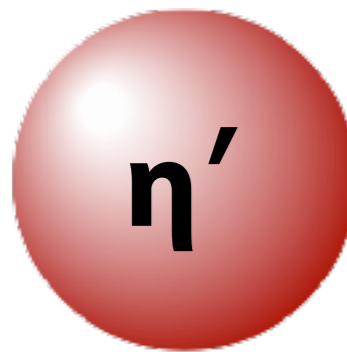


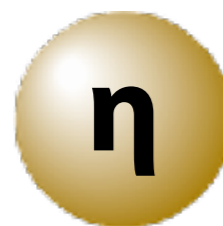
Status and perspectives of η' -mesic nuclei spectroscopy


**RIKEN Nishina Center
Kenta Itahashi**

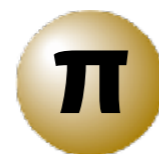


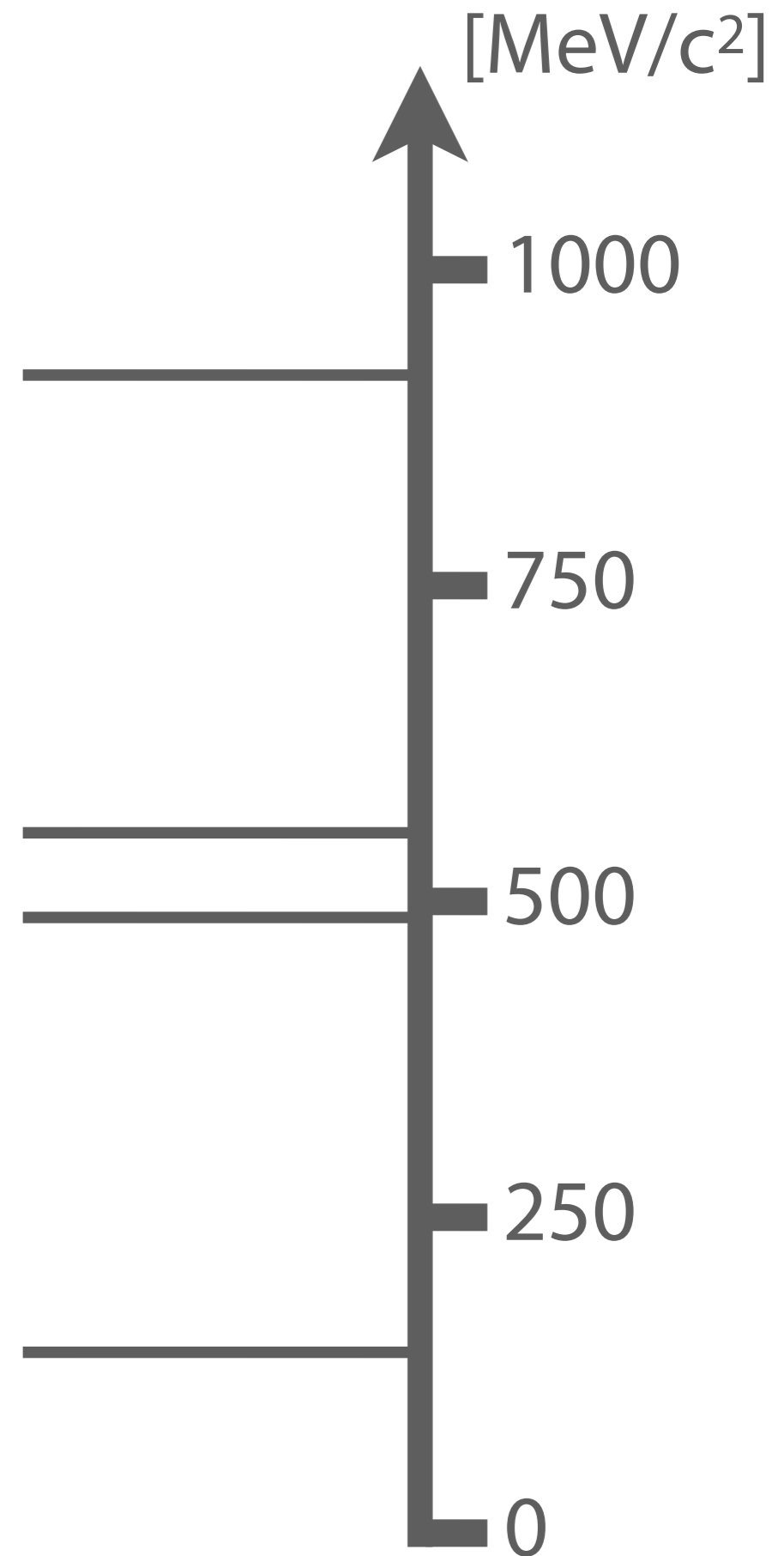
η' and other PS mesons

 η' $M=958 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

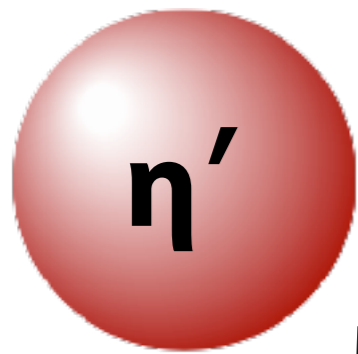
 η $M=548 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

 K $M=498 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

 π $M=140 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

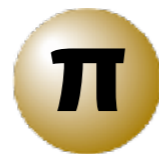
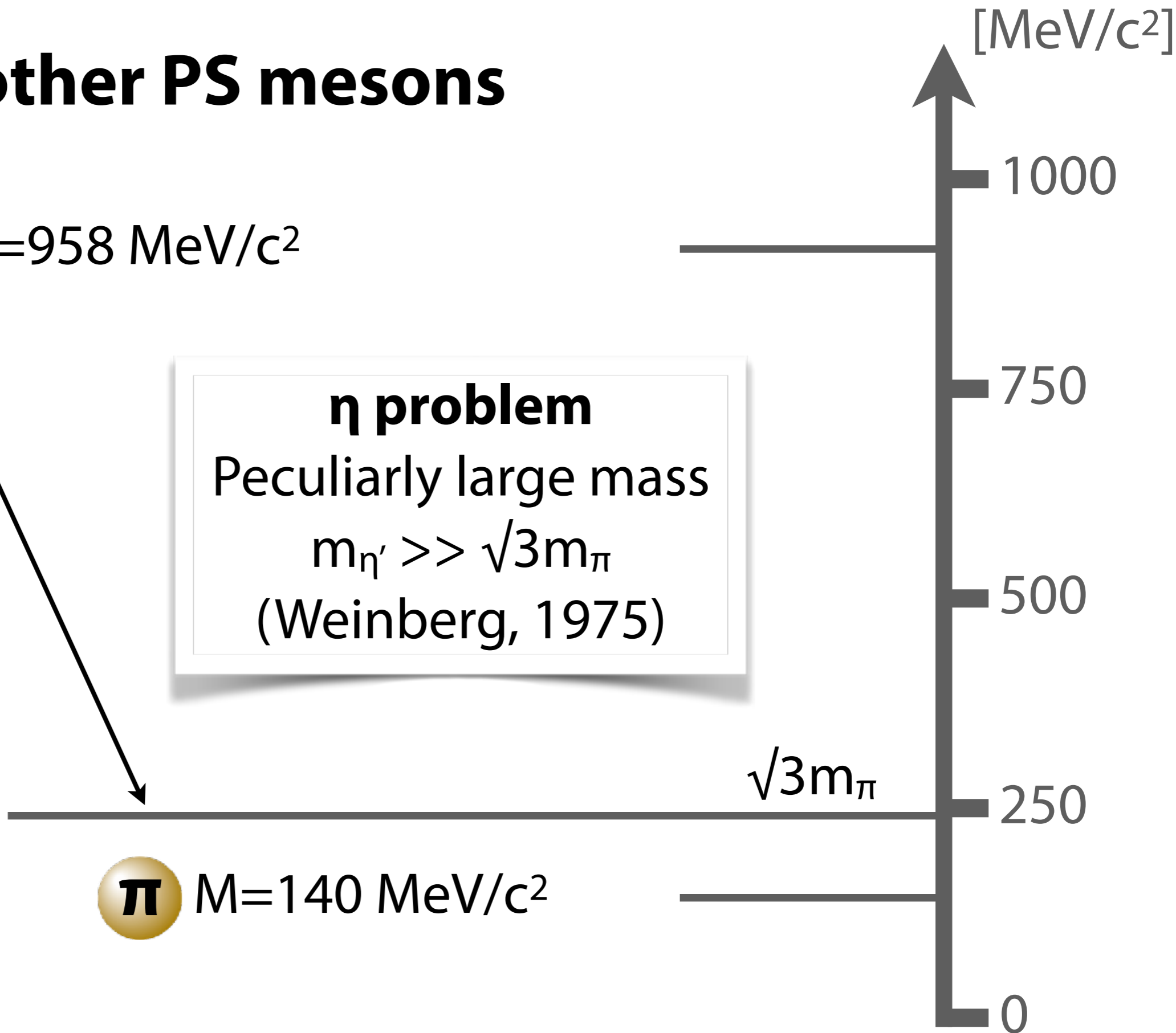


η' and other PS mesons



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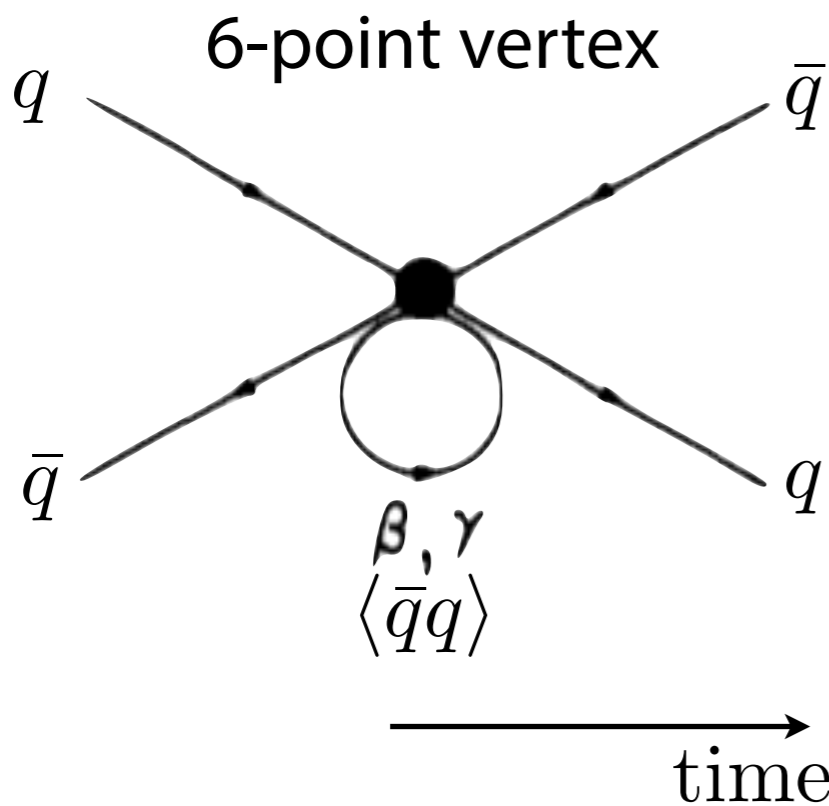
η problem
Peculiarly large mass
 $m_{\eta'} \gg \sqrt{3}m_{\pi}$
(Weinberg, 1975)



$M=140 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Large η' mass = $U_A(1) \times$ chiral condensate

$U_A(1)$ symmetry breaking term of effective Lagrangian



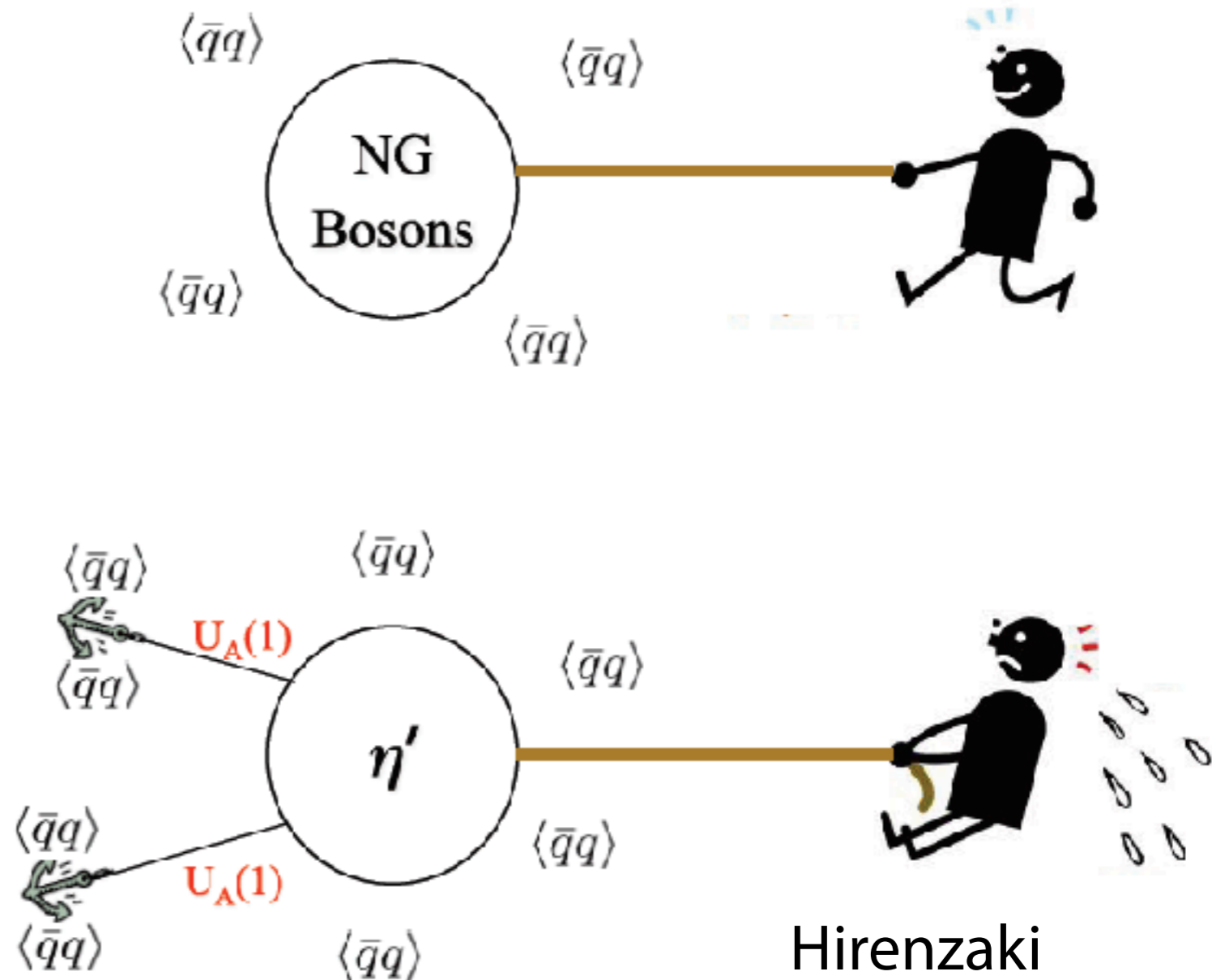
Kobayashi-Maskawa-'t Hooft interaction

Kobayashi, Maskawa, PTP44(70)1422

't Hooft, PRD14(76)3432.

T. Kunihiro, Phys. Lett. B219(89)363.

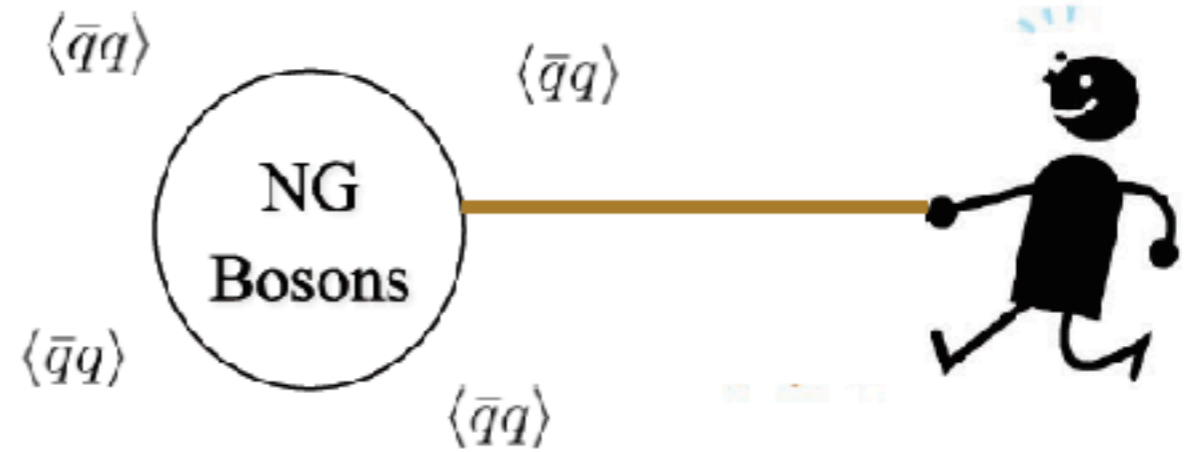
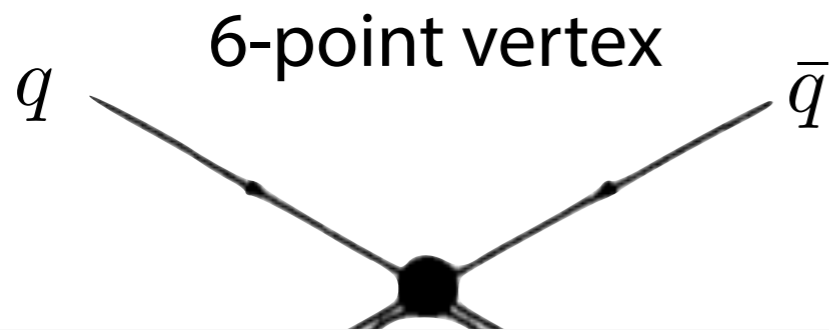
Klimt, Lutz, Vogl, Weise, NPA516(90)429.



Hirenzaki

Large η' mass = $U_A(1) \times$ chiral condensate

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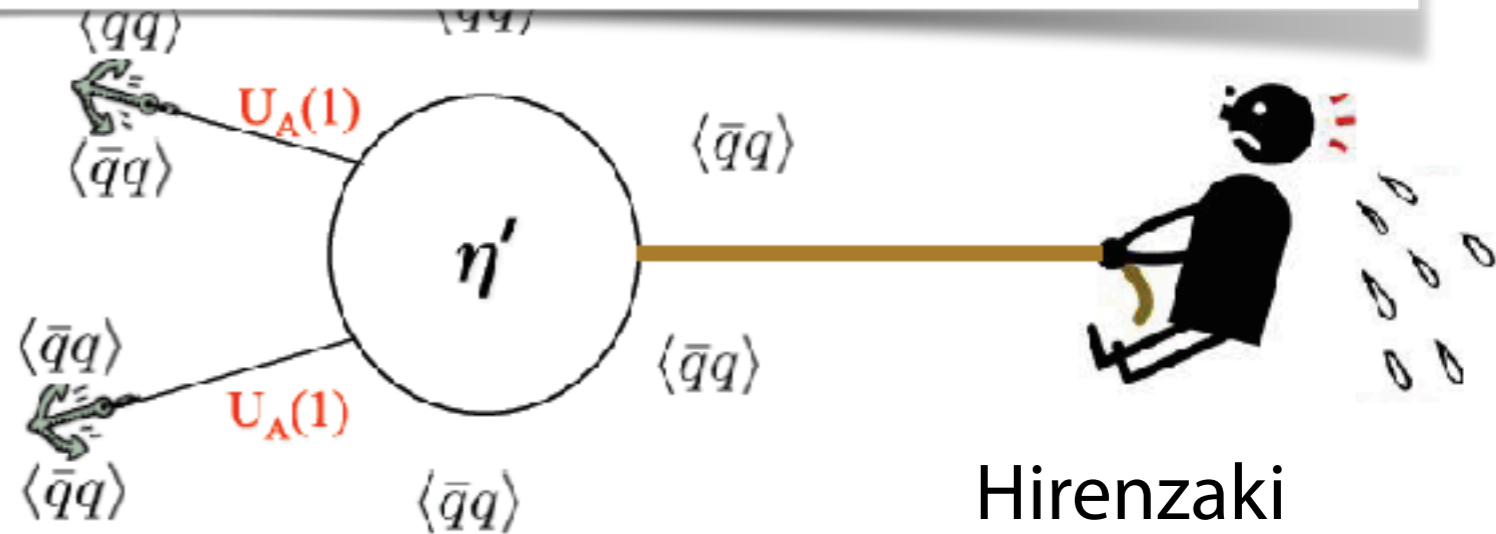


The question is "What happens if $\langle qq \rangle$ is smaller?"

$\langle \bar{q}q \rangle$

time

Kobayashi-Maskawa-'t Hooft interaction



Hirenzaki

Kobayashi, Maskawa, PTP44(70)1422

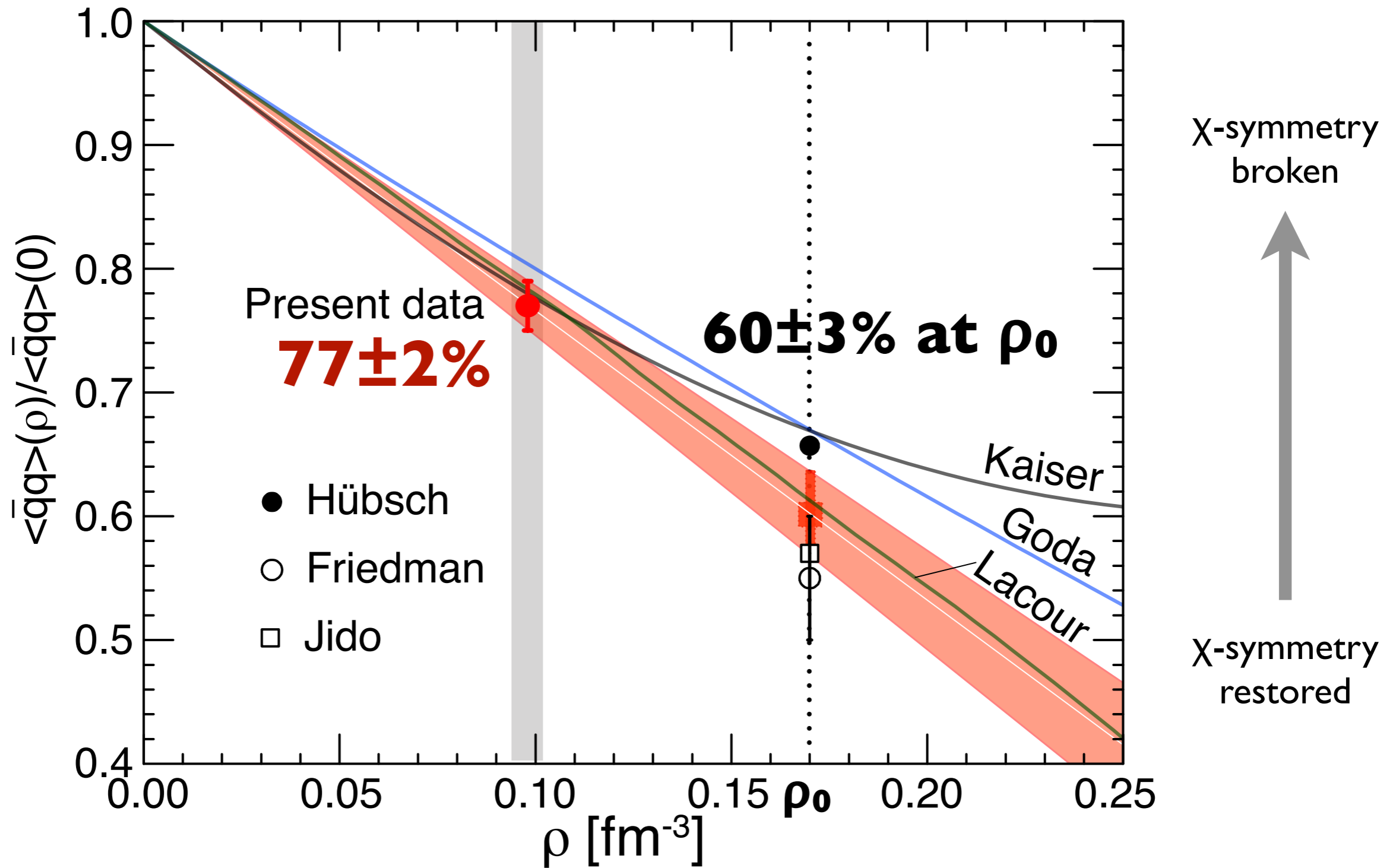
't Hooft, PRD14(76)3432.

T. Kunihiro, Phys. Lett. B219(89)363.

Klimt, Lutz, Vogl, Weise, NPA516(90)429.

Chiral condensate decreases in nuclear matter

~pionic atom spectroscopy~

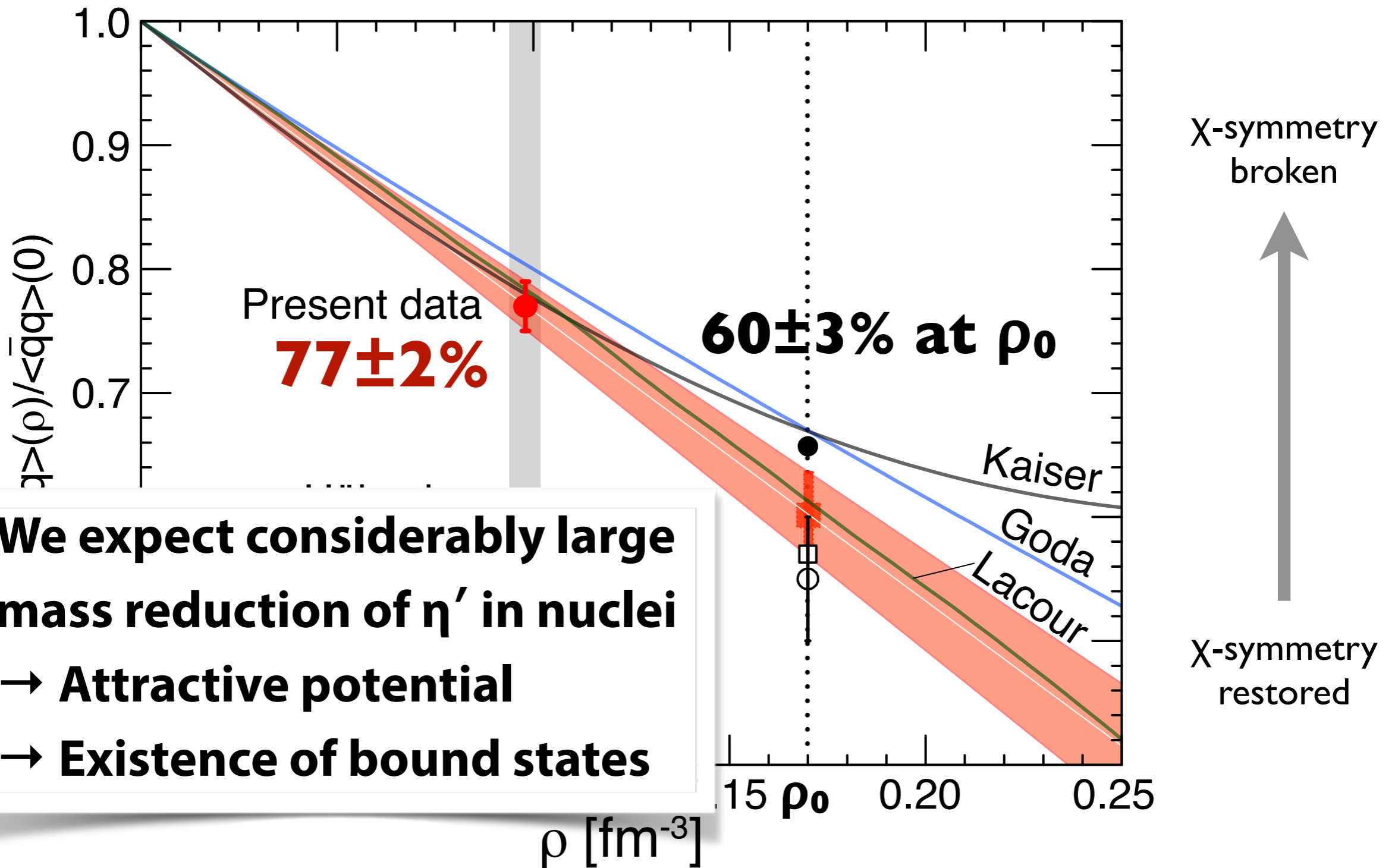


T. Nishi, Kl et al., Nature Physics **19**, 788 (2023)

Article DOI: 10.1038/s41567-023-02001-x

Chiral condensate decreases in nuclear matter

~pionic atom spectroscopy~



We expect considerably large mass reduction of η' in nuclei

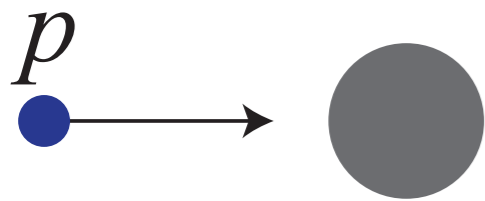
- **Attractive potential**
- **Existence of bound states**

T. Nishi, Kl et al., Nature Physics **19**, 788 (2023)

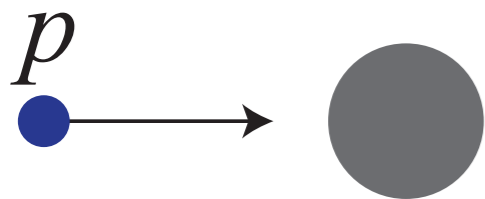
Article DOI: 10.1038/s41567-023-02001-x

Missing-mass of $^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$ **inclusive** measurement

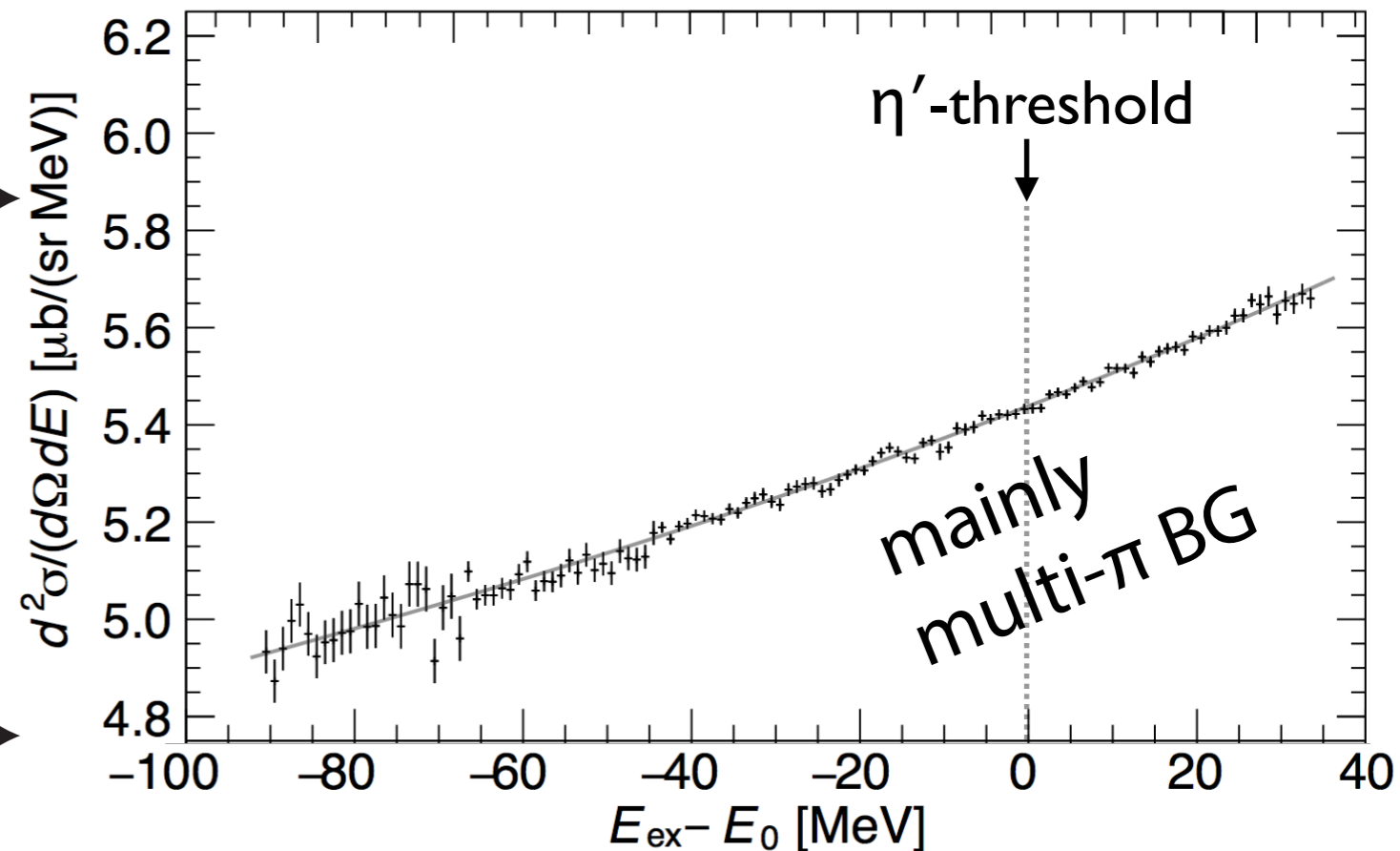
Signal



Background



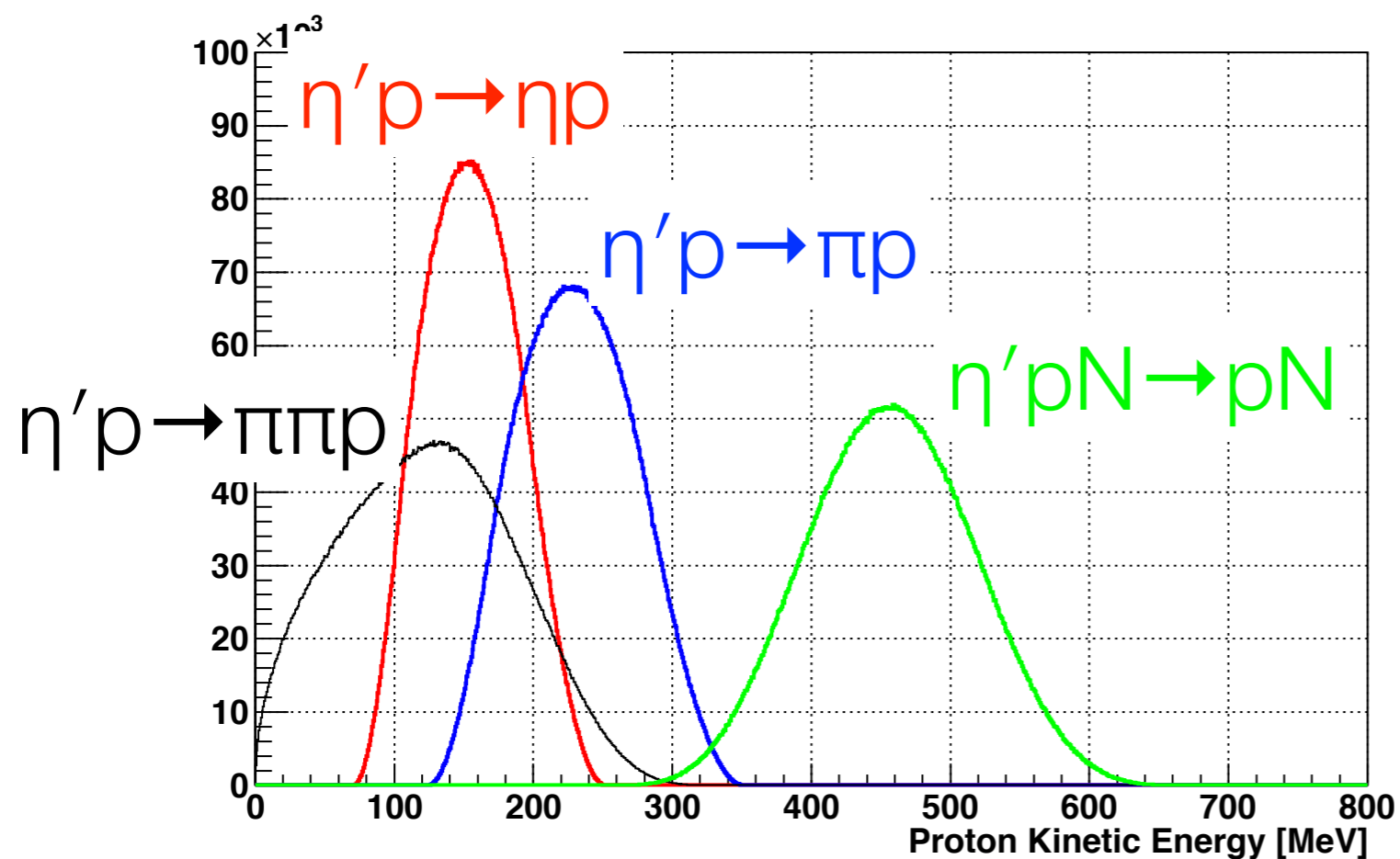
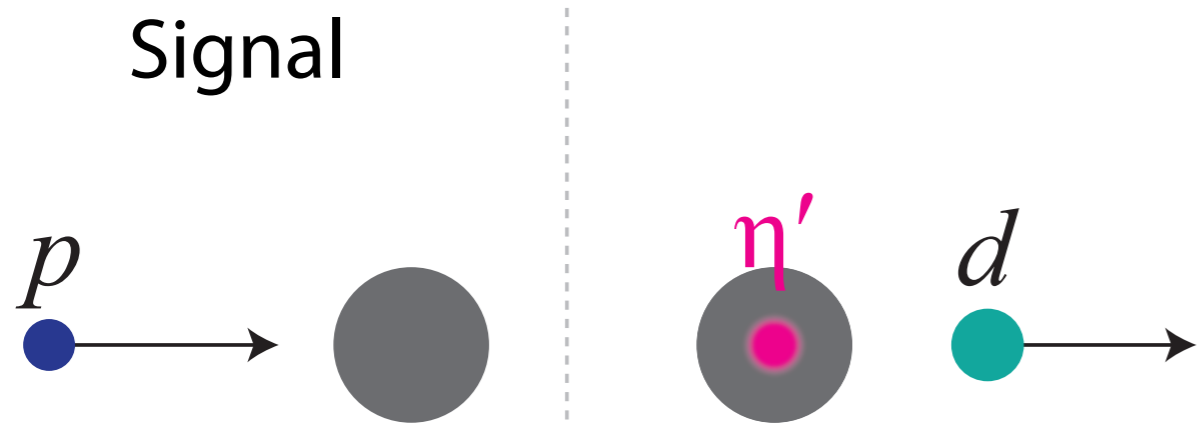
S437: $^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$ in 2014 at FRS/GSI



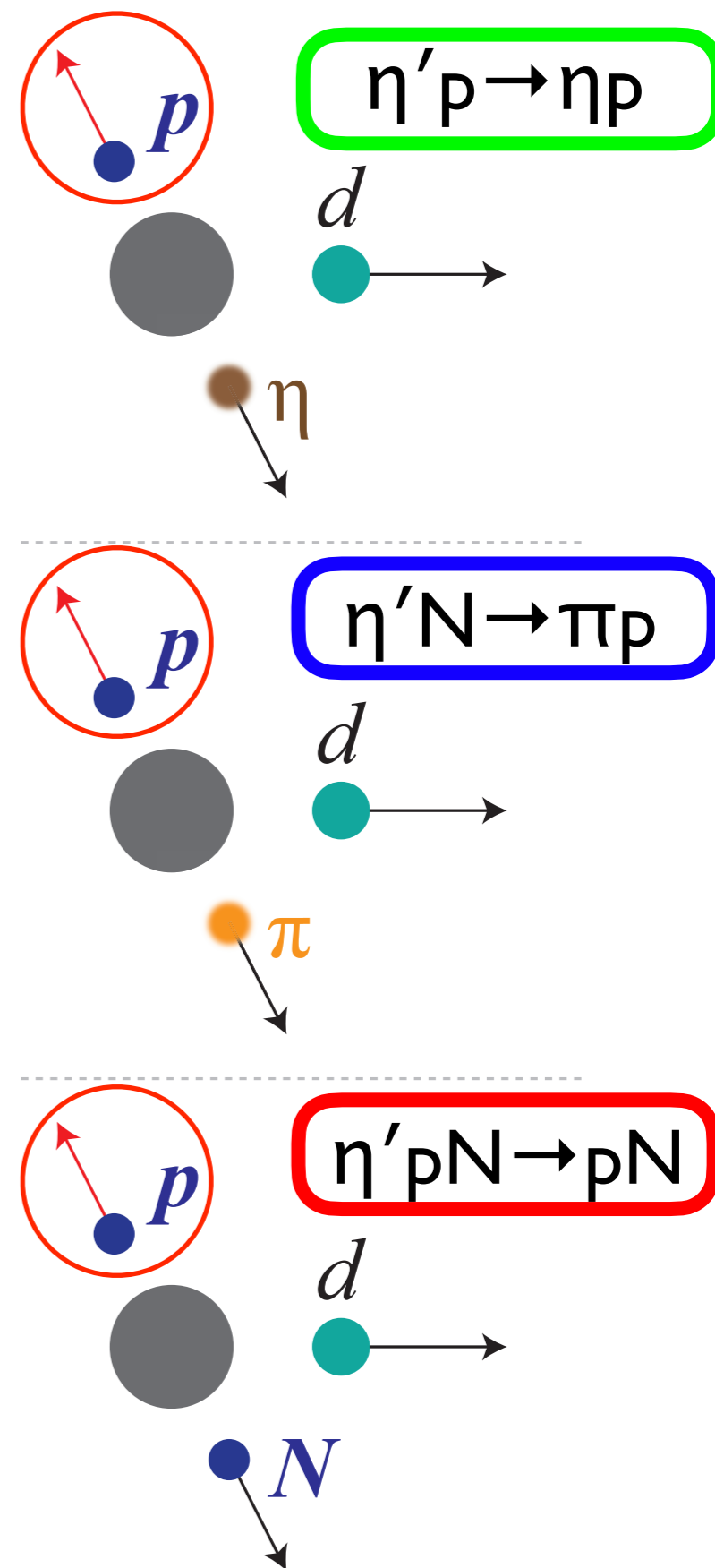
Y.K. Tanaka et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **117**, 202501(2016)

We achieved extremely high statistical sensitivity demonstrating very good performance of FRS. But, no peak was observed. Major BG=multi π . S/BG cross sections must be $< 1/100$

How to select signals

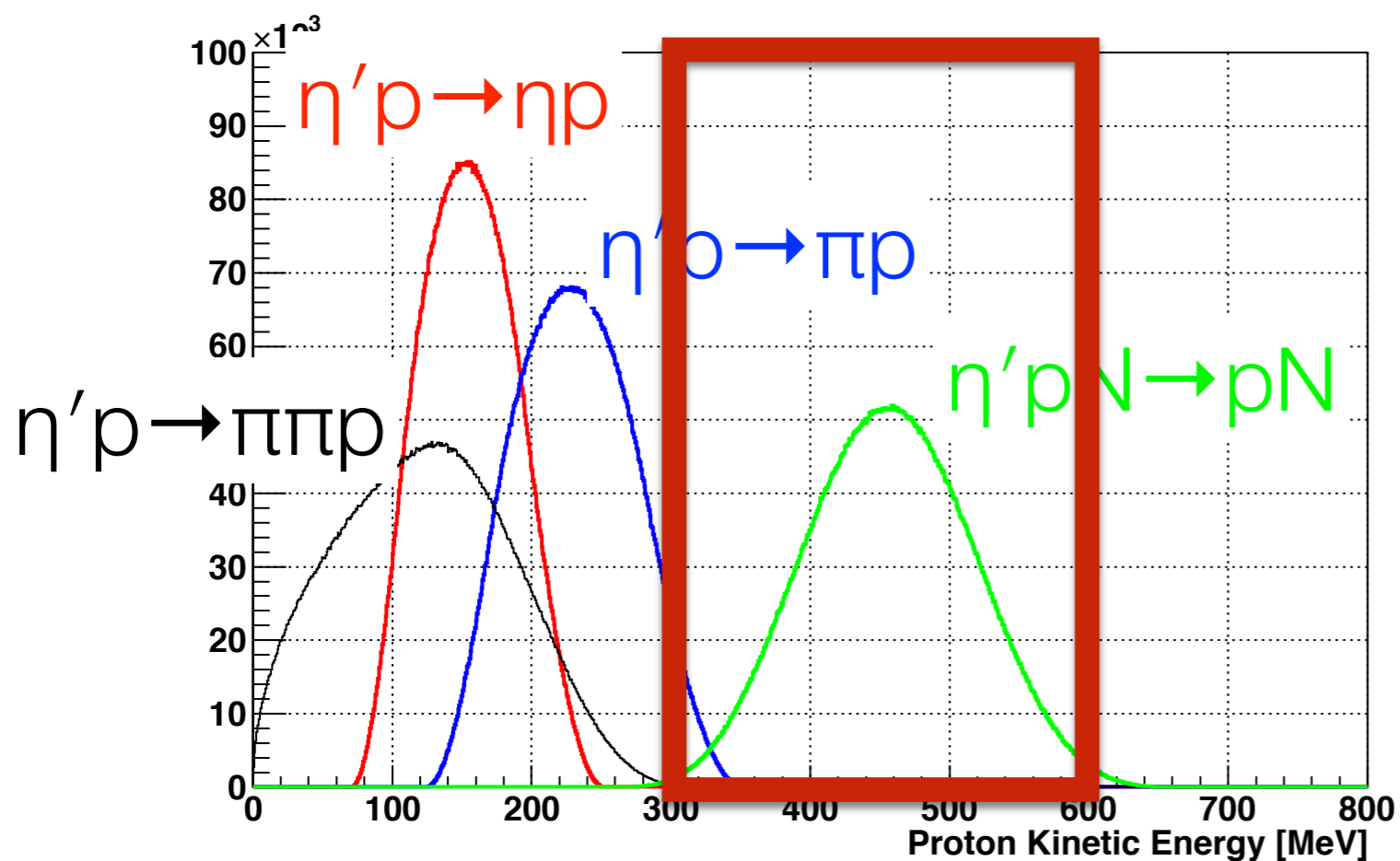


3 major decay modes of η' -mesic nuclei

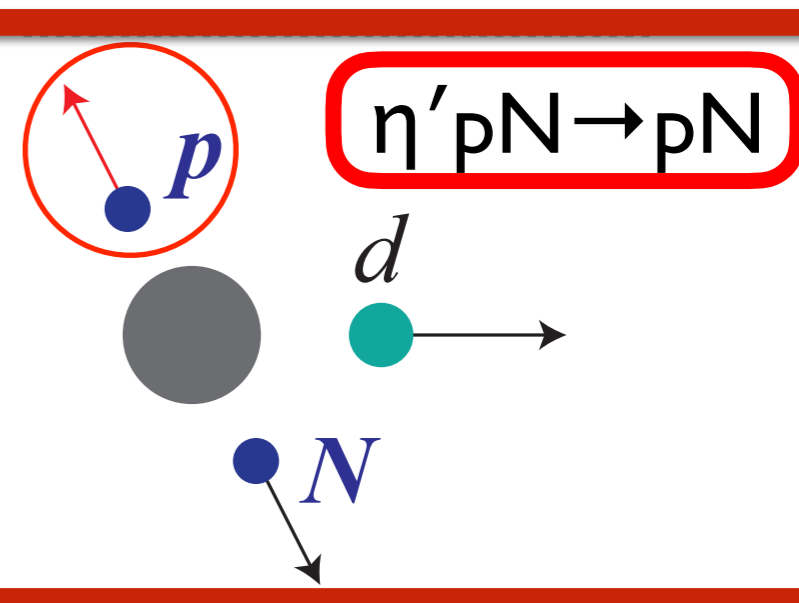
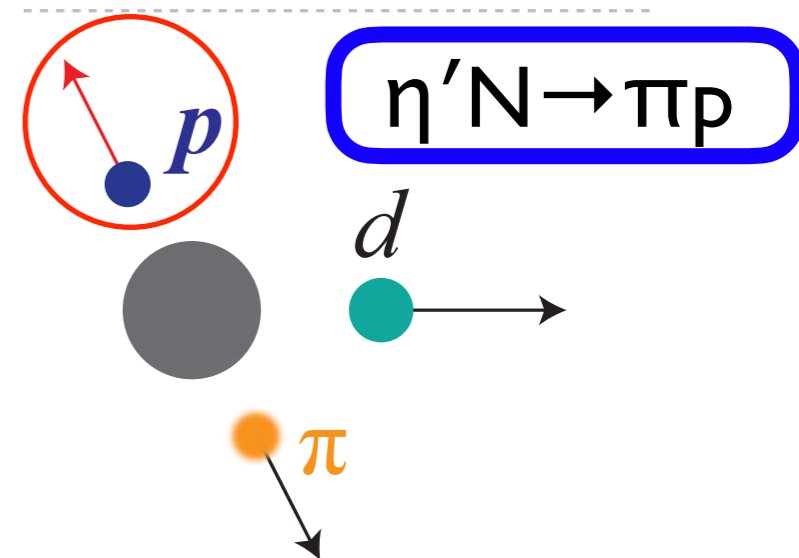
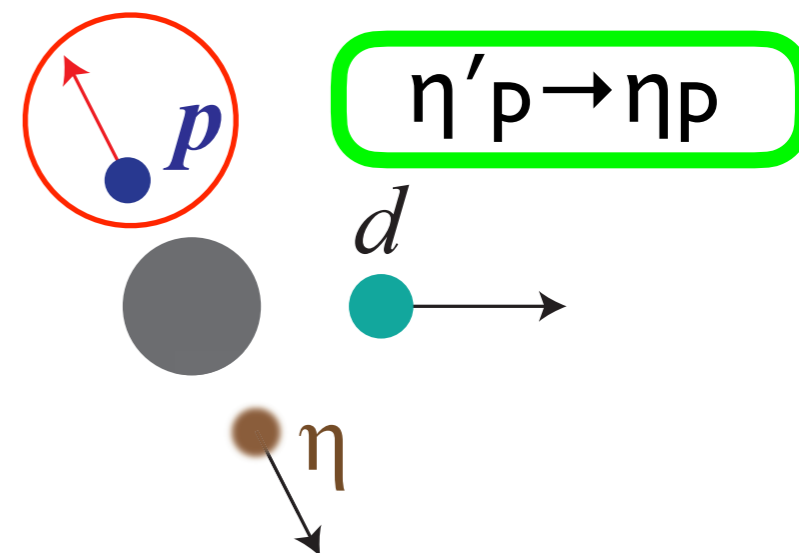


How to select signals

Detect p (800-1200 MeV/c) emitted in the decay of η' -nuclei for **semi-exclusive** measurement.
 $f \sim 100$ improvement in S/BG



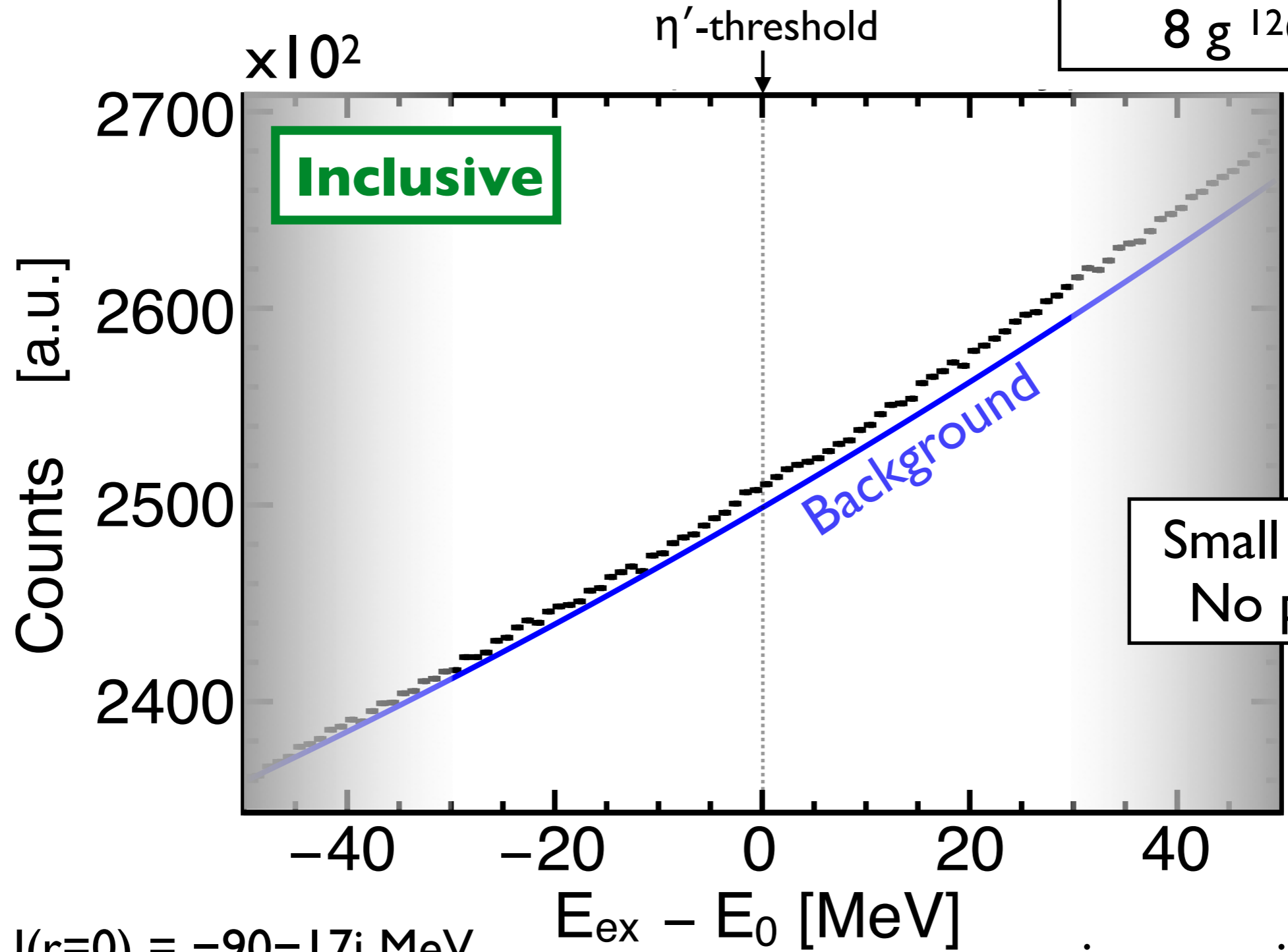
3 major decay modes of η' -mesic nuclei



Expected spectrum in 4 days of DAQ at FRS

$T_p = 2.5 \text{ GeV}, {}^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$

$p \ 2.5 \text{ GeV}, 2.5 \times 10^8/\text{s},$
 $8 \text{ g } {}^{12}\text{C target}$



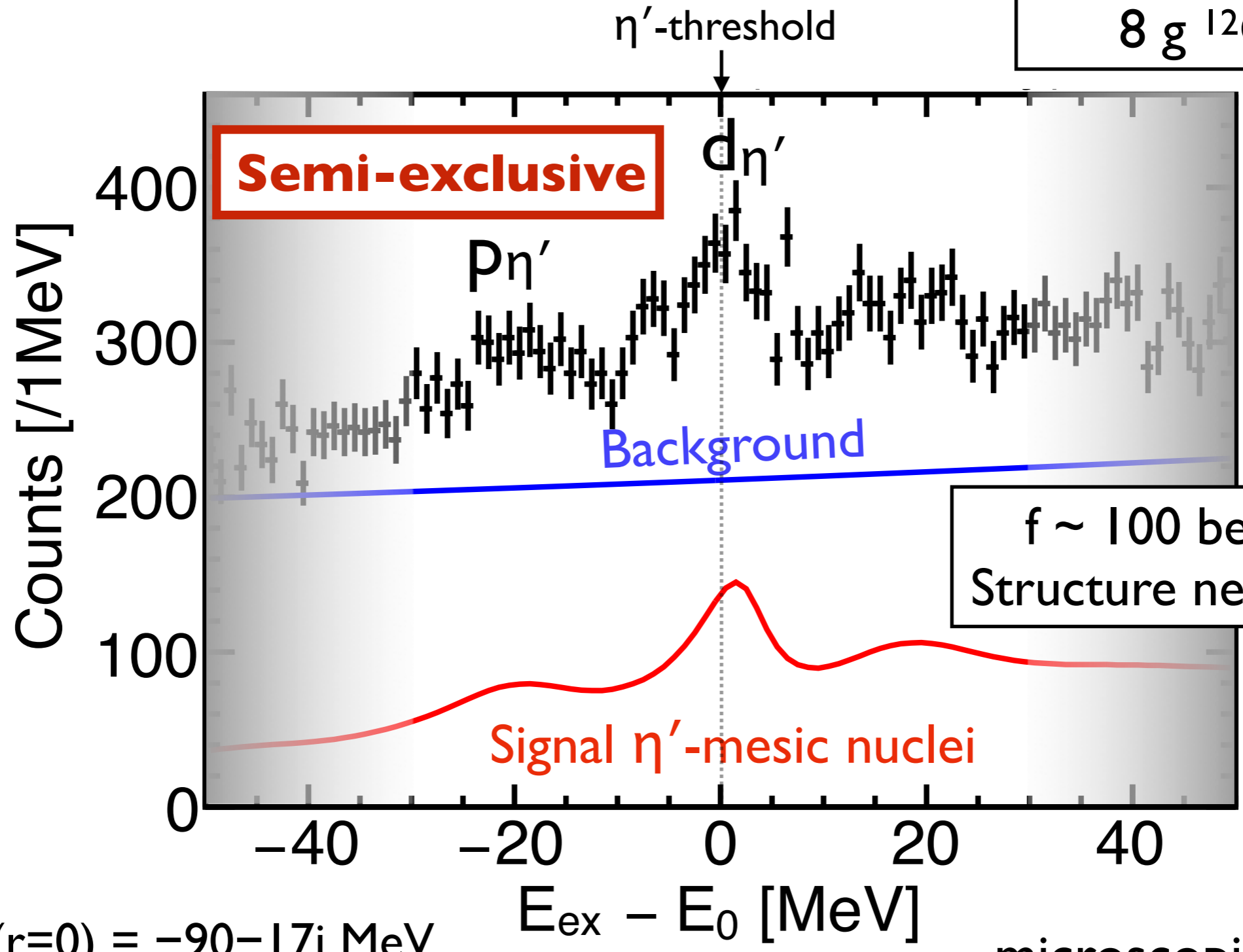
$U(r=0) = -90 - 17i \text{ MeV}$

microscopic transport simulation

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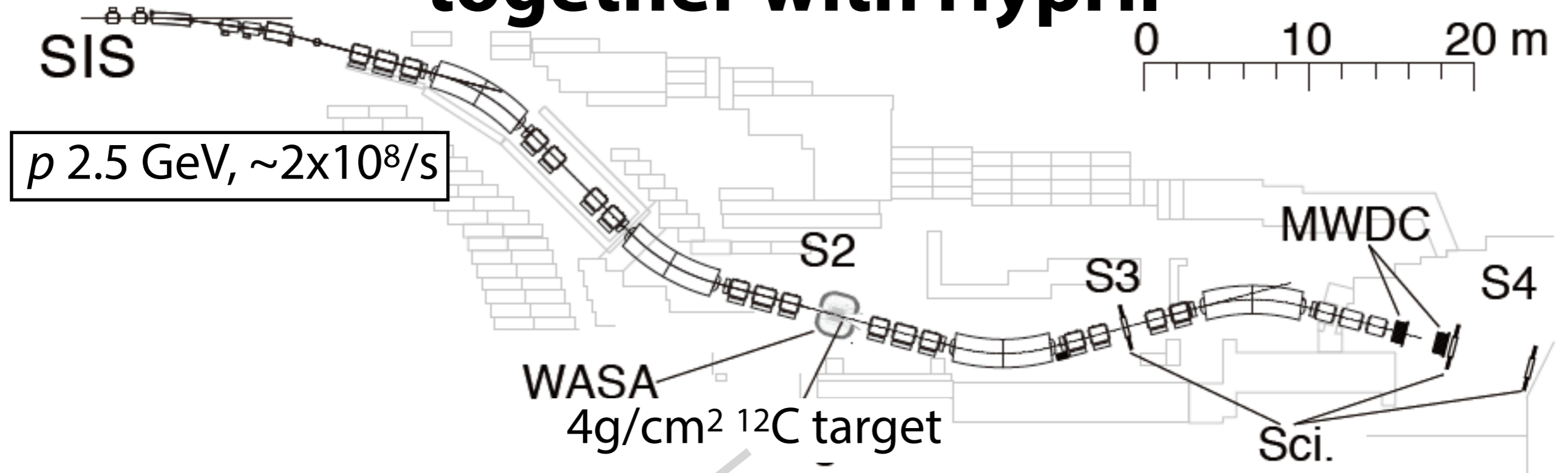


$U(r=0) = -90 - 17i \text{ MeV}$

microscopic transport simulation



Experimental setup : $^{12}\text{C}(p,dp)$ in Feb. 2022 together with HypHI



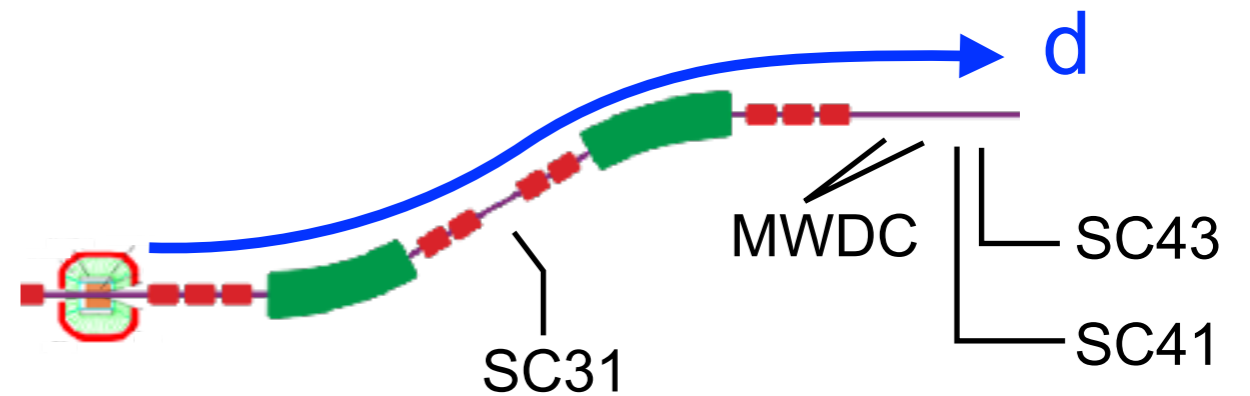
←—————→
**Momentum analysis of (p,d)
for Missing Mass Spectroscopy**

**Combination of forward
high-res. spectrometer and
large solid angle detector**

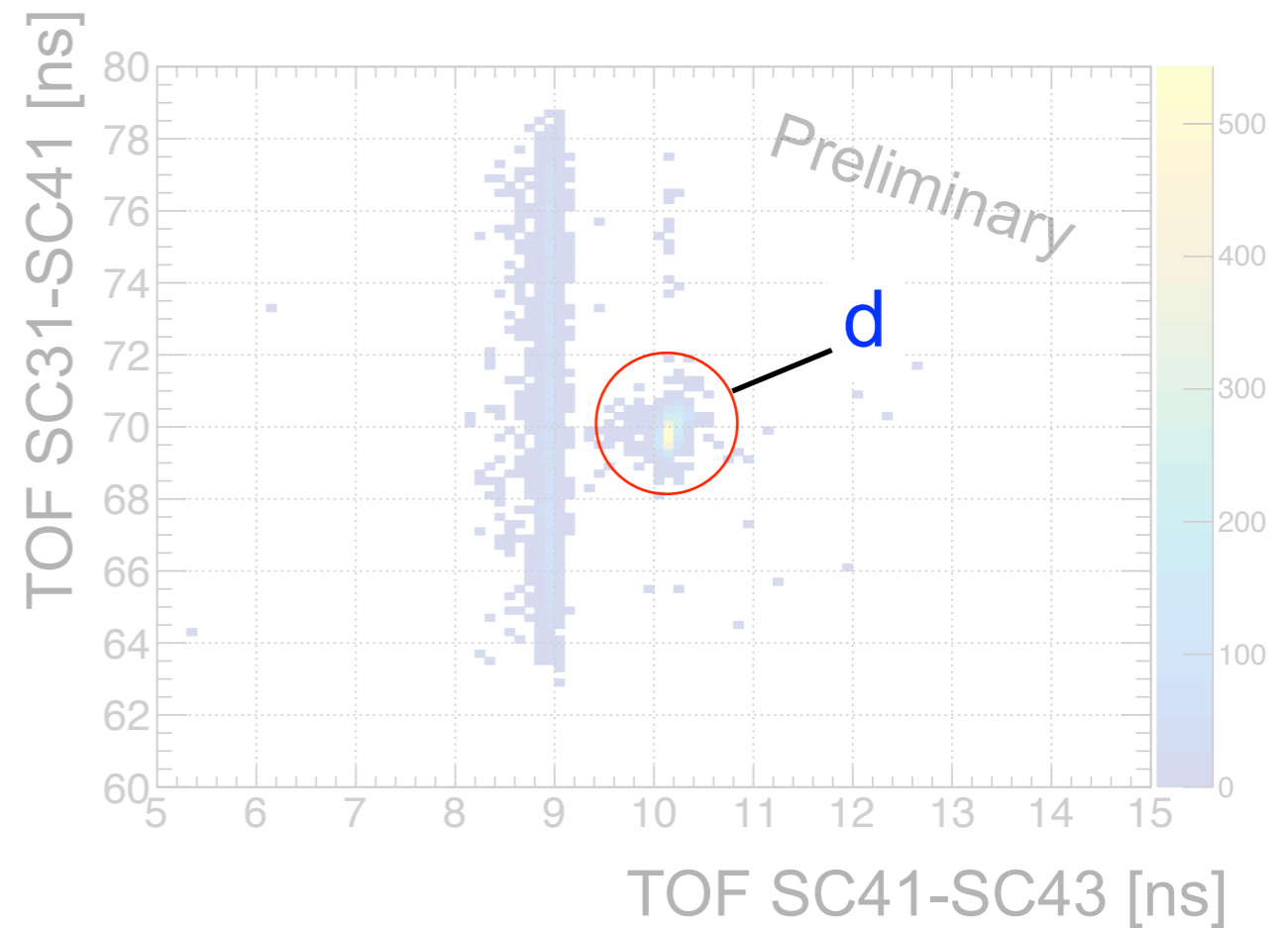
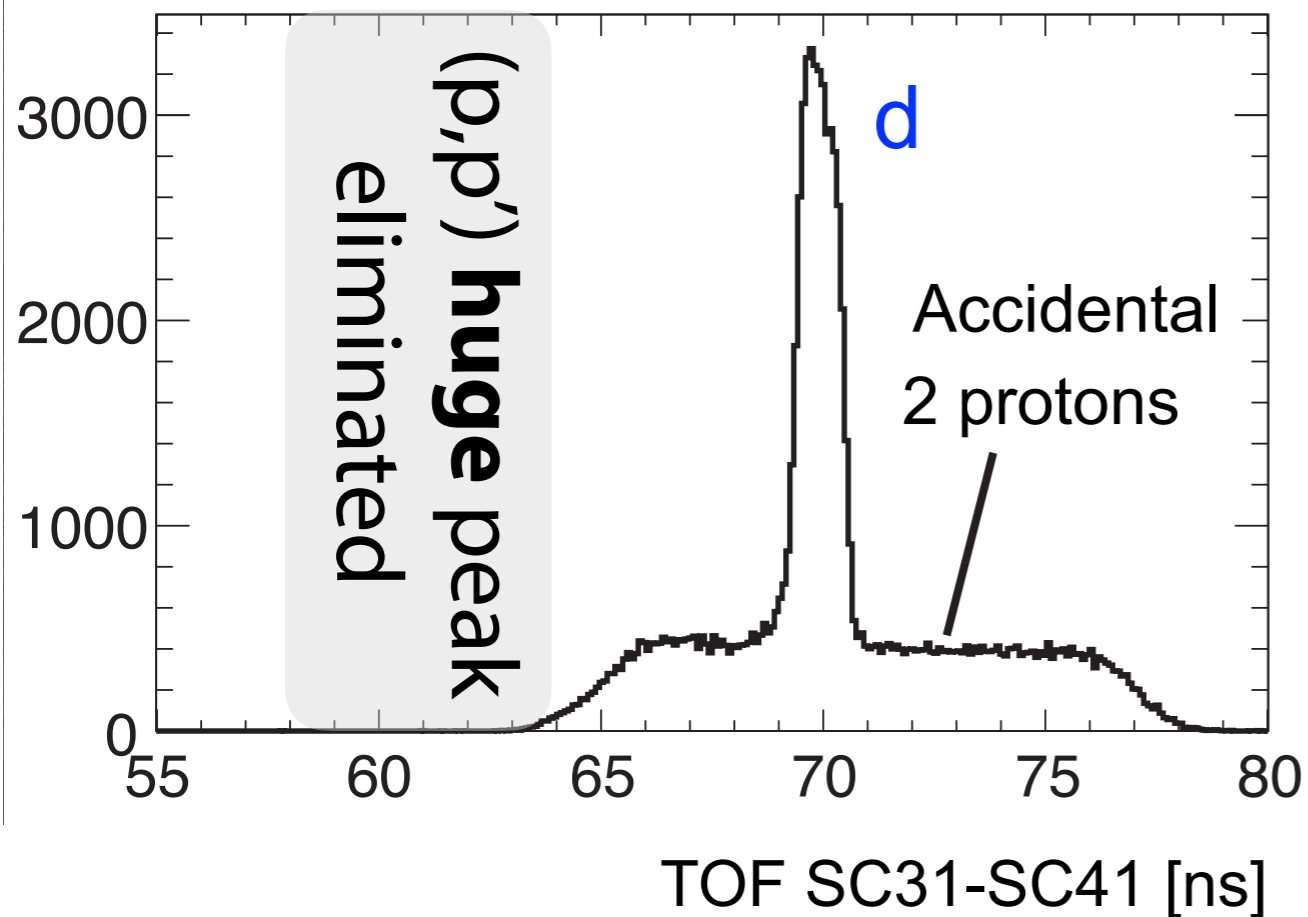
**WASA for decay
 p measurement**

FRS S2-S4 PID Analysis

p/d ratio at S4 > 1000
SC31-SC41 TOF trigger
 $\rightarrow p/d$ ratio ~ 10

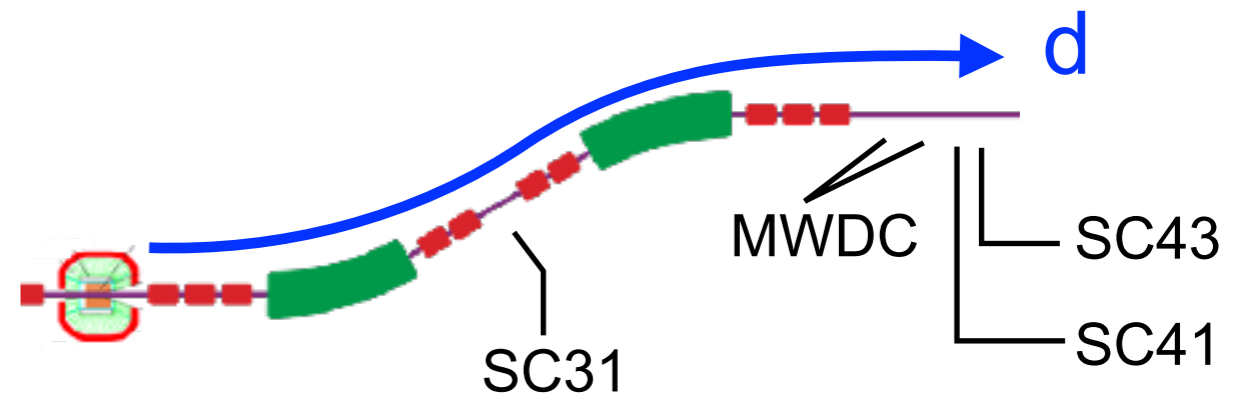


TOF-based Deuteron Trigger



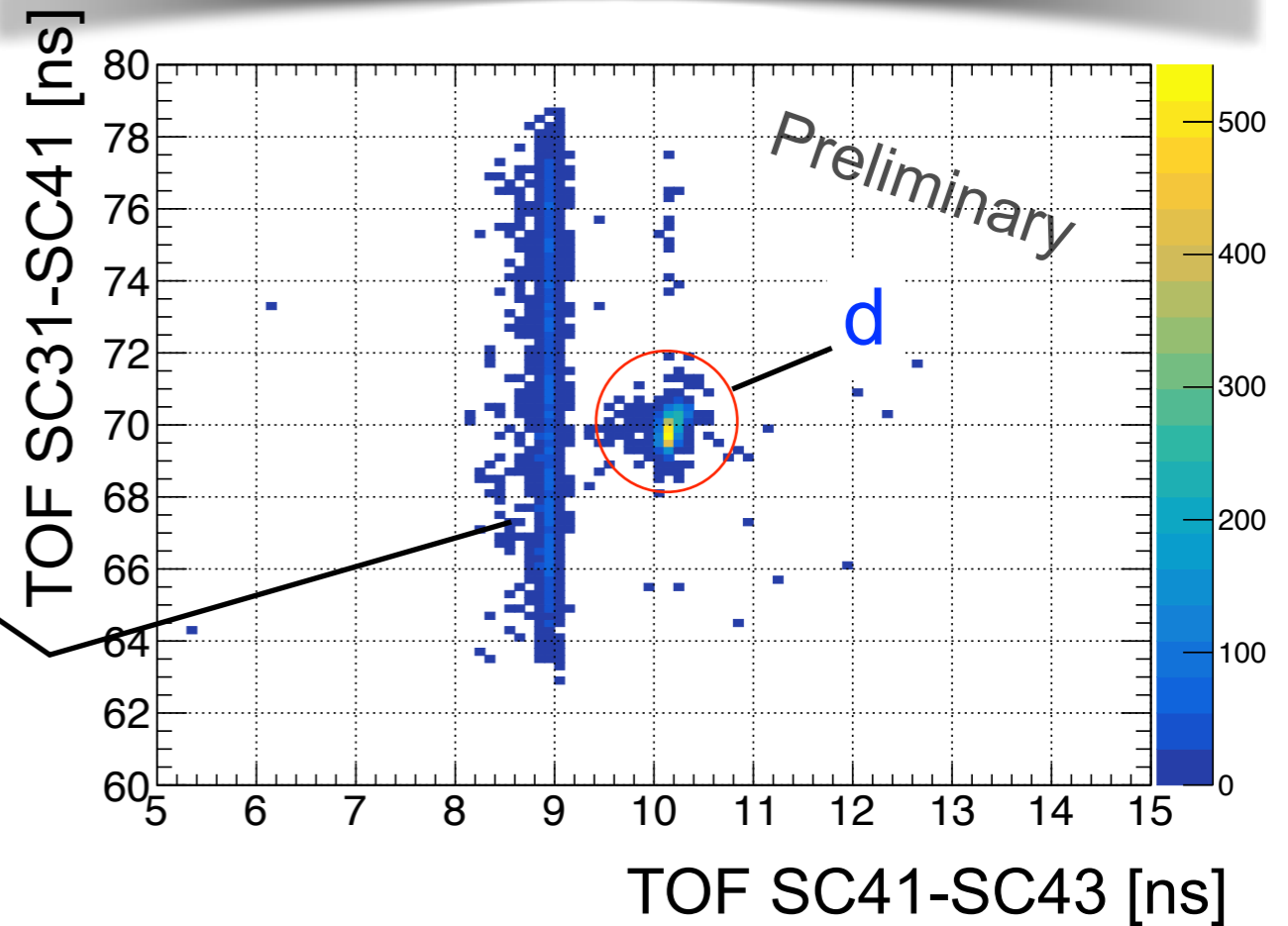
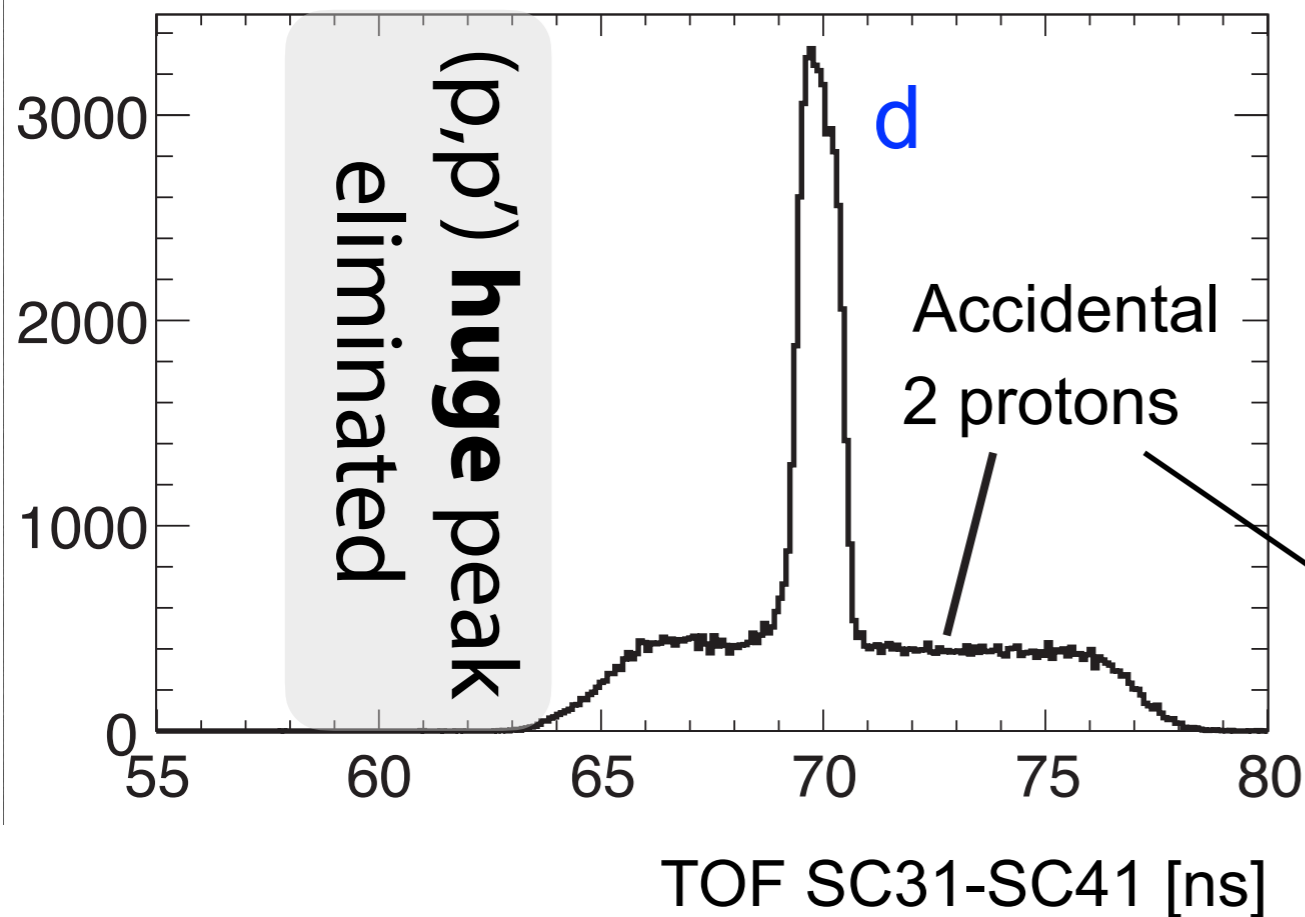
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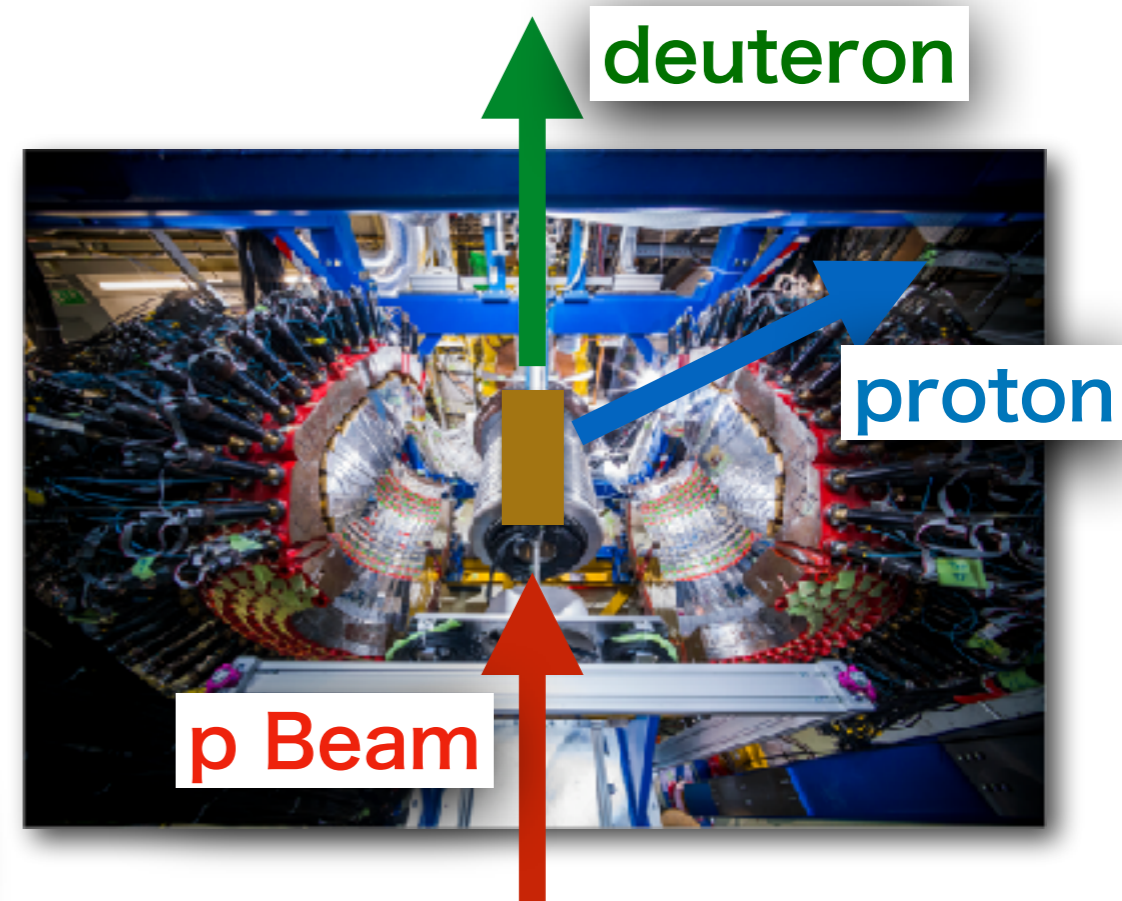
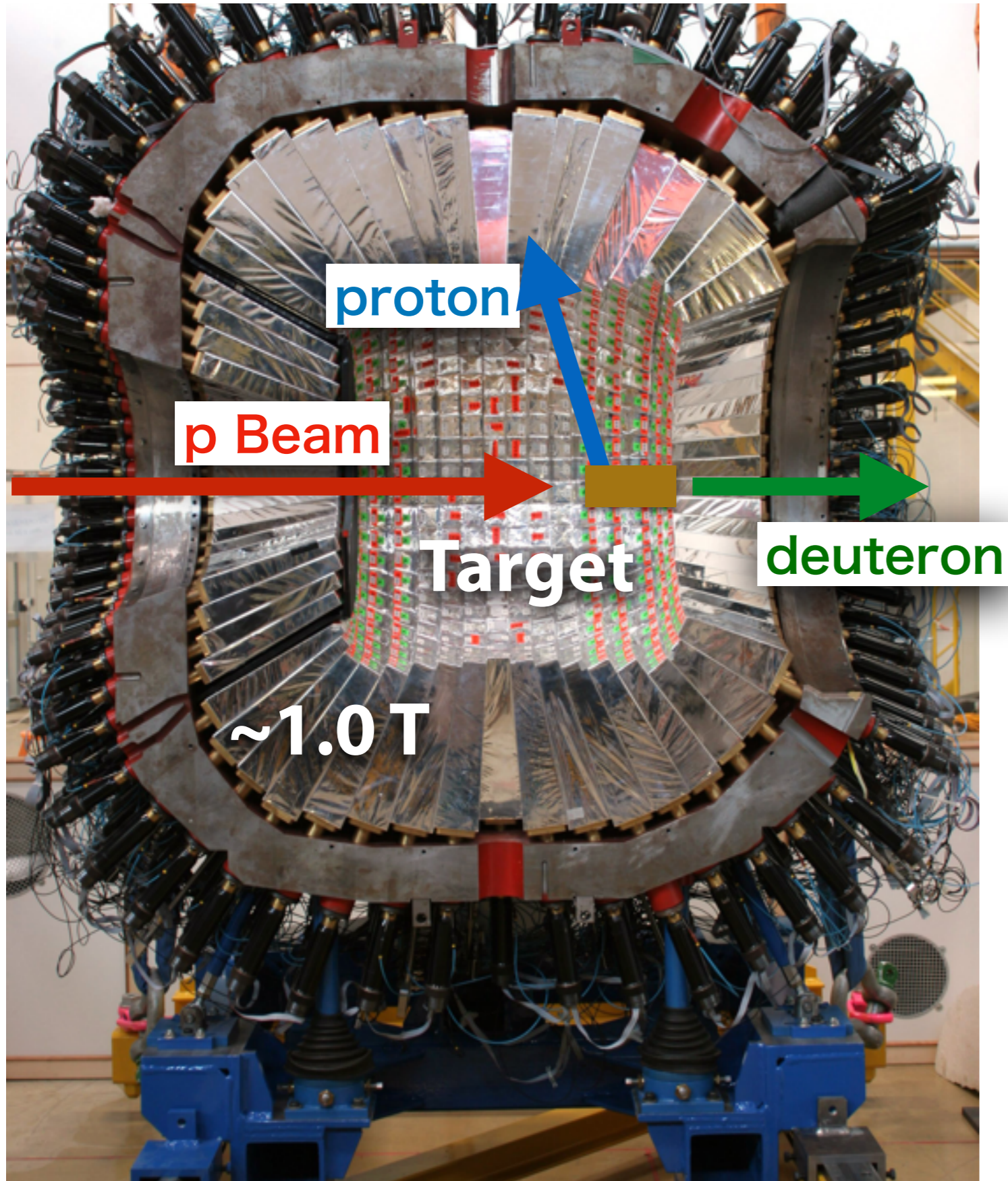


SC31-SC41-SC43 TOF
made **perfect offline PID**

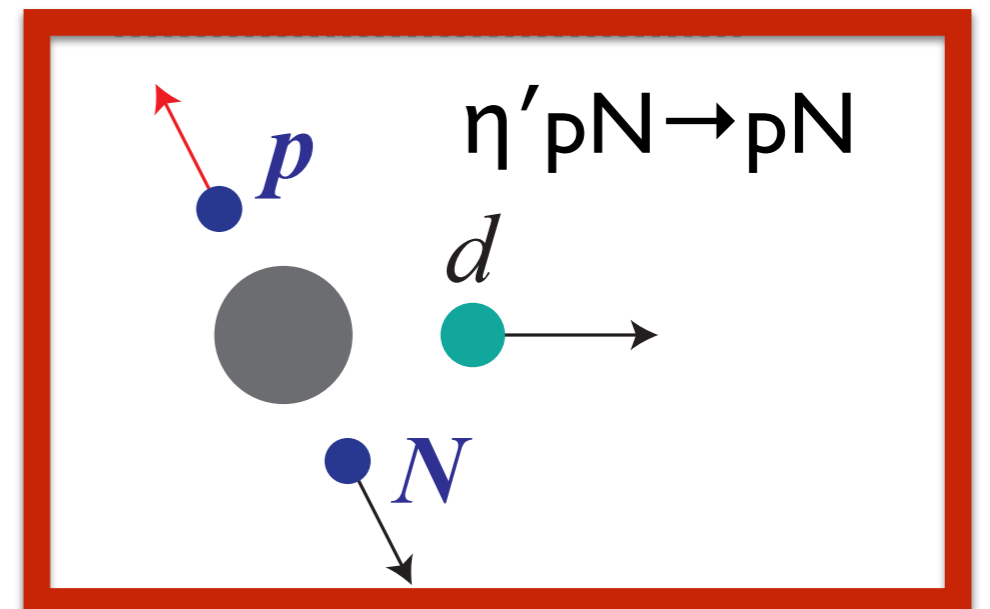
TOF-based Deuteron Trigger



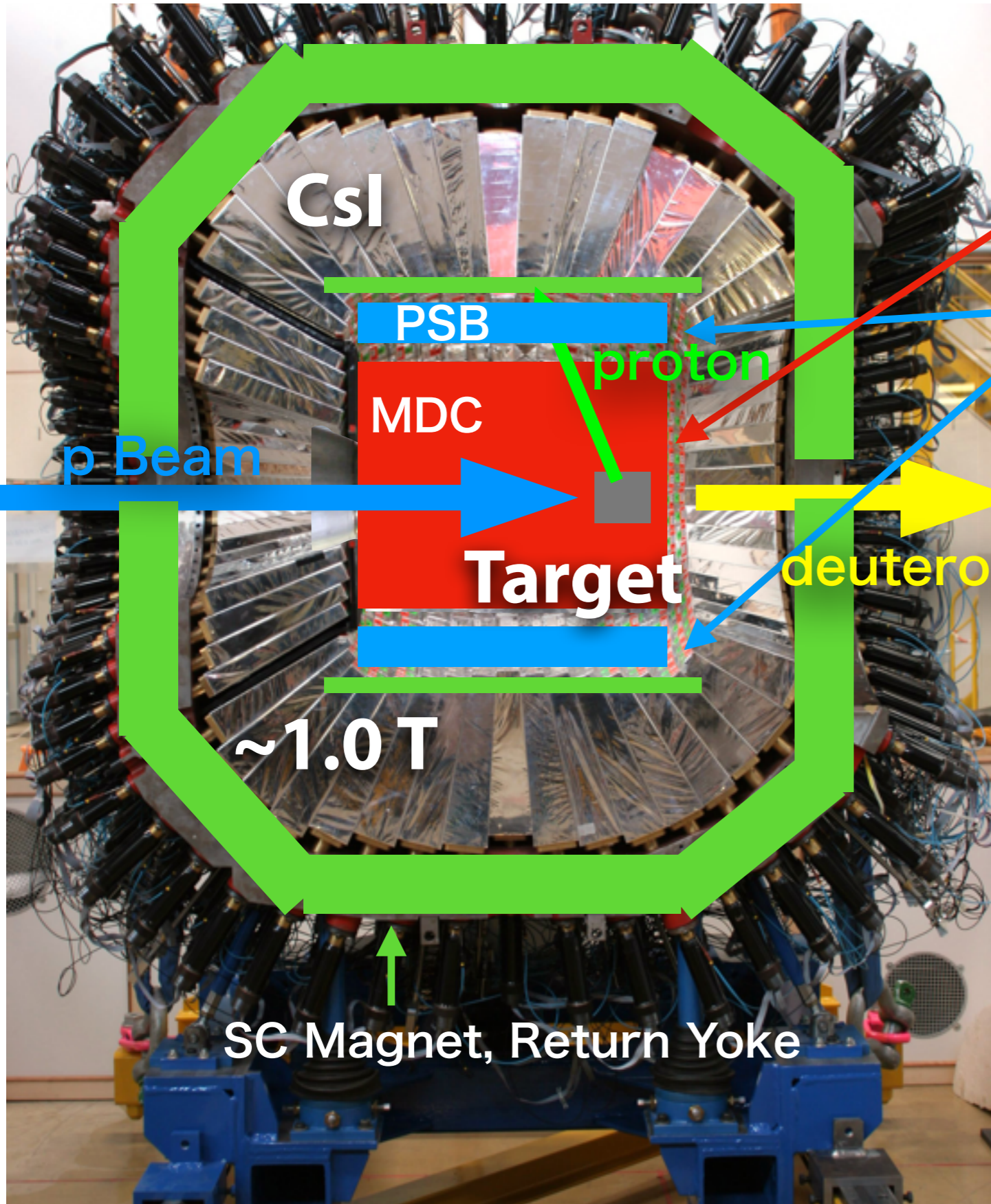
Detectors in WASA



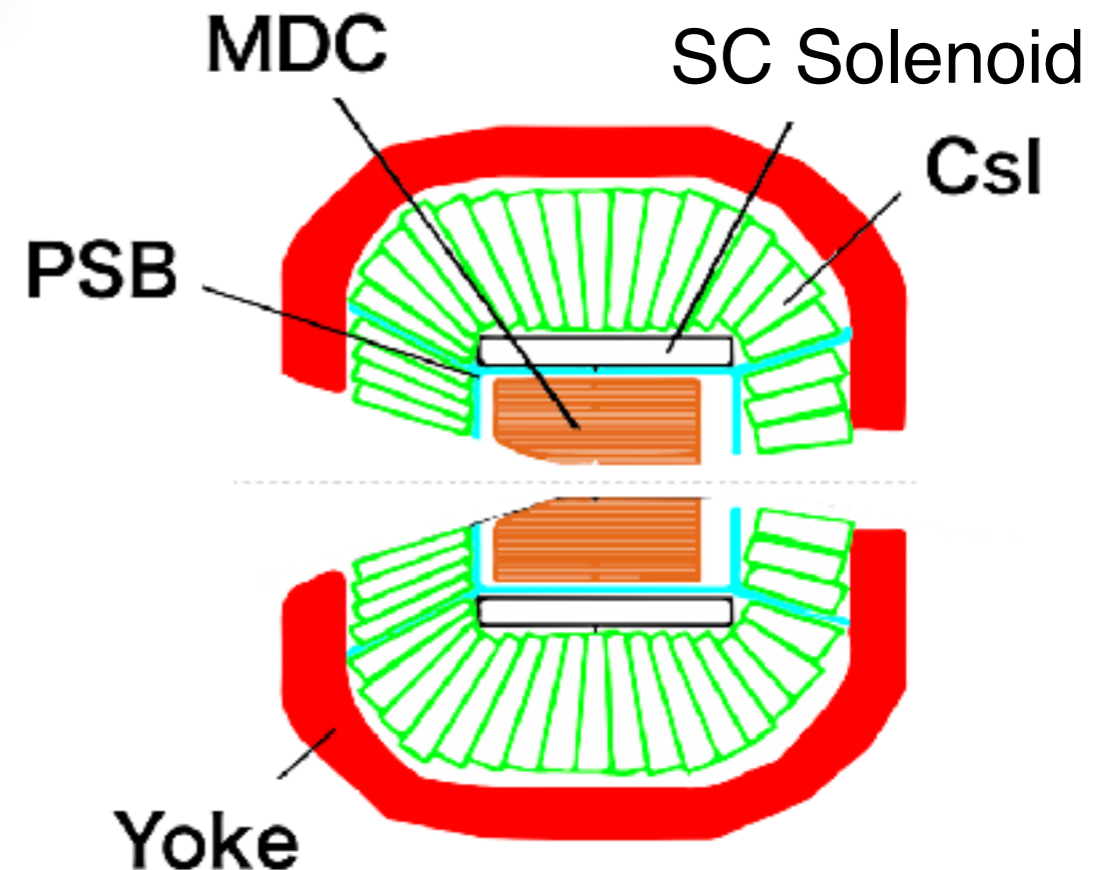
High energy proton tagging
in coincidence with *forward d*



Detectors in WASA

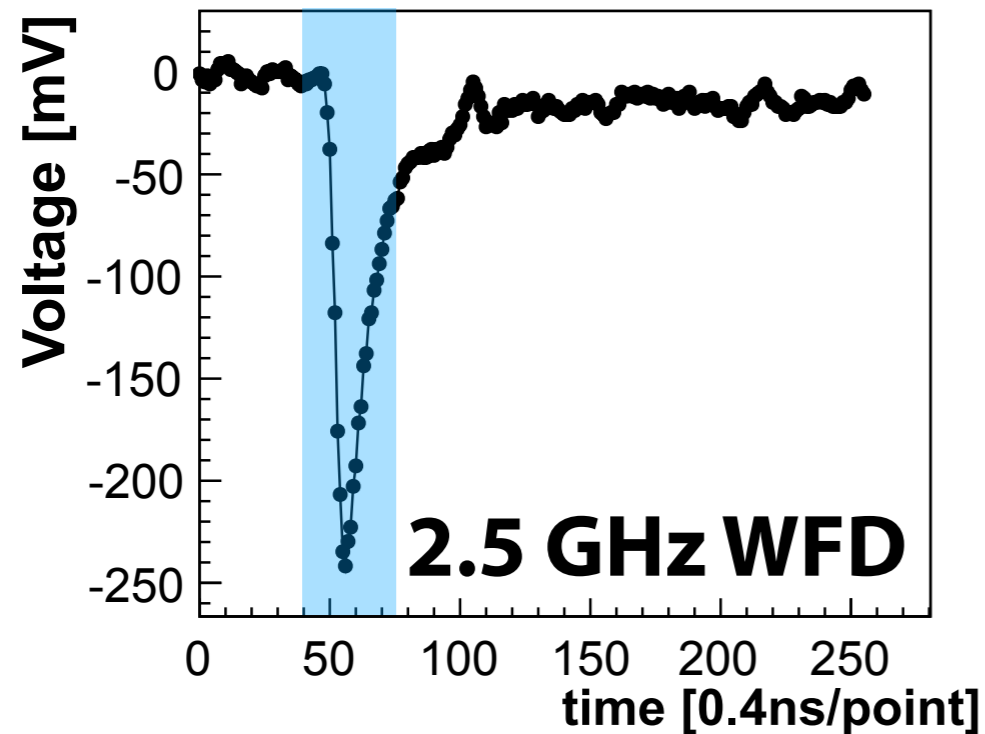


- MDC (Mini Drift Chamber)
Charged particle tracking
- PSB (Plastic Scintillator Barrel)
 ΔE + Timing measurement
- Csl
 γ detection for calibration

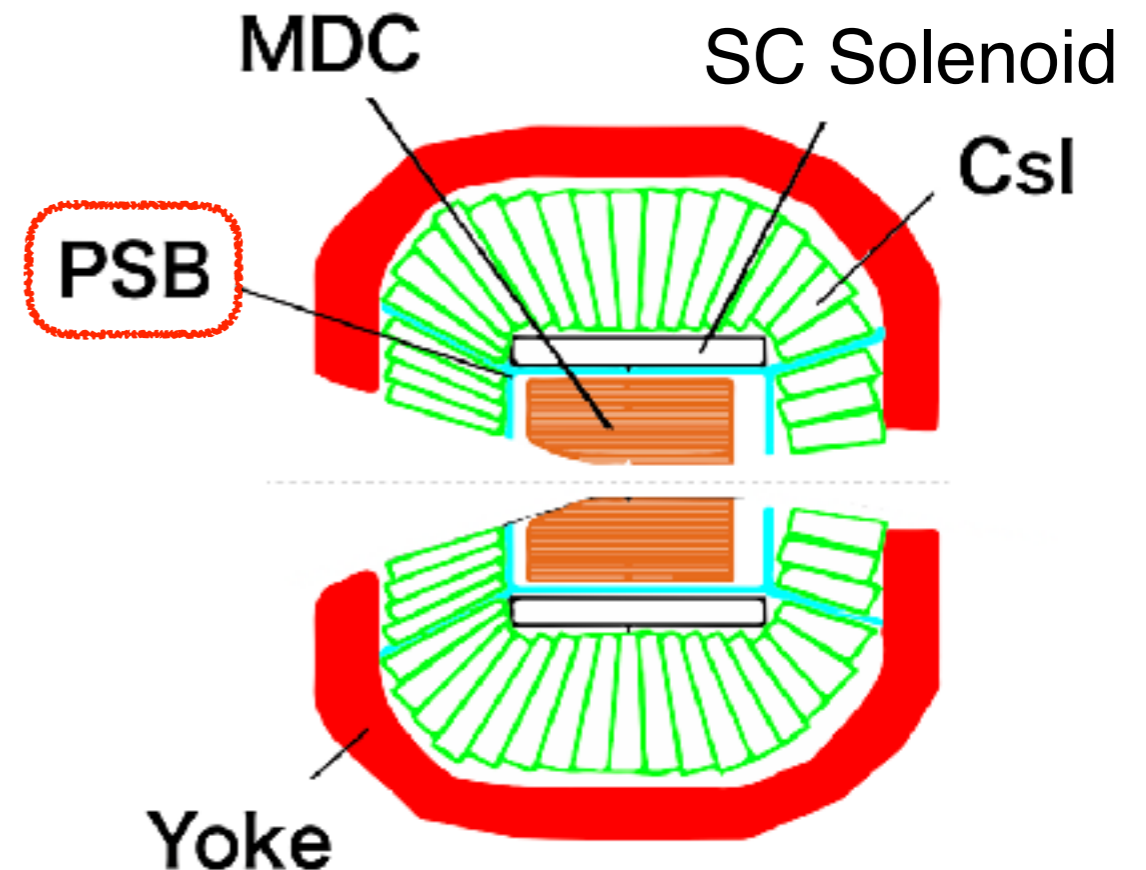


Plastic Scintillator Barrel

Charged particle trigger
TOF, ΔE information for PID
Charge veto for CsI detector

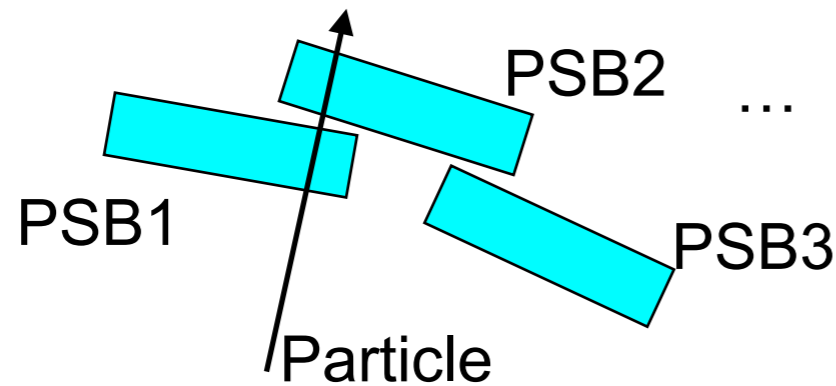


Software QDC/CFD for ΔE and timing

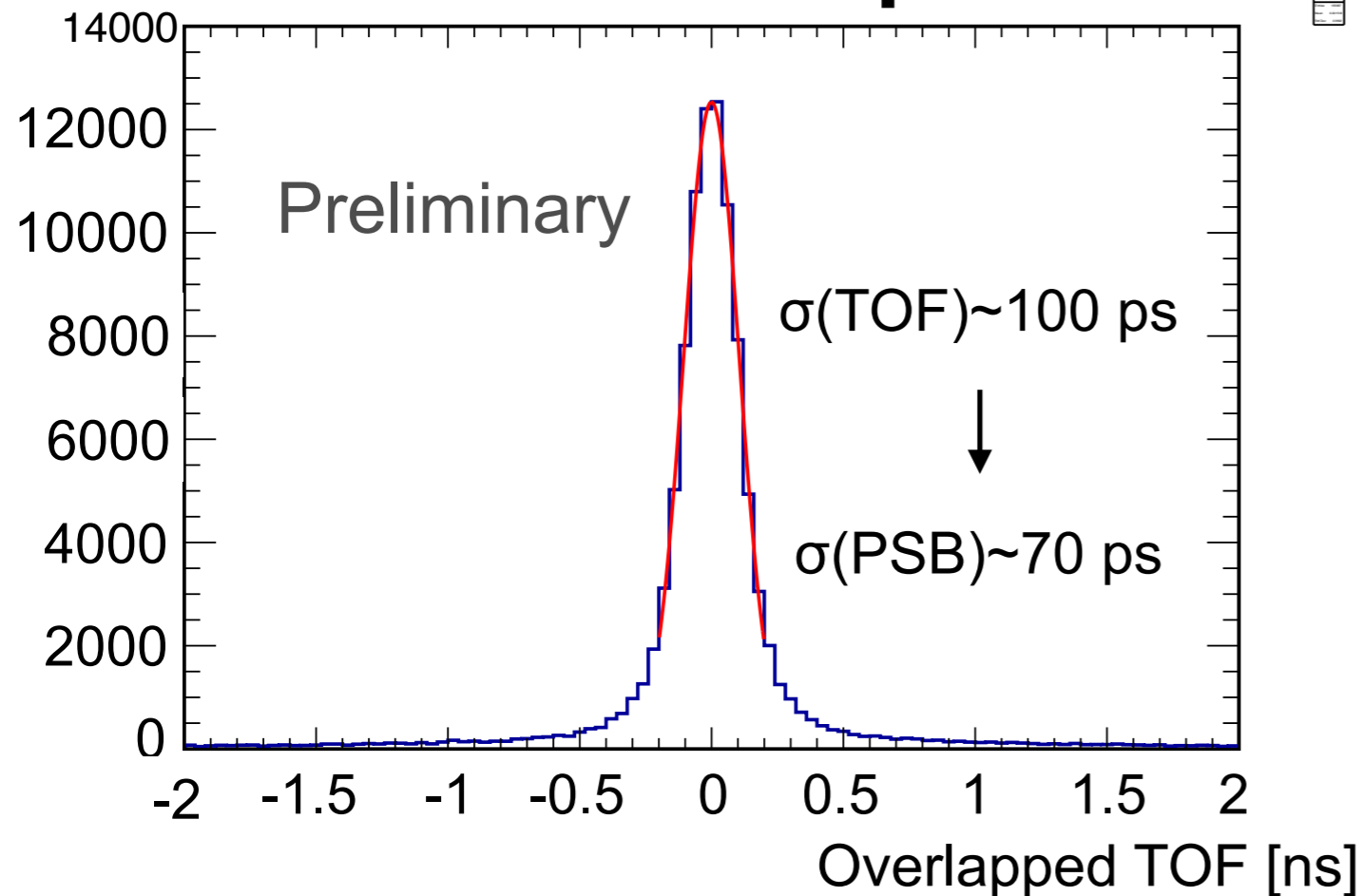


R.Sekiya

Plastic Scintillator Barrel



TOF btw. overlap PSBs



PSB time resolution
 $\sim 70 \text{ ps } \sigma$
for $Z=1$ particles

Mini Drift Chamber MDC

17 layers $\sim 2\text{K}$ straw tube detectors

Tracking resolution 250-500 μm
 $\rightarrow \Delta p/p \sim 40\text{-}45\%$ at 1 GeV/c



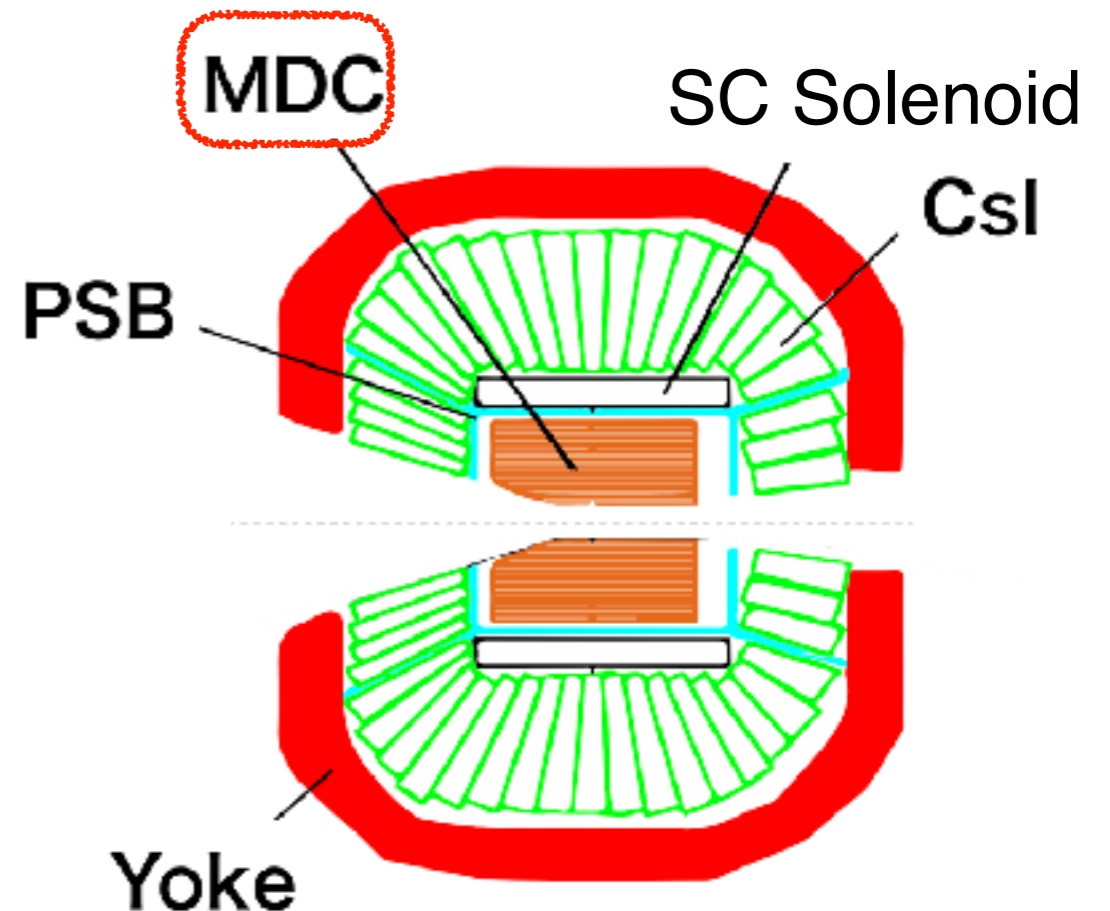
GENFIT Event Display

SC-Solenoid 1T

Track

Hit wires

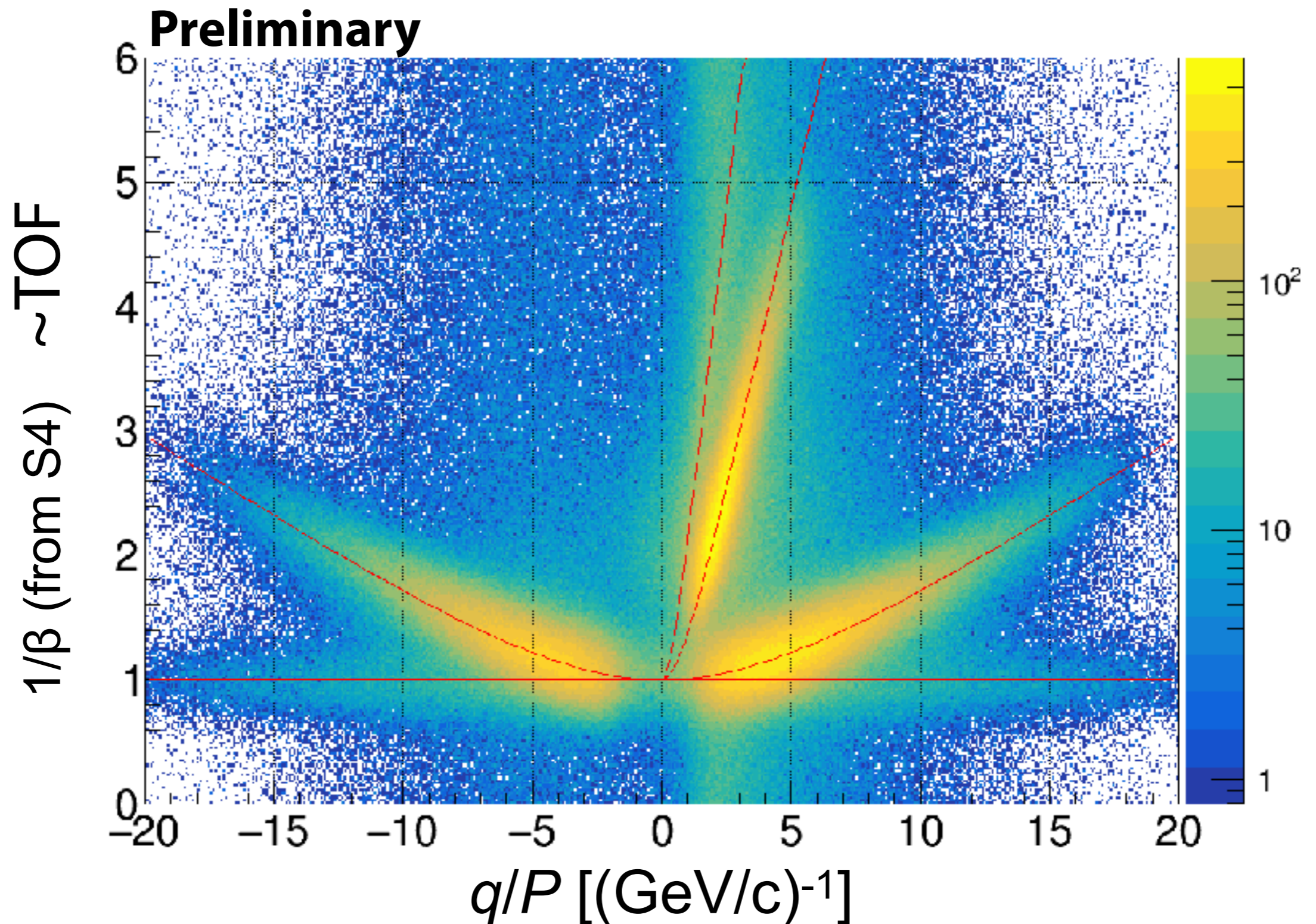
Tracking with Kalman filter



R.Sekiya

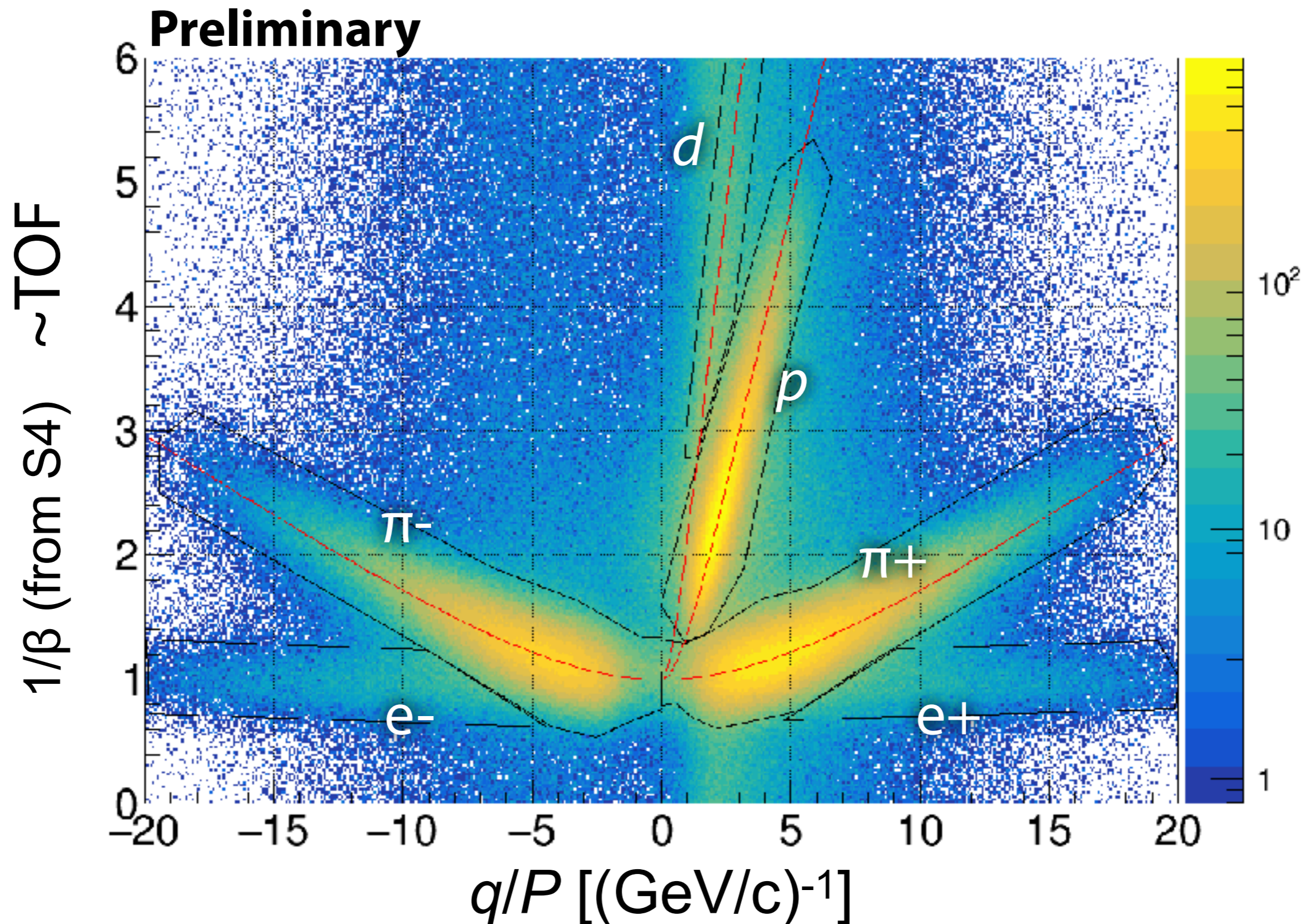
WASA Combined PID with TOF and q/p

TOF start ~ 200 ps computed based on S4 + track information in FRS

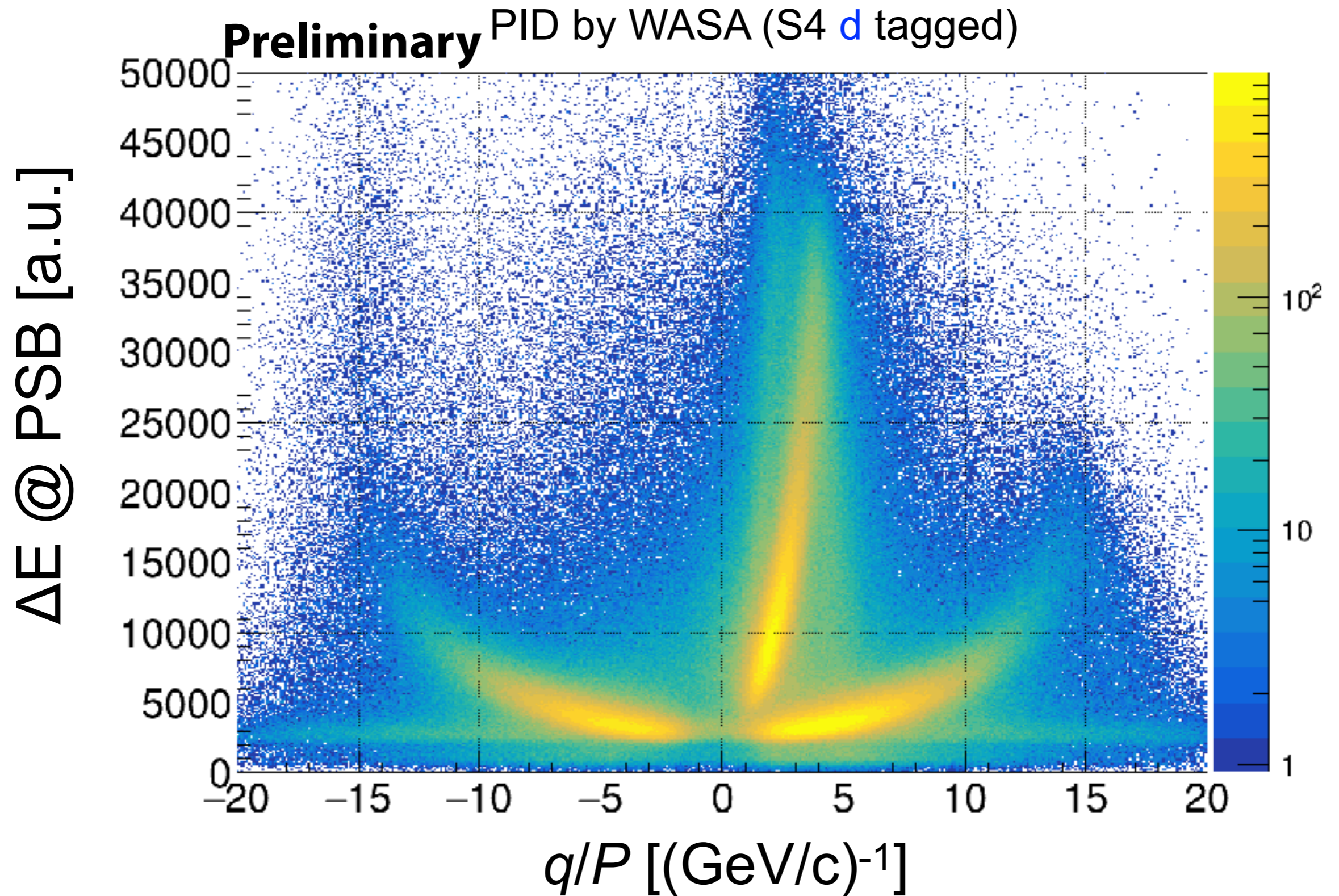


WASA Combined PID with TOF and q/p

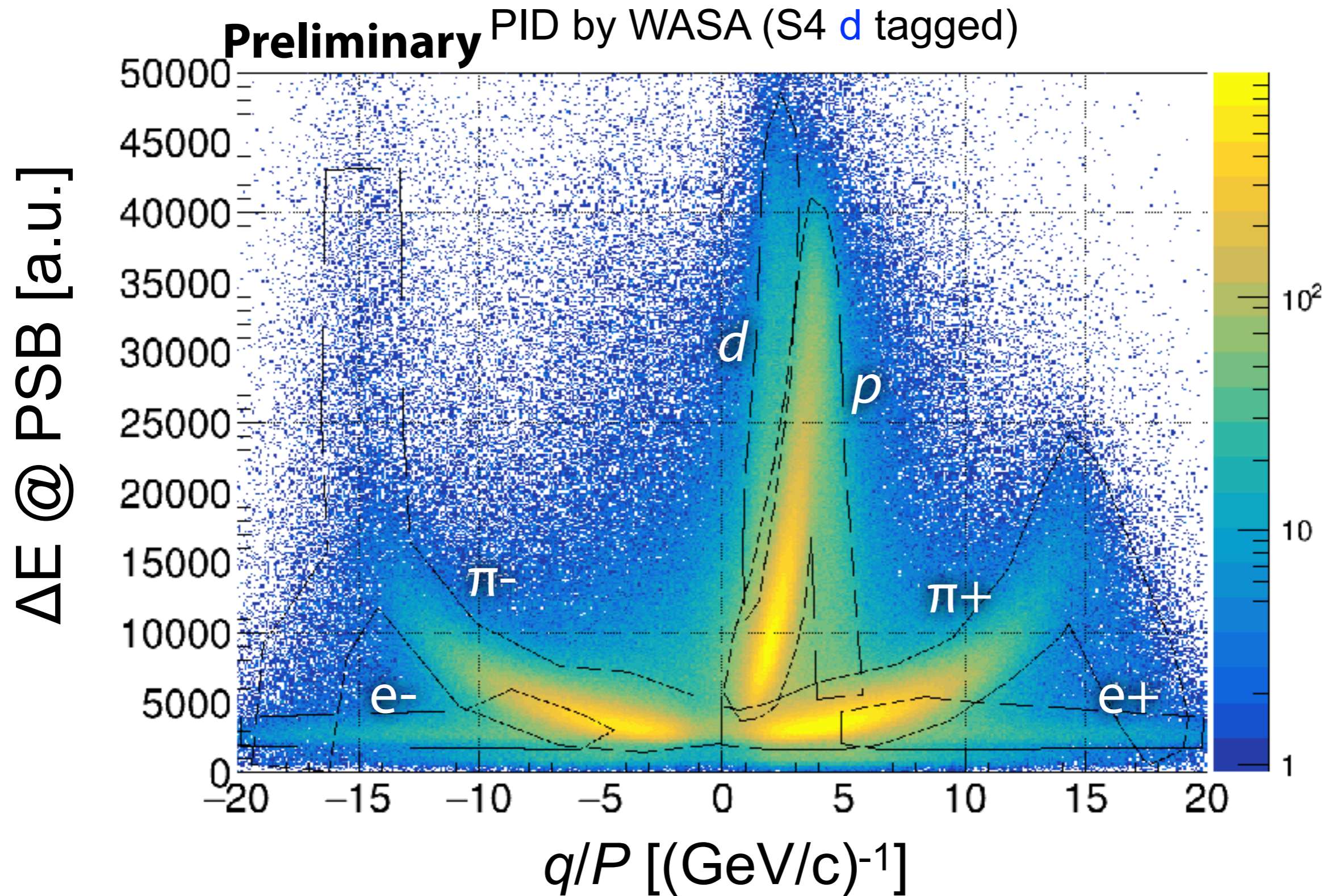
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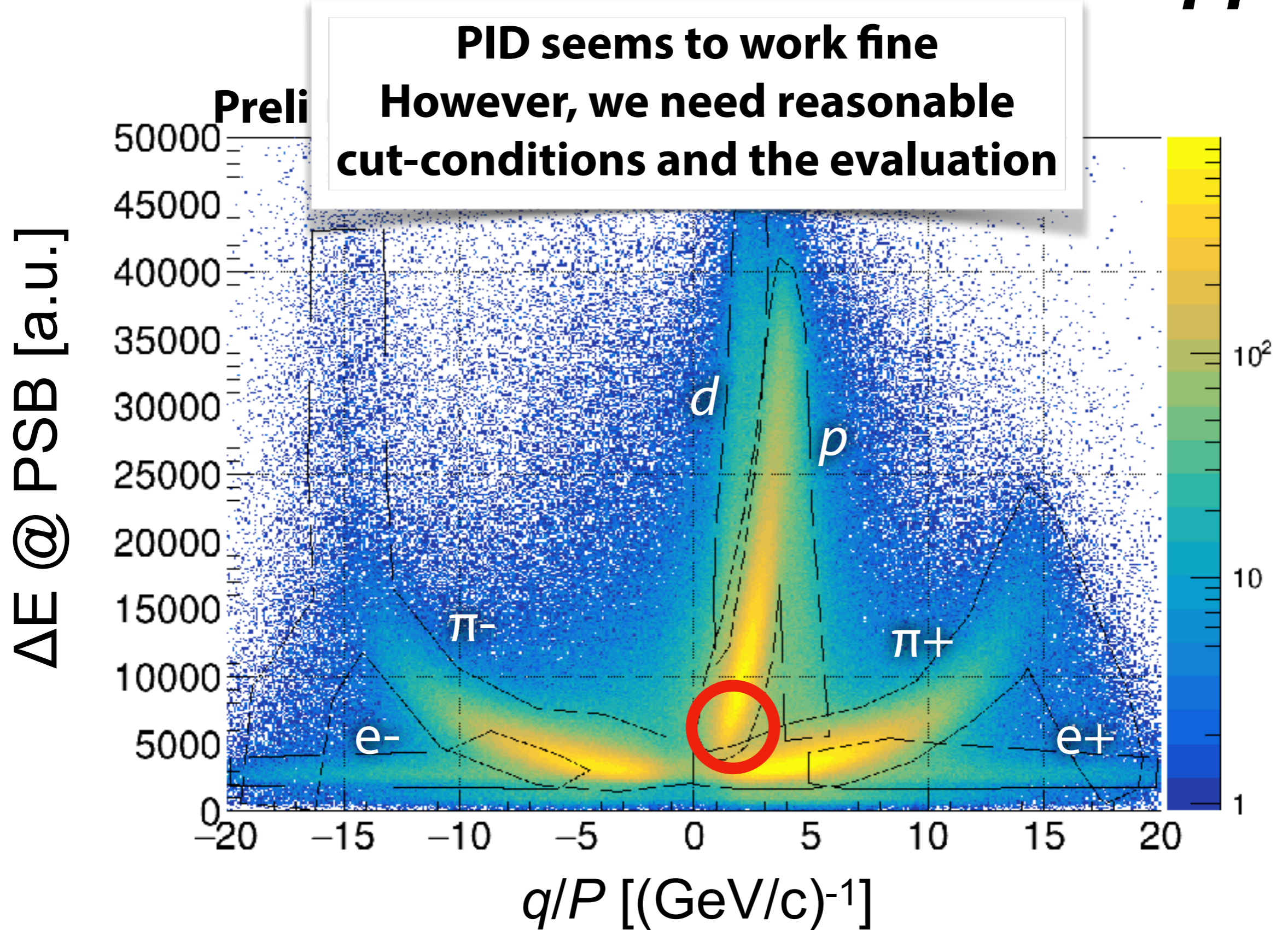
WASA Combined PID with ΔE and q/p



WASA Combined PID with ΔE and q/p



WASA Combined PID with ΔE and q/p



Future plans of η' -mesic nuclei search

	Reaction	Facility	Measurement
GSI-S437	(p,d)	FRS	inclusive
GSI-S490	(p,d)	FRS+WASA	semi-exclusive
Next step	(p,d)	FRS+WASA'	semi-excl., increased statistics
Next next	(π^+,p)	Super-FRS+WASA'	semi-excl., neutral decays

Super-FRS secondary beam intensities

Max. proton energy of SIS100 is the same as J-PARC MR

Advantages

Dispersion matching

Pion beams

Pbar induced spectroscopy

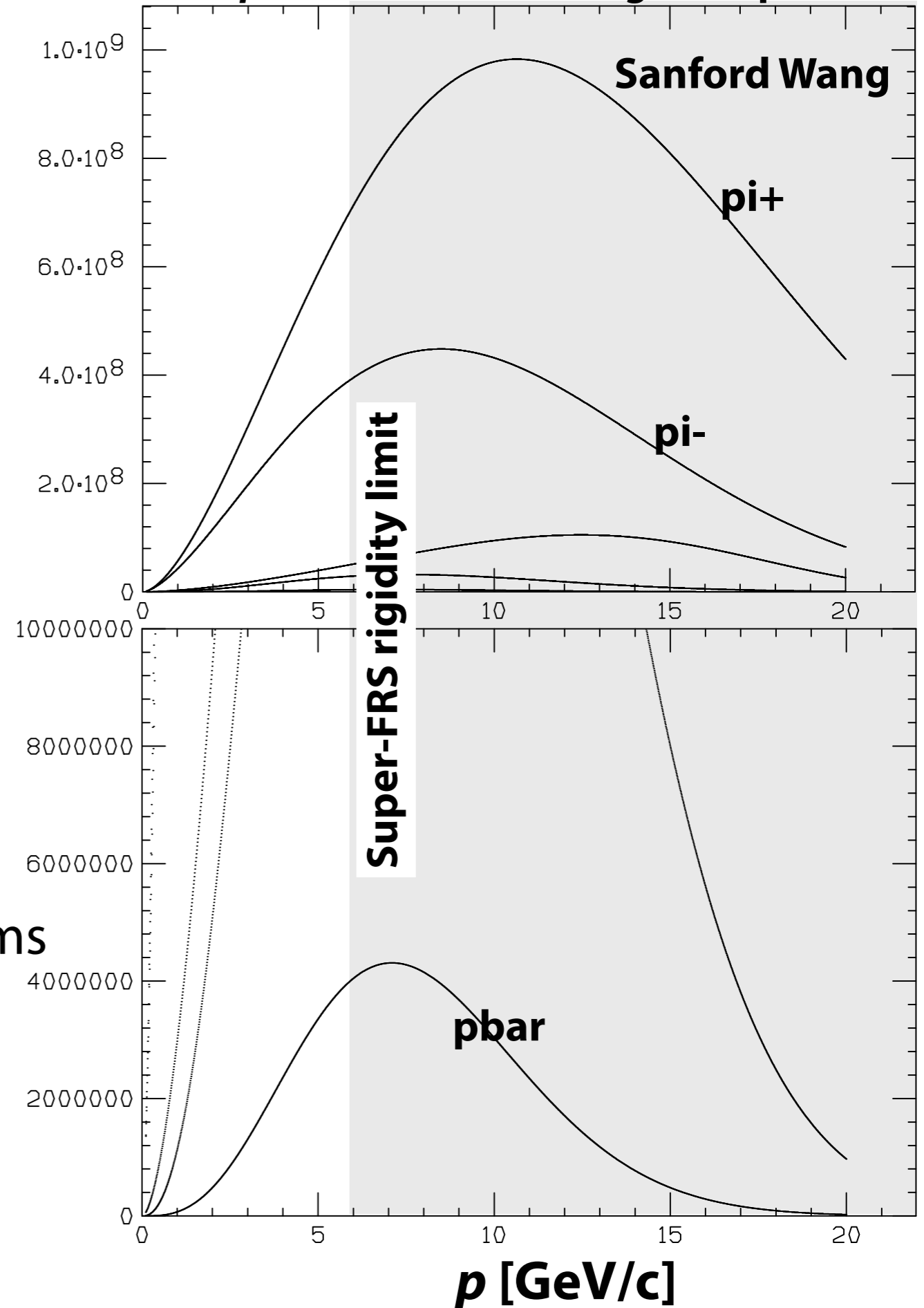
Competitors

J-PARC K1.8(BR) for pion / K / pbar beams

J-PARC HIHR for DM pion / pbar beams

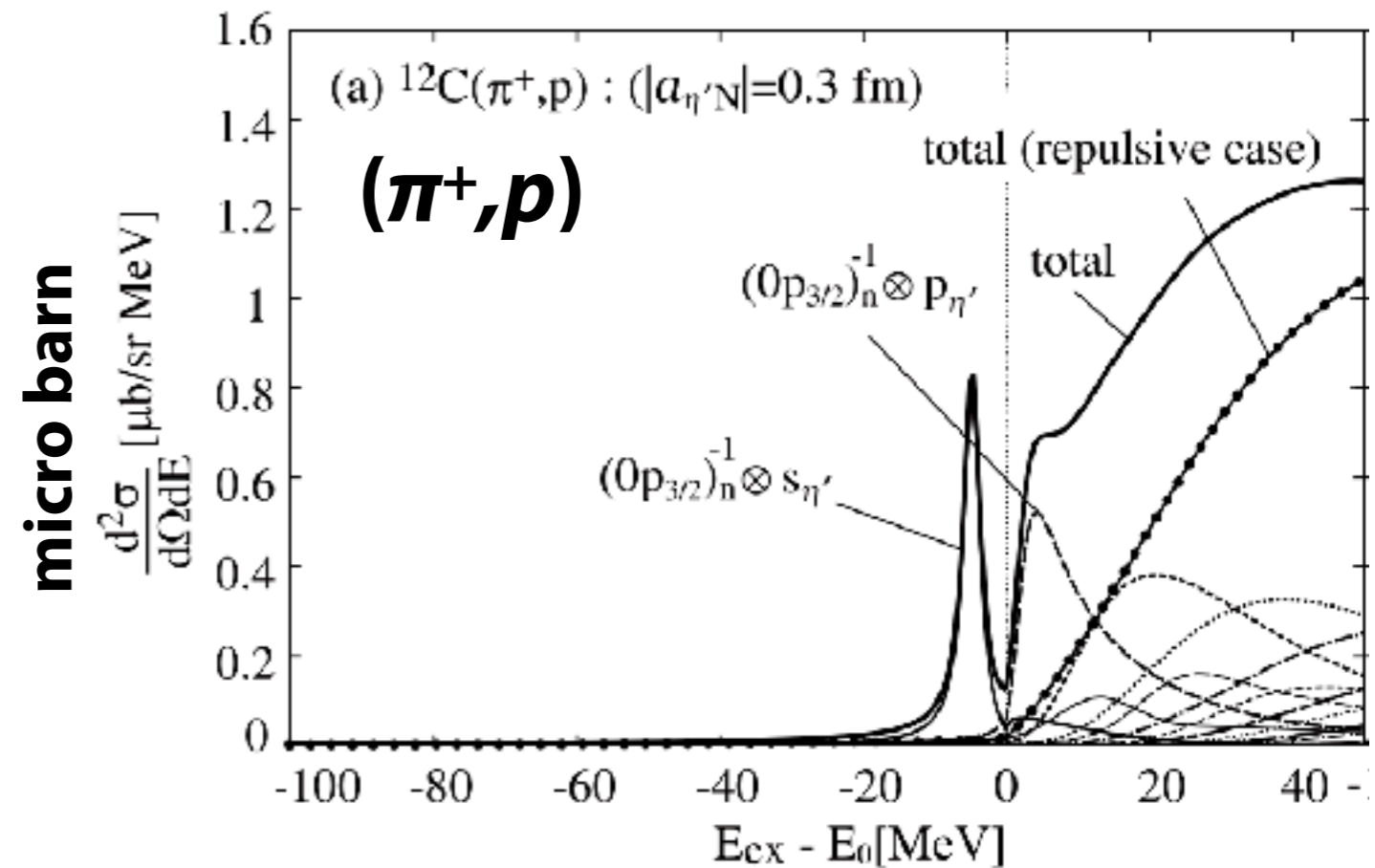
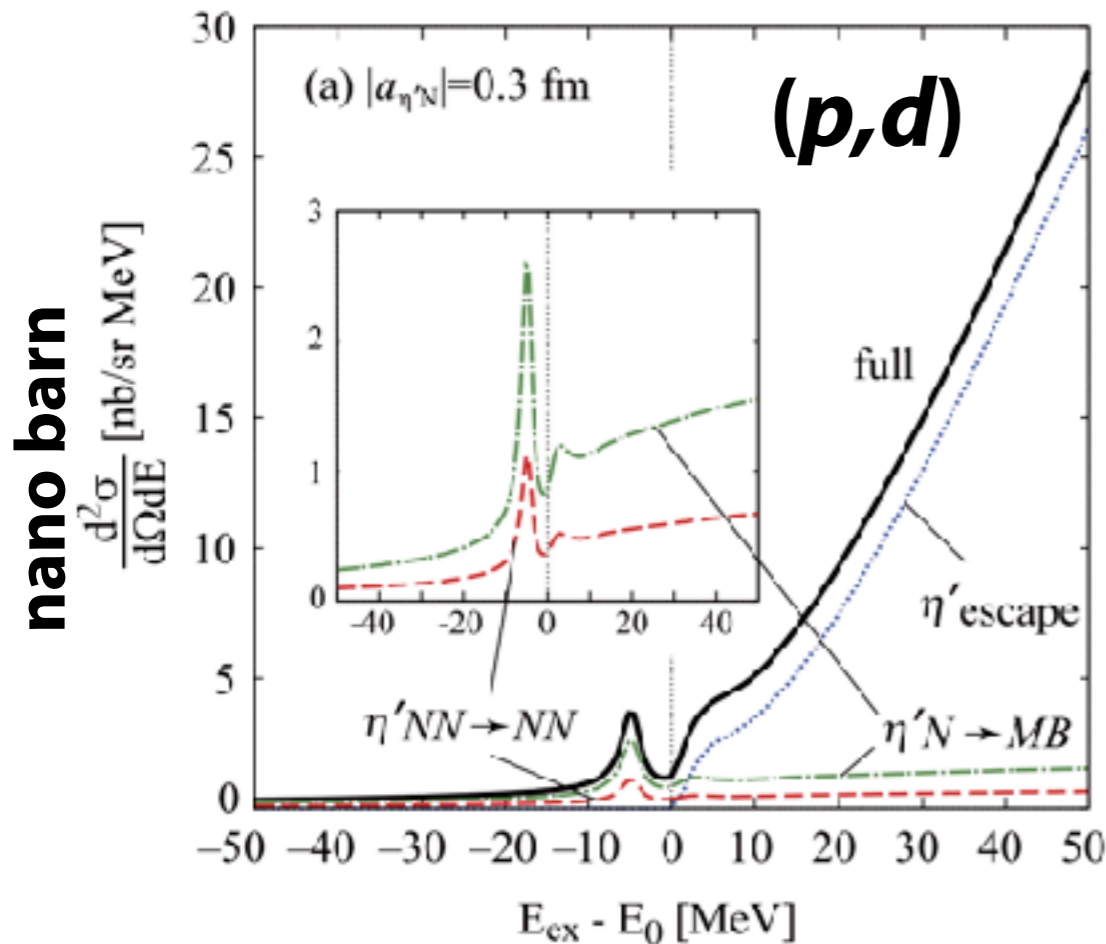
R³B for pbar with forward detectors

Secondary beams at SIS100+Super-FRS with p 30 GeV $1.5E12$ + 40 g Be (equiv.)



Pion induced η/η' -mesic nuclei spectroscopy

η' -mesic nuclei



(π^+, p) has much larger cross section

→ Using $10^7/\text{s}$ beams, we will have 10 times higher statistics

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow \eta\eta'$ is also a good candidate

Summary

- η' -mesic nuclei hold a key to understand origin of matter mass and non-trivial structure of QCD vacuum
- We have conducted S490 experiment to search for eta-prime mesic nuclei
- We have conducted missing-mass spectroscopy of $^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$ reaction with tagging of ~ 1 GeV/c proton emitted nearly isotropically for two nucleon absorption of η'
- We accumulated 1.1×10^7 forward d in the inclusive measurement of (p,d) by FRS. Detected proton number with WASA in coincidence with forward d agrees with expectations \rightarrow BG suppression as expected
- WASA PID works fine with TOF, tracking, and ΔE information. Cut conditions are to be finalized
- WASA momentum resolution is by a factor of 1.4-1.5 worse compared with simulation. We are investigating the reasons
- We combine ΔE , TOF, and tracking information to make “kinematical fitting” to achieve better momentum resolution
 \rightarrow Semi-exclusive spectra will be ready soon
- We start considerations of next experiments using pion/pbar beams at Super-FRS.

Summary

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