

## WASA @ FRS: from past to current status of nuclear and hadron physics at FRS QCD at FAIR workshop 2024 13/11/2024

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#### FRS – a versatile instrument for experiments with relativistic beams

- Production of exotic nuclei and identification (B $\rho$ - $\Delta$ E-ToF)
- Separator (cocktail beams, mono-isotopic beams)
- Momentum slit  $\rightarrow$  selective trigger
- Spectrometer (high momentum resolution)
- Different ion-optical modes: analyzer-spectrometer, dispersion matching



- Anti-proton production
- Hadron physics
- Atomic physics
- Nuclear physics
- Applications



**GSI**( **SCIENTIFIC REPORT 2001** Geneticentell for Commissionichung with Deventual



#### **GSI-FAIR SCIENTIFIC REPORT 2022**

An overview of the 2022 achievements in science and technology







#### Sub-threshold anti-proton production at FRS

Deeper insight to sub-threshold particle production process:

- Energy dependence
- Size and asymmetry dependence
- Momenta of created particles \_



Ne + Sn

π

1011

0.5

0

#### Discovery and study of deeply-bound pionic states with FRS



- Pion-nucleus interaction
   → binding energy, width, mass shift
- Difference of s-wave potential
  - $\rightarrow$  restoration of chiral symmetry?
  - $\rightarrow$  reduction of chiral order parameter f<sub> $\pi$ </sub>?
- Partial chiral restoration in nuclear medium
  - $\rightarrow$  well-defined quantum states
  - $\rightarrow$  saturation density



H. Geissel et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 88 (2002) 122301 K. Suzuki et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 92 (2004) 072302

#### Meson-nucleus bound states



#### electromagnetic + strong interaction

strong interaction only

#### Probe for strong interaction effect in finite nuclear density

#### Search for $\eta$ '-mesic nuclei at FRS



QCD at FAIR Workshop 2024

Darmstadt, 11-14 November 2024

Christoph Scheidenberger

A new era: combination of WASA@FRS (and soon: Super-WASA@Super-FRS)

#### **WASA-FRS Experimental Setup**



QCD at FAIR Workshop 2024

#### **Opportunities at FRS and Super-FRS**



|           |                             |       |                                    | r an an tribuna           | gain factor     |                   |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|           | $\text{B}\rho_{\text{max}}$ | ∆p/p  | $\Delta \Phi_{x}, \Delta \Phi_{y}$ | power                     | <sup>19</sup> C | <sup>132</sup> Sn |
| FRS       | 18 Tm                       | 1.0 % | ±13, ±13 mrad                      | 1500                      | 1               | 1                 |
| Super-FRS | 20 Tm                       | 2.5 % | ±40, ±20 mrad                      | 1500                      | 5               | 10                |
|           |                             |       |                                    | including<br>primary rate | 250             | 20 000            |

#### H. Geissel et al. Nucl. Instr. Meth. B70 (1992) 247 H. Geissel et al. Nucl. Instr. Meth. B204 (2003) 71

#### Special features (FRS & Super-FRS):

- p ... U, exotic nuclei,  $\pi^{+/-}$ , pbar
- Dispersion matching

•

- Momentum spectroscopy (dp ≈ 10<sup>-4</sup>) → missing mass
- Selectivity for certain channels

#### New features (Super-FRS):

- SIS-100 energy domain
- Pre-separation of secondary beams
- Multiple-stage operation
- Larger apertures & acceptance

see contribution by Kenta Itahashi in "Parallel Session II on white paper's chapter 9" (today afternoon)

## WASA-FRS Experiment : Concept & Layout



• From original WASA: solenoid & return yoke (with Csl)

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# WASA-FRS Experimental campaign: Jan. – March 2022



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# WASA-FRS: Study of $\eta'$ -mesic Nuclei

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• Study of axial U(1) anomaly & chiral condensate in medium: Semi-exclusive missing-mass of <sup>12</sup>C(p,dp): η'-<sup>11</sup>C MWDC quadrupole magnet TA F1 F3 Beam from F2 3 decay modes n'-nuclei: SC41 **SIS-18**  $\eta' p \rightarrow \eta p$ SC42 SC43 dipole magnet n' N  $\rightarrow \pi p$ SC31  $\eta' pN \rightarrow p N$ WASA central detector, 0 10 m fiber trackers, start counter, target n′p→np PSB η′p→πp SEC n′pN→pN PSFE PSBE 20 to FRS p beam d F4 200 300 400 500 600 700 800  $T_p$  [MeV] Y.K. Tanaka and Y. Higashi Focus on detection: p [300 - 600 MeV] in WASA & d in FRS 50 cm S/B improve by 100 in semi-exclusive measurement Carbon target

# **WASA-FRS: Study of hypernuclei**

 2 puzzles: possible signal of nnΛ & structure of <sup>3</sup><sub>Λ</sub>H: Invariant mass spectroscopy: Lifetime & radius



#### • At the middle focal plane of FRS:



At the middle focal plane of FRS:

MDC

 $^4_{\Lambda}\text{H} 
ightarrow {}^4\text{He}{+}\pi^-$ 

ion : <sup>6</sup>Li+ <sup>12</sup>C @ 1.96 AGeV or √s<sub>NN</sub> = 2.7 GeV enoid Magnet

T0 detector:

- 28 segments 1.5 x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> x 4.5 cm
- Total size 3.4 x 4.5 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Start timing of the Time-of-Flight
- Time resolution:  $\sigma \sim 40 \text{ ps}$
- < 2MHz per segment  $\rightarrow$  2 10<sup>7</sup> total beam intensity
- E. Liu et al., NIM A **1064**, 169384 (2024)

#### PFT1,2

/MFT/DFT: Fiber Trackers

- E-PSBE-PSFE: Plastic scintillators
- C: Drift chambers base on straw tubes finger scintillators

SEC: Csl crystal calorimeter

0111,2,3

T0

• At the middle focal plane of FRS:

Fiber trackers: XUV layouts

- 512 or 768 fiber / layer : Fiber of 0.5 mm Xsection
- In total: 5760 channel readout
- Tracking charged particles
- Position resolution:  $\sigma \sim 0.25 \text{ mm}$
- Charge also measured via ToT

UFT1,2,3

• UFT=DFT Eff : ~ 95% MFT : ~93%

MF

• NIMA paper in preparation by V. Drozd (PhD Student)

MFT



FT: Fiber Trackers PSFE: Plastic scintillators nambers base on straw tubes ntillators tal calorimeter

LI

T0

2.4 cm



13/11/2024









#### • At the middle focal plane of FRS:





• At the final focal plane of FRS:





• At the final focal plane of FRS:



Photos by Jan Hosan and GSI/FAIR

### **Expected performances**





WASA@FRS S490 & S447

 $T_{p} = 2.5 \text{ GeV}, 12C(p,d)$ 

## WASA Tracking: new development with GNN

- From published work: [H. Ekawa et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 59, 103 (2023)]
  - Excellent track finder for  $\pi$  (98%) & others / Ghosts 0.04%
  - Also track parameters estimation only for  $\pi$ –
- New R&D: More complex GNN models  $\rightarrow$  5 models
  - Excellent track finder  $\rightarrow$  all particles
  - Good track parameters estimators  $\rightarrow$  all
  - <u>Allow</u> Particle Identification with GNN
- Improvement in KF fitter:
  - Optimized setting: High efficiency



## **FRS: Ion-optics from experimental data**

- Analysis of high resolution spectrometer for fragments:
  - Momentum analysis : High acceptance & high resolution
    - $\rightarrow$  Needs ion-optics calibration: Several datasets with fixed parameters



After correction and ion-optics up to second order :

- A momentum resolution for fragments : 5 10<sup>-4</sup>
- Position & angular resolutions : [x,y] ~ 0.2 mm & [a, b] ~ 0.8 and 0.7 mrad

## Particle identification: $\eta'$ -mesic Nuclei

- WASA Combined PID with TOF,  $\Delta E$  and q/p:
  - TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track info. in FRS
     Preliminary



## Particle identification: Hypernuclei

- Analysis of WASA central system for hadron measurements :
  - PID at S2 middle focal plane of FRS: WASA PID PSB GNN



→Improved the track finding with Graph Neural Network: Estimator resolutions: momentum 8.8%, angular 2.3 mrad [H. Ekawa et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 59, 103 (2023)]



## **Preliminary invariant masses**

• Invariant mass of  $\Lambda \rightarrow \pi$ - + p &  ${}^{3}_{\Lambda}H \rightarrow \pi$ - +  ${}^{3}He$ :

Red  $\rightarrow$  real event | Blue  $\rightarrow$  mixed event:  $\pi$ - Event #n + p Event #n+1





22/24

## **Summary**

- WASA-FRS:
  - The experiment took place 2022, it was very successfully !
  - S490:  $\eta'$ -mesic Nuclei:
    - $\eta'NN \rightarrow NN$  : WASA worked nicely for tagging the protons
    - p (WASA)+d (FRS) detection: BG suppression of ~1/200
    - Missing mass spectra under detail analysis !
  - S447:  ${}^{3}\Lambda$ H and nnA puzzles:
    - $\rightarrow \Lambda$  + hypertriton events are observed
    - Lifetime & radius measurement soon !
    - More data:
      - mid-rapidity  $\Lambda$  dataset from proton measured in FRS
      - 12C beam :  ${}^{9}_{\Lambda}B \rightarrow {}^{9}C + \pi$  &  ${}^{3}_{\Lambda}H \rightarrow {}^{3}He + \pi$ -

## The WASA-FRS collaboration (only core members)

.

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