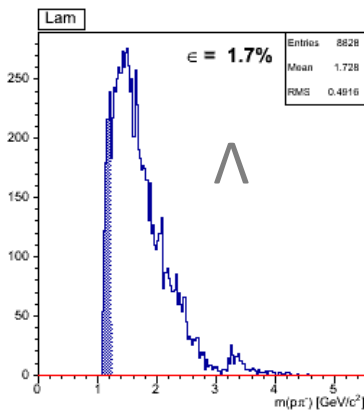
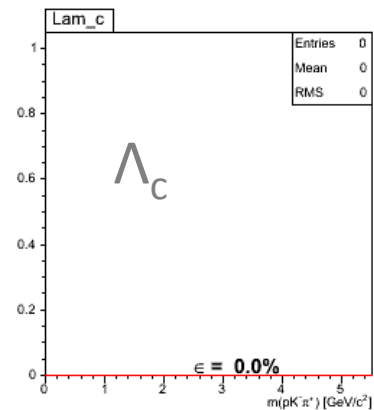
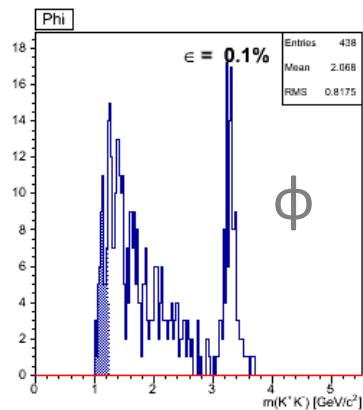
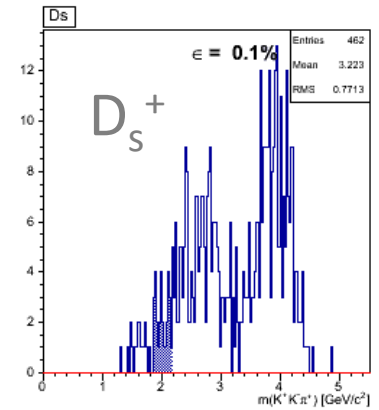
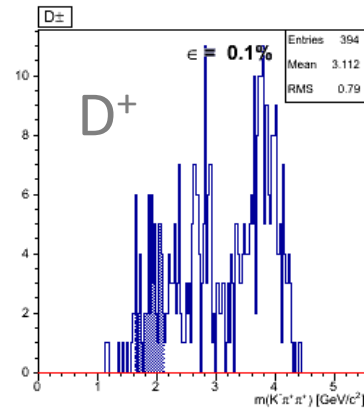
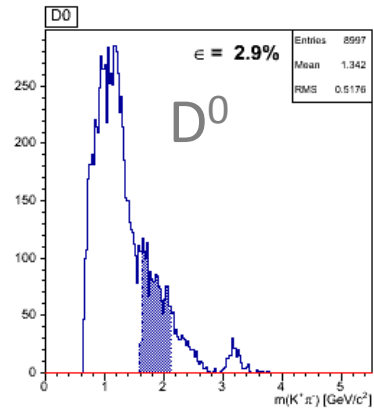
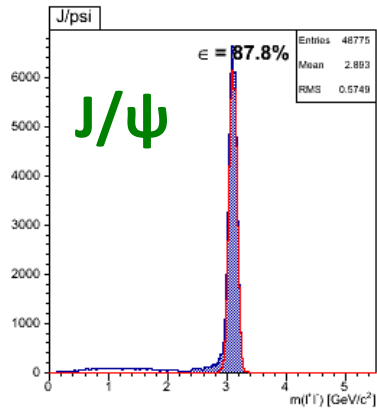
$\epsilon_{\text{DPM}} = 0.8\%$

$\epsilon_{J/\psi} = 95.7\%$

$\epsilon_{\text{DPM}} = 0.2\%$

Simultaneous tagging for J/ψ events

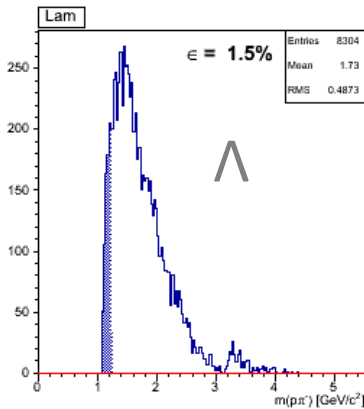
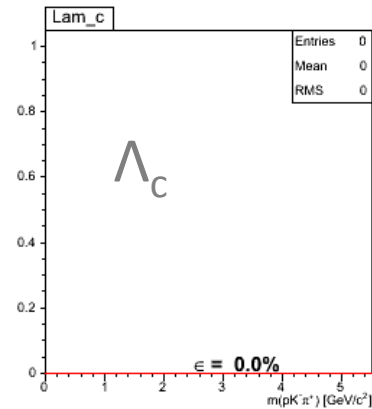
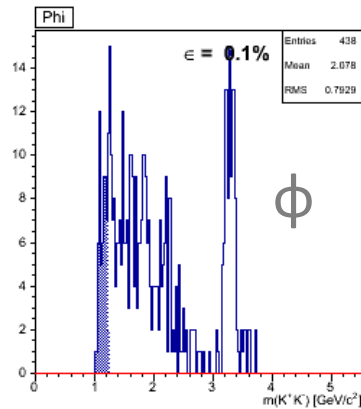
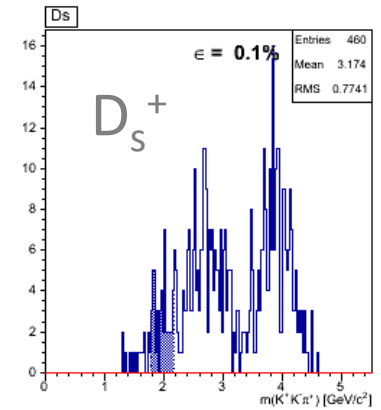
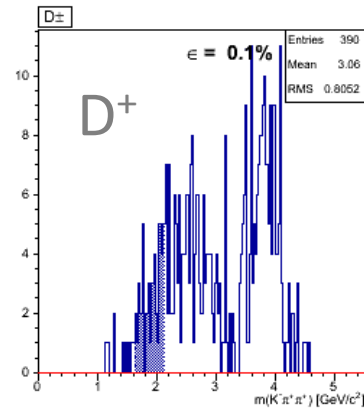
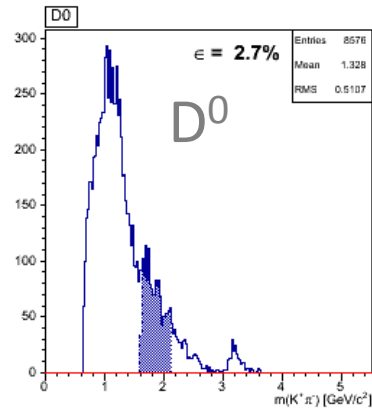
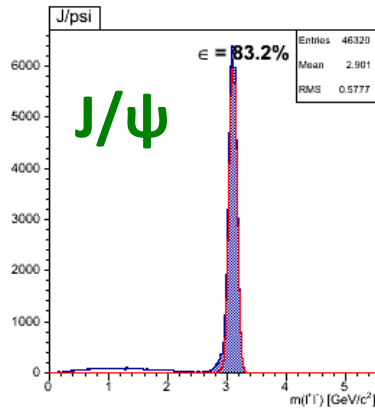
J/ψ events: No event cut applied



$\epsilon_{\text{tot}} = 88.4\%$

Simultaneous tagging for J/ψ events

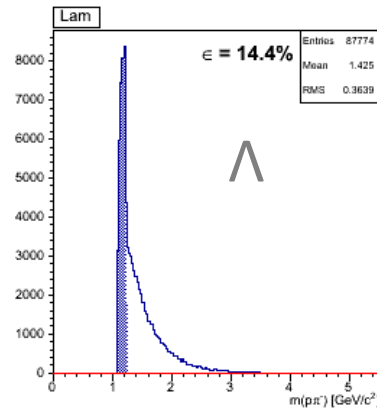
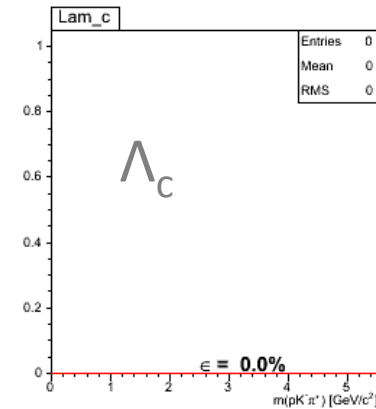
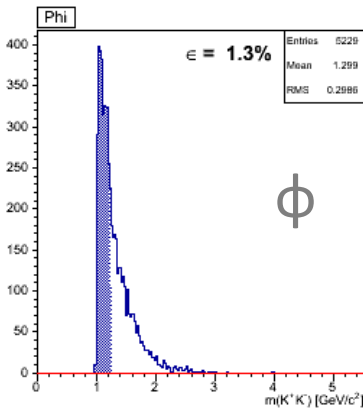
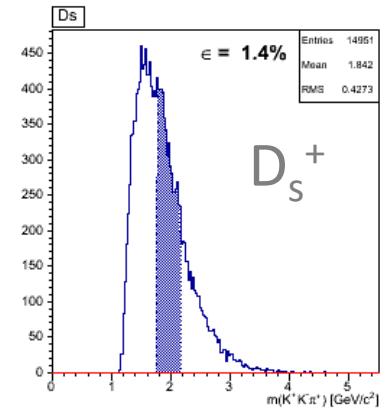
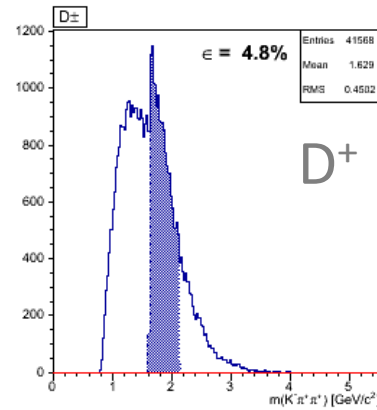
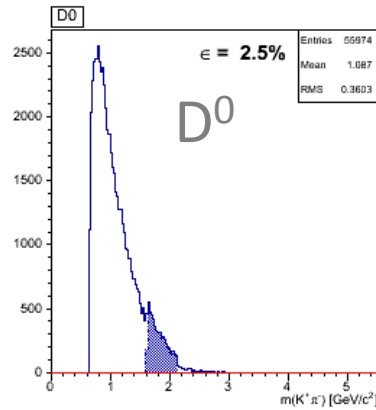
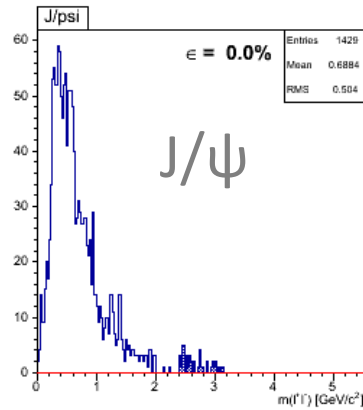
J/ψ events: Event cuts applied (all channels)



$\epsilon_{\text{tot}} = 83.5\%$

Simultaneous tagging for DPM events

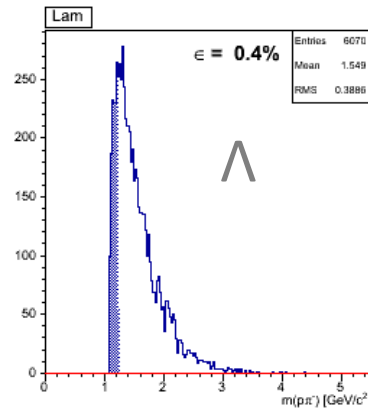
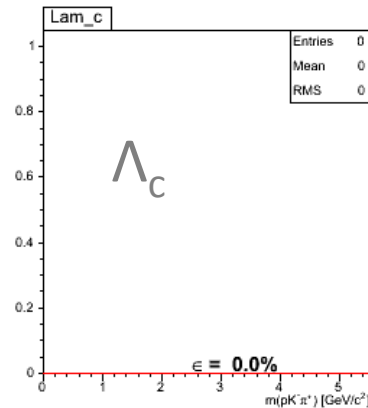
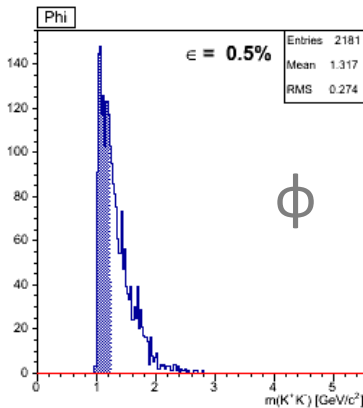
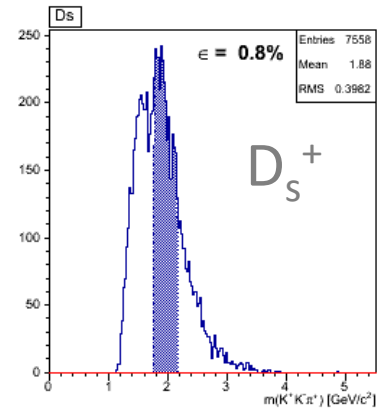
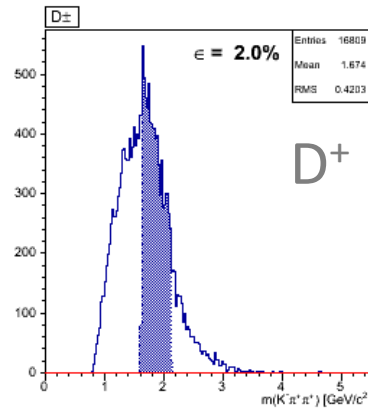
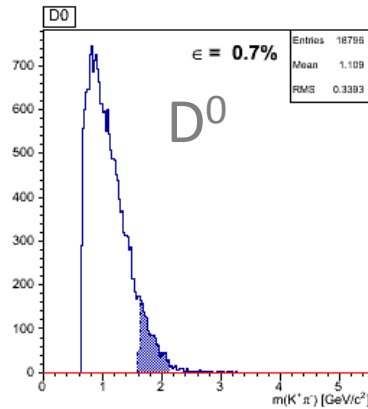
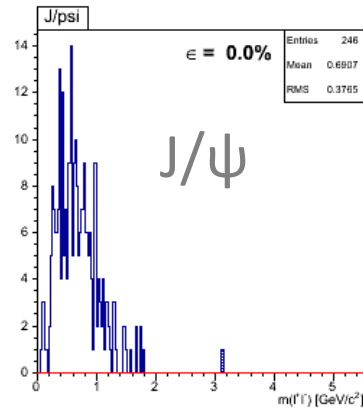
DPM: No event cut applied



$\epsilon_{\text{tot}} = 20.9\%$

Simultaneous tagging for DPM events

DPM: Event cuts applied (all channels)



$\epsilon_{\text{tot}} = 2.7\%$

Factor 7.8 improvement!

Performance of Event Cuts

Energy/channel	Pure eventshape cut		Combined with simultaneous cut			cut
2.4 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	
phi (KK) phi	90%	0,6%	95%	90%	94%	nk>1 & sumpc<1.632 & pmax<0.6
Lam(ppi) Lamb	93%	0,2%	96%	91%	95%	npr>0 & npart>3 & npi<4 & fw1>0.132 & fw4>0.2112
DPM			9%	1%	6%	Faktor 16,04
3.77 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	cut
phi (KK) phi	93%	0,2%	96%	93%	98%	nk>1 & npart>3 & fw2>0.5456
Lam(ppi) Lamb	92%	0,2%	96%	91%	94%	npr>0 & npart>3 & fw2>0.6248 & fw4>0.3784 & fw5>0.22
J/psi(II) pipi	91%	0,0%	89%	83%	93%	np10>1 & npi<4 & pmax>1.464 & sumpc>3.424 & fw2<0.8976
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%	2,1%	92%	80%	86%	nk>0 & sumptl>1.38 & pmax>0.768 & pmax<1.056 & fw3<0.1848
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	90%	4,3%	91%	78%	85%	nk>0 & sumptl>1.5 & pmax<0.936
DPM			18%	2%	12%	Faktor 8,52
4.28 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	cut
phi (KK) phi	91%	0,1%	96%	90%	94%	nk>1 & sumptl>0.96 & fw2>0.6424
Lam(ppi) Lamb	93%	0,1%	96%	91%	95%	npr>0 & npart>3 & fw2>0.7216 & fw4>0.484 & fw5>0.1408
J/psi(II) pipi	92%	0,0%	89%	83%	94%	npi<4 & np05>2 & sumpc>3.904 & ptmax>0.612
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%	1,9%	93%	74%	80%	nk>0 & pmax>0.936 & sumptl>2.1
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	90%	5,3%	92%	79%	86%	nk>0 & ptmax>0.516 & sumptl>1.8
Ds+-(KKpi) Ds-+	92%	1,5%	93%	80%	86%	nk>1 & npi<7 & sumptl>1.62
DPM			21%	3%	13%	Faktor 7,74
5.0 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	cut
phi (KK) phi	91%	0,1%	96%	90%	94%	nk>1 & sumptl>1.14 & fw2>0.7392
Lam(ppi) Lamb	95%	0,1%	96%	91%	95%	npart>3 & ptmax>0.504 & fw1>-0.0176 & fw2>0.8008
J/psi(II) pipi	92%	0,0%	89%	84%	94%	npi<4 & sumpc>4.608 & ptmax>0.828
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%	1,4%	93%	75%	81%	nk>0 & pmax>1.152 & sumptl>2.4
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	91%	5,2%	92%	81%	88%	nk>0 & ptmax>0.6 & sumptl>2.04
Ds+-(KKpi) Ds-+	92%	1,6%	94%	82%	87%	nk>1 & npi<7 & sumptl>1.92
Lc (pKpi) Lcb	91%	2,8%	95%	82%	86%	nk>0 & npr>0 & npart>5 & sumpt>1.5 & fw1>-0.0176
DPM			26%	3%	13%	Faktor 7,82

Performance of Event Cuts

Energy/channel	Pure eventshape cut		Combined with simultaneous cut			cut
2.4 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	
phi (KK) phi	90%	0,6%	95%	90%	94%	nk>1 & sumpc<1.632 & pmax<0.6
Lam(ppi) Lamb	93%	0,2%	96%	91%	95%	npr>0 & npart>3 & npi<4 & fw1>0.132 & fw4>0.2112
DPM			9%	1%	6%	Faktor 16,04

3.77 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	cut
phi (KK) phi	93%	0,2%	96%	93%	98%	nk>1 & npart>3 & fw2>0.5456
Lam(ppi) Lamb	92%	0,2%	96%	91%	94%	npr>0 & npart>3 & fw2>0.6248 & fw4>0.3784 & fw5>0.22
J/psi(II) pipi	91%	0,0%	89%	83%	93%	np10>1 & npi<4 & pmax>1.464 & sumpc>3.424 & fw2<0.8976
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%	2,1%	92%	80%	86%	nk>0 & sumptl>1.38 & pmax>0.768 & pmax<1.056 & fw3<0.1848
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	90%	4,3%	91%	78%	85%	nk>0 & sumptl>1.5 & pmax<0.936
DPM			18%	2%	12%	Faktor 8,52

4.28 GeV	sig eff					
phi (KK) phi	91%	<p style="text-align: center;">One order of magnitude additional suppression might be achieved with event cuts!</p>				
Lam(ppi) Lamb	93%					
J/psi(II) pipi	92%					
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%					
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	90%					
Ds+-(KKpi) Ds-+	92%					
DPM		21%	3%	13%	Faktor 7,74	

5.0 GeV	sig eff	dpm eff	eff	eff w/ cut	rel eff	cut
phi (KK) phi	91%	0,1%	96%	90%	94%	nk>1 & sumptl>1.14 & fw2>0.7392
Lam(ppi) Lamb	95%	0,1%	96%	91%	95%	npart>3 & ptmax>0.504 & fw1>-0.0176 & fw2>0.8008
J/psi(II) pipi	92%	0,0%	89%	84%	94%	npi<4 & sumpc>4.608 & ptmax>0.828
D0(Kpi) D0b	91%	1,4%	93%	75%	81%	nk>0 & pmax>1.152 & sumptl>2.4
D+-(Kpipi) D-+	91%	5,2%	92%	81%	88%	nk>0 & ptmax>0.6 & sumptl>2.04
Ds+-(KKpi) Ds-+	92%	1,6%	94%	82%	87%	nk>1 & npi<7 & sumptl>1.92
Lc (pKpi) Lcb	91%	2,8%	95%	82%	86%	nk>0 & npr>0 & npart>5 & sumpt>1.5 & fw1>-0.0176
DPM			26%	3%	13%	Faktor 7,82

BACKUP

Optimization Approach

- For **every signal channel** do the following:
 1. **Determine distributions** for signal and DPM events
 2. For each event variable distribution
 - **Find threshold** from both sides for **97% signal area**
 - Determine **DPM residual** for each threshold
 3. Choose **event variable**, where **least DPM events survive**
 4. Apply cut and **find the next best** variable
 5. Iterate, **until total signal efficiency $\approx 90\%$**
- For **total performance** determination
 - **Apply event cuts in addition** to mass window cut
 - Determine **DPM suppression for simultaneous tagging** of all channels