





Common GSI/FAIR Software Development Guideline

a C++ developers point-of view

"The Only Unbreakable Law":

"Where Does Bad Code Come From?":

• Initial Guideline Proposal:

• Initial Guideline Proposal – contd.:

https://indico.gsi.de/event/16522/

https://indico.gsi.de/event/16533/

https://indico.gsi.de/event/18737/

https://indico.gsi.de/event/18737/

Ralph J. Steinhagen

C++ User-Group Meeting June 11th, 2025

Final Draft for review → **Indico Link**



















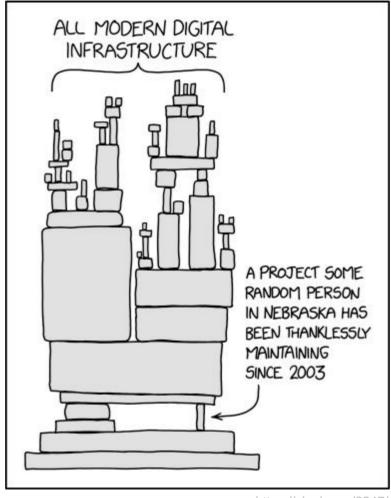








Why a Software Development Guideline?



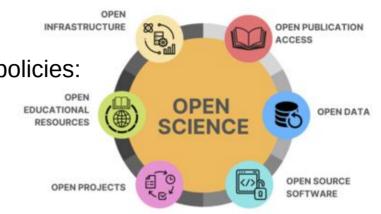


Why a Software Development Guideline?

not fundamentally 'new' – existing GSI/FAIR Open Science policies:

- since 2021: Open Source Guidelines
 - GPLv3 → LGPLv3 → Apache 2.0 & CERN OHW especially for public-public & public-private collaborations
 - proprietary licenses/development
 require documented evaluation of total-cost-of-ownership & risk for the organisation
- since 2023: Open-Science WG Initiative
 GSI/FAIR supporting 'Public Money? Public Code!' Campaign
 - new directorate policy:

 favour open-source and document risks related to
 developments and procurements of new software systems
- 2023/2024: Open-Science WG charged by directorate to draft RSE Guidelines for GSI/FAIR (lead: Andrew Mistry)
 - refine definition for Open-Hardware/Software policies
 - update licenses (N.B. new Al-regulations and CE certification)







RSE Guidelines – Why care? What's in for me?

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Guideline for <u>everyone</u> who: <u>develops</u>, <u>maintains</u>, or <u>publishes</u> software at GSI/FAIR regardless of job title or background.

Explicitly:

Core-Goal No1:

Ensure software is fit-for-purpose and adaptable to evolving organisational needs.

Core-Goal No2:

Cultivate a supportive and collaborative environment for developers at all experience levels.

Core-Goal No3:

Follow quality software standards that adhere to best practices, minimising organisational risk.

Core-Goal Nº4:

Ensure that, whenever possible, software owned/in part be made available as Open Source.

 Provides: orientation, contact points, checklists, and reduces risk around: licensing, IP, quality-assurance, publication

What's New / Important?

- replaces the previous GSI/FAIR Open Source Licence Guideline (see earlier version)
- applicable across all departments
 including external contributors to GSI/FAIR projects (unless stated otherwise).
- four application classes
 define graded requirements depending on usage, risk, and project scope.
- Clear licence recommendations: (L)GPLv3 → Apache 2.0 → MIT with legal clarifications, third-party libs, publication, embargoes, and export control.
- New: Consideration of Total-Cost-of-Ownership (TCO), scientific citation, version maintenance, and Open Science / F.A.I.R. principles.
- Includes practical checklists, guidance on legal framework, as well as annexes on: licence selection, application examples, glossary, recognition of software work, ...



Classification according to 'Application Classes'

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Application Class	0	1	2	3
Development	GSI/FAIR	GSI/FAIR	GSI/FAIR or with third Parties	GSI/FAIR or with third Parties
Utilisation	Individual use or specific to a particular study	Used within GSI/FAIR	Developed as part of a third party funded project for long-term use or planned as a product	software for services,
Requirements	Compliance with legal aspects. Version Control. Open Source licensing recommended	Version control. Open Source licensing. Further development by non-GSI- affiliated parties possible	Version control. Open Source licensing. Maintenance and long-term usability ensured. Rights of use remain with GSI/FAIR.	Long-term management ensured. Testing automation, release management, maintenance, and usability ensured. Rights of use remain with GSI/FAIR.
Distribution	Not planned. Recorded in a suitable repository if needed	Recorded in a suitable repository and possibly onboarded to a software directory	Onboarded to a community software directory (if licence allows)	Onboarded to a community software directory (If licence allows)
Examples	Small codes, functions, simple scripts	Software used by a group (e.g. experiment analysis code)	Software used on a broader scale in collaboration with partners (e.g. SMASH [https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.149 22777], larger analysis codes)	Software developed as part of a large open-source project (e.g., FairRoot [https://doi.org/10.528 1/zenodo.11210174]) or software for commercial exploitation.



HowTo (realistically) a) assess and b) mitigate Risks related to RSE Application Classification Proposal for GSI/FAIR **Application Class 3** actual effort (re-)evaluation (≥ 221 kEUR) Decision: directorate (→ committee) **Application Class 2** actual effort (re-)evaluation (≥ 8 devs. ≤ 221 kEUR) Decision: div. lead ↔ directorate Examples: >1 MSLOCs libraries/tools **Application Class 1** actual effort (re-)evaluation $(<8 \text{ devs } \& \le 30 \text{ kEUR})$ site-specific generic IT infrastructure Decision: group/dep. ↔ div lead. Examples: • IDM, DBs, ... >100 kSLOCs libraries/tools **Application Class 0** infrastructure affecting (1 dev & ≤ 5 kEUR) domain-specific infrastructure operation of organisation Decision: dev ↔ group/dep. lead Examples: safety & IT-security related reproducible within few FTEs < 100 kSLOCs libraries/tools non-open-source Examples: < 2 kSLOCs analysis scripts reproducible within few engineering months spread-sheet macros reproducible within days greater scrutiny with greater risks organisation employee

Application Class Requirements

to be reviewed/open for comments

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- Timeline Targets:
 - user- and departmental-Feedback by July 2025
 - final draft presented to WTR (N.B. RED on board)
 - ratification as official guideline by our directorates in Q3/2025

- Please send feedback:
 - e-mail, informal notes, hallway chats are all OK
 - point-of-contact:
 - Andrew Mistry (lead),
 - Matthias Kretz, or
 - Ralph J. Steinhagen

