





## ILIMA@ESR Group Report

#### Iris Dillmann

ILIMA Spokesperson
TRIUMF & U of Victoria



accelerat

## **\*\*TRIUMF**

#### **Unique environment!**

- Beam cooling, manipulation, accumulation, ...
- Long storage times (hours!)
- High charge states
- Multi-pass experiments(reactions)
- → Unique experiments!

Large Acceptance **Beam Accumulation** Acceleration/ **Beam Cooling:** Storage - efficient use of rare species Deceleration **Stochastic** Cooling - high quality beams Electron **UHV** (Laser) Recirculation - high luminocities though thin targets **Beam Bunching** Removing of contaminants Various targets: Ultra-high vacuum – preserving atomic charge state **Electrons** Various targets **Photons Atoms** High detection efficiencies for recoils (Ions) Numerous dedicated detectors (Neutrons) **Detection: Electrons Internal Gas-Jet Target Photons** Non-destructive particle detection Recoils

Why storage rings? - Versatile Capabilities

Slide from Yuri Litvinov

**ASTRUm** 





## (Modern) Heavy RIB Storage Rings



Operational
Under construction
Postponed
Proposed

Cancelled/closed

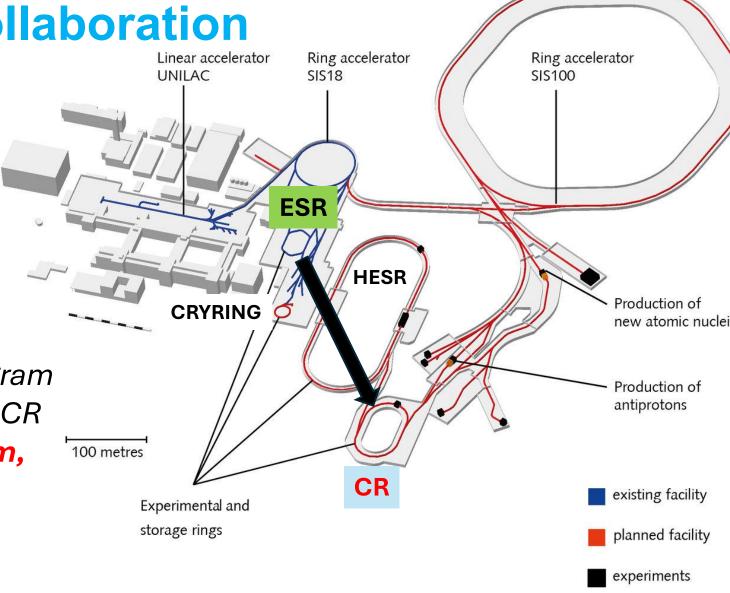
- Experimental Storage Ring (ESR) at GSI Darmstadt (since 1990)
- Cooler-Storage Ring (CSRe) at HIRF in Lanzhou (since 2010)
- Rare RI Ring (R3) at RIKEN Nishina Center (since 2012)
- CRYRING at GSI Darmstadt (1992-2014, since 2016)
- Collector Ring (CR) and High-Energy Storage Ring (HESR) at FAIR (>203x)
- Spectrometer Ring at HIAF in Huizhou (2025)
- Test Storage Ring (TSR) at CERN-ISOLDE (2012) (1988-2013)
- ISOLDE Storage Ring (ISR, proposed) at CERN-ISOLDE (>203x)
- TRIUMF Storage Ring (TRISR, proposed) at TRIUMF-ISAC (>203x)
- Los Alamos Storage Ring (proposed) at LANSCE (>203x)



# Isomers LIfetimes MAsses

Original idea: Move highly successful 30-year old program from FRS-ESR to SuperFRS-CR

- Measure masses < 1ppm,</li>
- t<sub>1/2</sub> > 10 μs,
- Yields <1 ion per week</li>







## ILIMA@FAIR Physics Program

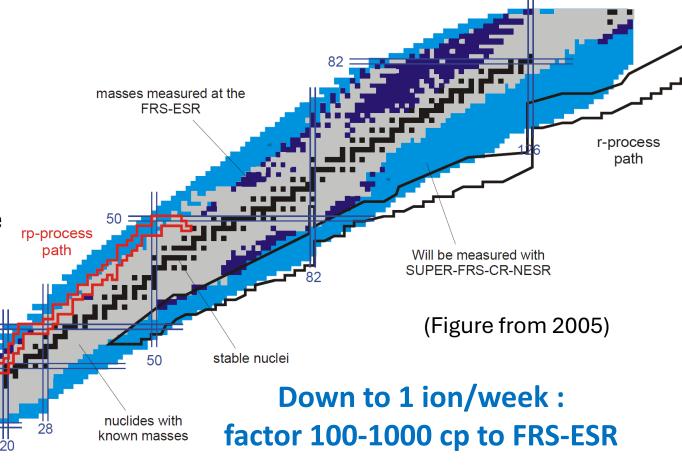
Measure masses, lifetimes and decay modes of ground and isomeric states of exotic nuclei ( $t_{1/2}$ > 10  $\mu$ s):

 Map large areas of unknown mass surface

 Lifetimes of highly-charged ions, rare decay modes, branching ratios

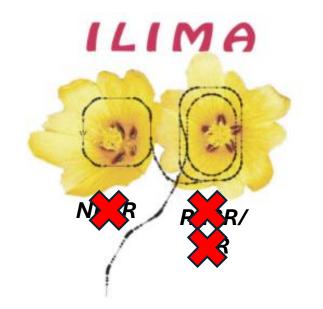
Isomeric states and their nuclear properties

Investigations with pure isomeric beams



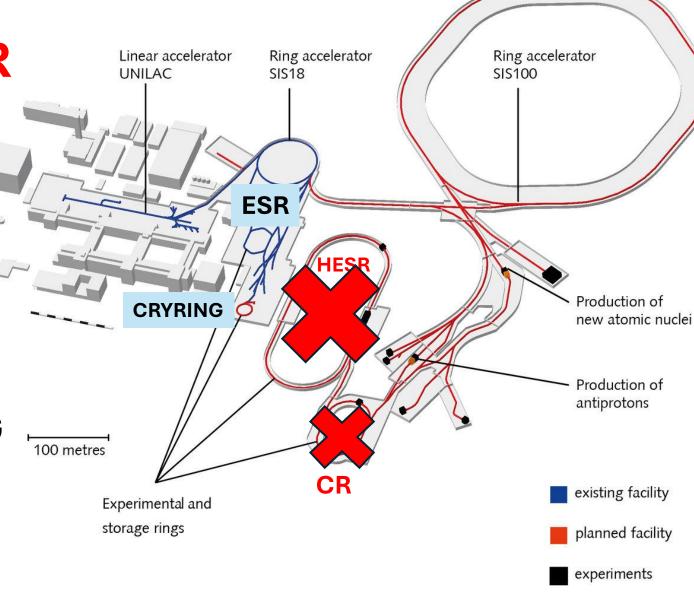


**2025: ILIMA@ESR** 



Only ESR and CRYRING left for now...

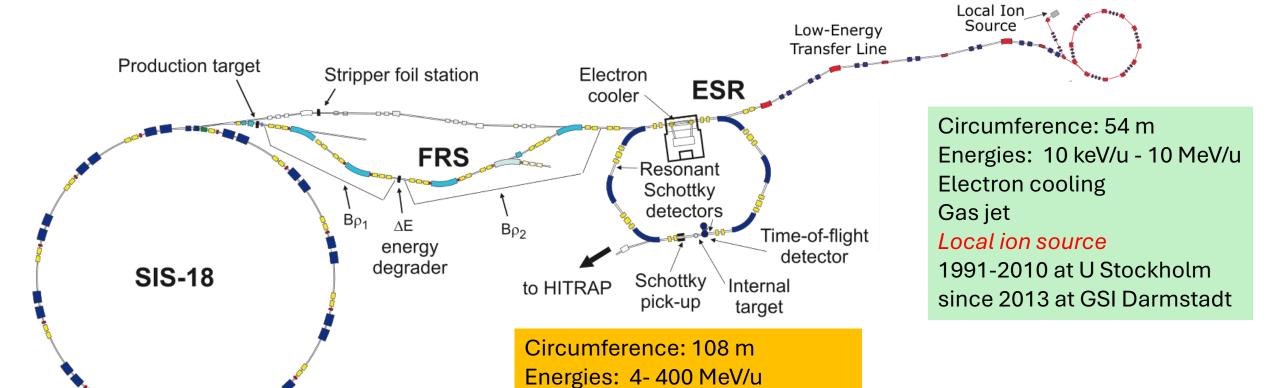
Let's do the best with this situation!





#### **ESR and CRYRING**

From UNILAC



Gas jet

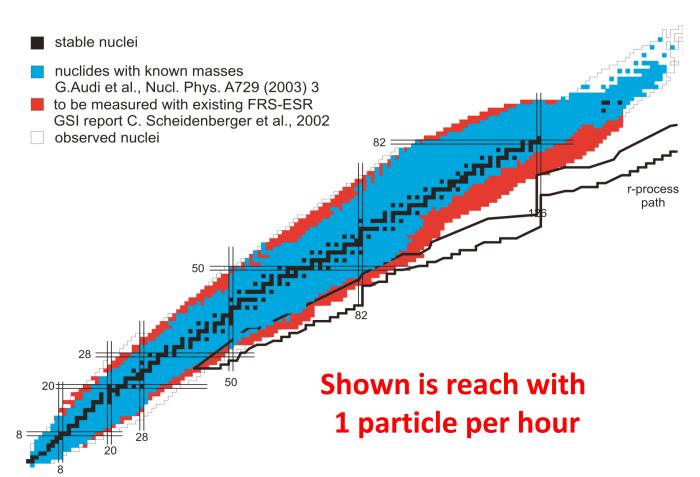
Since 1990

Electron and stochastic cooling

**CRYRING** 



## **ILIMA@ESR Physics Program**



New developments (existing and upcoming)

- Time-resolved Schottky + Isochronous Mass Spectroscopy (S+IMS)
- Position-sensitive TOF detectors

#### Joint efforts ILIMA + SPARC

- Reaction studies at ESR and CRYRING
- Nuclear Excitation by EC (NEEC)





## **Nuclear Physics at the ESR and CRYRING**



Mass measurements
Rare and Exotic Decay Modes of highly-charged ions

Historical division due to FAIR- does not make sense anymore.

Lots of overlap in people and science; shared equipment.



Stored Particles Atomic physics
Research Collaboration

Low-energy capture reactions (for astrophysics)
Surrogate reactions





Nuclear structure studies of unstable exotic nuclei in light-ion scattering experiments at intermediate energies (NESR)





#### **ILIMA** and **EXL**



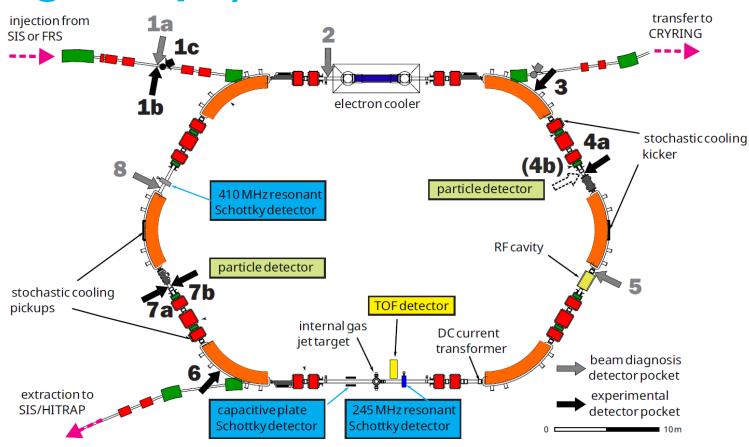
- EXL collaboration is in "dormant" state
- ILIMA created new WG "Nuclear Reactions", EXL members were encouraged to join ILIMA collaboration
- EXL-type experiments: None scheduled for near future
- Need more human-power to run also EXL within collaboration
- Details to be worked out in upcoming ILIMA collaboration meetings





## ILIMA@ESR (existing setups)

- TOF detector: Isochronous Mass Spectrometry
- Schottky pickups: Timeresolved mass spectrometry, destruction-free ion detection
- Particle detectors (pocket):
   Particle detection outside of acceptance



Short-term: Build and install CR-type equipment, test and develop Long-term: Move equipment to CR and "re-use" it

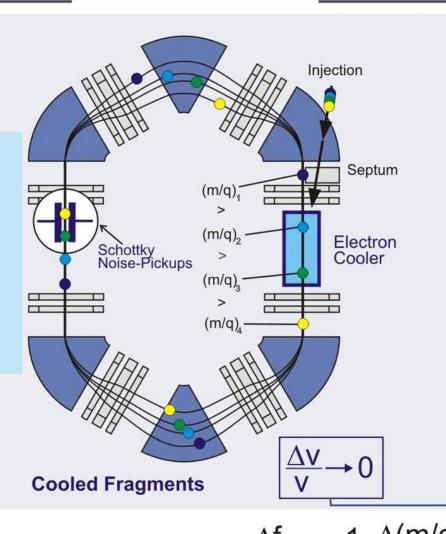
#### **TOF** detector

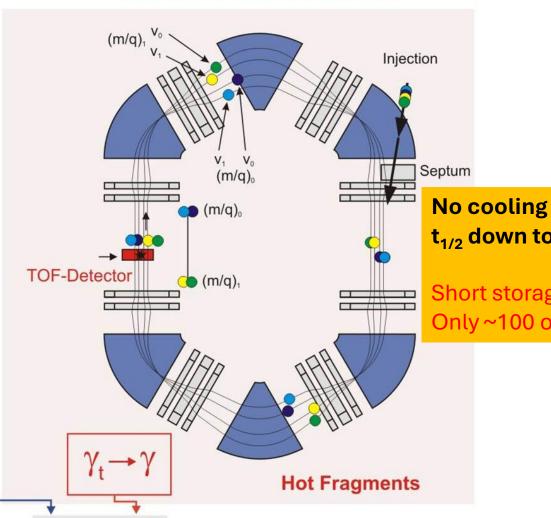
SCHOTTKY MASS SPECTROMETRY

**ISOCHRONOUS MASS SPECTROMETRY** 

Long storage times Beam cooling needed:  $t_{1/2} > 1s$ High

precision





 $t_{1/2}$  down to 10 µs Short storage times:

Only ~100 orbits

 $\Delta(m/q)$ 



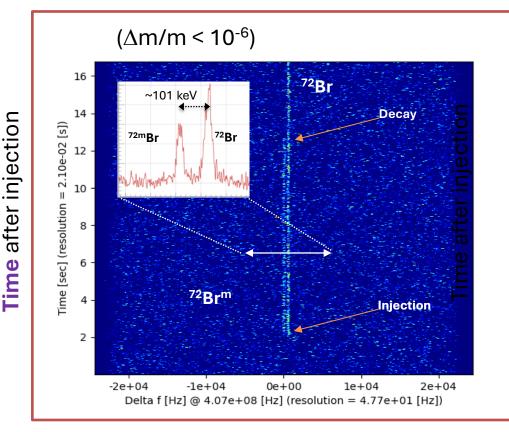
12

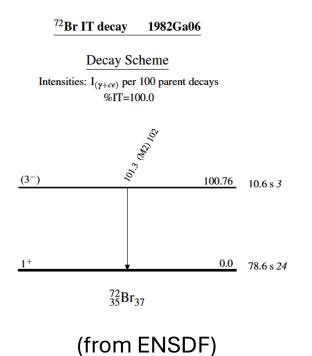


## Combined Isochronous + Schottky Mass Spec

#### Time-resolved Schottky + Isochronous Mass Spectroscopy (S+IMS)

- Fast method (without beam cooling)
- Single-ion sensitivity
- Non-destructive →
   Lifetime measurements
- Very good mass resolution (~10<sup>-6</sup>)





Revolution frequency

IT decay of a single ion

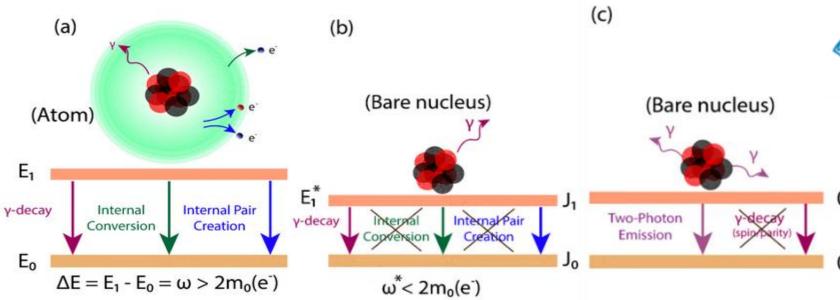
X.L. Tu et al., PRC014321 (2018)

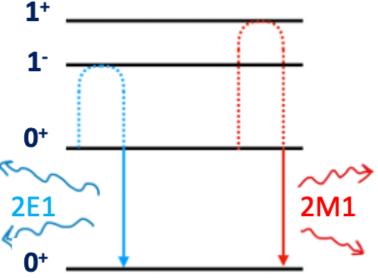
D. Freire-Fernandez, PRL 133, 022502 (2024)



## **Nuclear Two-Photon Decay of Isomers**

- Study of shape isomers
- Selective blocking of decay modes in highly-charged ions
- $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$  transitions < 1022 keV: <sup>72</sup>Ge, <sup>98</sup>Mo, and <sup>98</sup>Zr
- Use of time-resolved Schottky + Isochronous MS



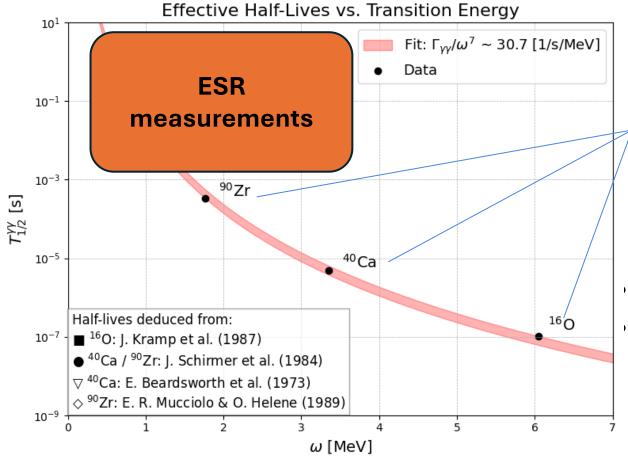


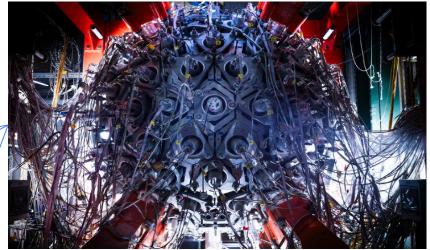
$$E_{\gamma 1} + E_{\gamma 2} = \omega_0 = E_x(0^+)$$





## **Nuclear Two-Photon Decay of Isomers**





So far only measured with large  $\gamma$ -arrays Only "magic" nuclei

$$\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} = \frac{\omega_0^7}{105\pi} \left( \underline{\alpha_{E1}^2} + \underline{\chi_{M1}^2} + \frac{\omega_0^4}{4752} \underline{\alpha_{E2}^2} \right)$$

Electric dipole transition polarizability

Magnetic dipole transition susceptability

Electric quadrupole transition polarizability

## **Two-Photon Decays**

Time-resolved Schottky + Isochronous Mass Spectroscopy (S+IMS)

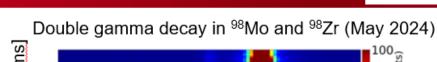
Down to half-lives of few ms!!!

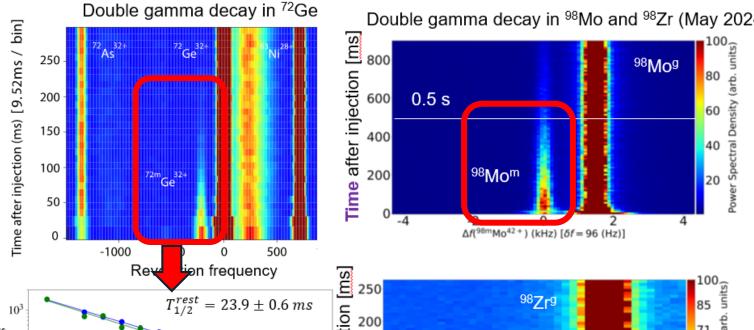


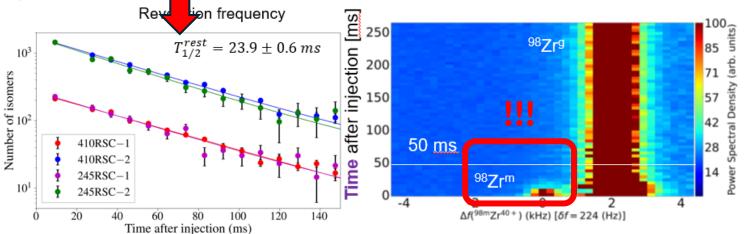
#### Results on two-photon decays from previous S+IMS experiments



16







D. Freire Fernandez et al., PRL 133, 022502 (2024)

W. Korten - Proposal G-24-00207

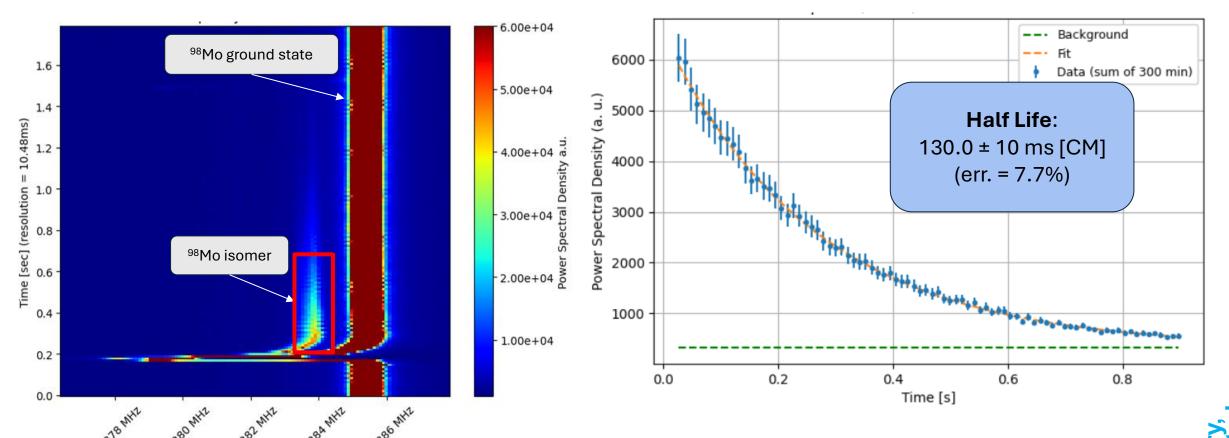
Slide from W. Korten





Delta f [Hz] @ OHz (resolution = 96.0Hz)

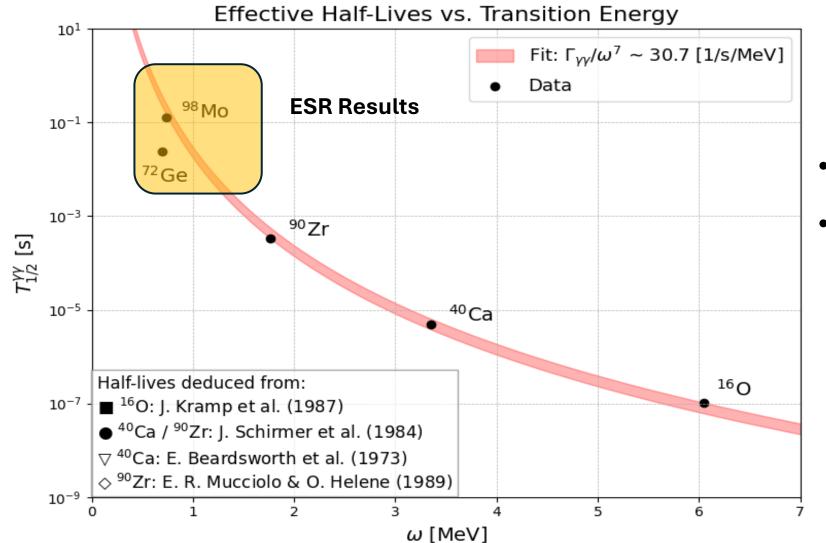
## **Nuclear Two-Photon Decay: 98 Mo Results**



PhD thesis Carlo Forconi



## **Nuclear Two-Photon Decay of Isomers**



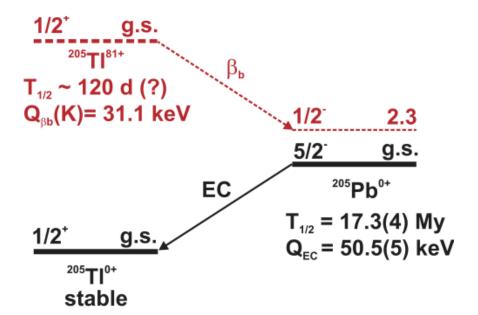
- Next: Analyze <sup>98</sup>Zr data (2024)
- Analyze <sup>192,194</sup>Pb test (2025)



#### <sup>205</sup>TI: Stable in neutral atoms (0+) Radioactive in bare ions (81+)

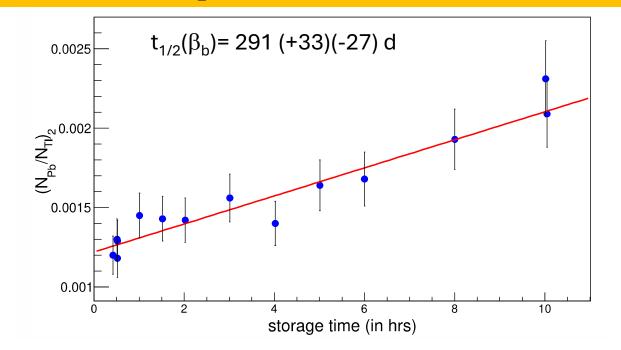
## **Bound-state** β-decay

#### Lifetime of highly-charged ions



- G. Leckenby et al., Nature 634, 321 (2024)
- R. S. Sidhu et al., PRL 133, 232701 (2024)

- Storage of millions of <sup>205</sup>Tl<sup>81+</sup> ions → only possible in ESR!
- <sup>205</sup>Pb is cosmochronometer in s-process
- Measured  $\beta_b$ -half-life **longer** than expected!
- Lorandite Experiment (LOREX): Solar neutrino detector 15(4) <sup>205</sup>Pb atoms produced by neutrino capture per gram lorandite (TlAsS<sub>2</sub>) **30% less than predicted** ⊗







## ILIMA@ESR: The next 5+x years

GPAC2025: Renewed interest in unique physics capabilities: 7 proposals (\*5 new)!

- 1. \*Search for bound-state pair conversion in bare atomic nuclei (Wolfram Korten)
- 2. \*Exploration of shape isomers in Kr and Se via Schottky isochronous mass spectrometry (Ruijiu Chen)
- 3. \*Harvesting Isomers, Lifetime & MAsses (ILIMA) south-west of <sup>208</sup>Pb (Shahab Sanjari)
- 4. \*Isomer beam technique and its first reaction studies with ESR (Taka Yamaguchi)
- 5. Symbiotic measurement of masses, half-lives, and neutron branching ratios of <sup>137,138</sup>I at the ESR (Chris Griffin)
- 6. \*Measurement of the bound-state and continuum β decay of <sup>134</sup>Cs<sup>55+</sup> ions (David Mascali)
- 7. Influence of Hyperfine Interaction on Nuclear Electron Capture in <sup>111</sup>Sn (Ragandeep Singh Sidhu)





## What is the next big thing?

## <u>**Direct**</u> neutron capture reactions on <u>**radioactive**</u> nuclei! NSTARS project at CRYRING (\*under funding review)

Submitted to Physical Review Accelerators and Beams

Direct Neutron Reactions in Storage Rings Utilizing a Supercompact Cyclotron Neutron Target

> Ariel Tarifeño-Saldivia\* and César Domingo-Pardo Instituto de Física Corpuscular (CSIC-Universitat de València), Valencia, Spain

> > Iris Dillmann

TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada and Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC, Canada

Yuri A. Litvinov

GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung GmbH, Darmstadt, Germany and Institut für Kernphysik, Universität zu Köln, Köln, Germany (Dated: August 22, 2025)

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2508.15465



WP1: NSTAR at CRYRING (Y. Litvinov, GSI)

WP2: Neutron Target (A. Tarifeno, IFIC)

WP3: Ion Detection (I. Dillmann, TRIUMF)

WP4: Experiments (C. Domingo, IFIC)

WP5: Design of Future Facility (all)





## (Modern) Heavy RIB Storage Rings



Operational
Under construction
Postponed
Proposed
22

Cancelled/closed

- Experimental Storage Ring (ESR) at GSI Darmstadt (since 1990)
- Cooler-Storage Ring (CSRe) at HIRF in Lanzhou (since 2010)
- Rare RI Ring (R3) at RIKEN Nishina Center (since 2012)
- CRYRING at GSI Darmstadt (1992-2014, since 2016)
- Collector Ring (CR) and High-Energy Storage Ring (HESR) at FAIR (>203x)
- Spectrometer Ring at HIAF in Huizhou (2025)

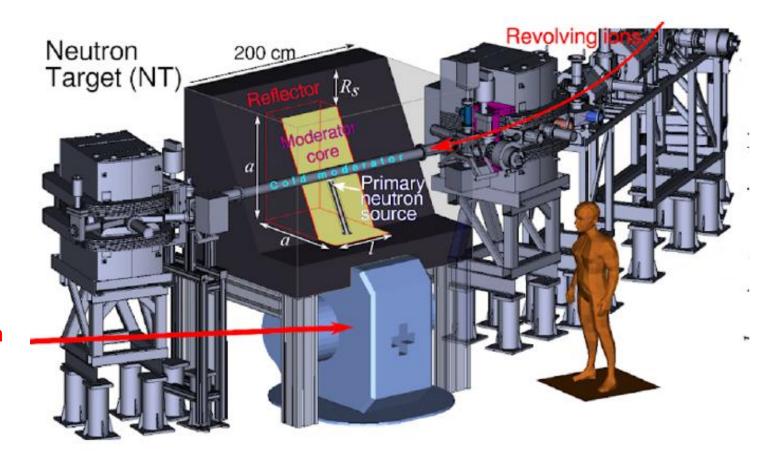
+ Neutron Target

- Test Storage Ring (TSR) at CERN-ISOLDE (2012) (1988-2013)
- ISOLDE Storage Ring (ISR, proposed) at CERN-ISOLDE (>203x)
- TRIUMF Storage Ring (TRISR, proposed) at TRIUMF-ISAC (>203x)
- Los Alamos Storage Ring (proposed) at LANSCE (>203x)





## Assembly at CRYRING (2026-2032 if funded)



**Cyclotron** 

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2508.15465



## **Summary**

- Nuclear Physics program at ESR: Unique experiments since >30 years!
- ILIMA@ESR program will continue until CR is built
- Many new ideas (S+IMS, nuclear 2-photon decay, NEEC, isomeric beams...)
- Upgrade/ construction of FAIR detectors can be transferred to CR later
- Expansion of experimental program: Reactions in storage rings (ESR and CRYRING)
  - protons and  $\alpha$ 's  $\checkmark$
  - neutrons are the future!



## **\*\*TRIUMF**

### **In Memoriam: Markus Steck**



1958-2025

We mourn the loss of our long-time colleague Markus Steck, who passed away suddenly and unexpectedly on August 1, 2025, at the age of 66.

Markus began his work at GSI in July 1990.

In 1999, he became head of the ESR group, a role he held with great dedication until his retirement in October 2024.

Markus was considered the "head and heart of the ESR", combining deep understanding of beam dynamics with technical expertise and system-wide insight.

His legacy will continue to impact storage ring physics research for years to come.



## **%TRIUMF**

## **Thank You!** Merci! hay č xw ďə!

www.triumf.ca @TRIUMFLab







