



# Online Software Trigger @ PANDA

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- Update of software trigger scheme
- Full chain MC simulation
- Outlook





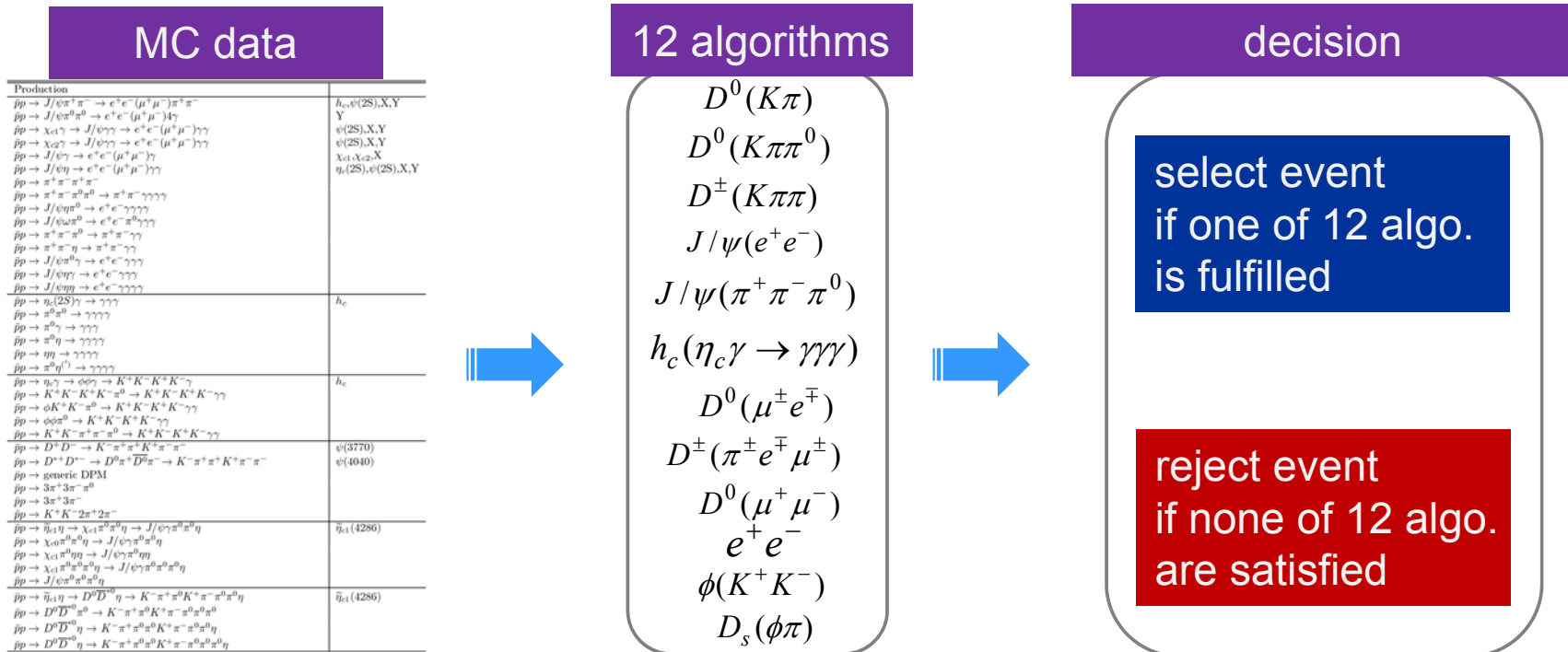
investigate the scheme of online trigger by studying benchmark channels

- a standalone program (generator level) has been used to estimate event rate for signal and reduction rate for background with input parameters :  
tracking efficiency, momentum resolution, mass interval, PID information
- physics benchmark channels  
134 data sets with both signal & background from the PANDA physics book  
EvtGen generator are used to test the signal efficiency :  
observed enough selection power for signal event  
background study using DPM generator :  
total 22 sets with beam momentum  $p_{\min} = 1.431 \text{ GeV}/c$  and  $p_{\max} = 15.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- require background reduction rate 1/1000 with software trigger in total



## Parameters I

- apply online tracking resolution by Yutie's study, which is a level of 3 - 5%
- 12 selection algorithms scan events contain signal in **parallel**
- Mass filtering by  $2\sigma$  mass window for each algorithm/resonance
- application of  $p_T$  cut on  $D$  meson ( $p_T < 300\text{MeV}/c$ )



selection can be added with various algo.  $\Lambda(p\pi), \Lambda_c^+(pK^-\pi^+)$ , etc.



## Parameters II

- PID application in online trigger is essential
- assume 80% efficiency & 5% misidentification of PID selector for each particle
- misIDs are defined as a proportion of fallacious PID selector for certain particle, that can make combinatorial background through other particle list

### PID efficiency

$$\varepsilon = P(e | e) = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } e \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$

### Purity & Impurity

$$\begin{aligned} \text{impurity} &= 1 - \text{purity} \\ &= 1 - \frac{P(e | e)}{[P(e | e) + P(e | \mu) + P(e | \pi) + P(e | K) + P(e | p)]} \end{aligned}$$

### misID of $e$

$$\mu_{\text{misID}}^e = P(\mu | e) = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } \mu \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$

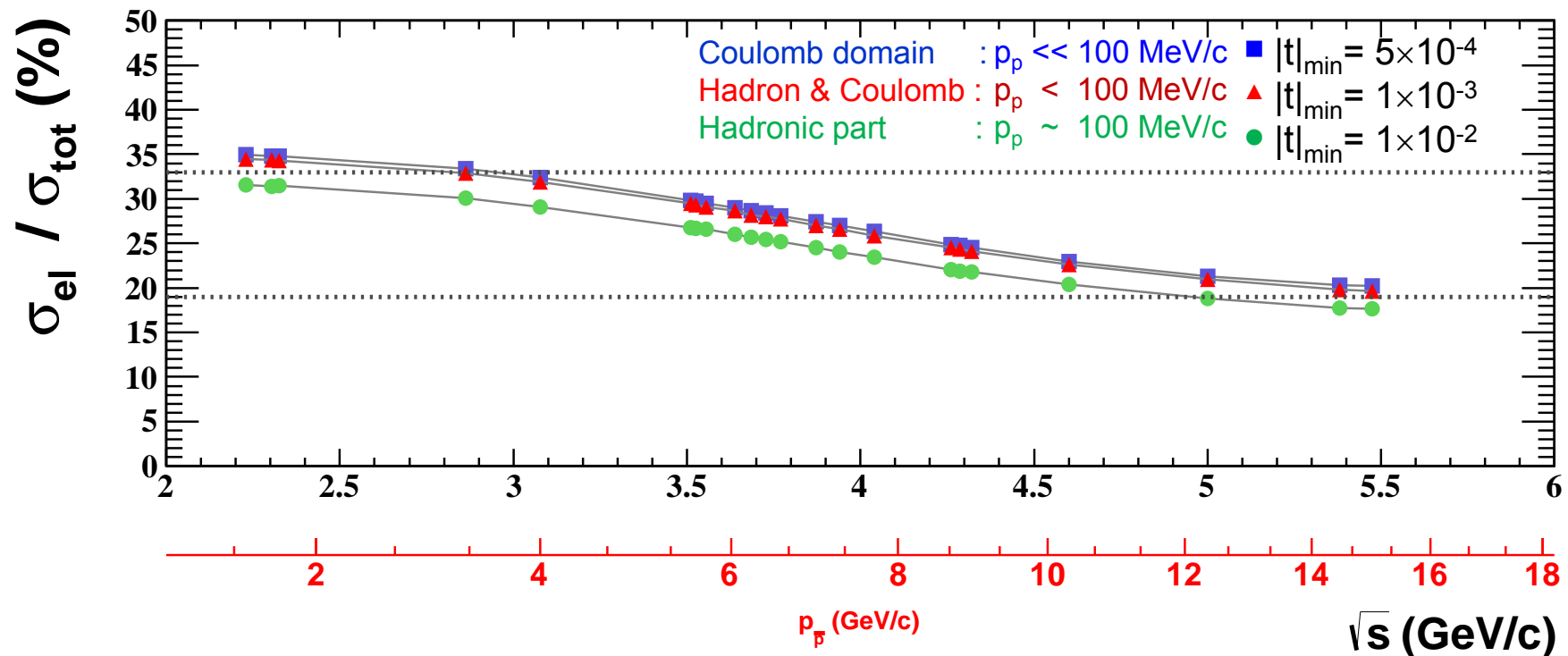
$$K_{\text{misID}}^e = P(K | e) = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } K \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$

$$\pi_{\text{misID}}^e = P(\pi | e) = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } \pi \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$

$$p_{\text{misID}}^e = P(p | e) = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } p \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$

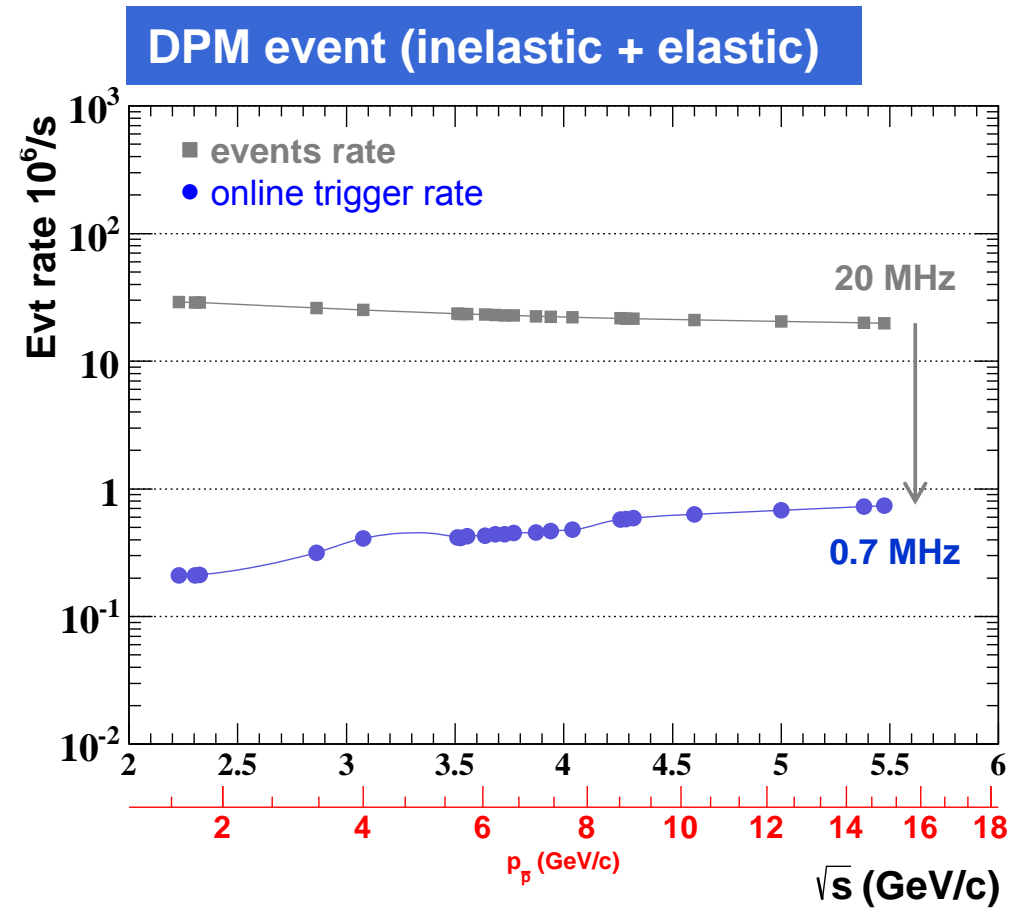
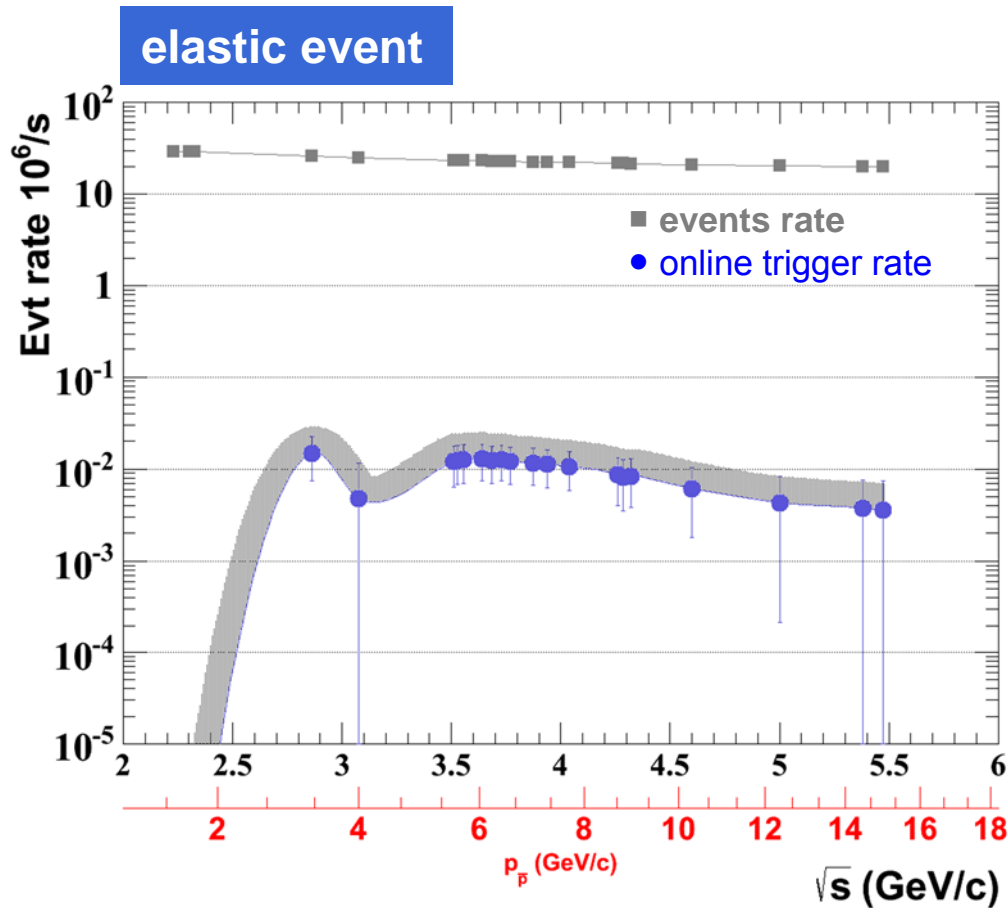
## DPM background

- during the study on the event rate, inelastic and elastic event given by DPM cross section are separated in the event selection
- scaled elastic and inelastic event by event selection has been separately normalized and combined to estimate the event rate





## Background reduction rate with 12 algorithms according to DPM



systematic uncertainty

evaluated by different ratio between hadronic and coulomb part, which can adjust with cut off parameter  $\theta_{\text{cutoff}}$  in DPM generator

background reduction rate  $\sim 10^{-1}$   
 event rate : 20 MHz  $\rightarrow$  0.7 MHz  
 @ 15 GeV/c beam momentum



## test software trigger scheme with full chain MC simulation

- 6 EvtGen signal data and 6 DPM background data  
0.5 - 1.5 M events / channel using PANDARoot v.17680

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(4040) \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \bar{D}^0 \pi^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^-$

$\bar{p}p(\sqrt{s} = 5474) \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow f(2230) \rightarrow \phi \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^+ K^-$

DPM event (only inelastic)

cms = 2.230 GeV/c

3.077 GeV/c

3.770 GeV/c

3.872 GeV/c

4.040 GeV/c

5.474 GeV/c

- 5 selection algorithms **simultaneously**  $\rightarrow 3\sigma$  mass window  $\rightarrow$  count event

$D^0(K\pi) \quad D^\pm(K\pi\pi) \quad J/\psi(e^+e^-) \quad J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-) \quad \phi(K^+K^-)$

- online tracking resolution is the same as like offline reconstruction value  
no  $p_T$  cut on D sector in the full chain MC simulation

- apply global PID probability for each charged track

$$\text{Prob.}(k) = \frac{\prod_i \text{Prob.}_i(k)}{\sum_j \prod_i \text{Prob.}_i(j)}$$

$i =$  subdetectors

$j = e, \mu, \pi, K, p$

$k =$  particle



Prob.(e)

Prob.( $\mu$ )

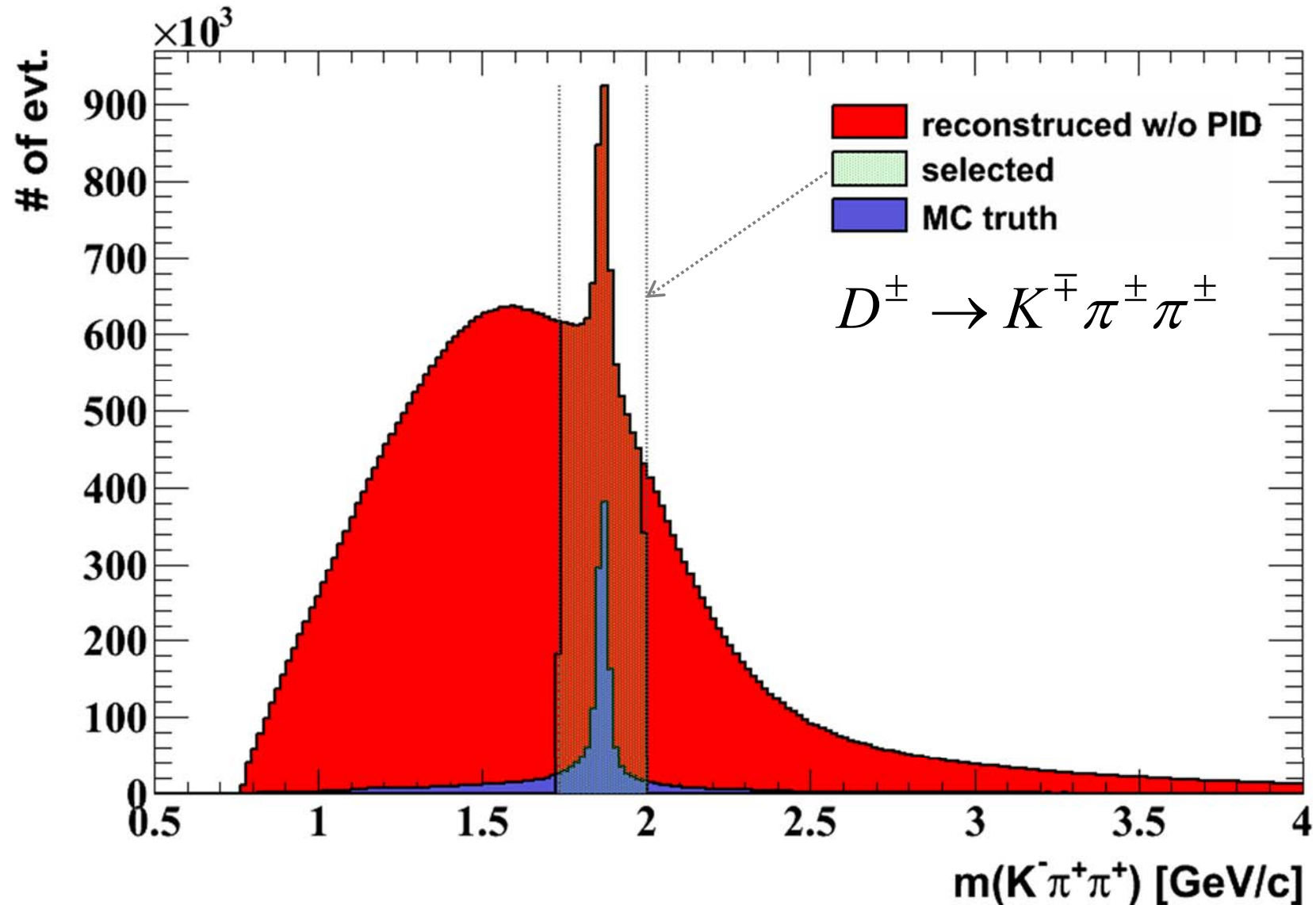
Prob.( $\pi$ )

Prob.(K)

Prob.(p)

$> [0.1, 0.5]$  for each particle

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$



blue distribution : reconstructed D mass with matching MC truth

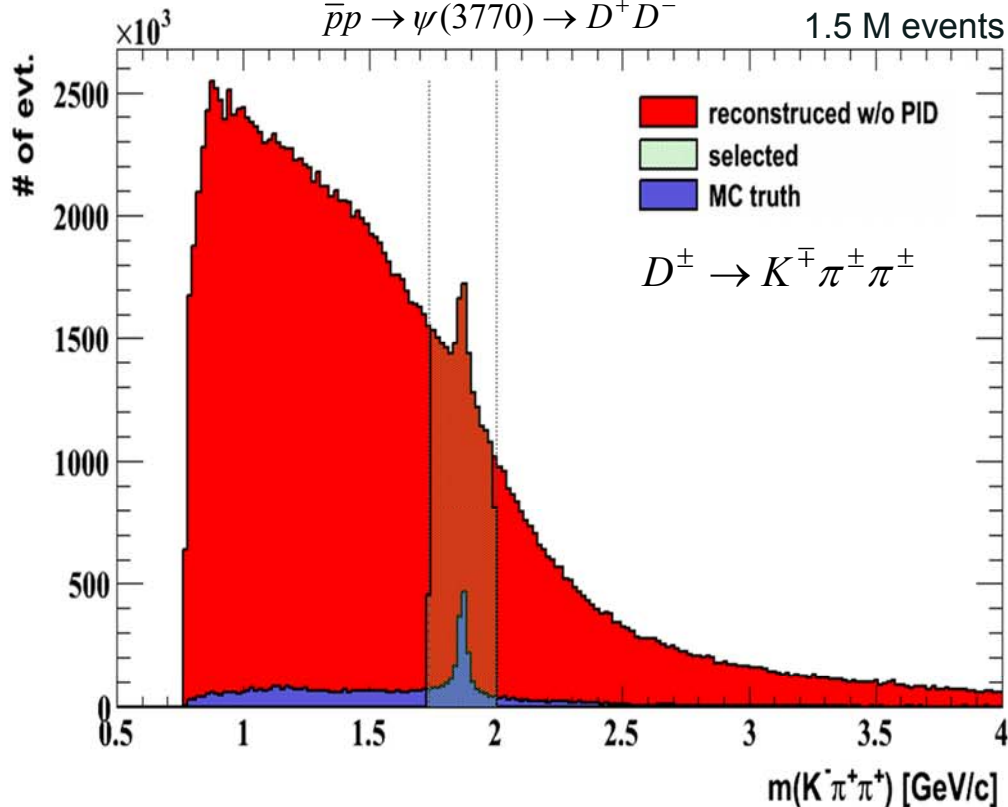
red distribution : reconstructed D from the combination of all charged track



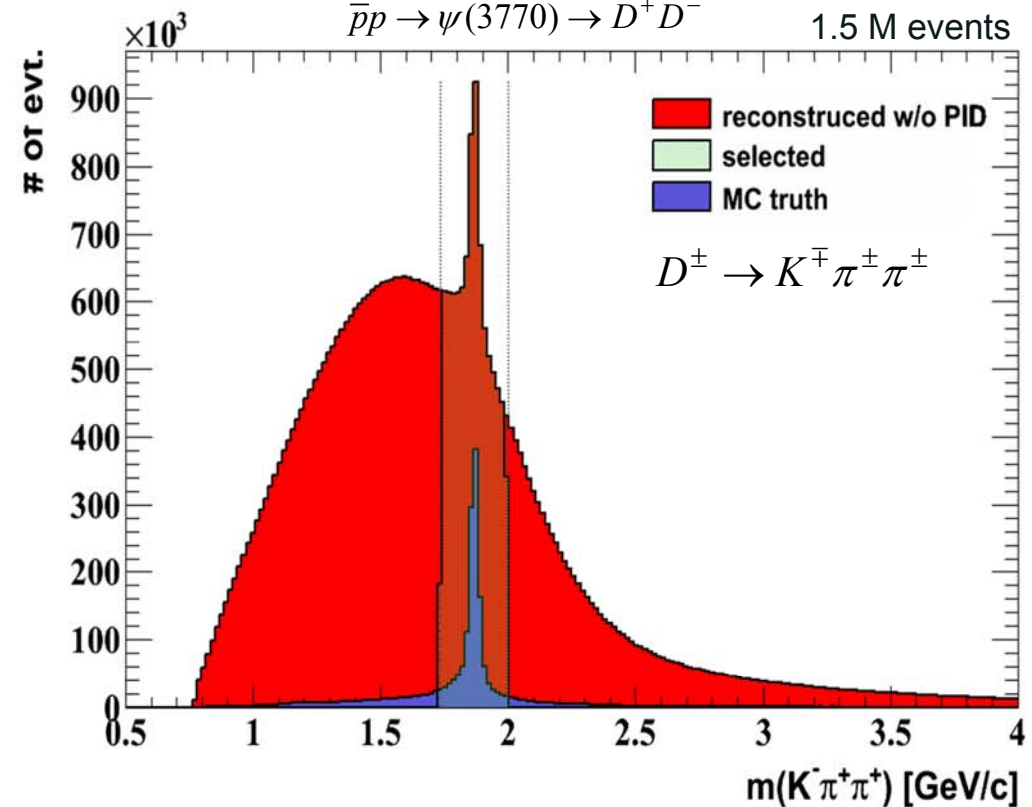
- clean up clone tracks found in the list of particle candidates

$$\text{particle}_{\text{clone}}(\text{track}_1, \text{track}_2) = |\Delta p_x, \Delta p_y, \Delta p_z, \Delta E| < 0.1 \text{ MeV}$$

before cleanup



after cleanup



$$\langle n \rangle_{\text{charged tracks}} = 6.8 @ p=15\text{GeV DPM}$$

$$\langle n \rangle_{\text{charged tracks}} = 5.3 @ p=15\text{GeV DPM}$$



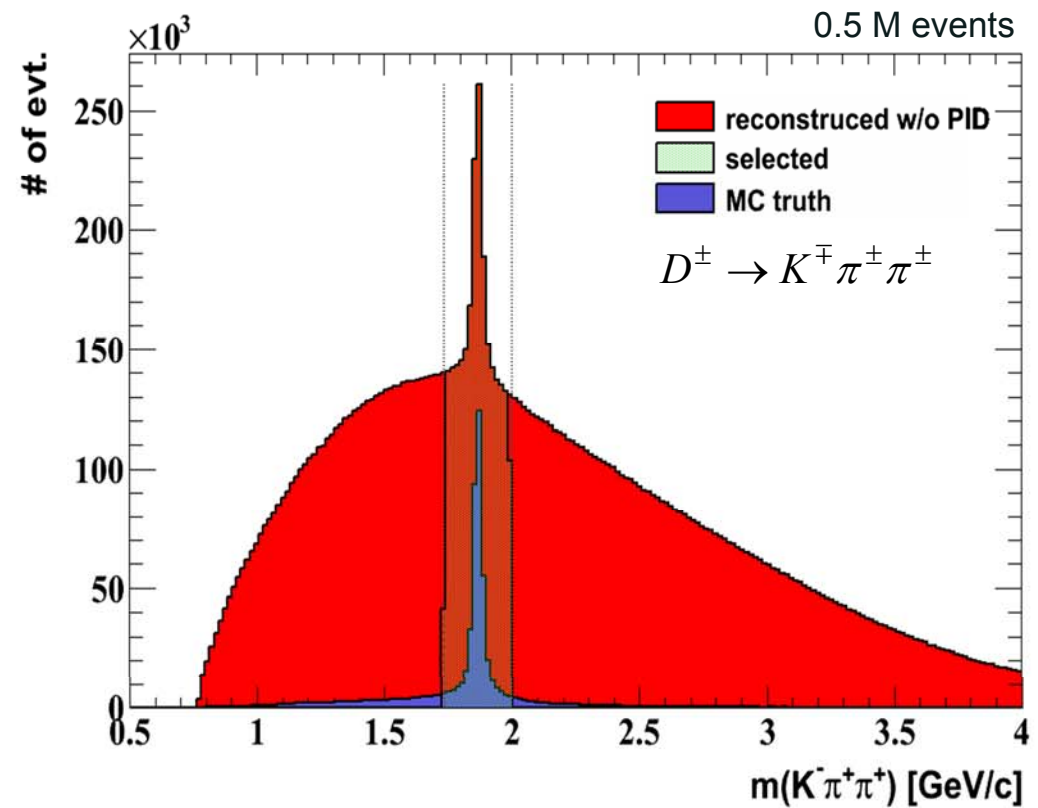
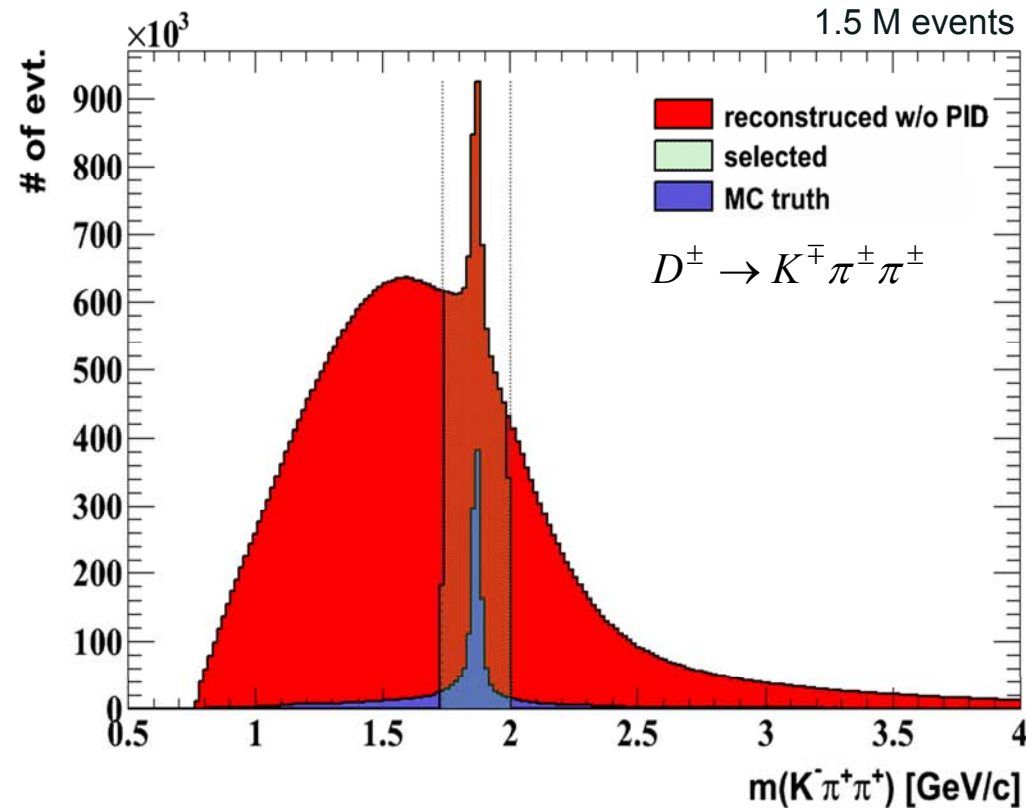
- compare  $D^\pm$  signal between two different beam momentum

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.770 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 5.474 \text{ GeV}/c \Leftrightarrow p_{\bar{p}} = 15 \text{ GeV}/c$$



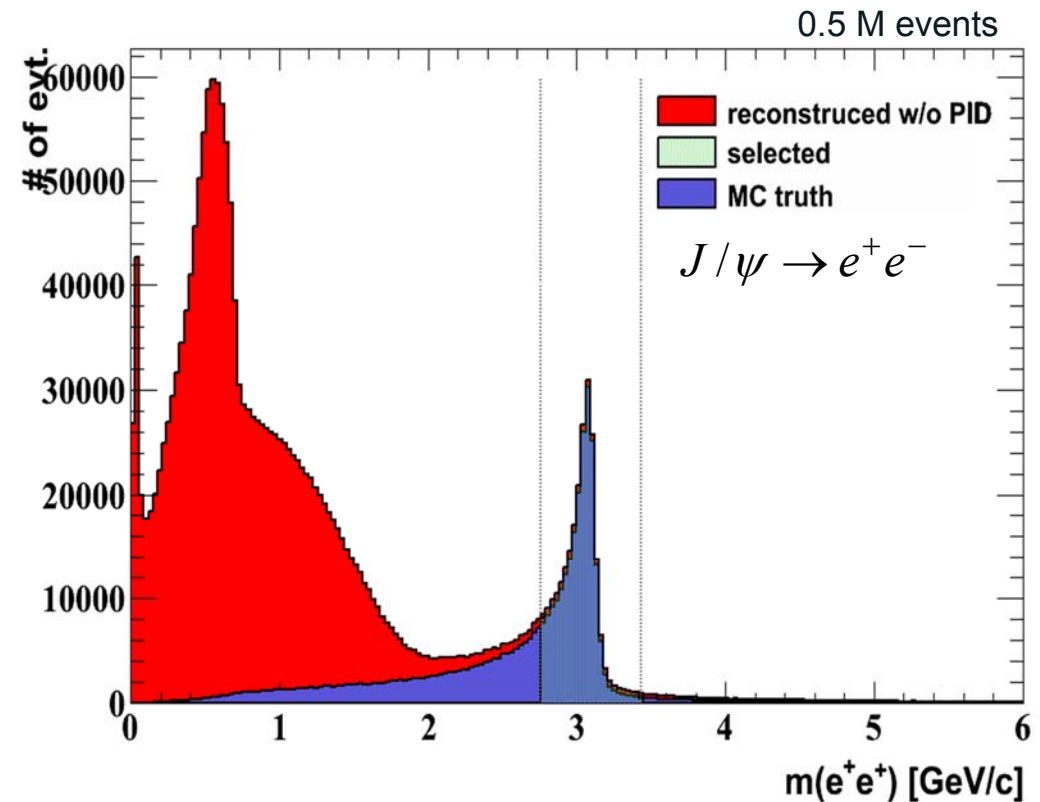
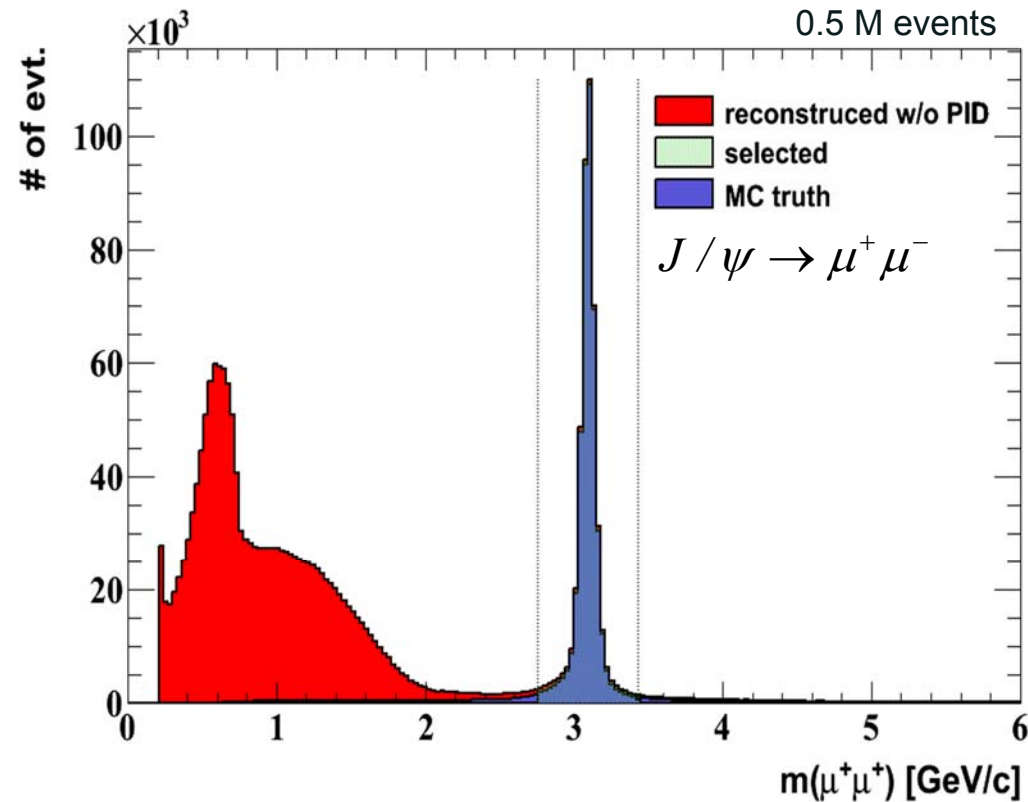
selection power and track quality looks similar  $\rightarrow$  same selection might be applied



- need a calibration for the reconstructed electron energy

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$



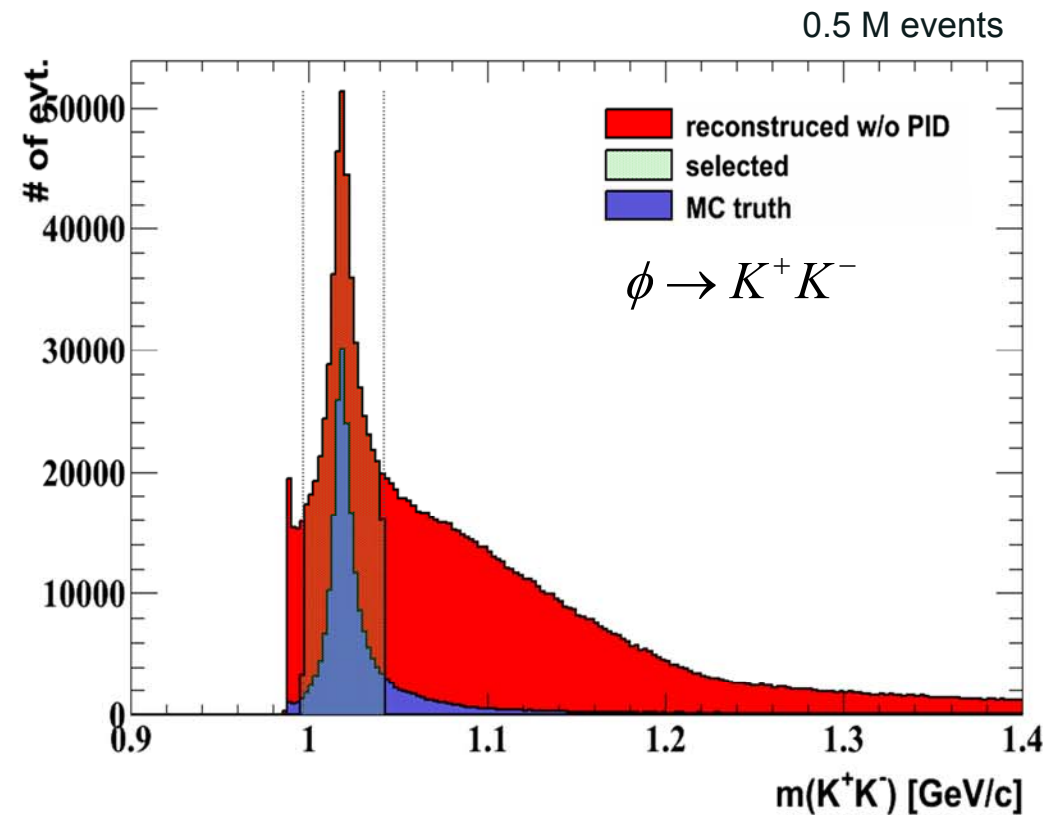
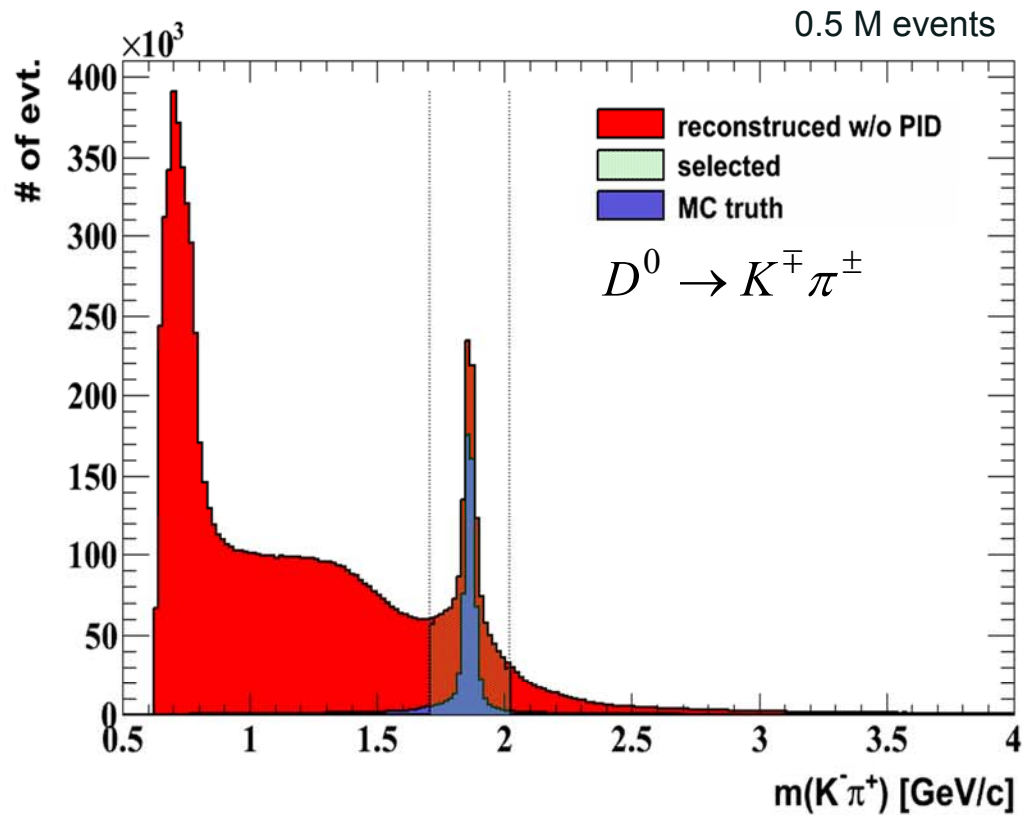


- need an improvement of track reconstruction for low energetic kaon

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(4040) \rightarrow D^{*+}D^{*-} \rightarrow$$

$$D^0\pi^+\bar{D}^0\pi^- \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+K^-\pi^-\pi^-$$

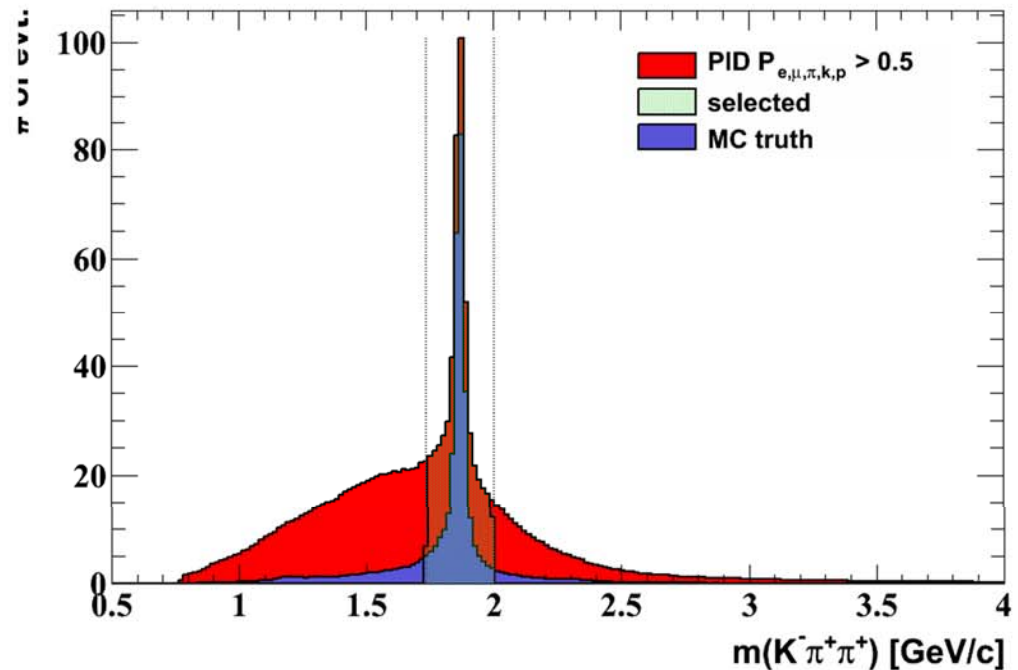
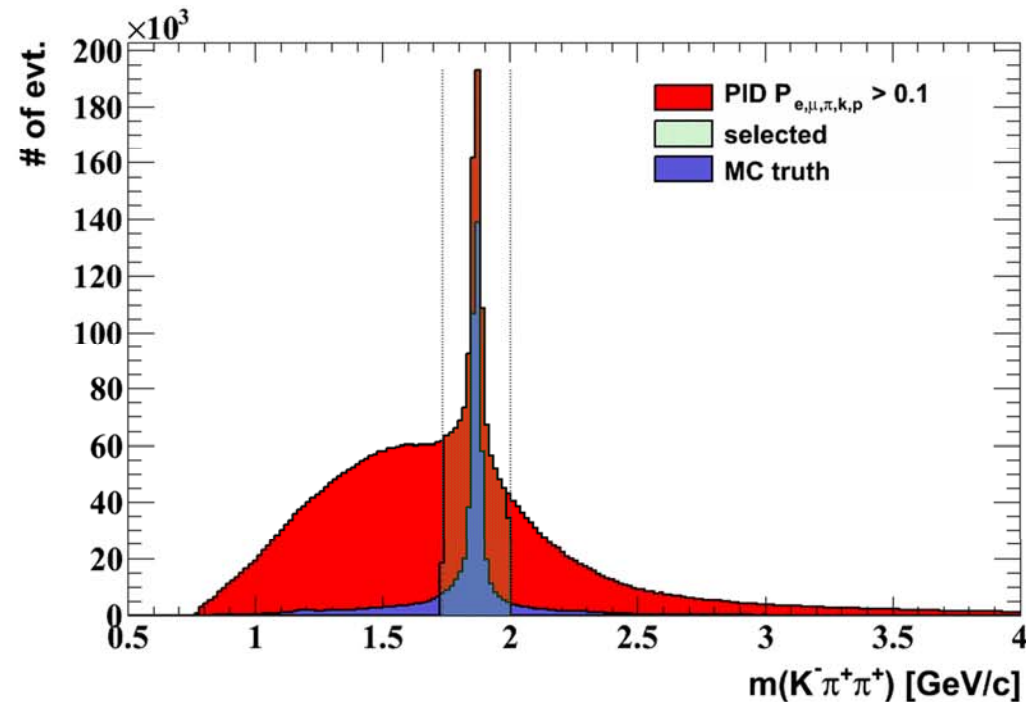
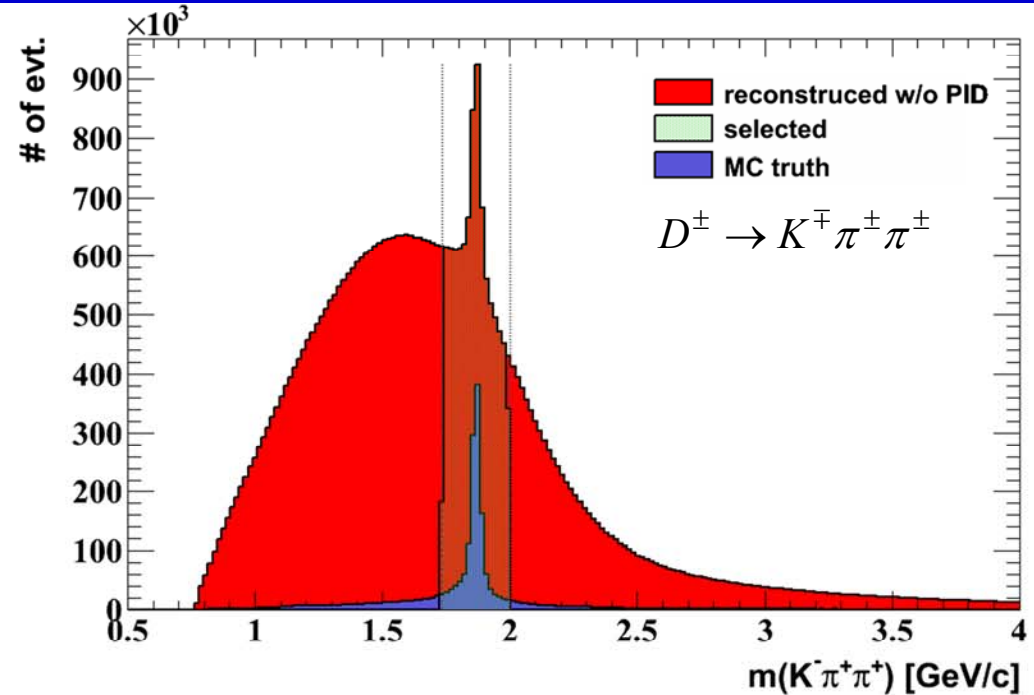
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow f(2230) \rightarrow \phi\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-K^+K^-$$





- compare invariant mass distribution with different global PID cuts
- Prob. cut has to be tuned according to figure of merit

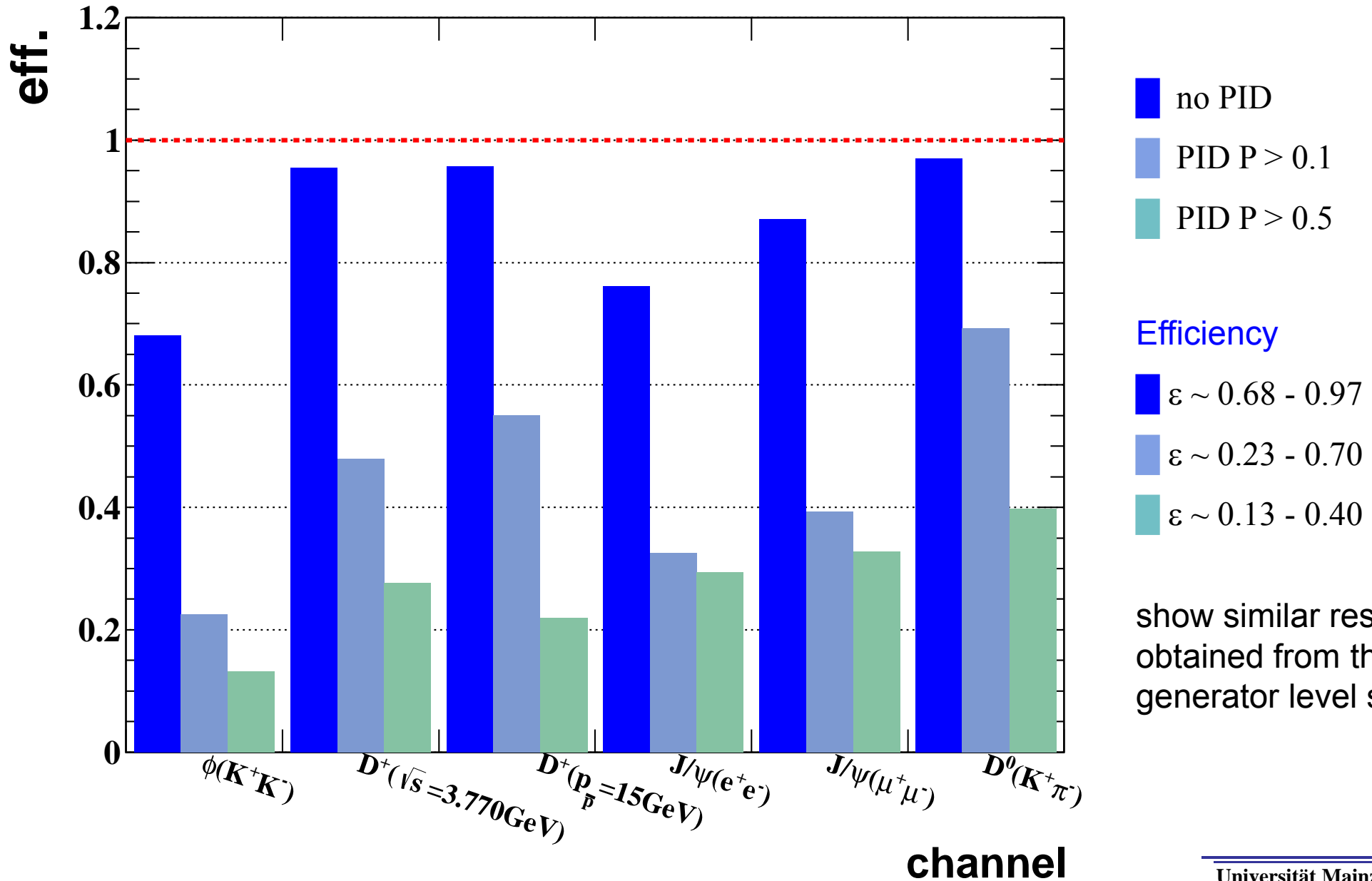
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$



EvtGen signal data

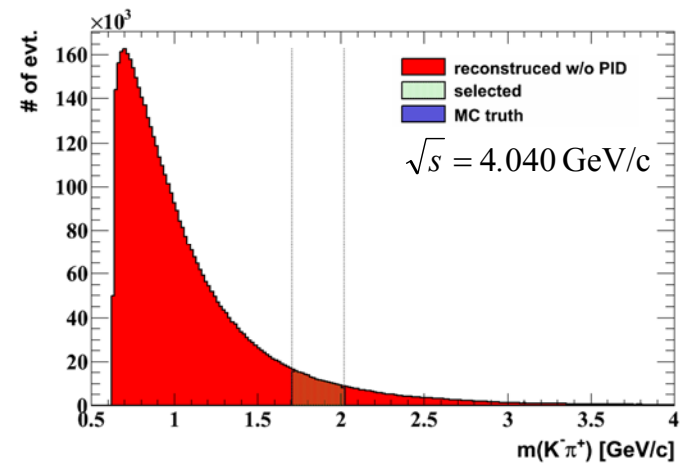
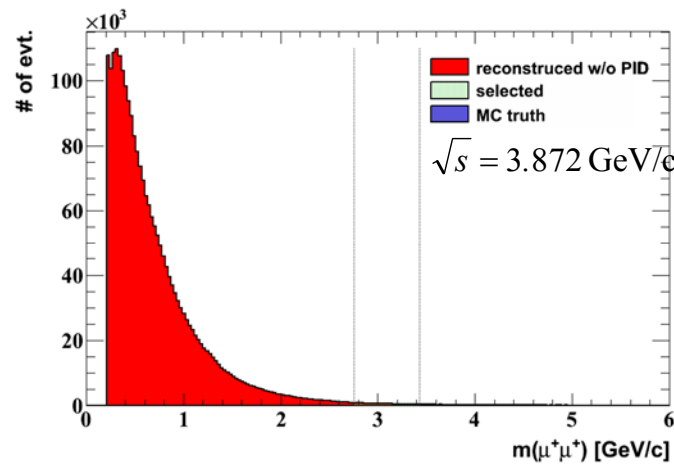
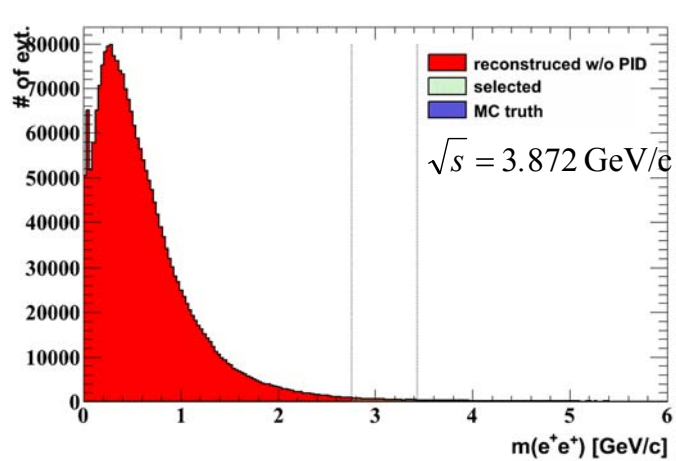
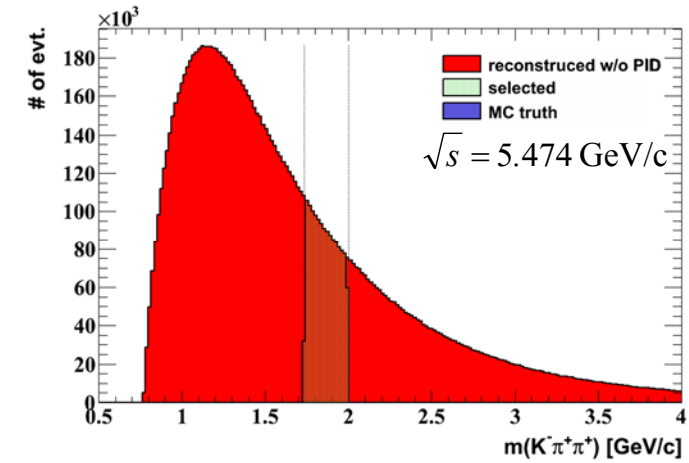
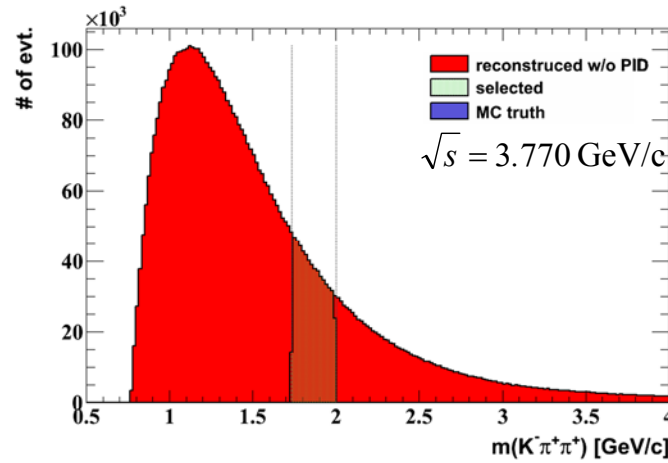
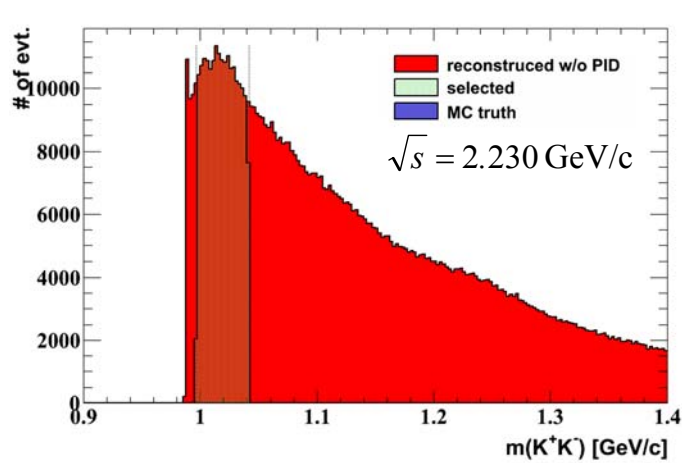
$$\text{eff.} = \frac{N_{\text{rec},MC}}{N_{\text{gen},MC}}$$

where,  $N_{\text{rec},MC}$  is the number of reconstructed event accepted by one of 5 algorithms



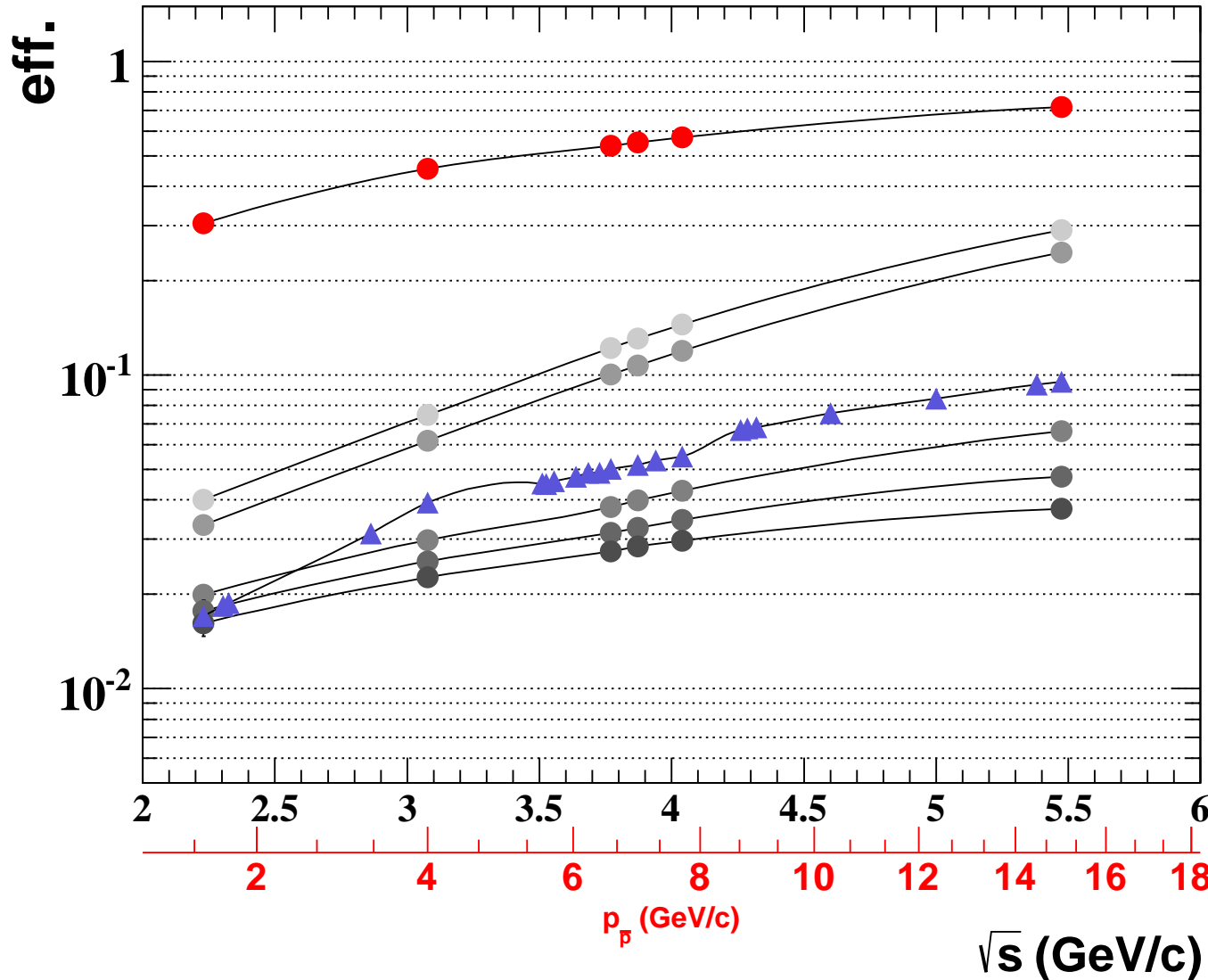


reconstructed w/o PID = all combinations from all charged tracks



- Compare background reduction between simplicity and complexity way

$$\text{eff.} = \text{background reduction} = \frac{\# \text{ of event accepted by one of 5 algo.}}{\# \text{ of generated DPM event}}$$



full chain simulation

5 algorithms

● no PID

● Prob. > 0.1

● Prob. > 0.2

● Prob. > 0.3

● Prob. > 0.4

● Prob. > 0.5

result from the  
standalone program  
in the generator level

▲ 9 algorithms

80% correct PID

5% misidentification

$D^0(K\pi) D^0(K\pi\pi^0) D^\pm(K\pi\pi)$

$J/\psi(e^+e^-) J/\psi(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$

$\phi(K^+K^-) D_s(\phi\pi) e^+e^-$

$h_c(\eta_c\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$





- still existing a lot of rooms for improvement of tracking and PID
- total 22 DPM production has been already finished  
more **signal MC(EvtGen) including neutral tracks** will be analyzed
- at present **5** selection algorithms → **12** selection algorithms with kinematic cuts in the full chain MC simulation
- fraction of misidentification found in the simulation will be applied to **standalone online software trigger package**
- analysis on event mixing is in progress
- assume that **time order simulation** should start @ 2013

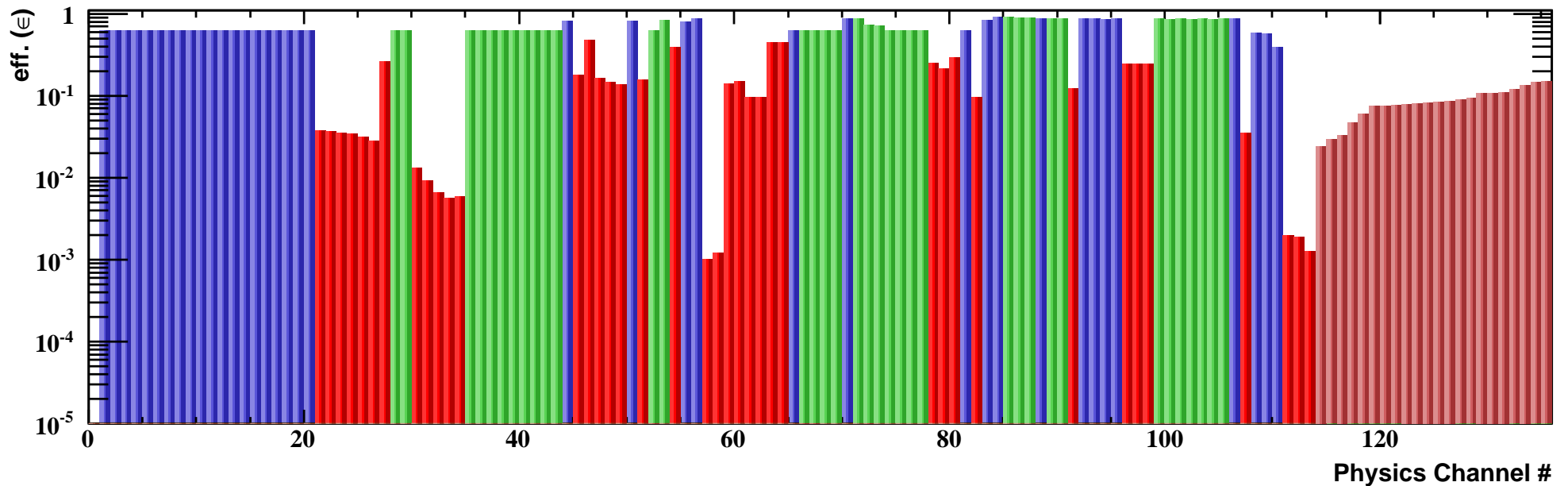
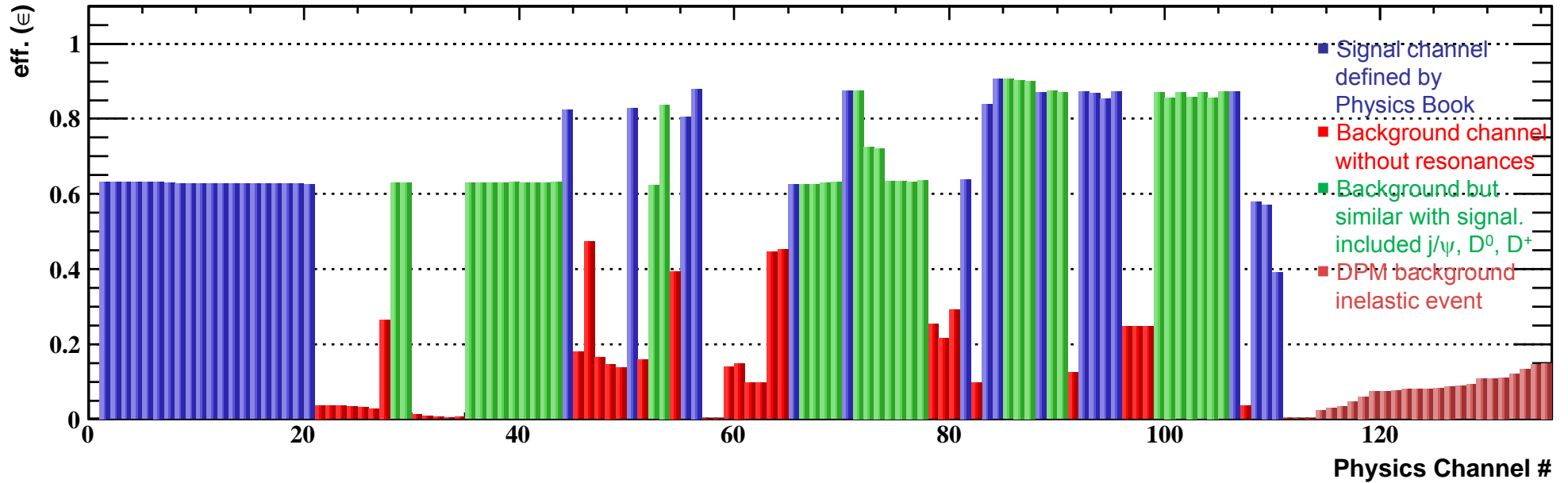


# Backup





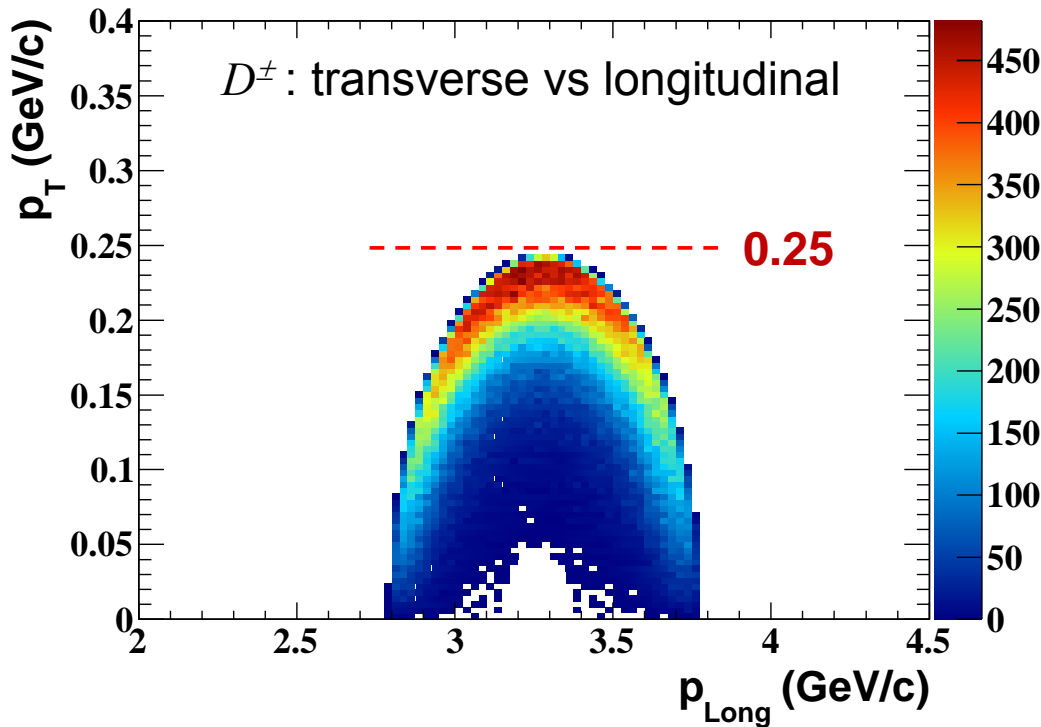
## Efficiency of online physics trigger for 134 data sets (9 algorithms + $\Lambda$ included)



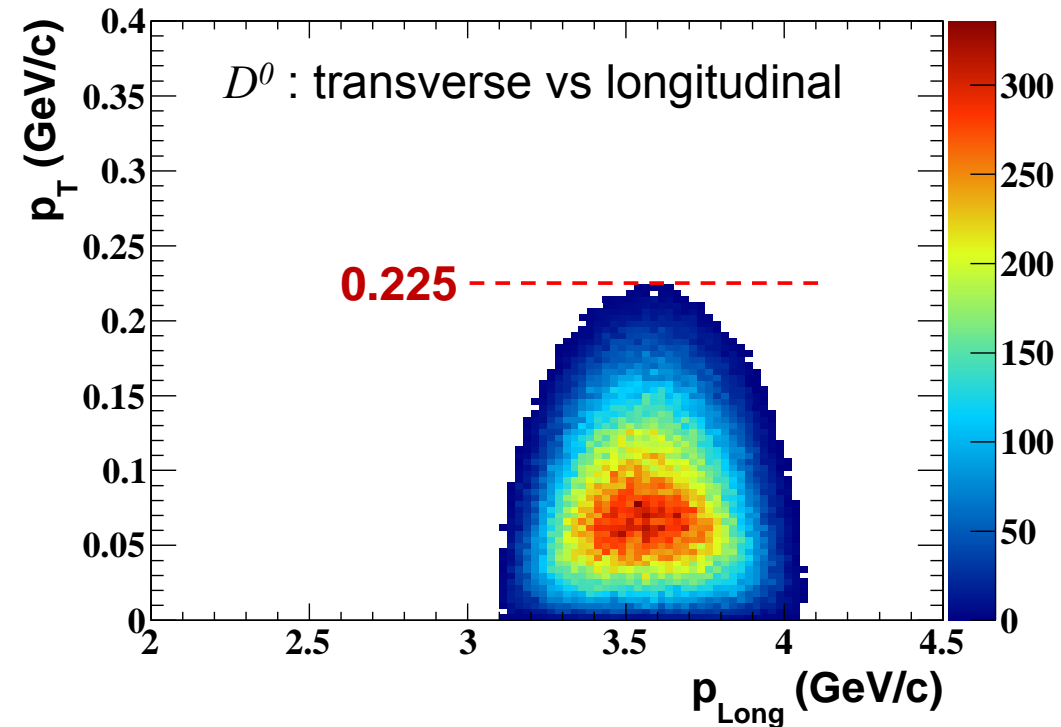


possible way to get an improvement for signal selection and background reduction

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+ D^-$$



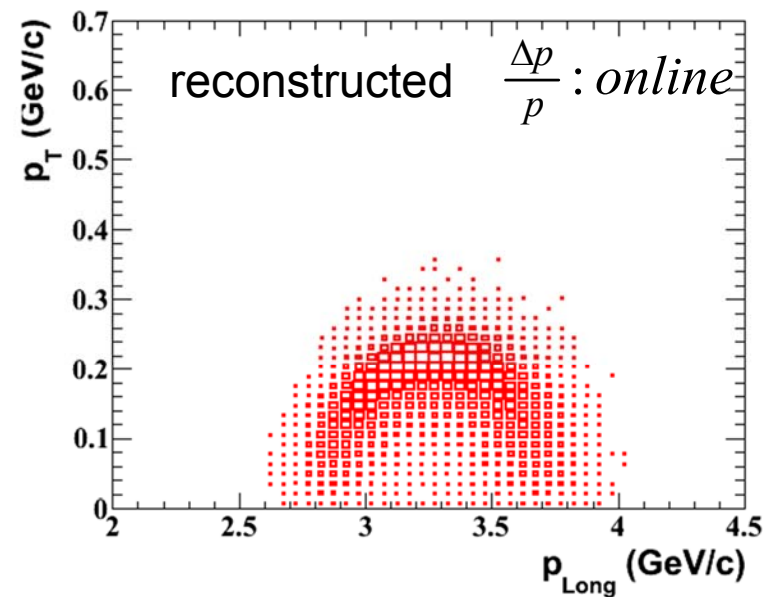
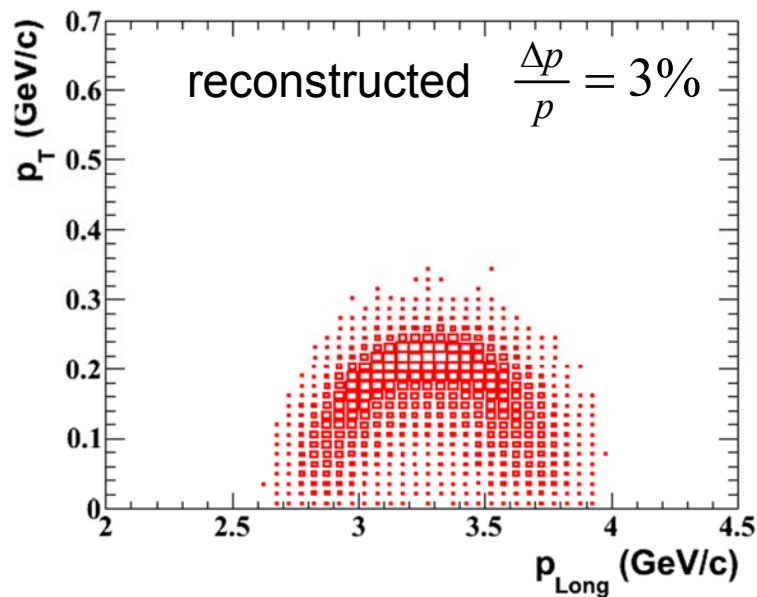
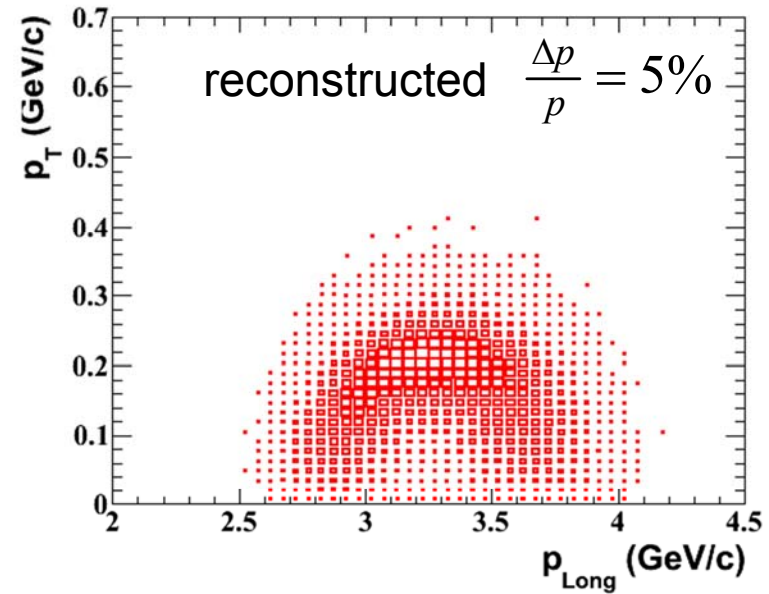
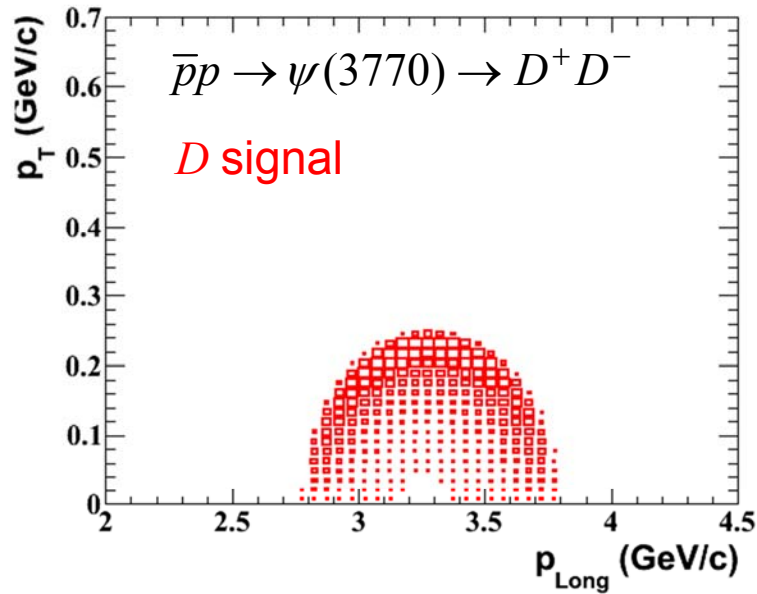
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(4040) \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \bar{D}^0 \pi^-$$



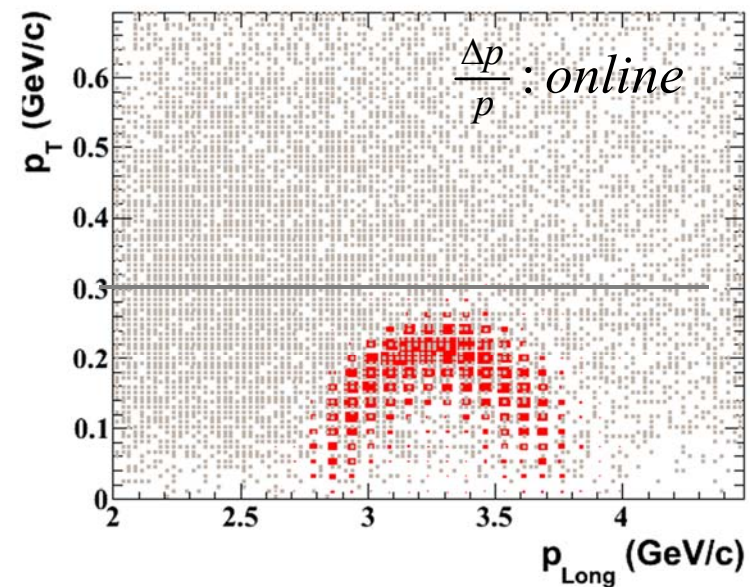
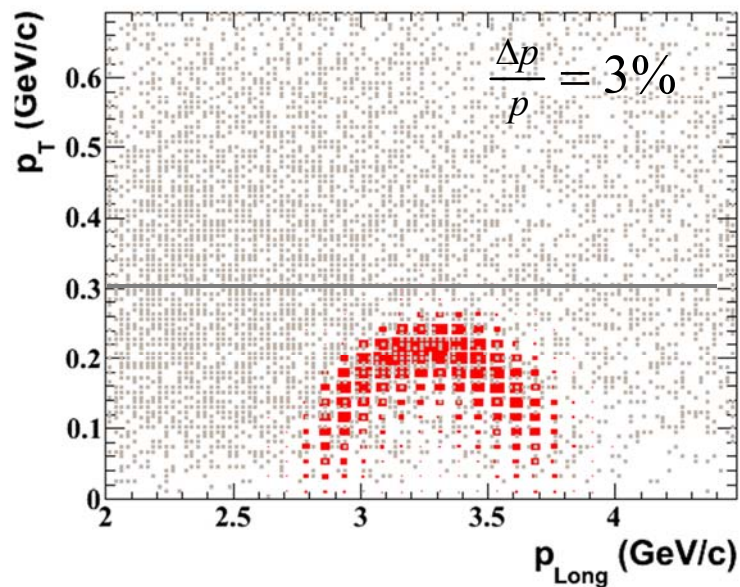
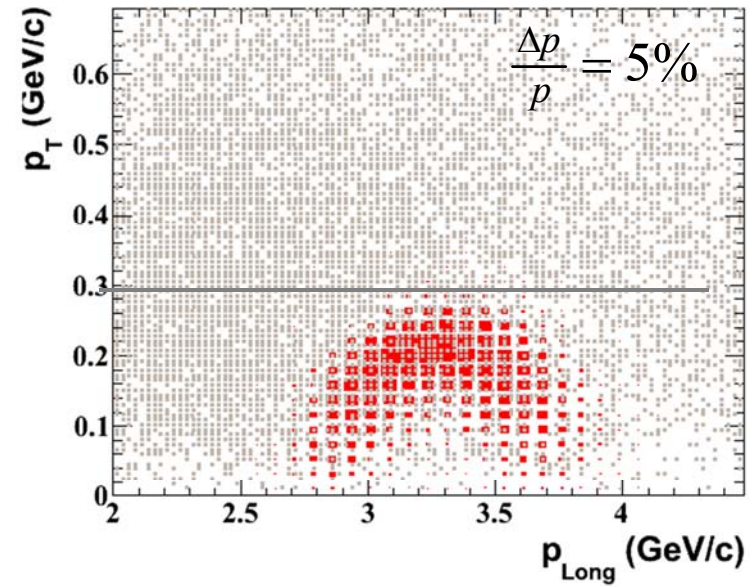
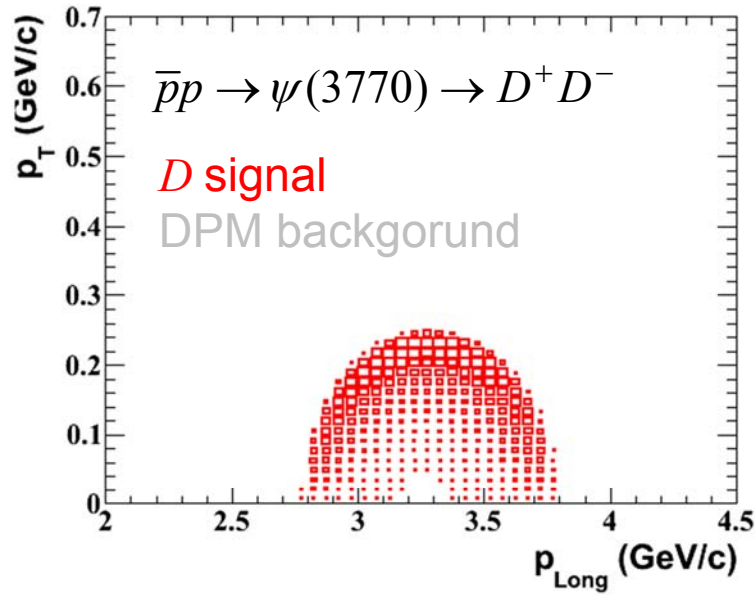
$$\left. \begin{aligned} D^0 \bar{D}^0 &\rightarrow K^+ \pi^- K^- \pi^+ \\ D^0 \bar{D}^0 &\rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{same } p_T \text{ distribution}$$



## Application of $p_T$ cut in D selection



## Application of $p_T$ cut in D selection



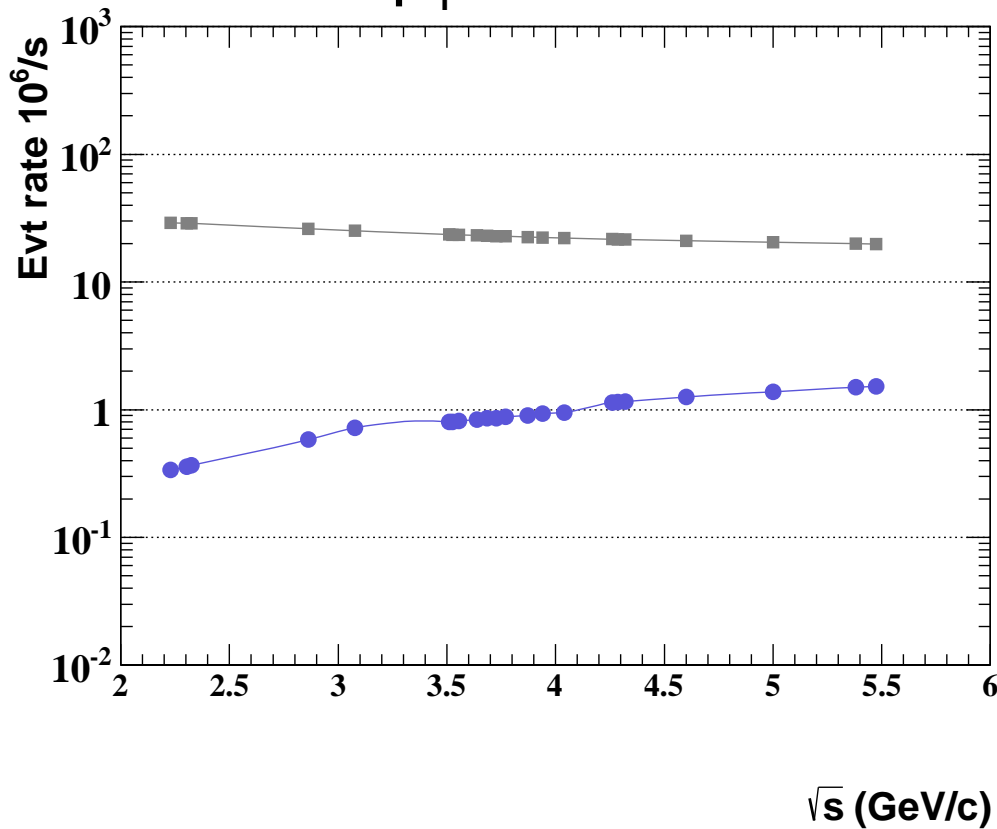


## Application of $p_T$ cut in D selection

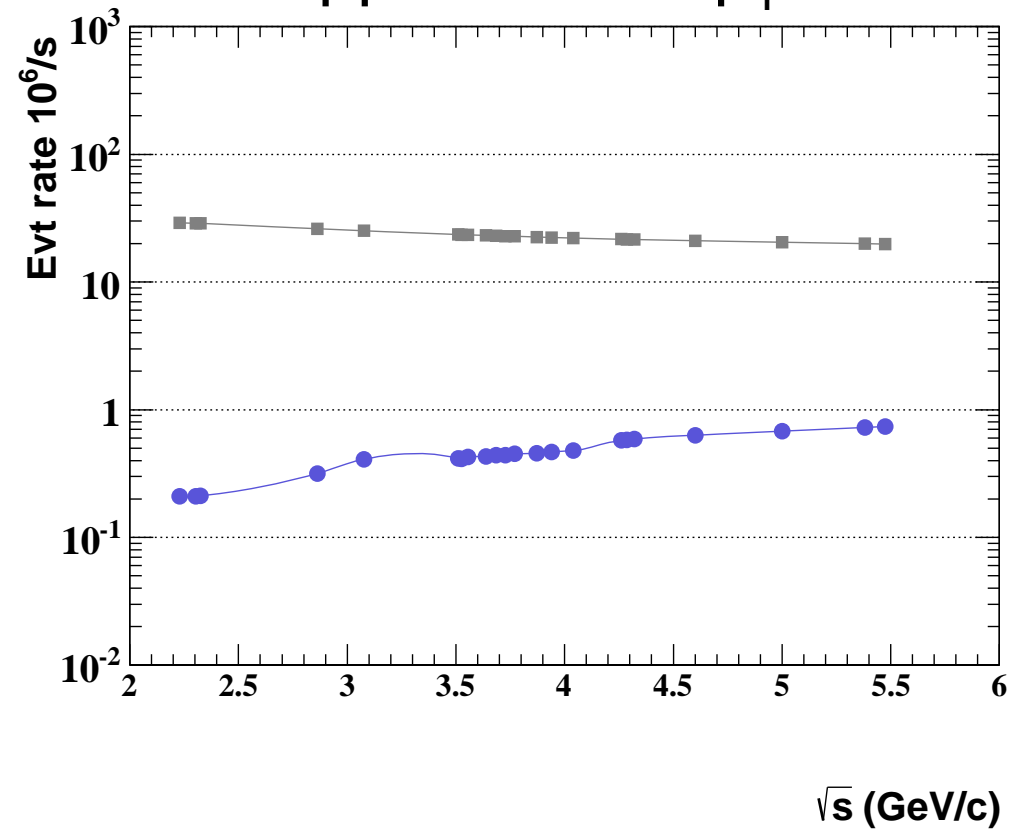
9 algorithms w/o lambda

12 algorithms w/o lambda

w/o  $p_T$  cut



application of  $p_T$  cut

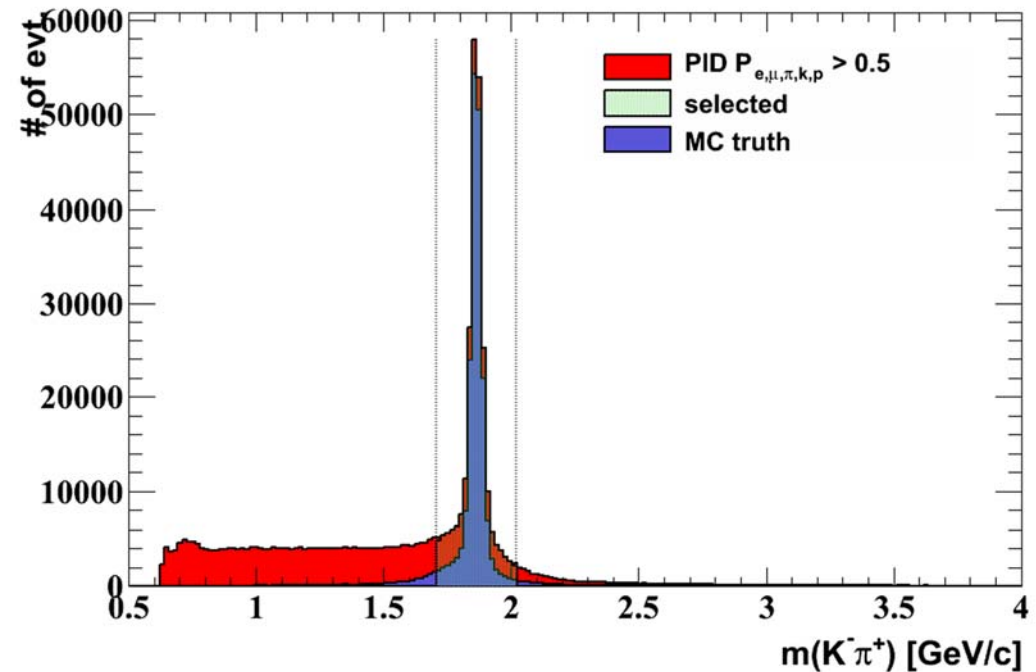
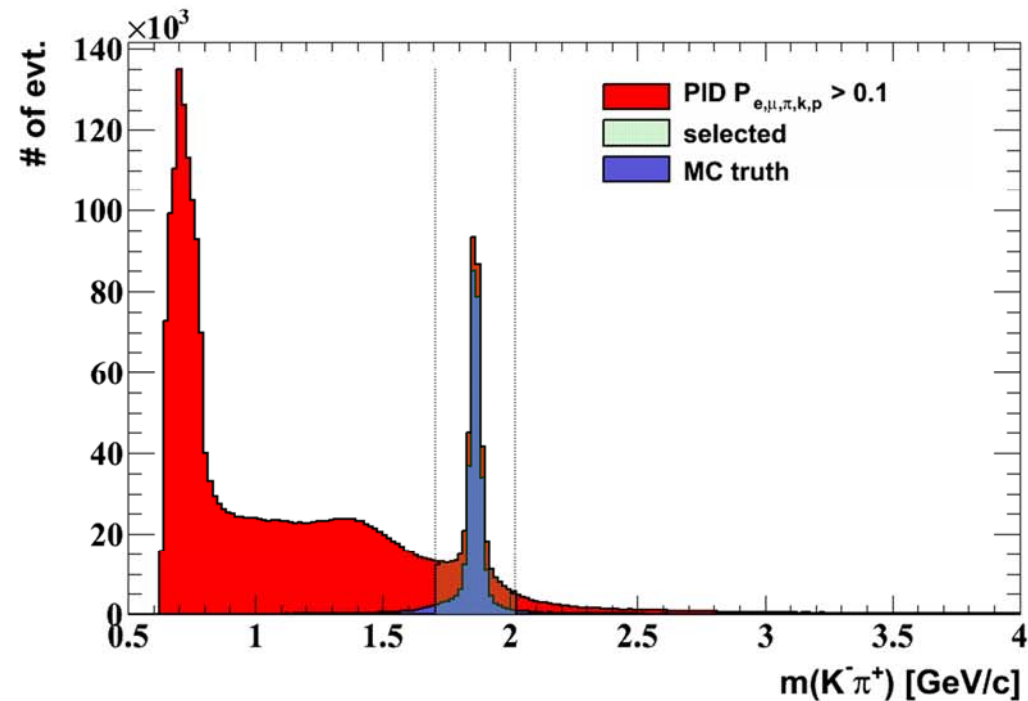
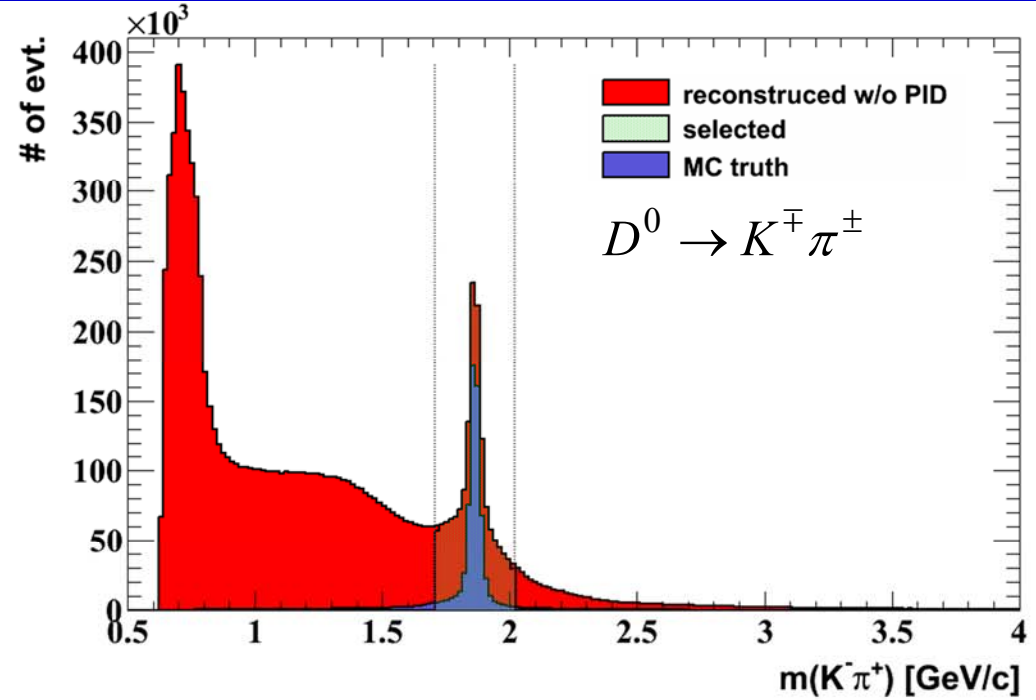




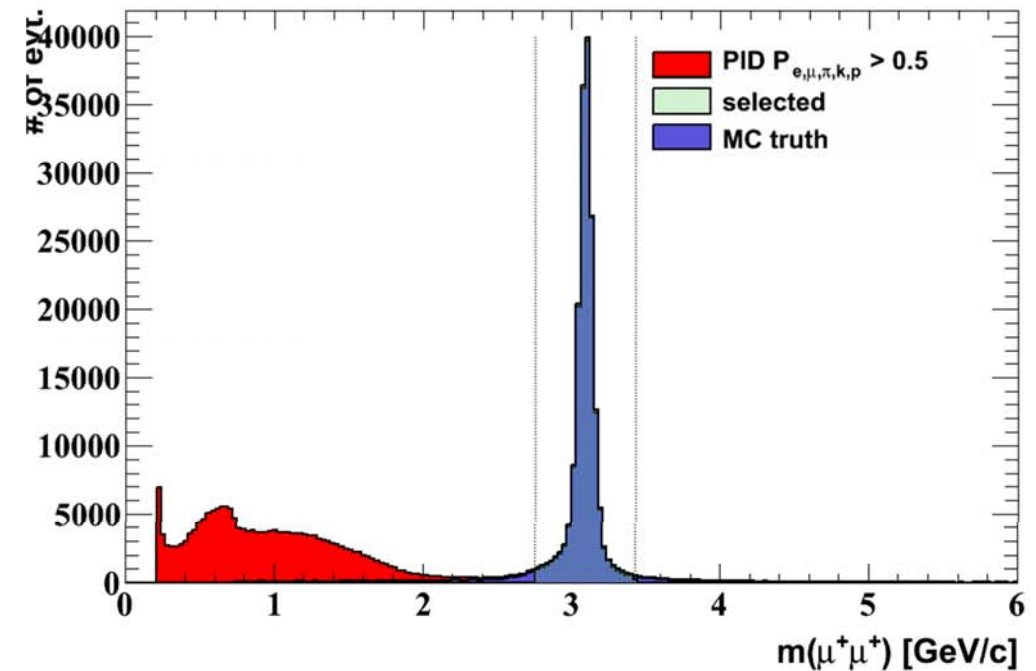
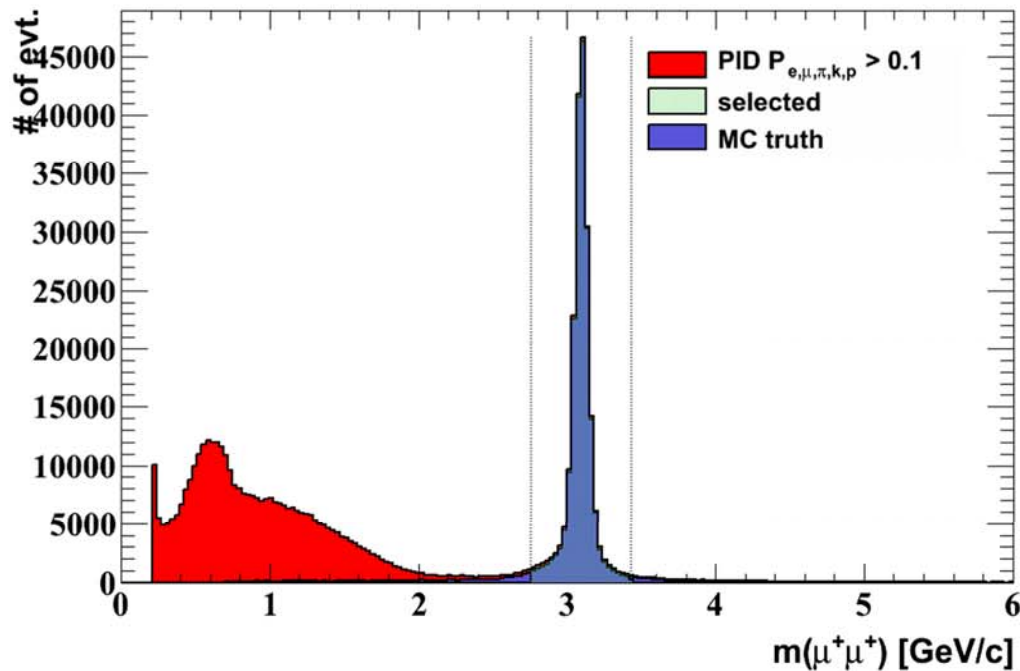
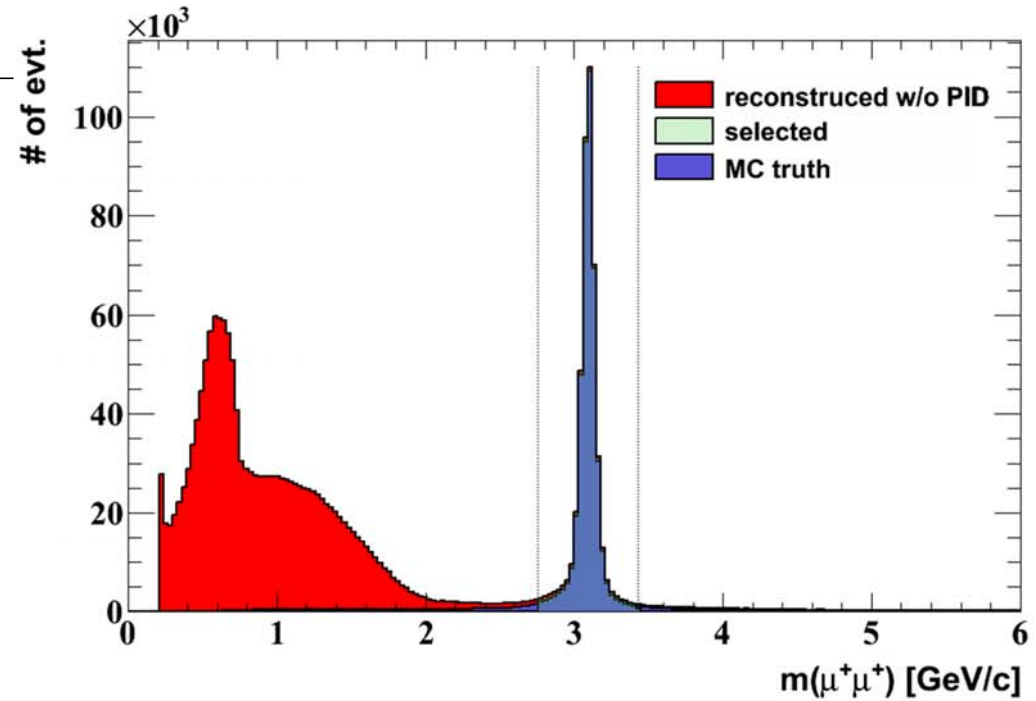


$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(4040) \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-}$$

$$\rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \bar{D}^0 \pi^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^- \pi^- \pi^-$$

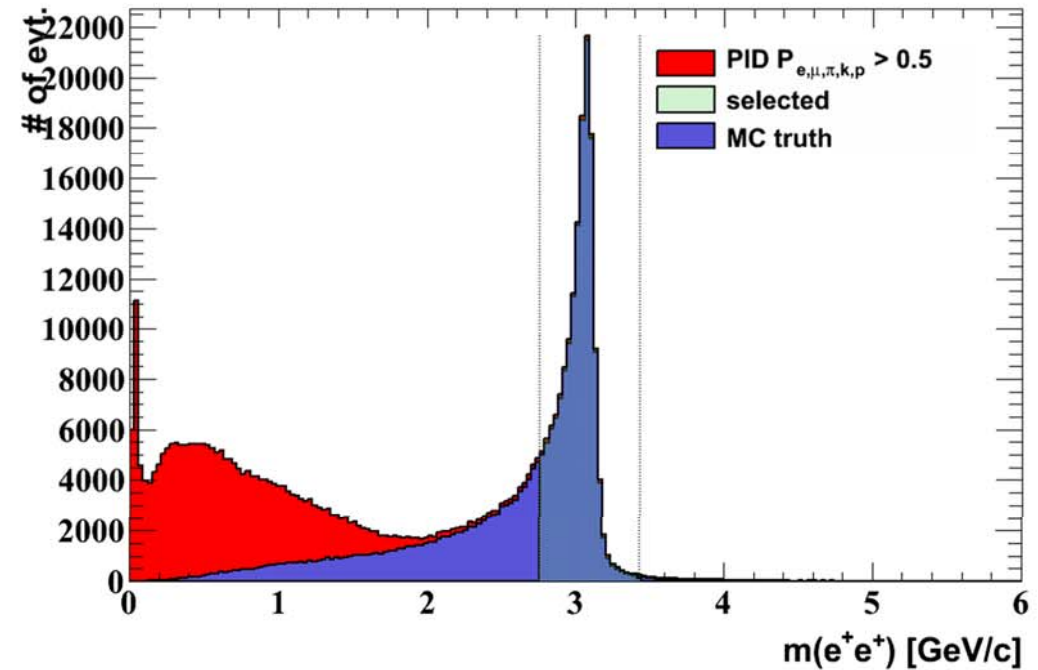
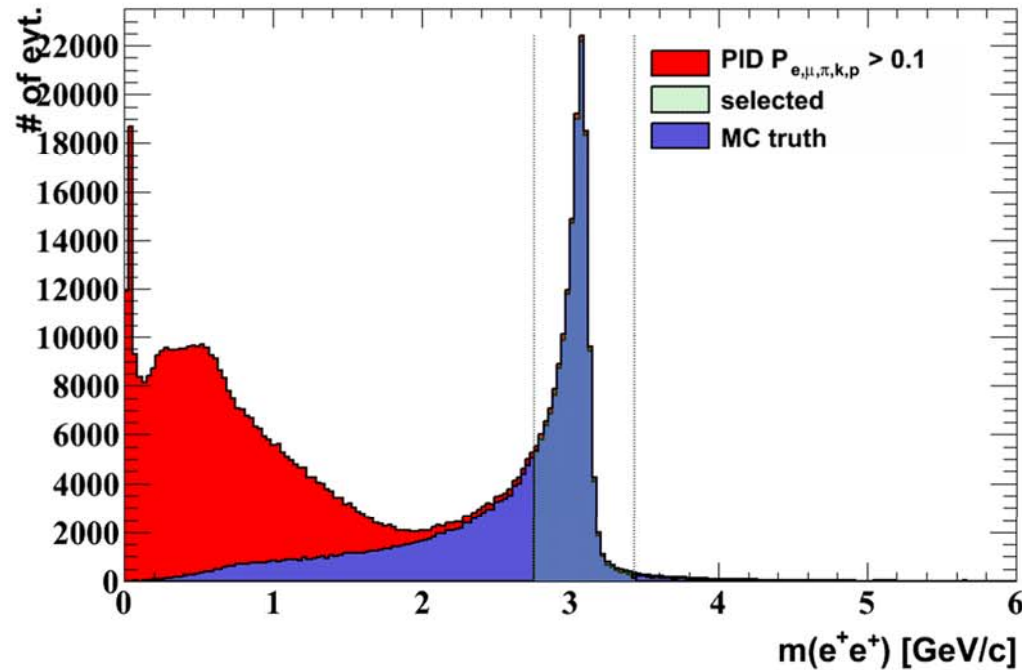
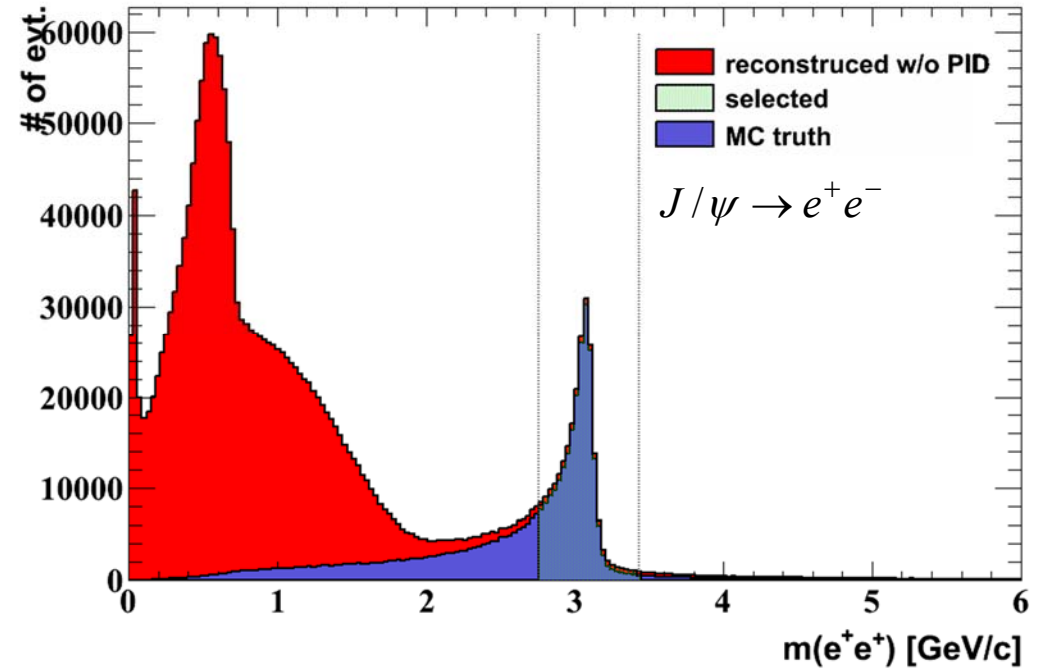


$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

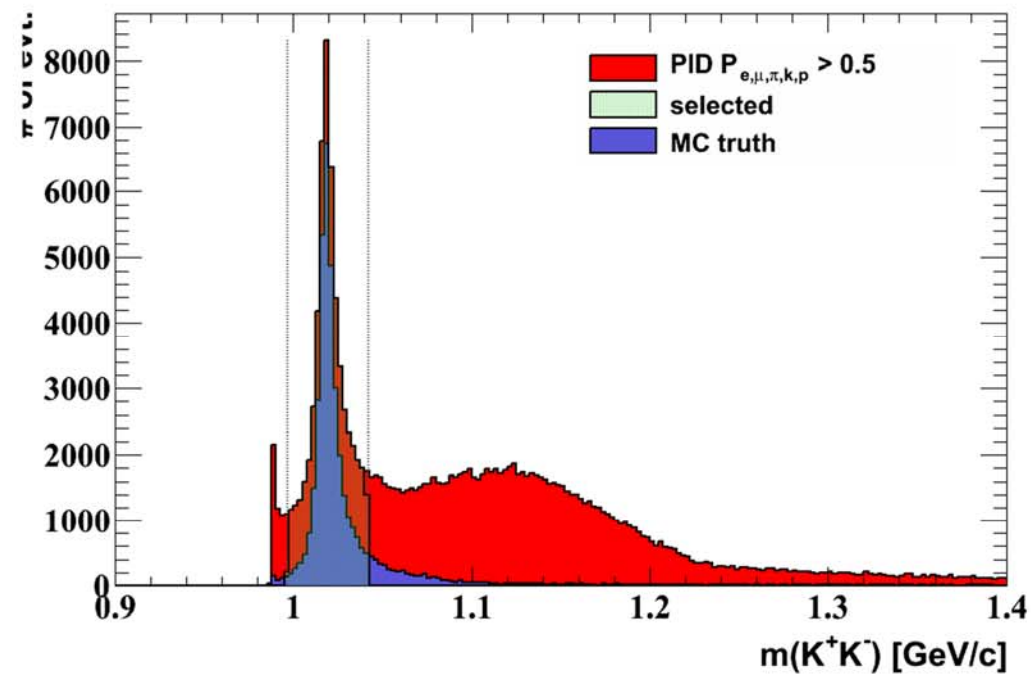
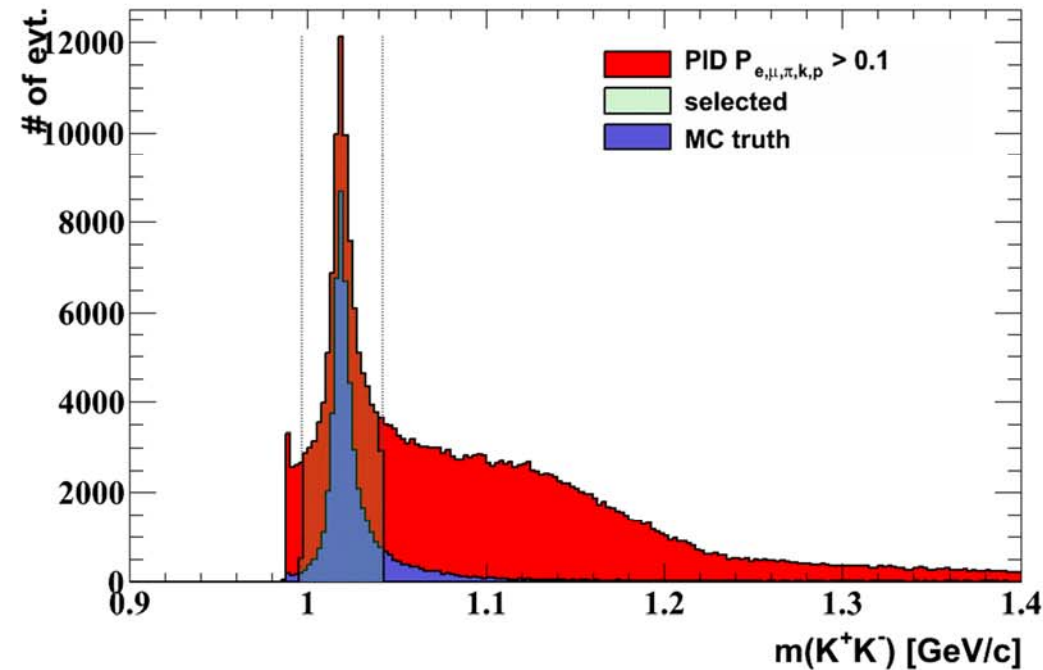
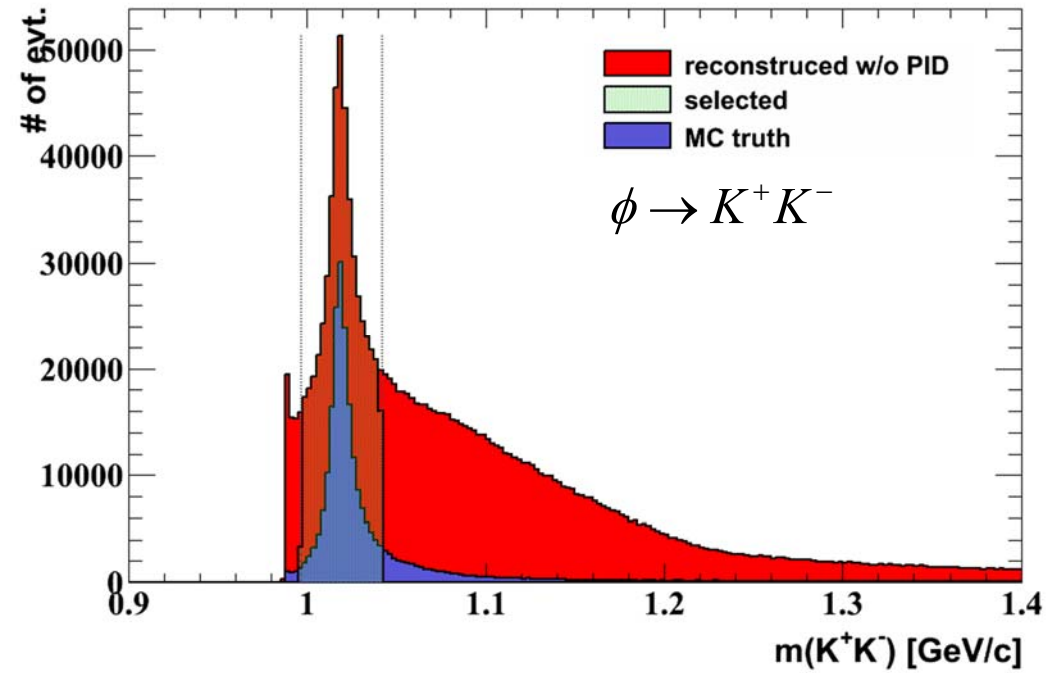




$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

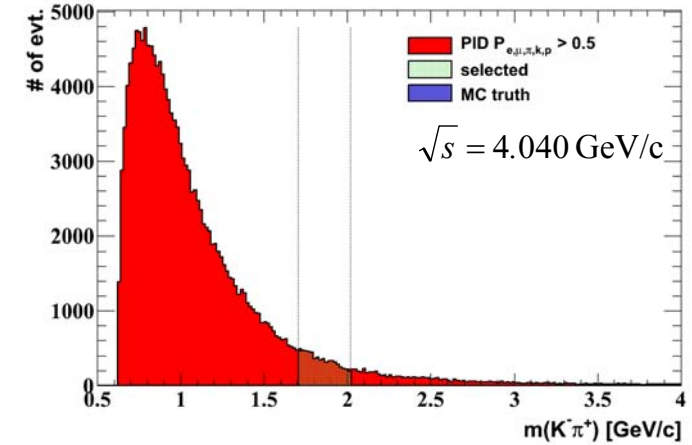
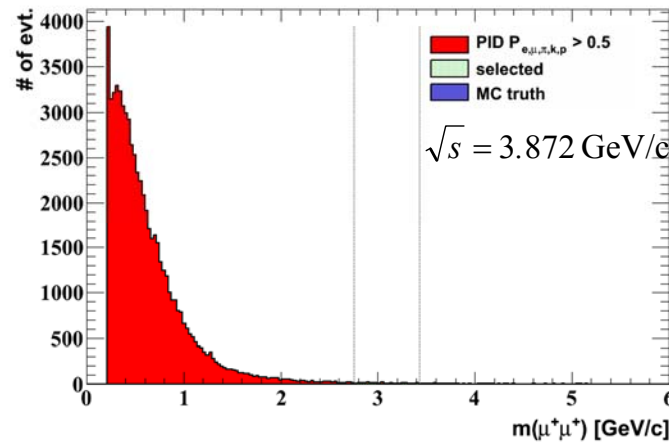
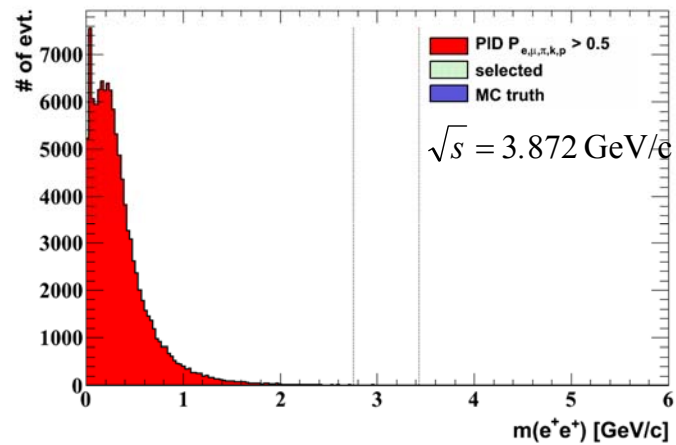
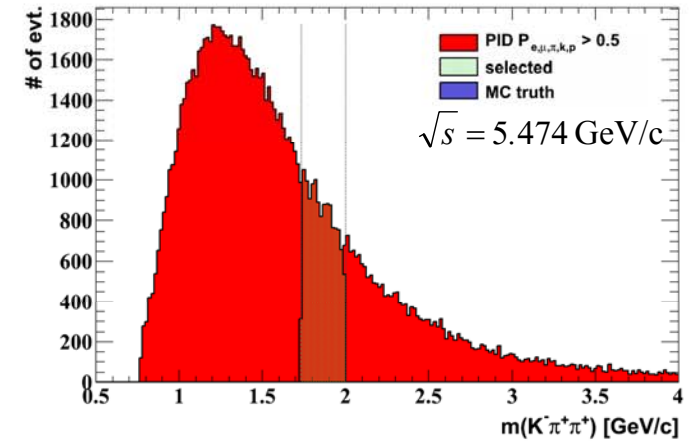
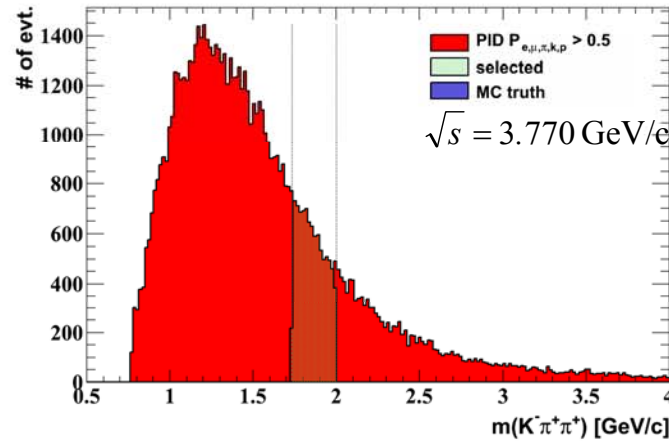
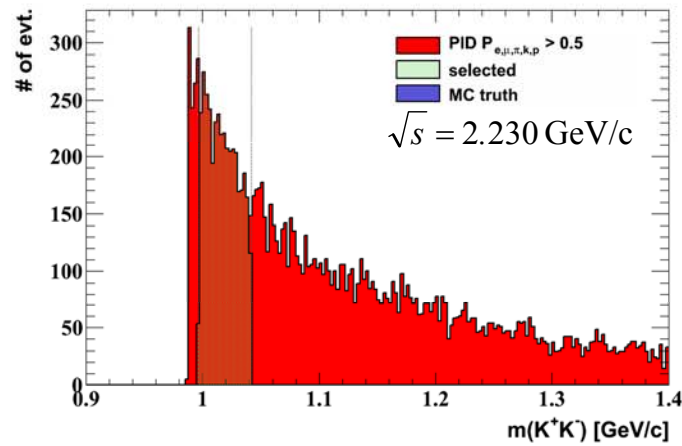


$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow f(2230) \rightarrow \phi\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-K^+K^-$$





PID cut :  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.5$



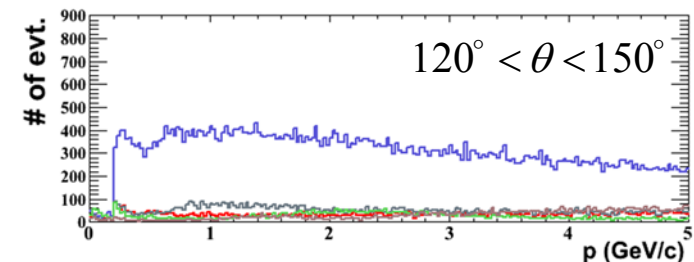
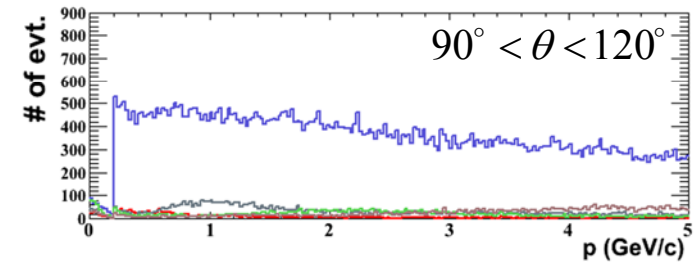
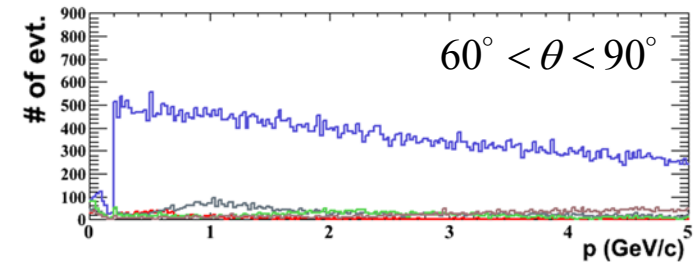
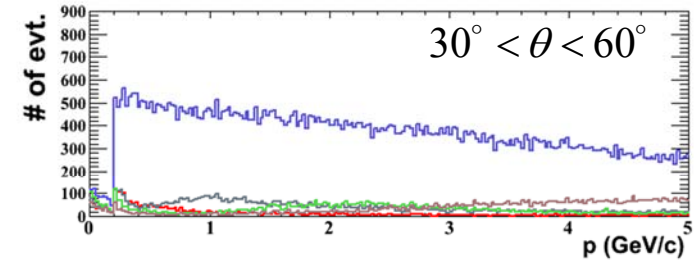
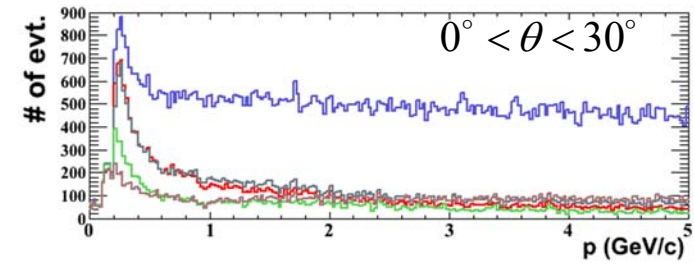
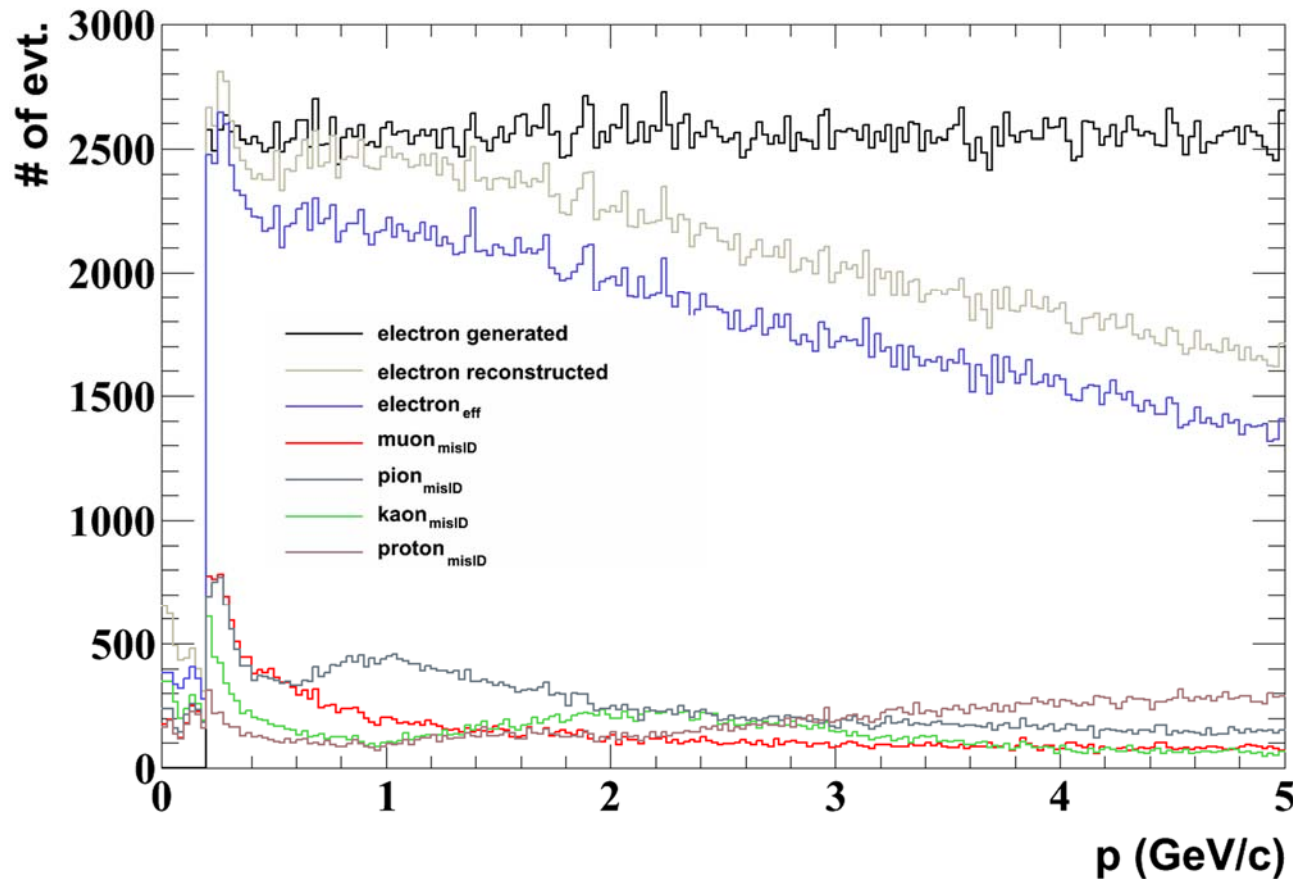
## misID for electron

$0.2 < p < 5.0$  (GeV/c) ;  $1^\circ < \theta < 148^\circ$

applied cut  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

clone tracks are cleaned up

$$\mu_{\text{misID}}^e = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } \mu \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$





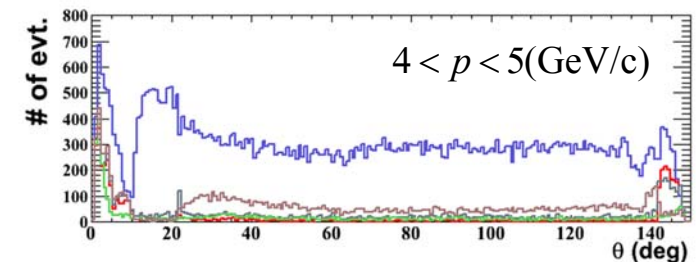
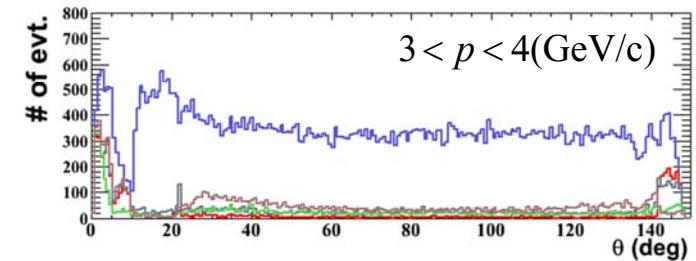
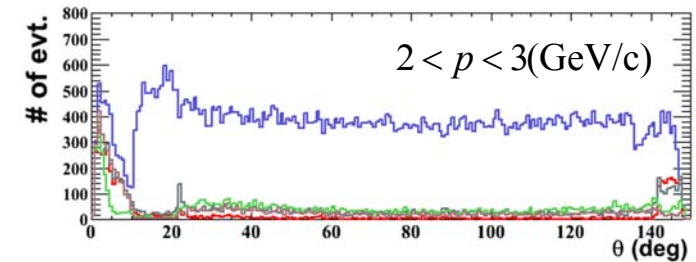
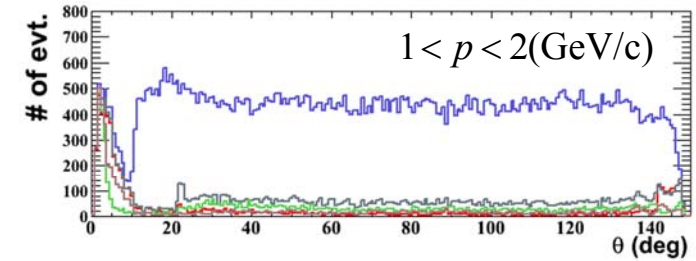
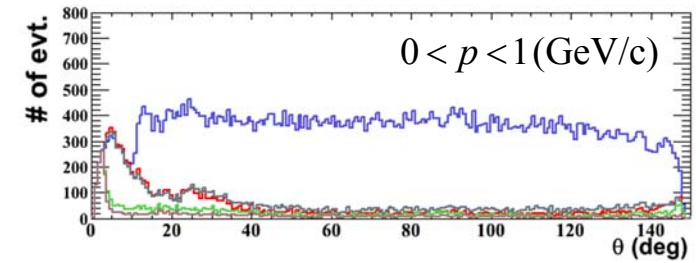
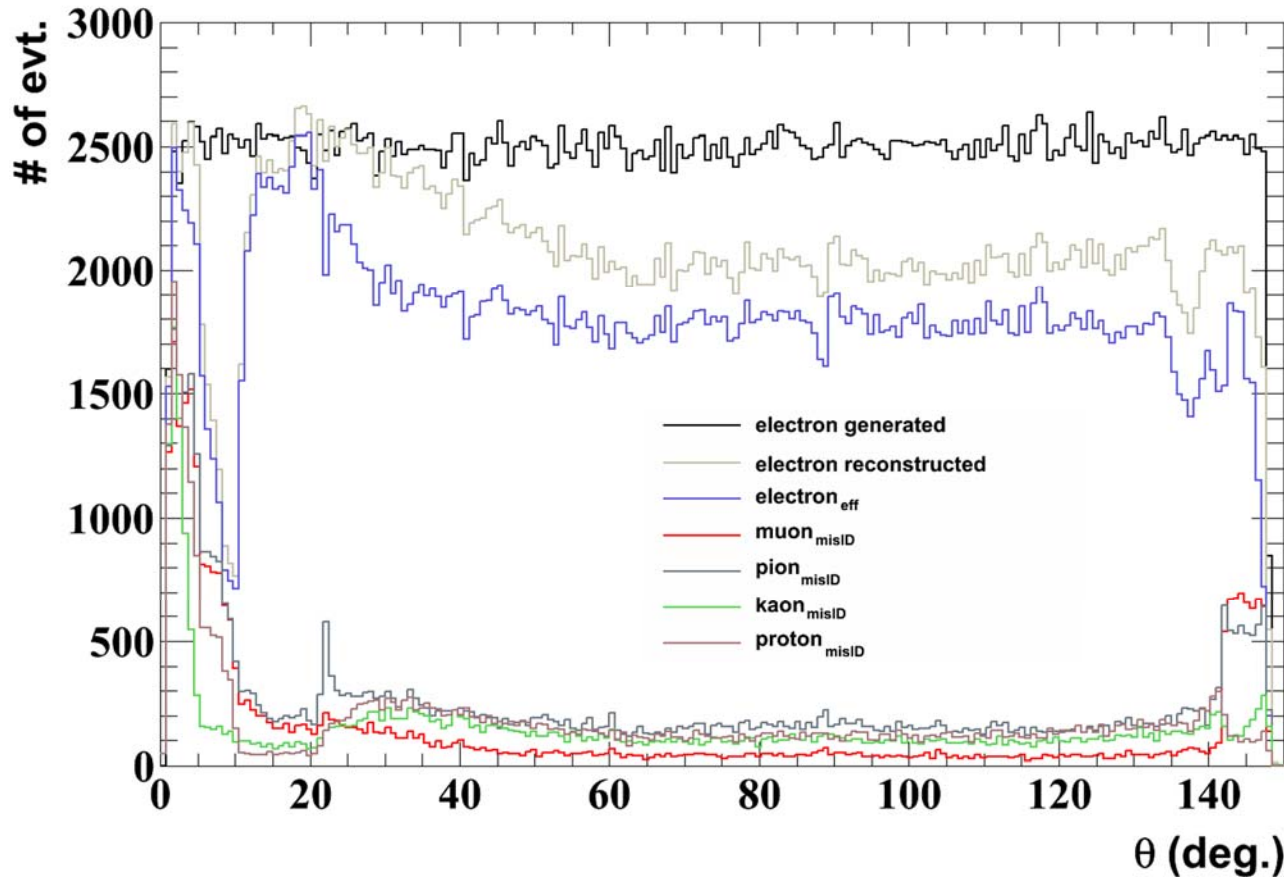
## misID for electron

$0.2 < p < 5.0 \text{ (GeV/c)}$  ;  $1^\circ < \theta < 148^\circ$

applied cut  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

clone tracks are cleaned up

$$\mu_{\text{misID}}^e = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } e \text{ by } \mu \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } e}$$





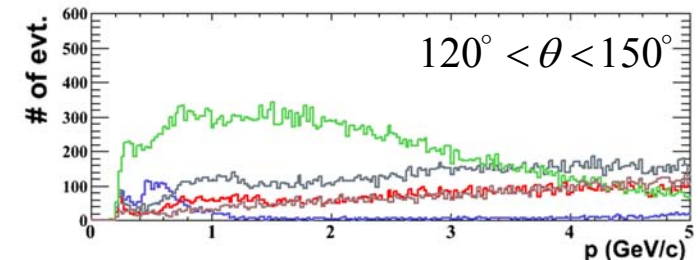
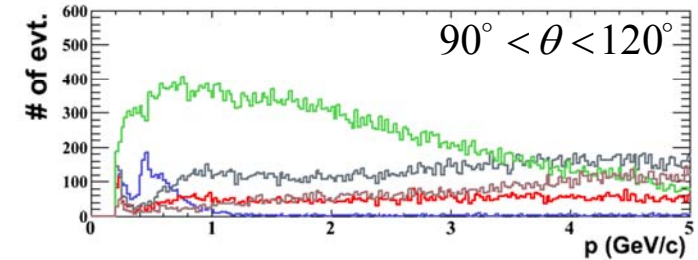
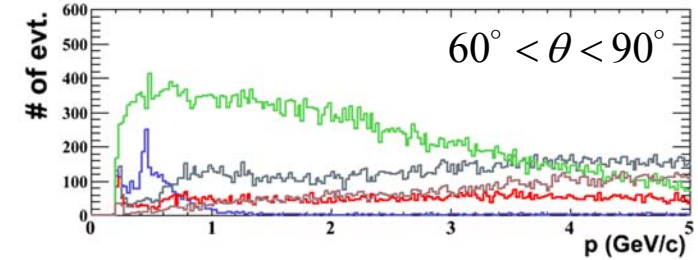
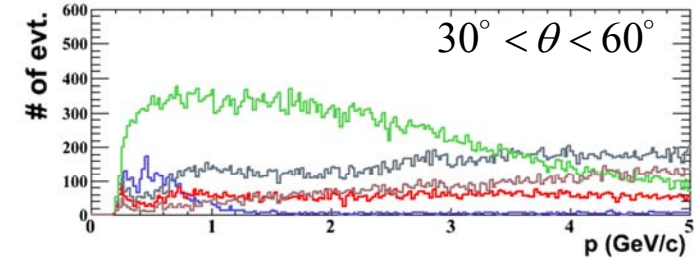
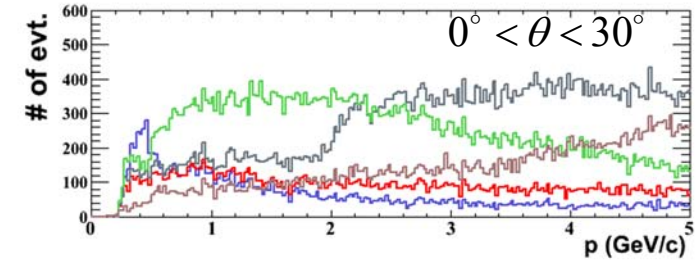
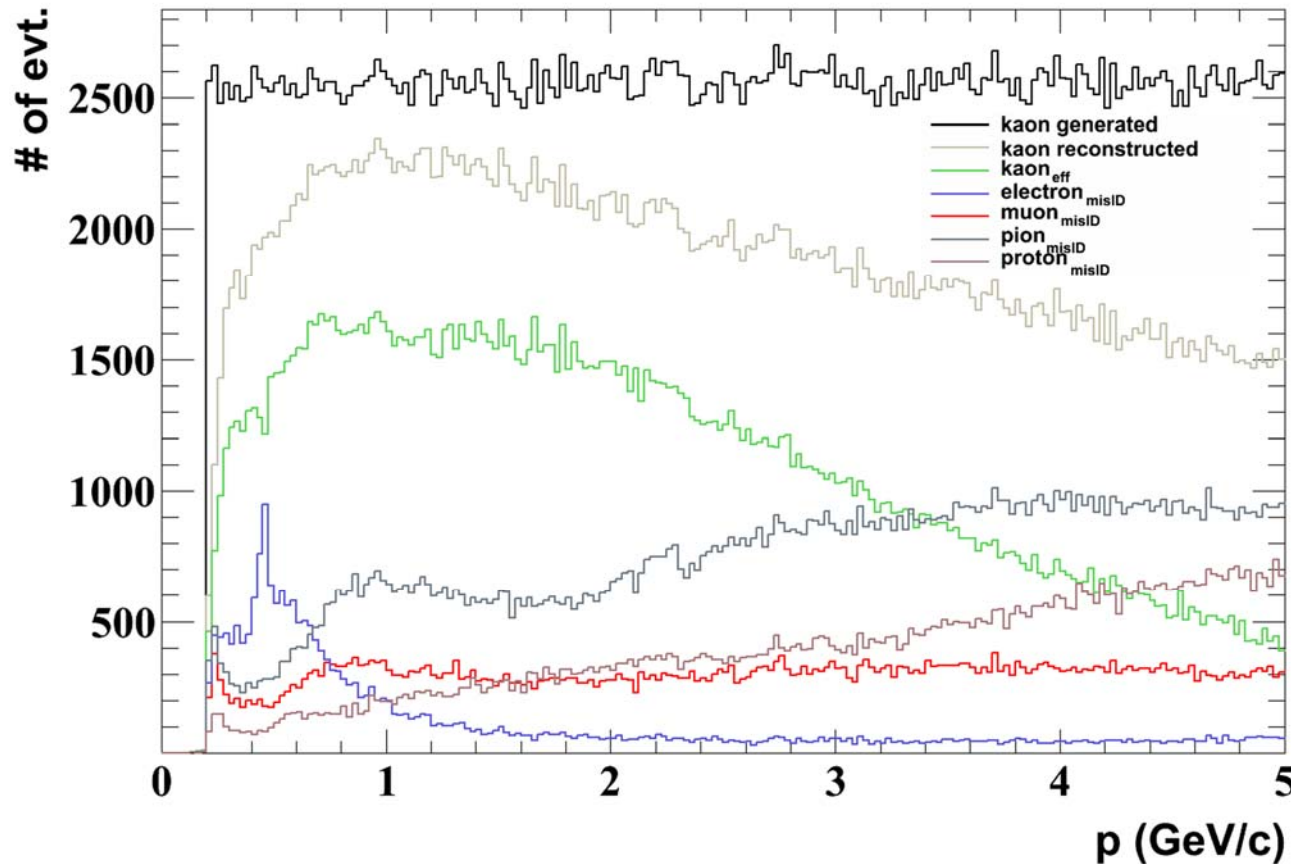
## misID for kaon

$0.2 < p < 5.0$  (GeV/c) ;  $1^\circ < \theta < 148^\circ$

applied cut  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

clone tracks are cleaned up

$$\mu_{\text{misID}}^K = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } K \text{ by } \mu \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } K}$$







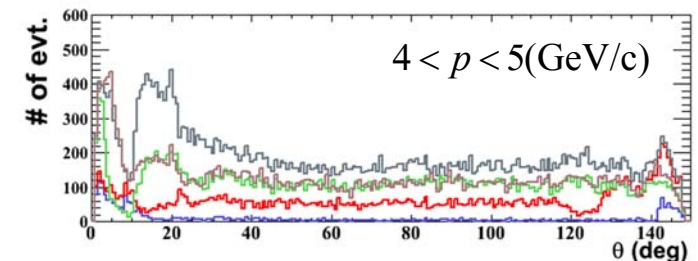
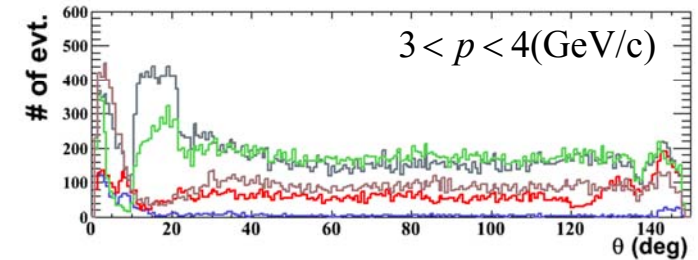
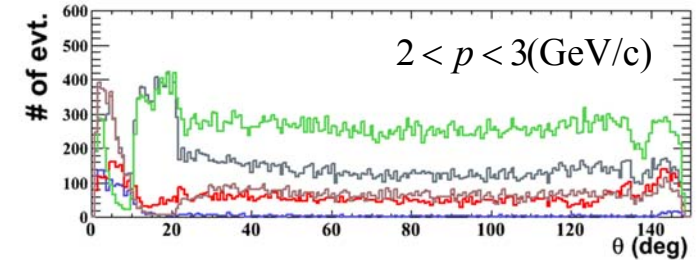
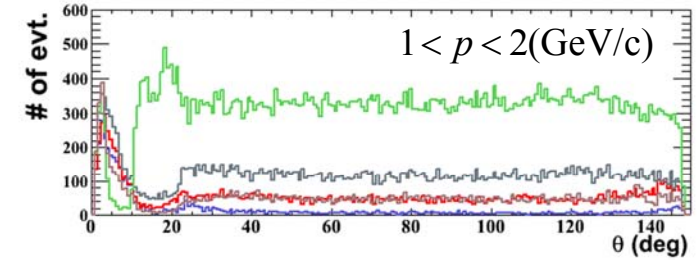
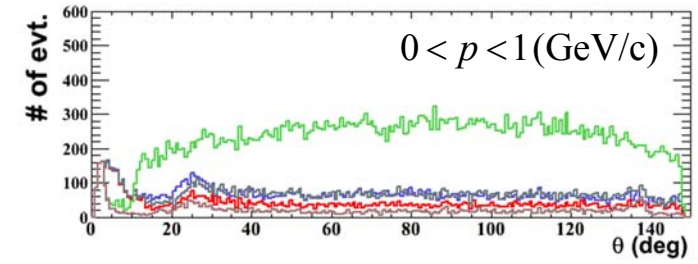
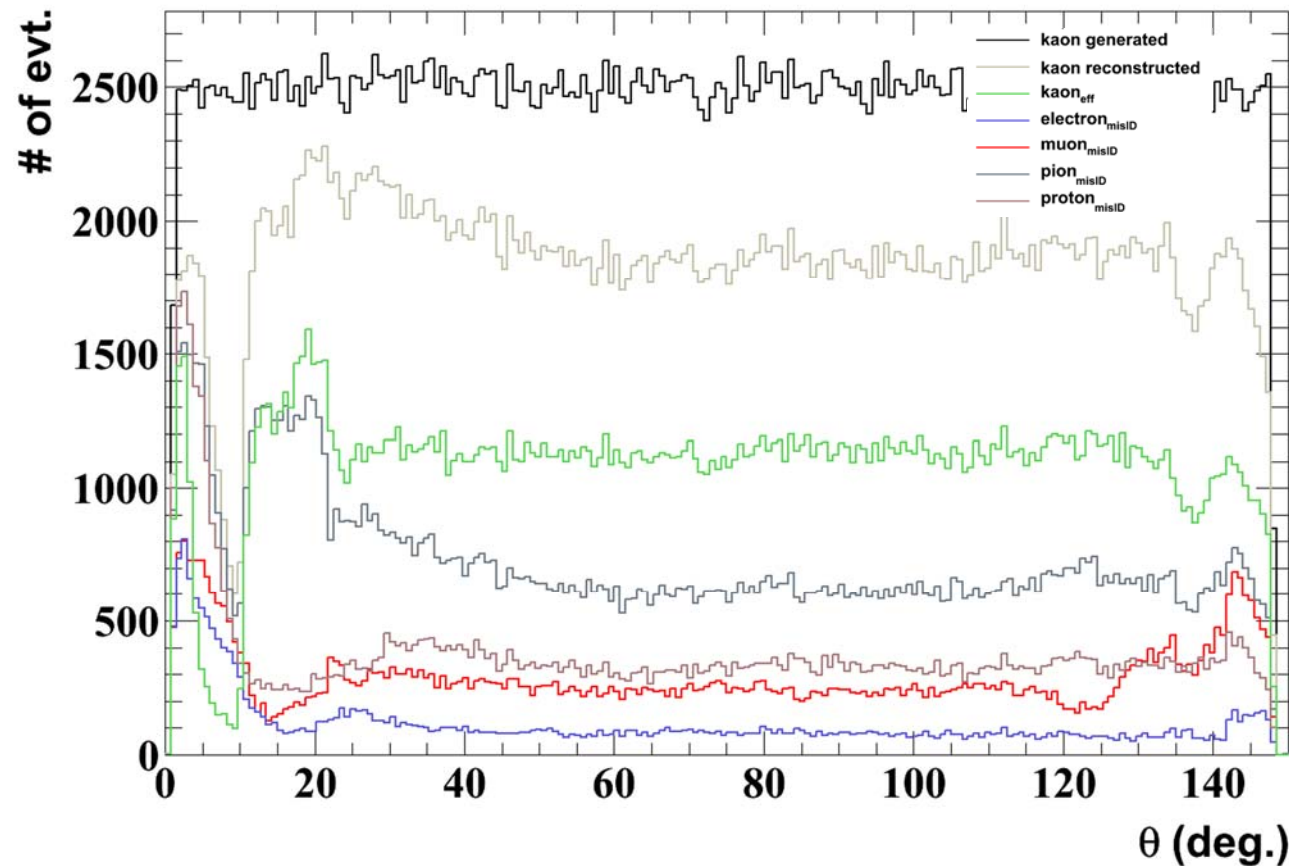
## misID for kaon

$0.2 < p < 5.0$  (GeV/c) ;  $1^\circ < \theta < 148^\circ$

applied cut  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

clone tracks are cleaned up

$$\mu_{\text{misID}}^K = \frac{\text{\# of accepted } K \text{ by } \mu \text{ selector}}{\text{\# of reconstructed } K}$$





- realistic misIDs are prepared with the case of  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > [0.1 - 0.5]$
- positive and negative particle are similar
- strong momentum, theta, and cut value of  $\text{Prob.}(e, \mu, \pi, K, p)$  dependence

misIDs positive particle @ PANDARoot

$P(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

PID reconstructed

		$e^+$	$\mu^+$	$\pi^+$	$K^+$	$p$
MC input	$e^+$	91.7	7.9	13.4	7.2	8.4
	$\mu^+$	7.3	84.6	30.0	6.9	9.2
	$\pi^+$	9.6	31.0	80.0	14.3	13.5
	$K^+$	6.6	21.4	36.0	59.4	20.4
	$p$	7.2	11.3	18.2	14.2	87.3

misIDs negative particle @ PANDARoot

$P(e, \mu, \pi, K, p) > 0.1$

PID reconstructed

		$e^-$	$\mu^-$	$\pi^-$	$K^-$	$\bar{p}$
MC input	$e^-$	91.7	7.8	13.1	7.7	9.6
	$\mu^-$	7.3	84.6	31.6	6.6	7.8
	$\pi^-$	9.0	30.4	81.1	14.3	14.6
	$K^-$	6.6	16.3	40.8	61.1	21.1
	$\bar{p}$	13.6	9.6	23.0	14.6	76.1

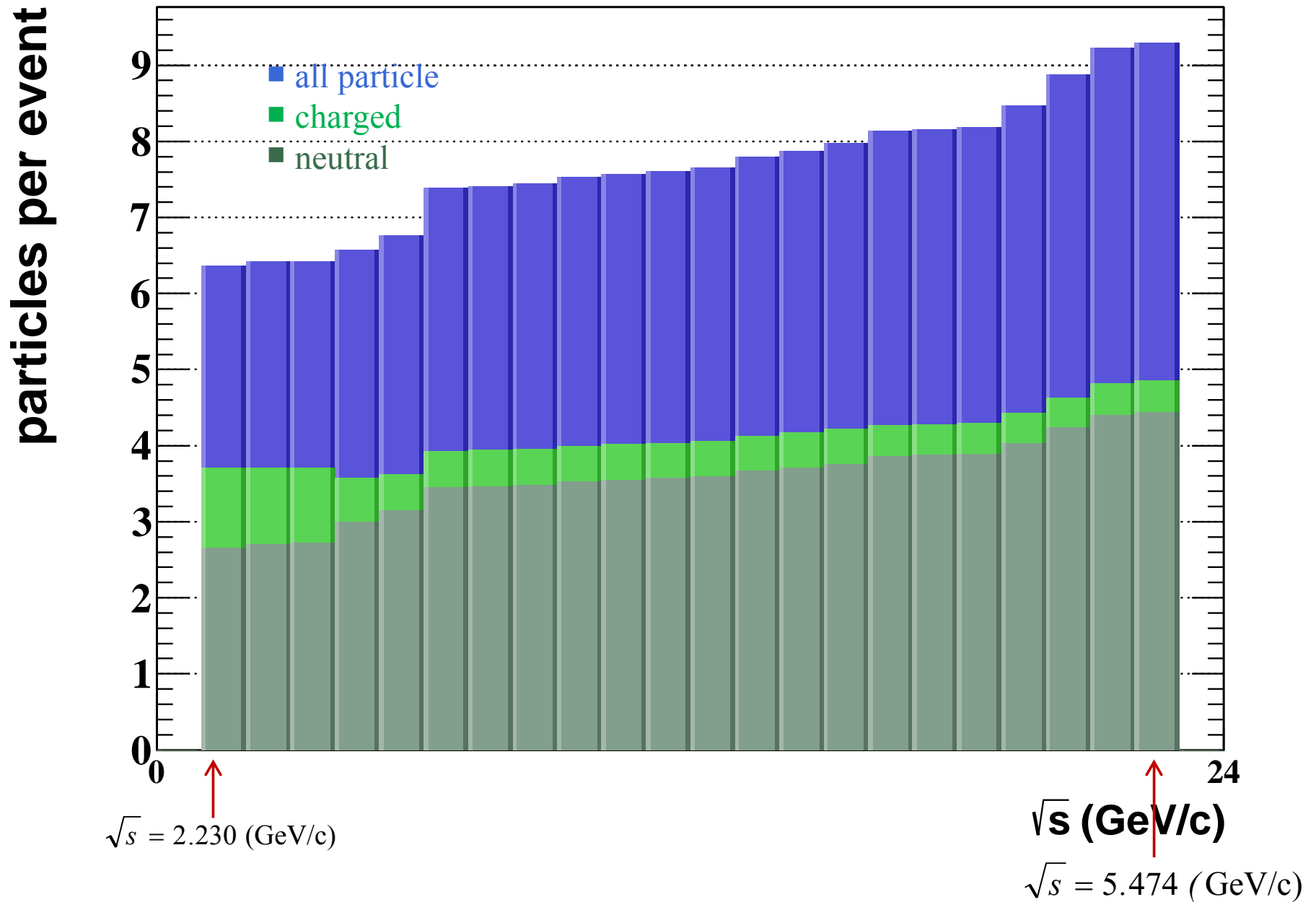
■ = PID efficiency,

off-diagonal = misID

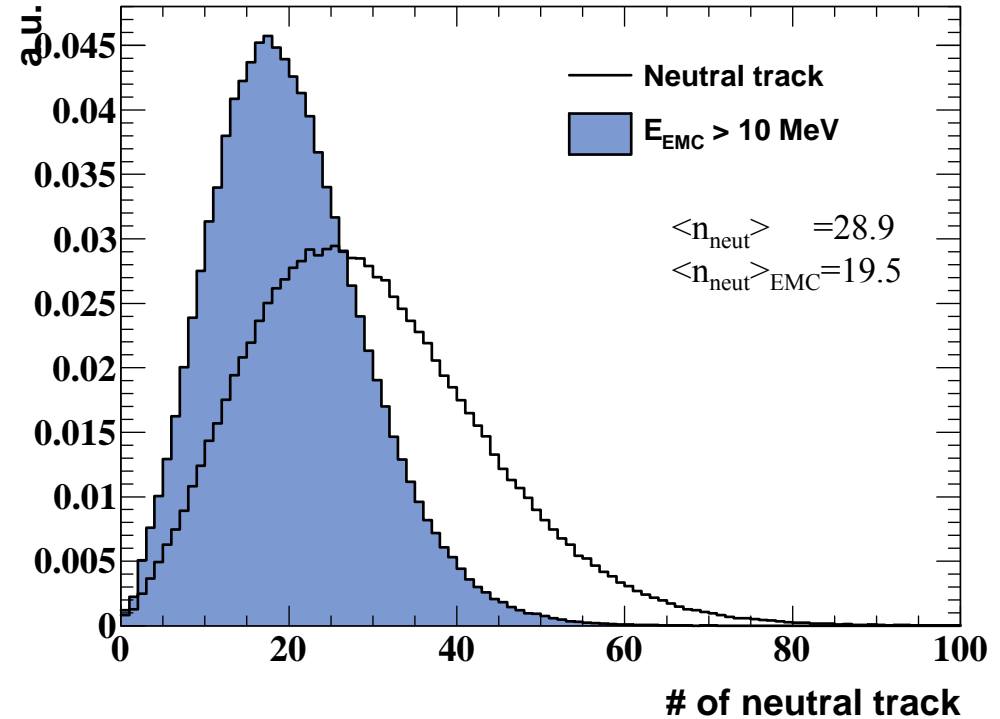
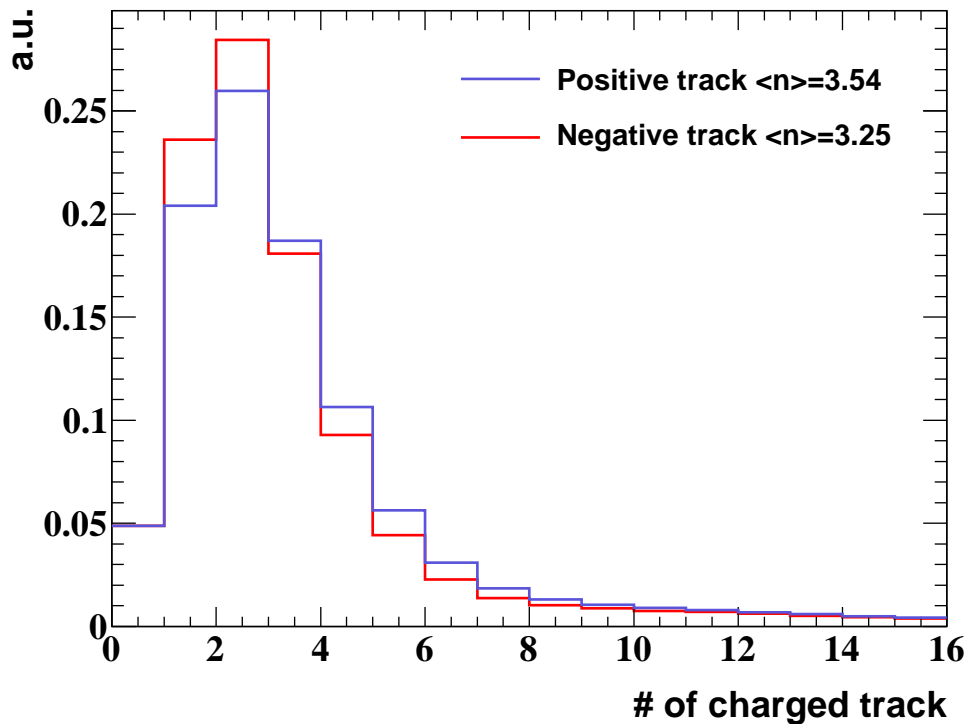
cleaned up clone tracks



Multiplicity in generator level (DPM 22 data samples)



Multiplicity in the reconstruction level for  $p_{\bar{p}} = 15 \text{ GeV}/c \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{s} = 5.474 \text{ GeV}$   
before clean up clone tracks



- 2 times larger than generated
- At  $p_p = 1.413 \text{ GeV}/c$   
multiplicity down to  
 $\langle n_{\text{pos}} \rangle = 1.98$  &  $\langle n_{\text{neg}} \rangle = 1.96$

- 10 times larger than generated
- At  $p_p = 1.413 \text{ GeV}/c$   
neutral track down to  
 $\langle n_{\text{neut}} \rangle = 14.7$