

# **Deceleration of Antiproton Beam in COSY-RESR**

**T. Katayama, January 2025**

**After the accumulation of antiprotons from Collector Ring in the COSY-RESR of intensity  $N=1e11$  at 2.8 GeV, it could be decelerated to 40 MeV to accommodate the low energy antiproton beam physics.**

**If one would like to use further low energy, it is necessary to prepare another small ring like CRYRING (FAIR) or ELENA (CERN).**

**In the present report just the beam physics subjects related to the deceleration process in COSY-RESR are investigated.**

## **Parameters of COSY-RESR**

**Circumference: 239.912 m, Radius of curvature: 7m, Max magnetic field of bending magnet: 1.7 Tesla, Minimum: 0.13 T**

**Transition gamma: 4.5879, dB/dt: -0.5 T/sec, RF Voltage: 3 kV**

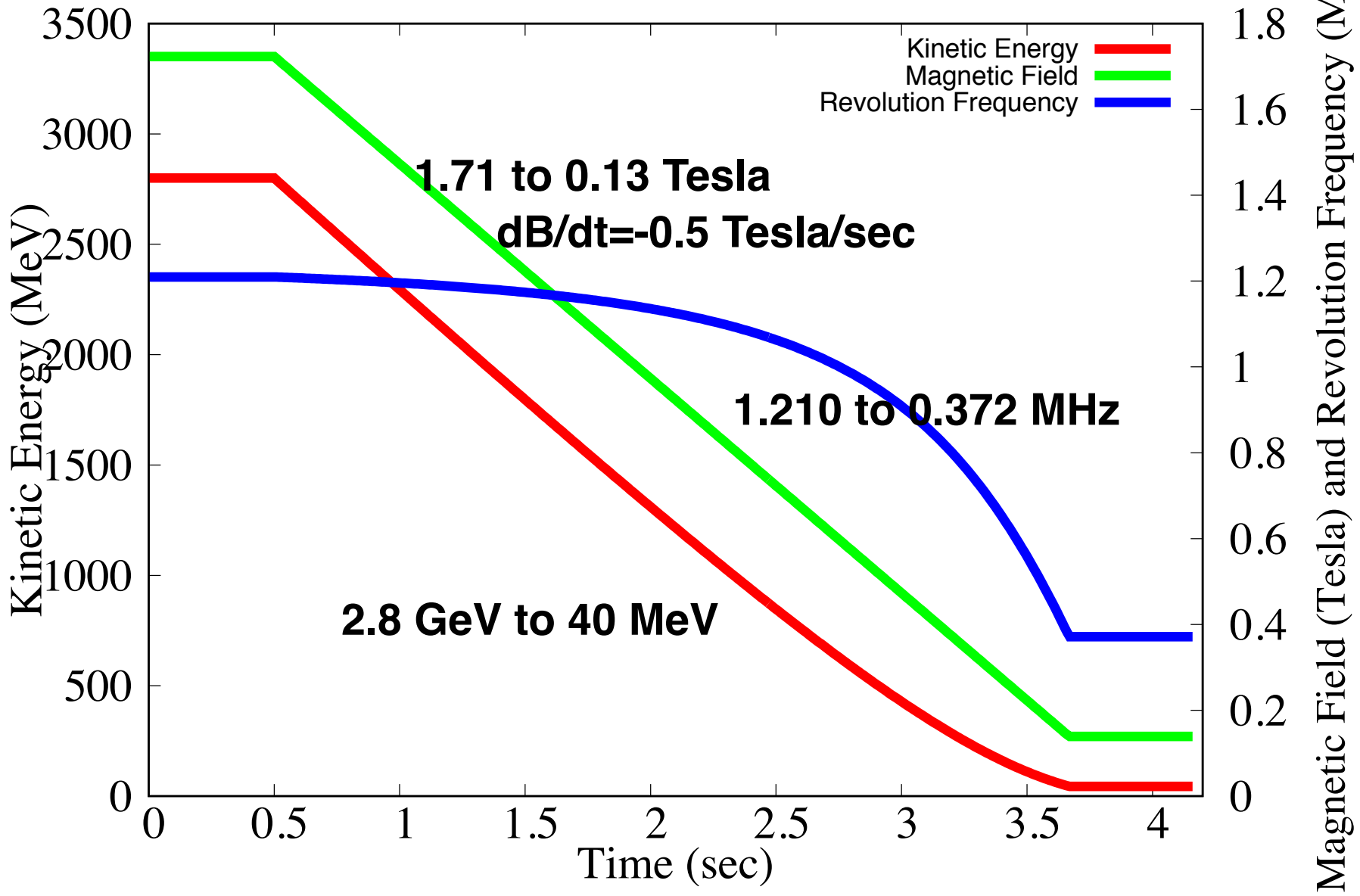
**Deceleration period: 4.168 sec (Including adiabatic RF capture and de-bunching period: 0.5 sec/each)**

**Initial  $Dp/p$ :  $1e-4$  (rms) coasting beam**

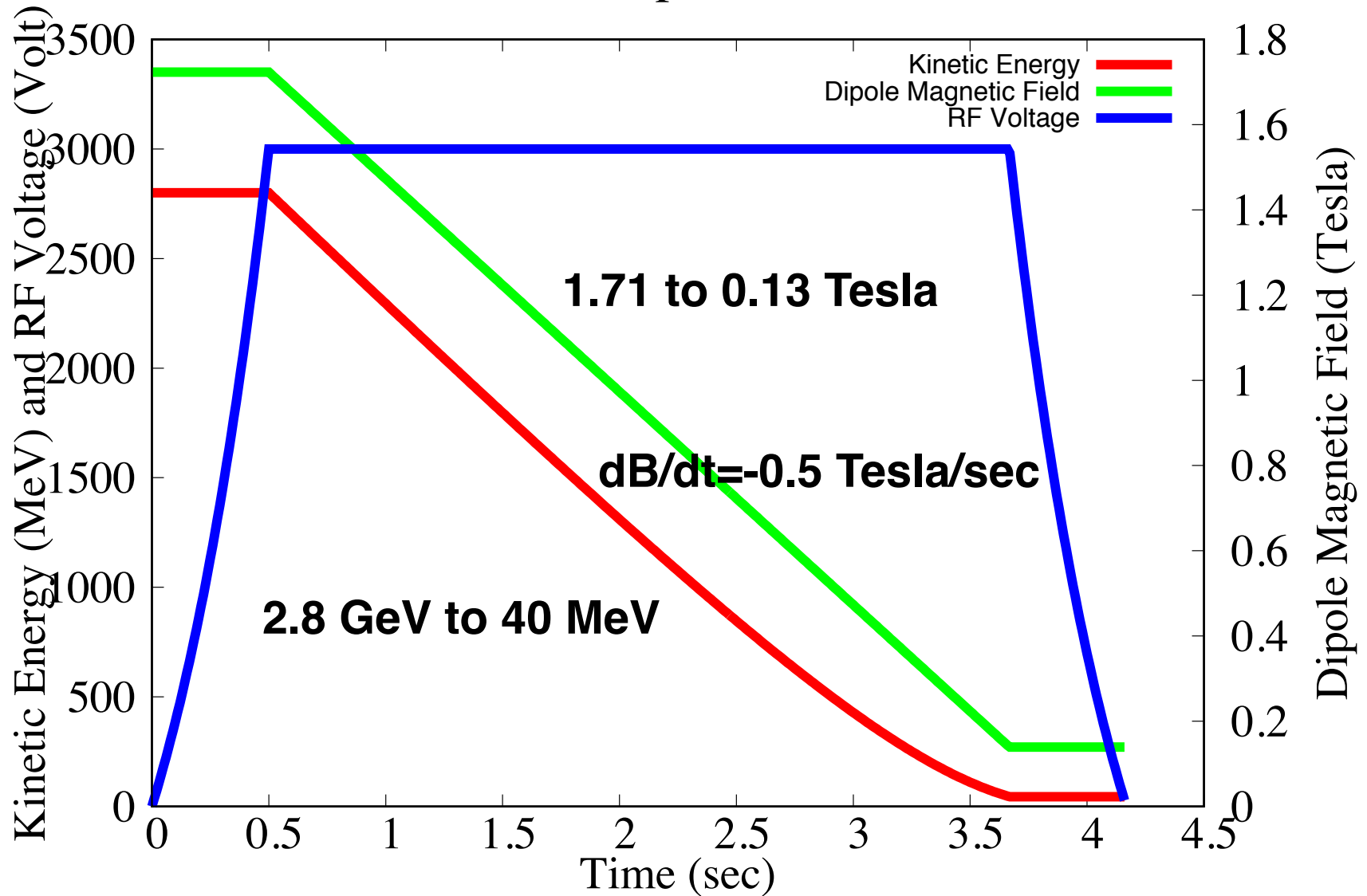
**Transverse emittance: 1  $\mu$ m (rms, mm.mrad)**

**Particle Number N:  $1e11$**

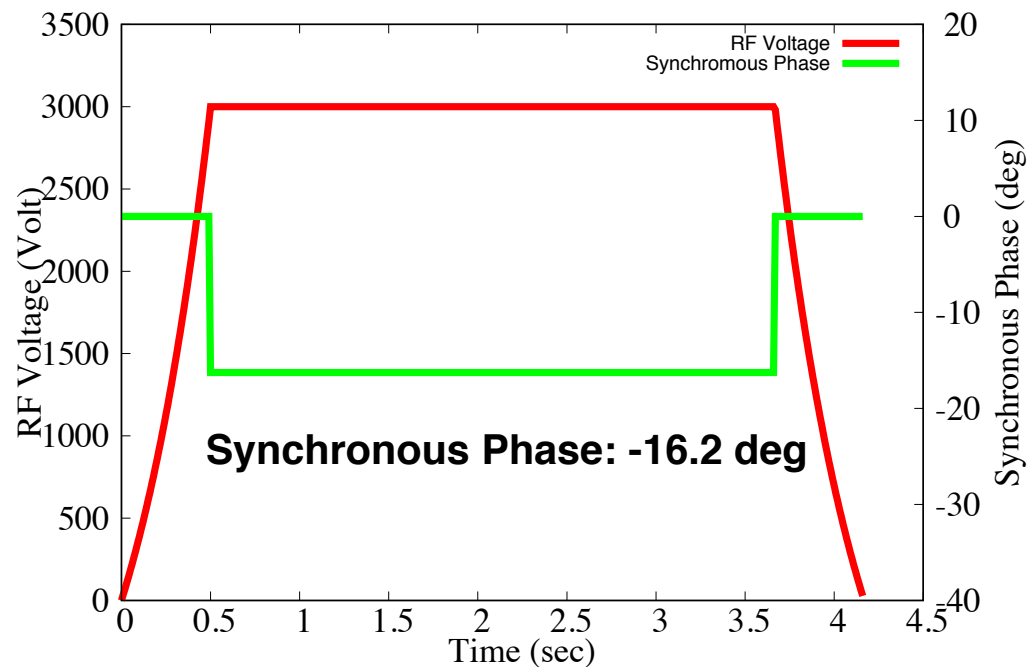
# Kinetic Energy, Magnetic Field and Revolution Frequency



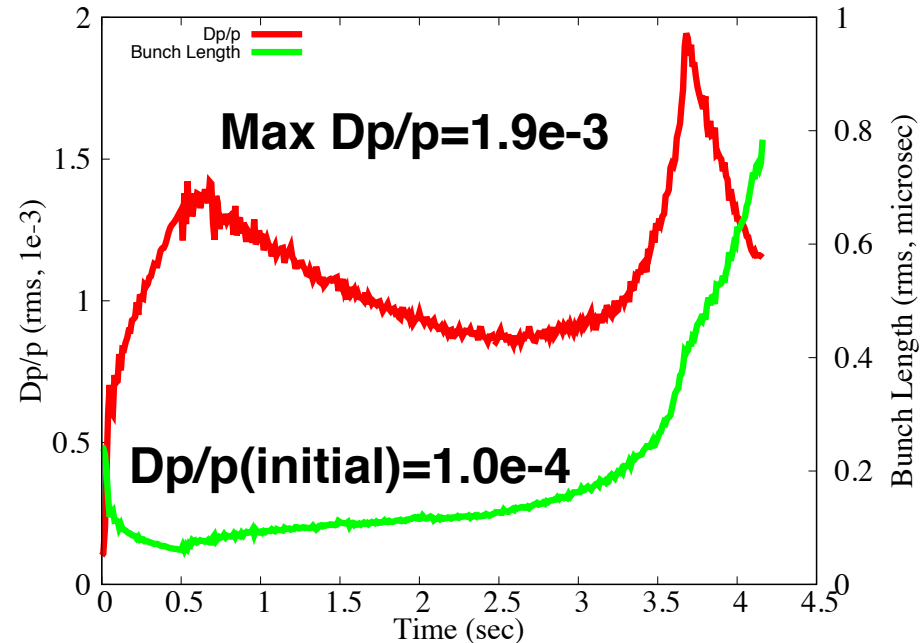
# Deceleration of Antiproton in COSY-RESR



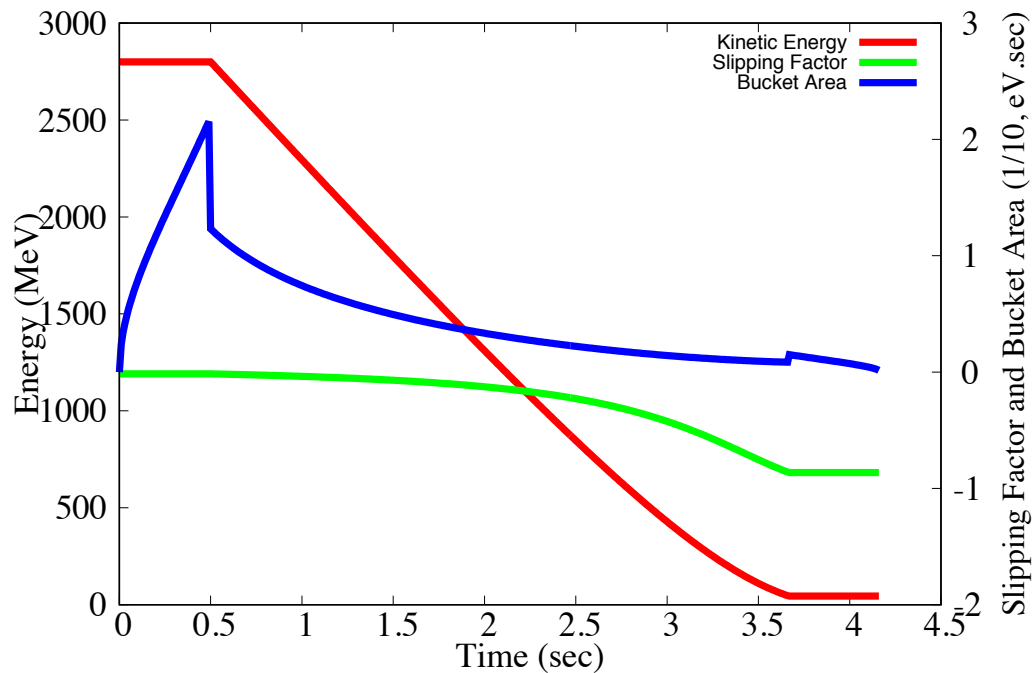
### RF Voltage and Synchronous Phase



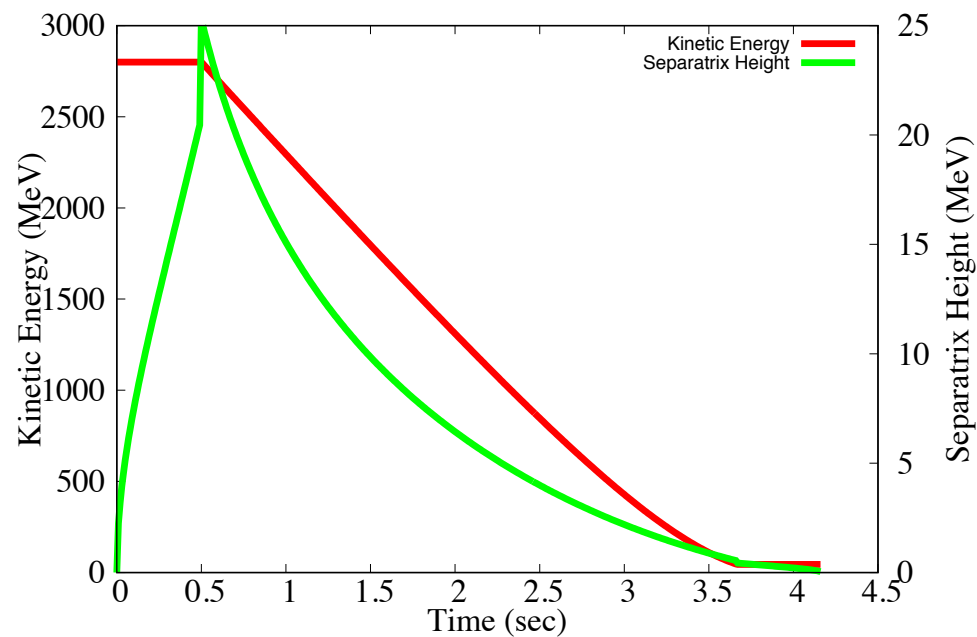
### Dp/p and Bunch length



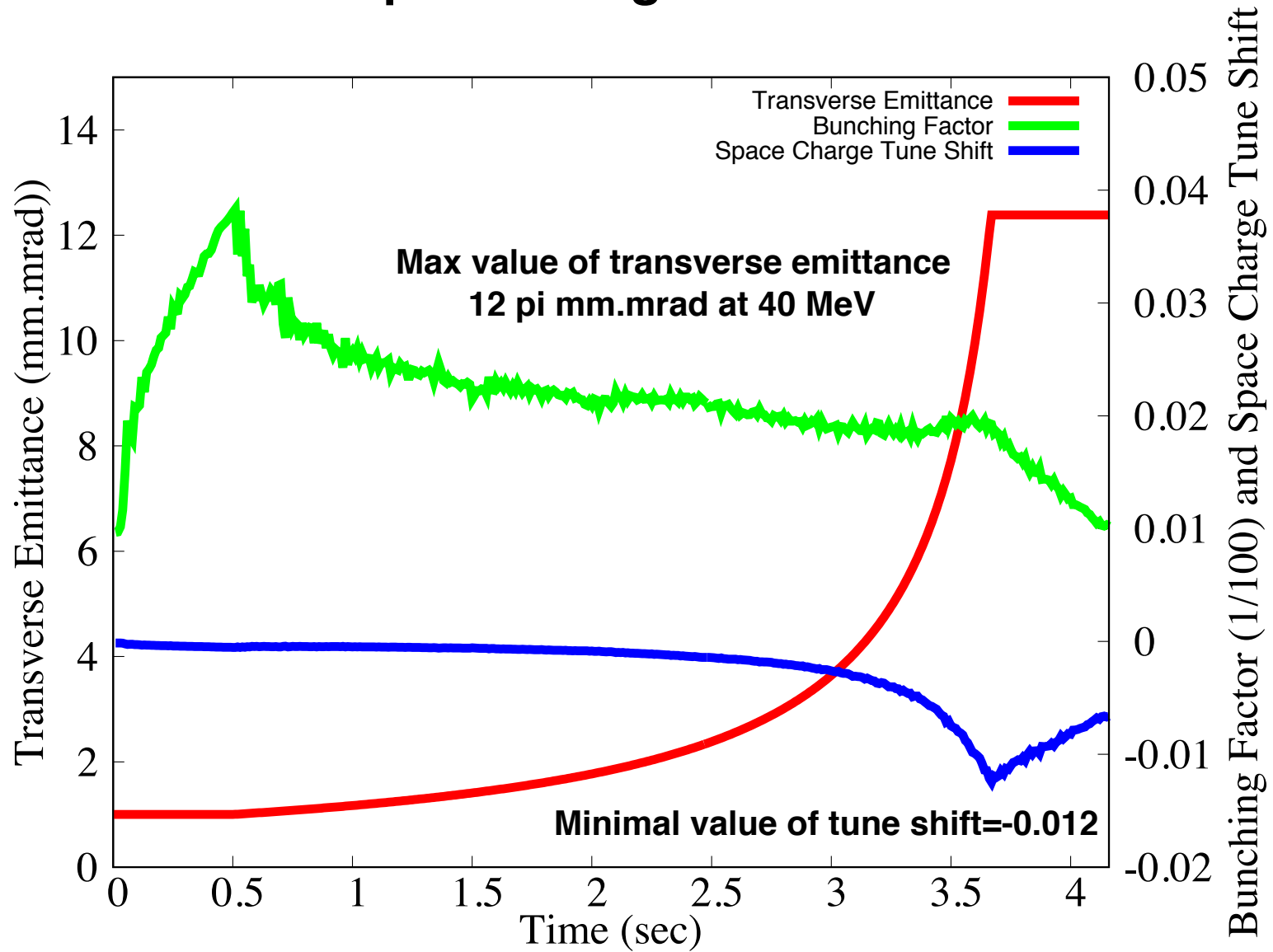
### Slipping Factor and Bucket Area



### Separatrix Height

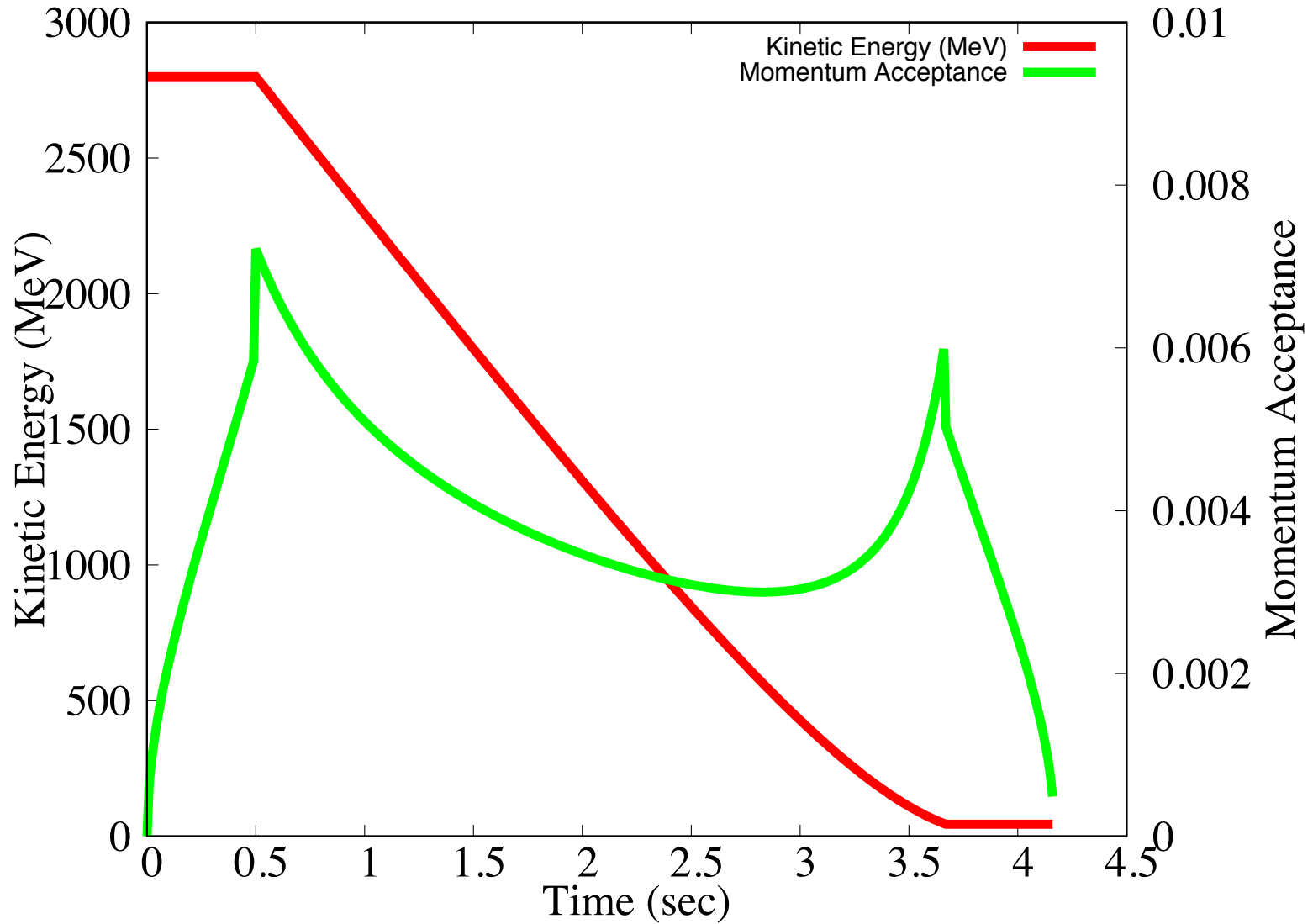


# Transverse Emittance, Bunching Factor and Space Charge Tune Shift

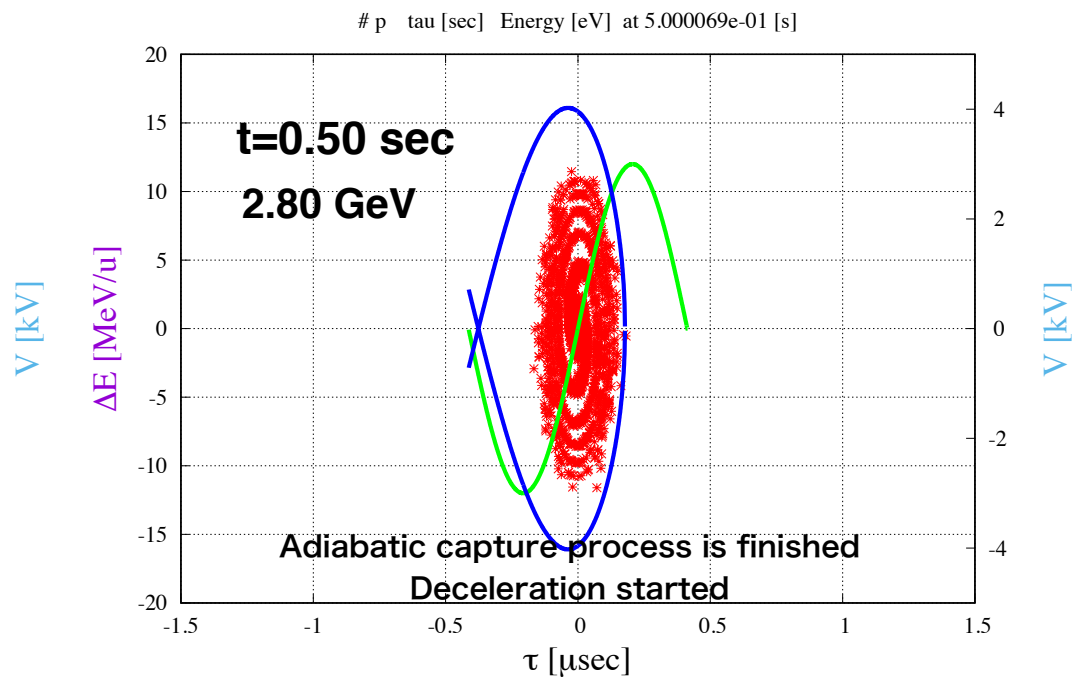
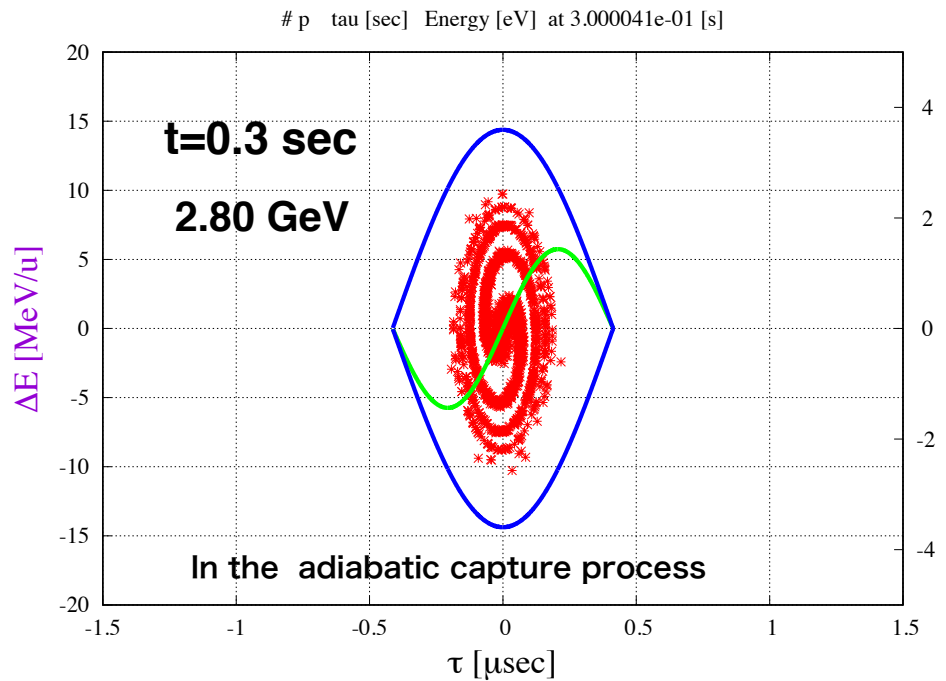
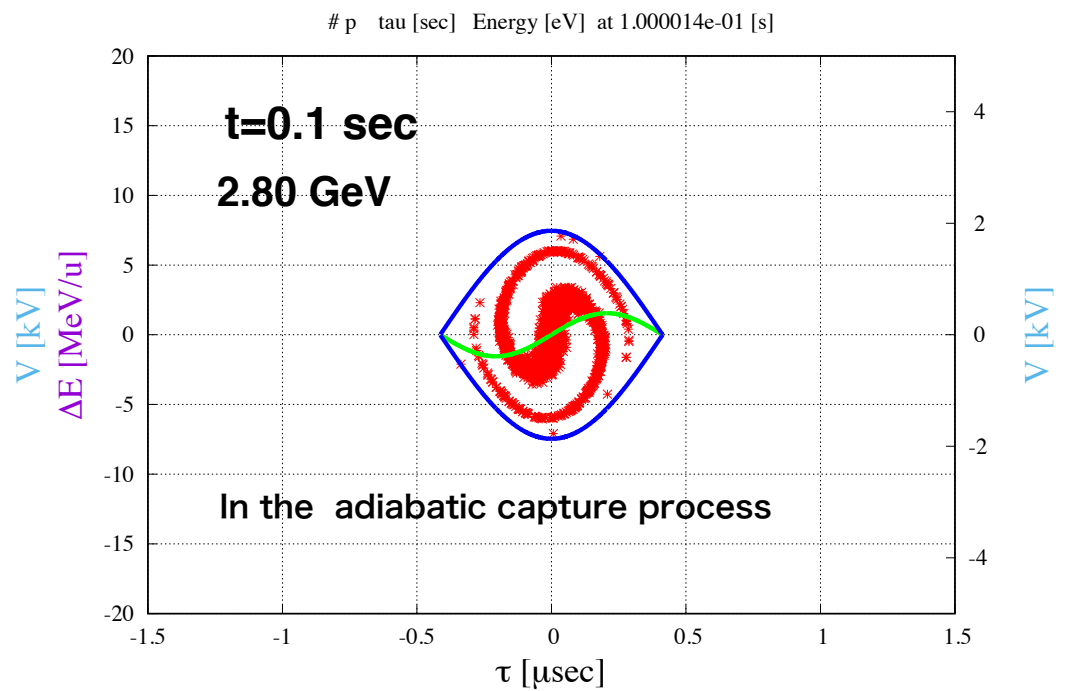
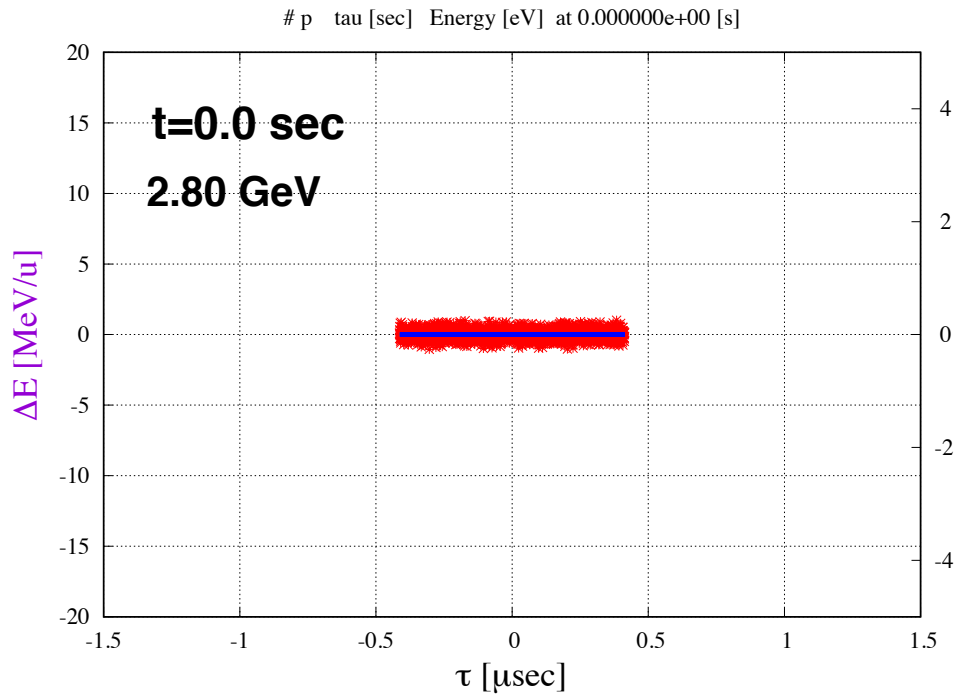


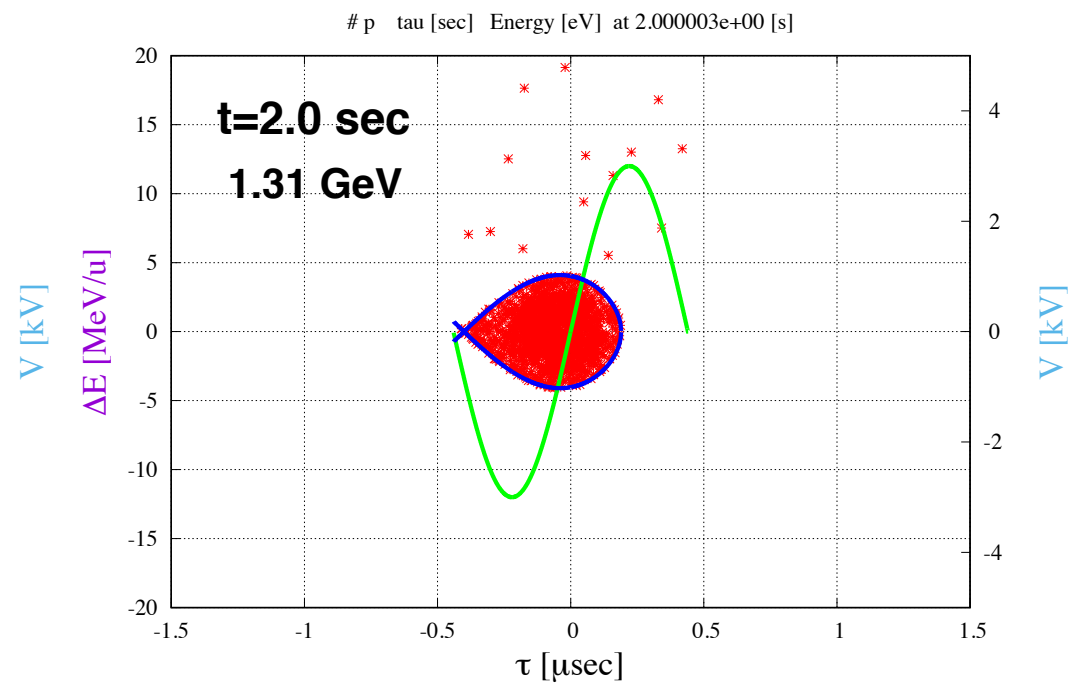
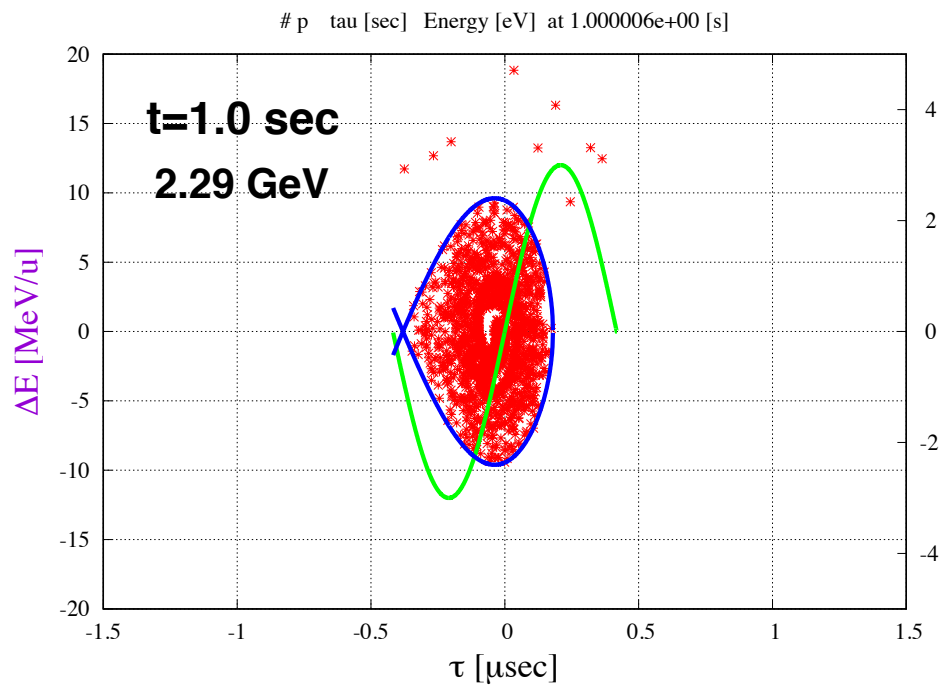
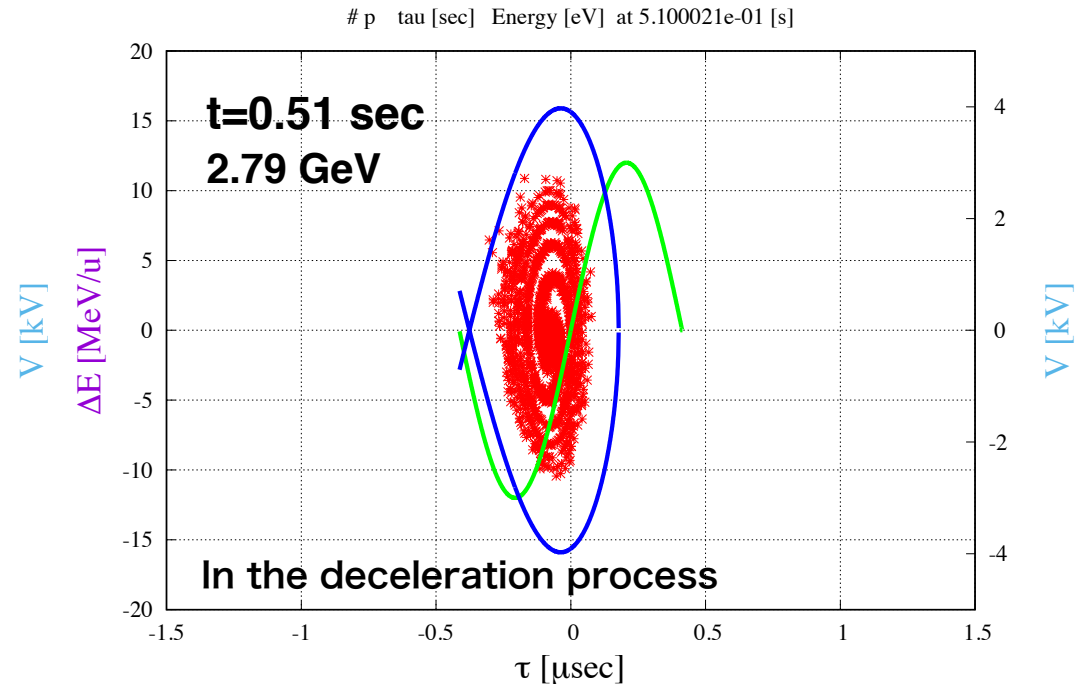
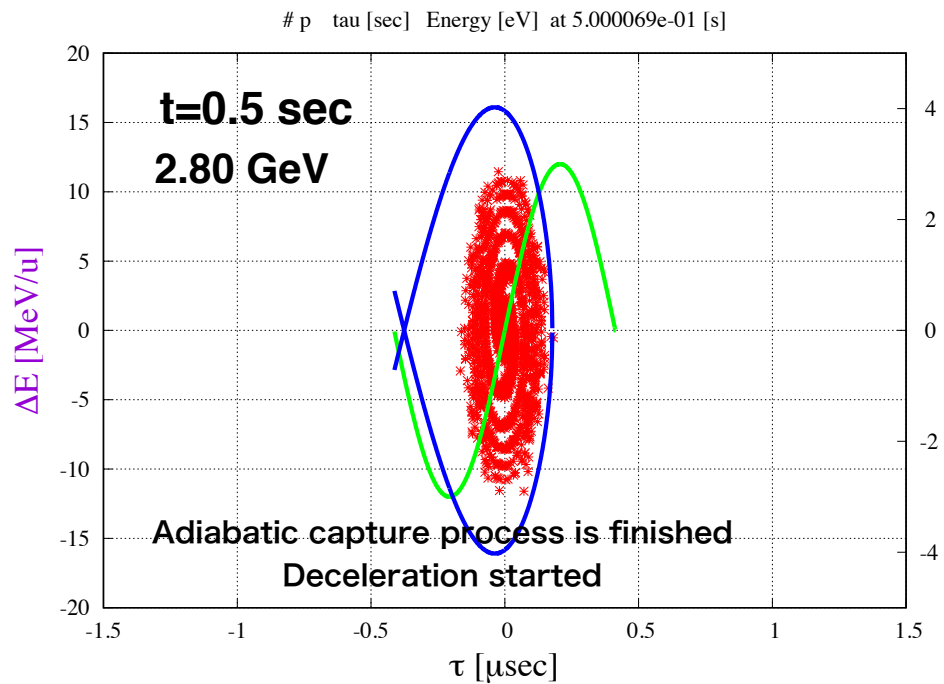
# Kinetic Energy and Momentum Acceptance

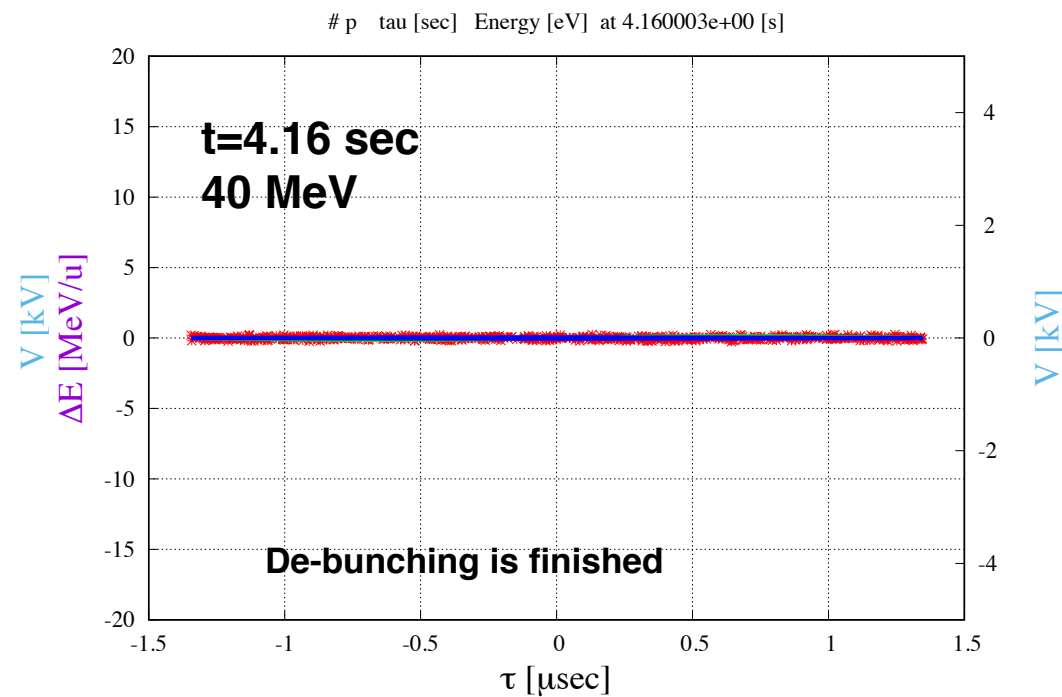
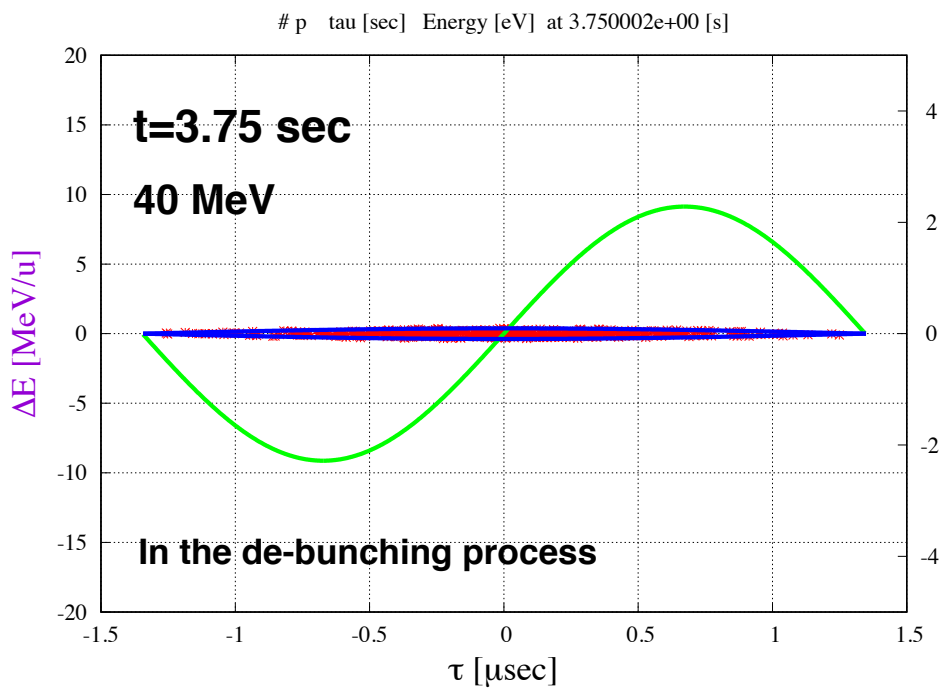
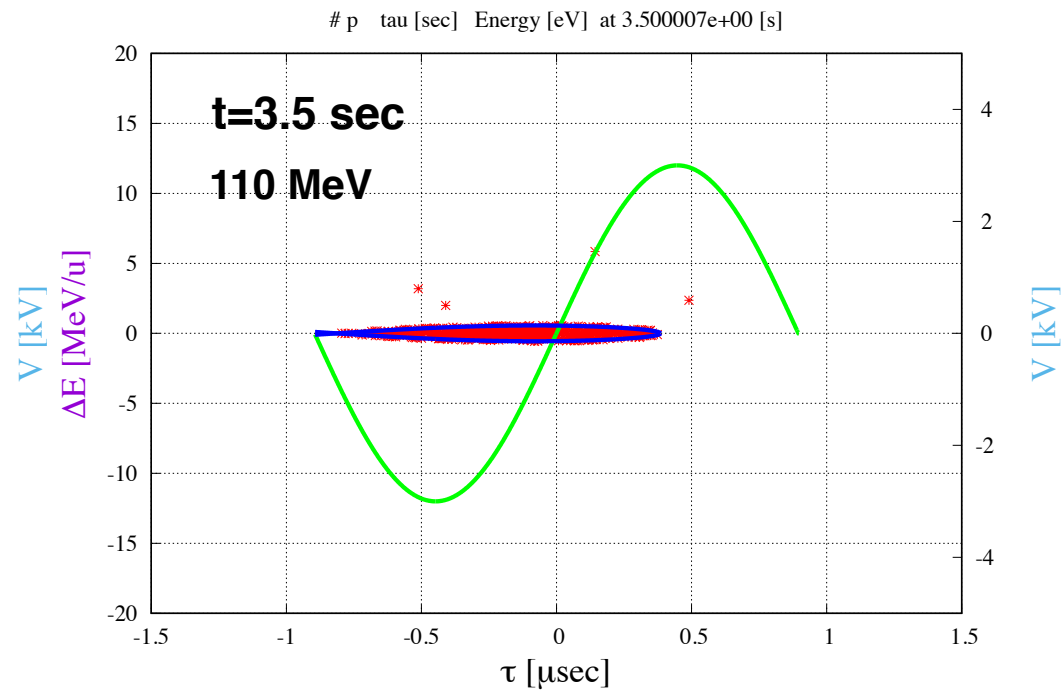
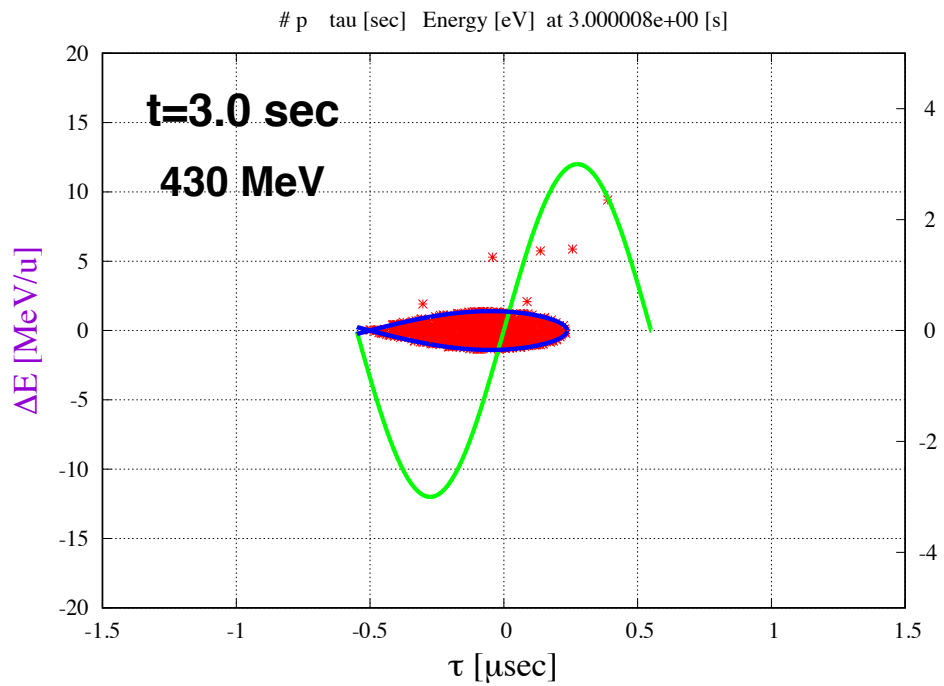
$$\text{Momentum acceptance} = \frac{\text{Separatrix Height}}{\beta/\beta/\text{Total Energy}}$$



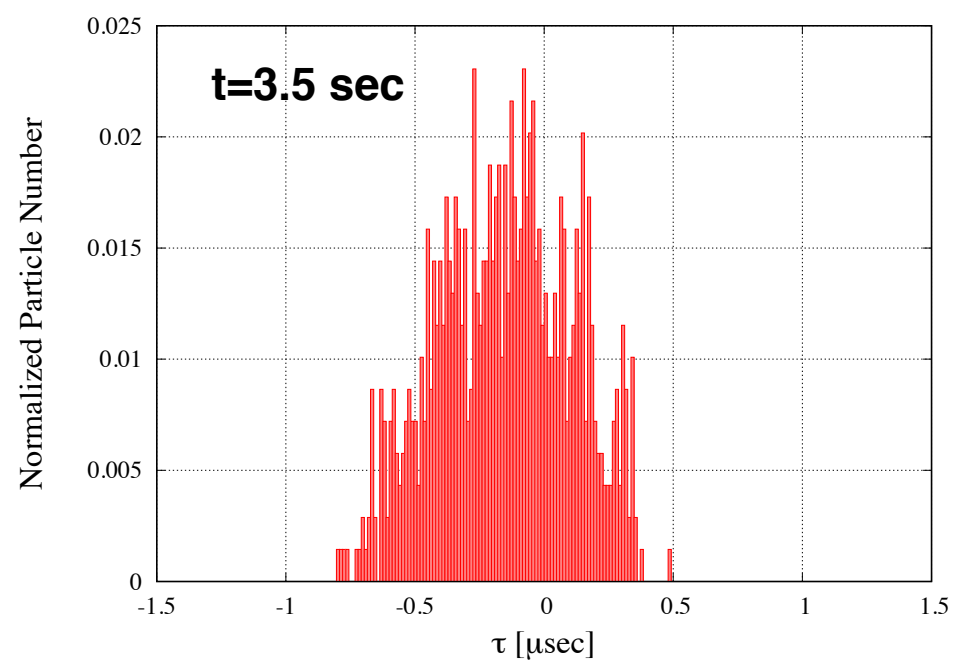
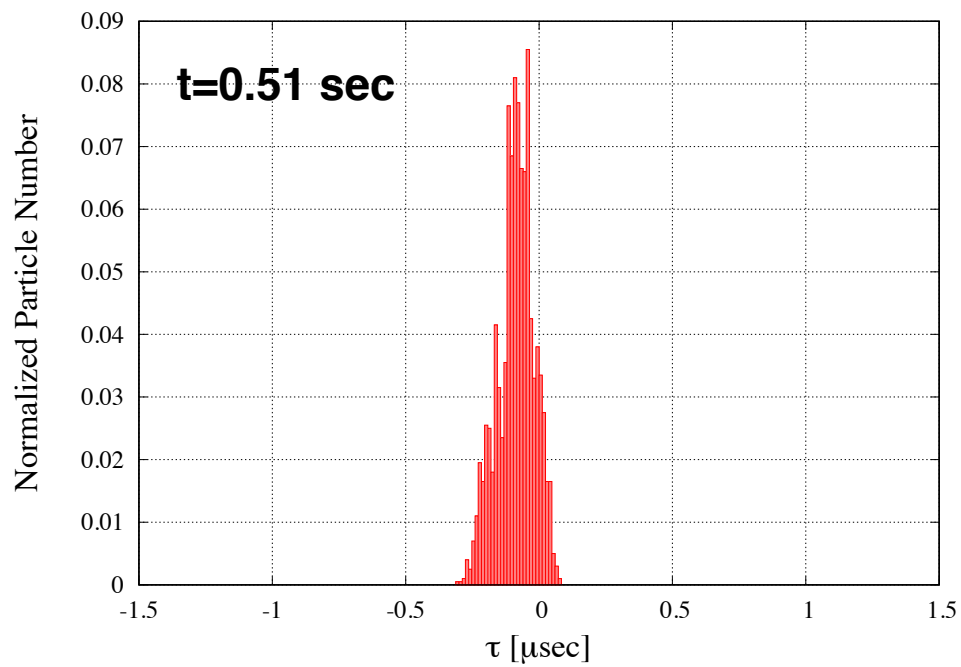
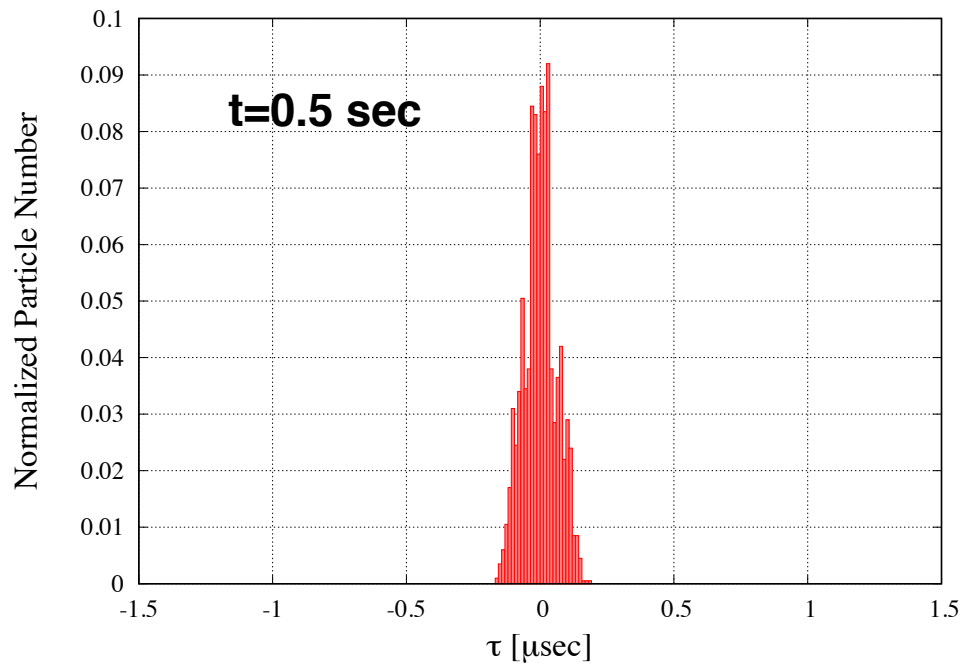
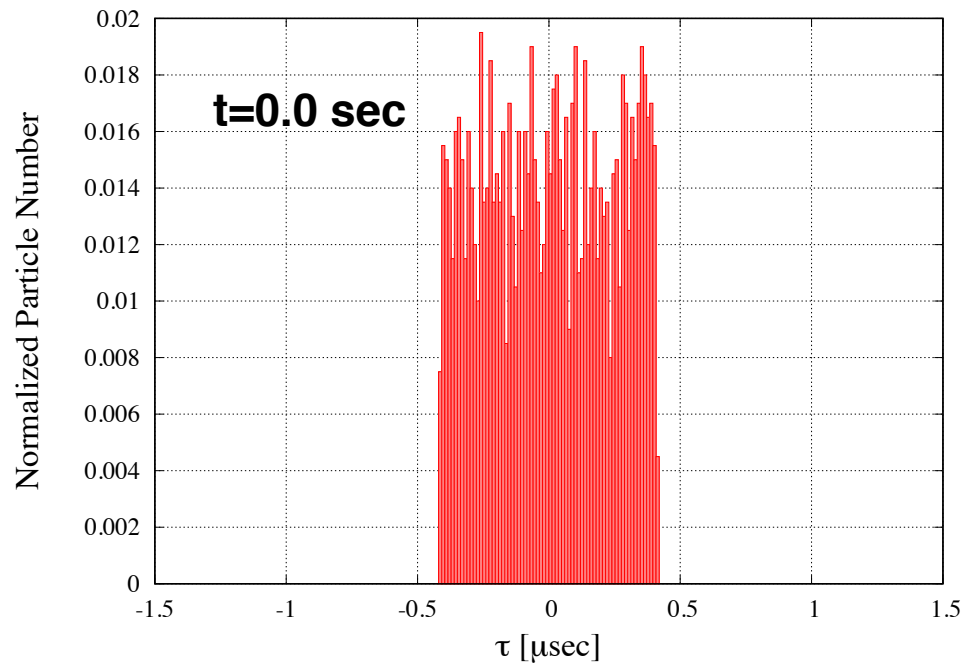
# Phase Plot of Decelerated Particles: RF voltage (green), Separatrix (blue)

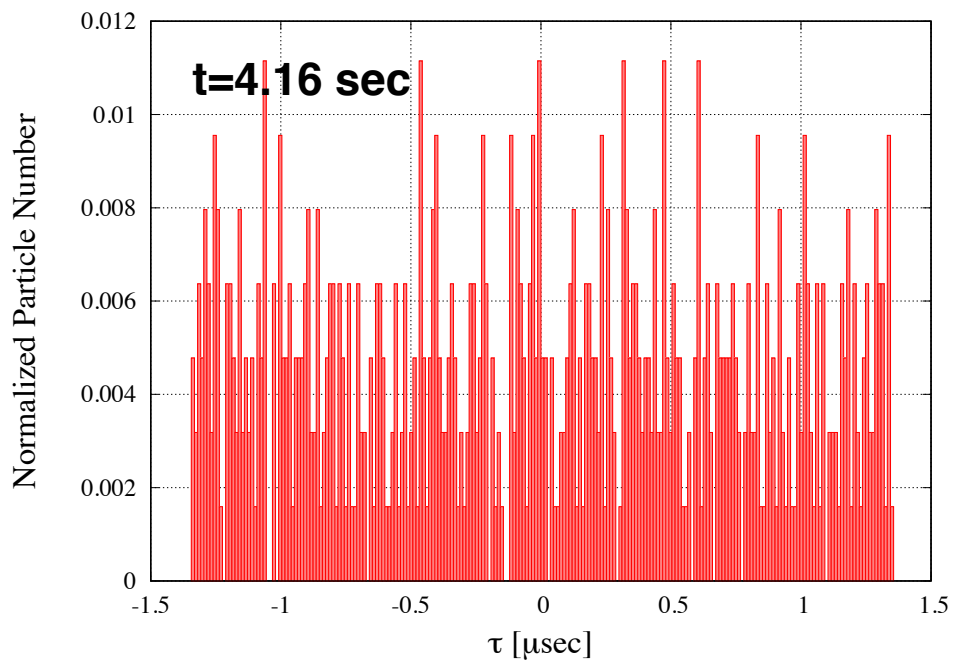
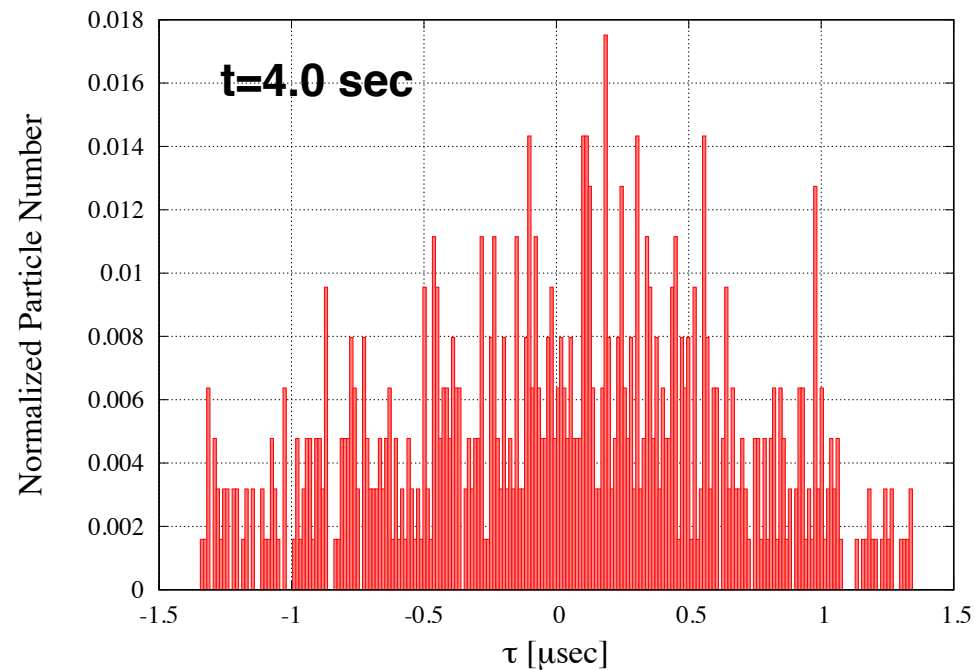
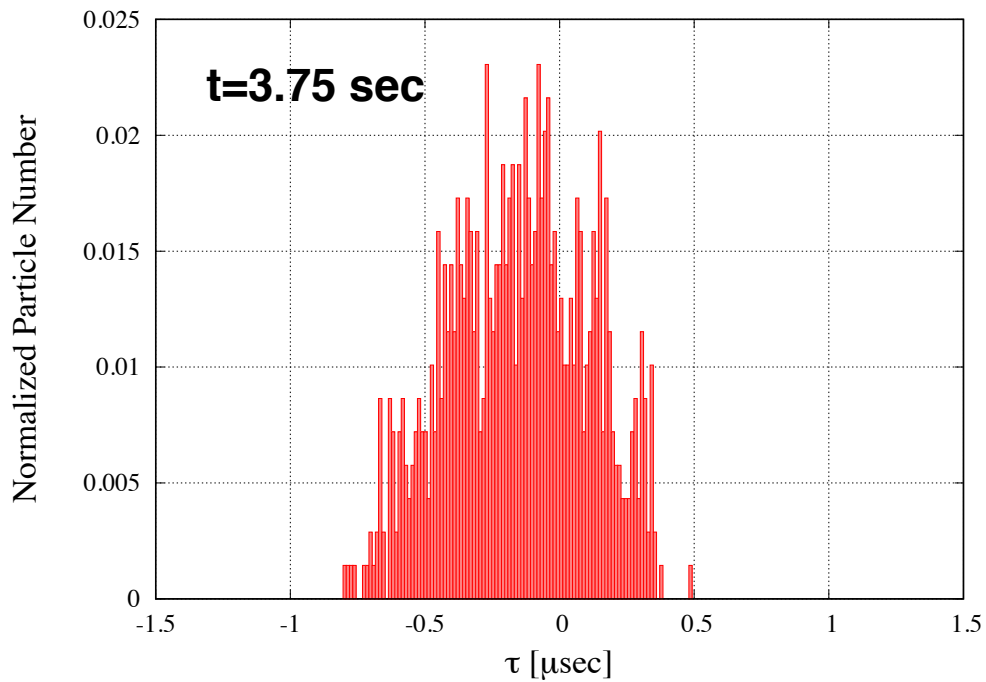






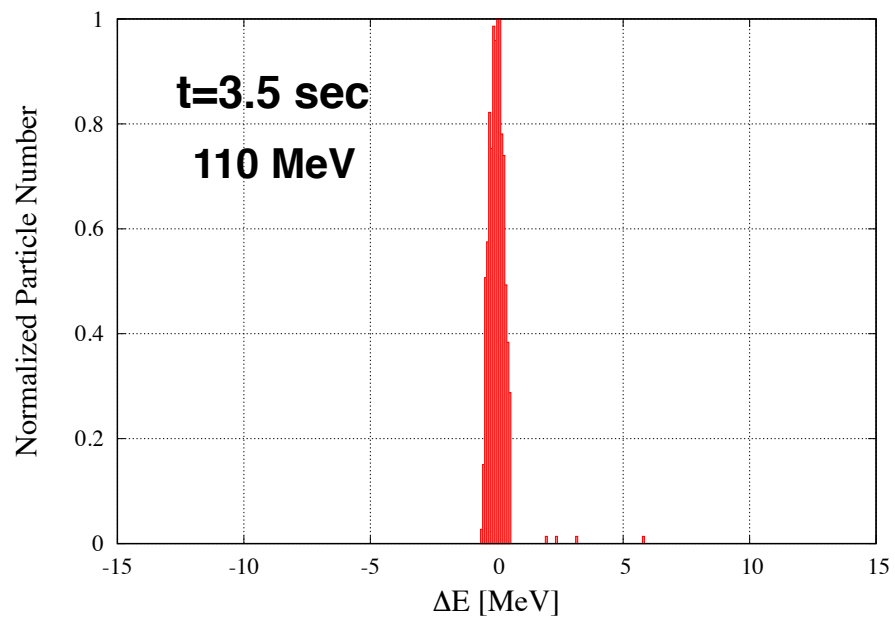
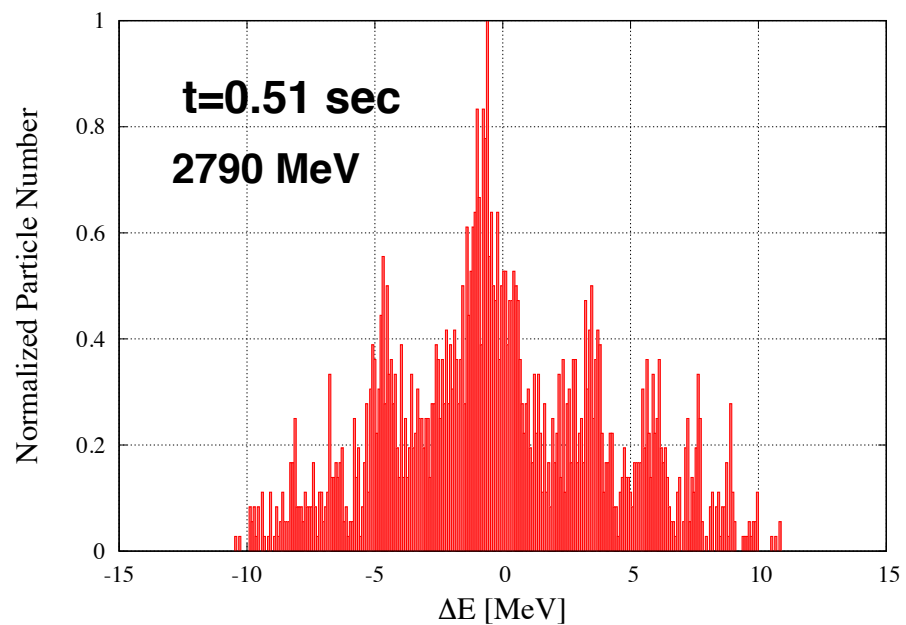
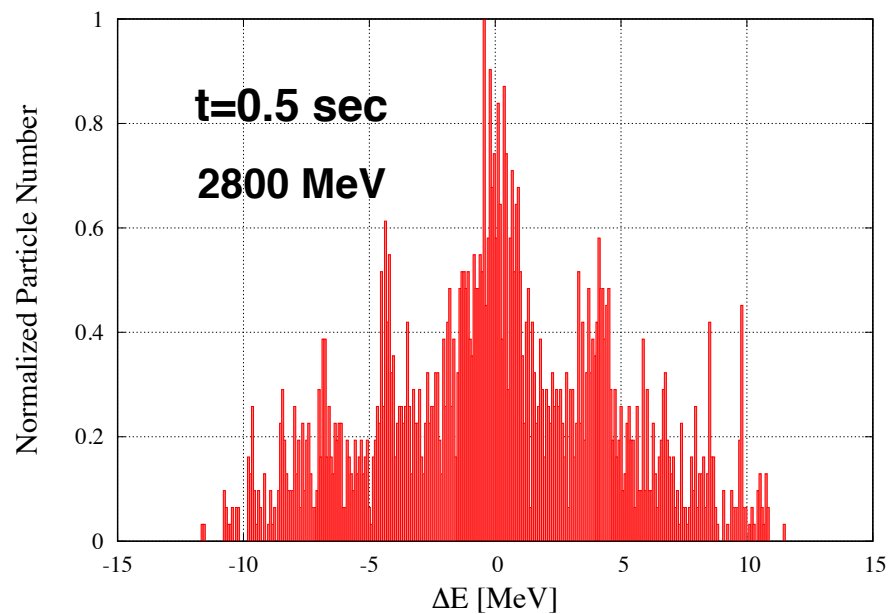
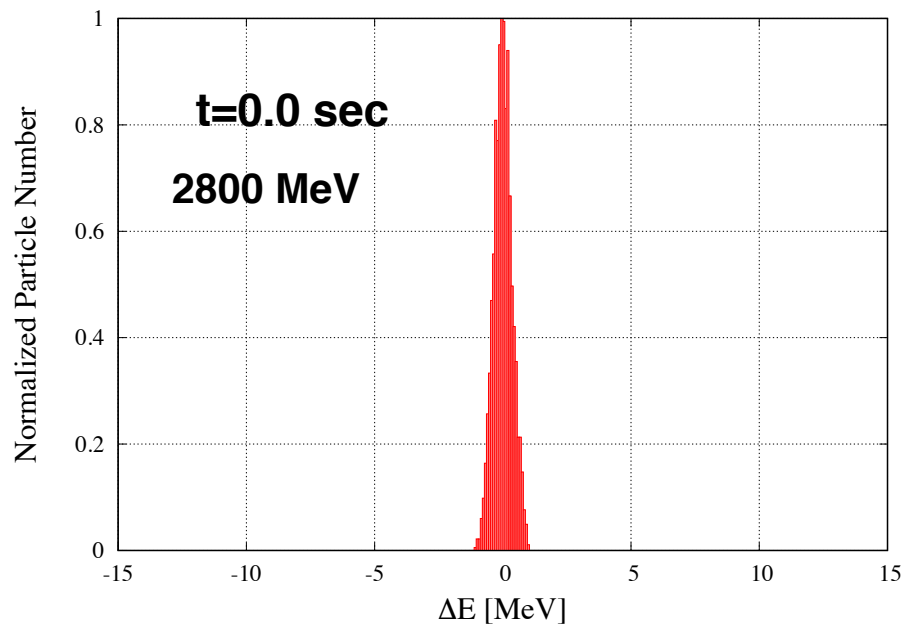
# Particle Distribution along the Ring

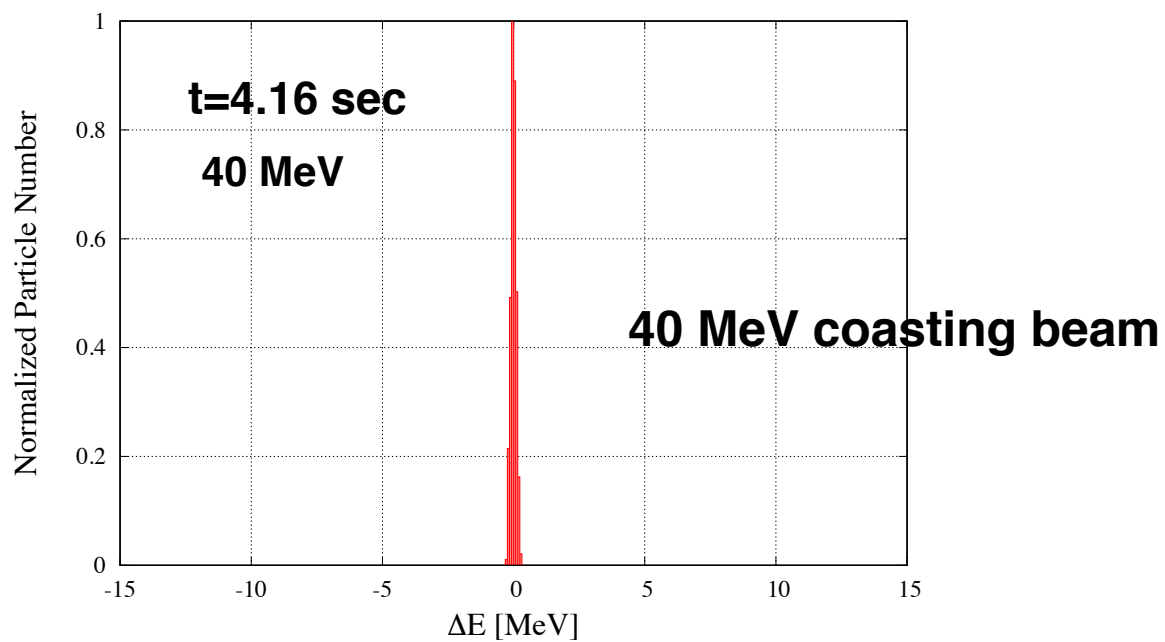
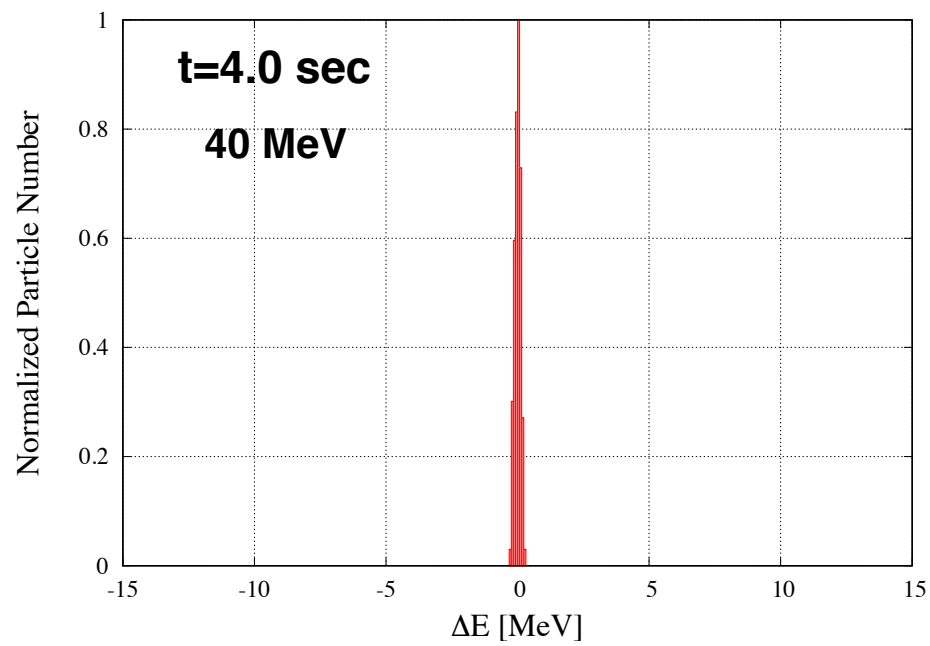
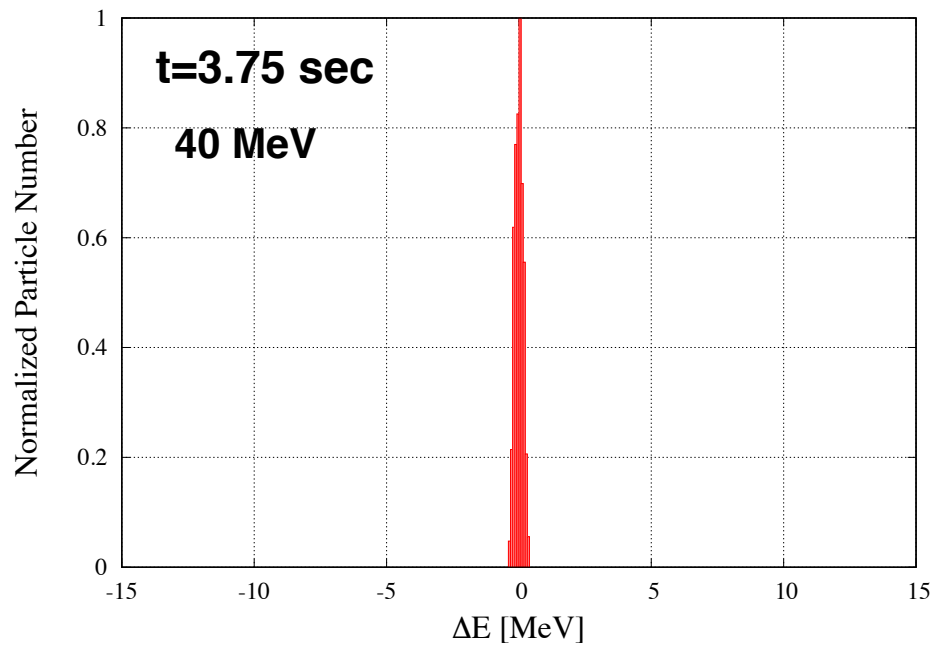




**40 MeV coasting beam**

# Energy Spectrum during Deceleration Process





## Conclusion

1. After the accumulation of antiproton beam in the COSY-RESR from Collector Ring up to  $1e11$  particles at the energy of 2.8 GeV, they are decelerated to 40 MeV. This deceleration process is investigated with particle tracking method in the present work.
2. The lattice structure is as follows: Circumference = 239.912 m and transition  $\gamma= 4.5879$ . Then all deceleration process is operated below transition  $\gamma$ , namely no crossing of the transition  $\gamma$  is necessary.
3. The initial beam parameters are:  $Dp/p=1e-4$  (rms), transverse emittance= $1 \text{ pi}$  mm.mrad (rms), and the coasting beam condition.
4. The dipole magnetic field is decreased at the rate of  $dB/dt=- 0.5$  Tesla/sec, and the RF voltage is constant as  $V_{\text{peak}}=3$  kV.
5. Then the synchronous phase is fixed as -16 degrees. The separatrix area is large enough to avoid the beam loss during the deceleration process.
6. The RF voltage is adiabatically increased and decreased at the beginning and end of deceleration process.
7. The maximal space charge tune shift is -0.012 at the final energy of 40 MeV. This value is well controllable for the stable beam operation.
8. The final momentum spread at 40 MeV is  $1.9e-3$  (rms) and the transverse emittance is  $12 \text{ pi}$  mm.mrad (rms).
9. This 40 MeV antiproton beam could be further well cooled with the electron cooler system which was operated at original COSY ring.
10. If one would like to decelerate to lower energy, say  $\sim 100$  keV or less, it is necessary to prepare the small ring like CRYRING (FAIR) and ELENA (CERN).