# Probing the size of single-particle orbitals in neutron-rich calcium isotopes from quasi-free scattering missing momentum distributions 

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#### Abstract

Neutron-rich calcium isotopes show interesting features exhibiting non-canonical neutron shell closures at $\mathrm{N}=32$ and $\mathrm{N}=34$, while their charge radii [1] show a sharp increase after $\mathrm{N}=28$ which is not reproduced by microscopic theories. Matter radii [2] from interaction cross-section measurements indicate that the increase in size of neutron-rich calcium isotopes is mainly due to neutrons and that a core swelling mechanism is at play [3]. Recently, the proton-induced neutron knockout reaction on ${ }^{52} \mathrm{Ca}$ proved to be able to quantify the size of the $p_{3 / 2}$ and $f_{7 / 2}$ neutron single-particle orbital using the analysis of the momentum distributions [4]. The result revealed a large $p_{3 / 2}$ neutron orbital, 0.61 fm larger compared to the $f_{7 / 2}$ neutron single-particle orbital, which may explain [5] the large charge radius values obtained for the neutron-rich calcium isotopes [1]. This analysis was extended to ${ }^{53} \mathrm{Ca}$ and ${ }^{54} \mathrm{Ca}$ for the neutron orbitals, giving consistent results with the first findings, as well as for ${ }^{52} \mathrm{Ca},{ }^{54} \mathrm{Ca}$, and ${ }^{55} \mathrm{Sc}$ for the proton single-particle orbitals. The latest results will be shown in this presentation. The nucleon knockout direct reaction proves to be a valuable tool, sensitive to the size of the single-particle orbitals - a quantity that has not been deeply explored so far for exotic beams.


References:
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## Collaboration

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