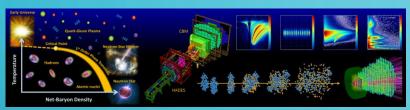
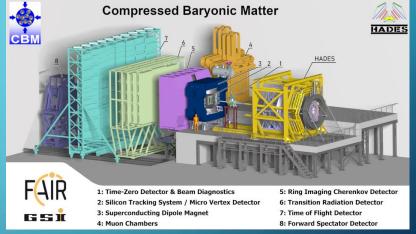


Strangeness and Hypernuclei reconstruction with Day-1 and CFV setup

Iouri Vassiliev, i.vassiliev@gsi.de, for the PWGH



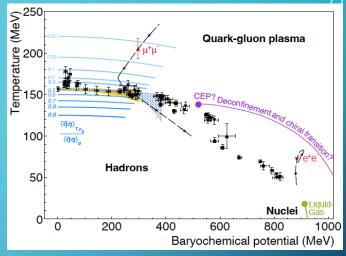




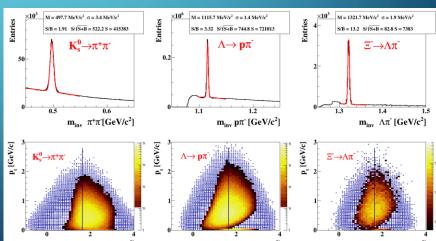
- Motivations
- Strangeness and Hypernucei with: Au+Au mbias at 12 AGeV Day 1 vs CFV
- Geant4 vs Geant3 & VT25
- Summary

Strangeness – K, Λ , Ξ , Ω , Σ

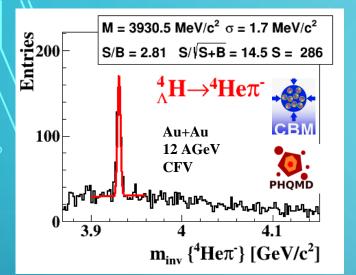
- Understanding the Equation of State (EoS) of dense matter
- Exploring the phase diagram of QCD
- The presence of hyperons (including A and Σ) in neutron star cores is a topic of intense research, as it can significantly affect their properties, such as mass and radius.
- Testing theoretical models of hadronic matter
- Exploring the potential for exotic states of hyperon-rich matter



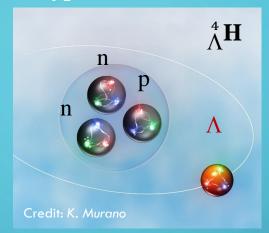
CFV

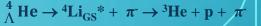


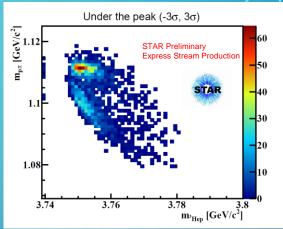
I. VASSILIEV 46 CBM COLLABORATION MEETING LANZHOU



Hypernuclei

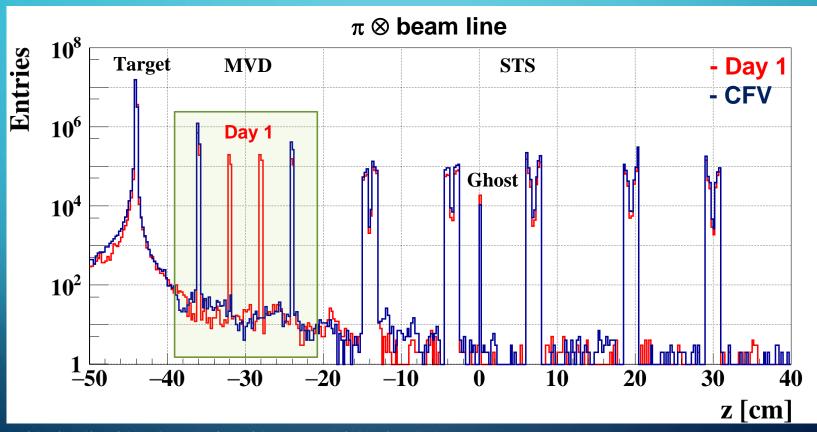




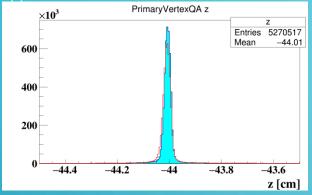


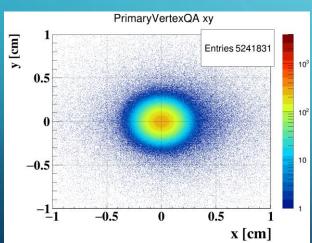
- Precise measurements of hypernuclei lifetime (YN & YY interaction)
- Strangeness in high density nuclear matter, EoS for NS, Hadronic phase of HI collisions
- Measurement of branching ratios of hypernuclei decays, Dalitz plots for 3-body decays
 - hypernuclei internal structure
- Measurements of B_{Λ} in the hypernuclei direct access to the hyperon-nucleon YN interaction
- Double lambda hypernuclei (CBM!) offer a unique opportunity to study the interaction between strange baryons and provide crucial information for understanding the structure of neutron stars.

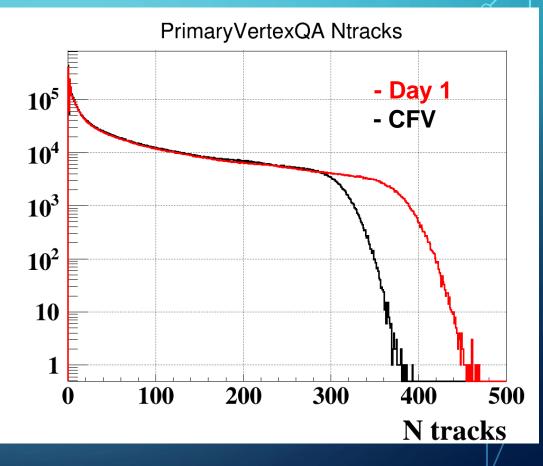
Day -1 and CFV geometries (G4 tomography)



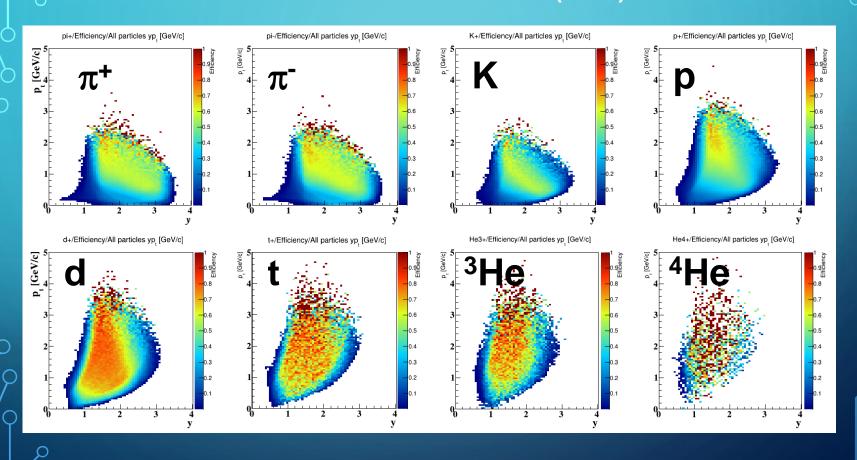
Primary Vertex at Day -1 and CFV geometries, Geant3 5M PHQMD mbias events



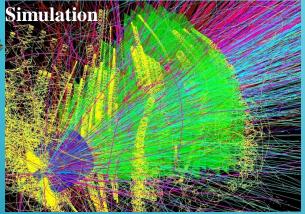




PID detectors MVD+STS & TOF (fixed)



The CBM L1 track finder (EB & TB) & PID detectors



CBM

Hypernuclei selection with KFParticle Finder

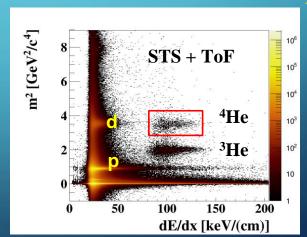
AHE

T

CBM software trigger, ML technique

- The theoretical models like UrQMD, PHSD and PHQMD are used.
- Track finder is based on the Cellular Automaton method.
- High efficiency for track reconstruction of more then 94%, including fast (more then 90%) and slow (more then 65%) secondary tracks.
- **Time-based** track finder is developed, efficiency is stable with respect to the interaction rate.
- Low level of split and wrongly reconstructed (ghost) tracks.





8 ms/core track finder 1 ms/core KFParticle Finder

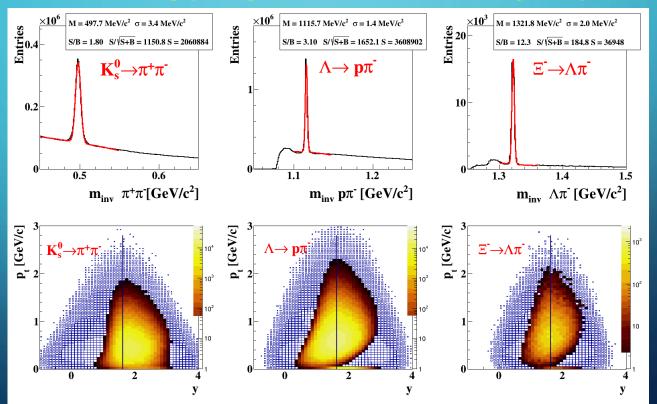
PID detectors:

- ToF hadron identification;
- STS heavy fragments identification by dE/dX
- TRD electron and heavy fragments identification



Strangeness: CFV PHQMD 5M G3 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV (50 sec!)

- \triangleright Λ particle looks like a perfect candidate to be measured at day one
- \succ $\mathbf{K_s}$ and $\mathbf{\Xi}$ are byproducts, $\mathbf{\Xi}$ is a trigger particle candidate
- > Bulk hadron physics signals will be measured with CFV geometry

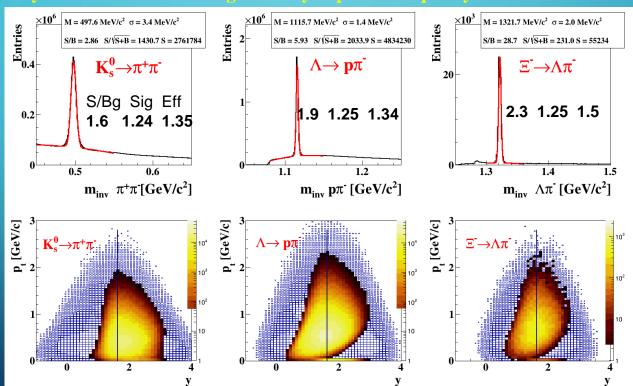






Strangeness: Day 1 PHQMD 5M G3 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV (50 sec!)

- \triangleright Λ particle looks like a perfect candidate to be measured at day one
- \succ $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{s}}$ and $\mathbf{\Xi}^{\star}$ are byproducts, $\mathbf{\Xi}^{\star}$ is a trigger particle candidate
- Day 1 CBM Detector can significantly improve the quality of hadron data





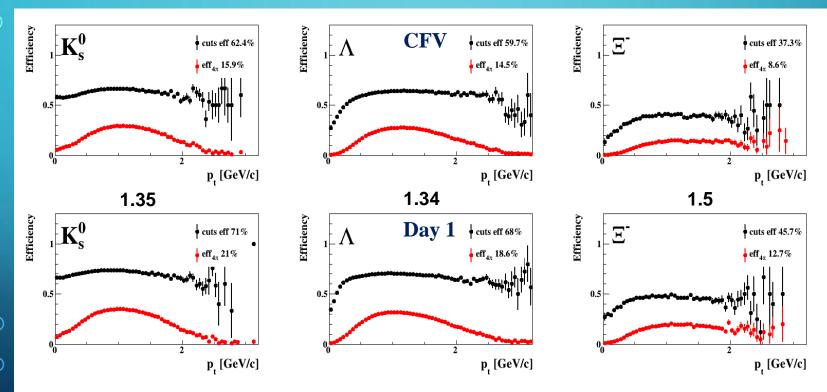


Strangeness: Day 1 vs CFV PHQMD 5M G3 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV

> Day 1 CBM Detector can significantly improve the quality of hadron data collection

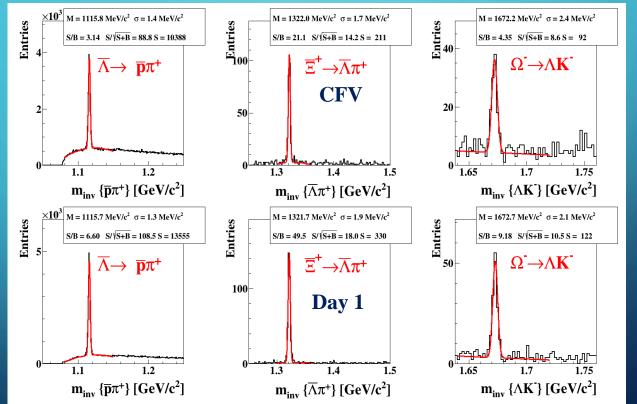






Strangeness rare probes: PHQMD 5M G3 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV (50 sec!)

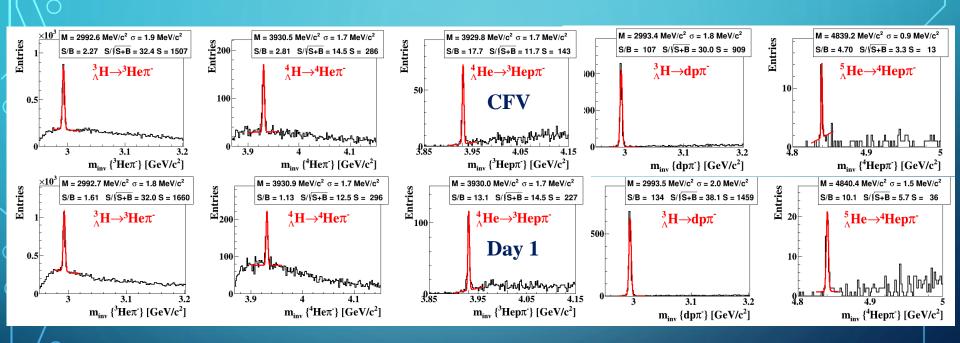
- rare signals will be measured with CFV geometry
- Day 1 CBM Detector can significantly improve the quality of rare signals.







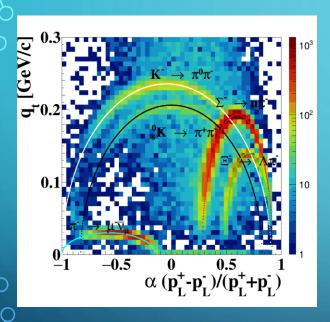
Hypernuclei: PHQMD 5M G3 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV (50 sec!)



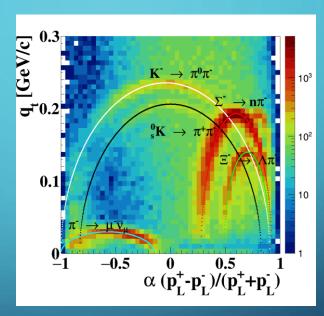
S/Bg ratio is better for CFV (cuts for Day 1 need to be improved) Significance and efficiency better for Day 1

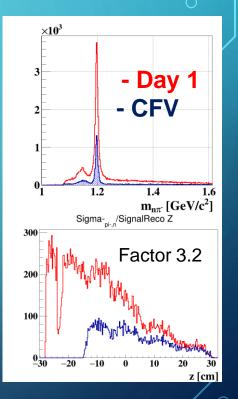
Strangeness: Σ m³ Day 1 vs CFV PHQMD 1M G4 mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV





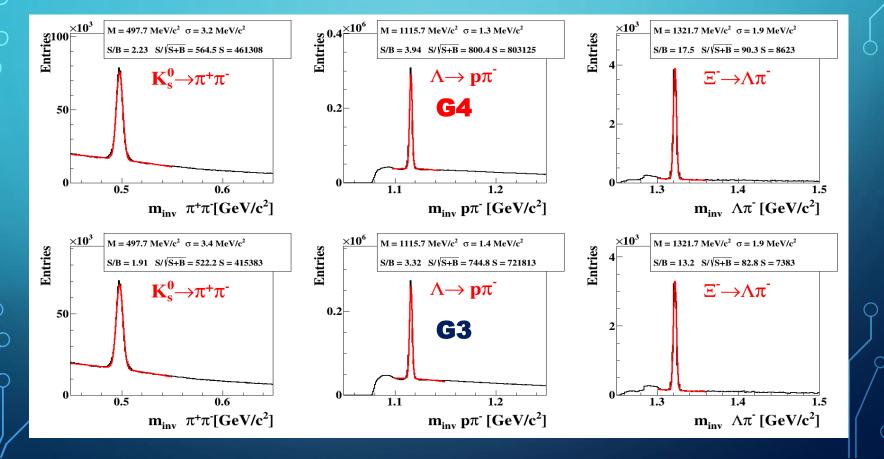
Day -1



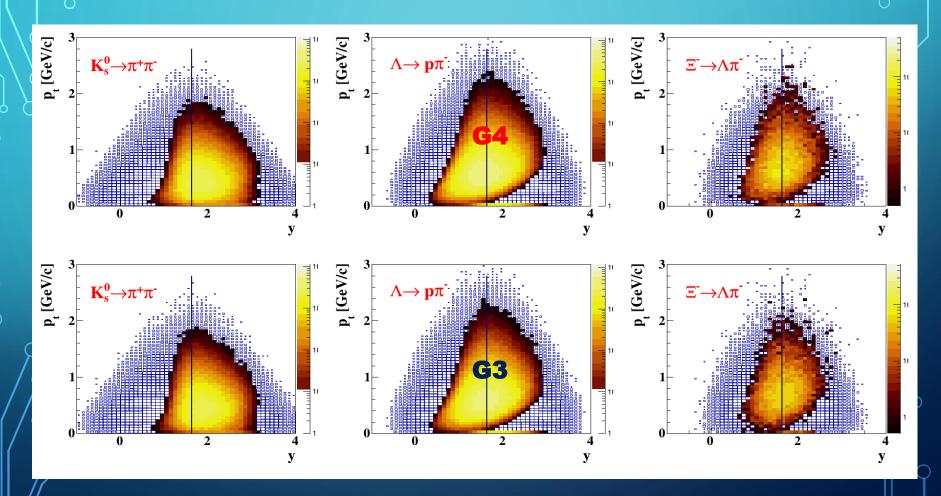


Strangeness: G4 vs G3 PHQMD 1M mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV CFV

Physics performance is slightly better with Geant 4

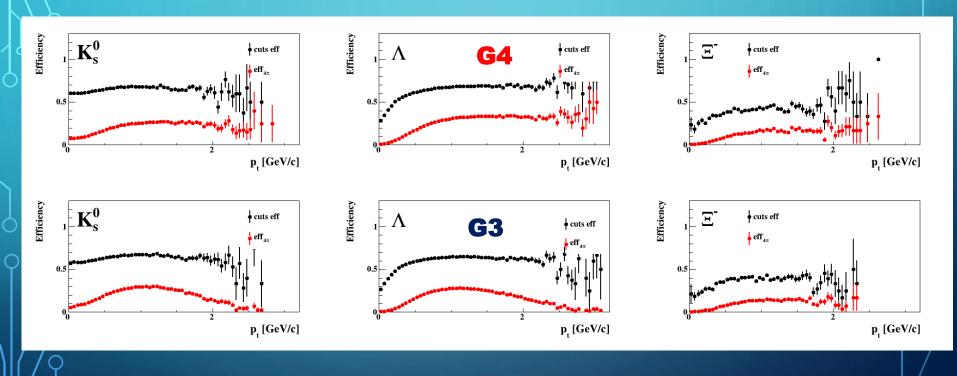


Strangeness: G4 vs G3 PHQMD 1M mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV CFV



Strangeness: G4 vs G3 PHQMD 1M mbias Au +Au at 12 AGeV CFV

Physics performance is similar, slightly better with Geant 4



Summary

- PHQMD model successfully used for CBM vt25 test
- CFV and Day 1 geometries are under detailed study
- Main hadron physics results could be achieved with CFV geometries
- Day 1 CBM Detector can significantly improve the quality of hadron data collection
- Geant 4 and Geant 3 engines used for simulation. Physics performance is similar, slightly better with Geant 4

Plans

- TB simulations at intermediate and high interaction rate
- First CBM vertical test / data challenge 2025 (V. Friese)

Thank you for your attention!

