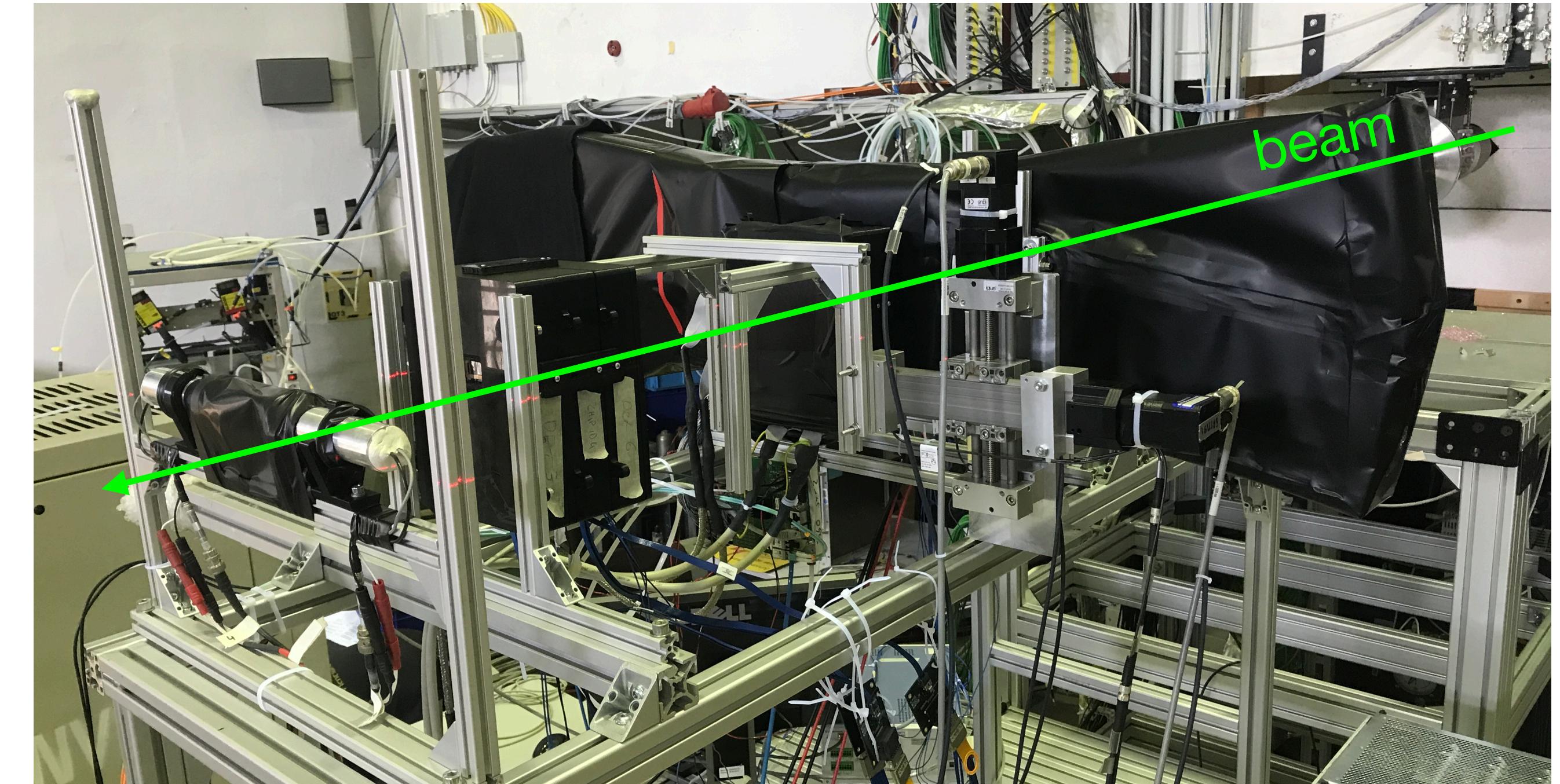
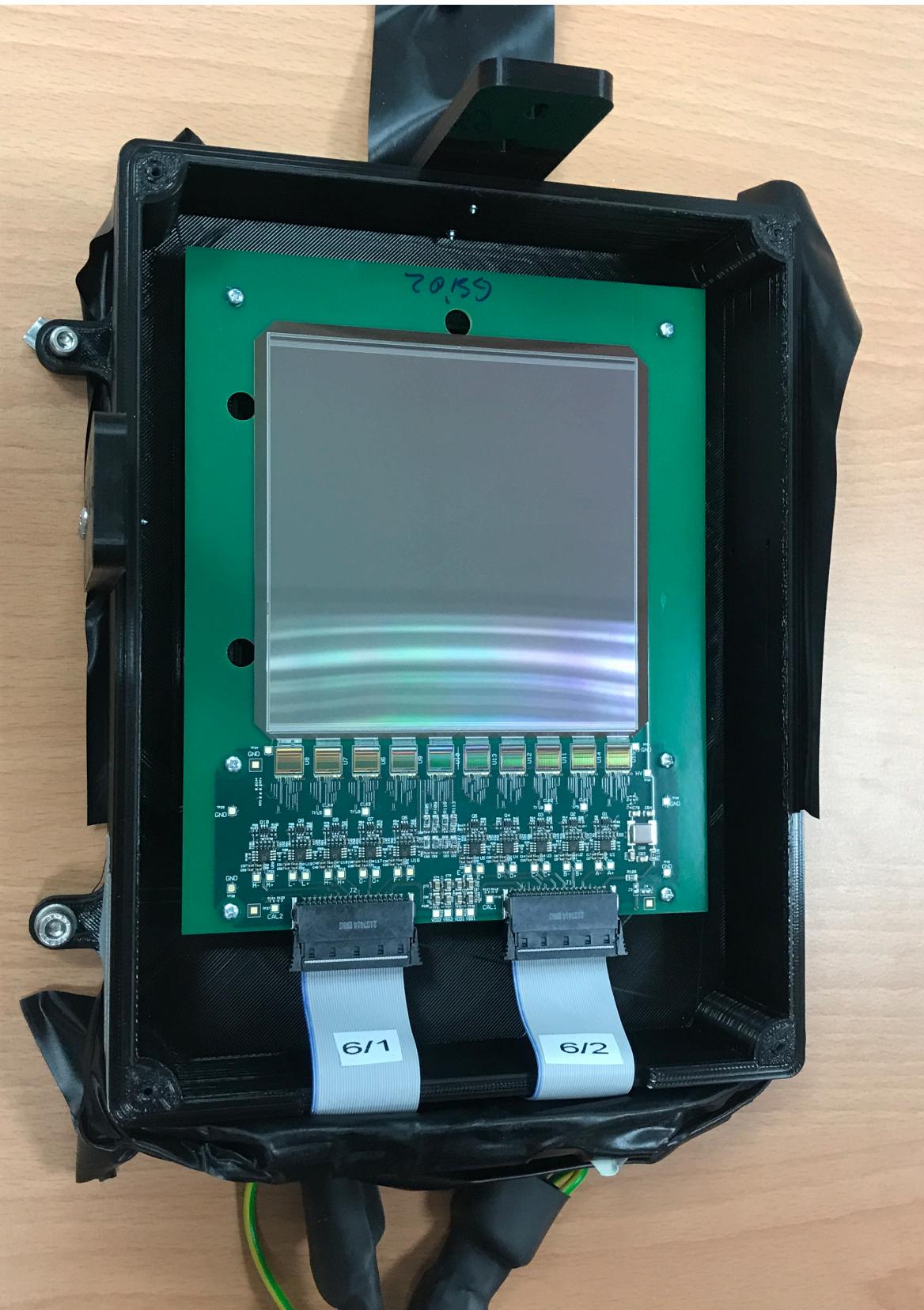


# **Preliminary results from FOOT test in Jülich**

Valerii Panin and William Stafford, University of Bristol  
(GSI summer student program)

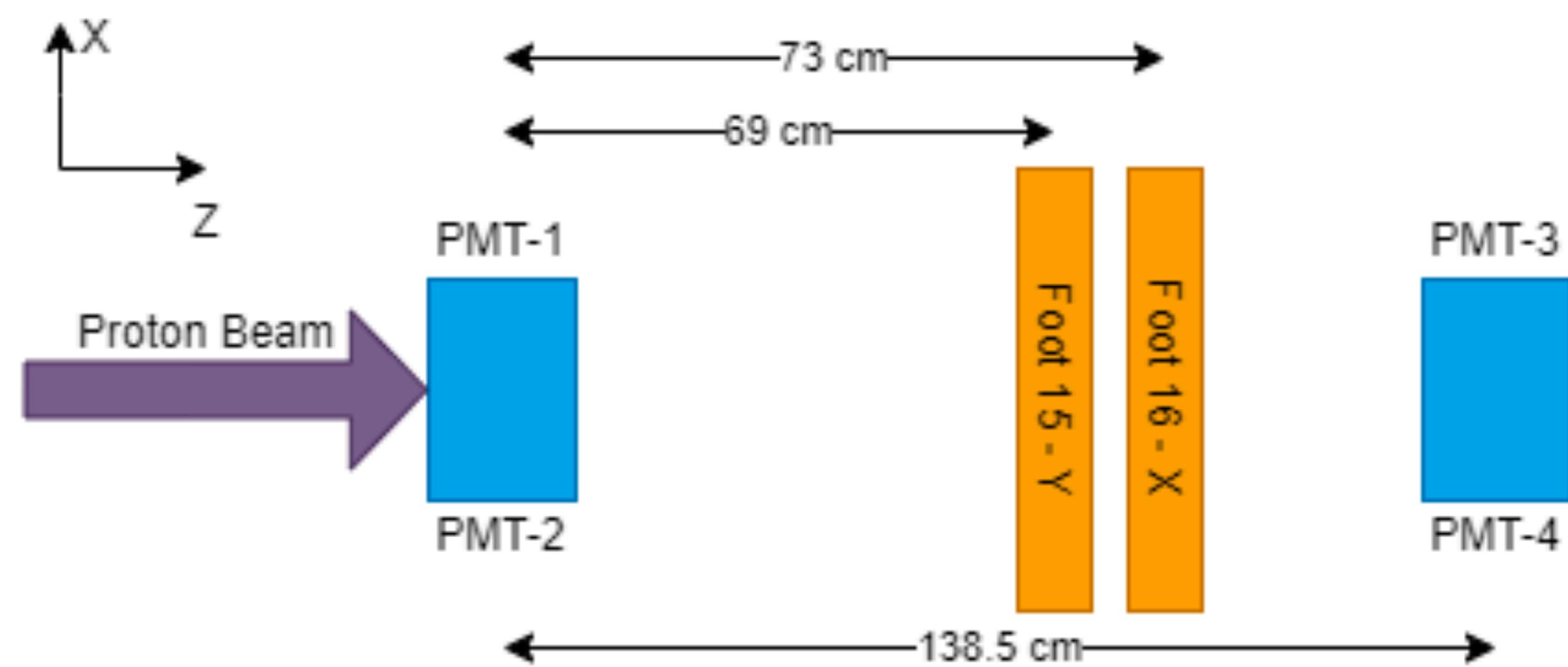
# Experimental setup in Jülich

FOOT inside black box

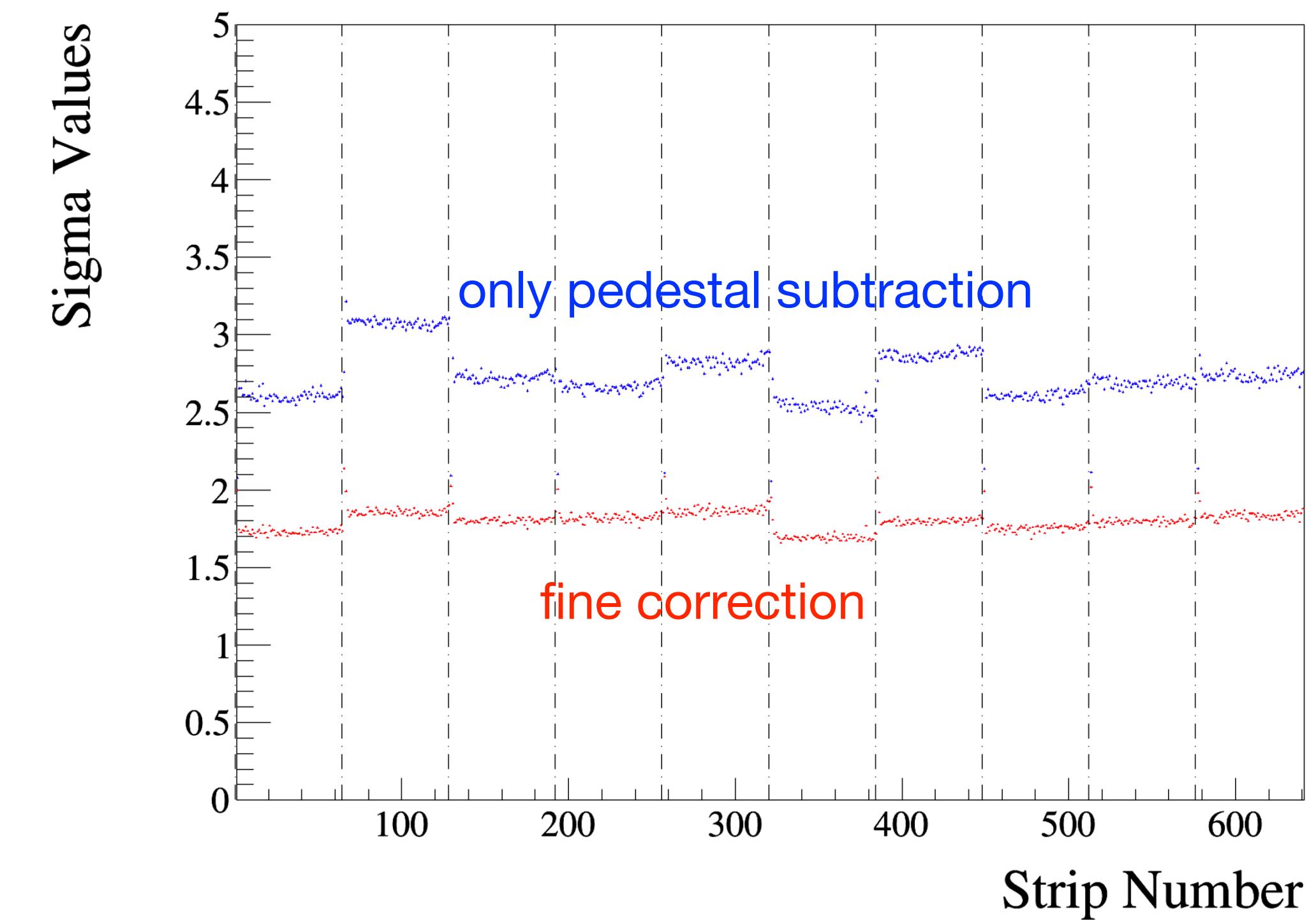
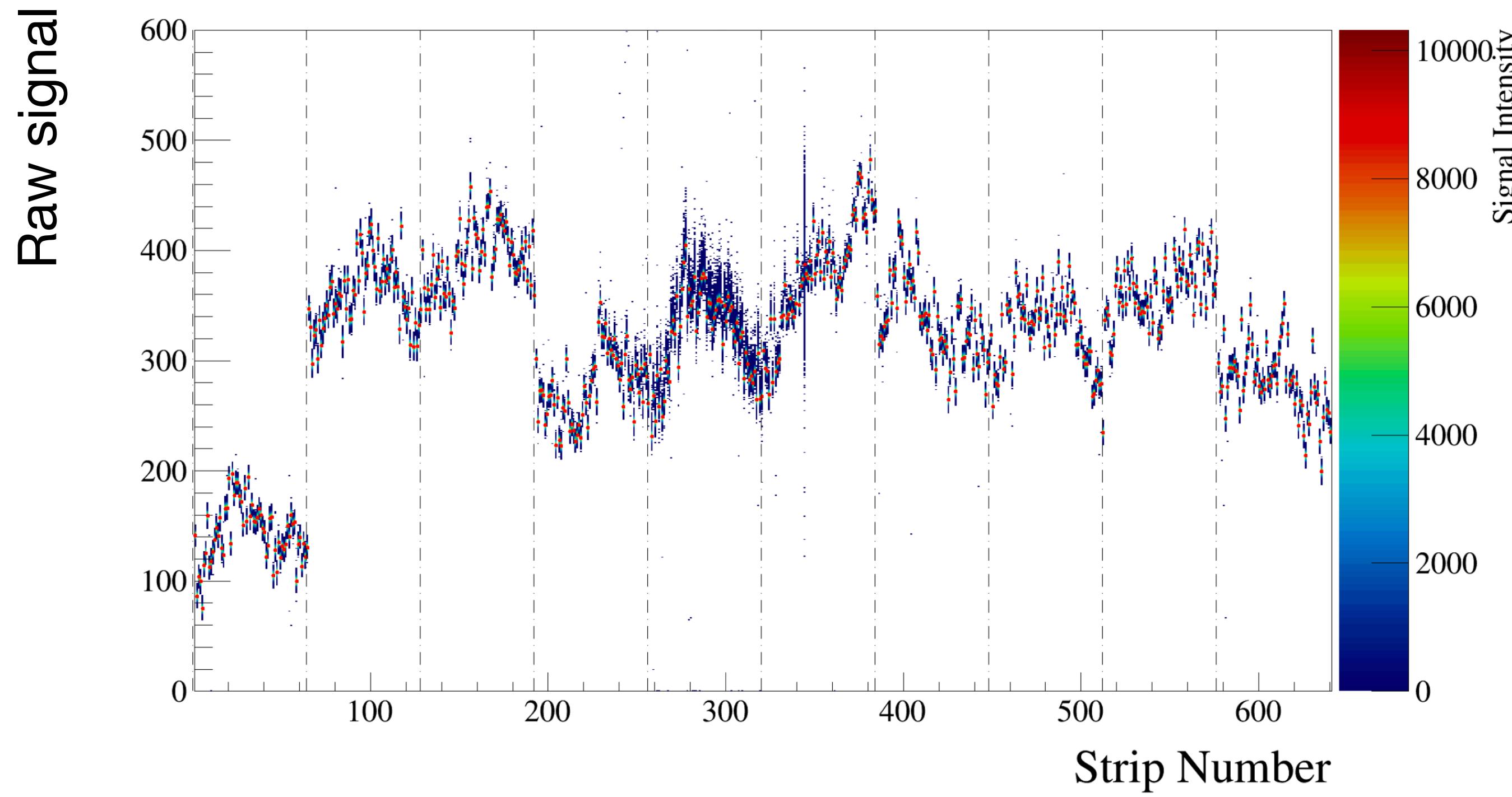


Protons beams:

- 100 MeV
- 430 MeV
- 1000 MeV



# Baseline correction in a single FOOT

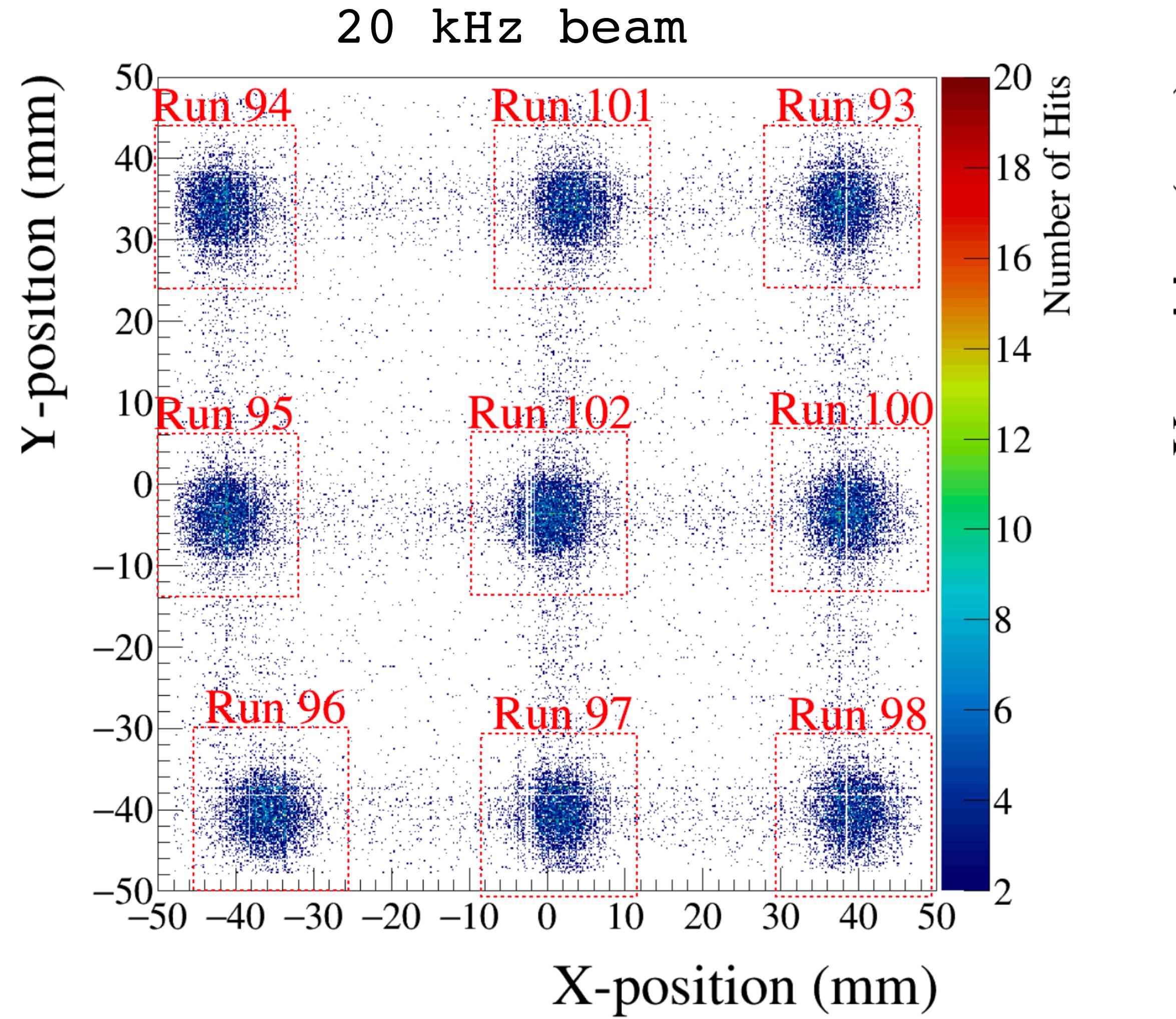


Signal in one strip	raw signal	pedestal	ASIC common offset
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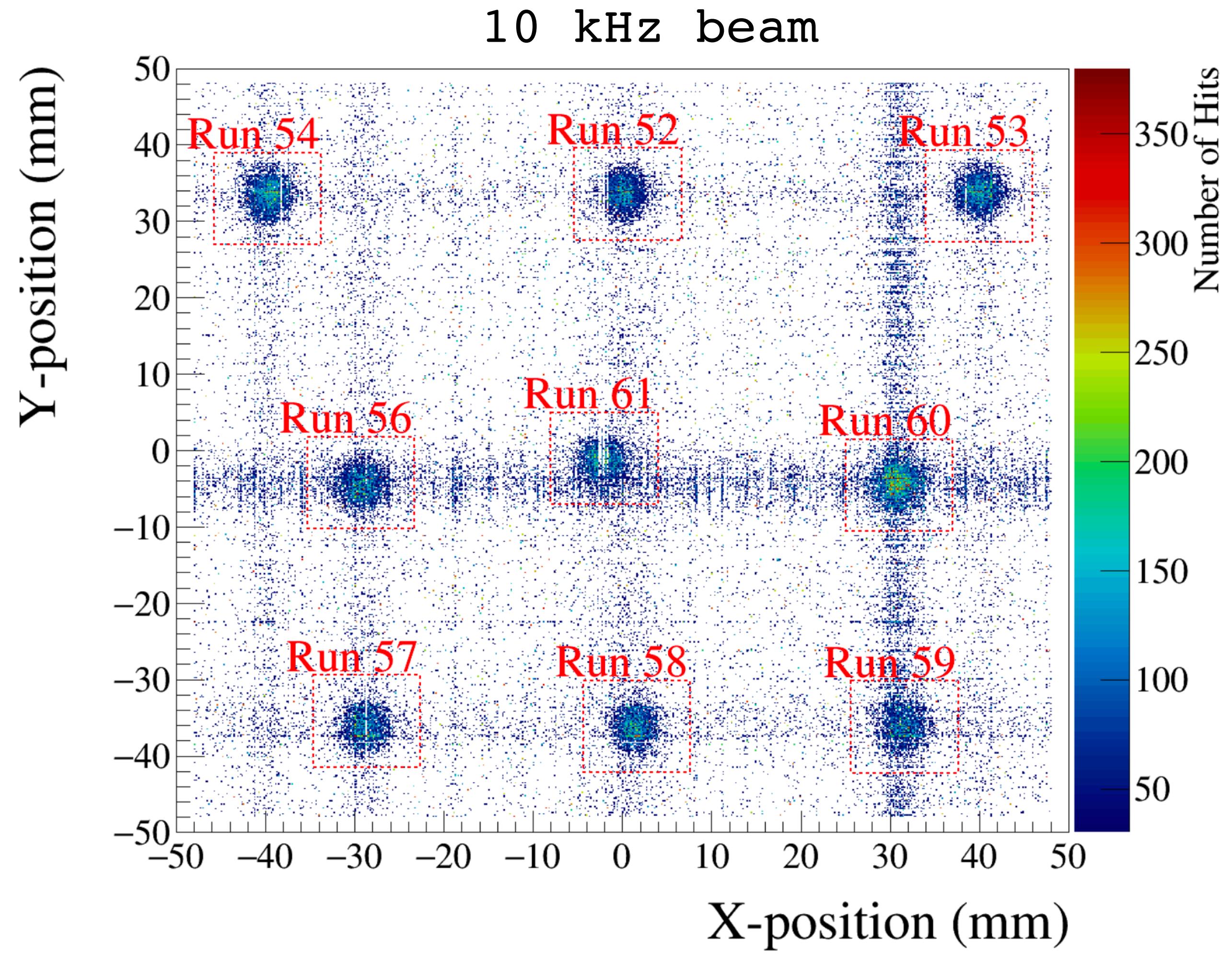
$$S_i = A_i - P_i - M_{ASIC}$$

$$\longrightarrow M_{ASIC} = \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{(A_k - P_k)}{N}, \quad \text{- fine correction event by event}$$

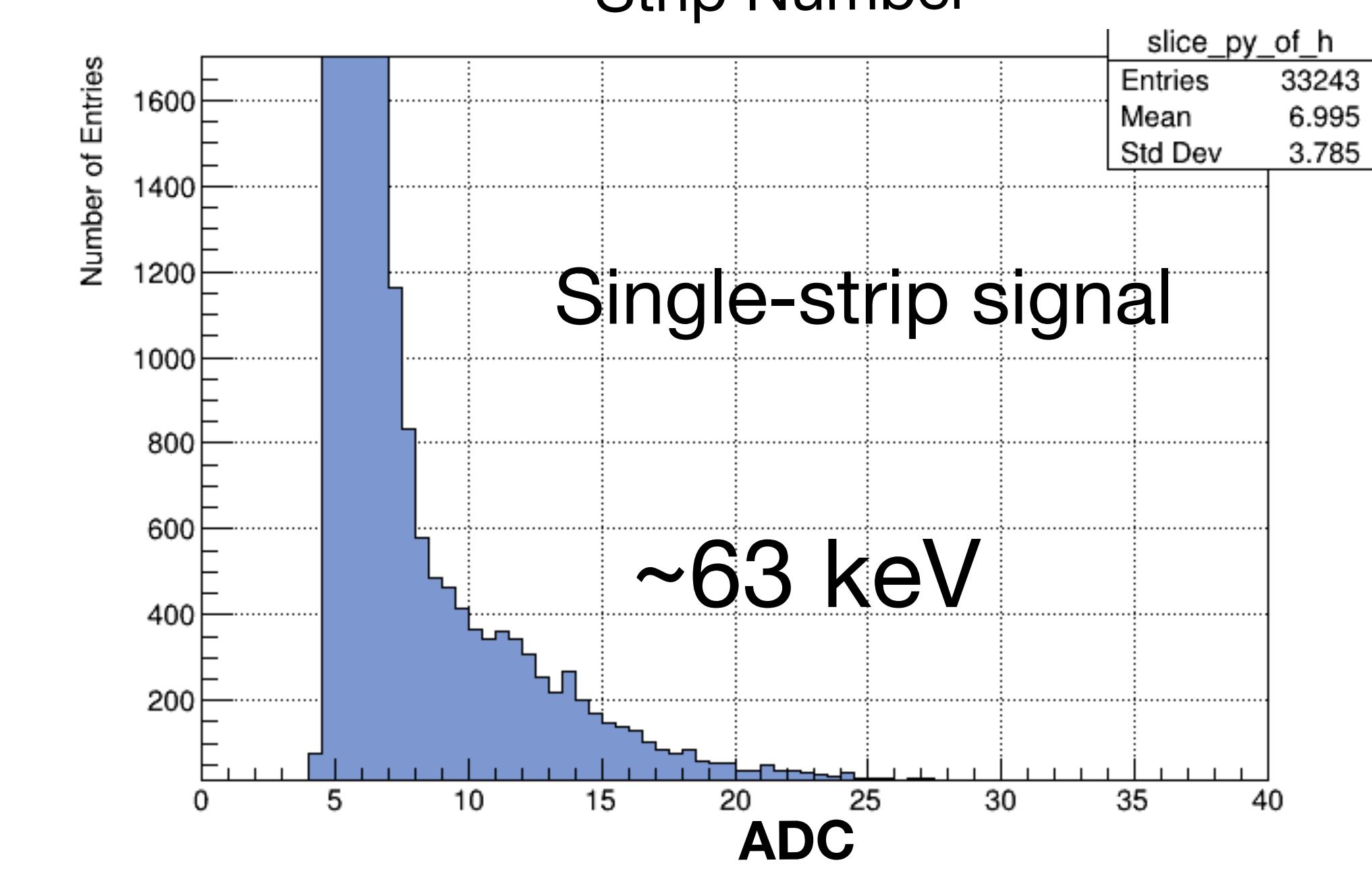
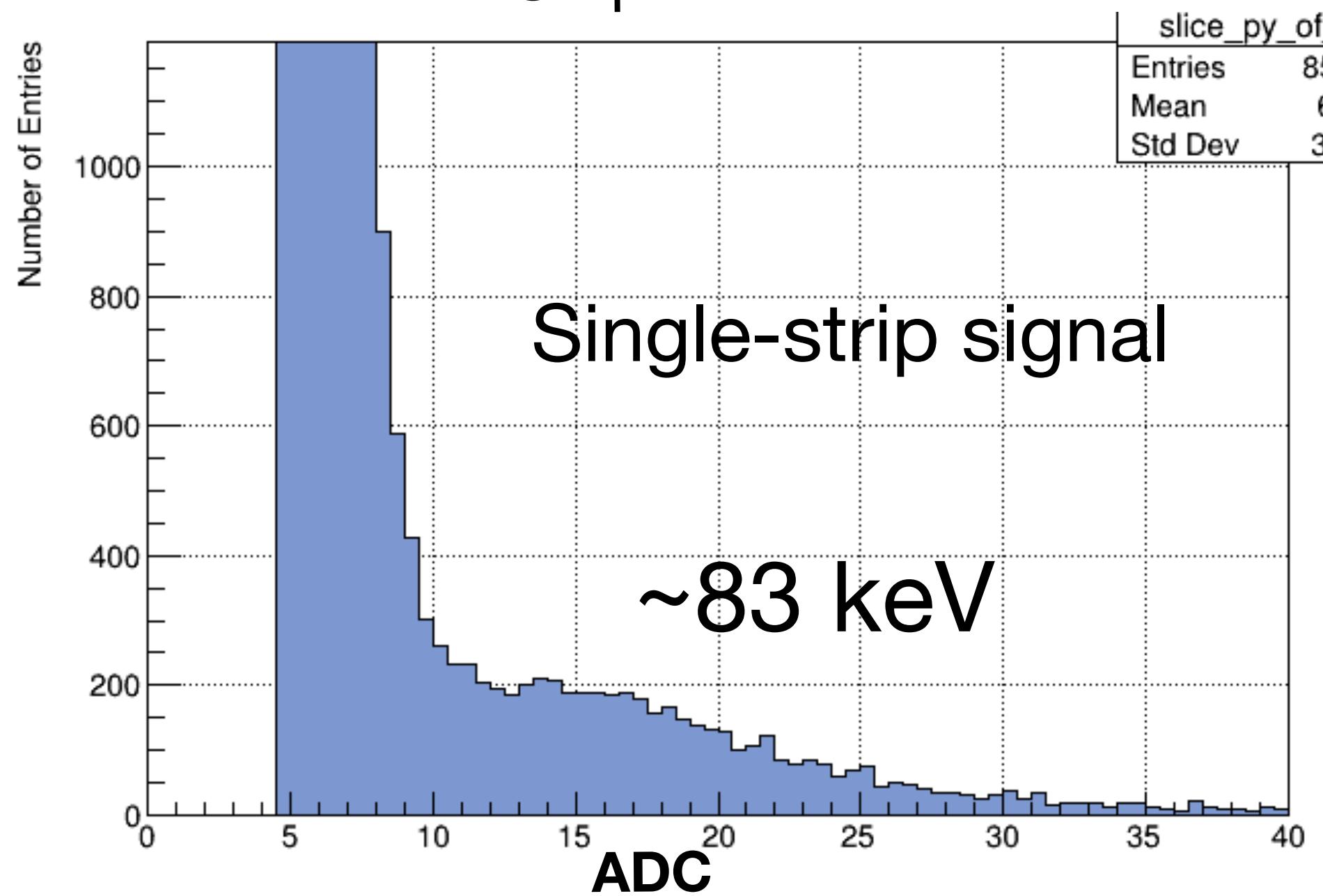
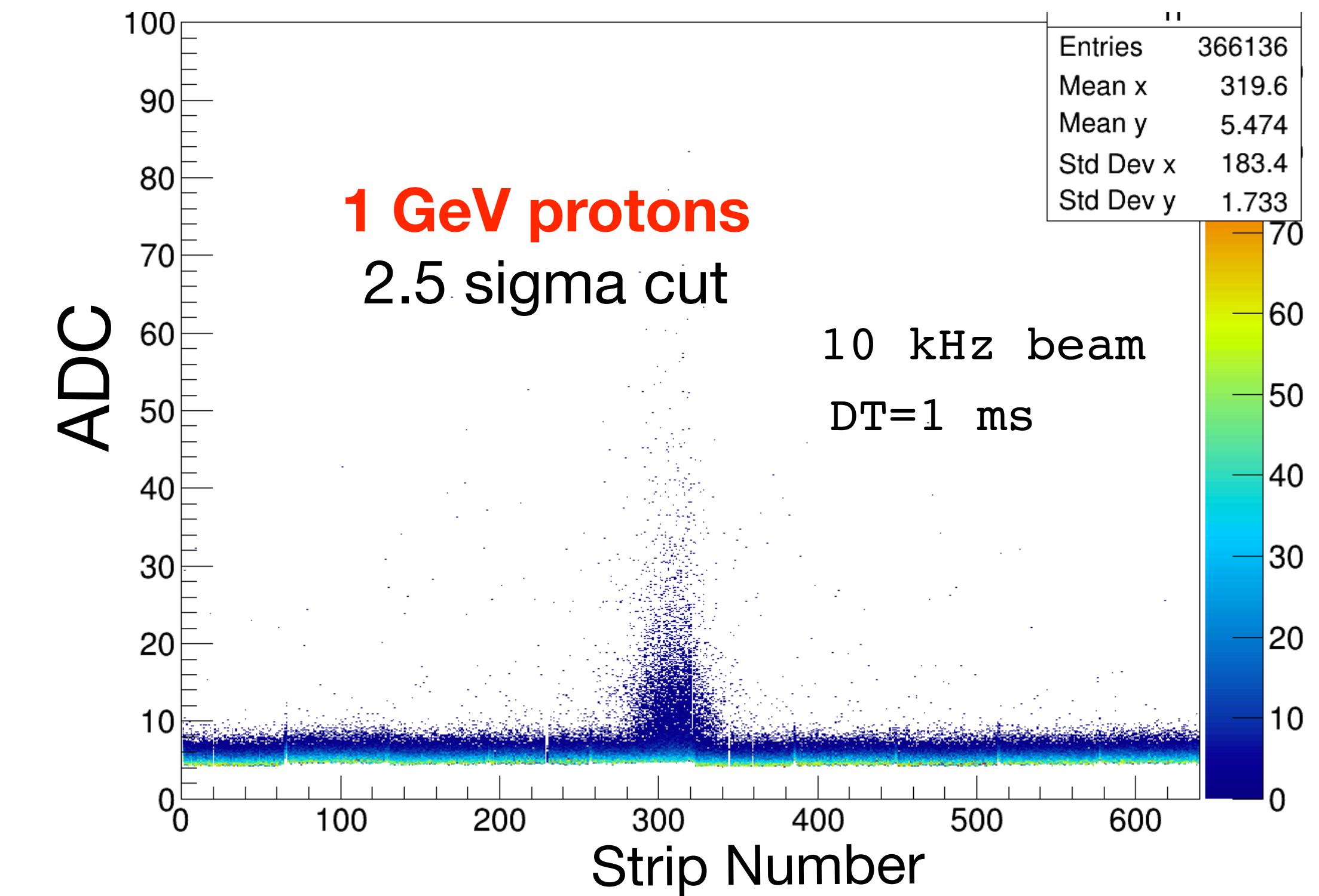
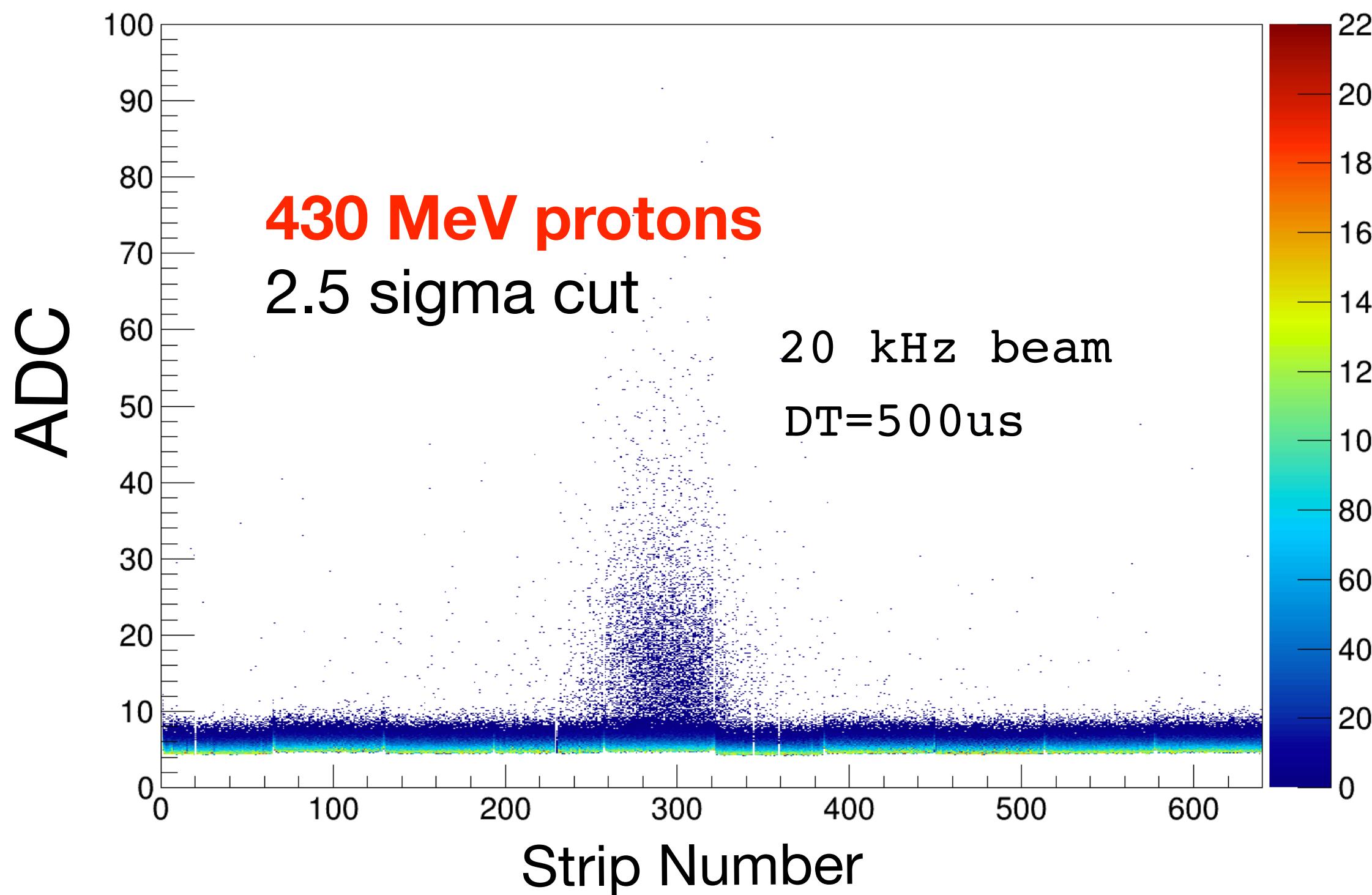
# 430 MeV protons



# 1000 MeV protons

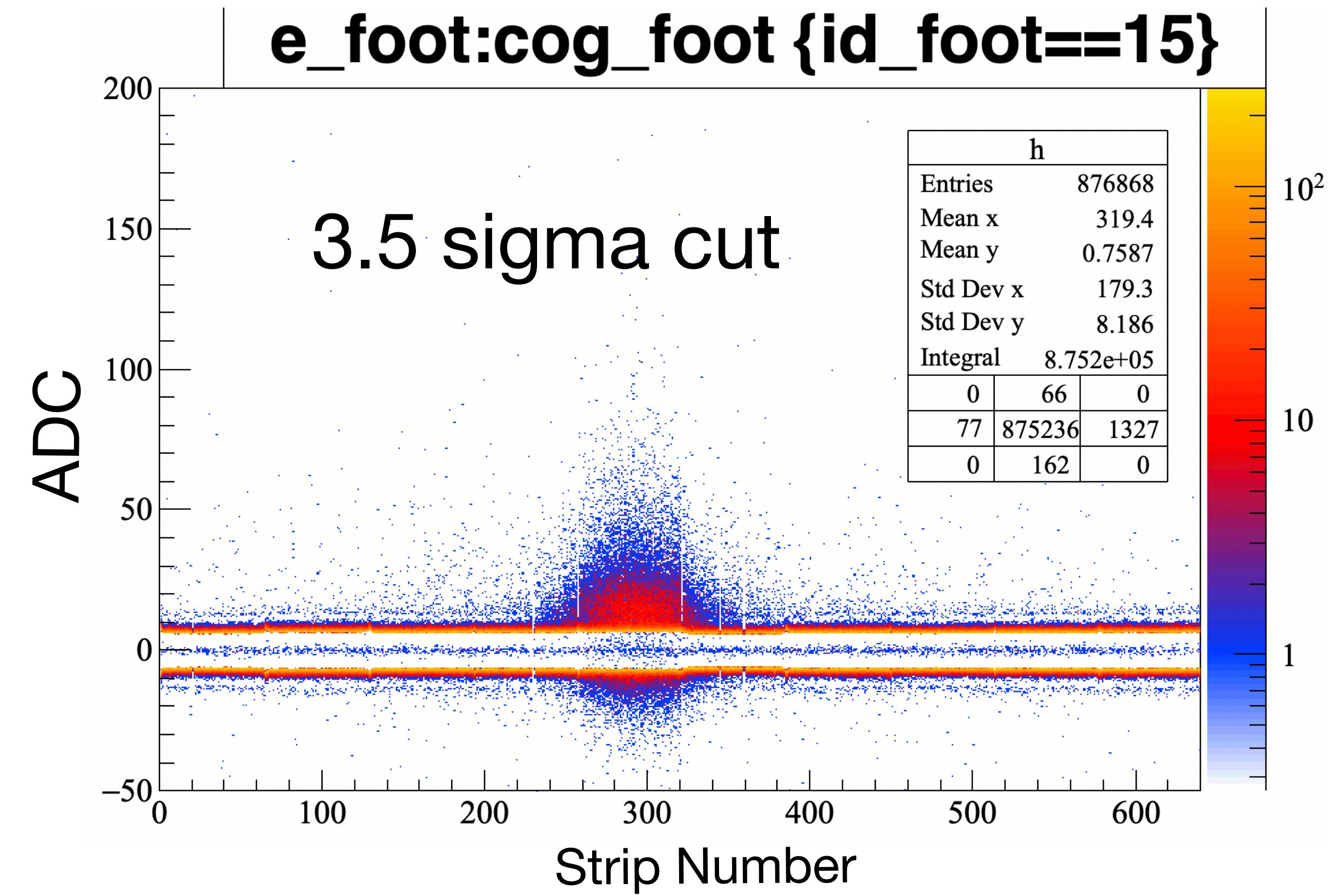
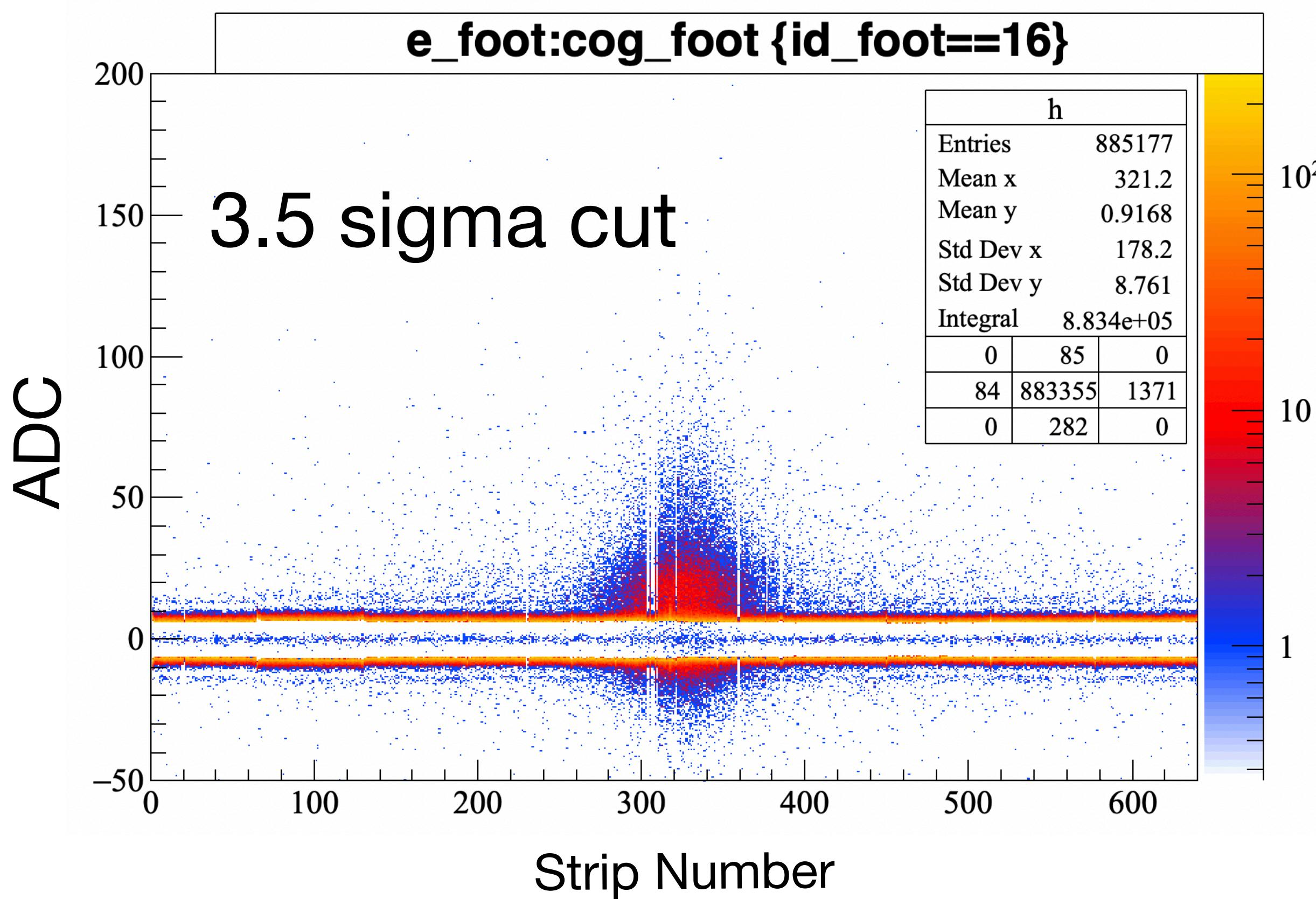


5 sigma threshold

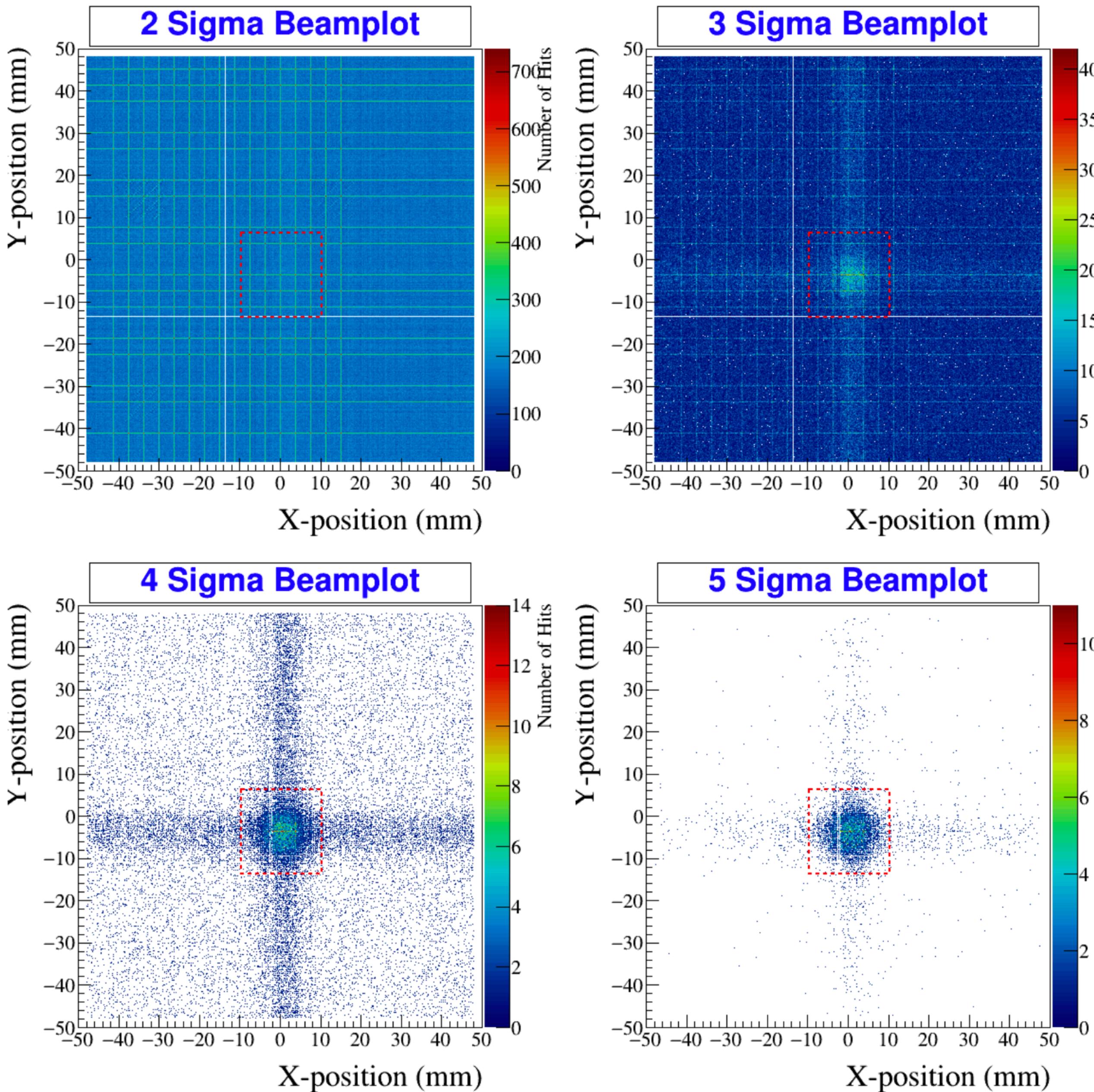


# 430 MeV protons

## clustering with negative signals



# 430 MeV proton beam, different Nsigma threshold



Efficiency calculation:

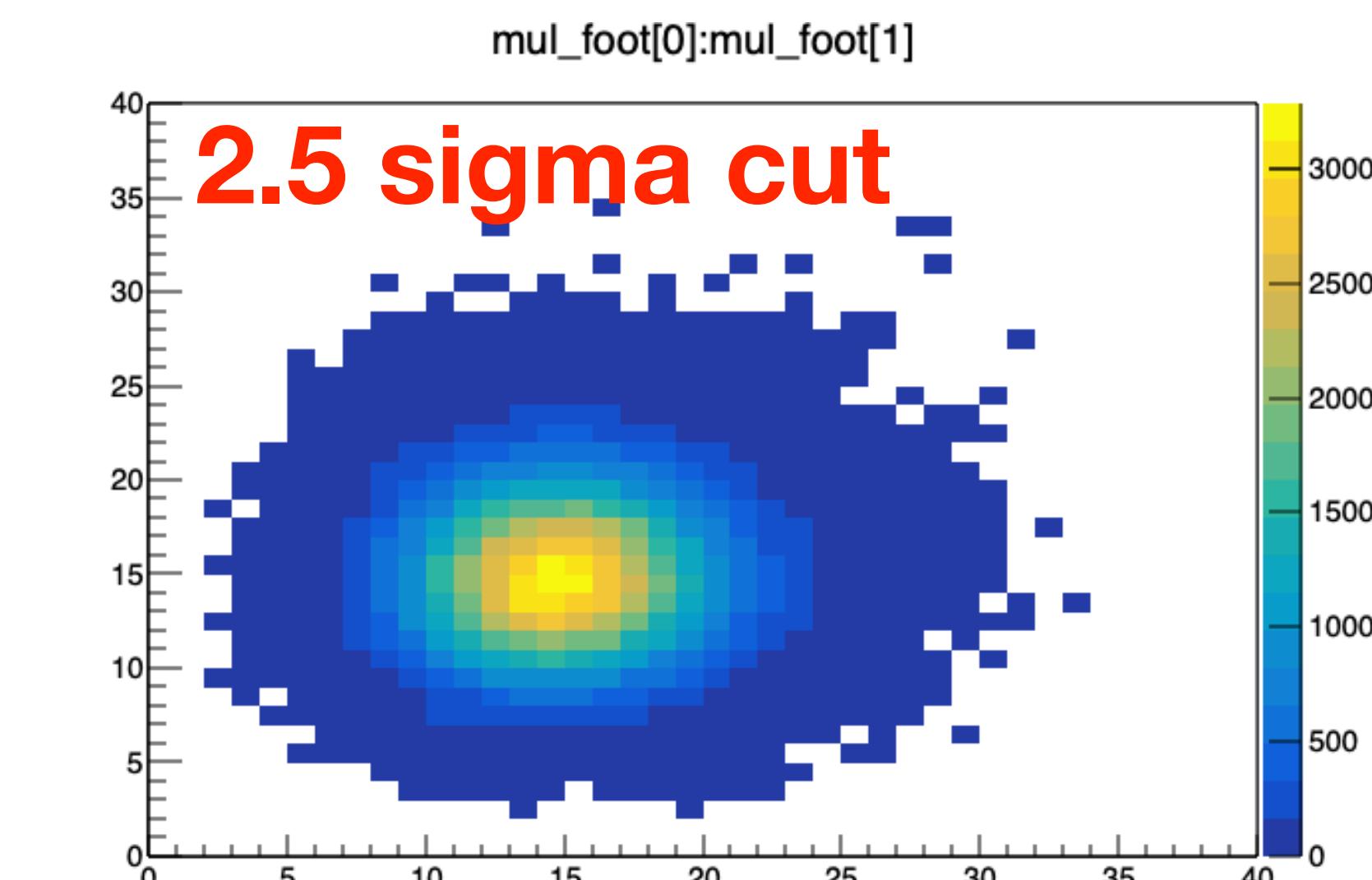
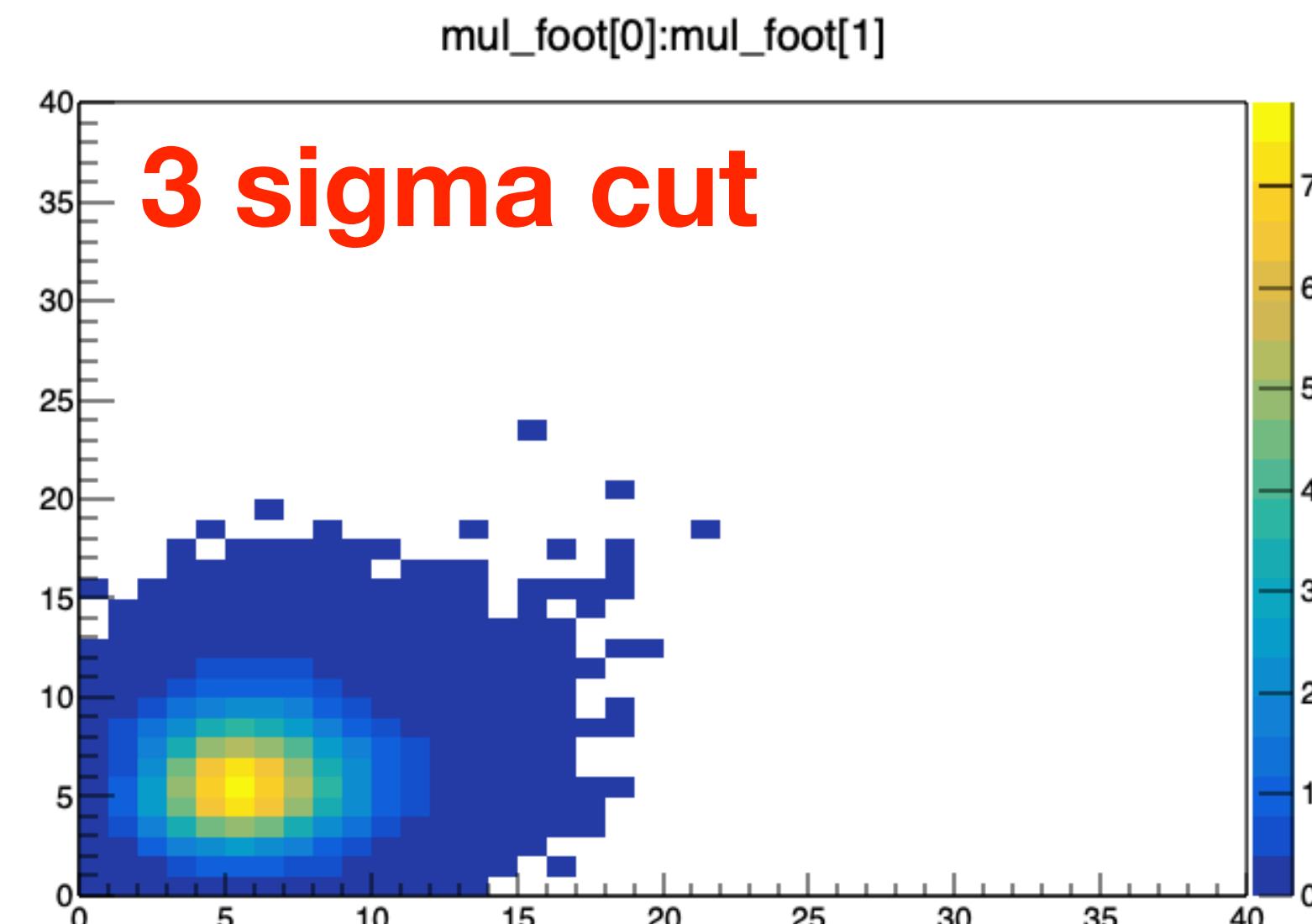
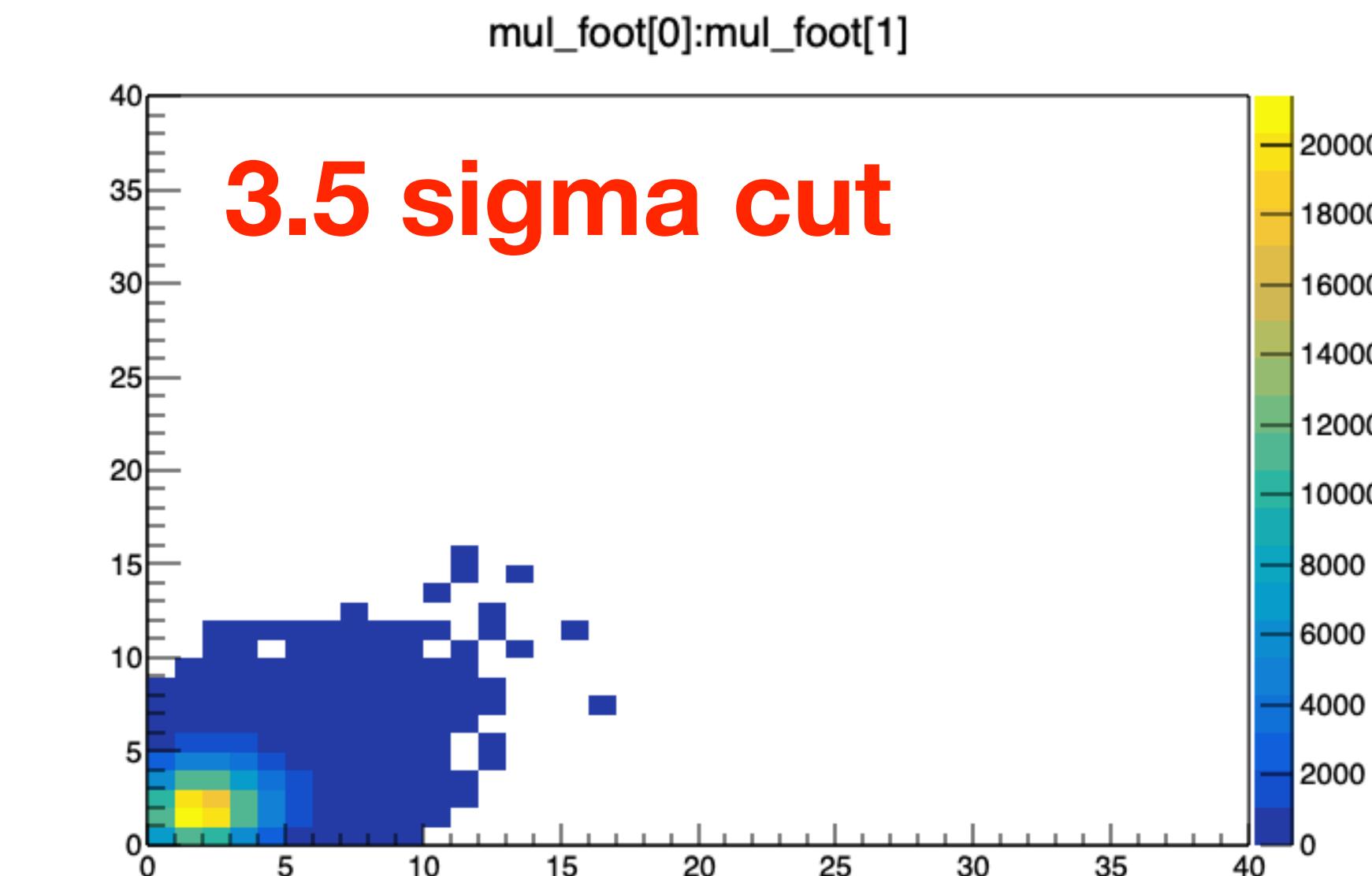
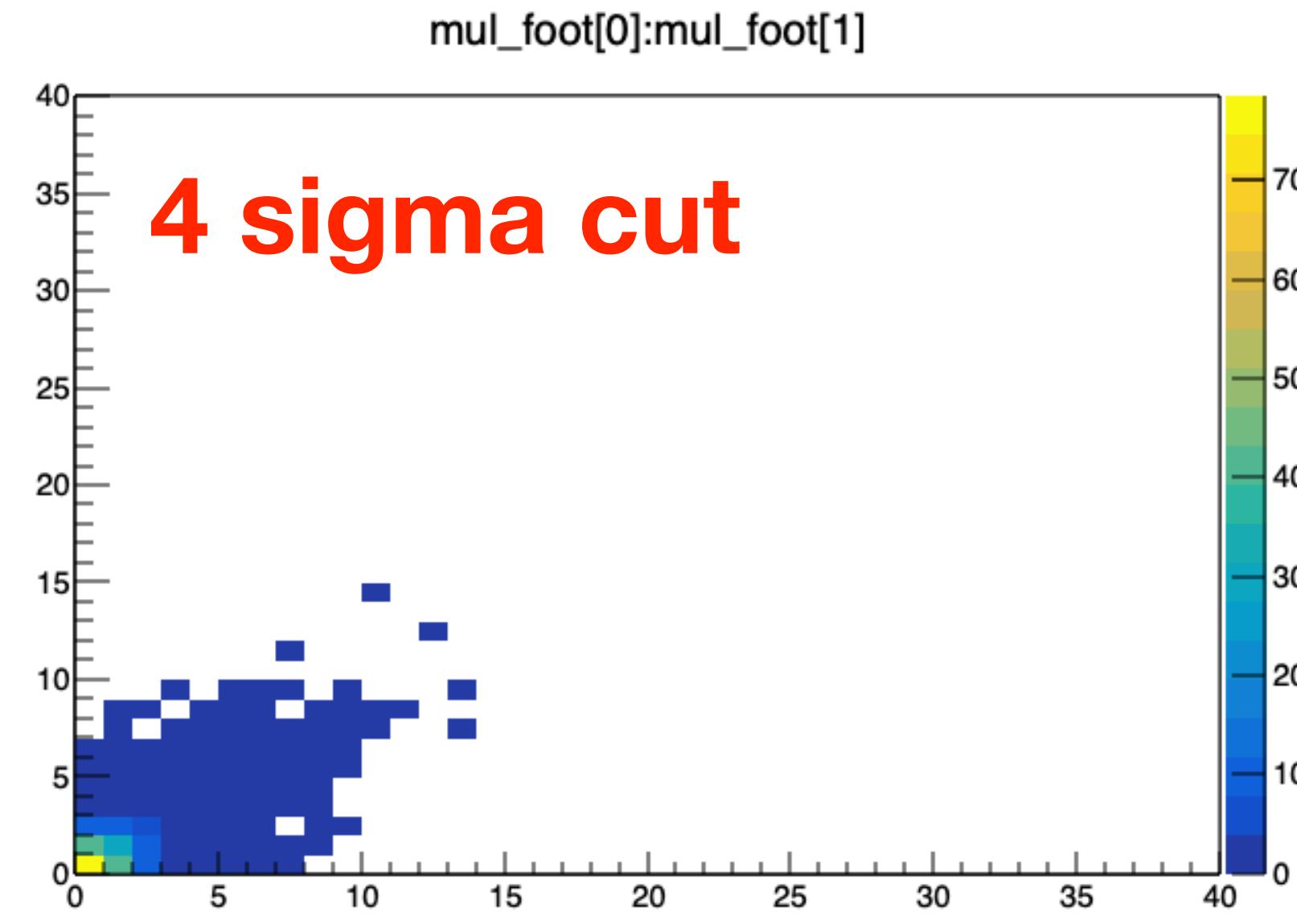
$$\epsilon = \frac{N_{2|1}}{N_1} \times 100\%$$

Method 1: 4 sigma (fine) threshold on  $N_1$  and  $N_{2|1}$

Method 2: fixed threshold on  $N_1$  (15 ADC)  
and variable threshold on  $N_{2|1}$

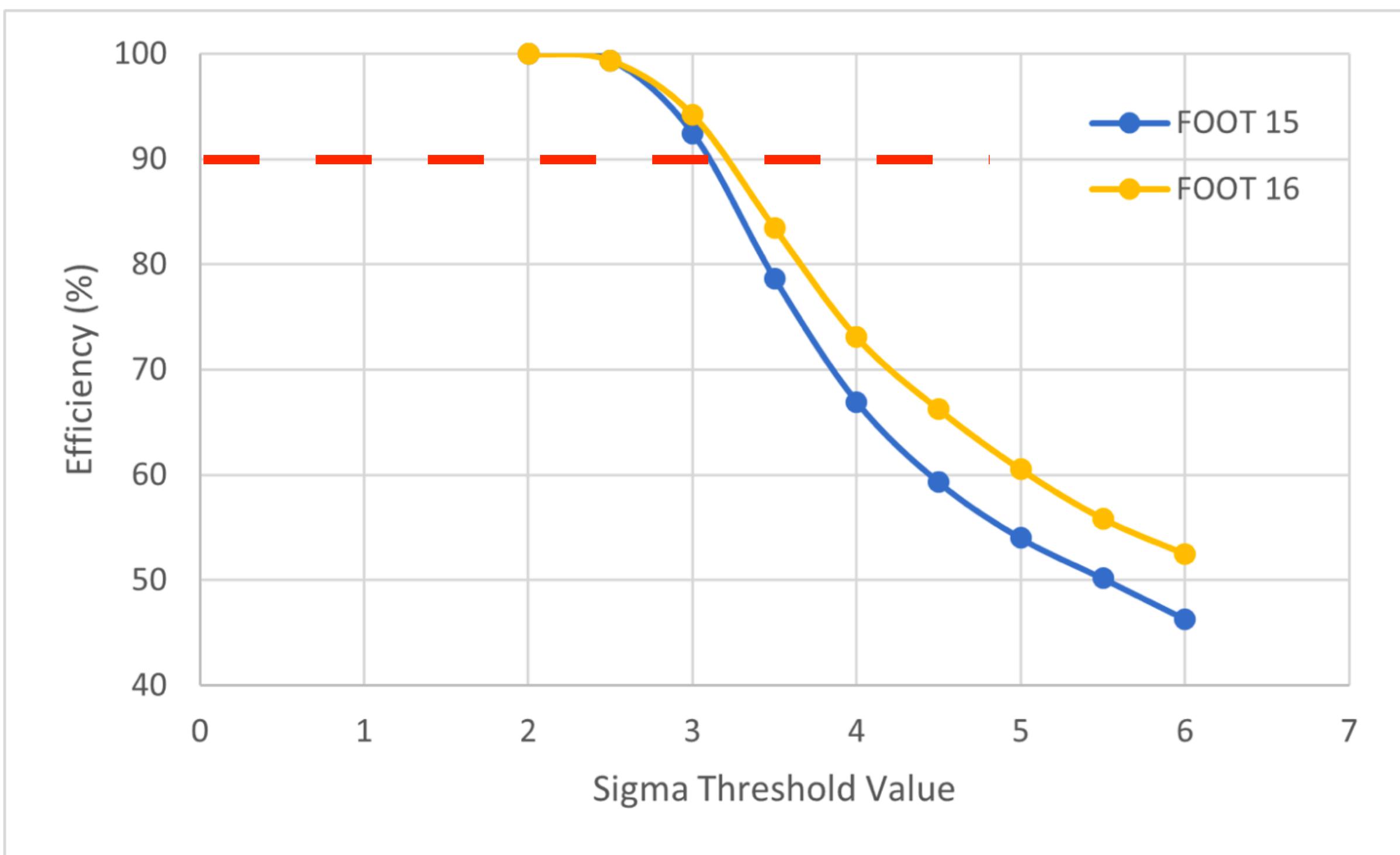
430 MeV protons

# Multiplicity of clusters per detector

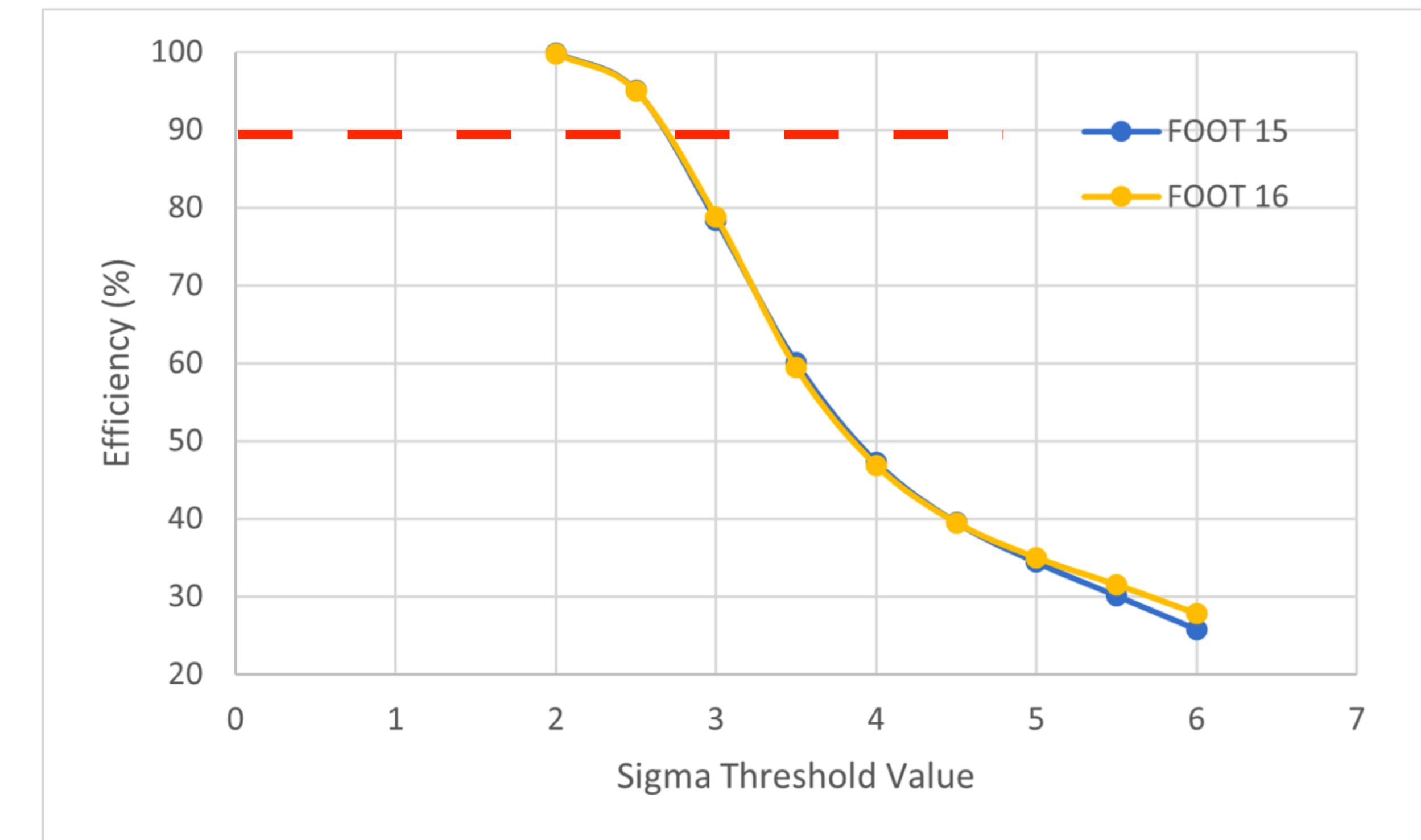


# Method 2: beam centered on the detectors

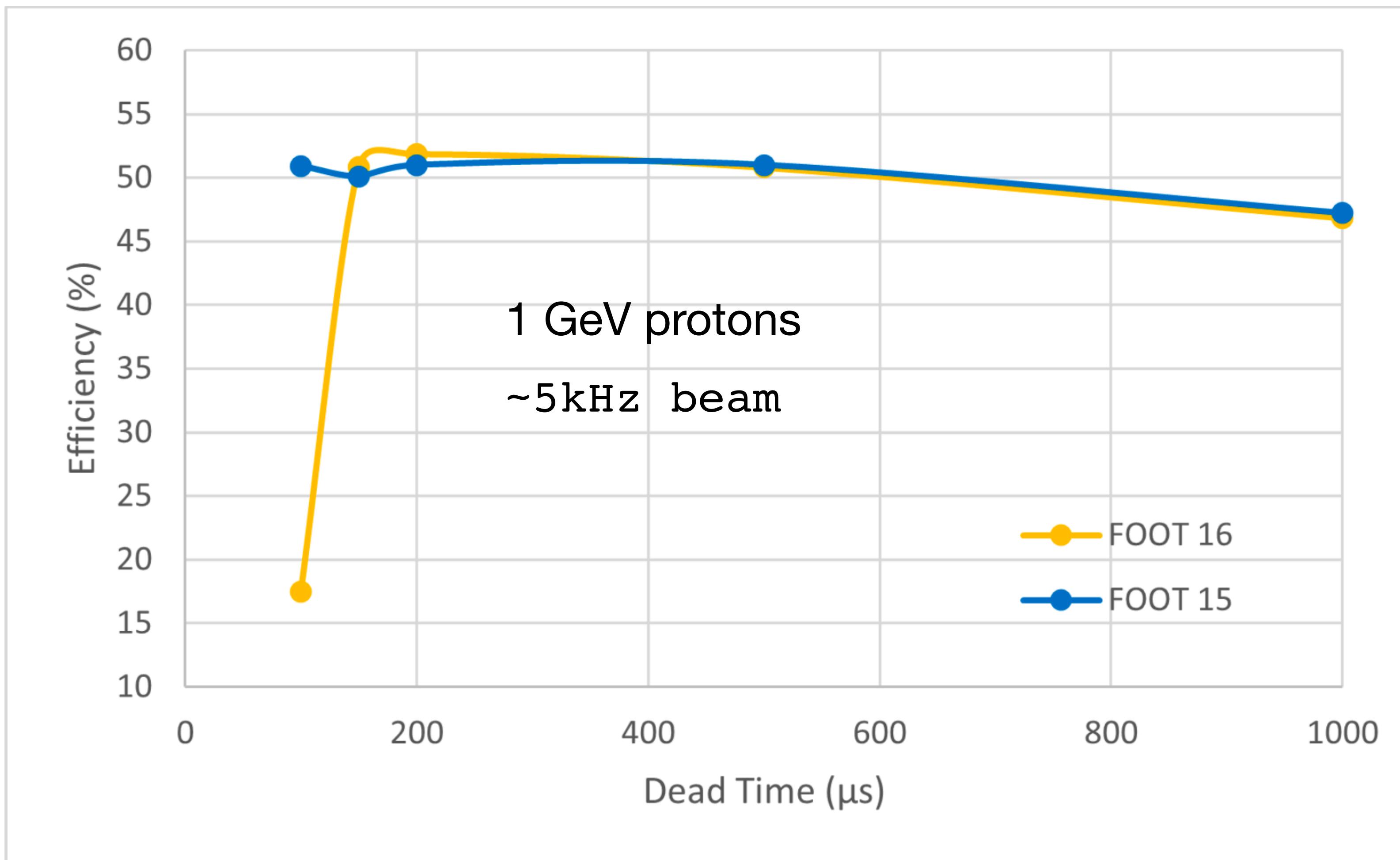
430 MeV protons



1 GeV protons



# Efficiency vs. deadtime setting (centered beam, method 1)



*That's all folks!*