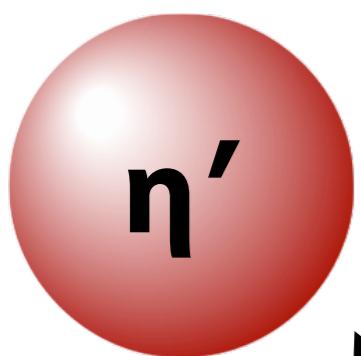


Analysis Status of S490 Experimental Search for η' -mesic Nuclei

**Kenta Itahashi
on behalf of
EtaPrime Collaboration**

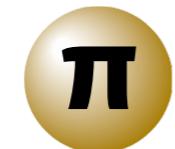


η' and other PS mesons

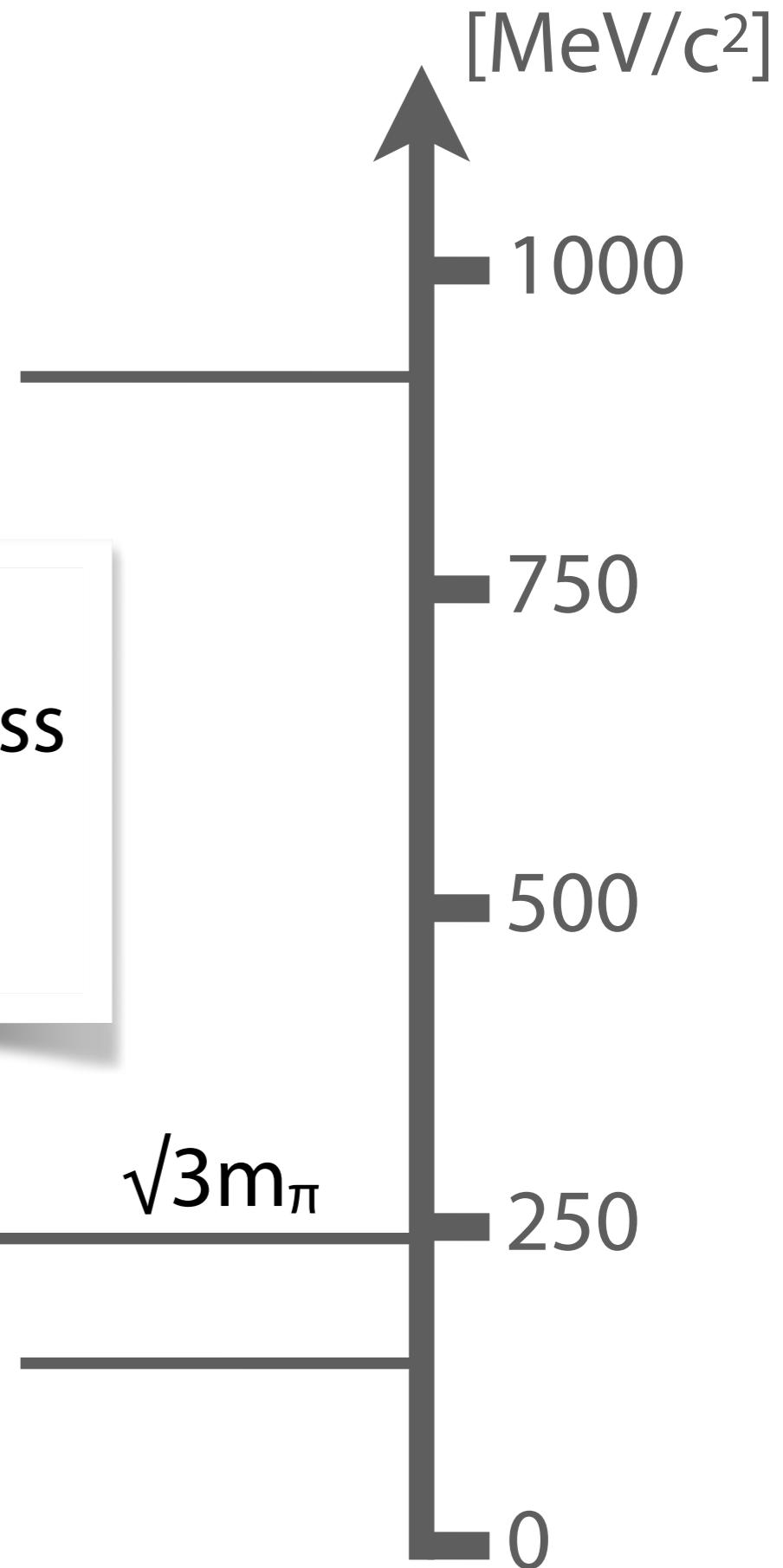


$M=958 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

η problem
Peculiarly large mass
 $m_{\eta'} \gg \sqrt{3}m_\pi$
(Weinberg, 1975)

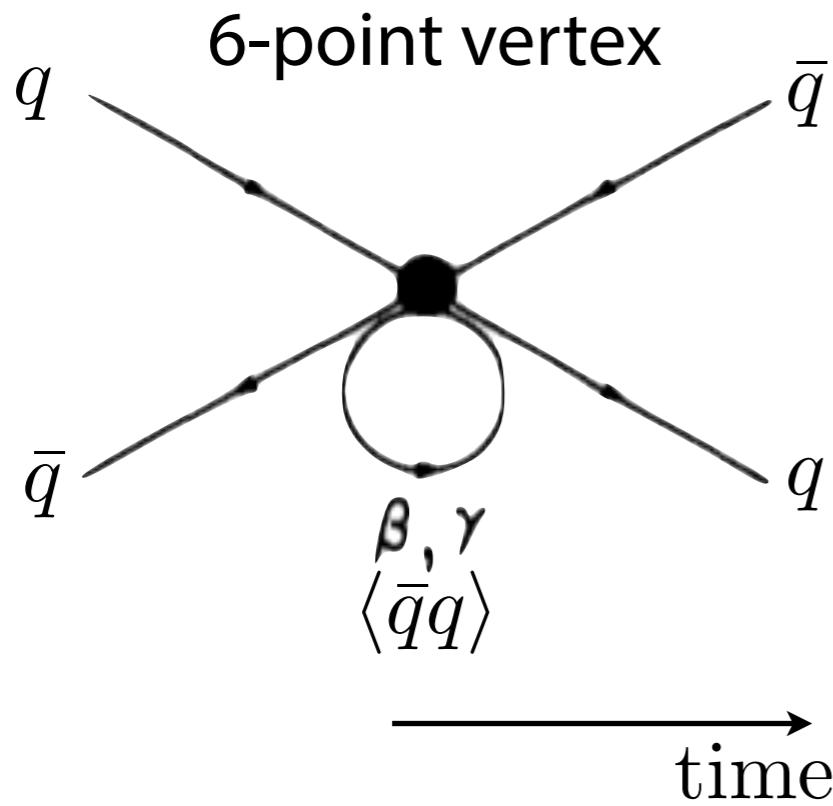


$M=140 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



$\eta' = \text{axial U(1) anomaly} \times \text{chiral condensate}$

$U_A(1)$ symmetry breaking term of effective Lagrangian



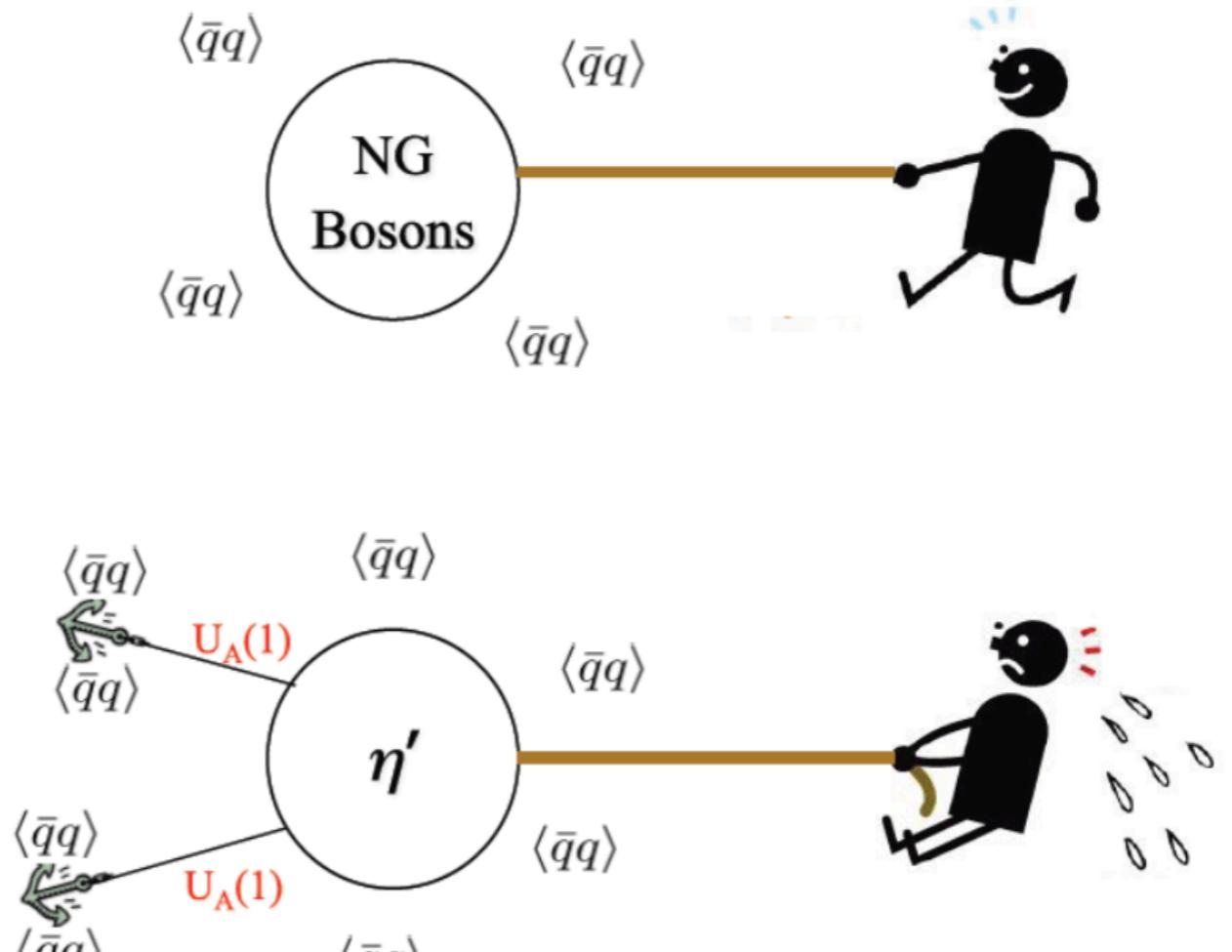
Kobayashi-Maskawa-'t Hooft interaction

Kobayashi, Maskawa, PTP44(70)1422

't Hooft, PRD14(76)3432.

T. Kunihiro, Phys. Lett. B219(89)363.

Klimt, Lutz, Vogl, Weise, NPA516(90)429.

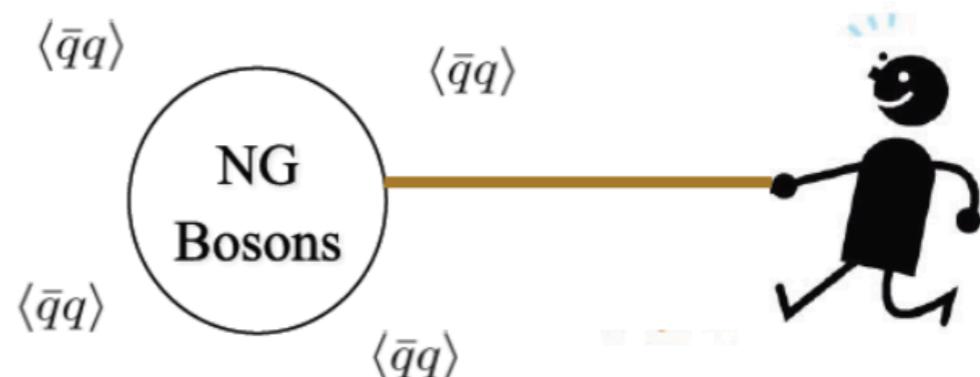


Hirenzaki

**40% reduction of $\langle qq \rangle$ leads to considerably large η' mass drop
→ Attractive potential
→ Existence of bound states**

η' = axial U(1) anomaly \times chiral condensate

$U_A(1)$ symmetry breaking term of effective Lagrangian



η' -mesic nuclei will give us a hint of understanding the structure of the vacuum

Kobayashi-Maskawa-'t Hooft interaction

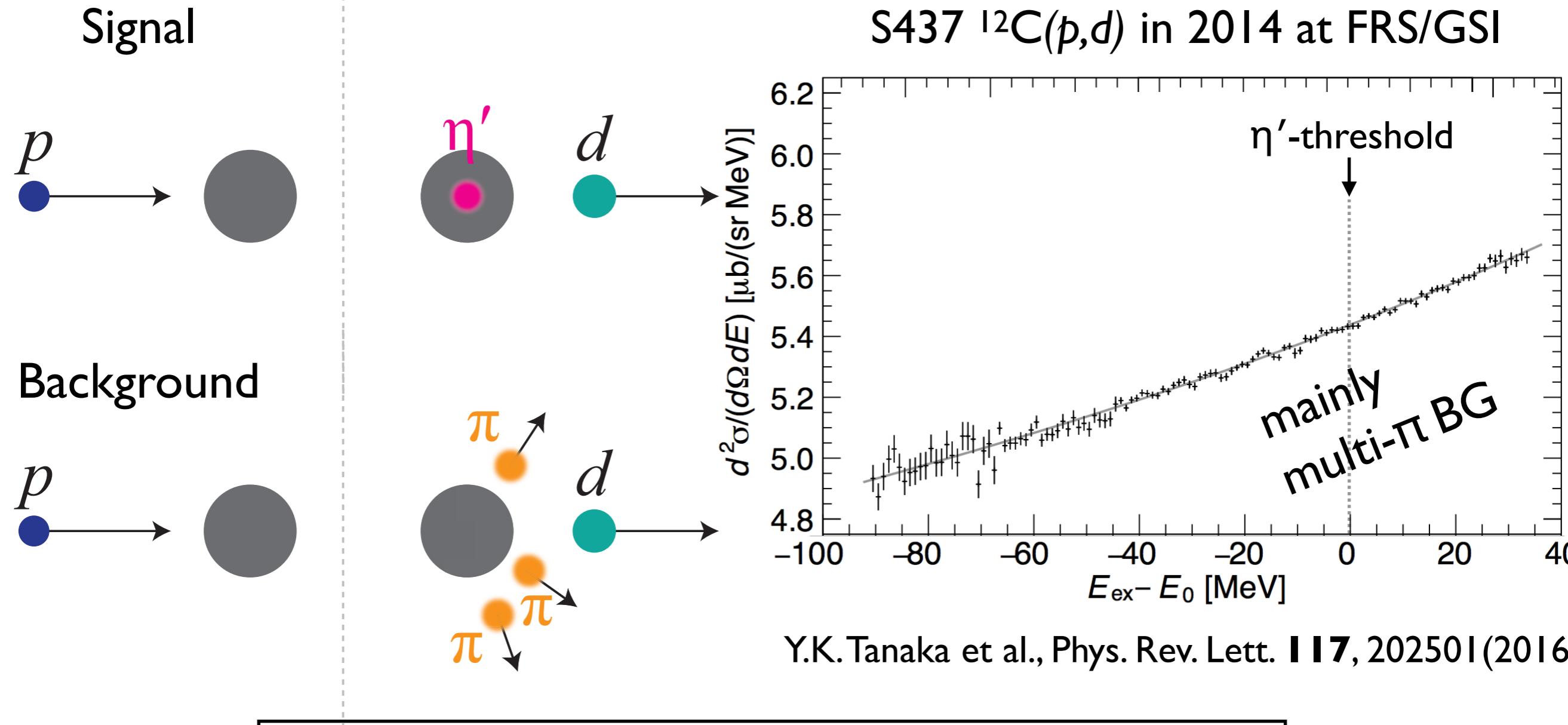
Kobayashi, Maskawa, PTP44(70)1422
‘t Hooft, PRD14(76)3432.
T. Kunihiro, Phys. Lett. B219(89)363.
Klimt, Lutz, Vogl, Weise, NPA516(90)429

$\langle \bar{q}q \rangle$ $\langle \bar{q}q \rangle$ $U_A(1)$ $\langle \bar{q}q \rangle$

40% reduction of $\langle qq \rangle$ leads to considerably large η' mass drop

- Attractive potential
- Existence of bound states

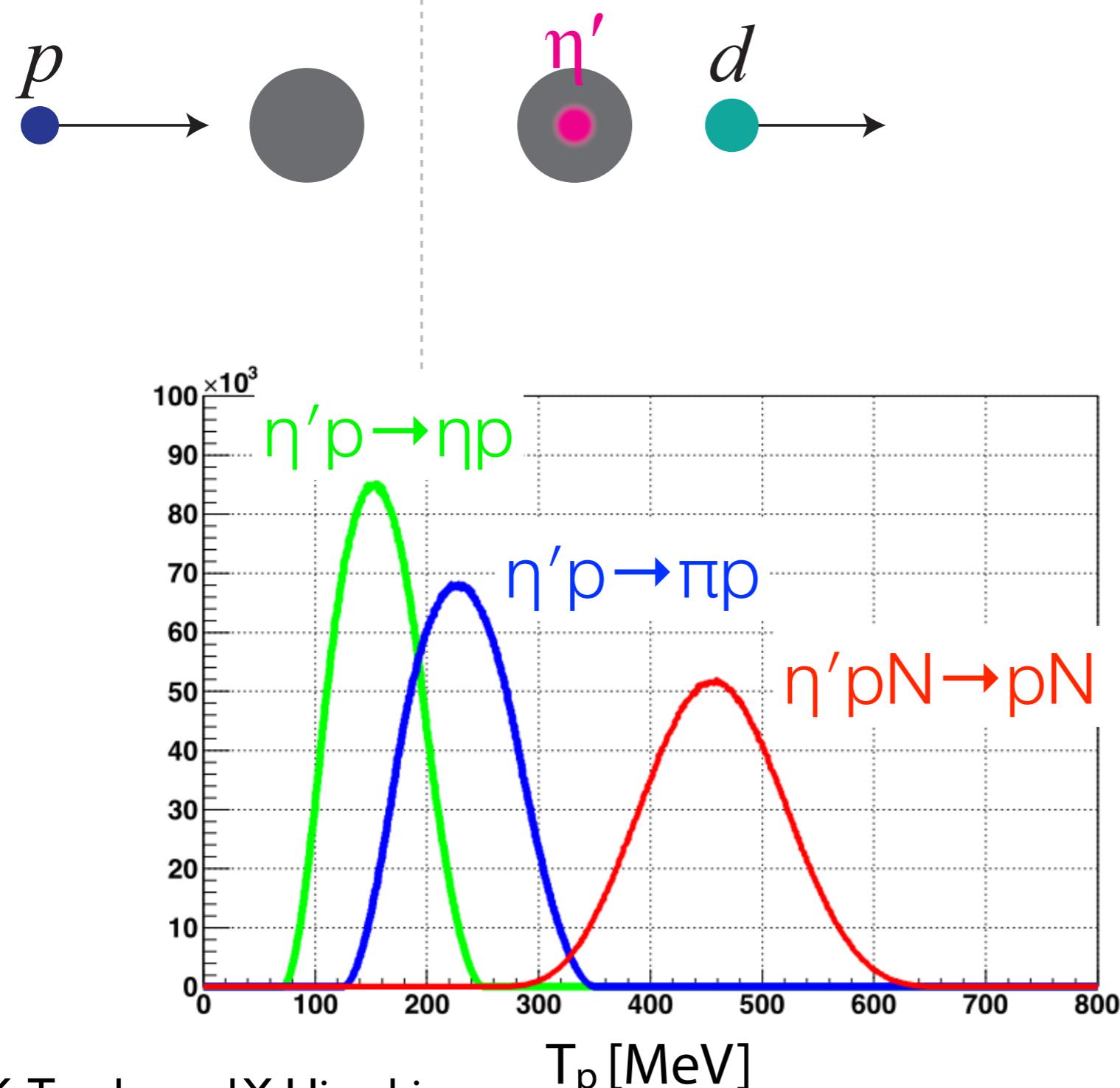
Step1: Missing-mass of (p,d) **inclusive** measurement



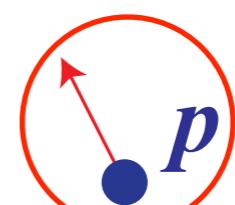
We achieved extremely high statistical sensitivity demonstrating very good performance of FRS. But, no peak was observed. Major BG=multi π . S/BG cross sections must be $\sim 1/100$

Step 2: Semi-exclusive measurement of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{dp})$ reaction (GSI-S490, 2022)

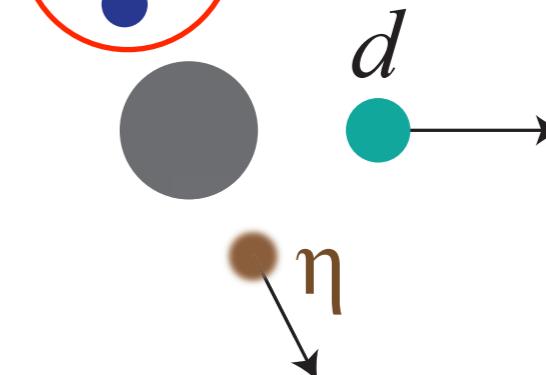
Signal



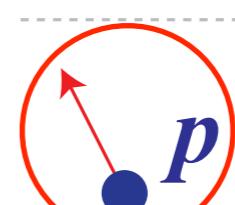
3 major decay modes of η' -mesic nuclei



$\eta'\text{p} \rightarrow \text{np}$



$\eta'\text{N} \rightarrow \pi\text{p}$



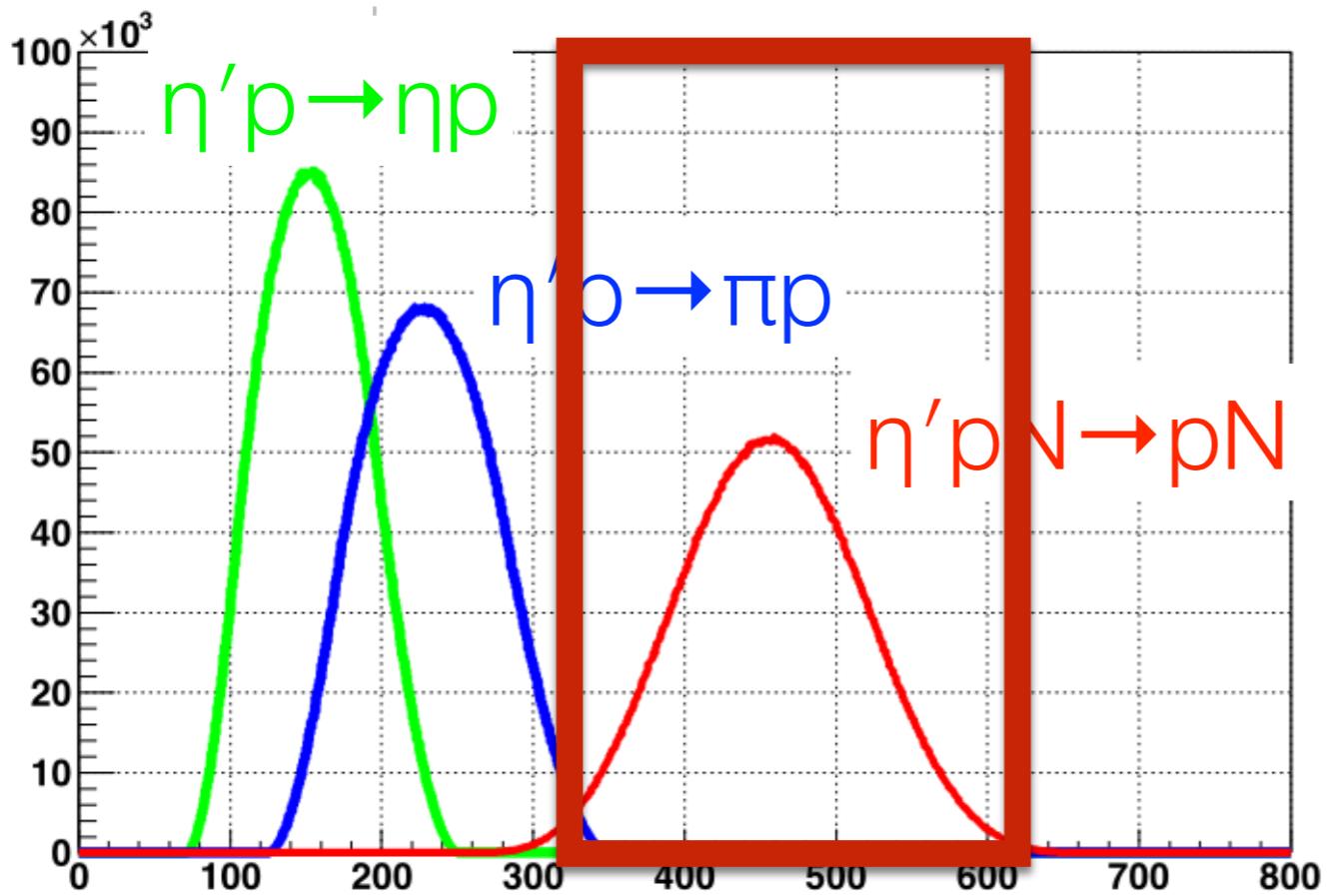
$\eta'\text{pN} \rightarrow \text{pN}$

Other candidate channels: ωp or $\text{K}\Lambda$

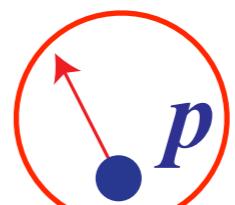
Step 2: Semi-exclusive measurement of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{dp})$ reaction (GSI-S490, 2022)

p

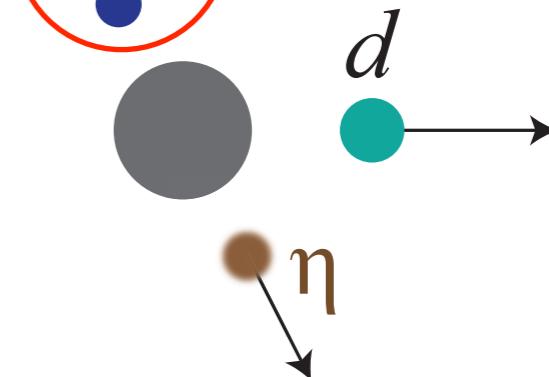
Detect p (300-600 MeV) emitted in the decay of η' -nuclei for semi-exclusive measurement.
f ~ 100 improvement in S/BG



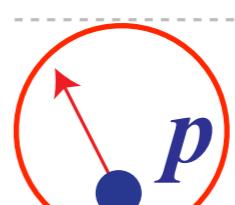
3 major decay modes of η' -mesic nuclei



$\eta'p \rightarrow np$



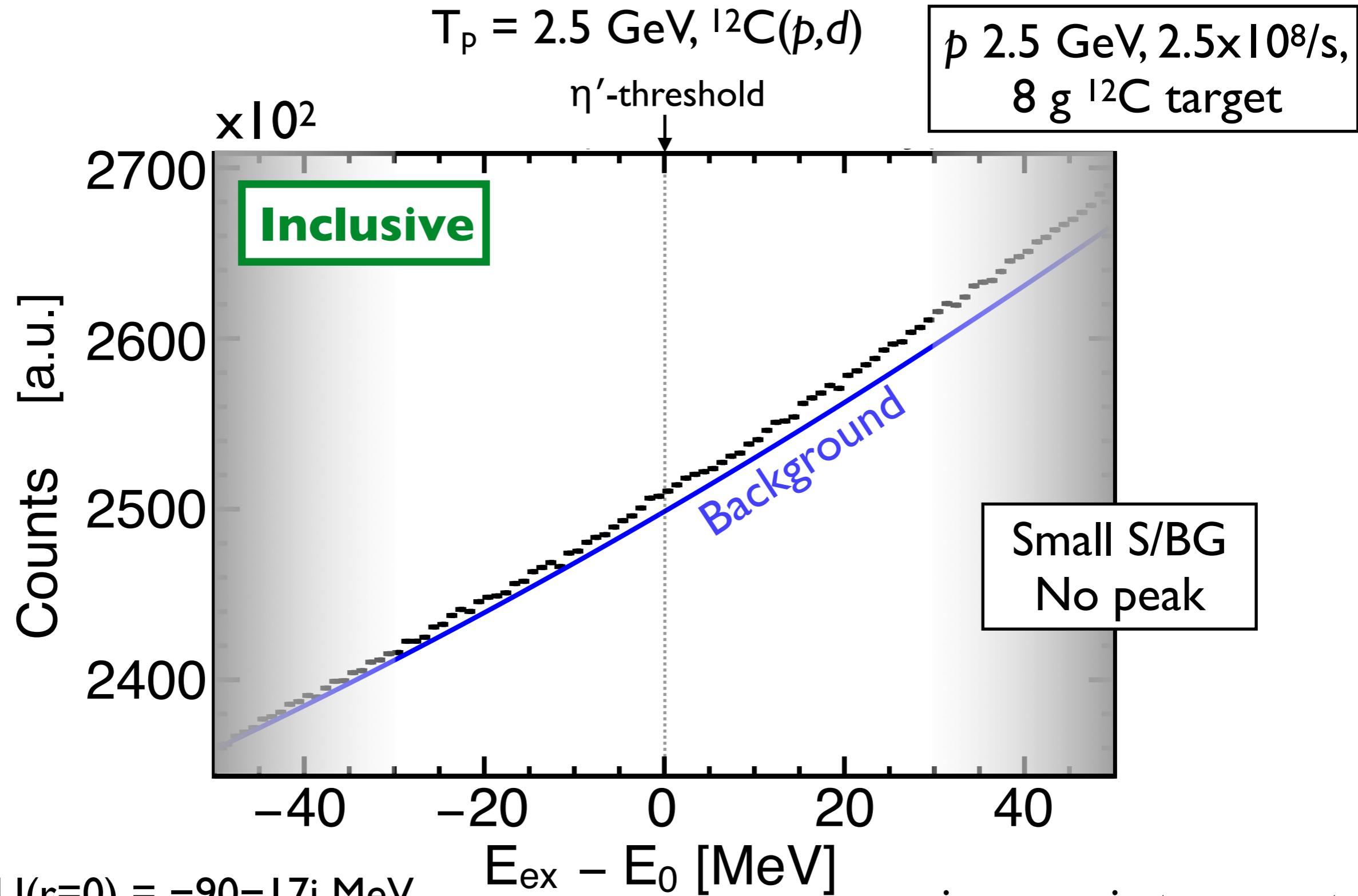
$\eta'N \rightarrow \pi p$



$\eta'pN \rightarrow pN$

S490- η'

Expected spectrum in 4 days of DAQ at FRS



$$U(r=0) = -90 - 17i \text{ MeV}$$

microscopic transport
simulation

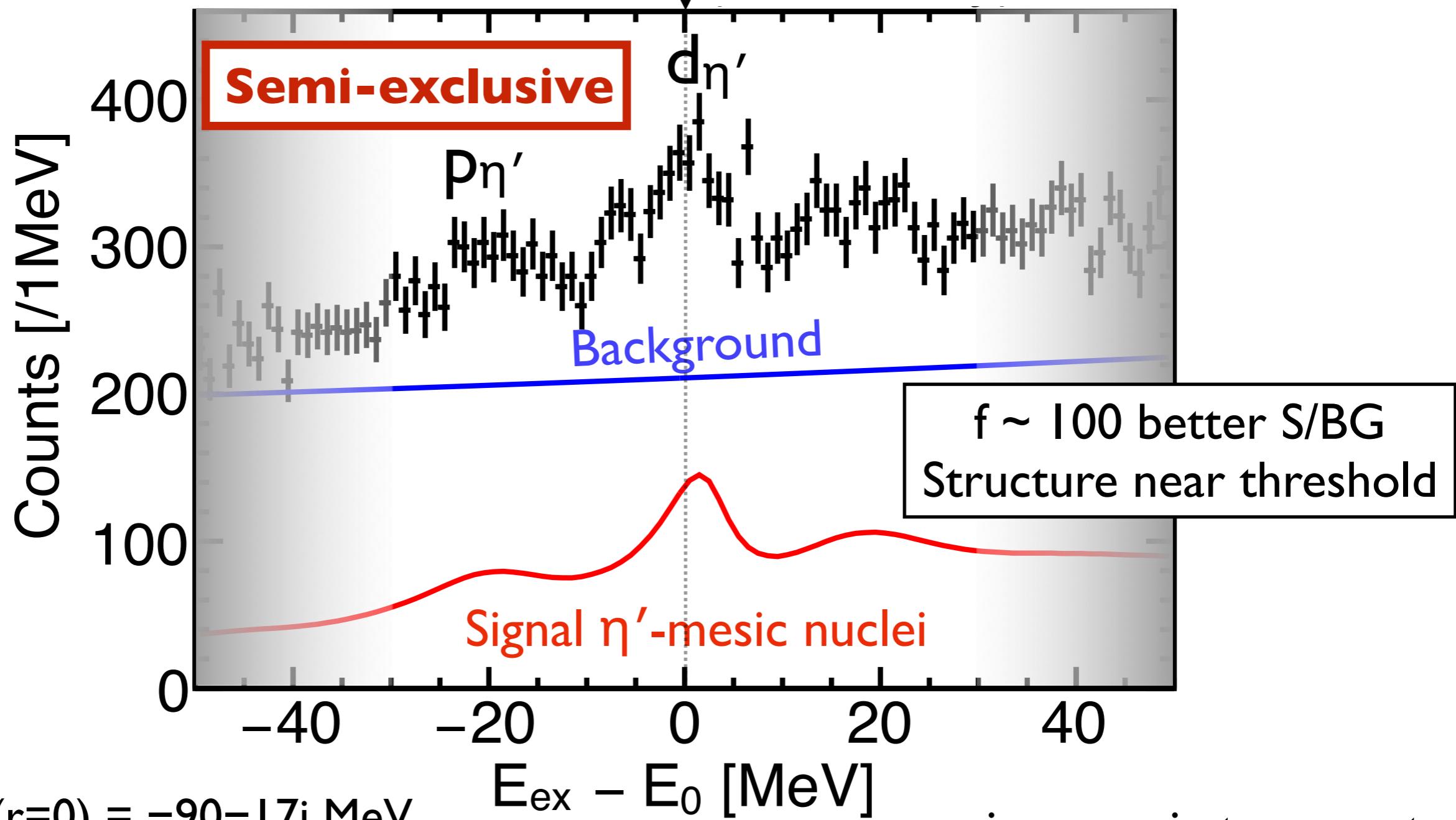
S490- η'

Expected spectrum in 4 days of DAQ at FRS

$T_p = 2.5 \text{ GeV}, {}^{12}\text{C}(p, dp)$

η' -threshold

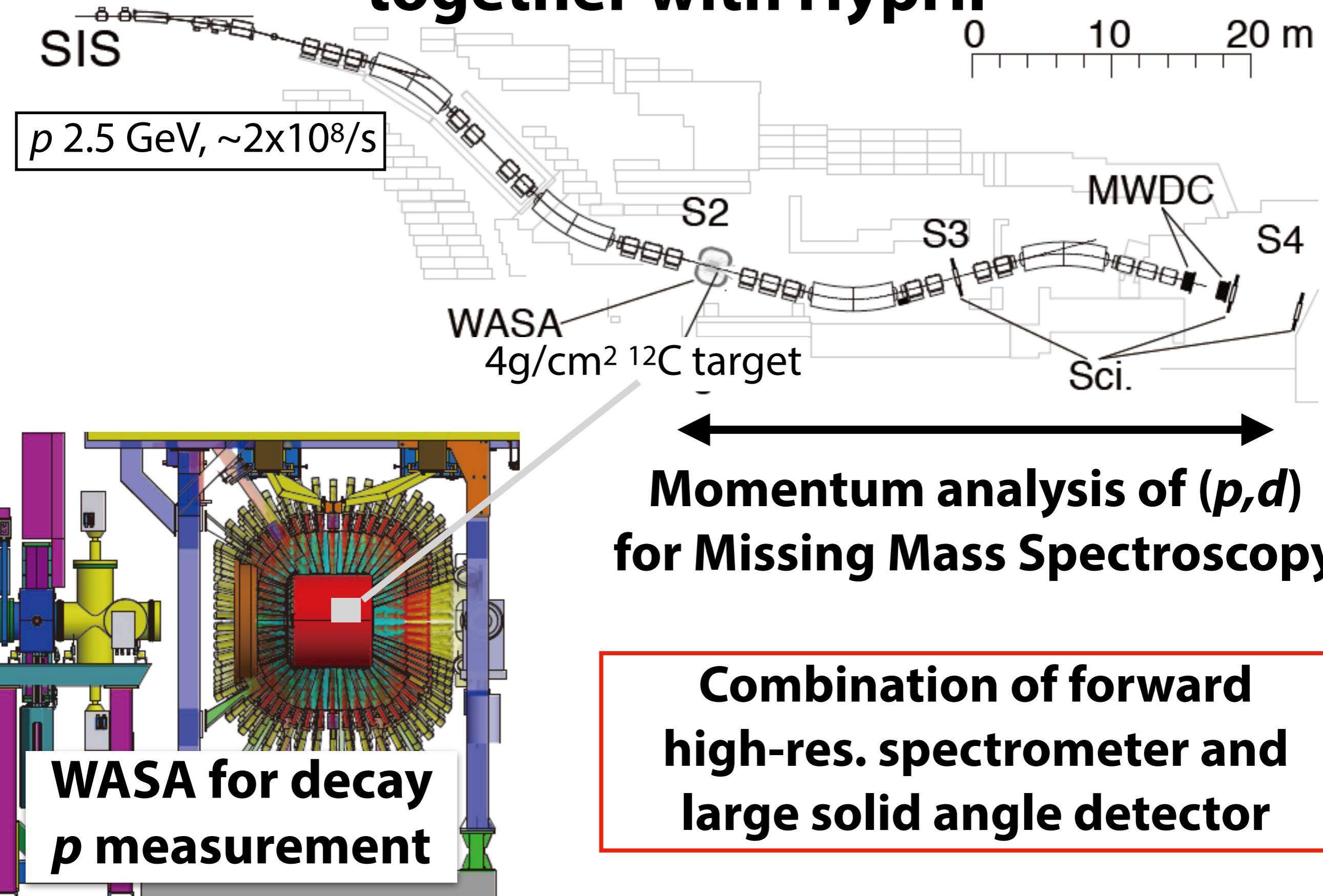
$p = 2.5 \text{ GeV}, 2.5 \times 10^8/\text{s},$
 $8 \text{ g } {}^{12}\text{C target}$



$$U(r=0) = -90 - 17i \text{ MeV}$$

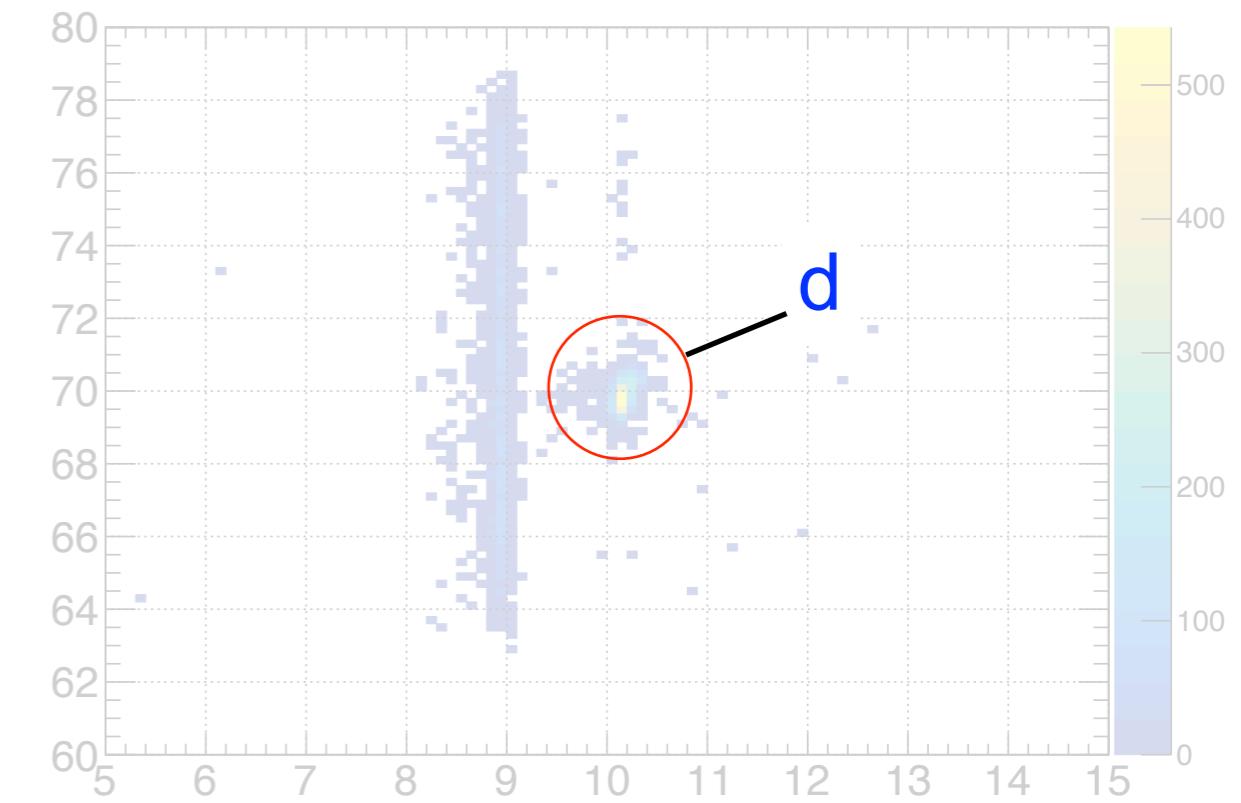
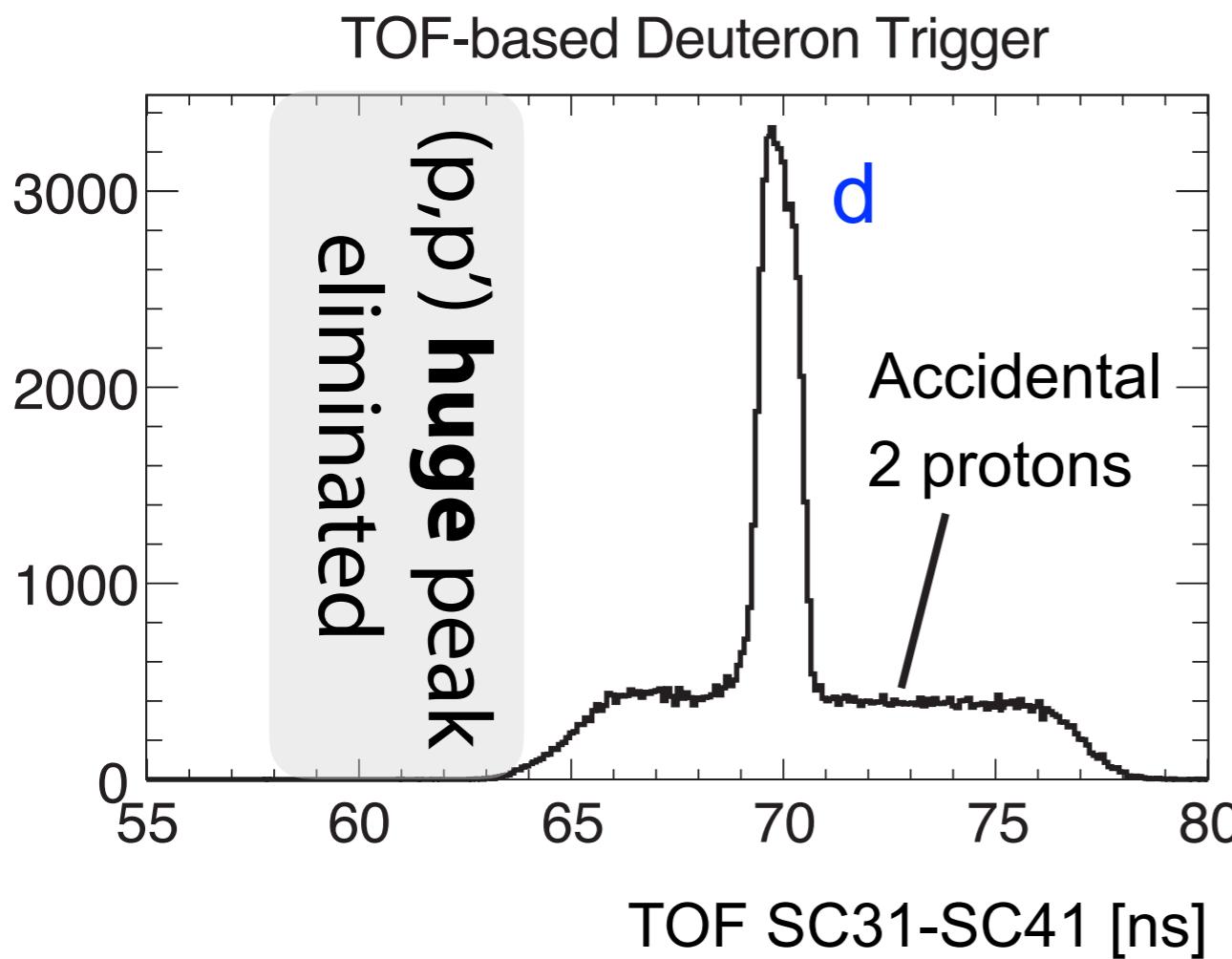
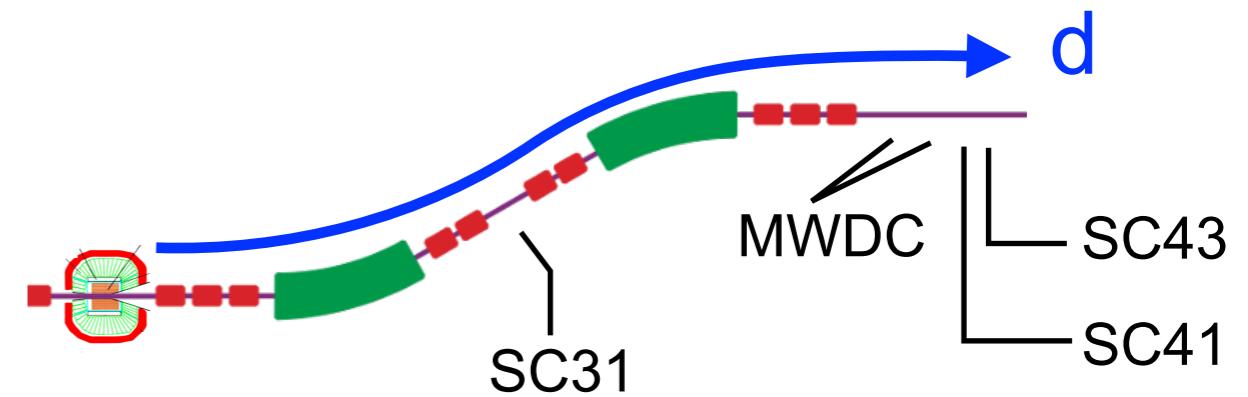
microscopic transport
simulation

Experimental setup : $^{12}\text{C}(p,dp)$ in Feb. 2022 together with HypHI



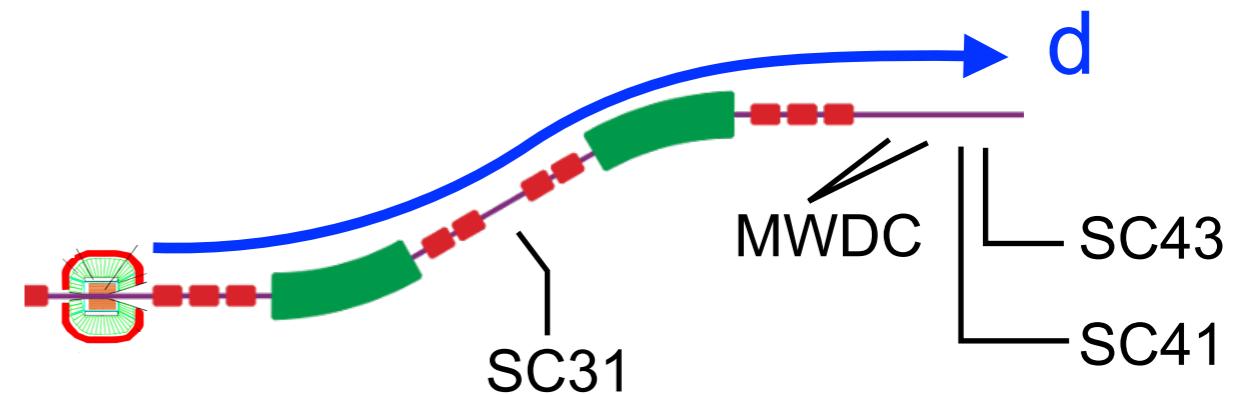
FRS S2-S4 PID Analysis

p/d ratio at S4 > 1000
SC31-SC41 TOF trigger
→ p/d ratio ~10

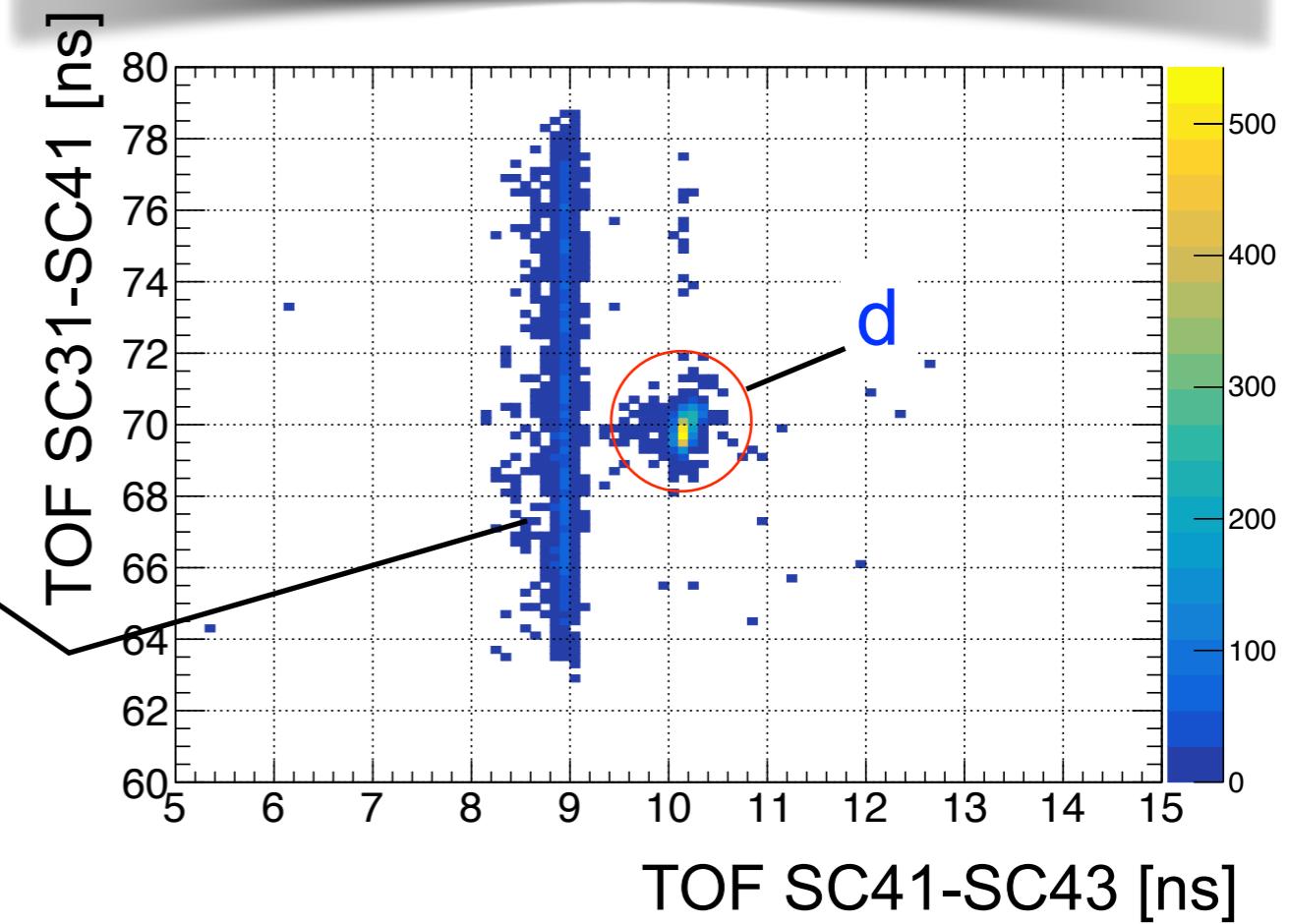
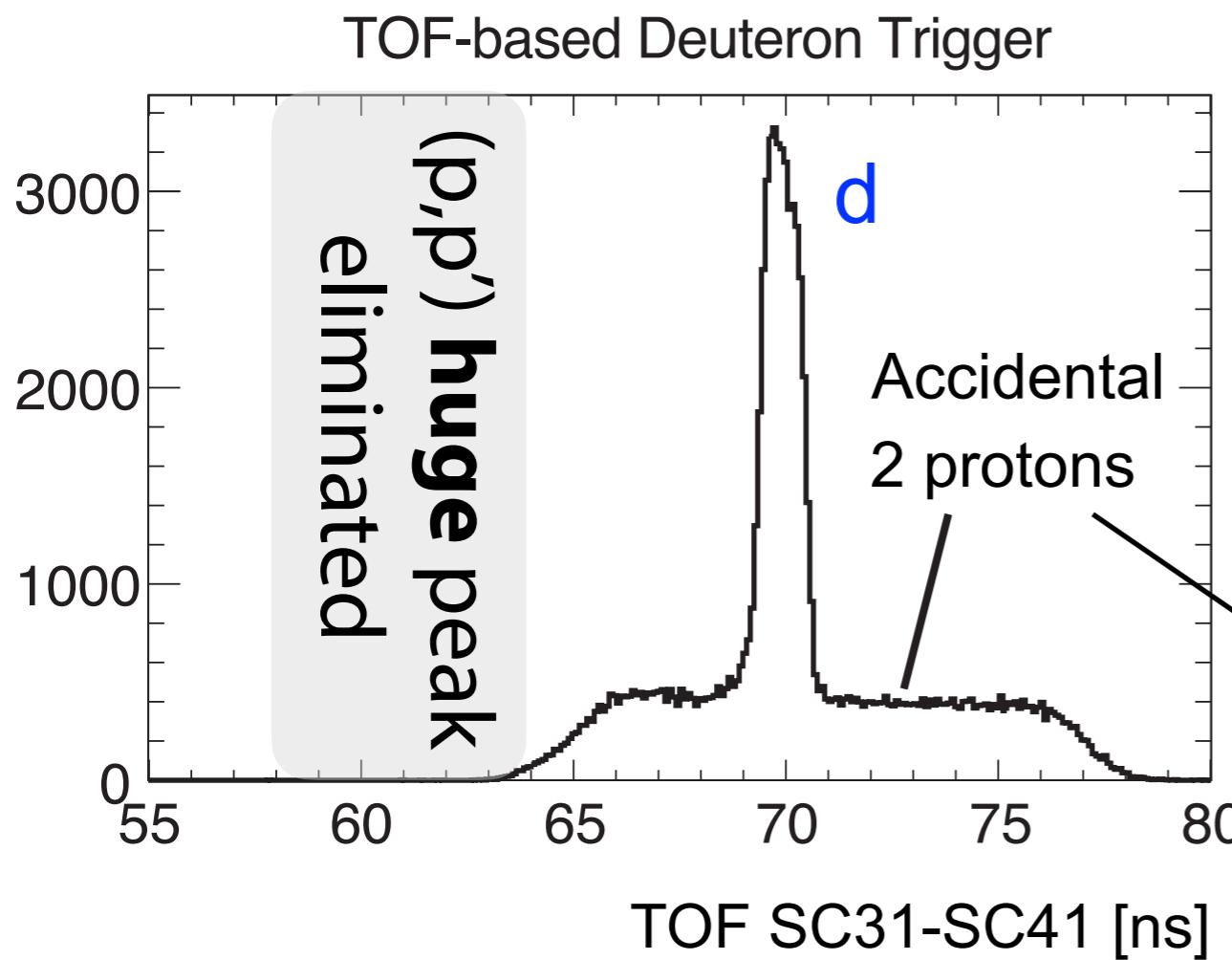


FRS S2-S4 PID Analysis

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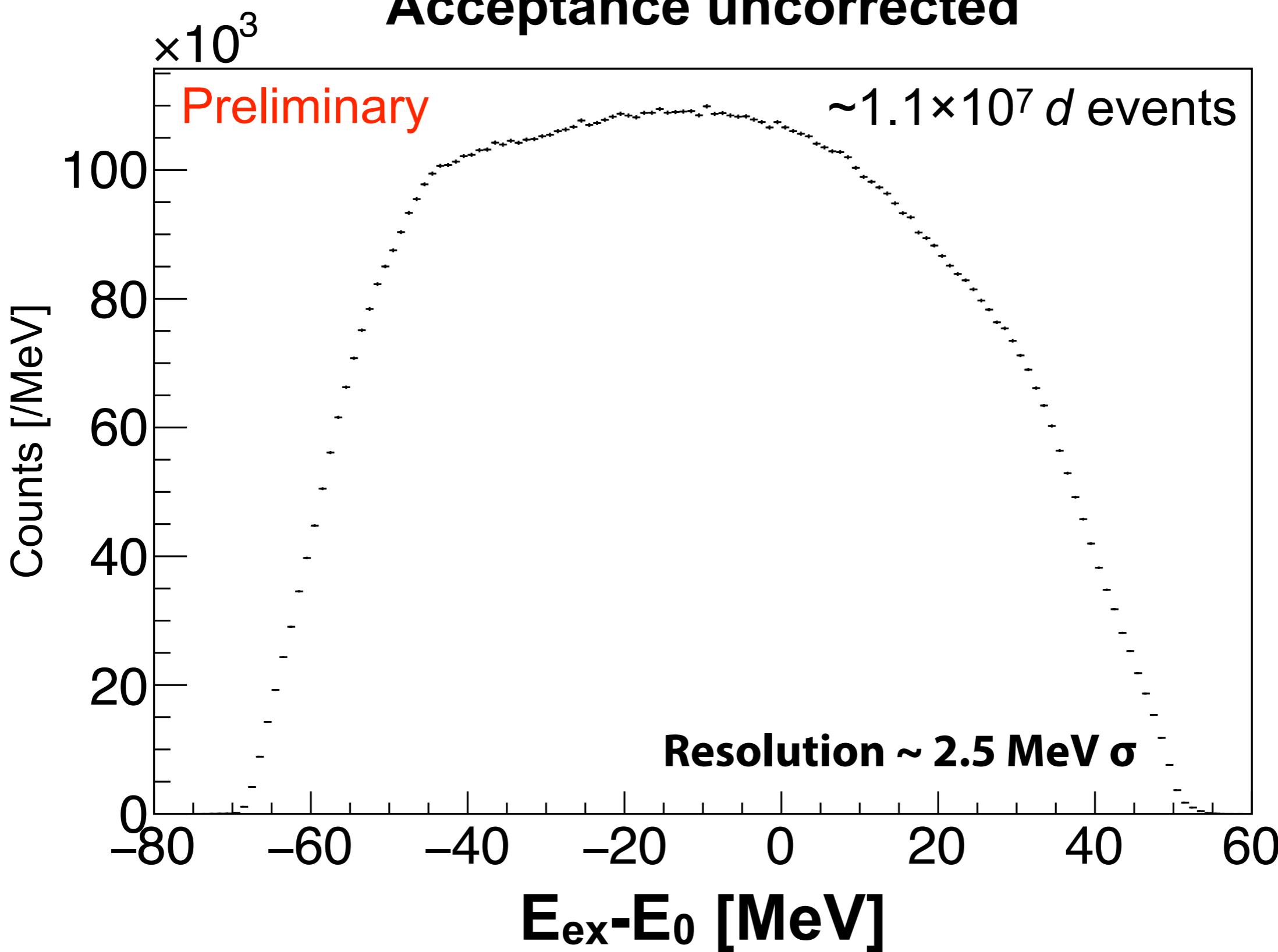
SC31-SC41-SC43 TOF
made perfect offline PID



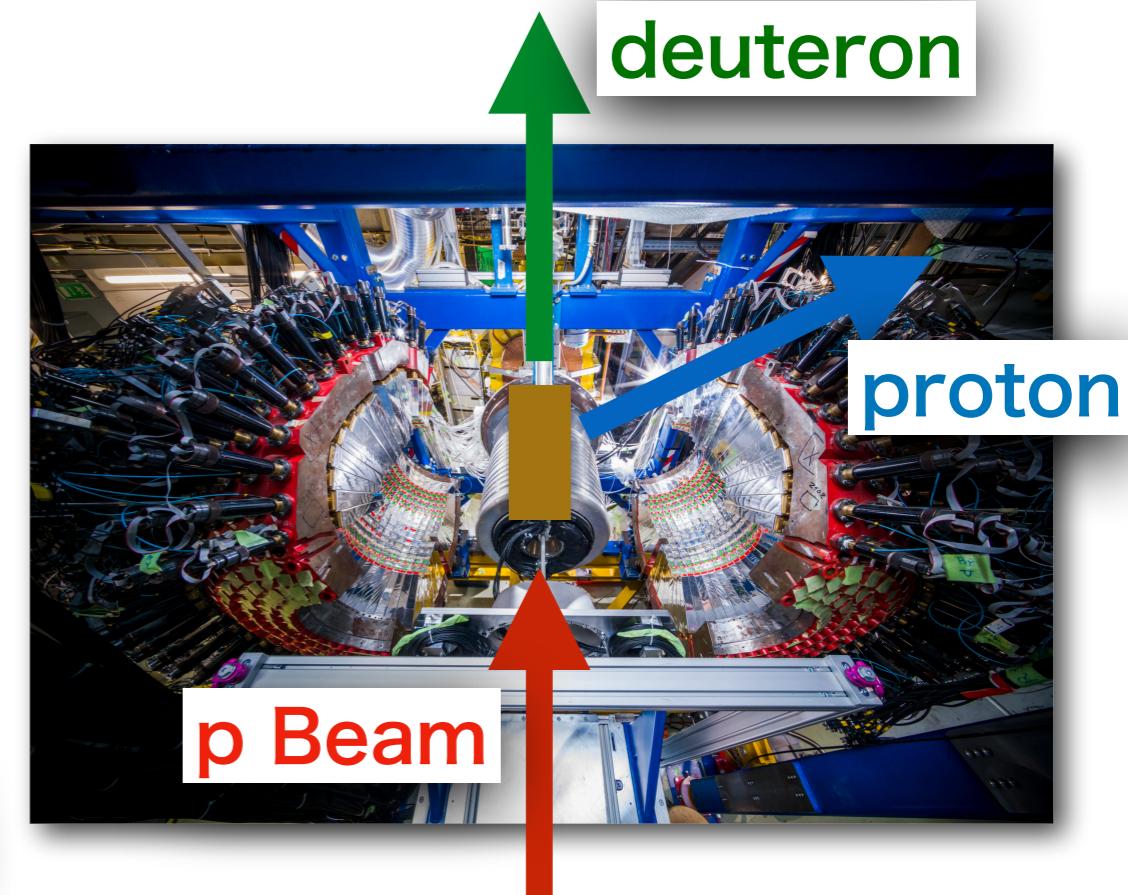
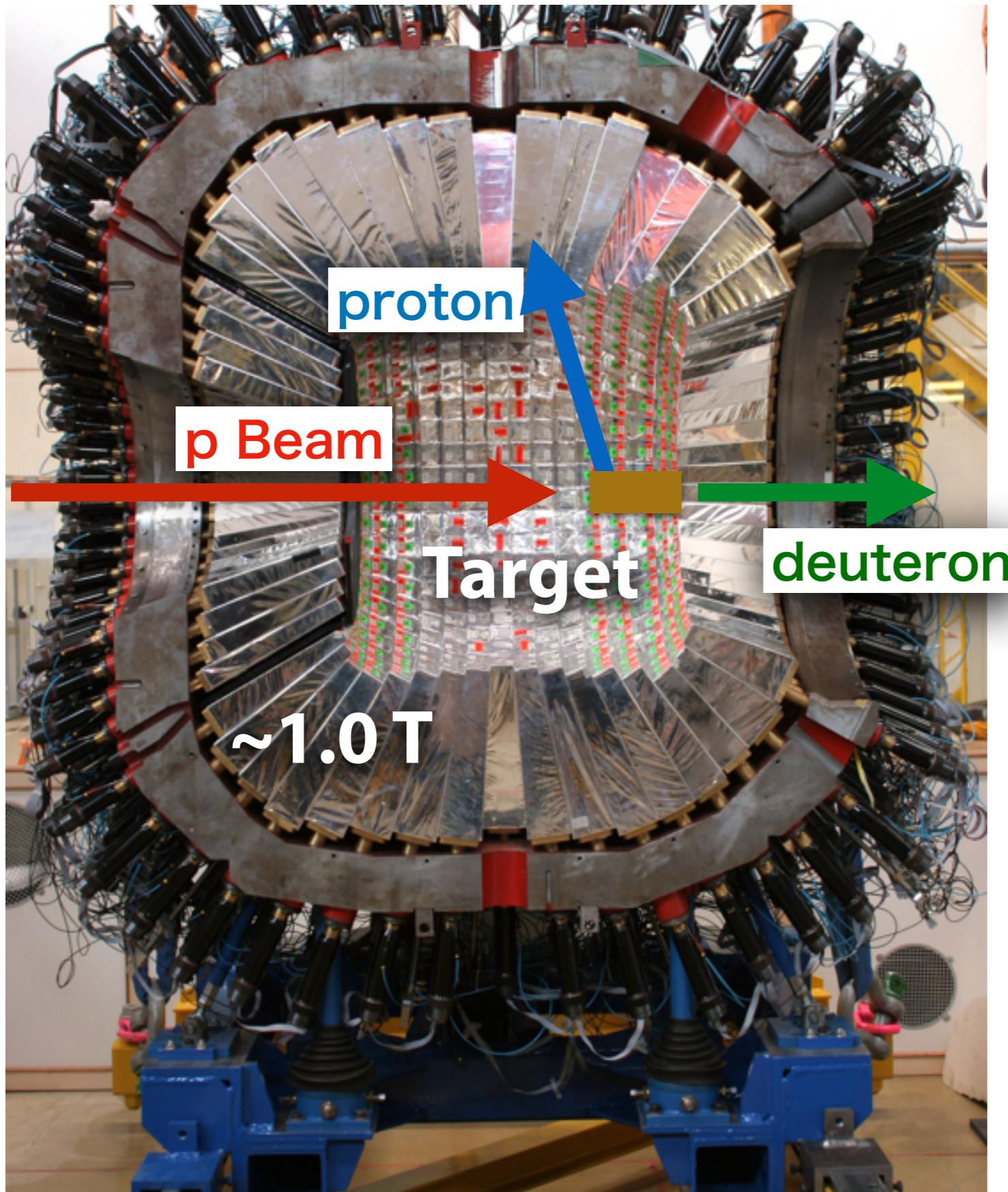
Inclusive Spectrum at S4

comparable to S437

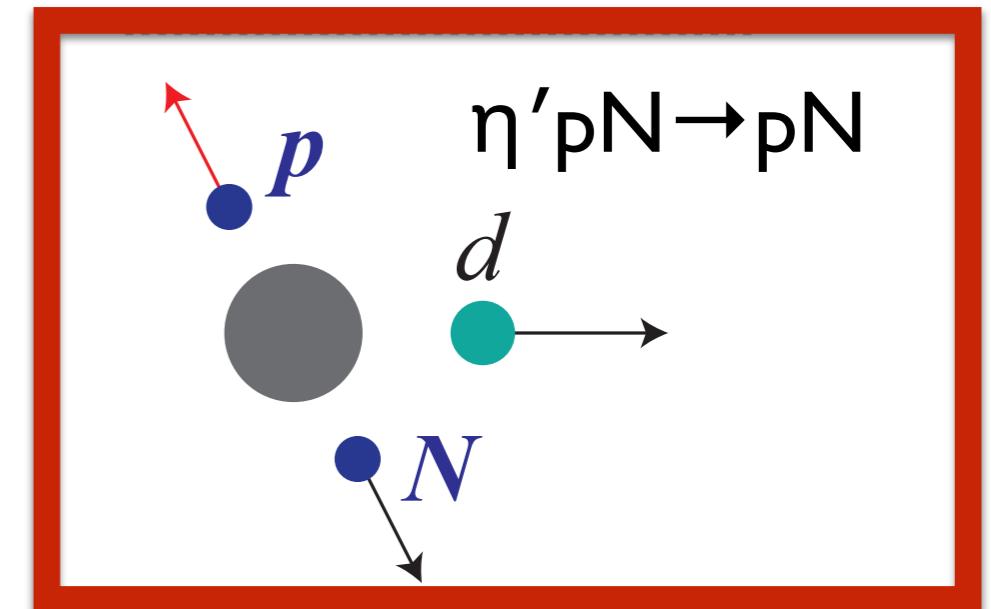
Acceptance uncorrected



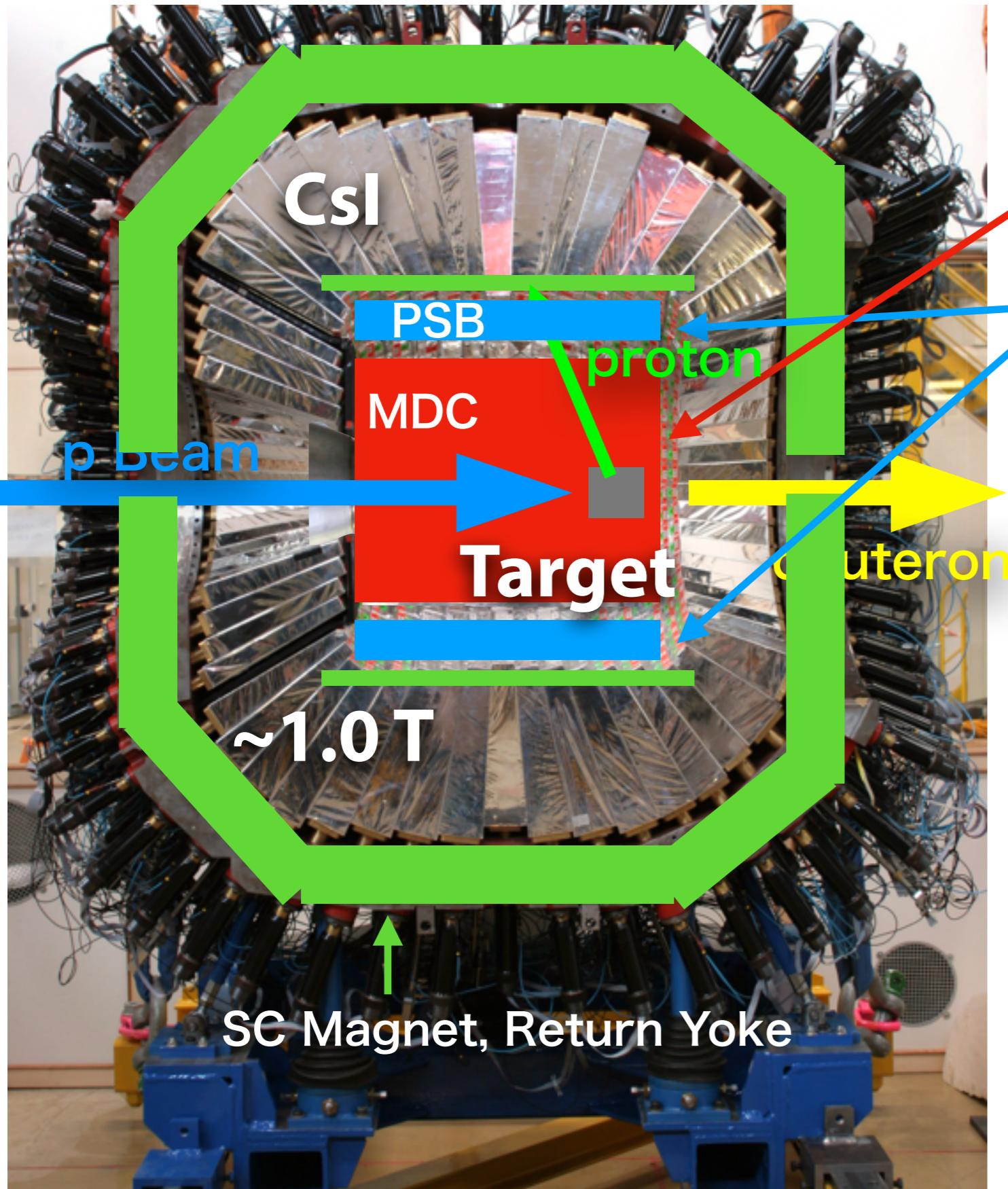
Detectors in WASA



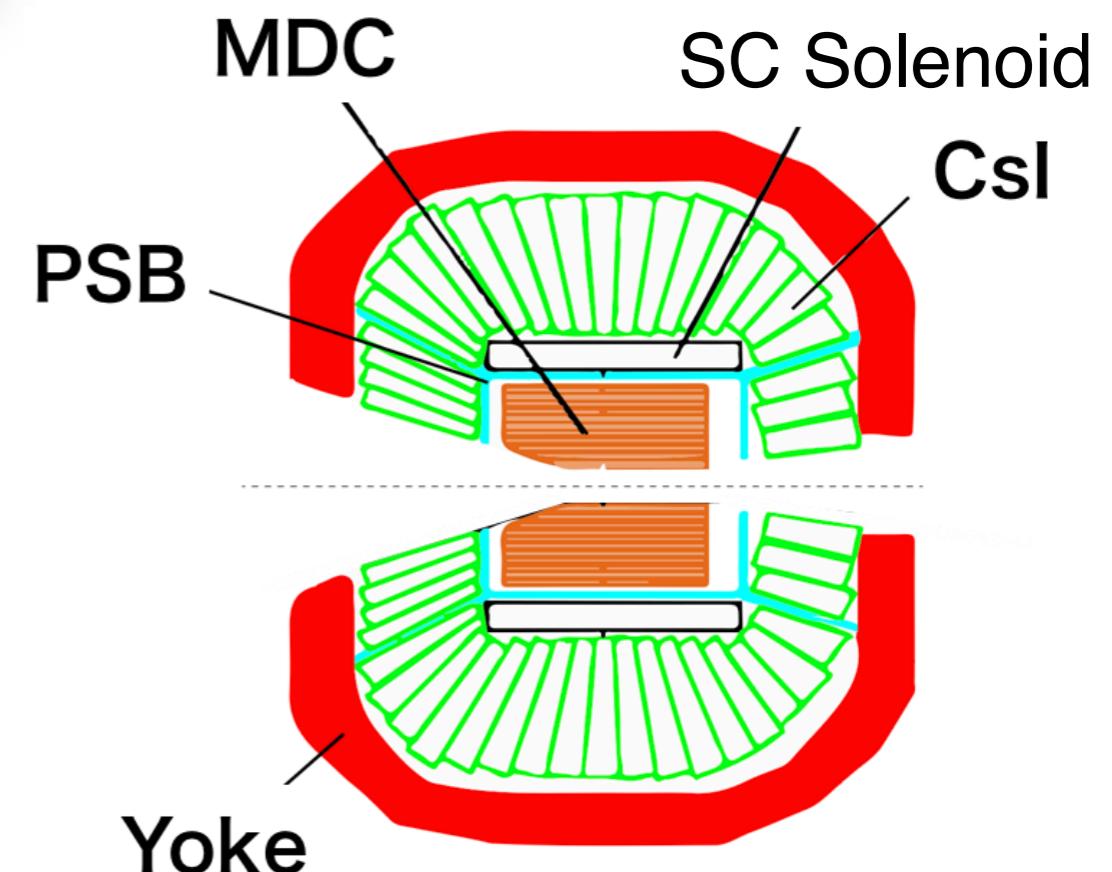
High energy proton tagging
in coincidence with **forward d**



Detectors in WASA

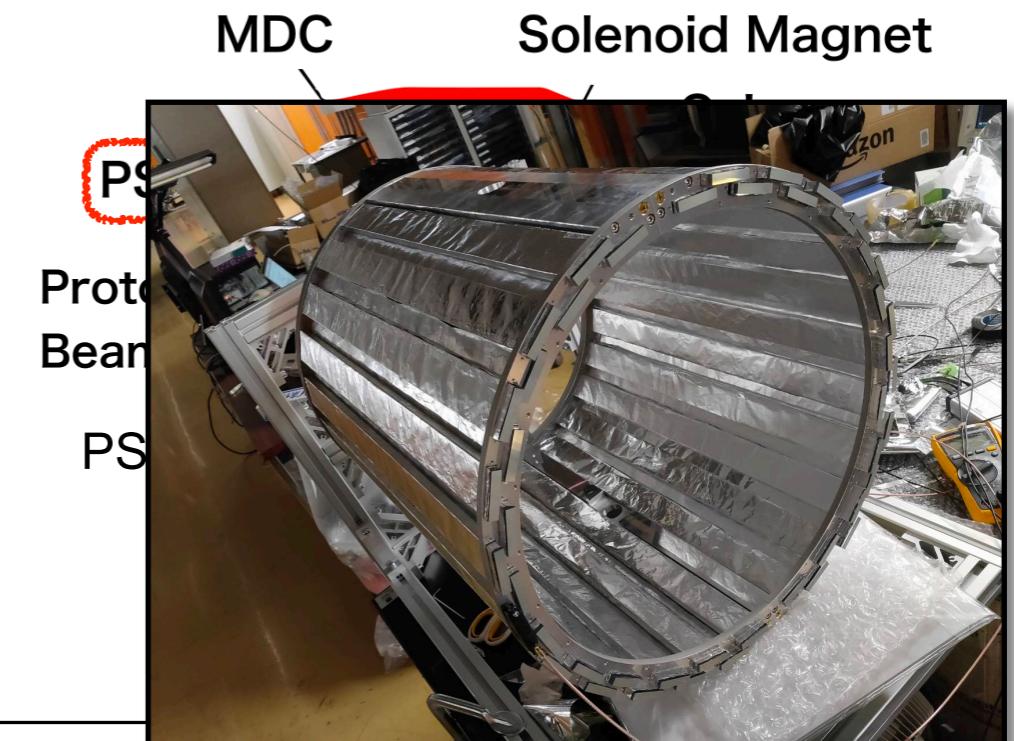
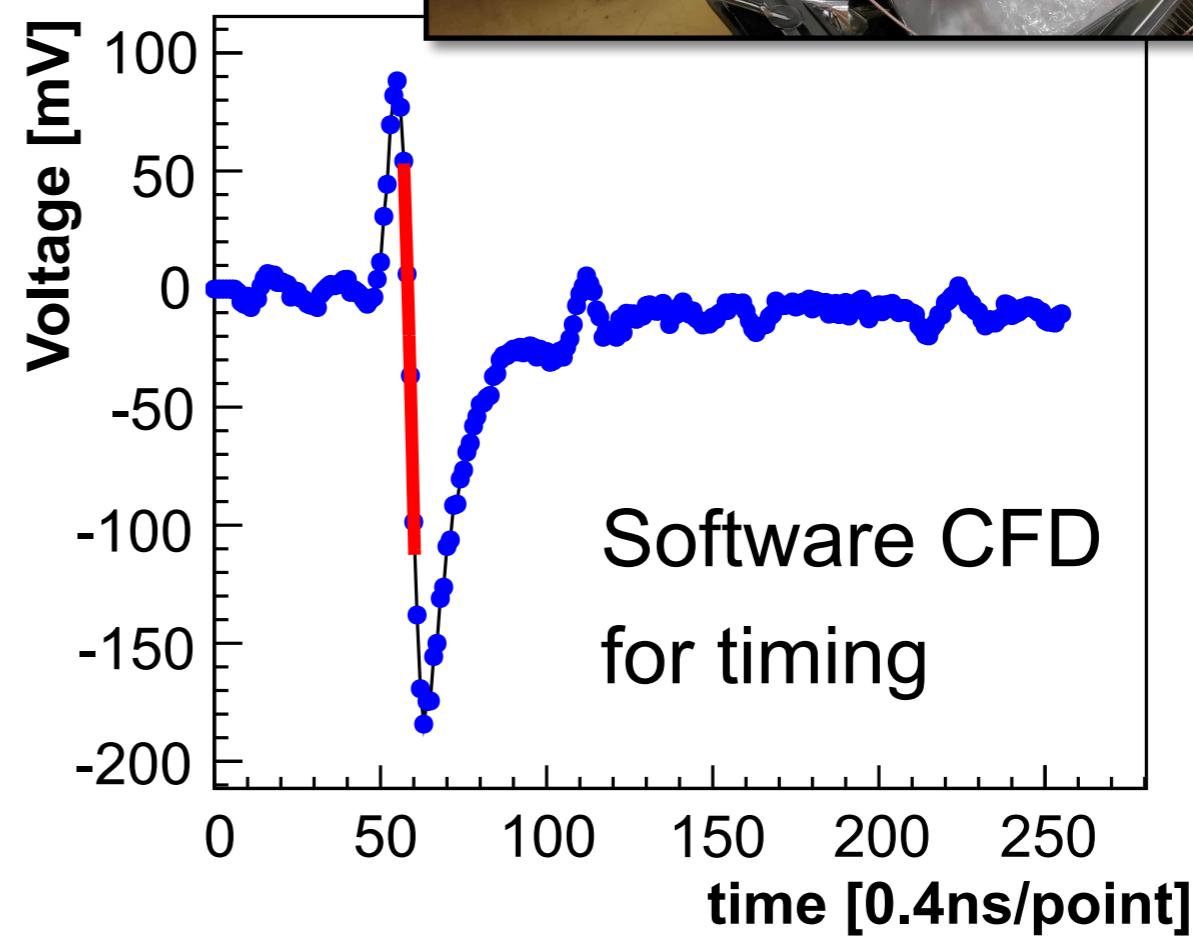
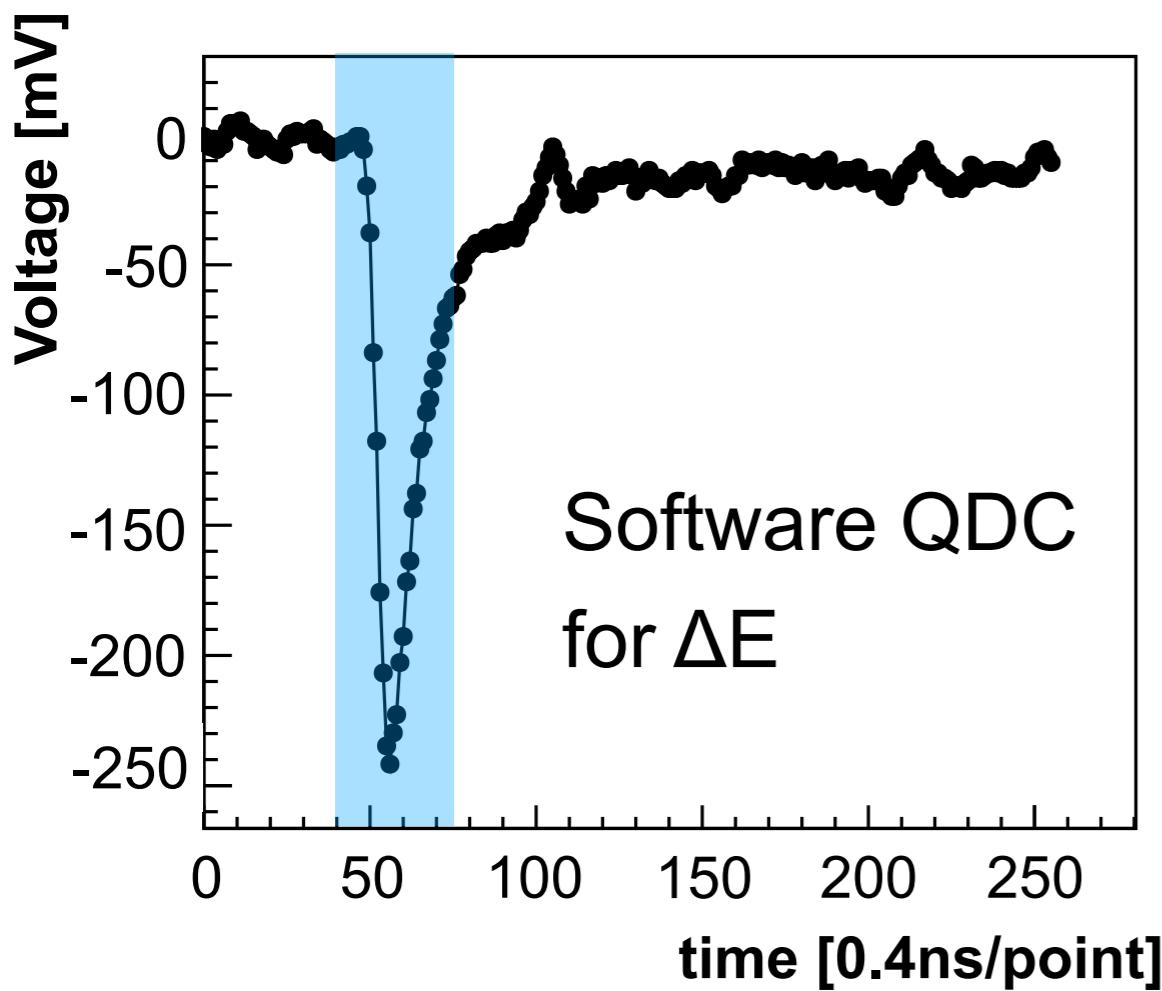


- MDC (Mini Drift Chamber)
Charged particle tracking
- PSB (Plastic Scintillator Barrel)
 ΔE + Timing measurement
- CsI
 γ detection for calibration



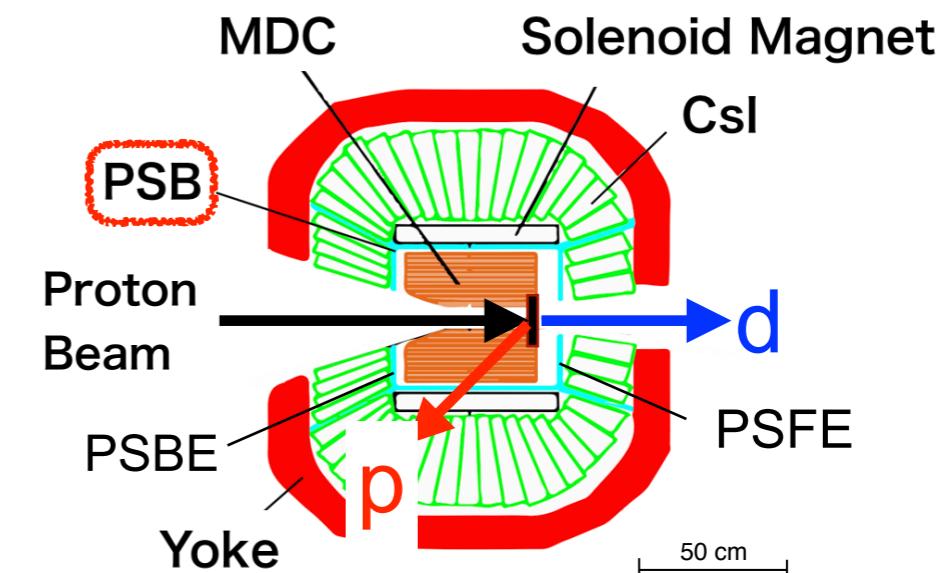
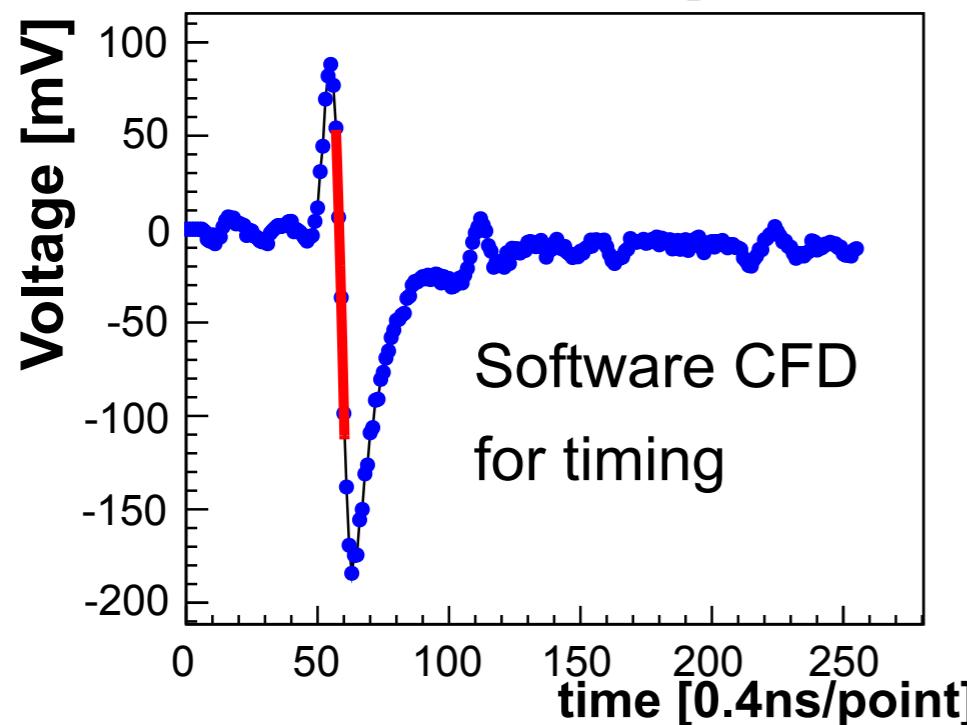
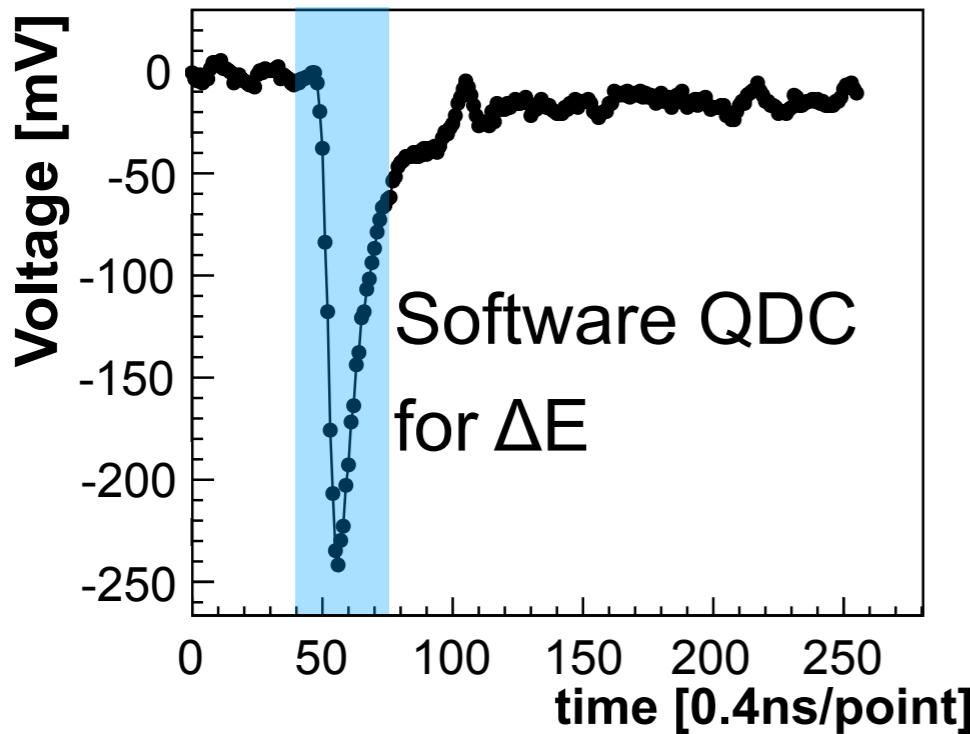
WASA detectors analysis (PSB waveform)

- PSB analysis for ΔE and hit timing.
 - Analyzed 2.5 GHz waveform data.



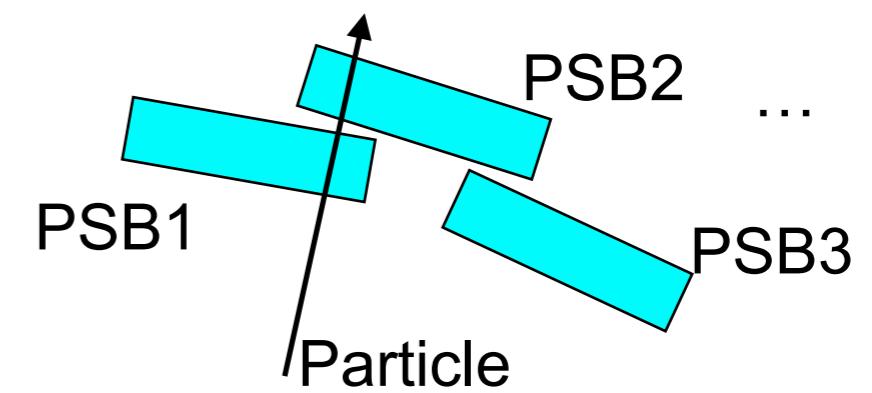
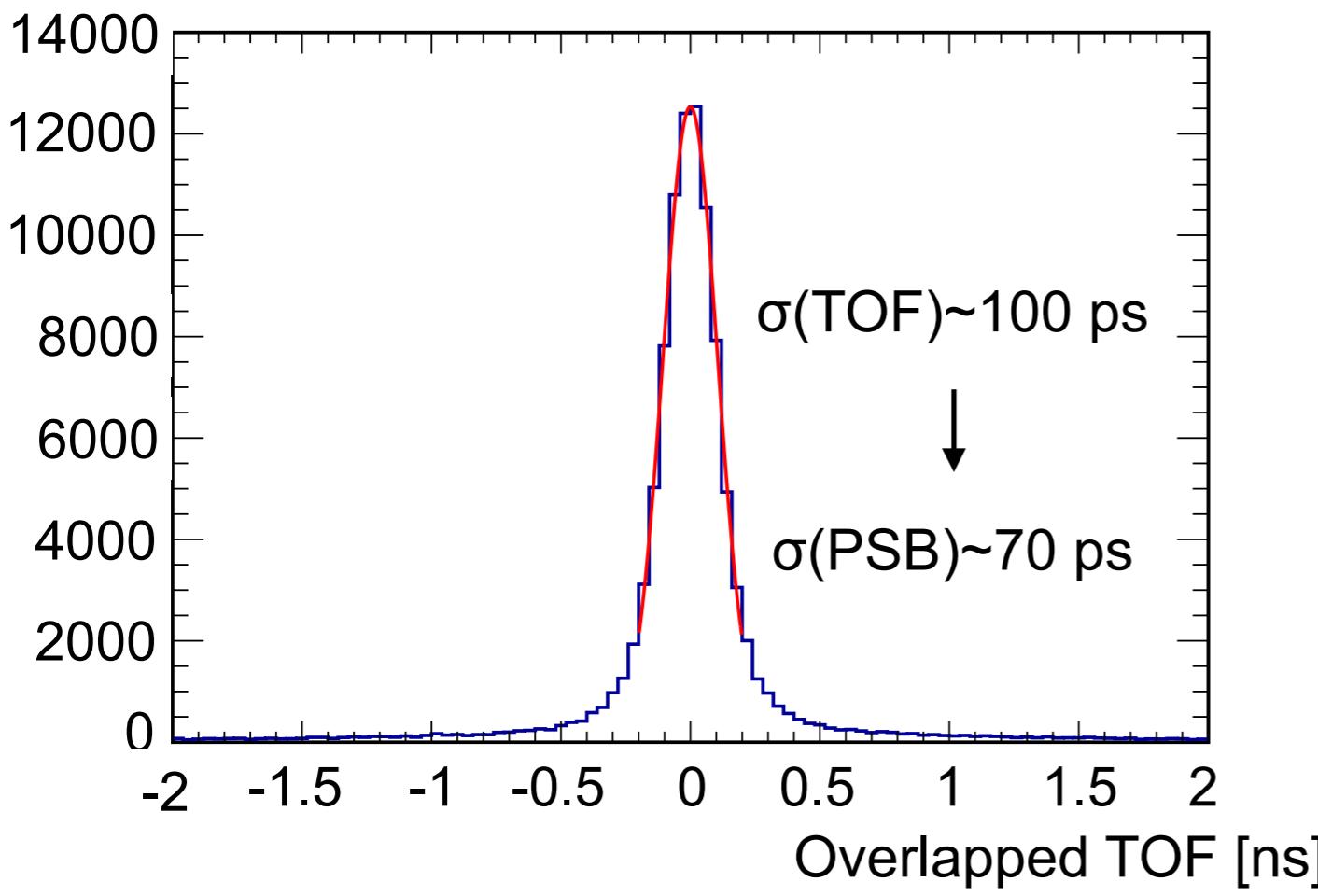
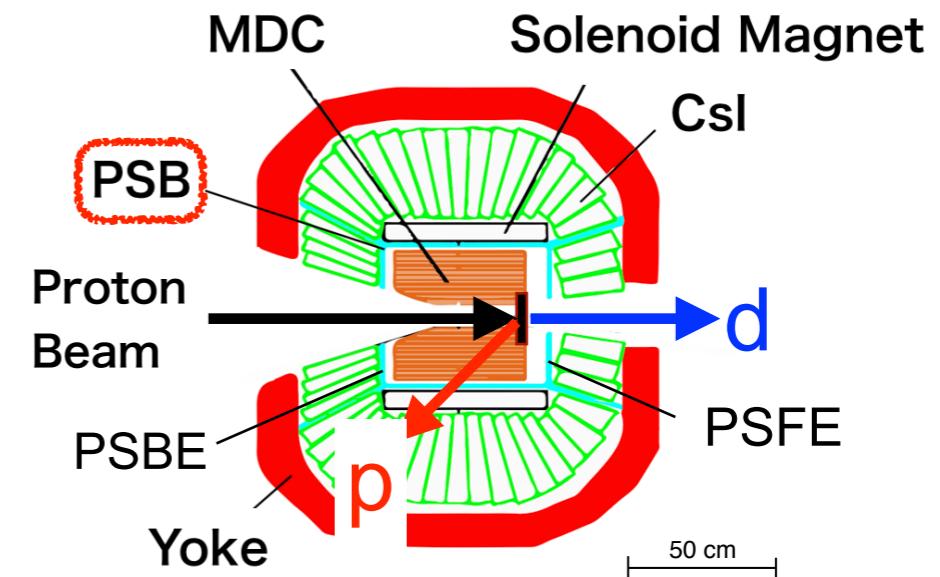
WASA detectors analysis (PSB waveform)

- PSB analysis for ΔE and hit timing.
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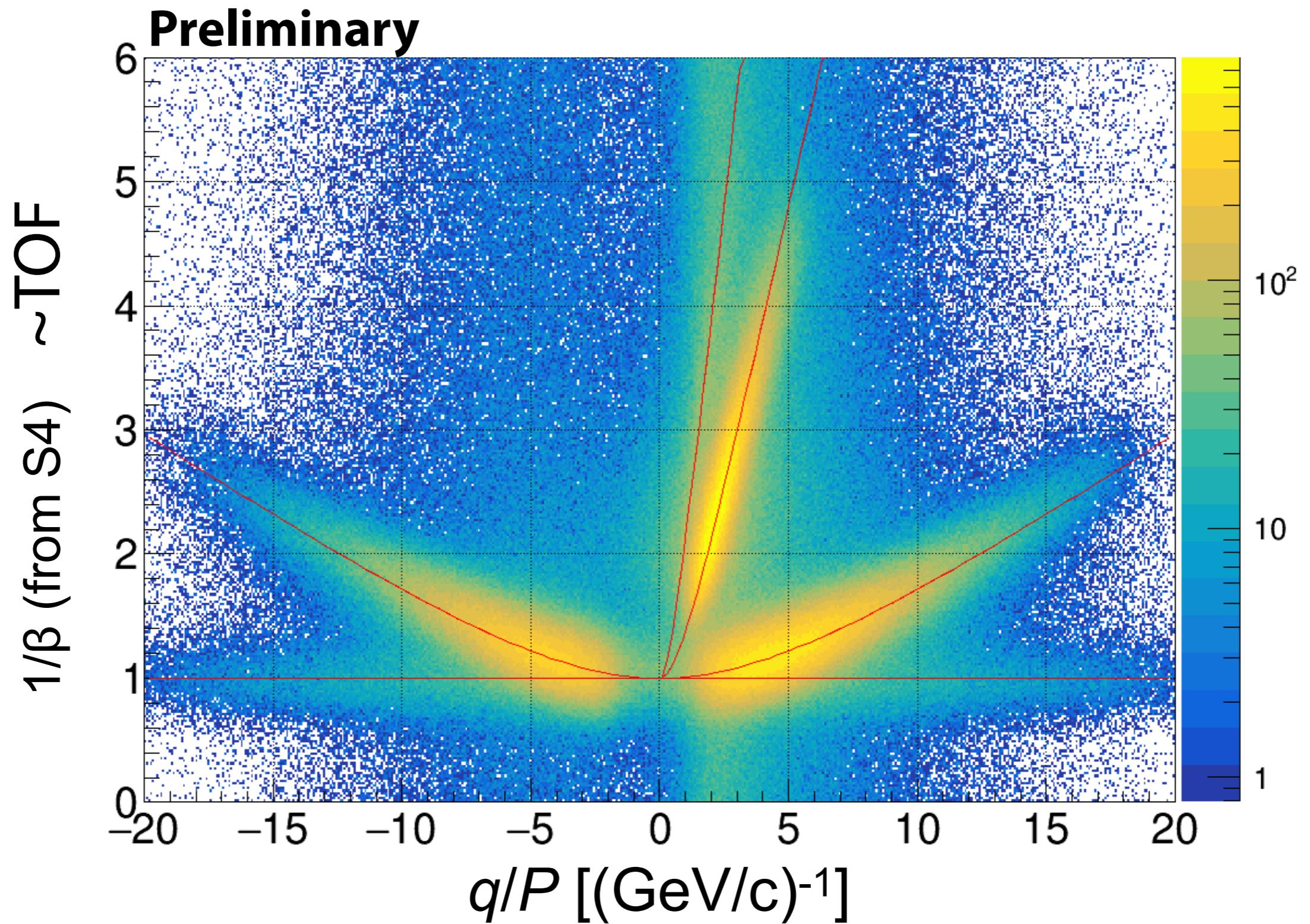
WASA detectors analysis (PSB time resolution)

- PSB analysis for ΔE and hit timing.
 - Analyzed 2.5 GHz waveform data.



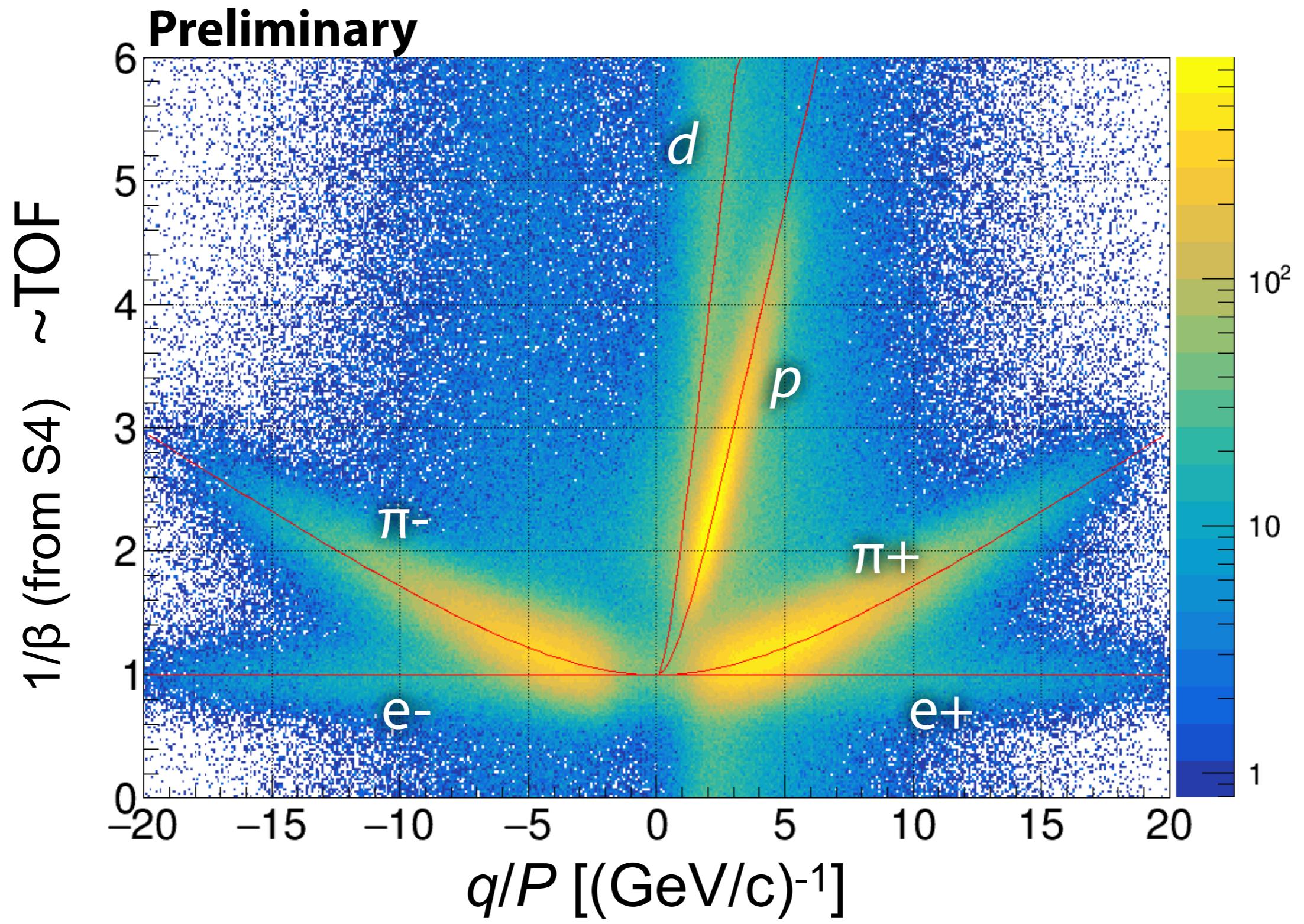
WASA PID with TOF and q/p

TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track information in FRS



WASA PID with TOF and q/p

TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track information in FRS

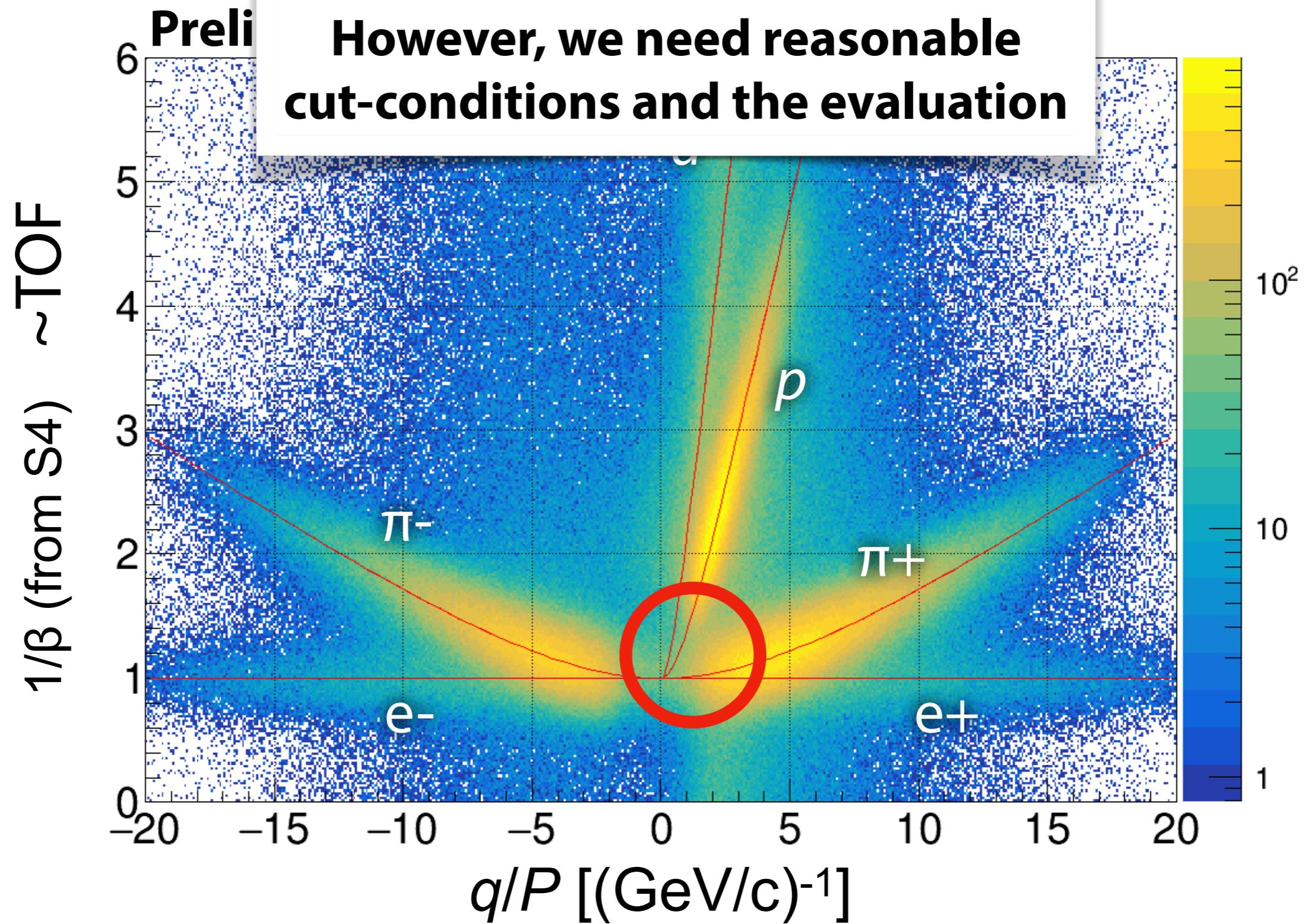


WASA DID with TOF and π^0

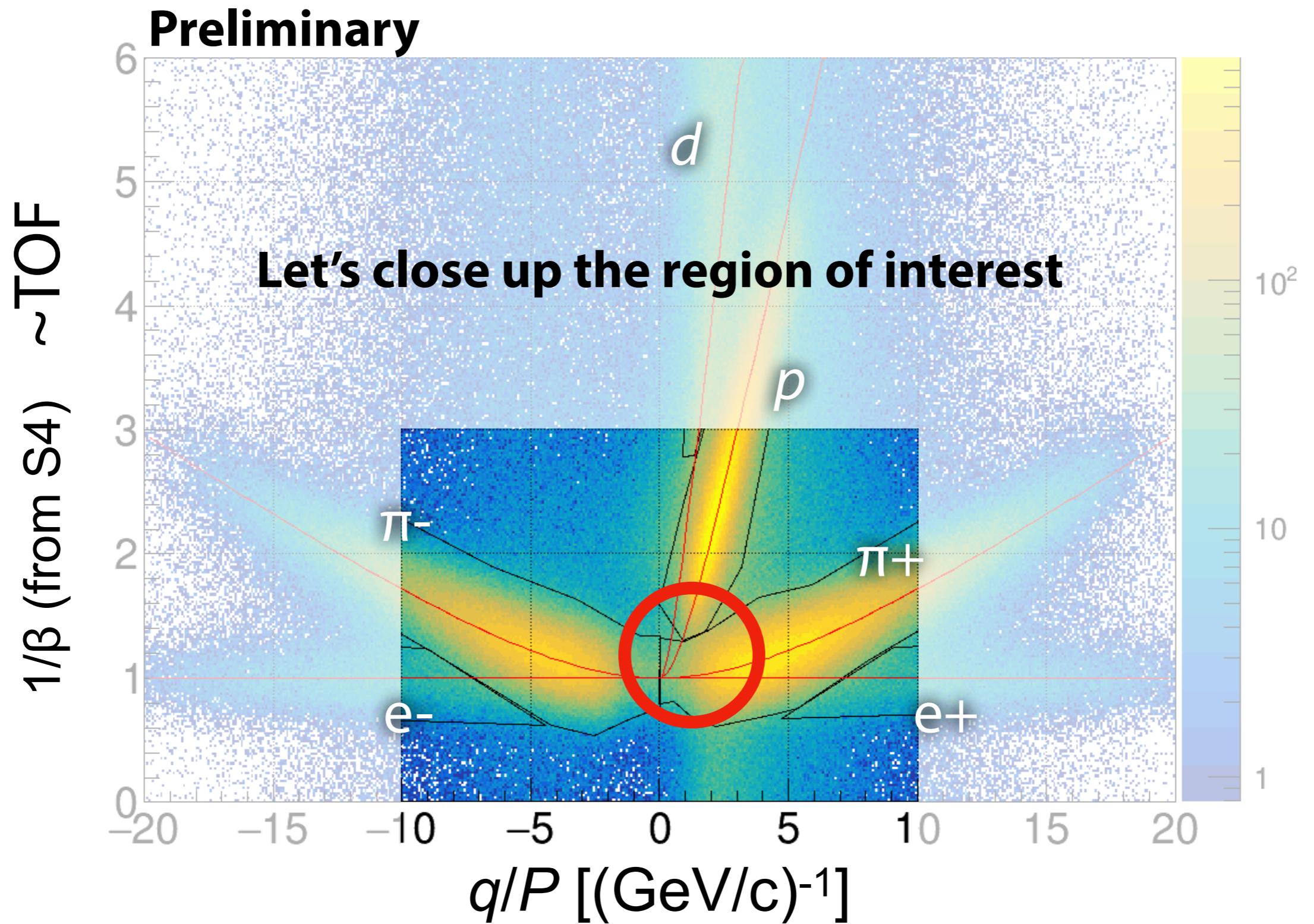
PID seems to work fine

Reduction of 1/200

However, we need reasonable
cut-conditions and the evaluation

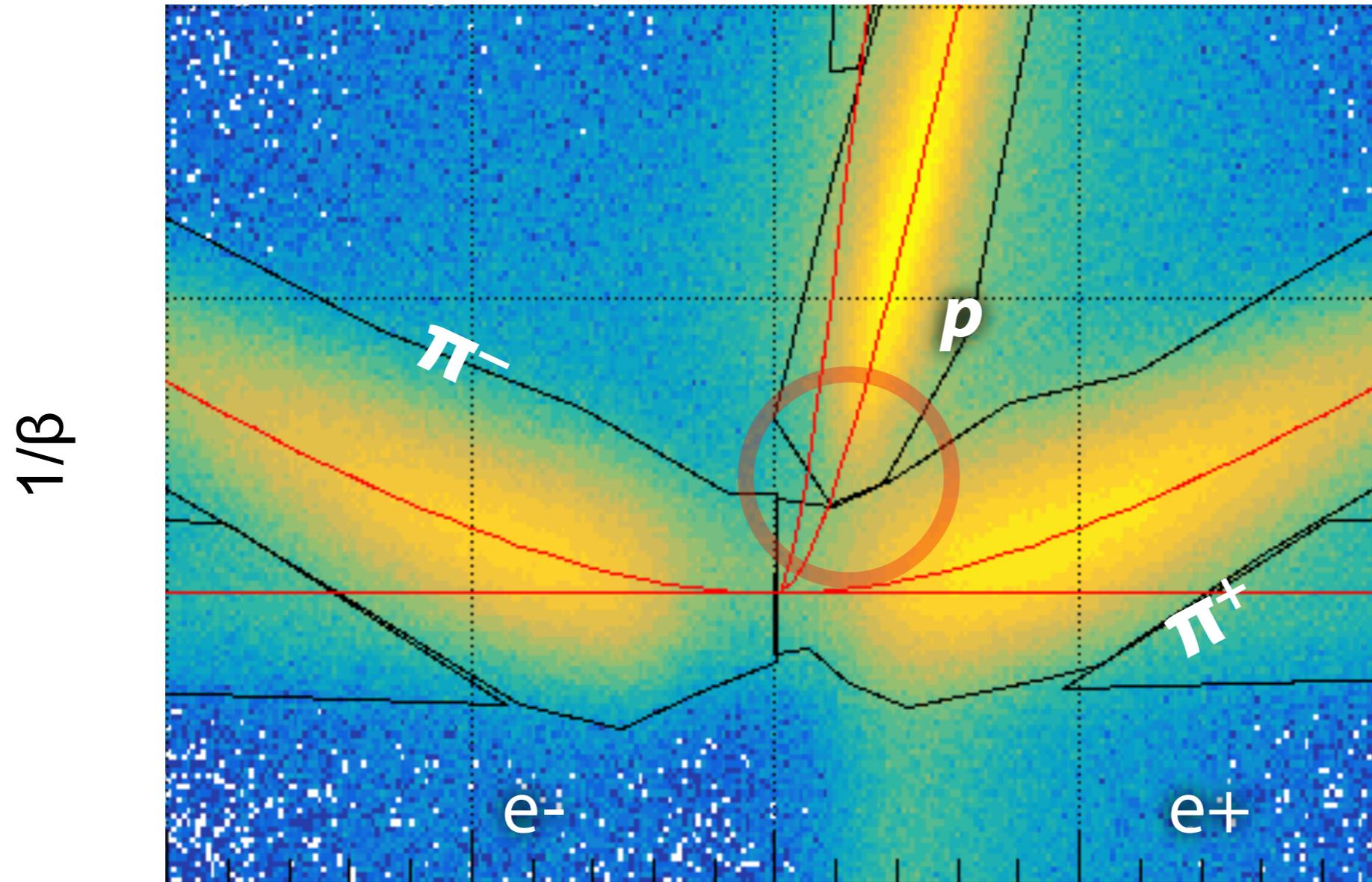


WASA PID with TOF and q/p



WASA PID with TOF and q/p

Preliminary



We hope to have
better p/π separation

$q/P [(\text{GeV}/c)^{-1}]$

For better momentum resolution

3 measureables in PSB and MDC are combined

- TOF $\rightarrow 1/\beta$
- $\Delta E \rightarrow 1/\beta^2$
- $p \rightarrow m_0\beta\gamma = m_0\beta/\sqrt{1-\beta^2}$

Given physical mass m_0 ,
all 3 give information of β

- TOF / ΔE need calibration + “brushup”
- We need resolution depending on θ and β for statistically correct estimation.

“Brushup”

Jitter correction

TOF resolution in WASA

Start: ScS4

Stop: PSB

120 ps (σ) achieved!

ΔE in WASA-PSB

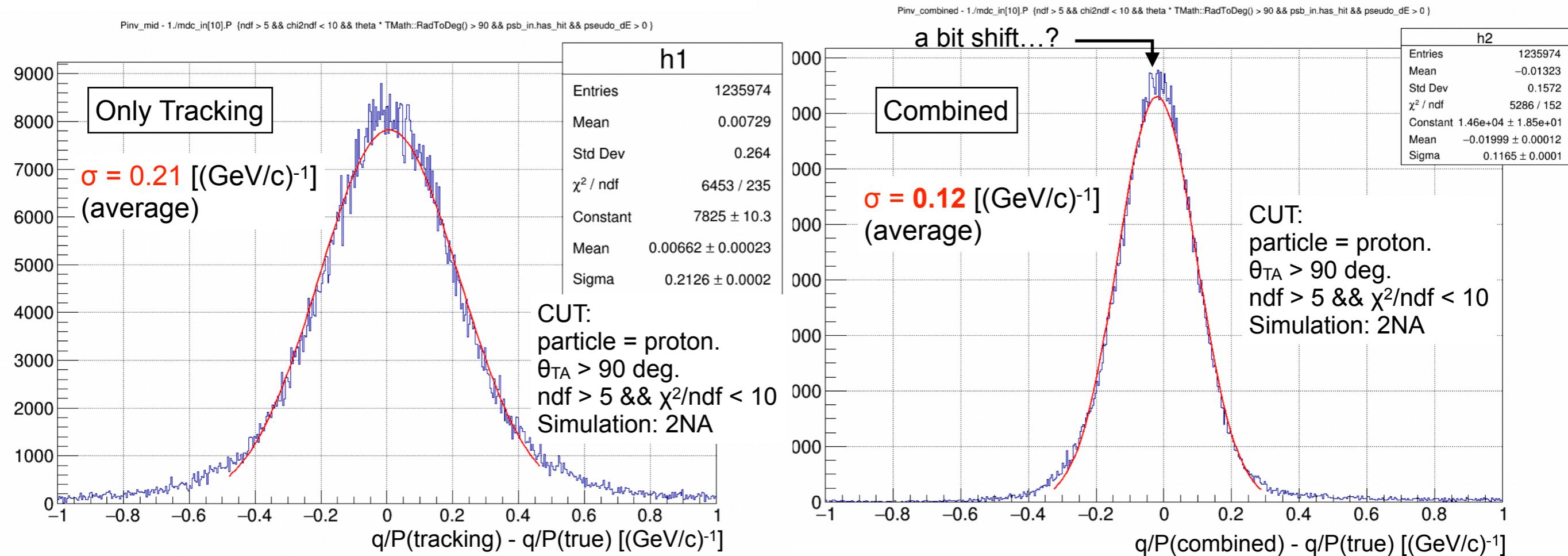
Resolution evaluated in

ΔE -TOF plane

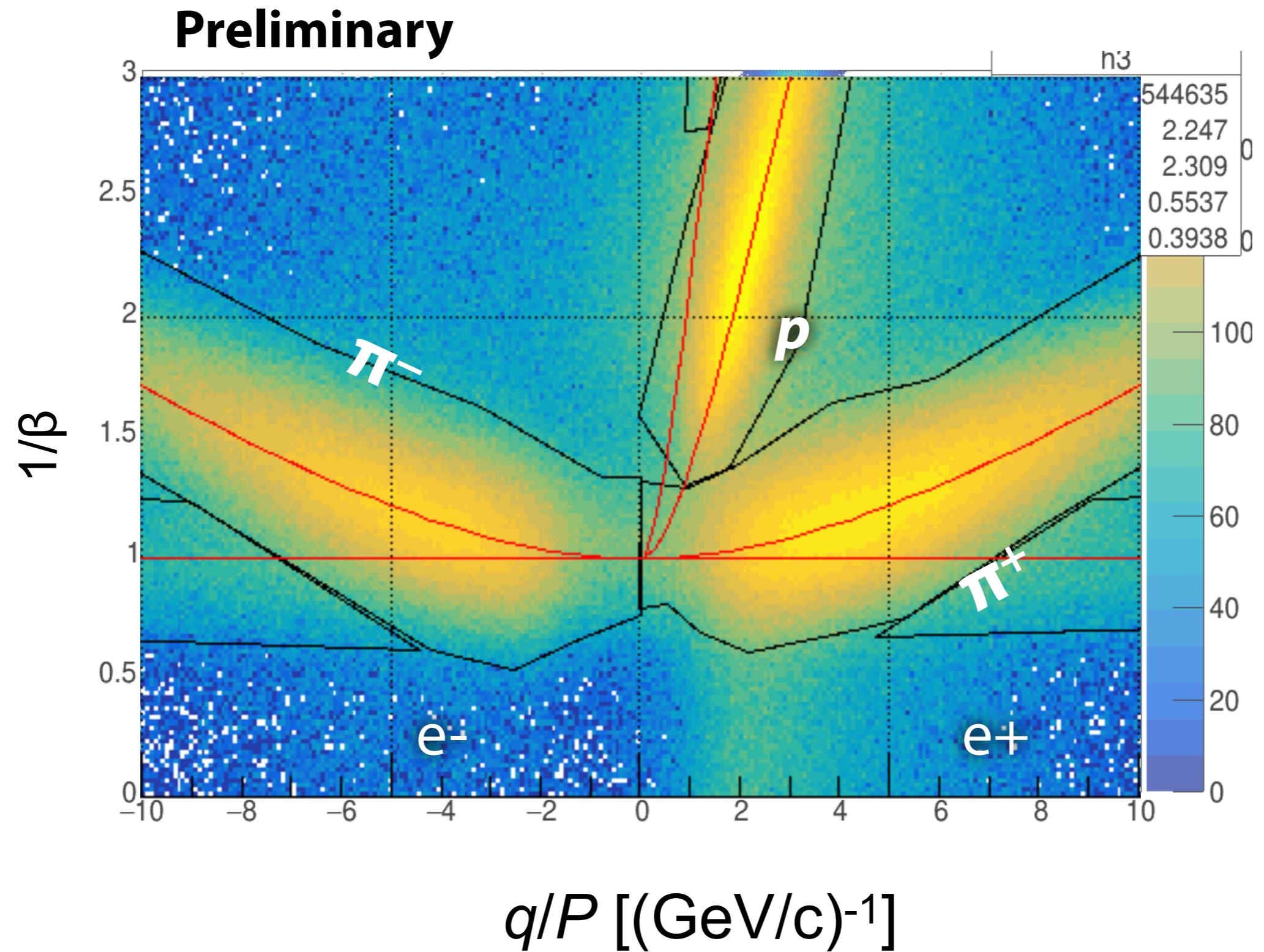
For better momentum resolution

Improvement of momentum resolution evaluated by GEANT4 (in mixed event method)

- The performance of the combined momentum in case of proton is tested with 2NA simulation.
- Left: $q/P(\text{tracking}) - q/P(\text{true})$
- Right: $q/P(\text{combined}) - q/P(\text{true})$.
- The combined q/P resolution becomes roughly **twice better** than only with tracking!

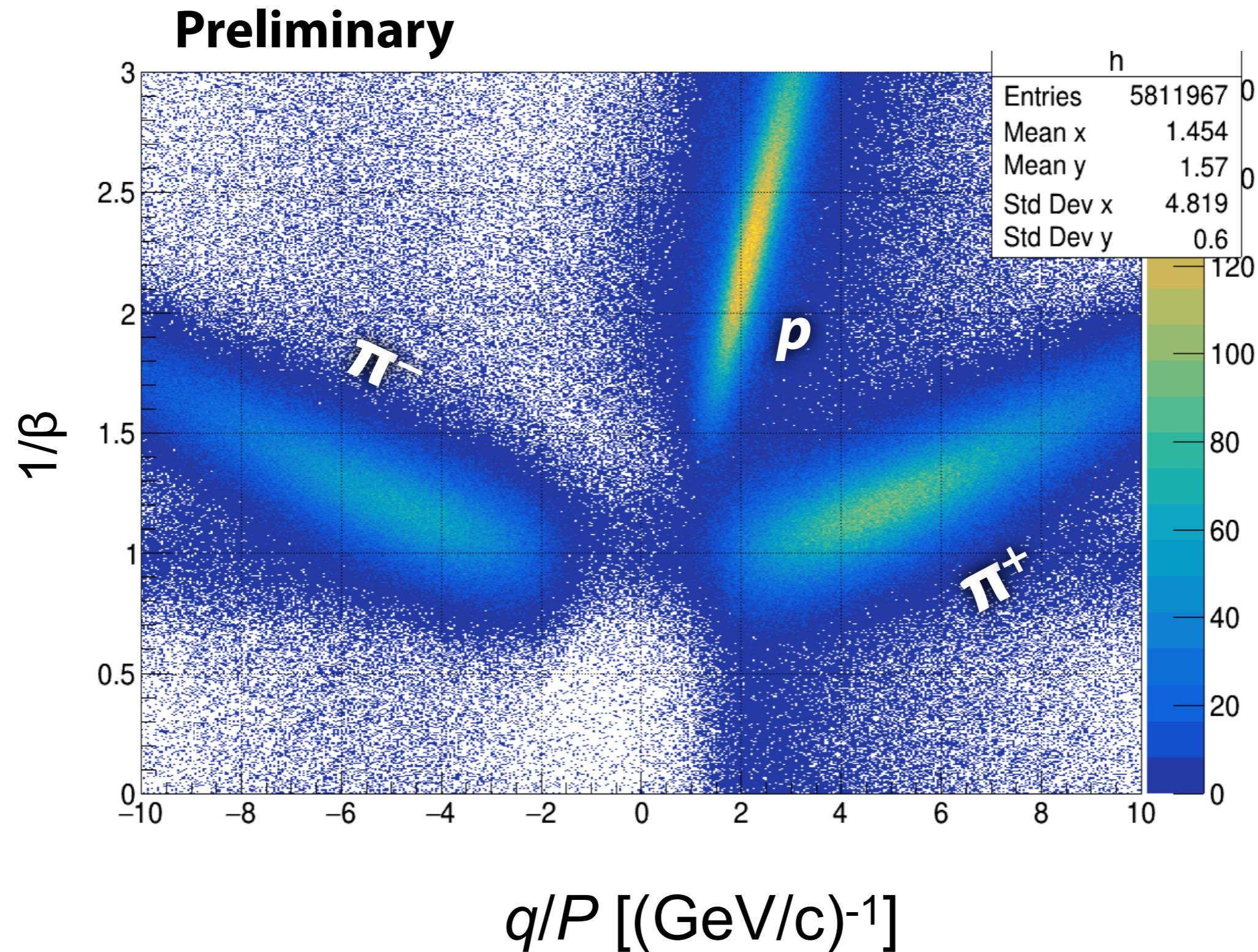


WASA PID with TOF and q/p



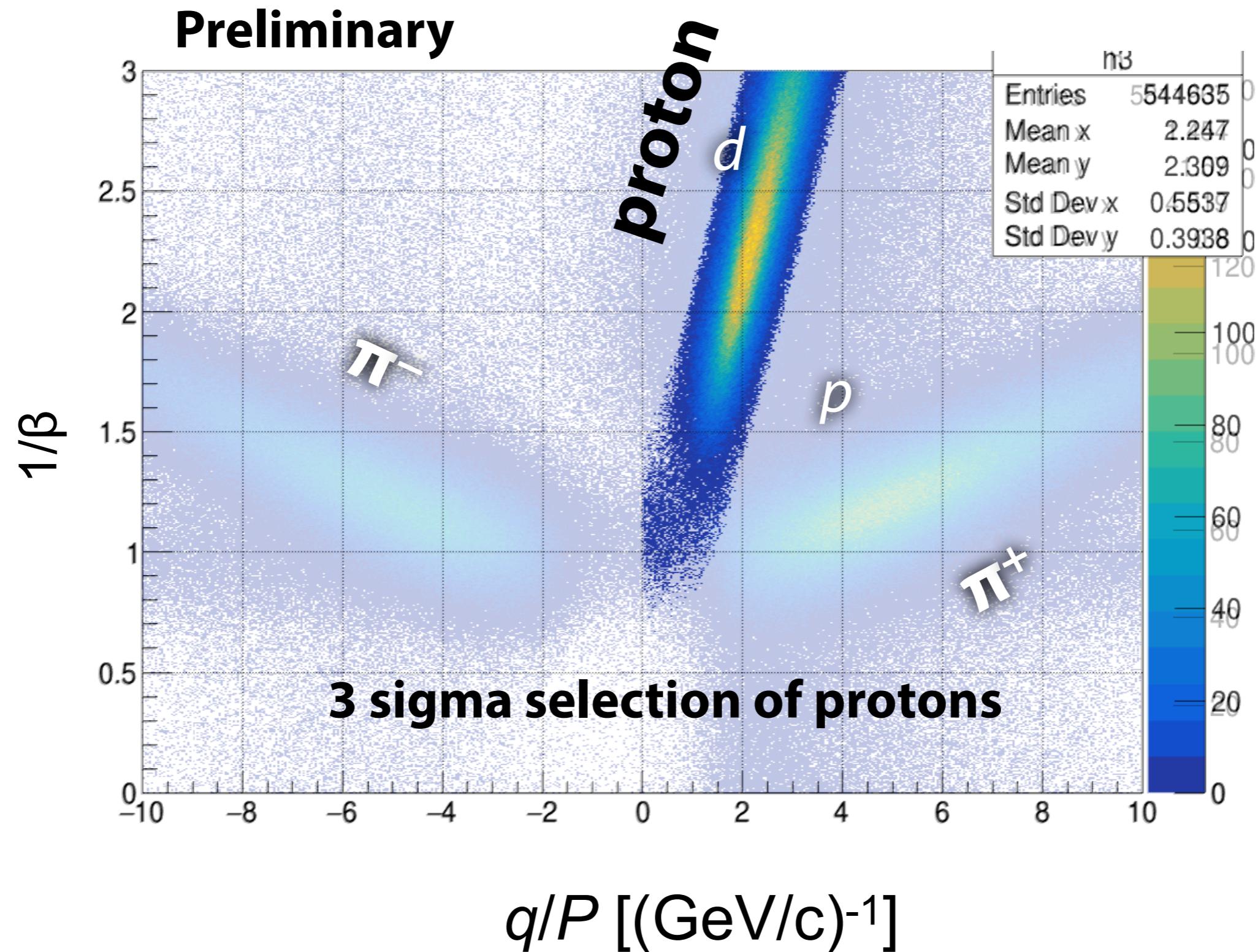
WASA Combined PID with TOF, ΔE and q/p

TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track information in FRS



WASA Combined PID with TOF, ΔE and q/p

TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track information in FRS



Summary

- We have conducted missing-mass spectroscopy of $^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$ reaction with tagging ~1 GeV/c proton emitted nearly isotropically in two nucleon absorption of η' $\eta'\text{NN} \rightarrow \text{NN}$. WASA worked nicely for tagging the protons
- We accumulated 1.1×10^7 forward d in the inclusive spectrum of (p,d) by FRS, which corresponds to **110% of the proposed value**. Detected proton number with WASA in coincidence with forward d roughly agrees with simulations
→ **BG suppression of ~1/200 !!**
- WASA PID works fine with TOF, tracking, and ΔE information
- WASA momentum resolution was by a factor of 1.4-1.5 worse compared with simulation. However, we combined ΔE , TOF, and tracking information to make “kinematical fitting” for better momentum resolution, which improved the resolution by a factor of ~2.
- We have started considerations about next experiment.