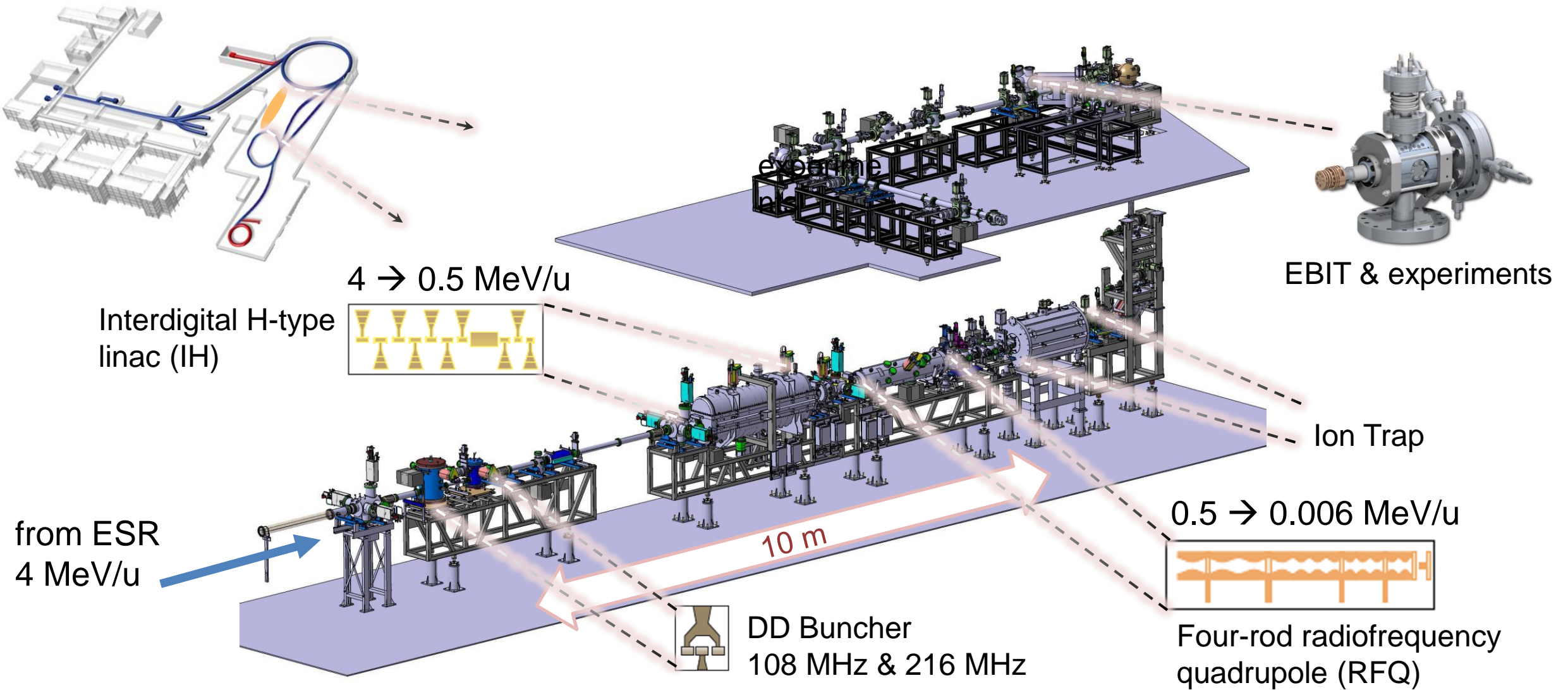


HITRAP

technical status and opportunities

Zoran Andelkovic
GSI / Accelerator Operations / Decelerator

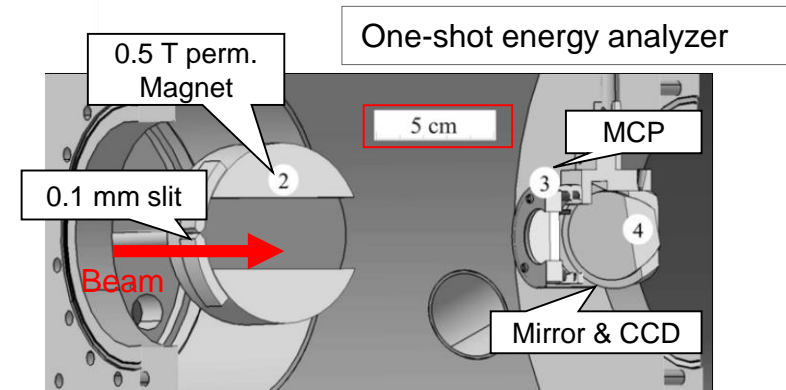
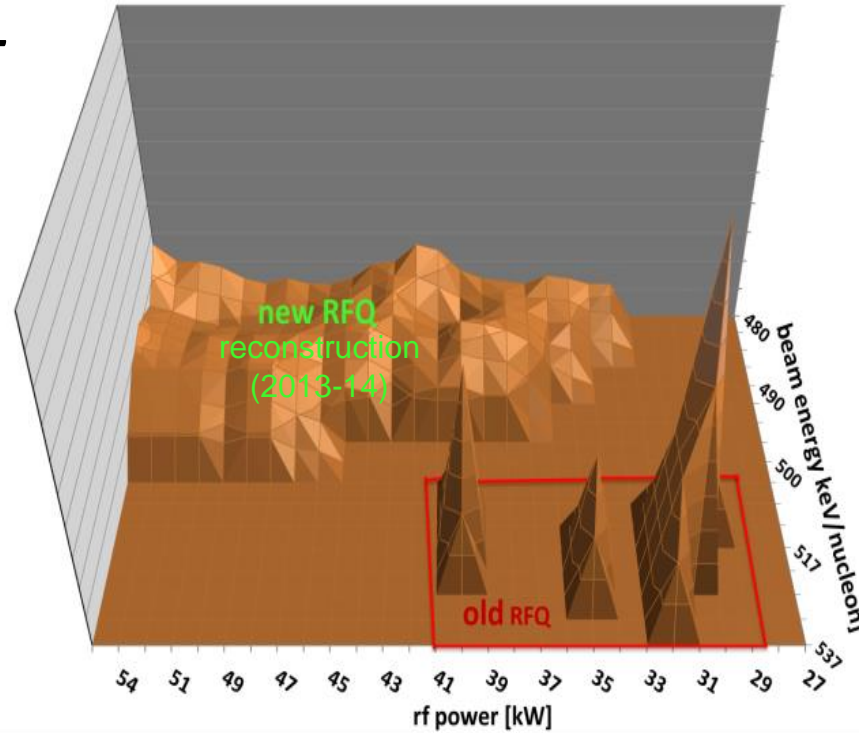
HITRAP facility & experimental area



Why is a linear decelerator NOT simply a reversed accelerator?

- the emittance grows
- narrow acceptance
- fast beams stay in
- low repetition rate

$$\iint dx dx' = \pi \epsilon \approx x \cdot x' \approx x \cdot \frac{p_x}{p_z}$$



if everything OK:
 » ca. 5 days for beam setup
 » ca. 5 days for experiment
 => minimum two online beams per year for progress

45 sec delivery rate:

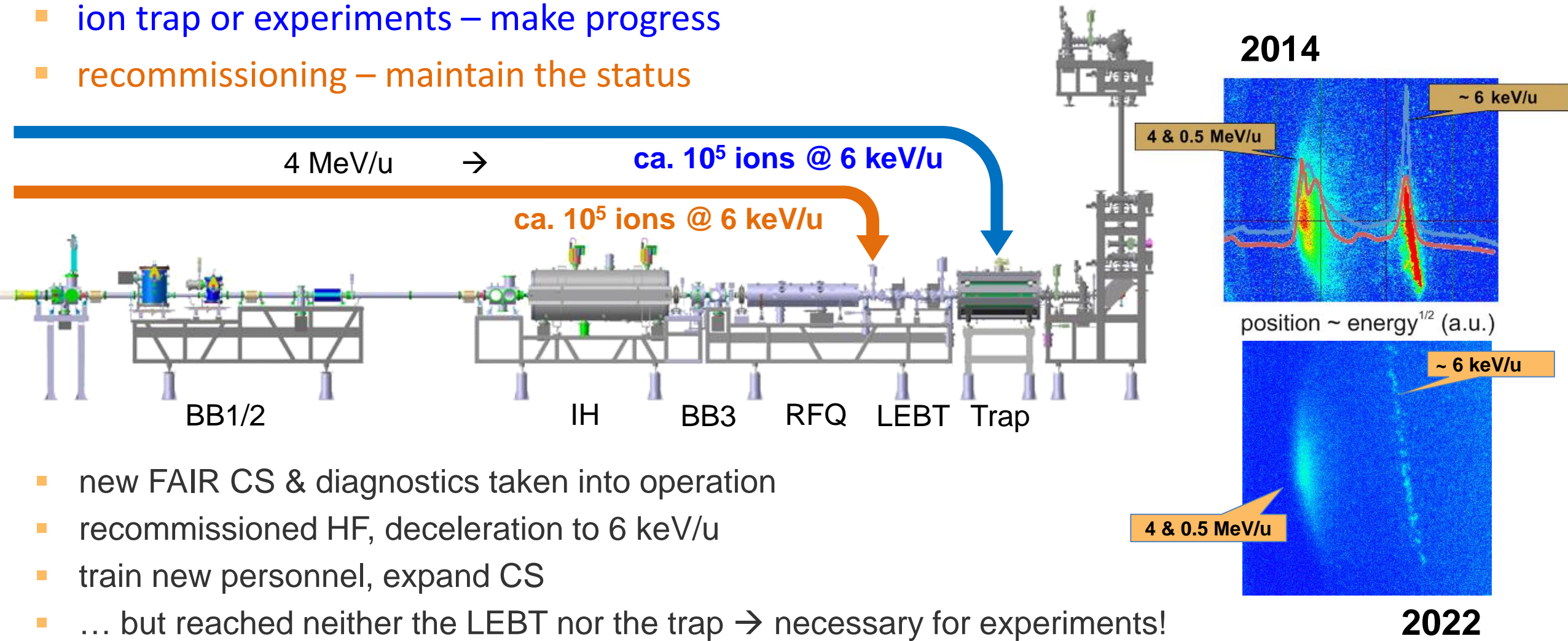
- set one dipole = 20 min
- set two dipoles = 20*20 min = 6h
- 360° RFQ rough scan = 3h
- 360° RFQ full scan = one shift

16 On-Line Tests (3-7 days, 45 sec / shot)
 = 1 (one) hour of operation @ 50 Hz



Status 2014 + recommissioning 2022

- ion trap or experiments – make progress
- recommissioning – maintain the status



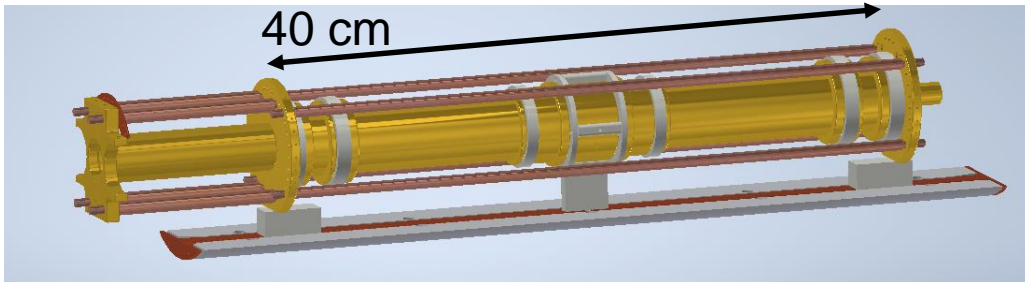
- new FAIR CS & diagnostics taken into operation
- recommissioned HF, deceleration to 6 keV/u
- train new personnel, expand CS
- ... but reached neither the LEBT nor the trap → necessary for experiments!

Slow HCI: a challenge & an opportunity

Decelerated "beam"

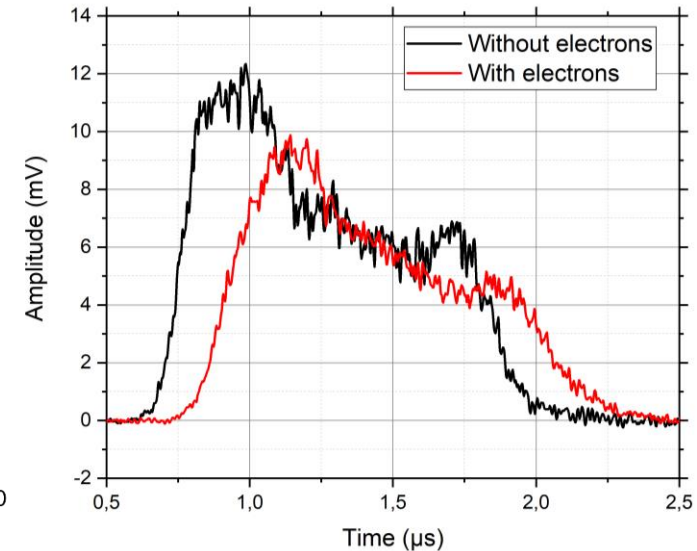
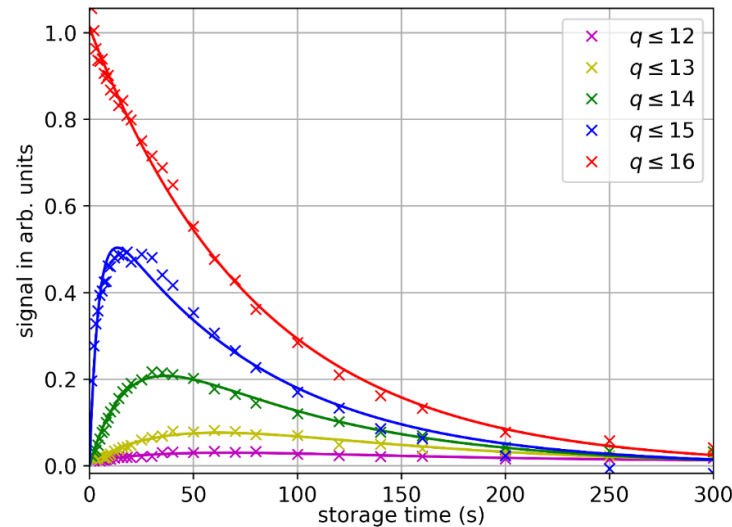
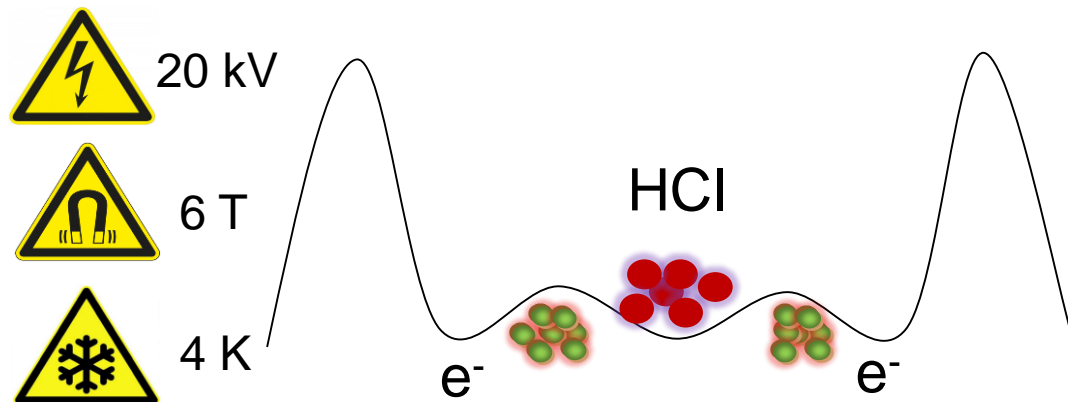
| | |
|------------|----------------------|
| Energy | 6 keV/u |
| Dispersion | 30% (± 1 keV/u) |
| Emittance | 180π mm mrad |

- » similar to e^- cooling in a storage ring at extremely low E
- » an experiment in itself, with constant research demand
(currently 2 PhD students, TU-DA + 1 Postdoc, Uni-Frankfurt)
- » major progress in 2022-23, first worldwide:

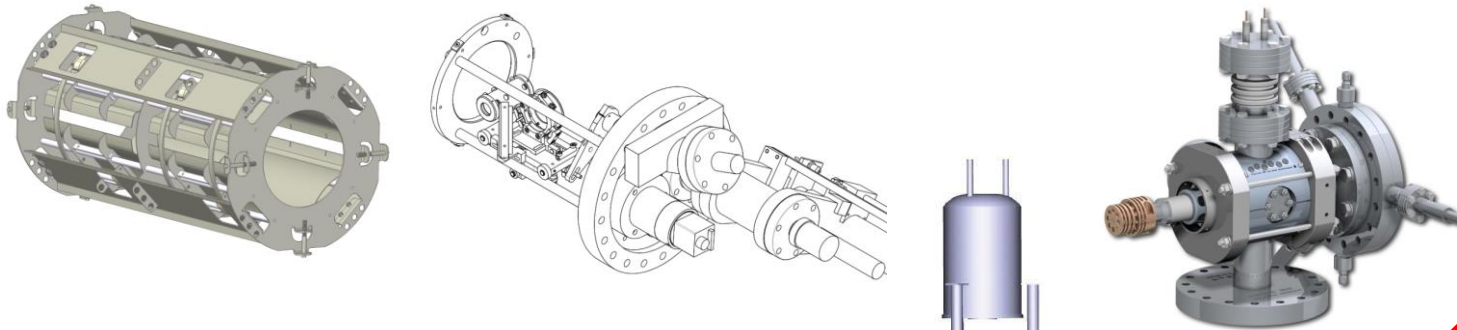


ions electrons cooling online operation

✓ ✓ ✓ ✗

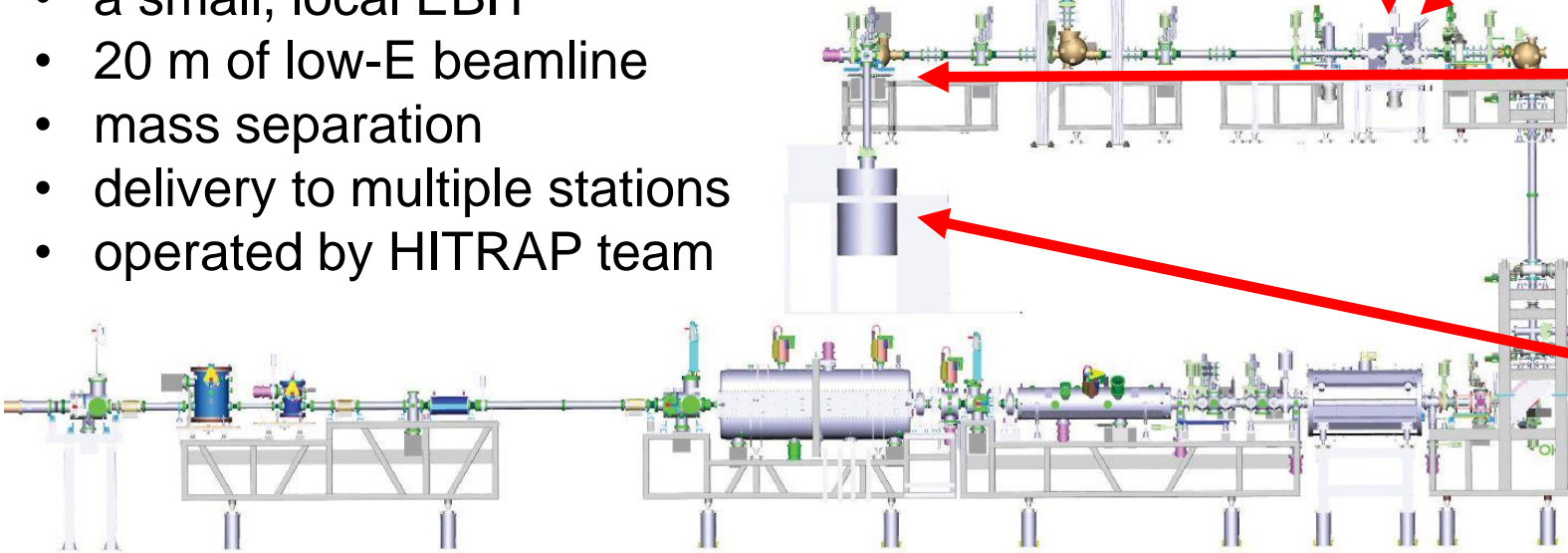


HITRAP low-energy beamline



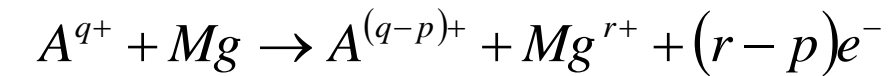
guides cooled HCl to experiments

- a small, local EBIT
- 20 m of low-E beamline
- mass separation
- delivery to multiple stations
- operated by HITRAP team

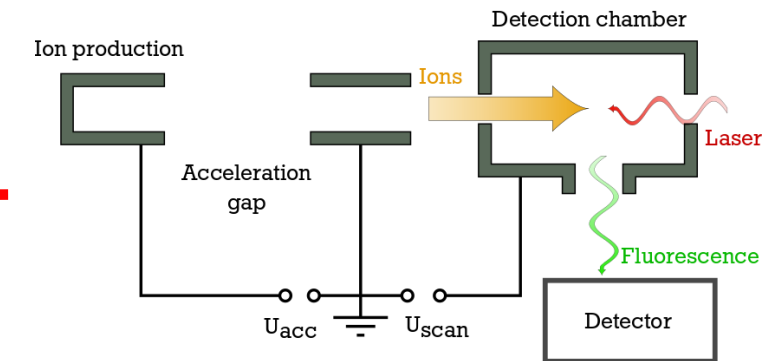


Some early experiments:

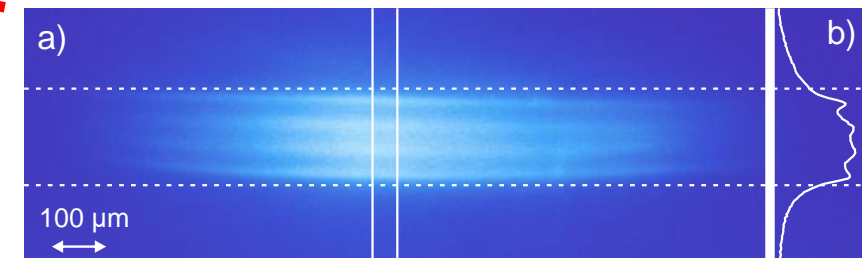
- charge-exchange cross sections



- spectroscopy of B³⁺



- trapped Coulomb crystals



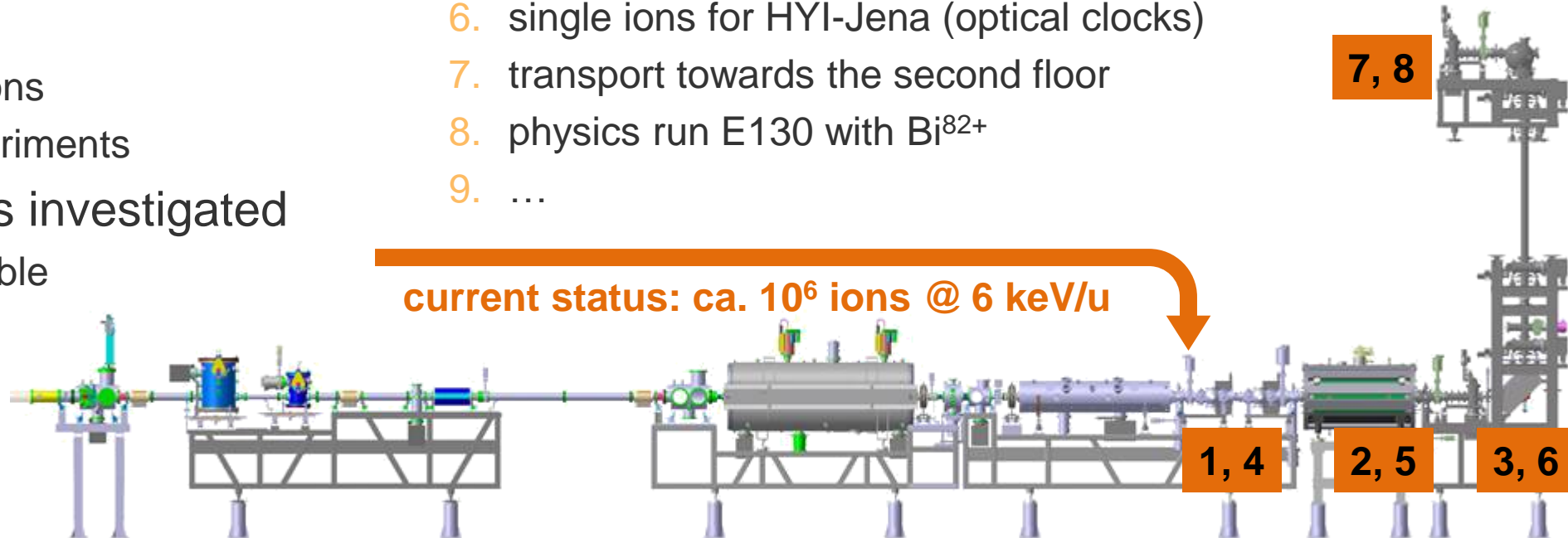
- achieved so far
 - deceleration to 6 keV/u
 - e-cooling of offline HCI
 - low-energy beam transport
 - control system
- to be done
 - ion transport to trap
 - e-cooling of online ions
 - ion transport to experiments
- alternative scenarios investigated
 - a study report available

a no-fail scenario / in units of beamtime:

1. transport through LEBT
 2. capturing & cooling; test run E134 with Ar¹⁸⁺
 3. extraction and mass separation
 4. physics run E134 with U⁹¹⁺
 5. multiplexed operation
 6. single ions for HYI-Jena (optical clocks)
 7. transport towards the second floor
 8. physics run E130 with Bi⁸²⁺
 9. ...
- } 2024
} 2025

7, 8

current status: ca. 10⁶ ions @ 6 keV/u



| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------|------------|
| FAIR GSI | Document Type: | Documentation | Document Number: | T-DO-DEC-en-0001 | Date: | 2023-07-18 |
| | | | Template Number: | T-FO-DEC-en-0002 | Page: | 1 of 16 |
| Title: | HITRAP - possible future scenarios | | | | | |
| Purpose: | This document gives an overview of future HITRAP scenarios regarding location, commissioning and operation. | | | | | |
| Organizational Unit: | DEC - department decelerators | | | | | |
| Valid For: | HITRAP@ESR, technical location Hitrap cave and platform | | | | | |

What can HITRAP deliver?

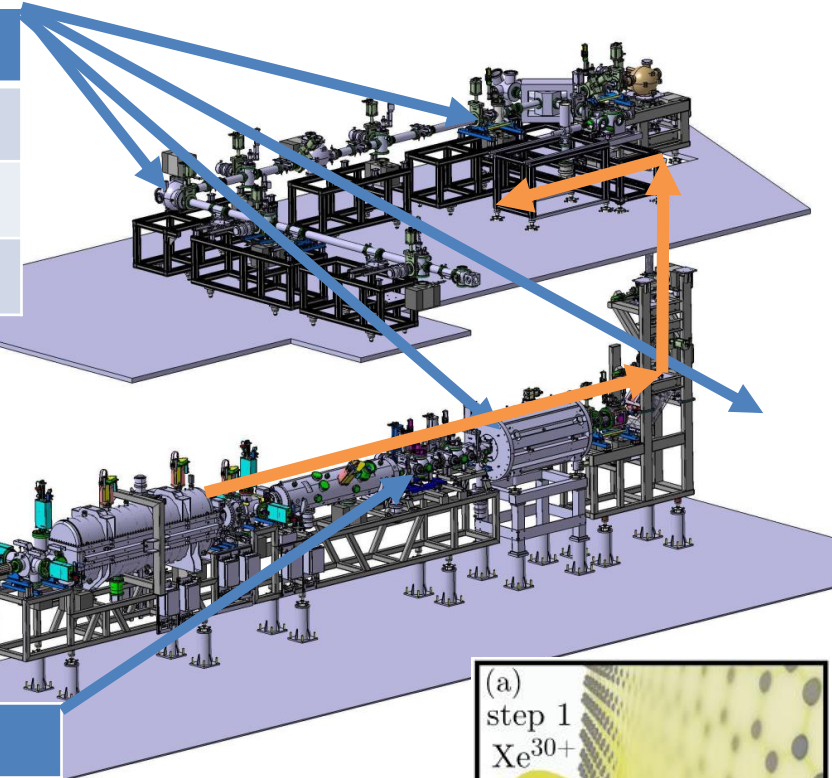
- partly operational; not finished in full scope!

- sufficient beamtime & manpower
- regular dry-runs
- FAIR CS expansion
- further work on cooling trap concept

- otherwise, locked in constant recommissioning

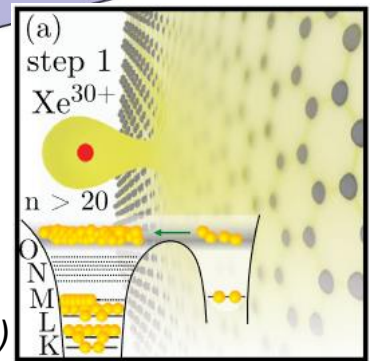
- what is full scope?

| Medium HCI | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| charge state | up to 44+ |
| energy | 4 keV/q (± 1 eV) |
| N. of ions | $10^3 \dots 10^5$ |



| Heavy HCI | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| charge state | any up to 92+ |
| energy | 4 keV/u ± 1 eV/u |
| N. of ions | 1 ... 10^4 |

| Heavy HCI | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| charge state | any up to 92+ |
| energy | 6 ± 1 keV/u |
| N. of ions | 1 ... 10^4 |



HCI interaction with surfaces, Wilhelm et al., PRL 119 (2017)

Overview of resources

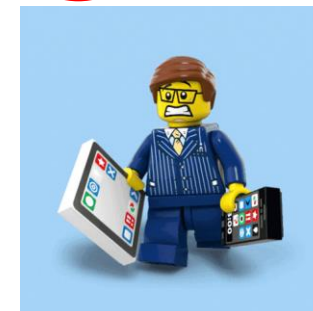
| | 2007– 2014 to reach the current state | 2014 – 2022 standby & trap reconstruction | 2022 – recommissioning & development |
|----------|---|---|--|
| Master | 5 | 2 | 4 |
| PhD | 5 | 0 | 2 |
| ACC | 3 | 0.5 | 3 |
| Beamtime | 2-3 p.a. | 0 | 1 |

in 2022

- one position by the GSI technical board
- one postdoc by the GSI research board (but limited to 2024)

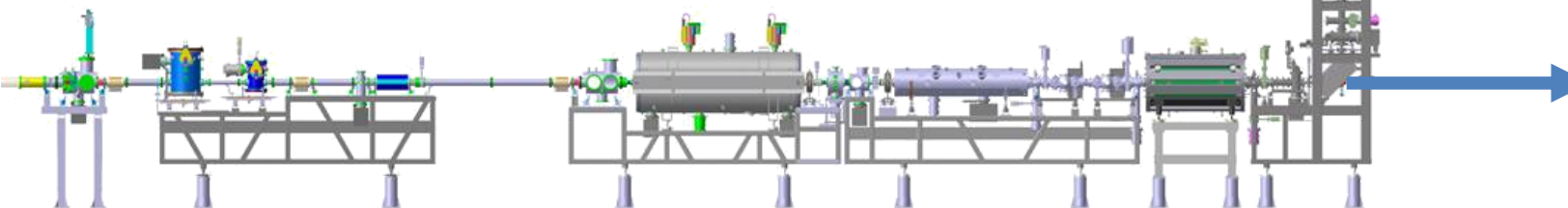
- one in '22
- two planned for '24
- two tentative for '25

- imperative to keep the current momentum
- expected timeline, if resources available: 1-2 years
- horizon for running experiments: 10+ years

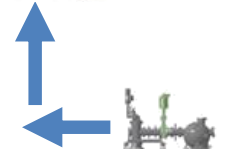
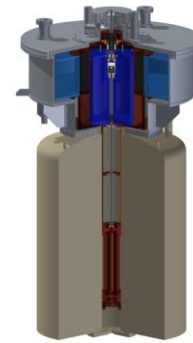


Opportunities beyond 2024

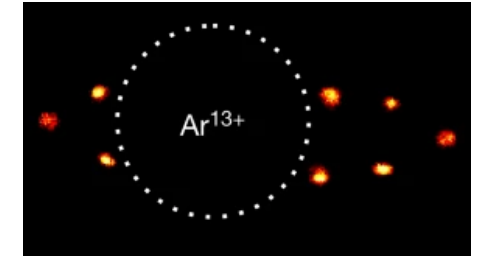
- HITRAP can be a worldwide unique source of slow, heavy HCl
- ion delivery supplemented by local EBIT(s) for offline operation
- staged approach for experiments as commissioning progresses
- a platform for technology development
- multiple gains for a relatively low price
- long-term prospects



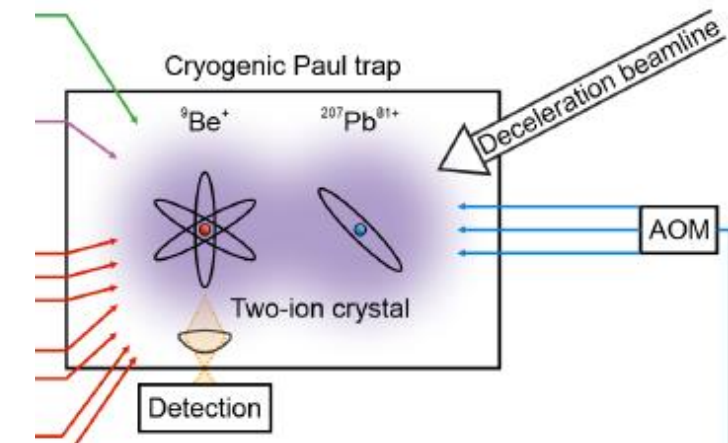
$$g = 2 \frac{\omega_L}{\omega_c}$$



new laser laboratory – approved for a HYIG by P. Micke
BIG-2020306-03-HITRAP



Optical Clocks with HCl, e.g. Micke, Leopold, King et al., Nature 578 (2020)



Thank you for listening!



Also thanks to the DEC team and collaborators:

S. Fedotova, W. Geithner, F. Herfurth, M. Horst, N. Kotovski, I. Kraus, M. Maier, K. Mohr, D. Neidherr, D. Racano, S. Rausch, N. Stallkamp, S. Trotsenko, G. Vorobyev, W. Nörtershäuser, B. Zhou