



# PANDA FEE Survey

Subsystem Contact Person: tbn

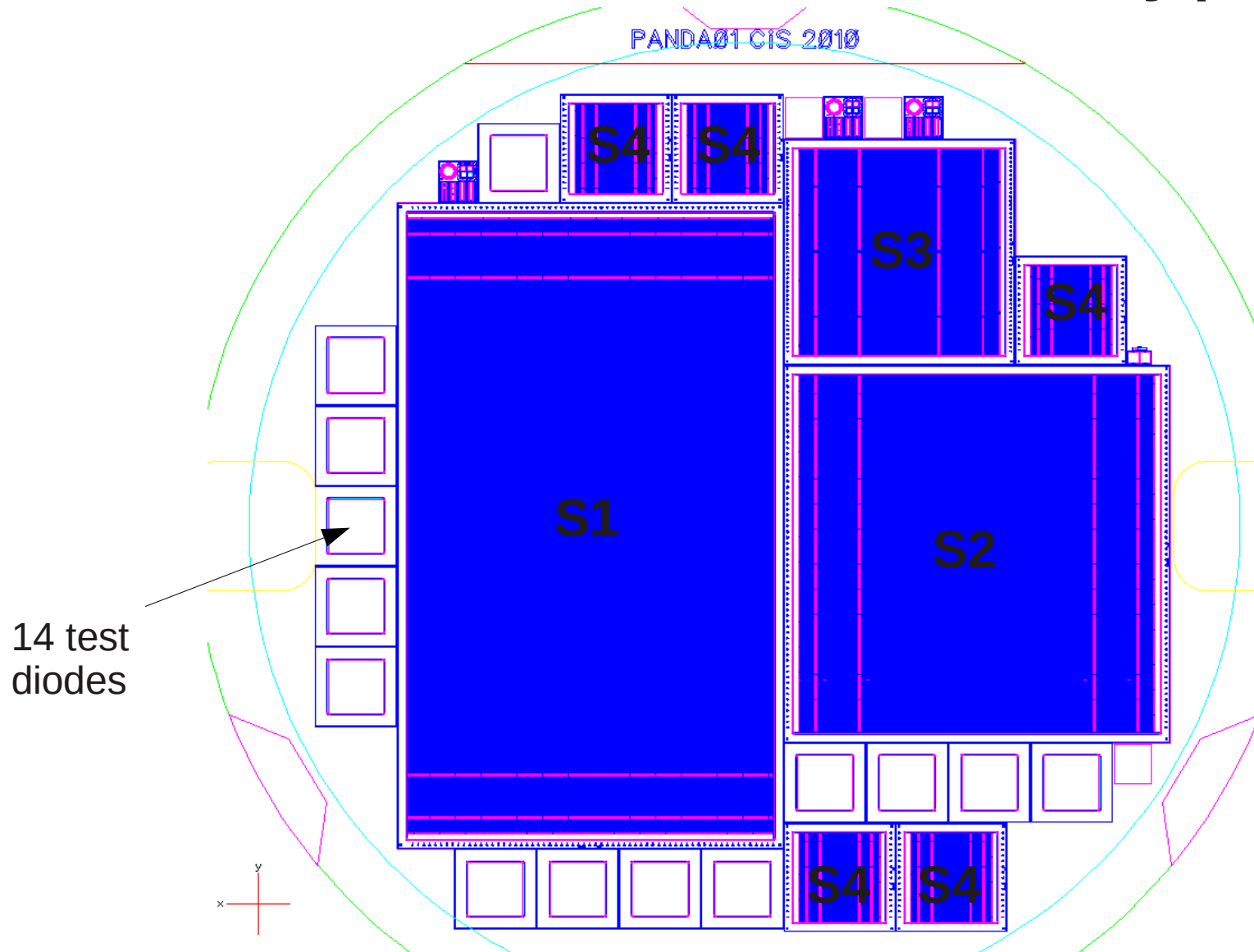
	Addressed and understood	Under study
Detector capacitance	10pF (p), 17pF(n)	
Detector signal shape and fluctuations	Noise calculations with simple CR-RC shaper	
Signal polarity	both	
Leakage current, if any	10nA/strip, ca. 5 $\mu$ A@1e14n-eq.	

	Addressed and understood	Under study
Event rate per channel.	10 ev./ $\mu$ s	
Time resolution.	1.86ns rms @ 155 MHz clock	
Time extraction method.	comparator	
Required precision for synchronization (SODA).		?
Available space on the front-end electronics for synchronization piggy-back card		?

Amplitude/energy resolution if any	$\geq 8$ Bit linear	
Energy extraction method (e.g. ToT, ADC, etc)	ToT	
FEE support/need for online calibration		tbd
FEE support for online event selections		
Data format and abstraction levels (Hits, Clusters, Energies, Pattern, Rings...)		Scope of MDC development
Limit on power consumption.	1W/FE, ca. 1W/MDC	

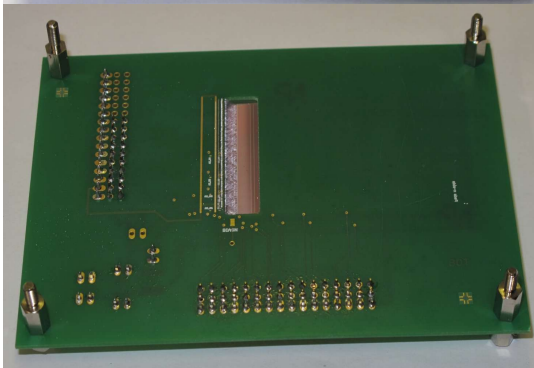
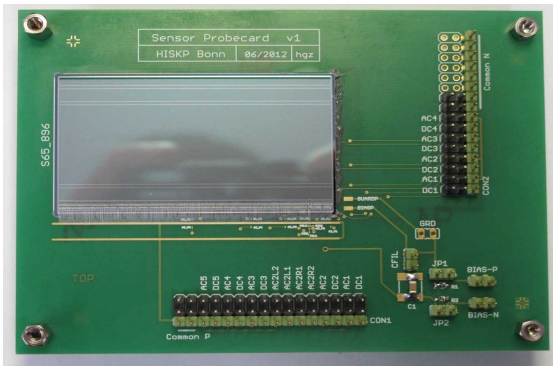
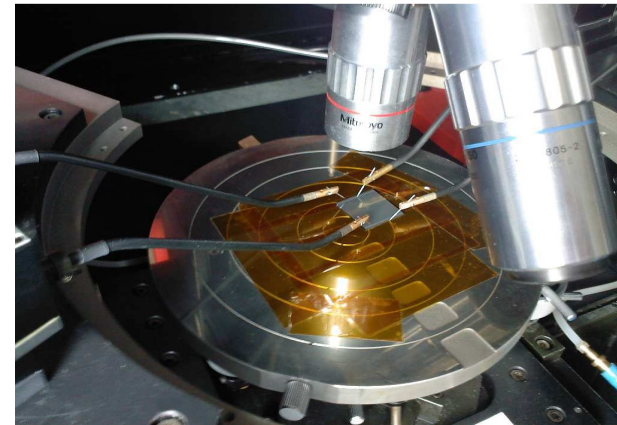
	Addressed and understood	Under study
System modularity/granularity.	TDR	
Power distribution/management (number of regulators, distance between the last regulators and the front end, number of power cables, grounding scheme...)		Work started
Data transmission scheme	GBT e-links → GBT	
Data concentrator cards (intended as the intermediate layer interfacing the front-end to DAQ)		
expected number of data concentrator cards (~# of SODA inputs)	50 barrel, 4 fw	
number of optical fibres to the burst-building network (compute nodes)	50+4	
amount of the configuration data required by the front-end:		?
should be distributed by SODA?		
Requirement for a low-latency watch-dogs in the system front-end - data concentrator		Implement extended status words in MDC-out frames
Level of radiation protection foreseen (total dose and SEU).	5-10MRad on FE level	

# Current Sensor Prototypes

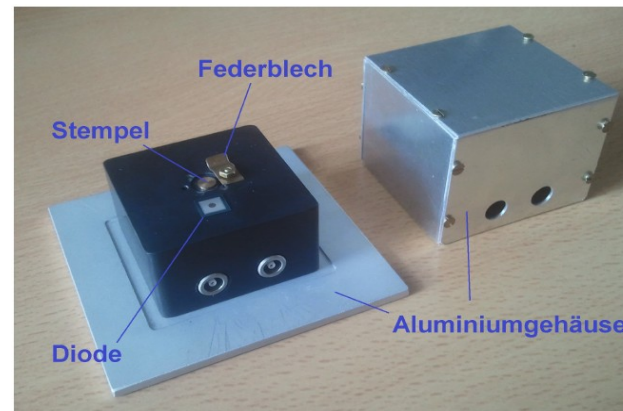


# Sensor Characterization

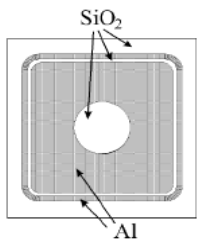
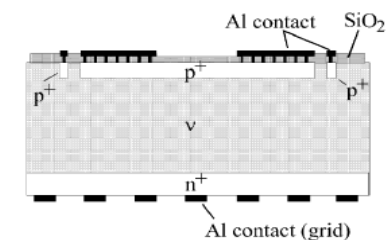
Probe Station



“Probecard”: fixed sensor assembly with all strips bonded to common lines (top and bottom)

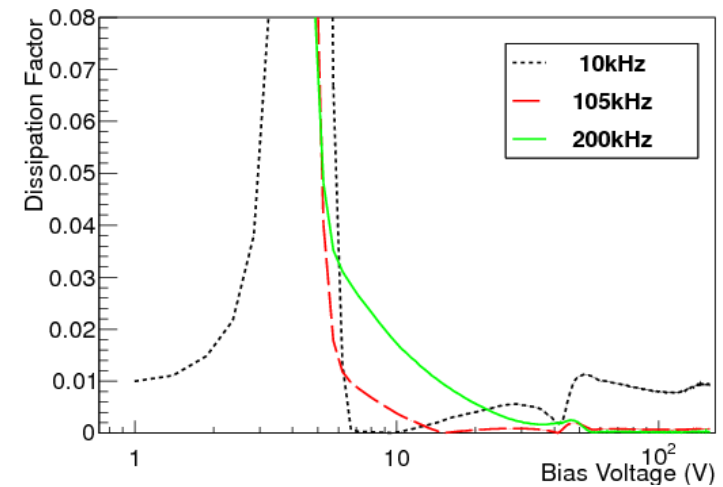
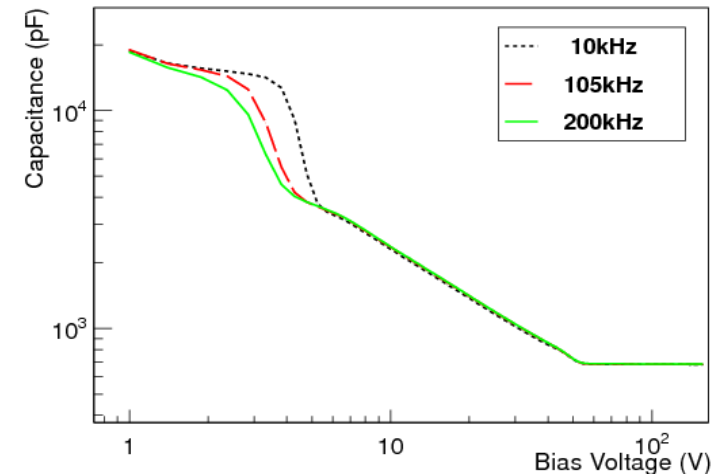


Wafer test diode fixture



# Sensor Characterization

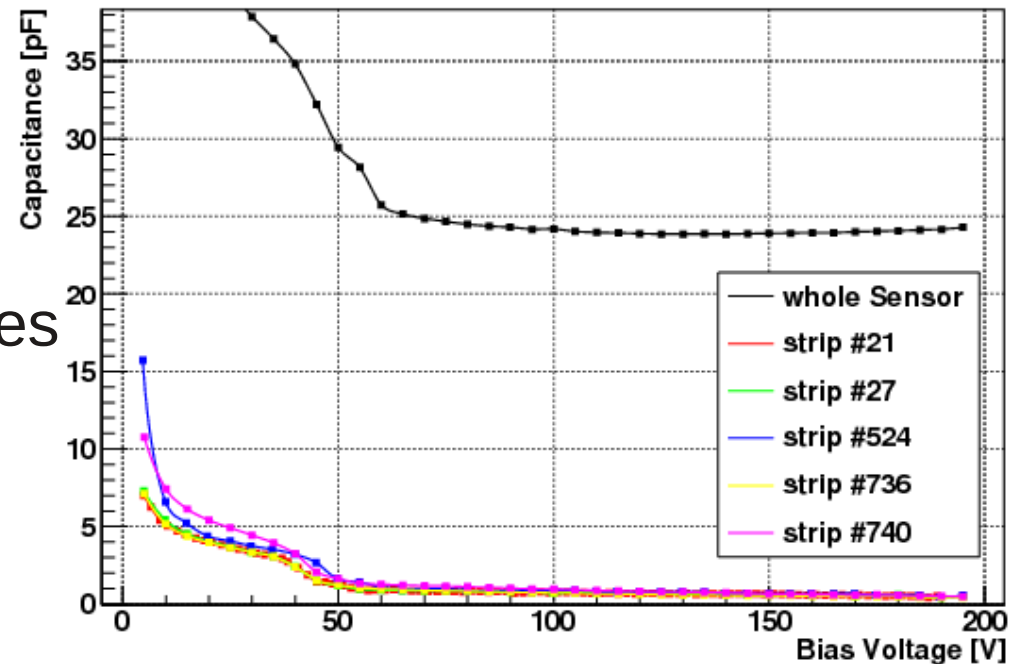
- **Probecard setup:**
  - sacrifice one sensor for complete characterization





# Sensor Characterization

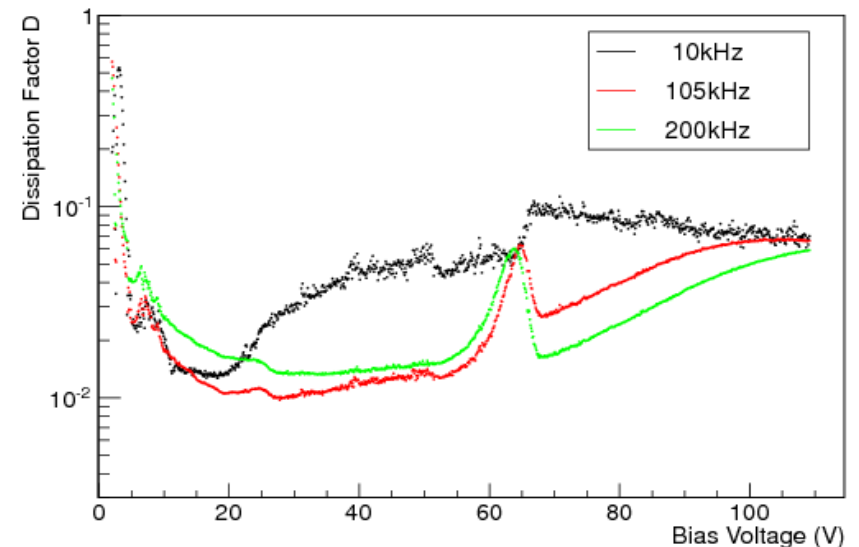
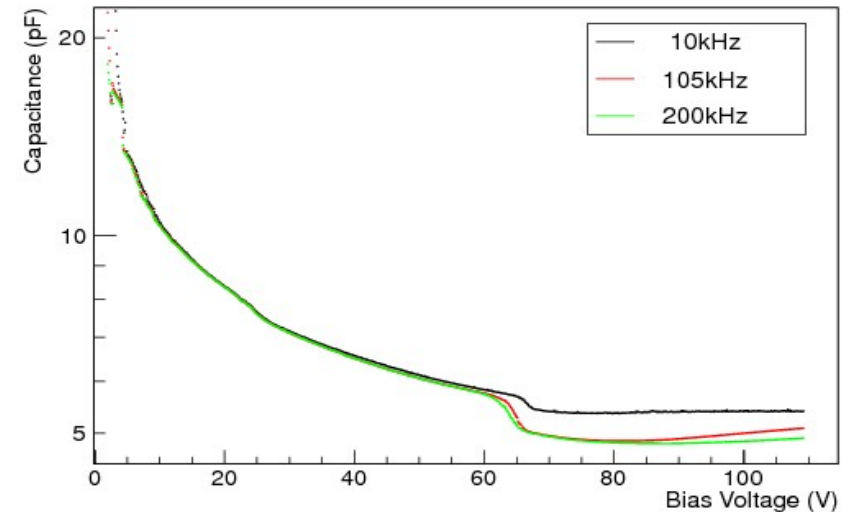
- **Probecard setup:**
  - sacrifice one sensor for complete characterization
- **Probestation setup:**
  - Measure I-V and C-V curves for individual monitoring of each sensor of the same batch



# Sensor Characterization

- **Wafer Test Diodes**

- Use diodes to deduce sensor parameters ( $V_{dep}$ ,  $C_b$ ,  $I$ )
- Discrepancies between measurements and expectations



# S1 Capacitances

Property		Capacitance			
		predicted	ITC01	CIS01-S1	CIS01-S4
$c_{is}$	(pF/cm)	2.0	2.4(2)	2.88(15) 2.70(6) <sup>†</sup>	—
$c_b$	(pF/cm)	0.25	—	0.2290(4) <sup>†</sup>	—
$c_c$	(pF/cm)	>10	11(1)	$p$ : 41.6(6) $p$ : 54.0(15) <sup>†</sup> $n$ : 46.3(9) <sup>†</sup>	$p$ : 51.3(10) <sup>†</sup>
$C_{stray}$	(pF)	—	—	0.025(2) <sup>‡</sup> 0.026(2) <sup>‡</sup>	— —

**Table 4.3.:** Values for sensor capacitances predicted from geometrical capacitor model with edge fringing ( $c_b$ ) or reported values for similar sensor configurations ( $c_{is}$ ) [139,153,154] and measured values for three different sensor types. (†) indicates that the corresponding values were obtained with the probe card setup, the values marked with (‡) were reconstructed based on the measured stray capacitance  $C_{p-n}$  between the bias contacts.

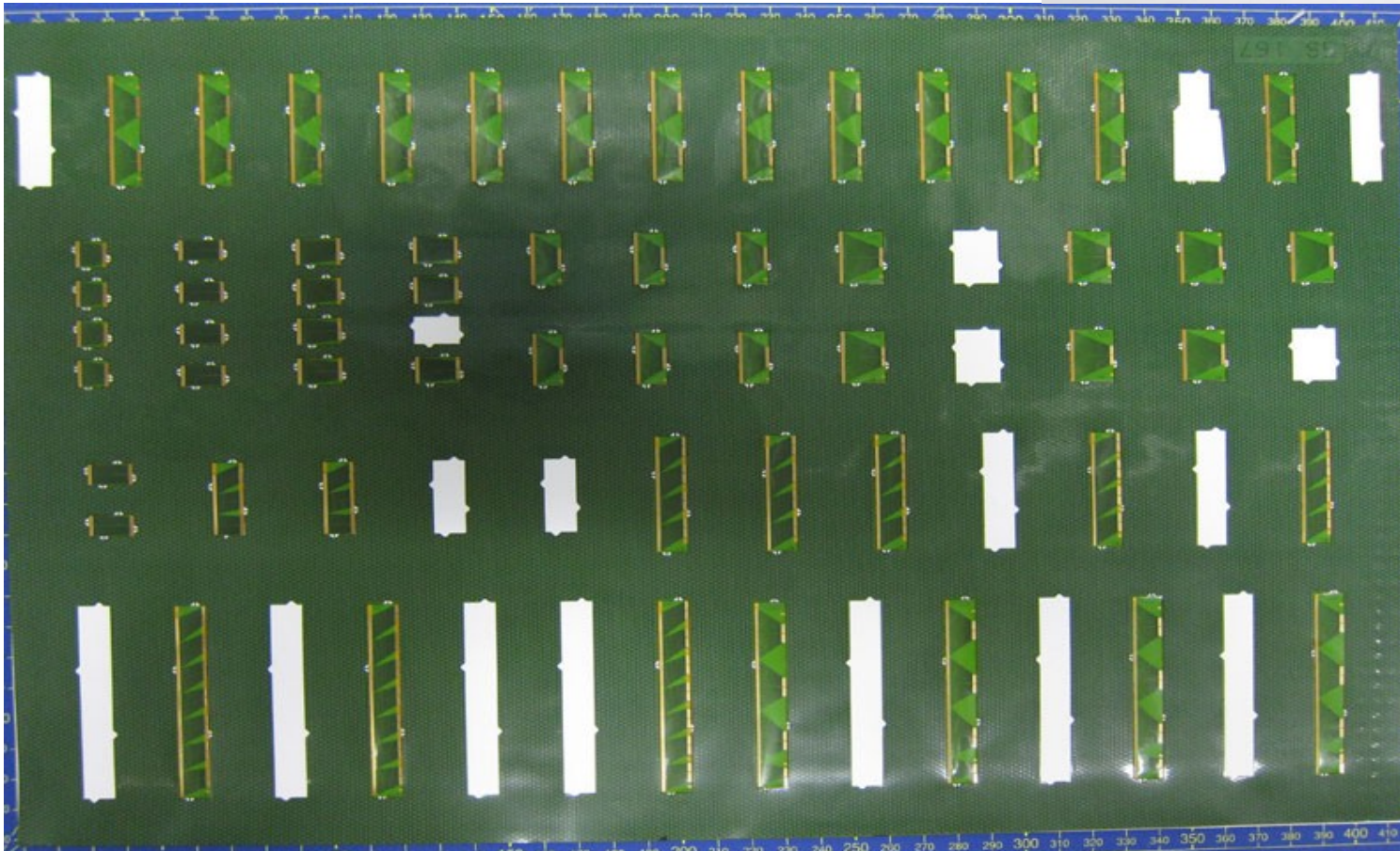
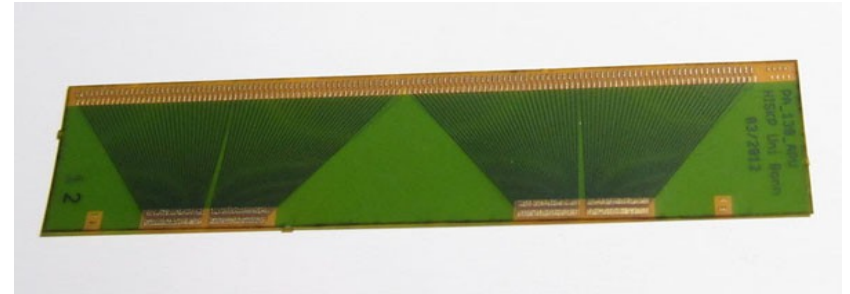
- For the PANDA full-size sensors we determine the total single strip capacitances (=FE-input load cap.):
  - p-side ( $l=58.275\text{mm}$ ):  $9.8\pm0.2$  pF
  - n-side ( $l=33.315\text{mm}$ ):  $17.1\pm0.4$  pF

- New sensor run started (submitted still this year)
  - Same geometries, sizes, pitches as 2010 run
  - Poly-silicon instead of punch-through biasing
  - 10 masks can be reused, 2 modified, 2 new

# Flex Prototypes

## Pitch Adaptors

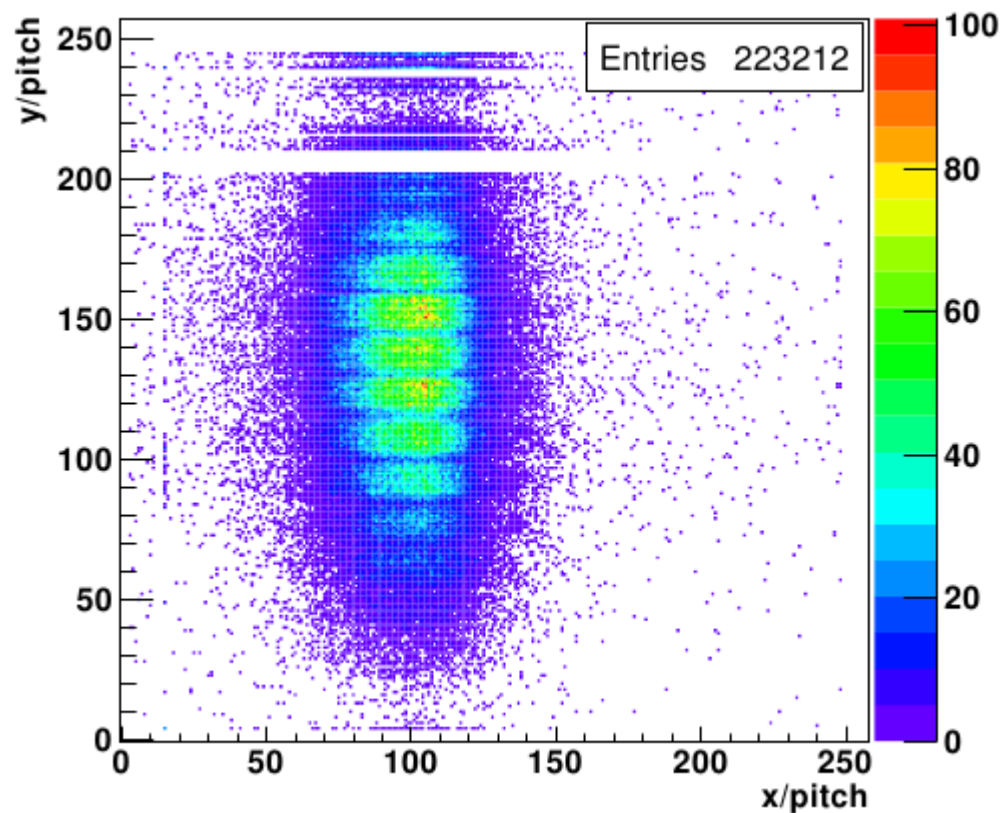
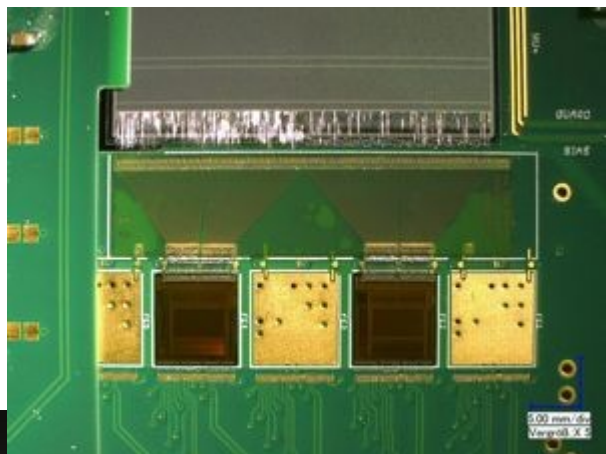
- For APV, n-XYTER, FSSR2
- For 50 $\mu$ , 65 $\mu$  and 130 $\mu$  fanout
- 1,2,3,3.5,4 and 7 FE adaptors





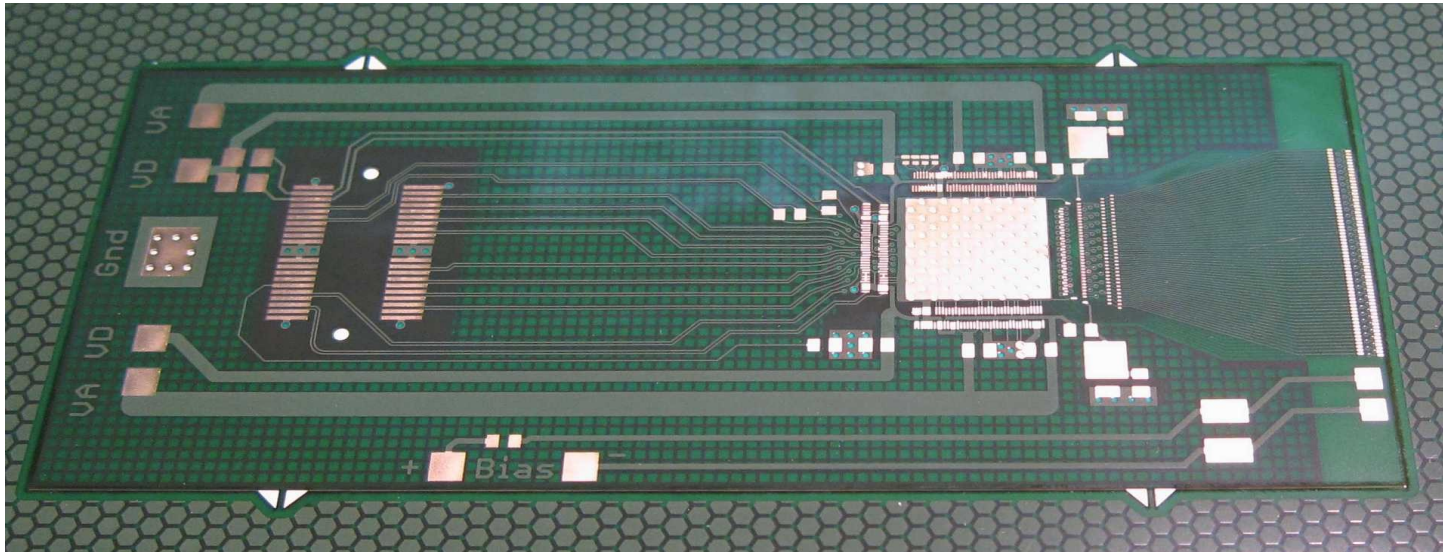
# Flex Prototypes

- For hybrid assemblies
- S2 sensor ( $3.3 \times 3.3 \text{ cm}^2$ ),  $130 \mu$  pitch, 2 APVs
- Successful test [SPS@CERN](#) in autumn 2012



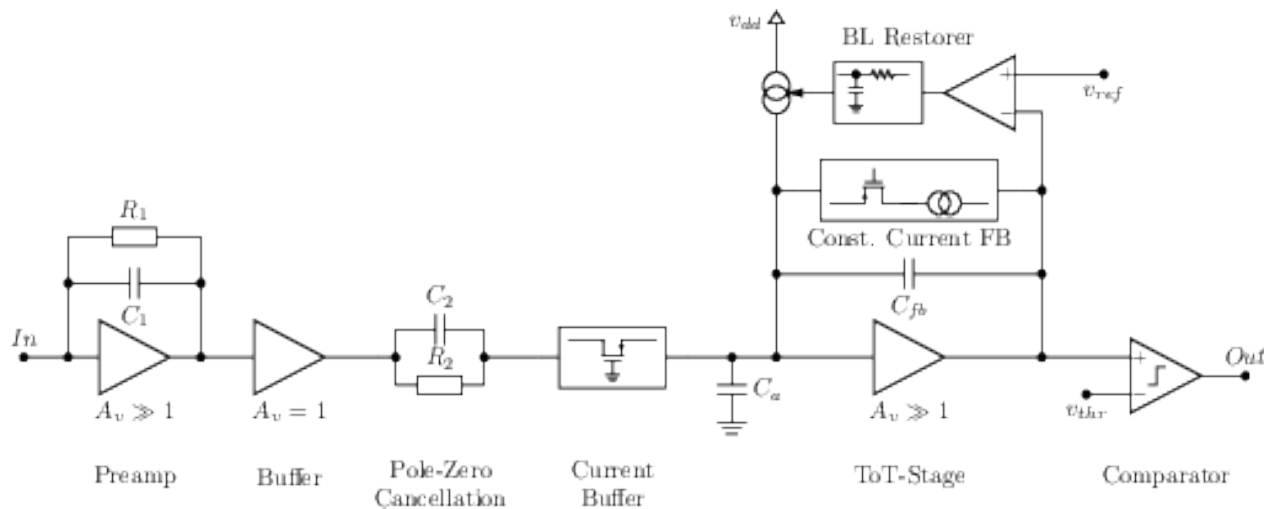
# Flex Prototypes

**Single FE flex**  
delivered, yet to be mounted

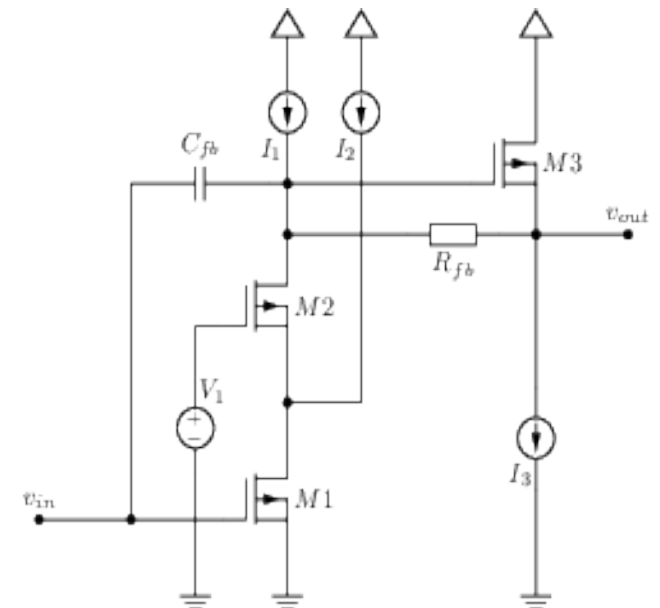


# FE Noise Calculations

## FE single channel topology

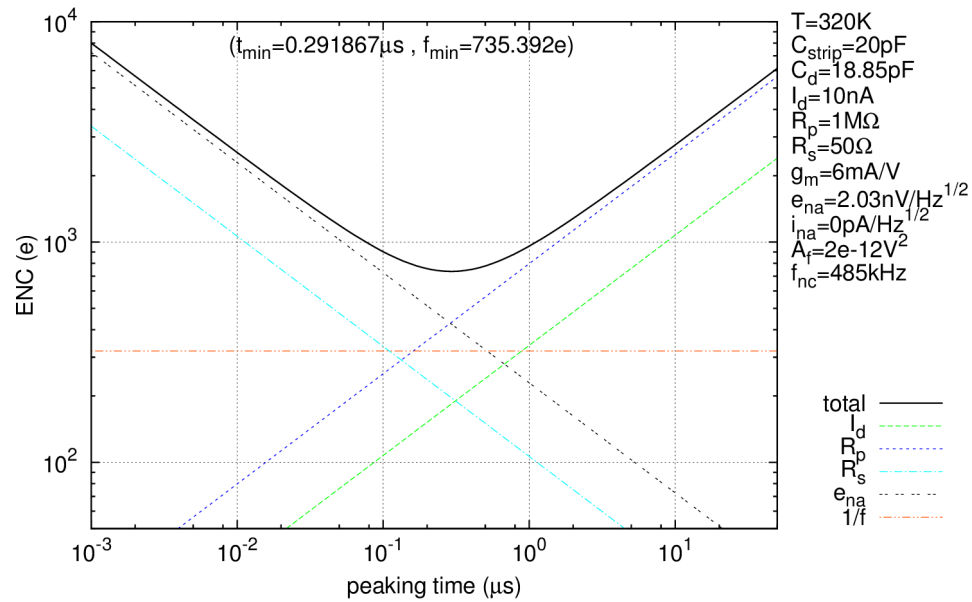


## Preamp stage

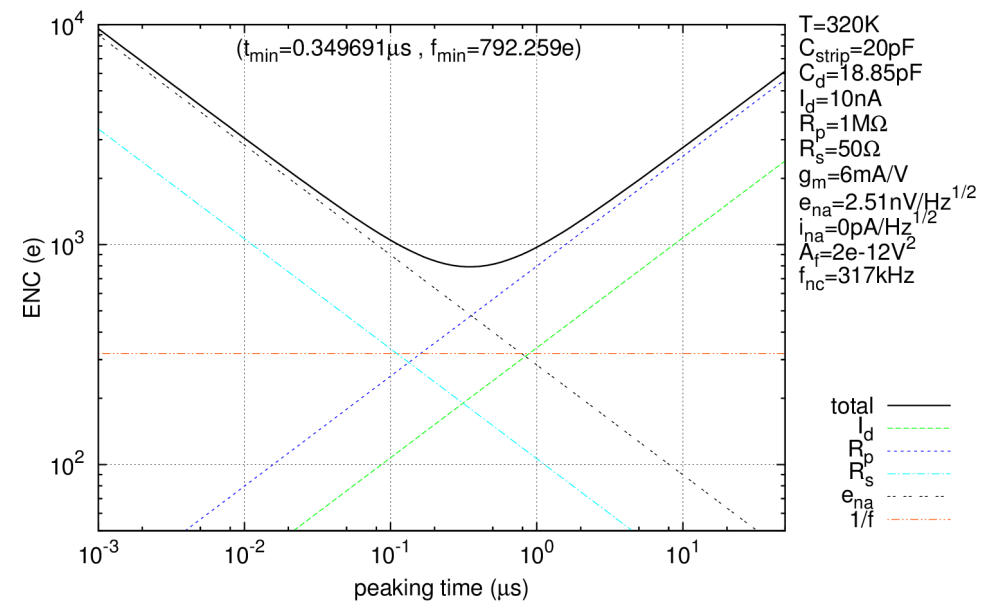




# FE Noise

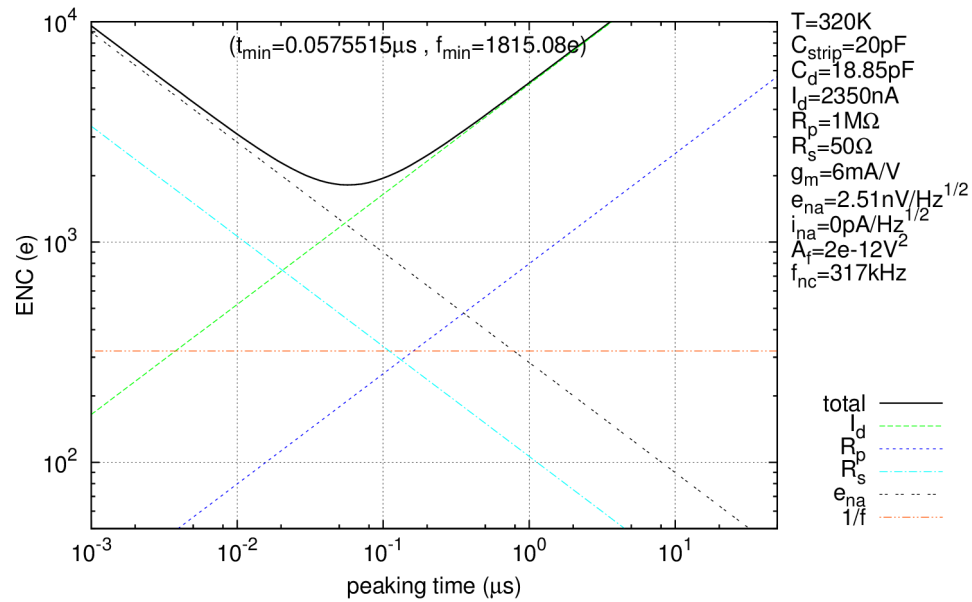


Initial noise figure

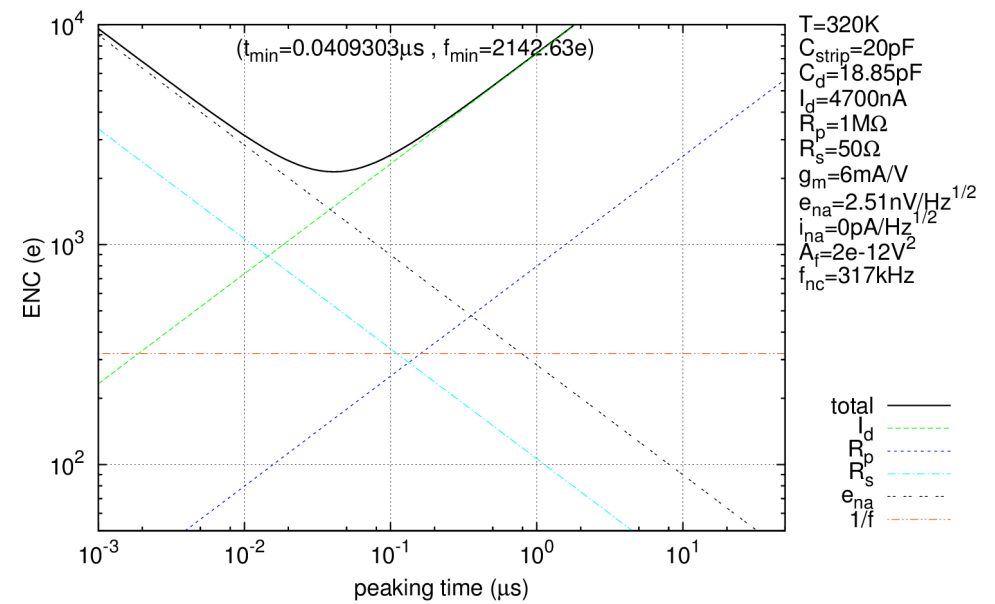


5 Mrad, FE only

# FE Noise

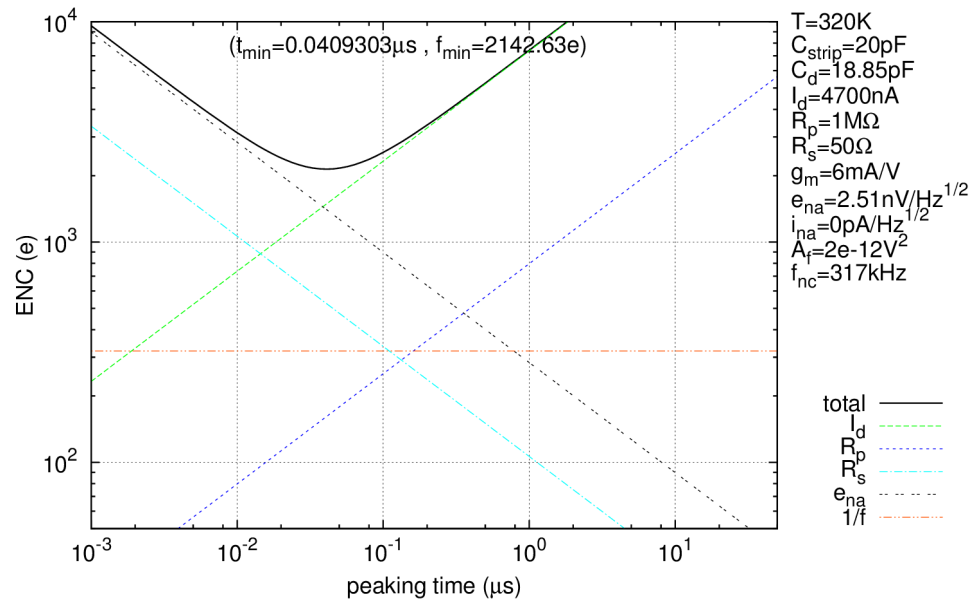


5e13 n-eq. sensor

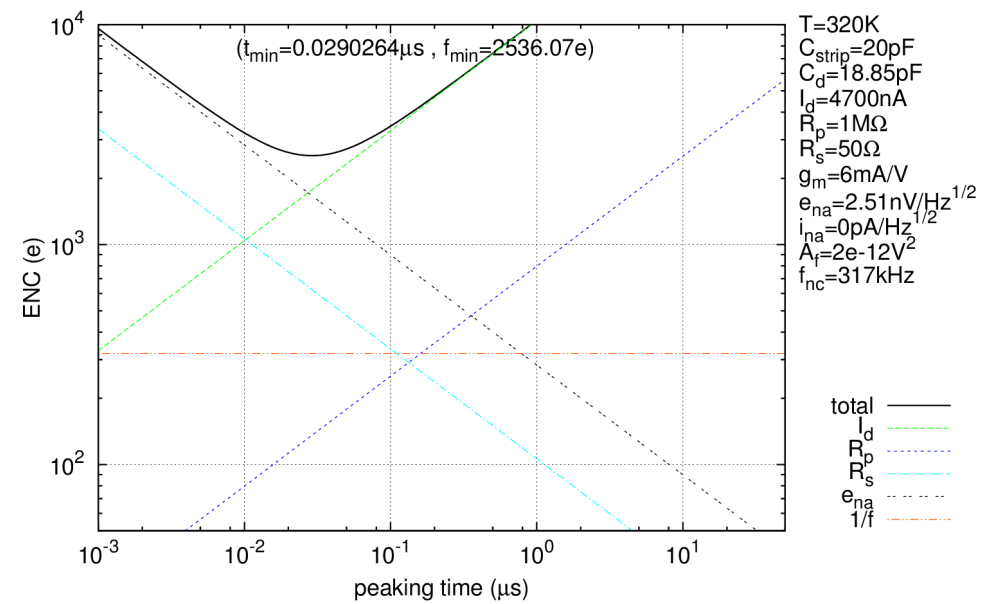


1e14 n-eq

# FE Noise



1e14 n-eq. Poly-Si biased sensor

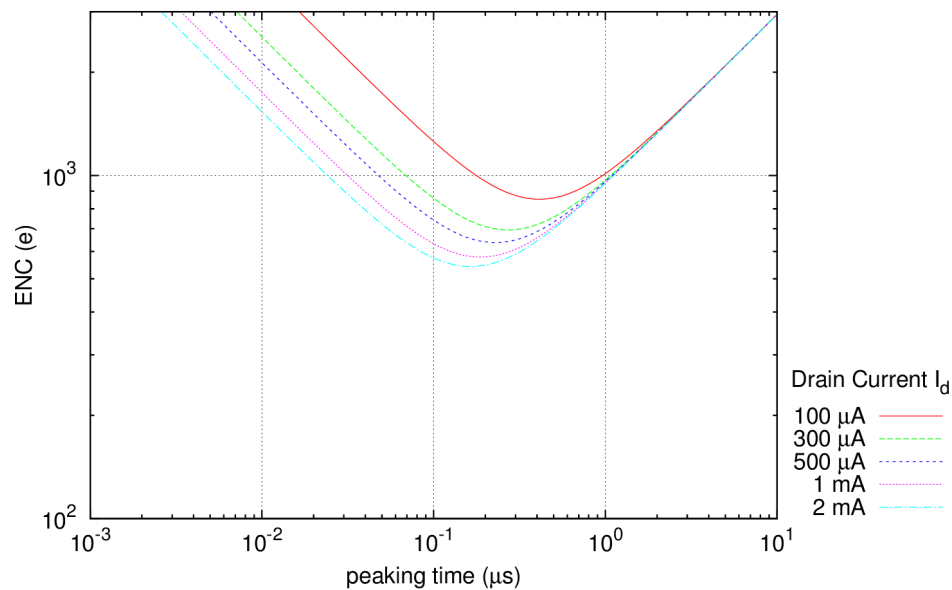
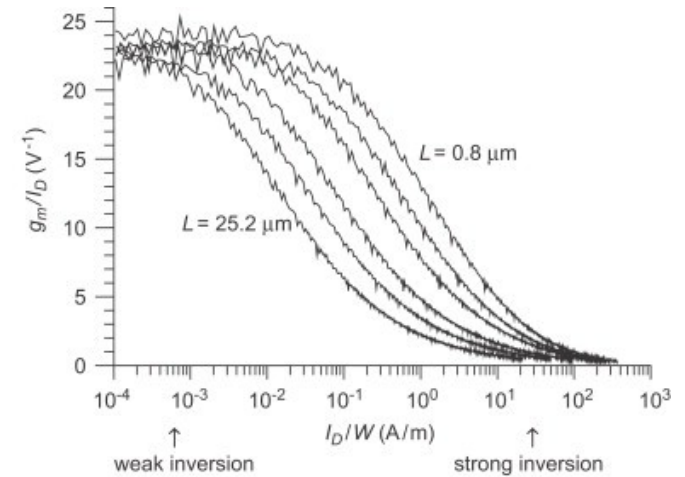


1e14 n-eq. Punch-Through biased sensor

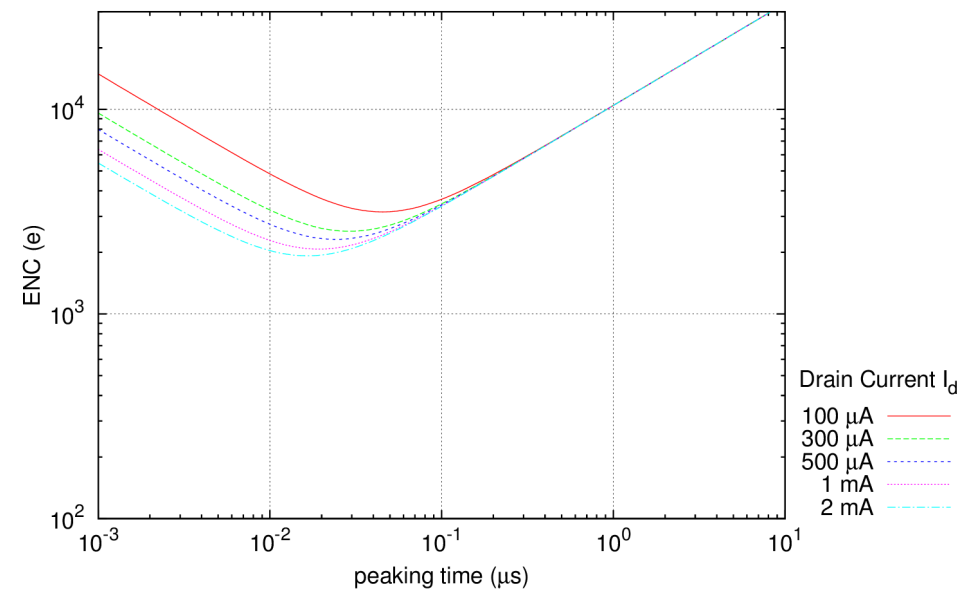
# FE Noise

Var. M1 drain current

$$q_{na}^2 = 4kT\gamma_n \frac{1}{g_m} \frac{C_d^2}{\tau} + A_f C_d^2$$



Initial (no irradi.)



1e14 n-eq.